

# Dapp智能合约开发

深圳ABI - 30.05.2018

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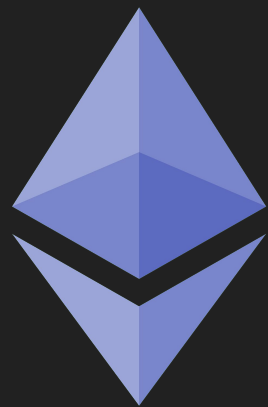
# 比特币和以太坊有什么有什么区别？





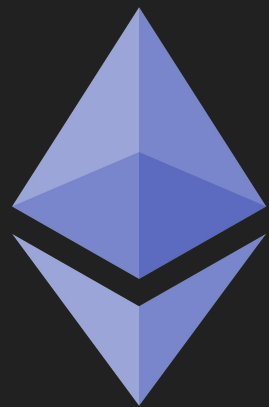
# 比特币



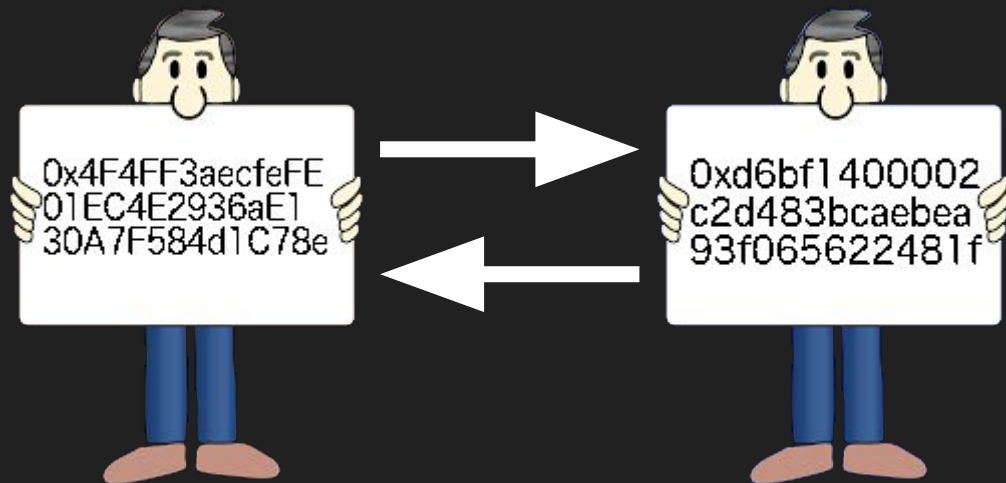


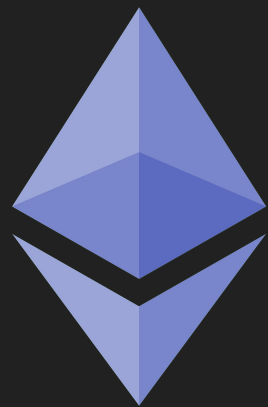
# 以太坊



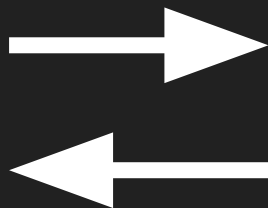


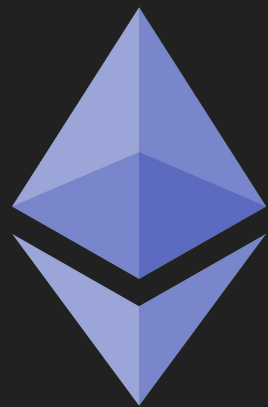
# 以太坊



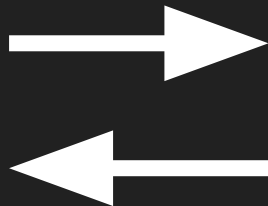


# 以太坊

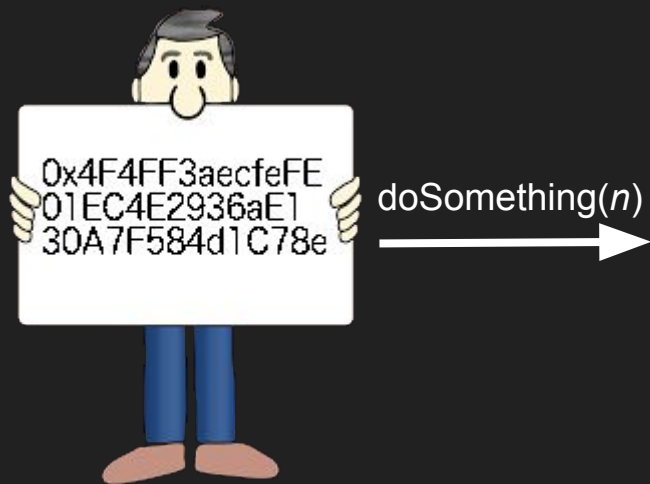




# 以太坊



# 怎么用一个智能合约？



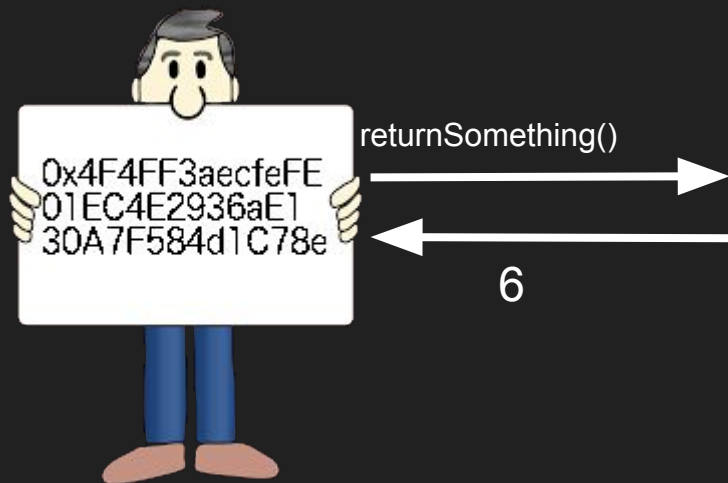
```
pragma solidity ^0.4.23;
```

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    uint storedNumber;
```

```
    function doSomething(uint input) {  
        storedNumber = input; // 存储input  
    }  
}
```



# 怎么用一个智能合约？



```
pragma solidity ^0.4.23;

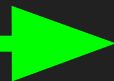
contract SimpleToken {
    function returnSomething() returns (uint value) {
        return 6;
    }
}
```

# 怎么用一个智能合约？



payInValue()

*msg.value* ETH



```
pragma solidity ^0.4.23;
```

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    uint storedETH; // 余额
```

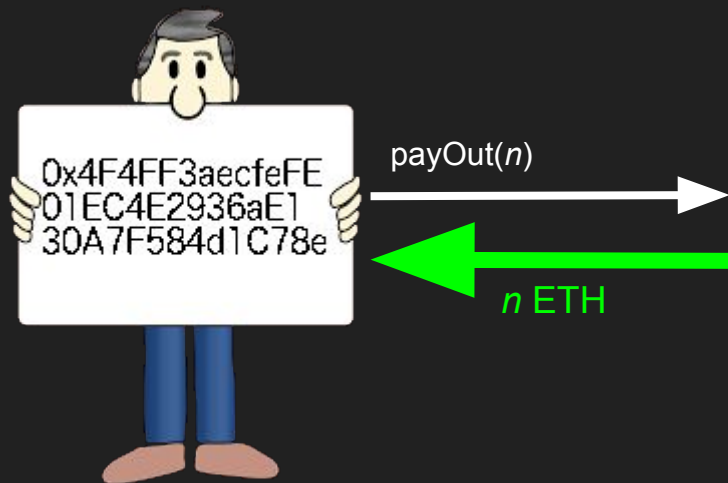
```
    // 接受用户发的ETH
```

```
    function payInValue() payable {  
        storedMoney += msg.value;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

# 怎么用一个智能合约？



```
pragma solidity ^0.4.23;
```

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    uint storedETH; // 余额
```

```
    // 发给用户ETH
```

```
    function payOutValue(uint amount) {  
        // 确保合约的ETH质量足够  
        require(storedETH >= amount);
```

```
        storedETH -= amount; // 更改合约的ETH质量  
        msg.sender.transfer(amount); // 发给用户
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

# Solidity



<https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/latest/types.html>

# Solidity

```
uint a;  
int b;  
string c;  
address d;
```

```
uint[] array = new uint[]()  
array[0] = 1000;  
array[1] = 2000;
```



# Solidity

```
mapping (address => uint) public balances; // 每个ETH地址的令牌余额  
address myAddress = 0x123; // 我的地址  
uint myBalance = balances[myAddress]; // 检查我的令牌余额
```



# Solidity

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    // ...  
}
```



# Solidity

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    function increment(int value) returns (int incremented) {  
        return value + 1;  
    }  
}
```





# Solidity

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    uint storedETH; // 余额  
  
    // 接受用户发的ETH  
    function payInValue() payable {  
        storedMoney += msg.value;  
    }  
}
```



# Solidity

```
require(n > 10); // require(条件)
```

```
// 发给另外的ETH地址令牌
```

```
function send(address recipient, uint amount) {  
    require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount);  
    balances[msg.sender] -= amount;  
    balances[recipient] += amount;  
}
```



# Solidity

```
contract SimpleToken {  
    uint storedETH; // 余额  
  
    // 发给用户ETH  
    function payOutValue(uint amount) {  
        // 确保合约的ETH质量足够  
        require(storedETH >= amount);  
  
        storedETH -= amount; // 更改合约的ETH质量  
        msg.sender.transfer(amount); // 发给用户  
    }  
}
```



# 写一个ICO的代笔



# 让用户检查他的代笔余额

```
contract SzAbiToken {  
    mapping (address => uint) public balances; // 每个地址的令牌余额  
  
    // 检查一个地址的余额  
    function getBalance() public returns (uint balance) {  
        return uint(balances[msg.sender]);  
    }  
}
```

# 让用户发给别人代笔

```
contract SzAbiToken {
    mapping (address => uint) public balances; // 每个地址的令牌余额

    // 检查一个地址的余额
    function getBalance() public returns (uint balance) {
        return uint(balances[msg.sender]);
    }

    // 发给别人令牌
    function sendTo(address recipient, uint amount) payable public {
        require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount);
        balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
        balances[recipient] += amount;
    }
}
```

# 让合约创造者分发代币

```
contract SzAbiToken {
    address public tokenCreator; // 令牌创建者的地址
    uint public totalSupply; // 整体令牌供应

    mapping (address => uint) public balances; // 每个地址的令牌余额

    // 注意创建者的地址
    constructor() public {
        tokenCreator = msg.sender;
    }

    // 制作令牌和发给令牌销售买家
    // 主意：
    //     只是令牌创建者的地址能用
    //     直到供应达到1000令牌
    function generateTo(address recipient, uint amount) public {
        require(msg.sender == tokenCreator && totalSupply < 1000);
        balances[recipient] += amount;
        totalSupply += amount;
    }
}
```



# 所有的

```
contract SzAbiToken {
    address public tokenCreator; // 令牌创建者的地址
    uint public totalSupply; // 整体令牌供应

    mapping (address => uint) public balances; // 每个地址的令牌余额

    // 注意创建者的地址
    constructor() public {
        tokenCreator = msg.sender;
    }

    // 制作令牌和发给令牌销售买家
    // 主意：
    //     只是令牌创建者的地址能用
    //     直到供应达到1000令牌
    function generateTo(address recipient, uint amount) public {
        require(msg.sender == tokenCreator && totalSupply < 1000);
        balances[recipient] += amount;
        totalSupply += amount;
    }

    // 检查一个地址的余额
    function getBalance() public returns (uint balance) {
        return uint(balances[msg.sender]);
    }

    // 发给别人令牌
    function sendTo(address recipient, uint amount) payable public {
        require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount);
        balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
        balances[recipient] += amount;
    }
}
```



工具

# Truffle



# Ganache



*Ganache*

# 我们会一起写和部署一个完全分布的深圳通系统

<https://github.com/toinetoine/SzAbiTalkDappDevCode>

