Lab1: Temporal Difference Learning

Lab Objective:

In this lab, you will learn temporal difference learning (TD) algorithm by solving the 2048 game using an n-tuple network.

Important Date:

- 1. Submission Deadline: 10/1 (Sun) 23:59
- 2. Demo date: 10/2 (Mon)

Turn in:

- 1. Experiment report (.pdf)
- 2. Source code [NOT including model weights]

```
Notice: zip all files with name "RL_LAB1_StudentId_Name.zip", e.g.: 「RL LAB1 311551043 廖唯辰.zip」
```

Lab Description:

- Understand the concept of (before-)state and after-state.
- Learn to construct and design an *n*-tuple network.
- Understand TD algorithm.
- Understand Q-learning network training.

Requirements:

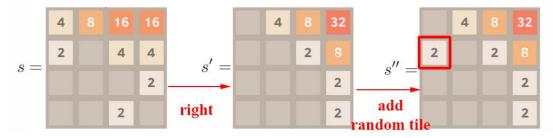
- Implement TD(0) algorithm
 - \blacksquare Construct an *n*-tuple network.
 - Action selection according to the *n*-tuple network.
 - Calculate TD-target and TD-error.
 - Update V(state), not V(after-state).
 - ♦ That is, you need to use the information of P(popup tile 2) = 0.9 and P(popup tile 4) = 0.1 in your code.
 - Understand temporal difference learning mechanisms.

Game Environment − 2048:

- Introduction: 2048 is a single-player sliding block puzzle game. The game's objective is to slide numbered tiles on a grid to combine them to create a tile with the number 2048.
- Actions: Up, Down, Left, Right
- Reward: The score is the value of new tile when two tiles are combined.

| | 2 | 4 |
|---|----|----|
| | 4 | 8 |
| 2 | 16 | 32 |
| 2 | 2 | 16 |

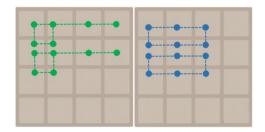
• A sample of two-step state transition



Implementation Details:

Network Architecture

• n-tuple patterns: 4×6 -tuples with all possible isomorphisms



Training Arguments

- Learning rate: 0.1
 - Learning rate for features of *n*-tuple network with *m* features: $0.1 \div m$
- Train the network at least 100k episodes

Algorithm:

A pseudocode of the game engine and training. (modified backward training method)

```
function PLAY GAME
  score \leftarrow 0
  s \leftarrow \text{INITIALIZE GAME STATE}
  while IS NOT TERMINAL STATE(s) do
     a \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax} EVALUATE(s, a')
           a' \in A(s)
     r, s', s'' \leftarrow \text{MAKE MOVE}(s, a)
     SAVE RECORD(s, a, r, s', s'')
     score \leftarrow score + r
     s \leftarrow s''
  for (s, a, r, s', s") FROM TERMINAL DOWNTO INITIAL do
     LEARN EVALUATION(s, a, r, s', s'')
  return score
function MAKE MOVE(s, a)
  s', r \leftarrow \text{COMPUTE AFTERSTATE}(s, a)
  s'' \leftarrow ADD RANDOM TILE(s')
  return (r, s', s'')
```

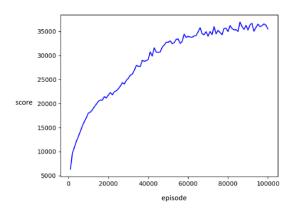
TD-state

```
function EVALUATE(s, a)
s', r \leftarrow \text{COMPUTE AFTERSTATE}(s, a)
S'' \leftarrow \text{ALL POSSIBLE NEXT STATES}(s')
\mathbf{return} \ r + \Sigma_{s'' \in S''} P(s, a, s'') V(s'')
function LEARN EVALUATION(s, a, r, s', s'')
V(s) \leftarrow V(s) + \alpha(r + V(s'') - V(s))
```

Scoring Criteria:

Show your work, otherwise no credit will be granted.

- Report (20% + Bonus 20%)
 - A plot shows scores (mean) of at least 100k training episodes (20%) E.g.



- Bonus: (20%)
 - lack Describe the implementation and the usage of *n*-tuple network. (5%)
 - lack Explain the mechanism of TD(0). (5%)
 - ◆ Describe your implementation in detail including action selection and TD-backup diagram. (10%)
- Demo Performance (80%)
 - The 2048-tile win rate in 1000 games, [winrate₂₀₄₈].(60%) E.g.

```
1000 mean = 21355.2 max = 64492

128 100% (0.1%)

256 99.9% (1.4%)

512 98.5% (11.6%)

1024 86.9% (51.2%)

2048 35.7% (34.6%)

4096 1.1% (1.1%)
```

■ Questions. (20%)

References:

- [1] Szubert, Marcin, and Wojciech Jaśkowski. "Temporal difference learning of N-tuple networks for the game 2048." 2014 IEEE Conference on Computational Intelligence and Games. IEEE, 2014.
- [2] Kun-Hao Yeh, I-Chen Wu, Chu-Hsuan Hsueh, Chia-Chuan Chang, Chao-Chin Liang, and Han Chiang, Multi-Stage Temporal Difference Learning for 2048-like Games, accepted by IEEE Transactions on Computational Intelligence and AI in Games (SCI), doi: 10.1109/TCIAIG.2016.2593710, 2016.
- [3] Oka, Kazuto, and Kiminori Matsuzaki. "Systematic selection of n-tuple networks for 2048." International Conference on Computers and Games. Springer International Publishing, 2016.
- [4] moporgic. "Basic implementation of 2048 in Python." Retrieved from Github: https://github.com/moporgic/2048-Demo-Python.
- [5] moporgic. "Temporal Difference Learning for Game 2048 (Demo)." Retrieved from Github: https://github.com/moporgic/TDL2048-Demo.
- [6] lukewayne123. "2048-Framework" Retrieved from Github: https://github.com/lukewayne123/2048-Framework.