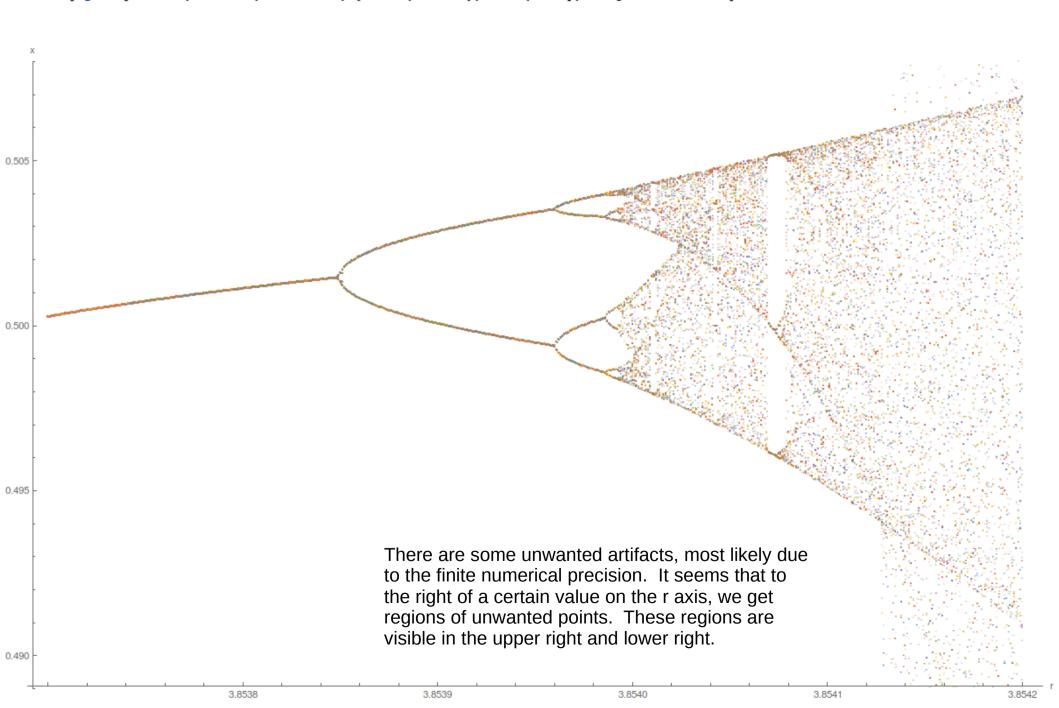
## Physics 105, Spring 2018, Reinsch

Homework Assignment 11

**Problem 4 Solution** 

Using the code from the previous problems, we zoom in by plugging in parameters as shown below.

Show[rplot[3.8537, 3.8542, 0.000001,  $\{0.489, 0.508\}$ , 4000, 100], ImageSize  $\rightarrow 1200$ ]



Here are some notes on investigating the behavior seen on the previous page. Even for a million iterations we still see points in these regions.

```
test = 0.492662
inputs:
  r = r value in the text,
x0 = initial x value,
n = number of iterations,
nreturn = number of values to return, from the end of the list generated
*)
run[3.85414, test, 1000000, 10000];
ListPlot[%, PlotRange \rightarrow \{0.489, 0.493\}]
0.493
0.492
0.491
0.490
          2000
                                 8000
                  4000
                         6000
                                         10000
```

## A great reference is

"Why is Floating-Point Computation so Hard to Debug when it Goes Wrong?"

Prof. W. Kahan

Math. and Computer Science Depts.

Univ. of Calif. @ Berkeley

https://people.eecs.berkeley.edu/~wkahan/WrongR.pdf

William Kahan is a mathematician and computer scientist who received the Turing Award in 1989 for "his fundamental contributions to numerical analysis", was named an ACM Fellow in 1994, and inducted into the National Academy of Engineering in 2005.

The Turing Award is generally recognized as the highest distinction in computer science.