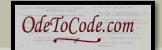
C#: Functional Programming

The Power of Tiny Abstractions



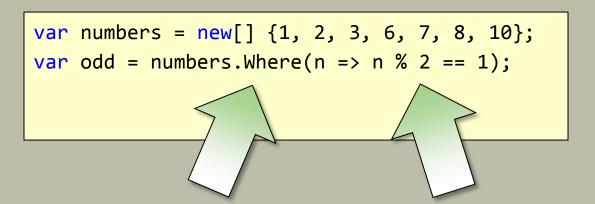
Overview

- Why Functions?
- Examples
 - Laziness
 - Parallel programming
 - Validation
 - Asynchrony



Why Functional?

- Functions are abstractions, too!
 - Pass functions as parameters
 - Treat functions as data
 - Easy to compose and combine
- Functional programming excels at separating concerns
 - Programming in the small versus programming in the large



Knows how to filter

Knows what to filter



Functional Advantages

- Small, reusable abstractions
- Lazy
- Immutability => parallelism

var numbers = new[] {1.0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 10};
var evenNumbers = numbers.AsParallel().Where(n => n%2 == 0);





Removing Loops

- Functional programming often hides the looping construct
 - Results in less imperative code

```
private static IEnumerable<T> Filter<T>(IEnumerable<T> numbers,
                                         Predicate<T> predicate)
    foreach (var number in numbers)
        if (predicate(number)) yield return number;
   private static IEnumerable<T> Filter<T>(IEnumerable<T> numbers,
                                            Predicate<T> predicate)
   {
       return numbers.Where(number => predicate(number));
   }
```



Map / Filter / Reduce

- Common functional parlance
- With LINQ it's Select / Where / Aggregate



Declarative Programming

- Less imperative == more declarative
- Why should validation rules branch the execution path?

```
var errors = new List<ValidationError>();
if(string.IsNullOrEmpty(movie.Title))
    errors.Add(new ValidationError() {Message = "..."});
if(movie.Duration < 30)</pre>
    errors.Add(new ValidationError() {Message = "..."});
else if(movie.Duration > 360)
    errors.Add(new ValidationError() {Message = "..."});
```



A Declarative Approach

Treat validation code as data to evaluate

```
public class ValidationRule<T>
    public Func<T, bool> Rule { get; set; }
    public ValidationError Error { get; set; }
new ValidationRule<Movie>
        Rule = m => string.IsNullOrEmpty(m.Title),
         Error = new ValidationError() {Message = "..."}
    };
  public IEnumerable<ValidationError> Validate (Movie movie)
  {
       Func<ValidationRule<Movie>, bool> theRuleFails = r => r.Rule(movie);
      return GetRules().Where(theRuleFails).Select(r => r.Error);
```

Continuations

- Passing functions to describe what to do next
 - Makes asynchronous invocation easy

```
static void DoAsync(Func<bool> func, Action onSuccess, Action onError)
{
    func.BeginInvoke((asyncResult) =>
    {
        bool result = func.EndInvoke(asyncResult);
        if (result)
        {
            onSuccess();
        }
        else
        {
            onError();
        }
      }, null);
}
```

Functions as Data

- Pass them as parameters
- Return them from methods

```
private static Action MakeGreetingFunction()
{
    if(DateTime.Now.Hour < 12)
    {
        return () => Console.WriteLine("Good morning!");
    }
    return () => Console.WriteLine("Good evening!");
}

var f = MakeGreetingFunction();
f();
```



Closures

Binding functions to state

What happens to the name parameter?

```
private static Action MakeGreetingFunction(string name)
{
    if(DateTime.Now.Hour < 12)
    {
       return () => Console.WriteLine("Good morning, {0}", name);
    }
    return () => Console.WriteLine("Good evening, {0}", name);
}
```



Functions as Parameters

- Passing anonymous methods around makes LINQ work
- Also useful to abstract away what should happen around method invocation
 - Caching, memoization, automatic retries

```
Action fetchMovies = () =>
{
    // ... call web serivce
};
fetchMovies.WithRetry();
```

```
static void WithRetry(this Action action)
    int retryCount = 0;
    bool succesful = false;
    do
        try
            action();
            succesful = true;
        catch (NetworkException e)
            retryCount++;
    } while (retryCount < 3 && !succesful);</pre>
```

Summary

- Functions are perfect abstractions for programming in the small
- Treat functions as data
- Also see: "LINQ Beyond Queries" at pluralsight.com

