

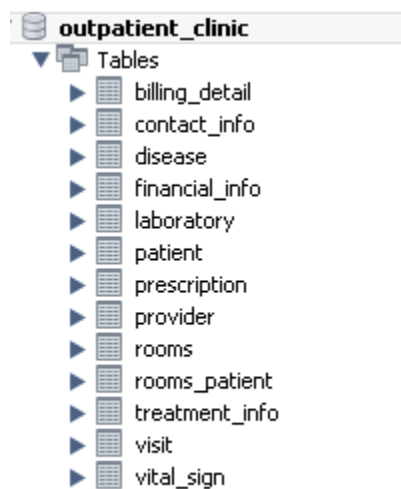
Outpatient Clinic Database System Design

• What is the database about?

This database's main purpose is to support store and retrieve patient information details such as patient demographic information, provider information, the visit information of the patient, patient health history details, the clinical care information, the list of room information, and the billing detail of each patient.

• Tables are in BCNF form

Structure of database



There are some information object could be stored in this database, including:

1. Patient information

- a. For each patient, we keep track of a unique patient identifier, patient date of birth, gender, patient name (first name, middle initial and last name), age, marital status, language.

Table: **patient**

Columns:

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| patient_id | int AI PK |
| first_name | varchar(45) |
| middle_name | varchar(45) |
| last_name | varchar(45) |
| date_of_birth | date |
| age | int |
| language | varchar(45) |
| marital_status | varchar(45) |
| gender | varchar(45) |
| provider_id | int PK |

- b. Patient Financial Information: as follows Employment Information, insurance information, and responsible party.

Table: financial_info

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| insurance_info | varchar(100) |
| responsible_party | varchar(100) |

- c. Patient contact information. Address (including, zip code and state, cell phone, email)

Table: contact_info

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| address | varchar(45) |
| state | varchar(45) |
| zip_code | varchar(45) |
| email | varchar(45) |
| phone_number | varchar(45) |

2. Provider information

first name, middle initial and last name, specialist, gender, age, graduation date from med. School, year of practice, language, date of hire, provider Id, federal Id) Visit (Patient Care)

Table: provider

Columns:

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| <u>provider_id</u> | int AI PK |
| first_name | varchar(45) |
| middle_name | varchar(45) |
| last_name | varchar(45) |
| date_of_birth | date |
| age | int |
| specialist | varchar(45) |
| gender | varchar(45) |
| language | varchar(45) |
| date_of_hire | date |
| grad_date | date |
| year_of_practice | int |
| school | varchar(45) |
| federal_id | varchar(45) |

3. Patient Visit Information.

Visit requires an encounter_ID (encounterID,datetime, patientID,providerID)

Table: visit

Columns:

| | |
|---------------------|--------|
| <u>encounter_id</u> | int PK |
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| date_time_of_visit | date |

During the visit, the following could be a record

- Vital Sign: weight, height, blood pressure, temperature, oxygen Level, heartbeats

Table: vital_sign

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| temperature | float |
| blood_pressure | varchar(45) |
| height | float |
| weight | float |
| heart_beats | int |
| oxygen_level | int |

- Treatment (ICD10, medication)

Table: treatment_info

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| icd10 | varchar(45) |
| medication | varchar(45) |

- Laboratory Testing (date, type, results)

Table: laboratory

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| type | varchar(45) |
| results | varchar(100) |
| date | date |

- Diseases (diseaseName, ICD-10, diseaseType)

Table: disease

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| icd10 | varchar(45) |
| disease_name | varchar(45) |
| disease_type | varchar(45) |

- Prescription (date, patientId, providerId)

Table: prescription

Columns:

| | |
|--------------------|--------|
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| <u>provider_id</u> | int PK |
| date | date |

4. Billing details information

This table contains information about bill payment, such as test fees, consulting fees, medicine price.

Table: billing_detail

Columns:

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| <u>bill_id</u> | int AI PK |
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| consulting_fees | float |
| test_fees | float |
| medicine_price | float |
| other_charges | float |
| total_amount | double |
| date | date |

5. The list of rooms

The room table has information such as room id, type of room, price per date, availability

Table: rooms

Columns:

| | |
|----------------|-------------|
| <u>room_id</u> | int AI PK |
| type | varchar(45) |
| price_per_date | int |
| availability | tinyint |

6. The relationship between room and patient

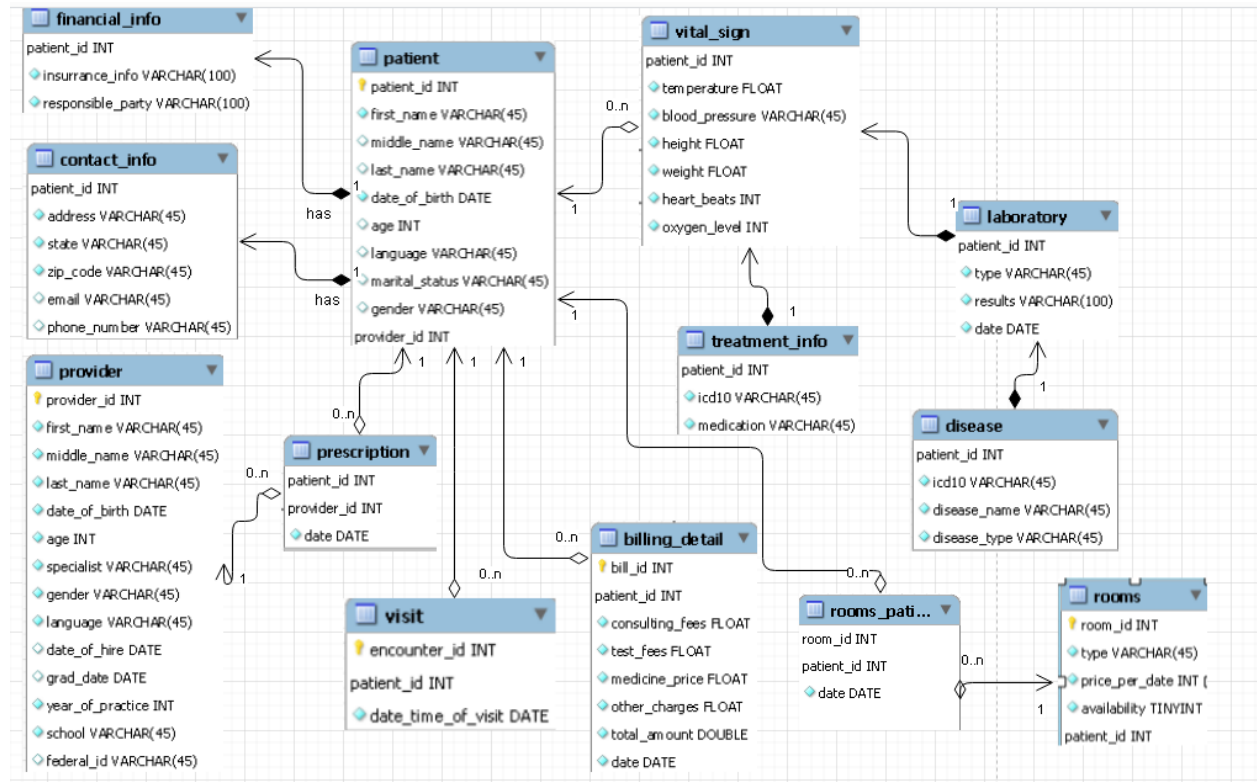
It contains the room id, patient id and date.

Table: rooms_patient

Columns:

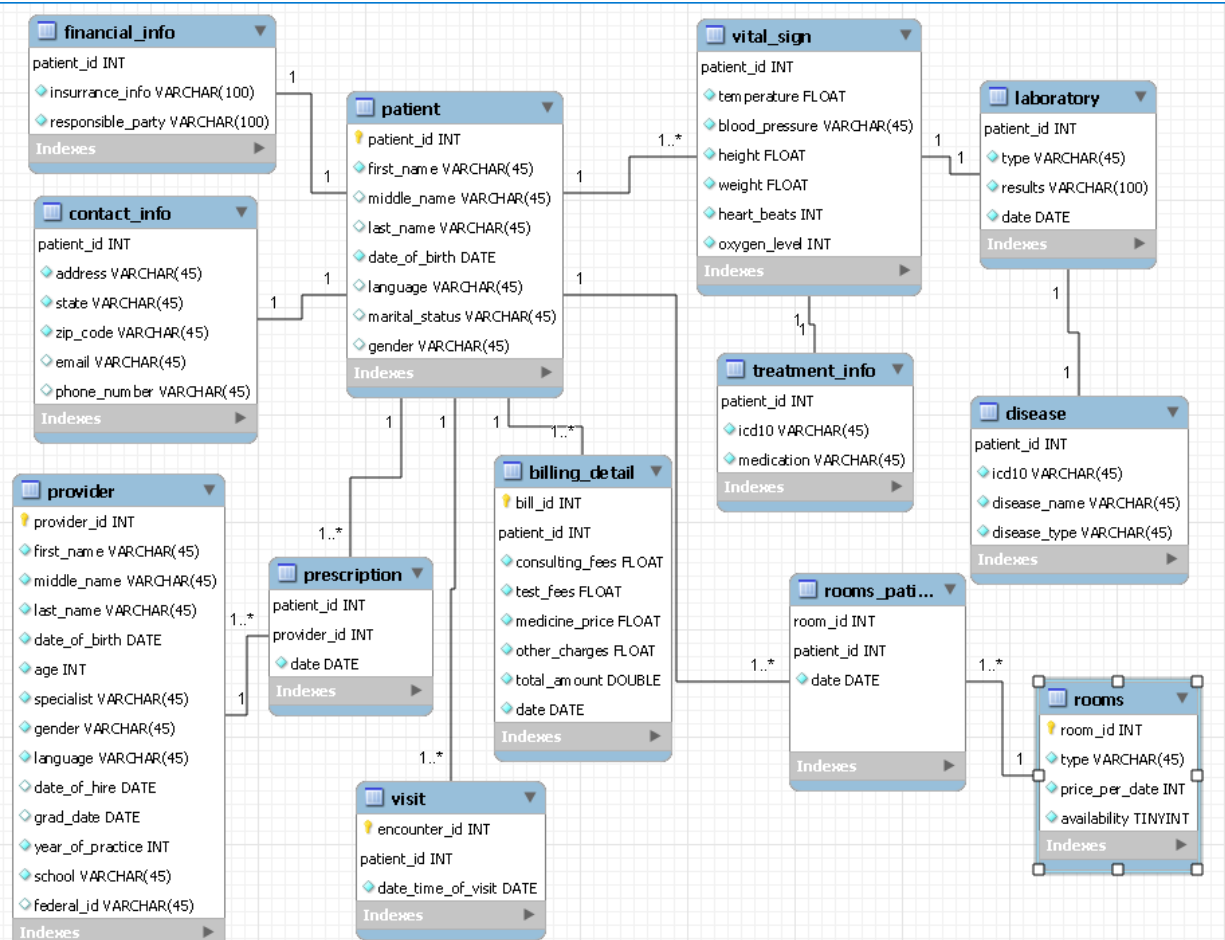
| | |
|-------------------|--------|
| <u>room_id</u> | int PK |
| <u>patient_id</u> | int PK |
| date | date |

• **UML data model**



This image shows the list of UML objects on this database. For example, the patient object has financial information, contact information. The patient could visit the clinic many times. The patient could set an appointment with the provider. The patient could rent a room, and so on.

- ER diagram



Based on the UML data modelling, I design the entity-relationship diagram like the image on the screen. There are some types of relationships such as one to many or one to one. They reflected on this diagram.