# CSE 138: Distributed Systems

Winter 2023 - Assignment #2

Assigned: Saturday, 01/21/2023 — Due: Saturday, 02/04/2023

# General Instructions

- You must do your own individual work and submit this assignment as an individual.
- You should get started to form a group for future assignments.
- You may not use an existing key-value store (e.g. Redis, MongoDB, etc.)
- You will build a RESTful multi-site key-value store.
  - The key-value store must be able to:
    - 1. Insert a new key-value pair.
    - 2. Update the value of an existing key.
    - 3. Get the value of an existing key.
    - 4. Delete an existing key from the store.
  - The key-value store must run as a collection of communicating instances:
    - 1. One main instance directly responds to clients and forwarded requests from follower instances.
    - 2. Many **follower** instances:
      - 1. forward requests from a client (the **originating client**) to their upstream (either the main instance or another follower instance).
      - 2. forward responses from their respective upstream to the **originating client**.
- You will use **Docker** to create a container that runs the RESTful multi-site key-value store at port 13800.
- Your key-value store does not need to persist the data (only in-memory).

## Building and testing your container

- We provide a test script, test assignment2.py that you should use to test your work.
- The provided tests are similar to the tests we will use to evaluate your submitted assignment.

## Submission workflow

- Create a private repository.
  - For simplicity, the repository may be named cse138\_assignment2.
  - If you wish to reuse your assignment1 repository, for future assignments, we recommend the use of tags for marking the final version of each assignment and branches for active development. Some helpful links:

- \* For tagging repositories: https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Git-Basics-Tagging
- $\ast$  For branch fundamentals: https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Git-Branching-Basic-Branching-and-Merging
- $\ast$  A "simple" strategy for branch management: https://nvie.com/posts/a-successful-git-branching-model/#the-main-branches
- The Github accounts of ucsc-cse138-staff should be added as collaborators to the repository.
- The repository should contain:
  - The Dockerfile defining how to build your Docker image.
  - The project file(s) implementing the key-value store.
- Submit your CruzID, repository URL, and the commit ID (aka commit hash) to be evaluated here: https://forms.gle/ohMPKjU4EmLiQfFw6
  - For full credit, you will also need to submit a list of CruzIDs of your teammates.
  - The commit timestamp must be no later than 02/04/2023 11:59 PM PT
  - The google form must be submitted within a reasonable time of the due date (preferably 10 minutes).
  - Late submissions are accepted, with a 10% penalty for every 24 hours after the above deadline.

## Evaluation and grading

- To evaluate the assignment, the course staff will run your project using Docker.
- We will check that your key-value store will send the correct response and status codes in response to GET, PUT, and DELETE requests.

# **Key-Value Store REST API**

# **Endpoints**

• /kvs will accept GET, PUT, and DELETE requests with JSON content type. The response will be in JSON format and return a status code as appropriate.

## **API Specification**

NOTE: GET and DELETE requests can be implemented in two different ways: using a JSON body or with query parameters. You are expected to do both of them the same way, and both ways will result in the same grade.

### PUT

A PUT request to endpoint /kvs should add a value for a key or update it if it already exists.

- To set the value of an key named sampleKey to superValue, send a PUT request to /kvs with JSON body {"key": "sampleKey", "val": "superValue"}.
  - If the key is new and the key-value store previously contained no value for it, the key-value store should respond with status code 201 and JSON body {"replaced": false}.
  - If the key already existed with previous value sampleValue, the key-value store should respond with status code 200 and JSON body {"replaced": true, "prev": "sampleValue"}.

- If the key or the value have length greater than 200, the key-value store should respond with status code 400 and JSON: {"error": "key or val too long"}.
- If a request has a malformed body (not a JSON with key and val), the key-value store should respond with status code 400 and JSON body {"error": "bad PUT"}

#### GET

A GET request to endpoint /kvs should return the current value of the key, or an error if it does not exist.

# Option 1: JSON Body

- To get an existing key named sampleKey, send a GET request to /kvs with JSON body {"key": "sampleKey"}.
  - If the current value of sampleKey is sampleValue, the key-value store should respond with status code 200 and JSON body {"val": "sampleValue"}
  - If the key, does not exist, the key-value store should respond with status code 404 and JSON body: {"error": "not found"}
- If a request has a malformed body (not a JSON with key), the key-value store should respond with status code 400 and JSON body {"error": "bad GET"}

# **Option 2: Query Parameters**

- To get an existing key named sampleKey, send a GET request to /kvs with query parameter key=sampleKey.
  - If the current value of sampleKey is sampleValue, the key-value store should respond with status code 200 and JSON body {"val": "sampleValue"}
  - If the key, does not exist, the key-value store should respond with status code 404 and JSON body: {"error": "not found"}
- If a request does not have the query parameter key, the key-value store should respond with status code 400 and JSON body {"error": "bad GET"}

### DELETE

A DELETE request to endpoint /kvs should delete a value for a key if it already exists.

### Option 1: JSON Body

- To delete the value of a key named sampleKey, send a DELETE request to /kvs with JSON body {"key": "sampleKey"}.
  - If the key exists with value sampleValue, the key-value store should respond with status code 200 and JSON body {"prev": "sampleValue"}.
  - If the key does not exist, the key-value store should respond with status code 404 and JSON body {"error": "not found"}.
- If a request has a malformed body (not a JSON with key), the key-value store should respond with status code 400 and JSON body {"error": "bad DELETE"}

### **Option 2: Query Parameters**

• To delete the value of a key named sampleKey, send a DELETE request to /kvs with query parameter key=sampleKey.

- If the key exists with value sampleValue, the key-value store should respond with status code 200 and JSON body {"prev": "sampleValue"}.
- If the key does not exist, the key-value store should respond with status code 404 and JSON body {"error": "not found"}.
- If a request does not have the query parameter key, the key-value store should respond with status code 400 and JSON body {"error": "bad DELETE"}

### Example

1. GET a non-existent key sampleKey:

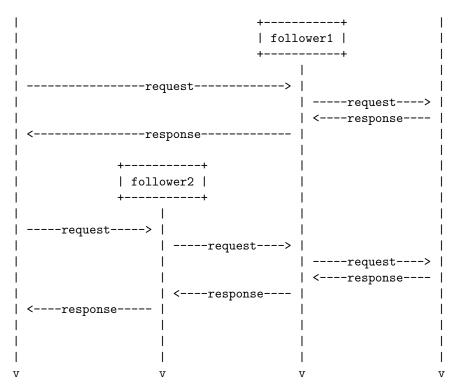
# Option 1: JSON Body

```
$ curl --request GET \
         --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
         --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        --data '{"key": "sampleKey"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"error": "not found"}
 404
 OR
 # Option 2: Query Parameters
 $ curl --request GET \
        --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs?key=sampleKey
 {"error": "not found"}
 404
2. PUT a non-existent key sampleKey with value sampleValue:
 $ curl --request PUT \
         --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
         --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        --data '{"key": "sampleKey", "val": "sampleValue"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"replaced": false}
 201
3. GET an existing key sampleKey with pre-existing value sampleValue:
 # Option 1: JSON Body
 $ curl --request GET \
         --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
         --write-out "%{http code}\n" \
        --data '{"key": "sampleKey"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"val": "sampleValue"}
 200
 OR.
 # Option 2: Query Parameters
 $ curl --request GET \
```

```
--write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs?key=sampleKey
 {"val": "sampleValue"}
4. PUT an existing key sampleKey with value superValue:
 $ curl --request PUT \
         --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
        --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
         --data '{"key": "sampleKey", "val": "superValue"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"replaced": true, "prev": "sampleValue"}
5. GET an existing key sampleKey with (updated) pre-existing value superValue:
 # Option 1: JSON Body
 $ curl --request GET \
        --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
        --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        --data '{"key": "sampleKey"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"val": "superValue"}
 200
 OR
 # Option 2: Query Parameters
 $ curl --request GET \
         --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs?key=sampleKey
 {"val": "superValue"}
 200
6. DELETE an existing key sampleKey with pre-existing value superValue:
 # Option 1: JSON Body
 $ curl --request DELETE \
        --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
        --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
         --data '{"key": "sampleKey"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"prev": "superValue"}
 200
 OR.
 # Option 2: Query Parameters
 $ curl --request DELETE \
         --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs?key=sampleKey
```

```
{"prev": "superValue"}
 200
7. DELETE a non-existent (deleted) key sampleKey:
 # Option 1: JSON Body
 $ curl --request DELETE \
        --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
         --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        --data '{"key": "sampleKey"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"error": "not found"}
 404
 OR.
 # Option 2: Query Parameters
 $ curl --request DELETE \
        --write-out "%{http code}\n" \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs?key=sampleKey
 {"error": "not found"}
 404
8. GET a non-existent (deleted) key sampleKey:
 # Option 1: JSON Body
 $ curl --request GET \
        --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
        --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        --data '{"key": "sampleKey"}' \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs
 {"error": "not found"}
 404
 OR
 # Option 2: Query Parameters
 $ curl --request GET \
        --write-out "%{http_code}\n" \
        http://127.0.0.1:13800/kvs?key=sampleKey
 {"error": "not found"}
 404
```

# Main and forwarding roles for multi-site coordination



You will implement a key-value store that may be started as either: a **main** instance or a **follower** instance. Your key-value store will check the value of the environment variable FORWARDING\_ADDRESS to determine its role:

- If FORWARDING\_ADDRESS is empty, the instance is the main instance.
- Otherwise, the instance is a **follower** instance.
- The main instance should always respond directly to requests.
- The follower instance should forward requests to its upstream, then forward the response (including errors generated by a follower, if its upstream is a follower) to its downstream.
- If the follower instance has an upstream with address "10.10.0.42:13800" and does not receive a response from its upsteram in a reasonable amount of time (say, 10s), response to the downstream must have status code 503 and one of the following JSON: {"error": "upstream down", "upstream": "10.10.0.42:13800"}
- A follower instance should always launch, regardless of whether its upstream is alive during launch.

# Docker Network Management

In the following, we explain a scenario where we have one main instance, one follower instance, and a Docker subnet named **kv\_subnet**.

- Create subnet, kv\_subnet, with IP range 10.10.0.0/16:
- \$ docker network create --subnet=10.10.0.0/16 kv subnet
  - Build Docker image containing the key-value store implementation:
  - \$ docker build -t kvs:1.0 <path-to-Dockerfile-directory>
  - Run the main instance at 10.10.0.2:13800 in a Docker container named main-instance:

• Run the follower instance at 10.10.0.3:13800 in a Docker container named kvs-follower1, which will forward requests to the main instance:

• Stop and remove containers:

```
$ docker stop kvs-main
$ docker stop kvs-follower1
$ docker rm kvs-main
$ docker rm kvs-follower1
```