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In [1]: # 导入操作系统库
        import os
        # 更改工作目录
        os.chdir(r"D:\softwares\applied statistics\pythoncodelearning\chap1\sourcecode")
        # 导入时间库
        import time
        # 导入基础计算库
        import numpy as np
        # 导入绘图库
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # 导入回归器
        from sklearn.linear model import RANSACRegressor, LinearRegression, TheilSenRegr
        # 导入绘图库中的字体管理包
        from matplotlib import font_manager
        # 实现中文字符正常显示
        font = font_manager.FontProperties(fname=r"C:\Windows\Fonts\SimKai.ttf")
        # 使用seaborn风格绘图
        plt.style.use("seaborn-v0_8")
        # 构建模型
        estimators = [
            ("OLS", LinearRegression()),
            ("Theil-Sen", TheilSenRegressor(random_state=42)),
            ("RANSAC", RANSACRegressor(random_state=42)),
        colors = {"OLS": "turquoise", "Theil-Sen": "gold", "RANSAC": "lightgreen"}
        1w = 2
        # 生成数据集,离群值在X
        np.random.seed(0)
        n \text{ samples} = 200
        # Linear model y = 3*x + N(2, 0.1**2)
        x = np.random.randn(n samples)
        W = 3.0
        c = 2.0
        noise = 0.1 * np.random.randn(n_samples)
        y = w * x + c + noise
        # 10% outliers
        y[-20:] += -20 * x[-20:]
        X = x[:, np.newaxis]
        # 开始绘图
        fig1, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6,6), tight_layout=True)
        ax.scatter(x, y, color="indigo", marker="x", s=40)
        # 预测点的X
        line_x = np.array([-3, 3])
        for name, estimator in estimators:
           t0 = time.time()
            #模型拟合
            estimator.fit(X, y)
            elapsed time = time.time() - t0
            # 预测
           y_pred = estimator.predict(line_x.reshape(2, 1))
            ax.plot(
               line_x,
               y pred,
               color=colors[name],
               linewidth=lw,
               label="%s (fit time: %.2fs)" % (name, elapsed_time),
        ax.legend(loc="upper left")
```

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ax.set_title("Corrupt y")
plt.show()
fig1.savefig("../codeimage/code28.pdf")
# 生成数据集, 离群值在y
np.random.seed(0)
# Linear model y = 3*x + N(2, 0.1**2)
x = np.random.randn(n_samples)
noise = 0.1 * np.random.randn(n_samples)
y = 3 * x + 2 + noise
# 10% outliers
x[-20:] = 9.9
y[-20:] += 22
X = x[:, np.newaxis]
# 开始绘图
fig2, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6,6), tight_layout=True)
ax.scatter(x, y, color="indigo", marker="x", s=40)
# 预测点的X
line_x = np.array([-3, 10])
for name, estimator in estimators:
   t0 = time.time()
   #模型拟合
   estimator.fit(X, y)
    elapsed_time = time.time() - t0
   # 预测
   y_pred = estimator.predict(line_x.reshape(2, 1))
    ax.plot(
       line_x,
       y pred,
       color=colors[name],
       linewidth=lw,
       label="%s (fit time: %.2fs)" % (name, elapsed_time),
    )
ax.legend(loc="upper left")
ax.set_title("Corrupt x")
plt.show()
fig2.savefig("../codeimage/code29.pdf")
```



