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In [15]: # 导入操作系统库
        import os
        # 更改工作目录
        os.chdir(r"D:\softwares\applied statistics\pythoncodelearning\chap1\sourcecode")
         # 导入基础计算库
         import numpy as np
         # 导入绘图库
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # 导入线性回归模型
         from sklearn.linear model import Lasso, ElasticNet
         # 导入模型评估的工具
         from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error, r2 score
         # 导入绘图库中的字体管理包
         from matplotlib import font_manager
         # 实现中文字符正常显示
        font = font_manager.FontProperties(fname=r"C:\Windows\Fonts\SimKai.ttf")
         # 使用seaborn风格绘图
        plt.style.use("seaborn-v0_8")
         # 设置样本量和维度
         n_samples, n_features = 50, 100
         # 设置随机数
        np.random.seed(10)
         # 生成X
        X = np.random.randn(n_samples, n_features)
         # 生成真实的系数
         idx = np.arange(n features)
         coef = (-1) ** idx * np.exp(-idx / 10)
         # 对系数产生稀疏性
         coef[10:] = 0
         # 生成v
         y = np.dot(X, coef) + 0.01 * np.random.normal(size=n samples)
         # 划分数据集
        n_samples = X.shape[0]
        X_train, y_train = X[: n_samples // 2], y[: n_samples // 2]
        X test, y test = X[n \text{ samples } // 2 :], y[n \text{ samples } // 2 :]
         # 设置Lasso的惩罚系数
         alpha = 0.1
         #构建Lasso模型
         lasso = Lasso(alpha=alpha)
         #模型拟合
        lasso.fit(X train, y train)
         # 预测
        y_pred = lasso.predict(X_test)
         # R方测试集
         r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
         # MSE测试集
        mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
        print("r^2 on test data : {}".format(r2))
         print("mse on test data : {}".format(mse))
         # 构建弹性网模型
         enet = ElasticNet(alpha=alpha, l1_ratio=0.7)
         #模型拟合
         enet.fit(X train, y train)
         # 预测
        y_pred_enet = enet.predict(X_test)
        r2_enet = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_enet)
         mse_enet = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_enet)
         print("r^2 on test data : {}".format(r2_enet))
```

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```
print("mse on test data : {}".format(mse_enet))
# 开始绘图
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6,6))
m, s, \_ = ax.stem(
   np.where(enet.coef_)[0],
    enet.coef_[enet.coef_ != 0],
   markerfmt="x",
   label="Elastic net coefficients",
plt.setp([m, s], color="#2ca02c")
m, s, _ = ax.stem(
   np.where(lasso.coef_)[0],
    lasso.coef_[lasso.coef_ != 0],
   markerfmt="x",
    label="Lasso coefficients",
plt.setp([m, s], color="#ff7f0e")
ax.stem(
   np.where(coef)[0],
    coef[coef != 0],
   label="true coefficients",
   markerfmt="bx",
)
ax.legend(loc="best")
ax.set_title(
    "Lasso $R^2$: %.3f, Elastic Net $R^2$: %.3f" % (r2, r2_enet)
plt.show()
fig.savefig("../codeimage/code5.pdf")
```

r^2 on test data : -0.5148835447539641 mse on test data : 5.842405459587561 r^2 on test data : -0.33978748237581957 mse on test data : 5.167117781975022 2023/6/6 09:26 Python6

