Computer Vision HW1 - Advanced Color-to-Gray Conversion

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1. The design of joint bilateral filter

- load image之後使用 cv2.copyMakeBorder 來為圖片加padding
- 用 np.meshgrid 來建window並套公式算出spacial filter
- 套slide公式算range kernel, 乘上spacial kernel後算出新圖的pixel值

2. The implementation of local minima selection

- ullet 使用一個二維的numpy array來存灰階參數,一個維度代表 w_r ,另一維代表 w_g ,而 w_b 可由 $1.0-w_r-w_g$ 求得
- 每用一組參數算出cost後存在array中,而用來判斷一個點是否為local minima周圍的點為其 (上、下、左、右、右上、左下)共6個參數點
- 使用 np.roll 平移整個矩陣,如此可以一次判斷所有點和其(上、下、左、右、右上、左下)點 的大小關係,再把6個True/False矩陣and起來即可得此輪的local minima

Input/output images and the corresponding weight combinations

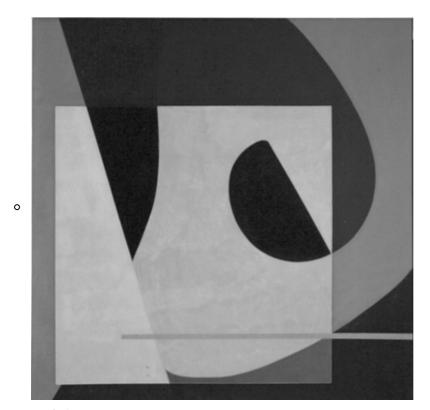
1a.png



1a_gray.png



• 1a_y1.png



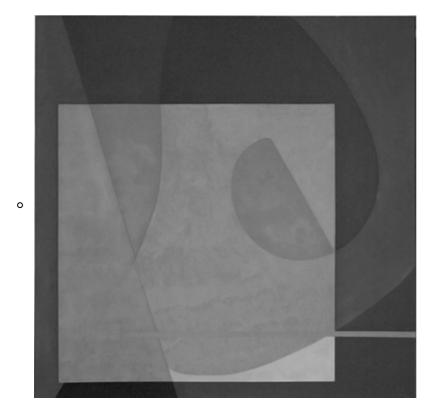
o weight: 0. 0. 1.

• 1a_y2.png



• weight: 1. 0. 0.

• 1a_y3.png



• weight: 0. 1. 0.

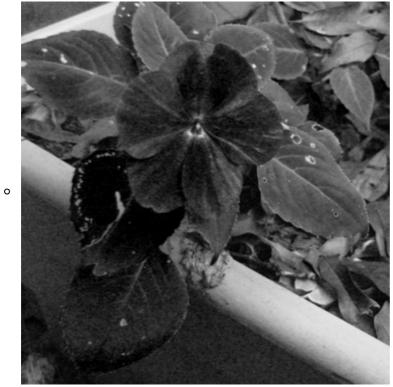
1b.png



1b_gray.png



• 1b_y1.png



o weight: 0. 0. 1.

• 1b_y2.png



• weight: 0. 1. 0.

• 1b_y3.png



• weight: 1. 0. 0.

1c.png



1c_gray.png



• 1c_y1.png



• weight: 1. 0. 0.

• 1c_y2.png



• weight: 0. 1. 0.

• 1c_y3.png



• weight: 0.2 0.8 0.