

A Project Report On

TRAVEL WORLD

FIND, BOOK AND EXPLORE

*Mini project submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the
award of the degree of*

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY
IN
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
(2022-2026)
BY

BASHABOINA ANEESH	22241A12D9
BANDARI SWAMY	22241A12D8
MAHAMOOD MOINUDDIN	23245A1220

Under the Esteemed Guidance

of

Mrs.T.N.P MADHURI

Assistant Professor



DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)
HYDERABAD
2024-25



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that it is a bonafide record of Mini Project work entitled "**TRAVEL WORLD – FIND, BOOK AND EXPLORE (USING MERN STACK)**" done by **BASHABOINA ANEESH(22241A12D9)**, **BANDARI SWAMY (22241A12D8)**, **MAHAMOOD MOINUDDIN (23245A1220)** of **B. Tech** in the Department of Information of Technology, **Gokaraju Rangaraju Institute of Engineering and Technology** during the period 2022-2026 in the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of degree of **BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY** from GRIET, Hyderabad.

Mrs.T.N.P.MADHURI

Assistant Professor

Internal Guide

Dr. Y. J . Nagendra Kumar

Head of the Department

Project External

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We take the immense pleasure in expressing gratitude to our Internal guide, **Mrs. T.N.P. MADHURI, Assistant Professor, Dept of IT, GRIET**. We express our sincere thanks for his encouragement, suggestions and support, which provided the impetus and paved the way for the successful completion of the project work.

We wish to express our gratitude to **Dr. Y J Nagendra Kumar**, HOD IT, our Project Coordinators **Mr. P.K. Abhilash**, **Mrs. T Nishitha** and **Mr. K Sandeep** for their constant support during the project.

We express our sincere thanks to **Dr. Jandhyala N Murthy**, Director, GRIET, and **Dr. J. Praveen**, Principal, GRIET, for providing us the conductive environment for carrying through our academic schedules and project with ease.

We also take this opportunity to convey our sincere thanks to the teaching and non-teaching staff of GRIET College, Hyderabad.



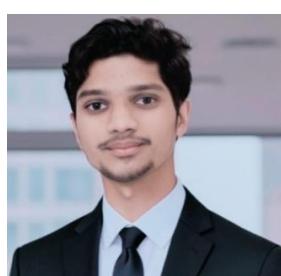
Email: aneeshbashaboina2004@gmail.com

Contact No: 8074294033



Email: swamybandari34@gmail.com

Contact No: 9177795648



Email: moinuddin.hnza@gmail.com

Contact No. 9959596333

DECLARATION

This is to certify that the mini-project entitled “**TRAVEL WORLD – FIND, BOOK AND EXPLORE (USING MERN STACK)**” is a bonafide work done by us in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree **BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY** from Gokaraju Rangaraju Institute of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad.

We also declare that this project is a result of our own effort and has not been copied or imitated from any source. Citations from any websites, books and paper publications are mentioned in the Bibliography.

This work was not submitted earlier at any other University or Institute for the award of any degree.

BASHABOINA ANEESH **22241A12D9**

BANDARI SWAMY **22241A12D8**

MAHAMOOD MOINUDDIN **23245A1220**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Name	Page no
	Certificates	ii
	Contents	v
	Abstract	vii
1	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Introduction to project	1
1.2	Existing System	4
1.3	Proposed System	5
2	REQUIREMENT ENGINEERING	6
2.1	Hardware Requirements	6
2.2	Software Requirements	6
3	LITERATURE SURVEY	7
4	TECHNOLOGY	8
5	DESIGN REQUIREMENT ENGINEERING	11
5.1	UML Diagrams	11
5.2	Use-Case Diagram	12
5.3	Class Diagram	13
5.4	Activity Diagram	14
5.5	Sequence Diagram	16
5.6	Deployment Diagram	16
5.7	Architecture	17
6	IMPLEMENTATION	19
7	SOFTWARE TESTING	45
7.1	Unit Testing	45
7.2	Integration Testing	45
7.3	Functional Testing	46
7.4	Security Testing	46
7.5	Testing on our system	47
8	RESULTS	47
9	CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS	52
10	BIBLIOGRAPHY	53

11**LIST OF DIAGRAMS**

S No	Figure Name	Page no
1	Use Case Diagram	13
2	Class Diagram	14
3	Activity Diagram	15
4	Sequence Diagram	16
5	Deployment Diagram	17
6	Architecture	18

Abstract

The fast expansion of digital technology has revolutionized the tourism sector, and online booking systems have become a necessity for convenient trip planning. The present paper introduces a Tour and Travel Booking App built with the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, React, Node.js) to offer users a contemporary, streamlined, and user-friendly interface for searching and booking travel experiences. The app provides major features like destination exploration, package booking, user authentication, real-time availability status, and secure payment integration. MongoDB is a scalable database to hold user profiles, bookings, and travel listings. Express.js and Node.js manage the backend, allowing efficient data retrieval and secure transactions. The frontend, developed with React, provides a dynamic and interactive interface, maximizing user engagement. A strong authentication mechanism based on JWT secures user information, whereas third-party APIs provide real-time price quotes, weather forecasts, and location-based recommendations. The app has a responsive UI for device accessibility, ensuring an effortless experience. Security features such as data encryption and role-based access control provide secure transactions and safeguard user privacy. Admin features also enable travel agencies to administer listings, monitor bookings, and update tour packages effectively. This study points out the strengths of utilizing the MERN stack for a high-performance and scalable travel booking solution. Future improvements are AI-powered personalized suggestions, chatbots for real-time customer support, and blockchain-based secure payments. The project seeks to make travel planning easier, enhance customer experience, and provide a trustworthy digital solution for the tourism sector.

Keywords:

Travel booking, MongoDB, Express.js, React, Node.js, secure payments, real-time data, user authentication, tailored suggestions, flight & hotel reservations, responsive UI, interactive interface.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction to Project

Discover the World with TRAVEL WORLD – FIND, BOOK AND EXPLORE

At **TRAVEL WORLD**, we believe that travel should be simple, stress-free, and truly memorable. Whether you're dreaming of a peaceful gateway, an adventurous road trip, or an immersive cultural experience, we're here to make it happen. From booking your stay and arranging your transport to uncovering the best local eats and must-see events, we take care of every detail—so all you have to do is enjoy the journey.

Our Services

- **Hotel Reservations:** Choose from a huge range of hotels, from low-budget options to Seven-star luxury hotels. With special promotions and free change options, we guarantee your stay is comfortable, irrespective of the destination.
- **Train Bookings:** Travel made easy. Whether you're commuting for business or heading out for leisure, our seamless train booking service gets you on board in just a few clicks. Enjoy scenic journeys, reliable schedules, and a smooth travel experience.
- **Restaurant Reservations:** Enjoy the best local food by making your reservation at highly rated restaurants. From everyday restaurants to fine dining, we have a wide range of eating places to fit every palate and taste.
- **Tour Packages:** Explore the world with our carefully curated tour packages. Whether you prefer to visit legendary landmarks, take part in action-packed activities, or indulge in a cultural experience, our tours are tailored to suit your interests and tempo.
- **Event Bookings:** Miss out no more on the local celebrations, concerts, sports games, and more. Through TRAVEL WORLD, booking tickets for the most trending events across the globe is so simple, allowing you to connect with the local culture of your travel destination like never before.
- **Vehicle Packages:** Ride in style and comfort with our car rental services. From automobiles and SUVs to limousine vehicles and personal chauffeurs, we have a collection of vehicles ranging from normal to luxurious ones. Whether you want to tour a city or drive out on a road trip, we have the right vehicle for you.

Why Choose Us?

- **One-Stop Shop:** Book all you require for your trip—hotels, trains, restaurants, tours, events, and cars—without ever leaving our site.

- **Customized Experience:** We provide recommendations based on your tastes, so your trip is created with your needs and wants in mind.
- **Simple & Secure Booking:** With our simple interface and secure payment methods, organizing your ideal holiday has never been simpler.
- **24/7 Support:** Our customer service team is available at your beck and call, providing a seamless and hassle-free experience from beginning to end.

Travel World: Special Package Deals

i. Platinum Package

- **Luxury Experience:** Five-star accommodations, first-class flight, and private guided tours.
- **Exclusive Perks:** VIP lounge access, personalized concierge services, and fine dining reservations.
- **Extended Duration:** Up to 15 days across multiple destinations with customized itineraries.
- **Best suited for:** Travelers in search of an upscale, hassle-free vacation.

ii. Gold Package

- **Comfort & Convenience:** Four-star stay and priority flight upgrades.
- **Guided Adventures:** Expert-guided tours and interactive cultural encounters.
- **Flexible Duration:** 10-day journeys with flexible itineraries.
- **Best suited for:** Leisure-seekers who want comfort along with adventure.

iii. Silver Package

- **Affordable & Enjoyable:** Economical stays with standard amenities.
- **Group Tours:** Shared trips and transportation for an economical outing.
- **Compact Duration:** 7-day trips with must-visit sightseeing points.
- **Suitable for:** Budget-conscious adventurers and explorers.

Each of the packages is specifically designed to cater to varying interests, offering a hassle-free and memorable experience for every traveler.

Project Overview & Core Functionality

The Tours and Travel World application enables users to explore, book, and manage travel packages seamlessly. Built using the MERN stack, it ensures a dynamic, responsive, and scalable experience.

i. Technology Stack

- **MongoDB:** NoSQL database for storing package details, user bookings, and payment records.
- **Express.js:** Backend framework to handle API requests and authentication.
- **React.js:** Frontend library for an intuitive and interactive user interface.
- **Node.js:** Runtime environment for executing server-side logic.

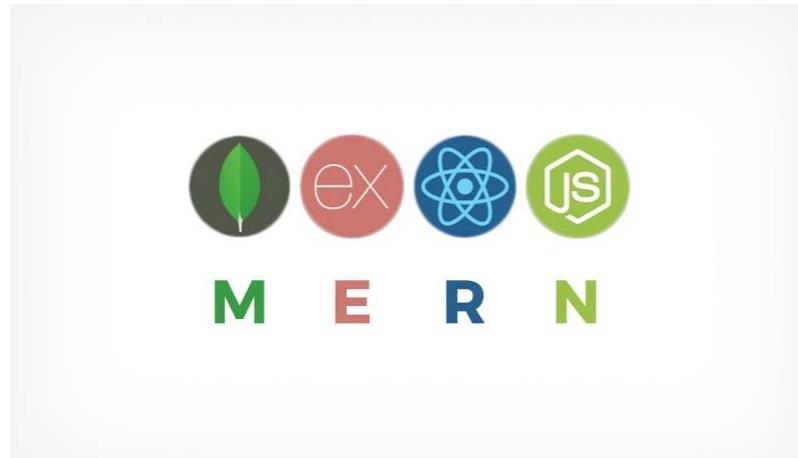


FIG 1

ii. Key Features

- **User Authentication:** Secure login/signup with JWT or Firebase authentication.
- **Travel Package Listings:** Display packages with images, descriptions, and pricing.
- **Booking System:** Customers are able to book packages with specified dates and choice.
- **Payment Integration:** Stripe/Razorpay for secure transactions.
- **Admin Dashboard:** Handle packages, reservations, and analytics.

iii. API Structure

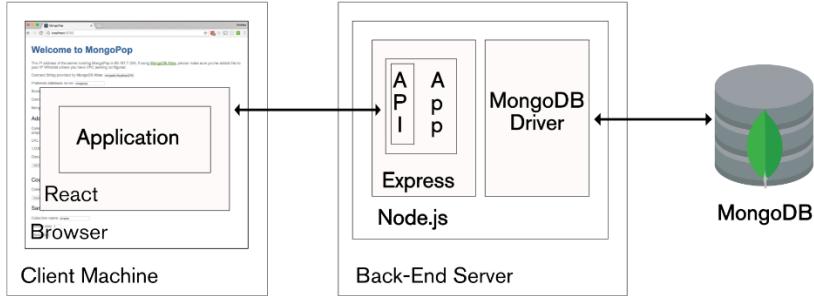
- **/api/users** → Control user authentication and profile information.
- **/api/packages** → CRUD actions for travel packages.
- **/api/bookings** → Process bookings and user itinerary.
- **/api/payments** → Handle secure transactions.



[FIG-2] API

iv. Application Architecture

- **Frontend (React)** → Uses React Router for navigation and Context API/Redux for state management.
- **Backend (Node & Express)** → Responsible for API logic, authentication, and database interaction.
- **Database (MongoDB)** → Saves user profiles, packages, and transactions.



[FIG-3] Application Architecture

v. Security Measures

- **Authentication:** JWT-based token validation to secure user sessions.
- **Data Encryption:** Secure storage of sensitive data such as passwords.
- **Error Handling:** Global middleware for catching and logging API errors.

vi. Deployment Strategy

- **Frontend Hosting:** Netlify or Vercel for performance optimization.
- **Backend Hosting:** AWS, DigitalOcean, or Render for scalable APIs.
- **Database:** MongoDB Atlas for cloud-based storage.
- **Containerization:** Docker for easy deployment and version control.

This framework gives a precise guide to creating and deploying a complete working MERN-based Tours and Travel application

1.2 Existing System

i. User Interface (Front-End)

- **Homepage:** Showcases top destinations, deals, and quick search.
- **Search & Filter:** Allow users to search by destination, budget, dates, and tour type.
- **Tour Listings:** Show packages with images, prices, duration, and brief descriptions.

- **Tour Details Page:** Complete itinerary, inclusions/exclusions, images, maps, and reviews.
- **Booking System:** Real-time booking form with calendar and traveler number.
- **User Account:** Login/signup, view previous bookings, save favorites.

ii. Admin Panel (Back-End)

- **Tour Management:** Edit/add/delete tour packages, prices, schedules.
- **Booking Management:** View, confirm, or cancel bookings; send notifications.
- **User Management:** Customer profiles and access levels management.
- **Content Management:** Homepage banners, blogs, FAQs management.
- **Reports:** Sales reports, customer activity, most booked tours.
- **Payments:** Integrated with gateways such as PayPal, Stripe for secure payments.

1.3 Proposed System

i. Core Features

- **Online Booking:** Users can book Trains, hotels, and tour packages.
- **Itinerary Management:** Automated trip planning with schedules and recommendations.
- **Payment Integration:** Secure transactions via credit and debit cards, digital wallets, and bank transfers.
- **Customer Support:** Chatbots and live assistance for queries and troubleshooting.

ii. Technologies Used

- **AI & Automation:** Chatbots for customer queries and recommendation engines.
- **Data Analytics:** Insights into customer preferences and travel trends.

iii. Technical Features

- **Security:** encryption, secure login or sign in, data protection.
- **SEO-Ready:** Optimized URLs, meta tags, quick loading, and image alt tags.
- **Multilingual/Multi-currency:** Optional support for worldwide users.

iv. Additional Features

- **Blog/Travel Tips Section:** Drives SEO and user interest.
- **Contact/Support:** Live chat, help center, contact form.
- **Reviews and Ratings:** Travelers can rate and comment on tours.

2. REQUIREMENT ENGINEERING

2.1 Hardware Requirements

- Processor – i5 and above (64-bit OS).
- Memory – 4GB RAM (8GB or above is recommended for better performance)
- Input devices – Keyboard, Mouse, Webcam

2.2 Software Requirements

i. Frontend (React.js)

- **react-router-dom** – For client-side routing between pages (Home, Tours, Booking, etc.)
- **axios** – For sending HTTP requests to the backend API
- **react-redux or @tanstack/react-query (*optional*)** – For managing global state or server-side data caching
- **tailwindcss** – Utility-first CSS framework for responsive design
- **react-hook-form** – better form handling
- **jwt-decode** – To decode JWT tokens and check user roles/expiry
- **react-cookie or js-cookie** – To store tokens securely in cookie.

ii. Backend(Node.js + Express.js) and Database

- **express** – Fast, unopinionated web framework for Node.js
- **cors** – Enables cross-origin requests (important for React frontend)
- **dotenv** – Loads environment variables from .env file
- **mongoose** – ODM (Object Data Modeling) library for MongoDB
- **jsonwebtoken** – For generating and verifying JWTs
- **multer** – Handles multipart/form-data (for tour image uploads)
- **cloudinary** – If using Cloudinary for image hosting

3. LITERATURE SURVEY

- **Currently Vrishank Dua , Aashray Agarwal , Tejna Khosla , K.C. Tripathi , M.L. Sharma in proposed Tours and Travels Booking System .** Over the years, digital innovation has reshaped the travel and tourism industry, moving it away from the traditional reliance on travel agents. Many earlier studies have highlighted the growing importance of platforms that focus on user needs, deliver real-time information, and offer intuitive, responsive interfaces. The emergence of online travel services marked a major shift toward automation in trip planning. Researchers have also pointed out the drawbacks of manual systems, such as delays and limited customization. To overcome these, the MERN stack—comprising MongoDB, Express.js, React, and Node.js—presents a powerful framework for building modern, integrated travel solutions. The use of secure login methods and smooth data handling has also been widely recognized as essential for enhancing trust and performance. Building on these insights, this study explores a MERN-based travel platform designed to deliver a more personalized and streamlined user experience
- **Tourism website using MERN stack and Augmented Reality developed by Dr. D. Thamaraiselvi, Pydikalva Srikanth, Ram Charan Tej V.** Their approach to transforming the travel and tourism space centers on using modern digital technologies to deliver smarter, more inclusive, and user-friendly services. Older systems were often dependent on manual processes and lacked the ability to update or respond in real time, which limited their effectiveness. In contrast, current travel platforms are built around responsive design, strong data protection, and smooth user navigation. The MERN stack—MongoDB, Express.js, React, and Node.js—has become a go-to solution for developing dynamic, scalable web applications. Researchers also highlight the growing need for secure logins, support for multiple languages, and features that make platforms accessible to users with disabilities. Taking inspiration from these advancements, this project introduces an interactive travel app that uses augmented reality (AR) to enhance user engagement and deliver a richer travel planning experience.
- **A Online Travel Portal Web Application Using MERN Stack proposed by Ms. Geetanjali , Siddh Kumar Singh , Shubham Chouhan, Kunal Thakur, Kajal Solanki.** Their approach is centered on leveraging cutting-edge technology to transform the travel industry, emphasizing personalization, automation, and accessibility. The integration of innovations such as metasearch engines, dynamic pricing algorithms, voice assistants, and blockchain has significantly enhanced the efficiency and transparency of travel services. Social media and user-generated content are increasingly shaping traveler decisions, while the rise of remote work has fueled the growth of flexible travel options. Additionally, the adoption of the MERN stack provides a robust framework for creating scalable, interactive travel platforms.

4. TECHNOLOGY

4.1 ABOUT MERN STACK

The MERN Stack is applied as a JavaScript(JS) technology to develop full- stack web applications. It has MongoDB as a data-storage engine; Express.js as a backend responsible for routing and API, React.js as a frontend where we develop dynamic & interactive UI; and Node.js as a server-side JavaScript environment. By the way of using JavaScript during the whole development process, MERN just makes it easier to develop efficient and cohesive applications. It is known for its scalability, flexibility, and speed – which makes it especially appropriate for interactive platforms such as travel apps, online stores and social sites.

4.1.1 MongoDB – No SQL

Database MongoDB is a categorized no sql database. It is a source-available cross-platform document-oriented database program. MongoDB relies on JSON-like documents referred to as BSON (binary JSON) with optional schemas. MongoDB is a flexible, non schema database in which developers are not required to outline the data structure prior to its use.

Key Features:

- It is a non-relational database, hence, it does not operate the regular tables and rows.
- Much is said about its scalability and its speed, which make it preferable for huge volumes of data
- Smoothly integrates with JavaScript and Node. js to fit modern web stacks such as MERN.
- Data is stored in a form of collections and documents like JSON making development easy.
- Supports replication and sharding, enabling distributed data storage and increased performance in application.

4.1.2 Express.js (Backend Framework)

Express.js a web application backend framework to create RESTful API's using Node.js. It makes it easier when developing APIs and when working with HTTP requests.

Key Features:

- Rules-based simple routing to control URL endpoints.
- Middleware to deal with requests, authentication, logging, etc...
- Built-in support for RESTful APIs.Lightweight and fast.

4.1.3 React.js (Frontend UI Library)

React.js is a frontend web application library used in building a UI based on the components. React can be used to develop single-page applications, mobile or server side applications. React makes performance better as only changing UI items are updated when using the virtual DOM without reloading the whole page.

Key Features:

- Virtual DOM for high and good performance.
- Component-based application .
- One way data binding that supports predictable data flow • Rich ecosystem or growths (Redux, React Router, Hooks).
- Active in RESTapi's or GraphQL.Node.js (JS Runtime).

4.1.4 Node.js

Node.js is a run time which can run as Windows, Linux, Unix, Mac OS and so on. Command Line Tools and server side scripting in JS are the tools used by node js developers. After it has been served in the server, with JavaScript functioning, dynamic web contents can be created long before being sent to the user's browser.

Key Features:

- Non-blocking, event-driven architecture.
- Fast execution using V8 engine.
- Works well for network applications on a scalable scale.... built-in modules (fs, http , path etc.).
- Usage of npm (Node Package Manager) as package management. Node.js is used in the development of the logic of the backend, as well as connecting to databases, serving content to the frontend.



[FIG-4] MERN STACK

4.2 Use Cases of MERN Stack

- Travel and tourism portals
- E-commerce websites
- Social networking sites
- Blogging platforms
- Real-time collaboration tools (chat apps, Trello clones)
- Content management systems (CMS)
- Online booking systems

4.3 Advantages of using MERN stack

- **Single Language Development:** Since JavaScript is used across the entire stack—from database interactions to backend logic and frontend interfaces—developers can build the whole application using one language, simplifying collaboration and maintenance.
- **Speed and Performance:** Node.js handles multiple requests simultaneously with its non-blocking, asynchronous architecture, while React uses a virtual DOM to quickly update only the necessary parts of the UI, boosting application responsiveness.
- **Component Reusability:** React promotes modular design through reusable components, which enhances code organization, maintainability, and reduces development time.
- **Flexible Data Modeling:** Being schema-less, MongoDB enables developers to manipulate dynamic and changing data structures, which is very convenient for agile development environment.
- **Rich Ecosystem:** The MERN stack has plenty of tools, plugins and frameworks library that promote faster development and easier integration of features.
- **Community Support:** Every element of the stack, from MongoDB to React to Express to Node.js, has an active large community that constantly updates the stack, pulls tutorials, and posts solutions to problems making it easy to learn and troubleshoot.



[FIG-5] Benefits of MERN Stack

5.DESIGN REQUIREMENT ENGINEERING

Understanding the Concept of UML

UML(Unified Modeling Language) is standardized visual language used for representation and designing software system. It serves the important function of aiding teams communicate ideas effectively by providing a set of diagrams and symbols which show some of the components of a system and how they interact and connect to each other. Whether it's the overall architecture or pieces of functionality, UML is a standardized way to visualize and document any aspect of a software project. UML is particularly useful on complex systems, as it acts as a communication tool between developers, analysts and stakeholders of a complex system. UML facilitates easier planning, organization, and management of the software development process through the support of object-oriented concepts and stimulation of good software engineering practices. In short it's not just a drawing tool at all but a common language that helps to cross the distance between technical teams and decision makers.

5.1 - UML DIAGRAMS:

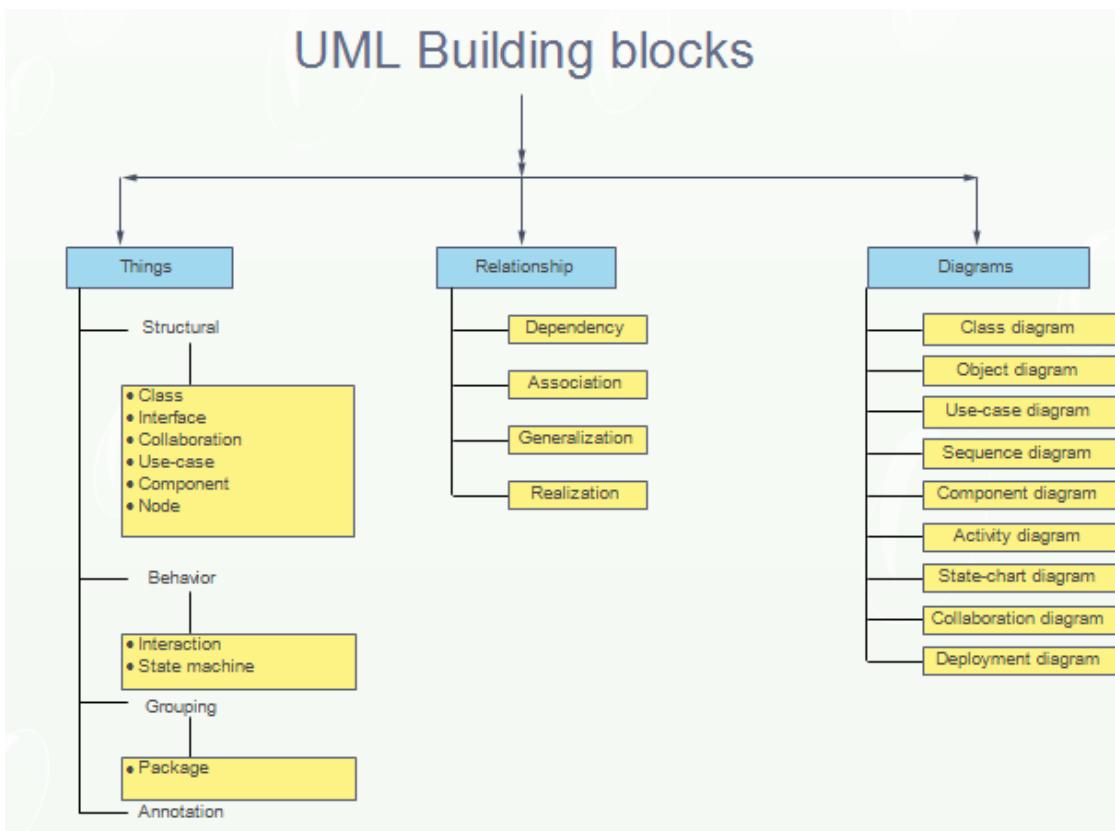
UML (Unified Modeling Language) is a flexible, platform-independent modeling language that can be used across various programming languages and development methodologies. Because it's a widely accepted standard, most developers are at least somewhat familiar with it. While not every engineer loves working with diagrams, UML can be particularly valuable in Agile environments, where it adds clarity without slowing down the pace of work.

Rather than viewing UML diagrams as optional or decorative, it's helpful to see them as part of meaningful project documentation. They offer real value by making complex systems easier to understand and communicate.

Here are a few practical ways UML diagrams support development teams:

- Helping a new team members by giving them a visual overview of how the system is structured.
- Making it easier to interpret or navigate or point the existing source code, especially in large projects.
- Assisting in planning and visualizing new features before diving into the actual coding.
- Bridging the gap between technical and non-technical stakeholders by presenting system interactions in a clear, accessible format.
- Supporting better collaboration between cross-functional teams by aligning everyone around a shared visual understanding of the system.

Diagrams in UML can be broadly classified...



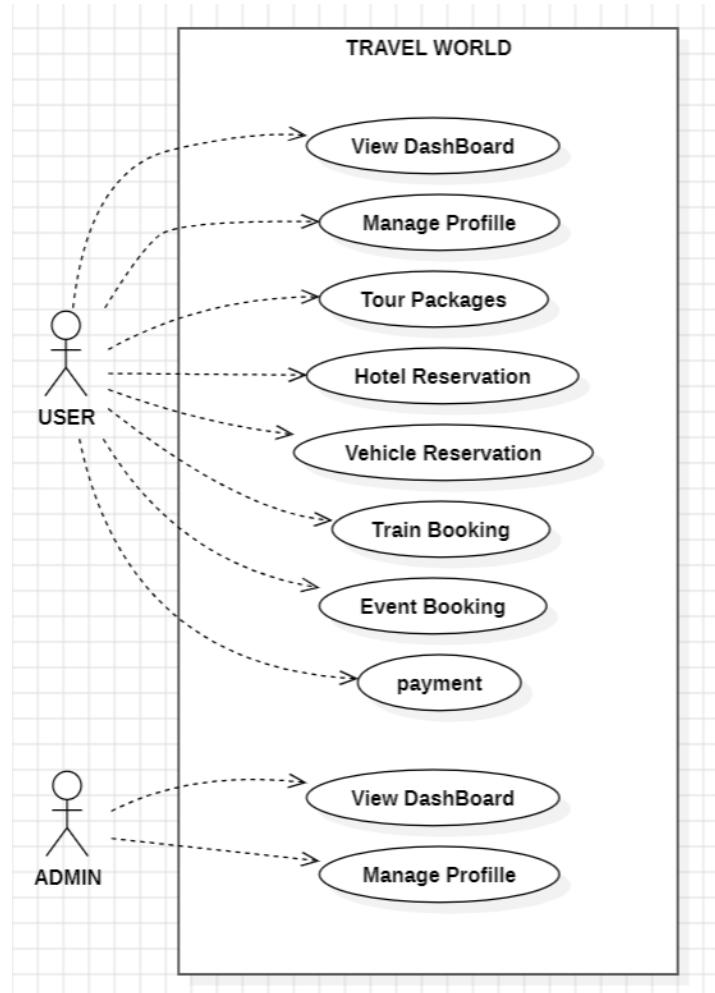
[FIG-6] UML DIAGRAM

5.2 Use Case Diagram

A Use Case is a visual diagram or description of an actual type of interaction with a particular system and a user (or another system) in place of system being designed. It describes the way the system acts when it answers a request made by the user or another system and focuses on the system's function and the purpose of the user.

Some of the Use Case Key aspects are:

1. **Actor:** An actor suggests a role that has interaction with the system. This can be either a human user (e.g/client, Admin), another system e.g. Payment Gateway, or outside entity that interacts with the system.
2. **Use Case:** This is the main work that the system does in answer to an actor's request. Examples: "Book Hotel", "View Profile", "Reserve Restaurant".



[FIG-7] Use Case Diagram

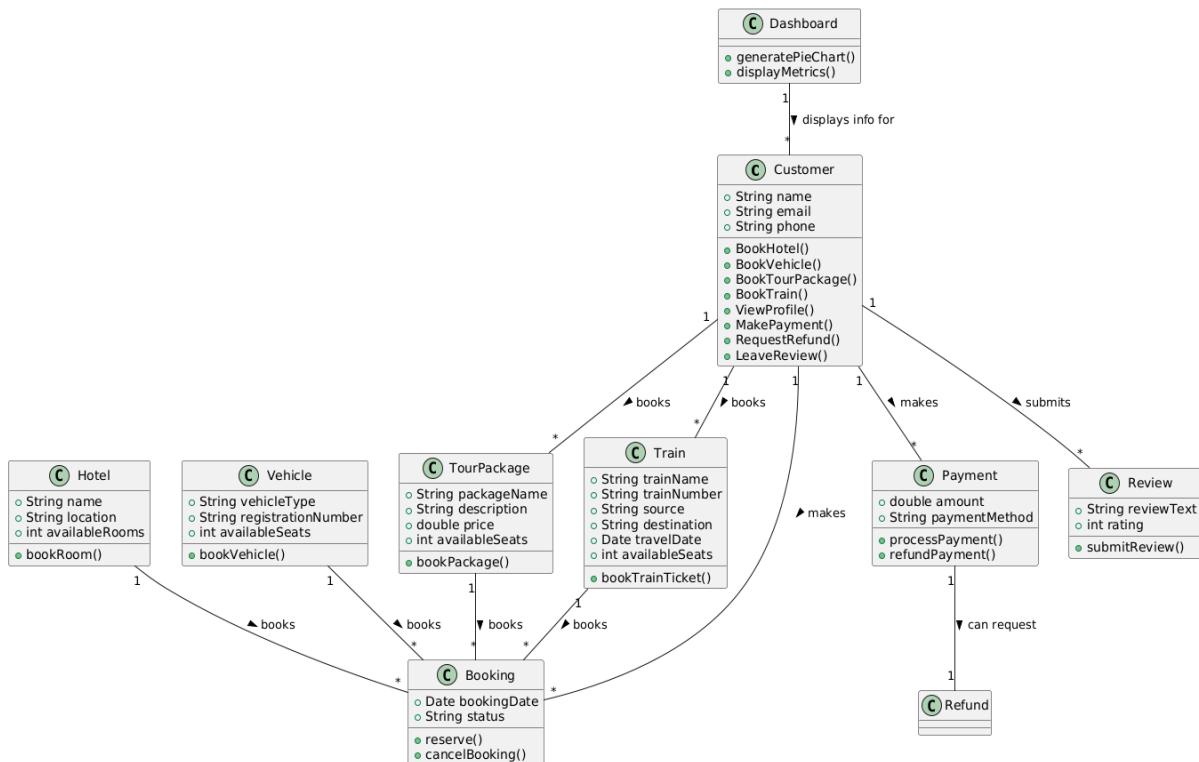
5.3 Class Diagram

A Class Diagram is an important part of object-oriented design as it visually organizes the structure of a system. It shows the classes, their members, methods, and the degrees of relationships. In a travel management system there may be critical classes such as:

- **User:** This class has critical user details like names, email and phone number. It provides opportunities for actions, such as BookHotel(), BookVehicle(), and LeaveReview(), and interfaces with various booking services such as Hotel, Vehicle, Tour, and Train
- **Booking:** This class manages user bookings, and it has booking date and status properties. Every booking is linked to a particular service, such as Hotel, Vehicle, Tour, Train etc.
- **Hotel, Vehicle, Tour, Train:** These are the services that are bookable. The properties of price, availability and location are found in each class. Book services such as bookRoom(), bookVehicle(), and bookTourPackage() allow customers to book.
- **Payment:** The Payment class handles transaction associated with bookings (amount and paymentMethod among others). It is associated with the Booking class to make payment for the services reserved.

- **Review:** This class enables customers to give feedback on the services they have received. It has attributes such as reviewText and rating that represent the reviews of customers left.
- **Dashboard:** This class provides a summary view of the customer's activity, revealing information about bookings, payments and reviews. It can create visual insights, e.g. pie charts and other metrics, which give a rapid overview of the customer's activity.

These classes interact in a way that represents the core functions of the travel management system. Customers book services, make payments, leave reviews, and monitor their activities through a dashboard. Each class offers specific actions that reflect the primary operations of booking, paying, and reviewing within the system.



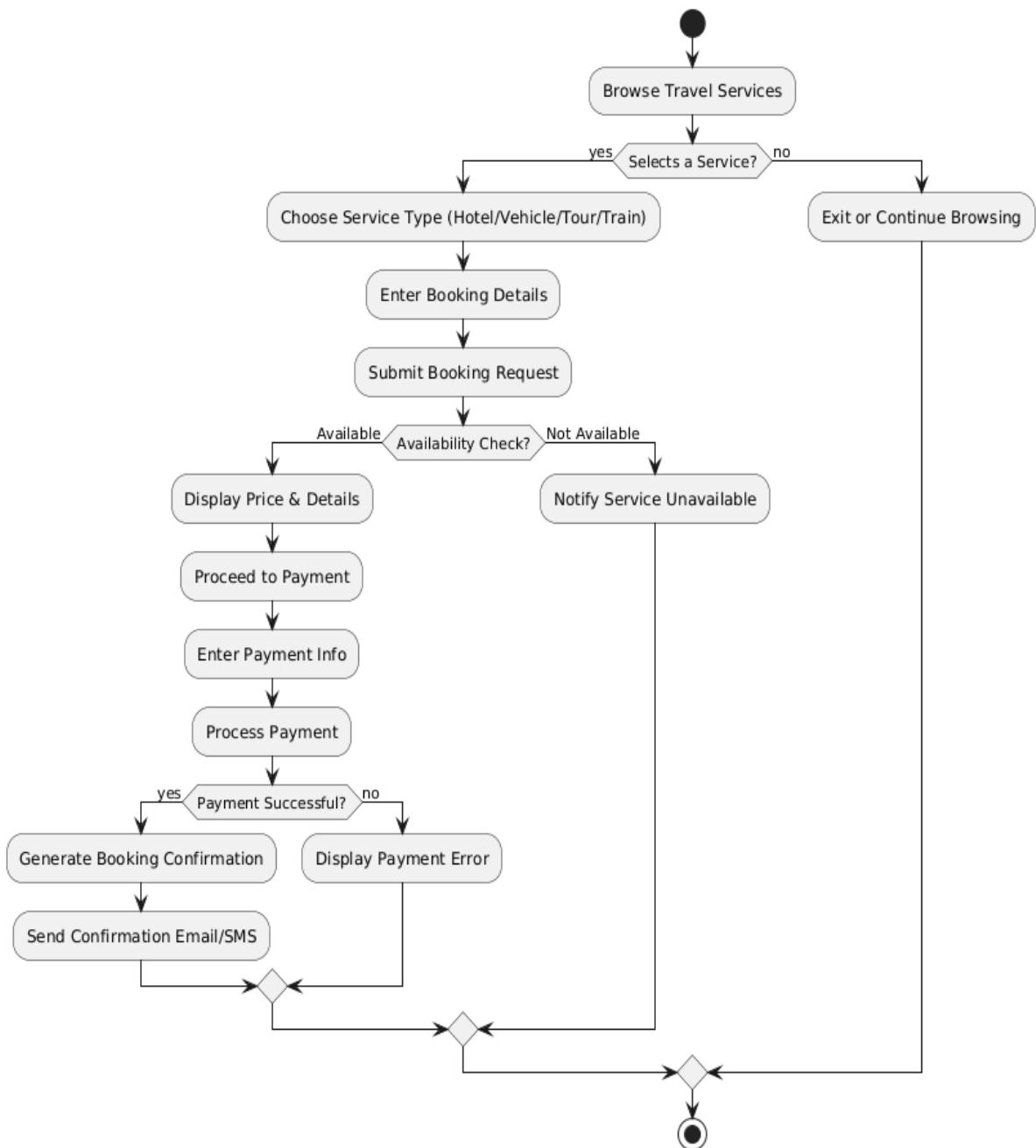
[FIG-8] CLASS DIAGRAM

5.4 Activity Diagram

An Activity Diagram is a visual tool used to illustrate the flow of actions or steps within a system. It outlines the process logic, including sequences, decisions, and parallel actions, making it easier to understand how a user interacts with different features.

For the **Travel World**, the activity diagram will map the process work flow step by step such as:

- Starting the system (initial node)
- Log in or sign up
- Browsing the services (hotels, tours, vehicles, etc.)
- Booking a packages and services
- Making payment
- Receiving confirmation
- Optionally, submitting a review or viewing the dashboard
- Sign out



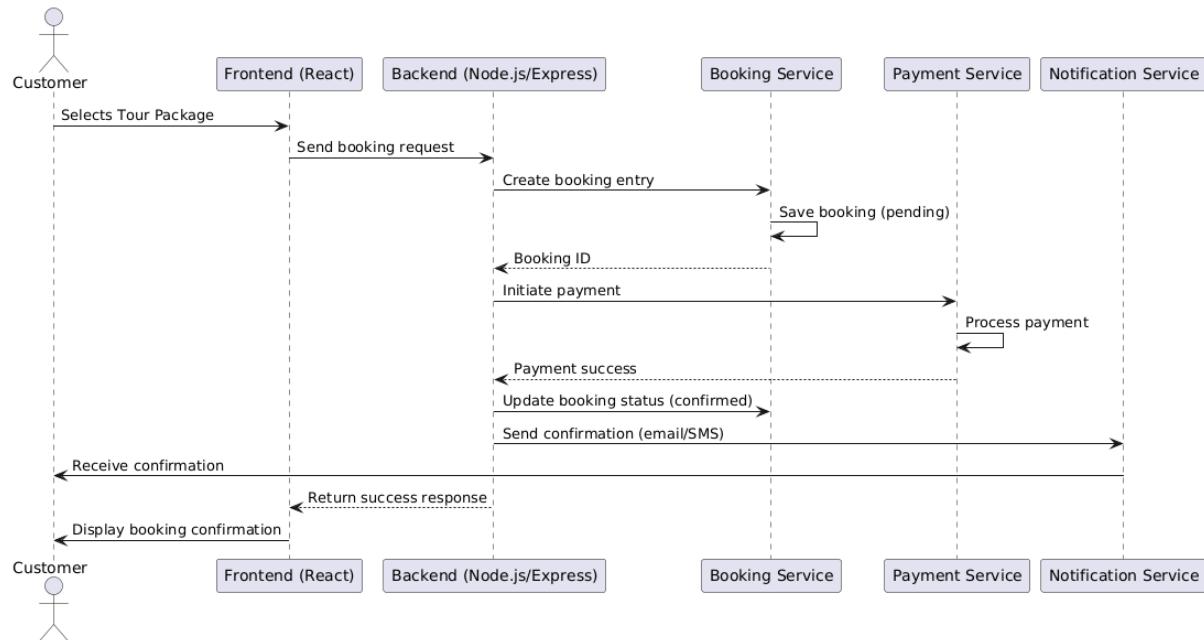
[FIG-9] Activity Diagram

5.5 Sequence Diagram

Another of the UML diagrams of collection is the collection sequence diagrams also frequently known as the occurrence diagrams that present the sequential flow of your gadgets. This includes the very threads of your character pieces and the schemes and dialogues of characters with your gizmos along with the conversations amongst these gizmos to fulfil a particular purpose.

Actors & Components:

- User.
- Travel Portal (Frontend).
- Booking Service.
- Payment Gateway.
- Confirmation/notification Service.

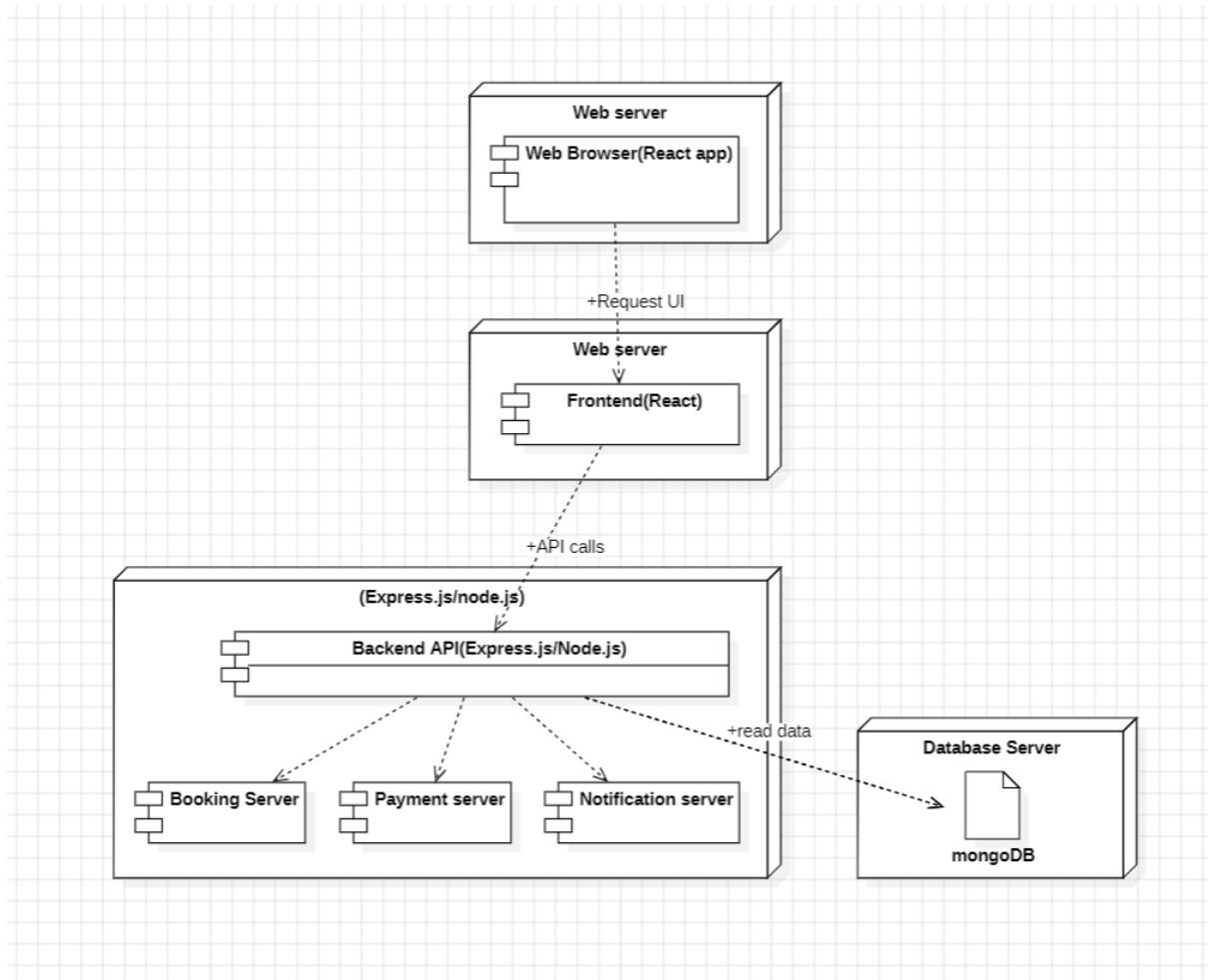


[FIG-10] Sequence Diagram

5.6 Deployment

A Deployment Diagram gives a visual view of how the software components are actually distributed on hardware in a system. It presents the way nodes—servers, client machines, or mobile devices—and the software artifacts (databases, web apps, or APIs) placed thereupon, were situated. Most straightforward, deployment diagram depicts physical connections between different sections of a distributed system that facilitates identification of how modules communicate through networks or devices. These diagrams are particularly useful if for designing a software which needs to be executed smoothly across several physical platforms

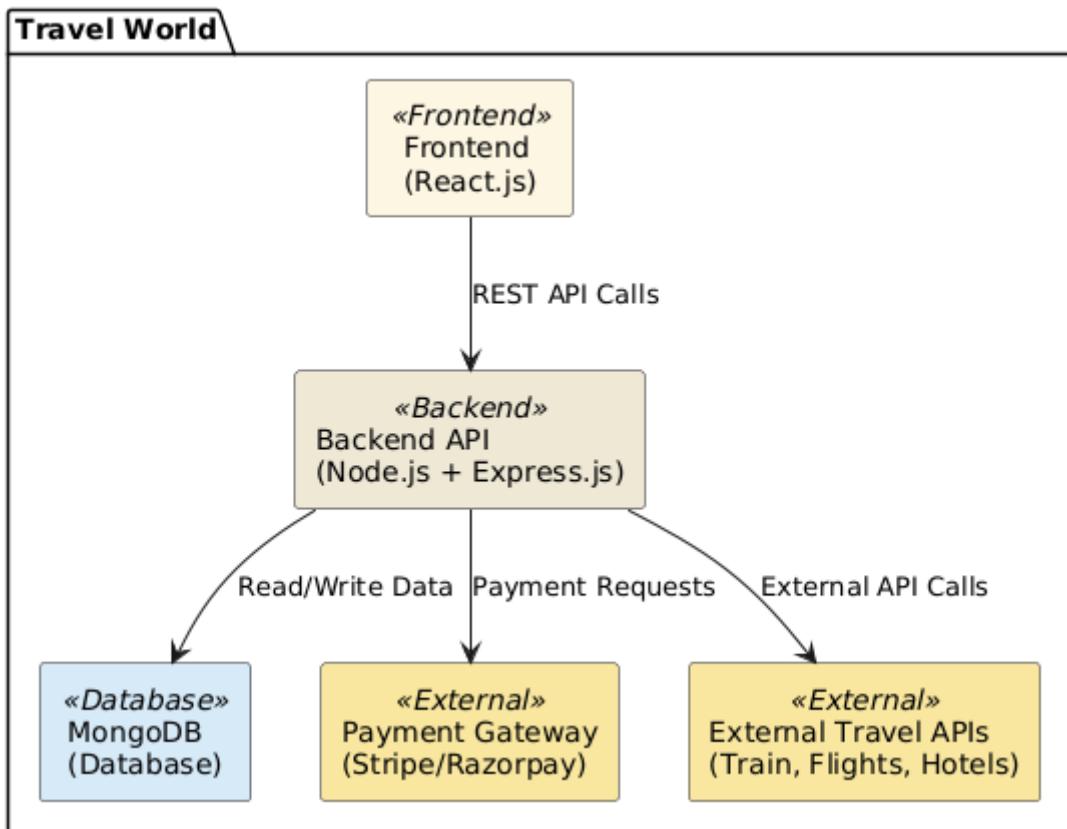
and therefore each portion of application needs to be appropriately mapped and needs to interact well with other parts of application.



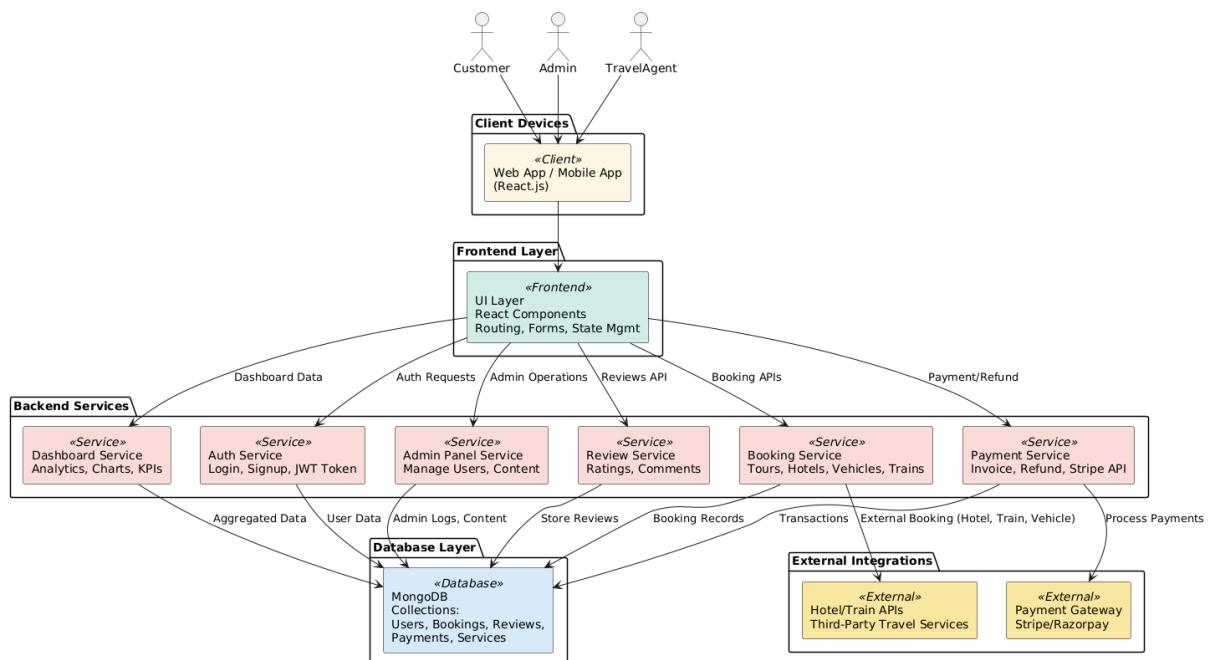
[FIG – 11] Deployment Diagram

5.7 Architecture

The TravelWorld architecture developed with the help of the MERN stack is divided by multiple layers: Client, frontend ,backend, database and external services. The platform is accessible by users, who include customers, admins and travel agents, through a web or mobile interface built out of React.js. The frontend uses the Node.js several backend services that serve for the various functions such as authentication, booking, payment, reviews, and dashboard. MongoDB serves as the primary database where all critical information i.e user details, bookings, and transactions is stored in. The system also has a connection to external services such as payment gateways (e.g. Stripe) and travel related APIs for real time capabilities.



[FIG-12] Basic Architecture



[FIG-13] Travel World Architecture

6. Implementation

6.1 Backend

6.1.1 Config

```
JS db.js ×
Travely > backend > config > JS db.js > ...
1  const mongoose = require("mongoose");
2
3  const connectDB = async () => {
4    try {
5      const conn = await mongoose.connect(process.env.MONGO_URI);
6      console.log(`MongoDB connected : ${conn.connection.host} 🎉`);
7    } catch (error) {
8      console.log(error);
9      process.exit(1);
10   }
11 };
12
13 module.exports = connectDB;
14
```

```
JS generateToken.js ×
Travely > backend > config > JS generateToken.js > ...
1  const jwt = require("jsonwebtoken");
2
3  const generateToken = (id) => {
4    return jwt.sign({ id }, "travelyVerification", {
5      | expiresIn: "30d",
6      | });
7    };
8
9  module.exports = generateToken;
```

6.1.2 Controllers

i. AuthControllers.js:

```
JS authController.js ●
Travely > backend > controllers > JS authController.js > ...
1  const User = require("../models/userModel");
2  const bcrypt = require("bcryptjs");
3  const jwt = require("jsonwebtoken");
4  const { createError } = require("../middleware/error");
5  const nodemailer = require("nodemailer");
6  // const cloudinary = require("../utils/cloudinary.js"); // Add this import
7  const multer = require("multer");
8  const cloudinary = require("cloudinary").v2;
9  const streamifier = require("streamifier");
10
11 const generateToken = (payload) => {
12   const token = jwt.sign(payload, "secretKey", { expiresIn: "1h" });
13   return token;
14 };
15
16 const verifyToken = (token) => {
17   try {
18     const decoded = jwt.verify(token, "secretKey");
19     return decoded;
20   } catch (err) {
21     throw new Error("Invalid token");
22   }
23 };
24
25 cloudinary.config({
26   cloud_name: process.env.CLOUDINARY_CLOUD_NAME,
27   api_key: process.env.CLOUDINARY_API_KEY,
28   api_secret: process.env.CLOUDINARY_API_SECRET,
29 });
30
31 const registerUser = async (req, res, next) => {
32   try {
33     const { name, email, country, mobile, password, type } = req.body;
34     let imgUrl = "";
35
36     if (req.file) {
37       const streamUpload = (req) => {
JS authController.js ●
Travely > backend > controllers > JS authController.js > ...
31   const registerUser = async (req, res, next) => {
32     if (req.file) {
33       const streamUpload = (req) => {
34         return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
35           const stream = cloudinary.uploader.upload_stream(
36             { folder: "user_images" },
37             (error, result) => {
38               if (result) resolve(result);
39               else reject(error);
40             }
41           );
42           streamifier.createReadStream(req.file.buffer).pipe(stream);
43         });
44       };
45
46       const result = await streamUpload(req);
47       imgUrl = result.secure_url;
48     }
49
50     const salt = await bcrypt.genSalt(10);
51     const hash = await bcrypt.hash(password, salt);
52
53     const newUser = new User({
54       name,
55       email,
56       country,
57       mobile,
58       password: hash,
59       type,
60       img: imgUrl,
61     });
62
63     await newUser.save();
64     res.status(200).send("User created successfully");
65   } catch (error) {
66     next(error);
67   }
68 }
69
70 }
```

```

JS authController.js •
Travely > backend > controllers > JS authController.js > ...
78  const loginUser = async (req, res, next) => {
79    try {
80      const user = await User.findOne({ email: req.body.email });
81      if (!user) {
82        return res.status(404).send("User not found");
83      }
84
85      const isMatch = await bcrypt.compare(req.body.password, user.password);
86
87      if (!isMatch) {
88        return res.status(404).send("wrong password");
89      }
90
91      //create the token
92      const token = jwt.sign(
93        { id: user, isAdmin: user.isAdmin },
94        process.env.JWT
95      );
96
97      const { password, isAdmin, ...otherDetails } = user._doc;
98      res
99        .cookie("access_token", token, {
100          httpOnly: true,
101        })
102        .status(200)
103        .json({ details: { ...otherDetails }, isAdmin, token });
104    } catch (error) {
105      next(error);
106    }
107  };
108
109 // @desc Logout user
110 // @route POST /api/logout
111 // @access Private
112 const logoutUser = (req, res) => {
113   res.clearCookie("access_token"); // clear the access_token cookie
114   req.session.destroy(); // destroy the session
JS authController.js •
Travely > backend > controllers > JS authController.js > ...
119  const resetpasswordrequest = async (req, res) => {
120    const { email } = req.body;
121
122    try {
123      const user = await User.findOne({ email });
124      if (!user) {
125        return res.status(404).json({ message: "User not found" });
126      }
127
128      const token = generateToken({ userId: user._id });
129      const resetLink = `http://localhost:3000/reset-password?token=${token}`;
130
131      // create reusable transporter object using the default SMTP transport
132      let transporter = nodemailer.createTransport({
133        host: "smtp.office365.com",
134        port: 587,
135        secure: false,
136        auth: {
137          user: "isurusanka98@gmail.com",
138          pass: "HGTIm@98",
139        },
140        tls: {
141          ciphers: "SSLv3",
142        },
143      });
144
145      // send mail with defined transport object
146      let info = await transporter.sendMail({
147        from: "isurusanka98@gmail.com",
148        to: email,
149        subject: "Reset Password",
150        text: `Please click on the following link to reset your password: ${resetLink}`,
151      );
152
153      console.log("Message sent: %s", info.messageId);
154
155      res.json({ message: "Reset password email sent", token: token });

```

```

JS authController.js ●
Travely > backend > controllers > JS authController.js > ...
162 //rest password
163 const resetpassword = async (req, res) => {
164   const { token, password } = req.body;
165
166   try {
167     const { userId } = verifyToken(token);
168     const user = await User.findById(userId);
169     if (!user) {
170       return res.status(404).json({ message: "User not found" });
171     }
172
173     var salt = await bcrypt.genSaltSync(10);
174     var hash = await bcrypt.hashSync(password, salt);
175
176     user.password = hash;
177     await user.save();
178
179     res.json({ message: "Password reset successfully" });
180   } catch (error) {
181     console.error(error);
182     res.status(500).json({ message: "Internal server error" });
183   }
184 };
185
186 const checkEmailExists = async (req, res, next) => {
187   try {
188     const { email } = req.query;
189     const user = await User.findOne({ email });
190     if (user) {
191       return res.status(409).json({ message: "Email already exists" });
192     }
193     return res.status(200).json({ message: "Email is available" });
194   } catch (error) {
195     next(error);
196   }
197 };
198

```

```

JS authController.js ●
Travely > backend > controllers > JS authController.js > ...
186 const checkEmailExists = async (req, res, next) => {
187   try {
188     const { email } = req.query;
189     const user = await User.findOne({ email });
190     if (user) {
191       return res.status(409).json({ message: "Email already exists" });
192     }
193     return res.status(200).json({ message: "Email is available" });
194   } catch (error) {
195     next(error);
196   }
197 };
198
199 module.exports = {
200   registerUser,
201   loginUser,
202   logoutUser,
203   resetpasswordrequest,
204   resetpassword,
205   checkEmailExists,
206 };
207

```

ii. UserController.js:

```
Travely > backend > controllers > js UserController.js > ...
1  const User = require("../models/userModel");
2
3  // @desc  Update a User
4  // @route PUT /api/users/:id
5  // @access
6  const updateUser = async (req, res) => {
7    try {
8      const updatedUser = await User.findByIdAndUpdate(
9        req.params.id,
10        {
11          $set: req.body,
12        },
13        { new: true }
14      );
15      res.status(200).json(updatedUser);
16    } catch (error) {
17      res.status(404).json({ message: error.message });
18    }
19  };
20
21 // @desc  Delete a User
22 // @route DELETE /api/users/:id
23 // @access
24 const deleteUser = async (req, res) => {
25   try {
26     await User.findByIdAndDelete(req.params.id);
27     res.status(200).json("User has been deleted");
28   } catch (error) {
29     res.status(404).json({ message: error.message });
30   }
31 };
32
33 // @desc  Get a User
34 // @route GET /api/users/:id
35 // @access
36 const getUser = async (req, res) => {
37   try {
38     const user = await User.findById(req.params.id);
39     res.status(200).json(user);
40   } catch (error) {
41     res.status(404).json({ message: error.message });
42   }
43 };
44
45 // @desc  Get all Users
46 // @route GET /api/hotels
47 // @access
48 const getAllUsers = async (req, res) => {
49   try {
50     const users = await User.find();
51     res.status(200).json(users);
52   } catch (error) {
53     res.status(404).json({ message: error.message });
54   }
55 };
56
57 module.exports = {
58   updateUser,
59   deleteUser,
60   getUser,
61   getAllUsers,
62 };
63
```

```
Travely > backend > controllers > js UserController.js > ...
32
33 // @desc  Get a User
34 // @route GET /api/users/:id
35 // @access
36 const getUser = async (req, res) => {
37   try {
38     const user = await User.findById(req.params.id);
39     res.status(200).json(user);
40   } catch (error) {
41     res.status(404).json({ message: error.message });
42   }
43 };
44
45 // @desc  Get all Users
46 // @route GET /api/hotels
47 // @access
48 const getAllUsers = async (req, res) => {
49   try {
50     const users = await User.find();
51     res.status(200).json(users);
52   } catch (error) {
53     res.status(404).json({ message: error.message });
54   }
55 };
56
57 module.exports = {
58   updateUser,
59   deleteUser,
60   getUser,
61   getAllUsers,
62 };
63
```

iii. UserControllers.js:

```
s authController.js ● JS userControllers.js X
Travely > backend > controllers > JS userControllers.js > [o] registerUser > ⚡ asyncHandler() callback
  1 const asyncHandler = require("express-async-handler");
  2 const User = require("../models/userModel");
  3 const generateToken = require("../config/generateToken");
  4 const bcrypt = require("bcryptjs");
  5
  6 const registerUser = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => [
  7   console.log(req.body);
  8   const { name, email, password, pic } = req.body;
  9
 10  if (!name || !email || !password) {
 11    res.status(400);
 12    throw new Error("please Enter all the Fields");
 13  }
 14  const userExists = await User.findOne({ email });
 15
 16  if (userExists) {
 17    res.status(400);
 18    throw new Error("User already exists");
 19  }
 20
 21  const user = await User.create({
 22    name,
 23    email,
 24    password,
 25    pic,
 26  });
 27
 28  if (user) {
 29    res.status(201).json({
 30      _id: user.id,
 31      name: user.name,
 32      email: user.email,
 33      pic: user.pic,
 34      token: generateToken(user._id),
 35    });
 36    console.log(user.id);
 37  } else {
}
```

```
JS authController.js ● JS userControllers.js 1 ●
Travely > backend > controllers > JS userControllers.js > [o] registerUser > ⚡ asyncHandler() callback
  6 const registerUser = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => {
  7
  8  });
  9  const authUser = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => {
 10  const { email, password } = req.body;
 11
 12  const user = await User.findOne({ email });
 13
 14  console.log(user);
 15
 16  if (user) {
 17    const isMatch = password === user.password ? true : false;
 18
 19    if (isMatch) {
 20      res.json({
 21        _id: user._id,
 22        name: user.name,
 23        email: user.email,
 24        isAdmin: user.isAdmin,
 25        pic: user.pic,
 26        token: generateToken(user._id),
 27      });
 28    } else {
 29      res.status(401);
 30      throw new Error("Invalid Email or Password");
 31    }
 32  });
 33
 34  const allUsers = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => {
 35  const keyword = req.query.search
 36  ?
 37  {
 38    $or: [
 39      { name: { $regex: req.query.search, $options: "i" } },
 40      { email: { $regex: req.query.search, $options: "i" } },
 41    ],
 42  }
 43
```

iv. Hotel.js

```
Travely backend > controllers > JS hotels.js ...
1 const Hotel = require('../models/Hotel');
2 const Room = require('../models/Room');
3 const multer = require('multer');
4 const path = require('path');
5
6
7 //img upload part
8 const storage = multer.diskStorage({
9   destination : (req, file, cb) => {
10     cb(null,"images")
11   },
12   filename : (req, file, cb) => {
13     console.log(file);
14     cb(null, Date.now() + path.extname(file.originalname) );
15   }
16 });
17
18 const upload = multer({
19   storage,
20   filefilter: function (req, file, cb) {
21     if (!file.originalname.match(/\.(jpg|jpeg|png)$/)) {
22       return cb(new Error('only image files are allowed!'));
23     }
24     cb(null, true);
25   }
26 }).fields([
27   { name: 'HotelImg', maxCount: 1 },
28   { name: 'HotelImgs', maxCount: 5 },
29   { name: 'certificates', maxCount: 2 }
30 ]);
31
32 // Create a new hotel
33 const createHotel = async (req, res) => {
34   try {
35     // Use Multer middleware to handle file upload
36     upload(req, res, async (err) => {
37       if (err) {
```

```
33   const createHotel = async (req, res) => {
34     upload(req, res, async (err) => {
35       return res.status(500).json({ message: "Error uploading images" });
36     }
37   }
38
39   // Extract the file names from the request object
40   const hotelImg = req.files.HotelImg[0].filename;
41   const HotelImgs = req.files.HotelImgs.map((file) => file.filename);
42   const certificates=req.files.certificates.map((file)=>file.filename);
43
44
45   // Create a new hotel object from the request body and file names
46   const newHotel = new Hotel({
47     ...req.body,
48     HotelImg: hotelImg,
49     HotelImgs:HotelImgs,
50     certificates:certificates
51   });
52
53
54   // Save the new hotel to the database
55   await newHotel.save();
56
57   // Send a response with the new hotel object
58   res.status(200).json(newHotel);
59
60   } catch (err) {
61     console.log(err);
62     res.status(500).json({ message: err.message });
63   }
64 }
65
66
67 // update Hotel
68 const updateHotel =async (req,res,next)>{
69   try{
70     const updatedHotel= await Hotel.findByIdAndUpdate(req.params.id, {$set:req
71     , (new:true)}
72     ,res.status(200).json(updatedHotel);
```

```
Travely > backend > controllers > JS hotel.js > ...
68 const updateHotel =async (req,res,next)>{
69   try{
70     const {id,...others}= req.query;
71     const hotel= await Hotel.findByIdAndUpdate(id,{...others}, {new: true});
72     res.status(200).json(hotel);
73   }catch(err){
74     next(err);
75   }
76 }
77 }

78 //delete Hotel
79 const deleteHotel =async (req,res,next)>{
80   try{
81     console.log(req.params.id)
82     const deleteHotel= await Hotel.findByIdAndDelete(req.params.id)
83     res.status(200).json("Hotel has been deleted.");
84   }catch(err){
85     next(err);
86   }
87   res.status(500).json(err);
88 }
89 }

90 //get Hotel
91 const getHotel =async (req,res,next)>{
92   try{
93     const viewHotel= await Hotel.findById(req.params.id);
94     res.status(200).json(viewHotel);
95   }catch(err){
96     next(err);
97   }
98 }

99 //get all Hotels
100 const getAllHotel = async (req, res, next) => {
101   const { min, max, ...others } = req.query;
102   try {
103     const hotels = await Hotel.find({
104       ...others,
105       isApproved: true,
106       cheapestPrice: { $gt: min || 1, $lt: max || 100000 },
107     }).limit(req.query.limit);
108     res.status(200).json(hotels);
109   } catch (err) {
110     res.status(500).json(err);
111   }
112 }

113 //count by city
114 const countByCity =async (req,res,next)>{
115   const cities = req.query.cities.split(",");
116   try{
117     const list = await Promise.all(cities.map(city => {
118       return Hotel.countDocuments({city: city})
119     }));
120     res.status(200).json(list);
121   }catch(err){
122     res.status(500).json(err);
123   }
124 }

125 //count by type
126 const countByType =async (req,res,next)>{
127   try{
128     const hotelCount = await Hotel.countDocuments({type:"Hotel"});
129     const aptpartmentCount =await Hotel.countDocuments({type: "apartment"});
130     const resortCount = await Hotel.countDocuments({type: "resort"});
131   }catch(err){
132     res.status(500).json(err);
133   }
134 }
```

v.ToursController.js

```
js tourController.js x
Travely > backend > controllers > js tourController.js > ...
1  const Tour = require("../models/tours");
2  const cloudinary = require("cloudinary").v2;
3  const streamifier = require("streamifier");
4
5  cloudinary.config({
6    cloud_name: process.env.CLOUDINARY_CLOUD_NAME,
7    api_key: process.env.CLOUDINARY_API_KEY,
8    api_secret: process.env.CLOUDINARY_API_SECRET,
9  });
10
11 const createTour = async (req, res) => {
12   console.log("hello")
13   try {
14     // 1. Upload image to Cloudinary
15     let imageUrl = "";
16     if (req.file) {
17       const streamUpload = (fileBuffer) => {
18         return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
19           const stream = cloudinary.uploader.upload_stream((error, result) => {
20             if (result) {
21               resolve(result);
22             } else {
23               reject(error);
24             }
25           });
26           streamifier.createReadStream(fileBuffer).pipe(stream);
27         });
28       };
29
30       const result = await streamUpload(req.file.buffer);
31       imageUrl = result.secure_url;
32     }
33
34     // 2. Extract fields from form-data
35     const {
36       name,
37       category,
38       price,
39       groupCount,
40       languages,
41       duration,
42       cities,
43       description,
44       introduction,
45     } = req.body;
46   }
47
48   // 3. Create tour object
49   const newTour = new Tour({
50     name,
51     category,
52     price,
53     groupCount,
54     languages,
55     duration,
56     cities,
57     description,
58     introduction,
59     img: imageUrl, // saved Cloudinary URL
60   );
61
62   const savedTour = await newTour.save();
63
64   res.status(200).json({
65     status: "Success",
66     message: "Tour added successfully",
67     data: {
68       tour: savedTour,
69     },
70   });
71 } catch (err) {
72   console.error(err.message);
73   res.status(400).json({
74     status: "Fail",
75     message: err.message,
76   });
77 }
78
79 //getAll tour list
80 const getAllTours = async (req, res) => {
81   try {
82     const allTours = await Tour.find();
83     res.status(200).send(allTours);
84   } catch (err) {
85     console.log(err.message);
86     res.status(404).json({
87       status: "unsuccess",
88       message: err.message,
89     });
90   }
91 }
```

```
js tourController.js x
Travely > backend > controllers > js tourController.js > ...
11  const createTour = async (req, res) => {
12
13    // 3. Create tour object
14    const newTour = new Tour({
15      name,
16      category,
17      price,
18      groupCount,
19      languages,
20      duration,
21      cities,
22      description,
23      introduction,
24      img: imageUrl, // saved Cloudinary URL
25    });
26
27    const savedTour = await newTour.save();
28
29    res.status(200).json({
30      status: "Success",
31      message: "Tour added successfully",
32      data: {
33        tour: savedTour,
34      },
35    });
36  } catch (err) {
37    console.error(err.message);
38    res.status(400).json({
39      status: "Fail",
40      message: err.message,
41    });
42  }
43
44
45 //getAll tour list
46 const getAllTours = async (req, res) => {
47   try {
48     const allTours = await Tour.find();
49     res.status(200).send(allTours);
50   } catch (err) {
51     console.log(err.message);
52     res.status(404).json({
53       status: "unsuccess",
54       message: err.message,
55     });
56   }
57 }
```

```

95  const getToursByName = async (req, res) => {
96    try {
97      const name = req.params.name;
98
99      // Find all tours with the given name (case-insensitive match)
100     const tours = await Tour.find({ name: { $regex: new RegExp(`^${name}$`, "i") } });
101
102     if (tours.length === 0) {
103       return res.status(404).json({
104         status: "Not Found",
105         message: `No tours found with name: ${name}`,
106       });
107     }
108
109     res.status(200).json({
110       status: "Success",
111       results: tours.length,
112       data: {
113         tours,
114       },
115     });
116   } catch (err) {
117     console.error(err.message);
118     res.status(500).json({
119       status: "Error",
120       message: err.message,
121     });
122   }
123 };
124
125 const getTour = async (req, res) => {
126   try {
127     const uID = req.params.id;
128
129     const oneTour = await Tour.findById(uID);
130     res.status(200).json({
131       status: "Success",
132       data: {
133         oneTour,
134       },
135     });
136   } catch (err) {
137     console.log(err.message);
138     res.status(404).json({
139       status: "unsuccess",

```

```

Travely > backend > controllers > js tourController.js > ...
146  const updateTour = async (req, res) => {
147
148    try {
149      const updatedTour = req.body;
150
151      res.status(200).json({
152        status: "Success",
153        data: {
154          tour: updatedTour,
155        },
156      });
157    } catch (err) {
158      console.log(err.message);
159      res.status(404).json({
160        status: "unsuccess",
161        message: err.message,
162      });
163    }
164  };
165
166
167  //delete a tour
168  const deleteTour = async (req, res) => {
169    try {
170      const UID = req.params.id;
171      const deletedTour = await Tour.findByIdAndUpdate(UID);
172
173      res.status(204).json({
174        status: "Success",
175        data: {
176          old: deletedTour,
177          tour: "Null",
178        },
179      });
180    } catch (err) {
181      console.log(err.message);
182      res.status(404).json({
183        status: "unsuccess",
184        message: err.message,
185      });
186    }
187  };
188
189
190  module.exports = {
191    createTour,
192    updateTour,
193    getAllTours,
194    getTour,
195    deleteTour,
196    getToursByName,
197  };

```

vi. Trainctrls:

```

1 const multer = require('multer');
2 const Train = require('../models/Train');
3 const path = require('path');
4
5 const storage = multer.diskStorage({
6   destination : (req,file,cb) => {
7     cb(null,'images')
8   },
9   filename : (req,file,cb)=>{
10   console.log(file);
11   cb(null,date.now() + path.basename(file.originalname));
12 }
13 });
14
15 const upload = multer({
16   storage: storage,
17   fileFilter: function (req, file, cb) {
18     if (!file.originalname.match(/\.(jpg|jpeg|png)$/)) {
19       return cb(new Error('Only image files are allowed!'));
20     }
21     cb(null, true);
22   }
23 }).fields([
24   { name: 'trainMainImg', maxCount: 1 }
25 ]);
26
27 // add a train admin
28 const addTrain = async (req,res)=>{
29   try {
30     upload(req,res,async(err)=>{
31       if(err){
32         console.log(err.message);
33         return res.status(500).json({message:"error in uploading"})
34       }
35
36       const newTrain = new Train({
37         ...req.body,
38         // trainMainImg : req.files.trainMainImg[0].filename
39       })
40
41       await newTrain.save();
42       res.status(200).json(newTrain);
43     });
44   } catch(err){
45     console.log(err);
46   }
47 }

```

```

50 // get all trains admin - just for now
51 const getAllTrains = async (req,res)=>{
52   await Train.find().then((trains)=>{
53     res.json(trains);
54   }).catch((err)=>{
55     res.send(err.message);
56   })
57 }
58
59 // get one trains
60 const getSingleTrain = async (req,res)=>{
61   const id = req.params.id;
62
63   const train = await Train.findById(id).then((train)=>{
64     res.json(train);
65   }).catch((err)=>{
66     res.json(err.message)
67   })
68 }
69
70 // delete train - admin
71 const deleteTrain = async (req,res)=>{
72   const id = req.params.id;
73
74   await Train.findByIdAndUpdate(id).then(()=>{
75     res.json("deleted");
76   }).catch((err)=>{
77     res.json(err.message);
78   })
79 }
80
81
82 // update train -admin
83 const updateTrain = async (req,res)=>{
84   const id = req.params.id;
85
86   const {trainName,from,to,arrivalTime,departureTime,date,price,
87         noOfSeats ,description,trainMainImg,MaxBagage,classType,cancelCharges} = req.body;
88
89   const updatedTrain = {trainName,from,to,arrivalTime,departureTime,date,price,
90         noOfSeats ,description,trainMainImg,MaxBagage,classType,cancelCharges
91       }
92
93   await Train.findByIdAndUpdate(id,updatedTrain).then(()=>{

```

```

93   const updateTrain = async (req,res)=>{
94     await Train.findByIdAndUpdate(id,updatedTrain).then(()=>{
95       //const fetched = Train.findById(id);
96       res.json({status : "Updated",train:updatedTrain});
97     }).catch((err)=>{
98       res.json(err.message);
99     })
100   }
101
102 // fetch trains by from and To of search component
103 const getTrainFromTo =  async (req,res) =>{
104   const {from,to} = req.params;
105   try{
106     const trains = await Train.find({from : from , to : to});
107     if(!trains){
108       res.status(404).send("no trains");
109     }
110     res.send(trains)
111   }catch(err){
112     res.status(500).send(err.message);
113   }
114 }
115
116 module.exports= {
117   addTrain,
118   getAllTrains,
119   getSingleTrain,
120   deleteTrain,
121   updateTrain,
122   getTrainFromTo
123 }

```

vii. VehiclesControllers:

```

1  const multer = require("multer");
2  const Vehicle = require("../models/Vehicle");
3  //const AcceptedVehicle = require("../models/AcceptedVehicle");
4  const path = require("path");
5
6  //image uploading path to diskStorage
7  const storage = multer.diskStorage({
8    destination : (req, file, cb) => {
9      cb(null, "images")
10   },
11   filename : (req, file, cb) => {
12     console.log(file);
13     cb(null, Date.now() + path.extname(file.originalname) );
14   }
15 });
16
17 const upload = multer({
18   storage: storage,
19   fileFilter: function (req, file, cb) {
20     if (!file.originalname.match(/\.(jpg|jpeg|png)$/)) {
21       return cb(new Error('Only image files are allowed!'));
22     }
23     cb(null, true);
24   }
25 }).fields([
26   { name: 'vehicleMainImg', maxCount: 1 },
27   { name: 'insuranceImgs', maxCount: 2 },
28   { name: 'vehicleImgs', maxCount: 5 }
29 ]);
30
31
32
33 //add a vehicle - postman checked. working well.
34 exports.addVehicle = async(req, res) => {
35
36   try {
37     upload(req, res, async(err) => {
38       if (err) {
39         console.log(err);
40         return res.status(500).json({ message: "Error uploading images" });
41       }
42
43       const newVehicle = new Vehicle({
44         ...req.body,
45
46
47 //get all vehicles - vehicle admin           //postman checked. working well.
48 exports.getAllVehicle = async(req, res) => {
49   try{
50     const vehicles = await Vehicle.find();
51     res.send(vehicles);
52   }catch (err) {
53     res.status(500).send(err.message);
54   }
55 }
56
57
58 //get a specific vehicle by id - vehicle admin      postman checked. working well.
59 exports.getSpecificVehicle = async(req, res) => {
60   const {id} = req.params;
61   try{
62     const specificVehicle = await Vehicle.findById({_id: id});      //without _id, it will not work ???
63     res.send(specificVehicle);
64   }catch(err){
65     res.status(500).send(err.message);
66   }
67 }
68
69
70 //delete a specific vehicle by id (Reject a vehicle from pending collection) - vehicle admin
71 exports.deleteVehicle = async (req, res) => {
72   const { id } = req.params;
73   try {
74     const vehicle = await Vehicle.findByIdAndDelete(id);
75     if (!vehicle) {
76       res.status(404).send('Vehicle not found');
77     } else {
78       res.send(vehicle);
79     }
80   } catch (err) {
81     res.status(500).send(err.message);
82   }
83 };
84
85
86
87 //accept a vehicle by isAccepted change to true - vehicle admin
88 exports.acceptVehicle = async(req, res) => {
89   const {id} = req.params;
90   try{
91     const vehicle = await Vehicle.findByIdAndUpdate(id);
92     vehicle.isAccepted = true;
93     vehicle.save();
94     res.send(vehicle);
95   }
96 }
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107

```

```

112     const accept = await Vehicle.findByIdAndUpdate(id, {isAccepted: true}, {new: true});
113     res.send(accept);
114 
115     // Return success message
116     return "Vehicle accepted successfully!";
117   }
118 
119 }catch(err){
120   res.status(500).send(err.message);
121 }
122 
123 
124 //retrieve all my vehicle details - vehicle owner
125 exports.getMyVehicles = async(req, res) => {
126   const { userId } = req.params;
127   try{
128     const myVehicles = await Vehicle.find({userId: userId});
129     if(!myVehicles){
130       res.status(404).send("No vehicles found");
131     }
132     res.send(myVehicles);
133   }catch(
134   res.status(500).send(err.message);
135   )
136 }
137 
138 
139 //edit a specific vehicle details - vehicle owner
140 exports.updateVehicle = async (req, res) => {
141   const { id } = req.params;
142   const update = { price, description, location } = req.body;
143   update.isAccepted = false;
144 
145   try {
146     const updatedVehicle = await Vehicle.findByIdAndUpdate(id, update, { new: true }); //may be wrong
147 
148     if (!updatedVehicle) {
149       res.status(404).send('Vehicle not found');
150     }
151 
152     res.send(updatedVehicle);
153   } catch (err) {
154     res.status(500).send(err.message);
155   }
156 }

```

```

160 exports.availableVehicles = async (req, res) => {
161   try{
162     const availableVehicles = await Vehicle.aggregate([
163       {
164         $lookup: {
165           from: "reservations",
166           localField: "_id",
167           foreignField: "vehicleId",
168           as: "reservations"
169         }
170       },
171       {
172         $match: {
173           $and: [
174             { "reservations.pickupDate": { $lt: new Date(req.body.pickupDate) } },
175             { "reservations.returnDate": { $lt: new Date(req.body.pickupDate) } },
176             { "reservations.pickupDate": { $gt: new Date(req.body.returnDate) } },
177             { "reservations.returnDate": { $gt: new Date(req.body.returnDate) } },
178             { "location": req.body.location },
179             { "vehicleType": req.body.vehicleType }
180           ]
181         }
182       }
183     ]);
184 
185     res.send(availableVehicles);
186   }catch(err){
187     res.status(500).send(err.message);
188   }
189 }
190 
191 
192 
193 //retrieve vehicles by vehicle type and location - vehicle owner
194 exports.getVehiclesByTypeAndLocation = async(req, res) => {
195   const { vehicleType, location } = req.params;
196   try{
197     const vehicles = await Vehicle.find({vehicleType: vehicleType, location: location});
198     if(!vehicles){
199       res.status(404).send("No vehicles found");
200     }
201     res.send(vehicles);
202   }catch(err){
203     res.status(500).send(err.message);
204   }
205 }

```

```

js vehicleController.js ×
Travely > backend > controllers > js vehicleController.js > ...
200 
201 //retrieve vehicles by vehicle type
202 exports.getVehicleByType = async (req, res) => {
203   const {vehicleType} = req.params;
204   try{
205     const vehicles = await Vehicle.find({vehicleType: vehicleType});
206     if(!vehicles){
207       res.status(404).send("No vehicles found");
208     }
209     res.send(vehicles);
210   }catch(err){
211     res.status(500).send(err.message);
212   }
213 }
214 
215 
216 //retrieve vehicles by location
217 exports.getVehicleByLocation = async (req, res) => {
218   const {location} = req.params;
219   try{
220     const vehicles = await Vehicle.find({location: location});
221     if(!vehicles){
222       res.status(404).send("No vehicles found");
223     }
224     res.send(vehicles);
225   }catch(err){
226     res.status(500).send(err.message);
227   }
228 }

```

6.1.3 Middleware

i. authMiddleWare.js

```
1 const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken');
2 //normal user
3 const User = require('../models/userModel.js');
4
5 const userMiddleware = async (req, res, next) => {
6   try {
7     const token = req.cookies.access_token;
8     if (!token) {
9       return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
10    }
11    const decoded = jwt.verify(token, 'mekarahasak');
12    req.user = decoded.id;
13    next();
14  } catch (err) {
15    console.error(err);
16    return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
17  }
18};
//admin
19 const adminMiddleware = async (req, res, next) => {
20   try {
21     const token = req.cookies.access_token;
22     if (!token) {
23       return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
24     }
25     const decoded = jwt.verify(token, 'mekarahasak');
26     const user = await User.findById(decoded.id, { isAdmin: 1 });
27     console.log(user);
28     if (!user) {
29       return res.status(401).json({ message: 'User not found' });
30     }
31     if (!user.isAdmin) {
32       return res.status(403).json({ message: 'Access denied' });
33     }
34     req.user = decoded.id;
35     next();
36   } catch (err) {
37    console.error(err);
38    return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
39  }
40};
//activity organizer
41 const organizerMiddleware = async (req, res, next) => {
42   try {
43     const token = req.cookies.access_token;
44
45     const decoded = jwt.verify(token, 'mekarahasak');
46     const user = await User.findById(decoded.id, { type: 1 });
47     if (!user) {
48       return res.status(401).json({ message: 'User not found' });
49     }
50     if (user.type !== 'eventOrganizer') {
51       return res.status(403).json({ message: 'Access denied' });
52     }
53     req.user = decoded.id;
54     next();
55   } catch (err) {
56    console.error(err);
57    return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
58  }
59};
60 module.exports = {
61   userMiddleware,
62   adminMiddleware,
63   organizerMiddleware,
64 };
65
```

```
42 //activity organizer
43 const organizerMiddleware = async (req, res, next) => {
44   try {
45     const token = req.cookies.access_token;
46     if (!token) {
47       return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
48     }
49     const decoded = jwt.verify(token, 'mekarahasak');
50     const user = await User.findById(decoded.id, { type: 1 });
51     if (!user) {
52       return res.status(401).json({ message: 'User not found' });
53     }
54     if (user.type !== 'eventOrganizer') {
55       return res.status(403).json({ message: 'Access denied' });
56     }
57     req.user = decoded.id;
58     next();
59   } catch (err) {
60    console.error(err);
61    return res.status(401).json({ message: 'Invalid Token' });
62  }
63};
64 module.exports = {
65   userMiddleware,
66   adminMiddleware,
67   organizerMiddleware,
68 };
69
```

6.1.4 Models

i. Hotel.js

```

1 const mongoose = require('mongoose')
2
3 const HotelSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
4   name: {
5     type: String,
6     required: true
7   },
8   title: {
9     type: String,
10    required: true
11  },
12   type: {
13     type: String
14   },
15   city: {
16     type: String,
17     required: true
18   },
19   province: {
20     type: String,
21     required: true
22   },
23   zip: {
24     type: Number,
25     required: true
26   },
27   address: {
28     type: String,
29     required: true
30   },
31   distance: {
32     type: String,
33     required: true
34   },
35   contactName: {
36     type: String,
37     required: true
38   },
39   contactNo: {
40     type: Number,
41     required: true
42   },
43   numberOfRoomTypes: {
44     type: Number,
45   }
46 })
47
48 const HotelSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
49   name: {
50     type: String,
51   },
52   HotelImgs: {
53     type: [String],
54   },
55   certificates: {
56     type: [String],
57   },
58   description: {
59     type: String,
60     required: true
61   },
62   cheapestPrice: {
63     type: Number,
64     required: true
65   },
66   rating: {
67     type: Number,
68     min: 0,
69     max: 5
70   },
71   rooms: {
72     type: [String],
73   },
74   sustainability: {
75     type: Boolean,
76     default: false,
77   },
78   availableWork: {
79     type: Boolean,
80     default: false,
81   },
82   featured: {
83     type: Boolean,
84     default: true,
85   },
86   isApproved: { // for accomodation admin
87     type: Boolean,
88     default: true,
89   }
90 }, {timestamps: true})
91
92 module.exports = mongoose.model("Hotel", HotelSchema)

```

ii.usermodel.js , Train.js , tours.js , vehcile.js ,rooms.js

```

1 const mongoose = require("mongoose");
2 const UserSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
3   {
4     name: {
5       type: String,
6       required: true,
7     },
8     email: {
9       type: String,
10      required: true,
11      unique: true,
12    },
13     country: {
14       type: String,
15       required: true,
16     },
17     img: {
18       type: String,
19     },
20     mobile: {
21       type: String,
22       required: true,
23     },
24     password: {
25       type: String,
26       required: true,
27     },
28     isAdmin: {
29       type: Boolean,
30       default: false,
31     },
32     type: {
33       type: String,
34       required: true,
35       // enum :["user","admin"],
36       // default : "users"
37     },
38   },
39   {
40     timestamps: true
41   };
42
43 module.exports = mongoose.model("User", UserSchema);

```



```

1 const mongoose = require("mongoose");
2 const Schema = mongoose.Schema;
3
4 const trainSchema = new Schema({
5   trainName: { type: String },
6   from: { type: String },
7   to: { type: String },
8   arrivalTime: { type: String },
9   departureTime: { type: String },
10  date: { type: String },
11  price: { type: String },
12  noOfSeats: { type: Number },
13  description: { type: String },
14  // trainMainImg :(type:String),
15  MaxBagage: { type: String },
16  classType: { type: String },
17  cancelCharges: { type: String }
18 })
19
20 module.exports = mongoose.model('trainSchedule', trainSchema);
21
22
23

```

```

1 const mongoose = require("mongoose");
2 const Schema = mongoose.Schema;
3
4 const addTourForm = new Schema({
5   img: {
6     type: String,
7     required: [true, "must provide a photo"],
8   },
9   name: {
10    type: String,
11    required: [true, "must provide a name "],
12  },
13   category: {
14    type: String,
15    required: [true, "must provide a category "],
16  },
17   price: {
18    type: Number,
19    required: [true, "must provide a price"],
20  },
21   groupCount: {
22    type: Number,
23    required: [true, "must provide a Group Count"],
24  },
25   languages: {
26    type: String,
27    required: [true, "must provide Languages"],
28  },
29   duration: {
30    type: String,
31    required: [true, "must provide a duration"],
32  },
33   cities: {
34    type: String,
35    required: [true, "must provide a cities"],
36  },
37   description: {
38    type: String,
39    required: [true, "must provide a description"],
40  },
41   introduction: {
42    type: String,
43    required: [true, "must provide a Introduction"],
44  },
45 });

```

```

1 const mongoose=require('mongoose')
2
3 const RoomSchema=new mongoose.Schema({
4   title:{
5     type:String,
6     required:true
7   },
8   price:{
9     type:Number,
10    required:true
11   },
12   description:{
13     type:String,
14     required:true
15   },
16   maxPeople:{
17     type:Number,
18     required:true
19   },
20   roomNumbers: [{number : Number, unavailableDates :{type: [Date]} }],
21
22 })
23 module.exports = mongoose.model("Room",RoomSchema)

```

6.1.5 Utils

```

Travely > backend > utils > JS cloudinary.js > ...
1 import { v2 as cloudinary } from "cloudinary";
2 import dotenv from "dotenv";
3
4 dotenv.config();
5
6 cloudinary.config({
7   cloud_name: process.env.CLOUDINARY_CLOUD_NAME,
8   api_key: process.env.CLOUDINARY_API_KEY,
9   api_secret: process.env.CLOUDINARY_API_SECRET,
10 });
11
12 export default cloudinary;
13

```

```

Travely > backend > utils > JS multer.js > ...
1 import multer from "multer";
2
3 const storage = multer.memoryStorage();
4 const upload = multer({ storage });
5
6 export default upload;
7

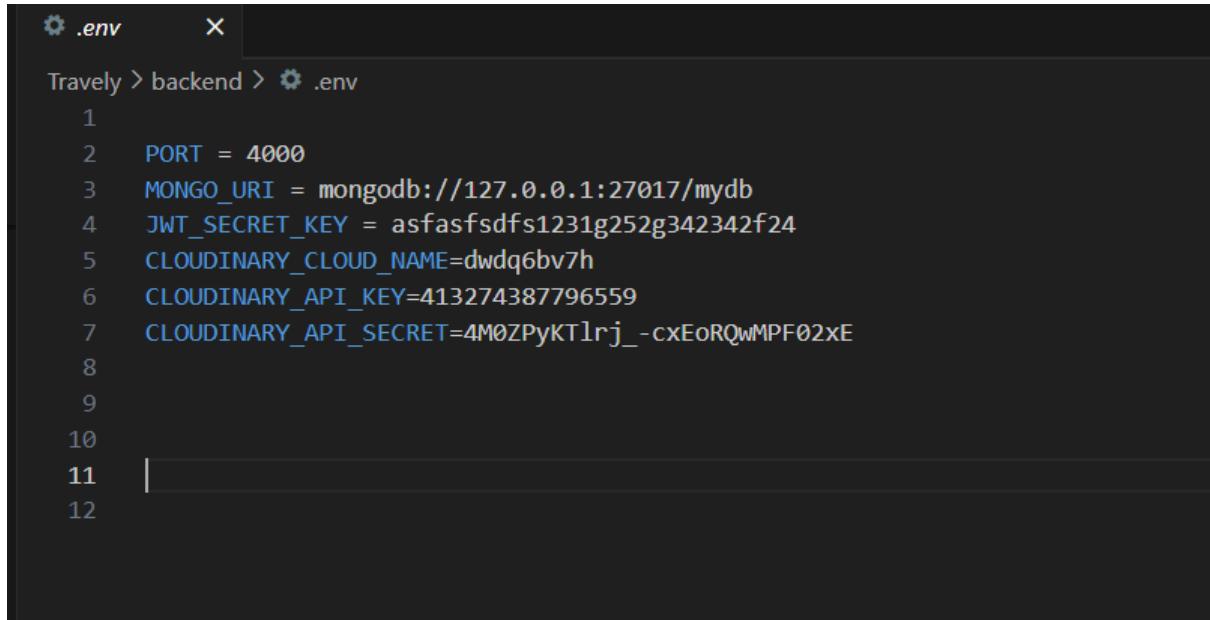
```

```

Travely > backend > utils > JS error.js > ...
1 export const createError =(status, message)>{
2   const err=new Error();
3   err.status=status;
4   err.message=message;
5   return err;
6 };

```

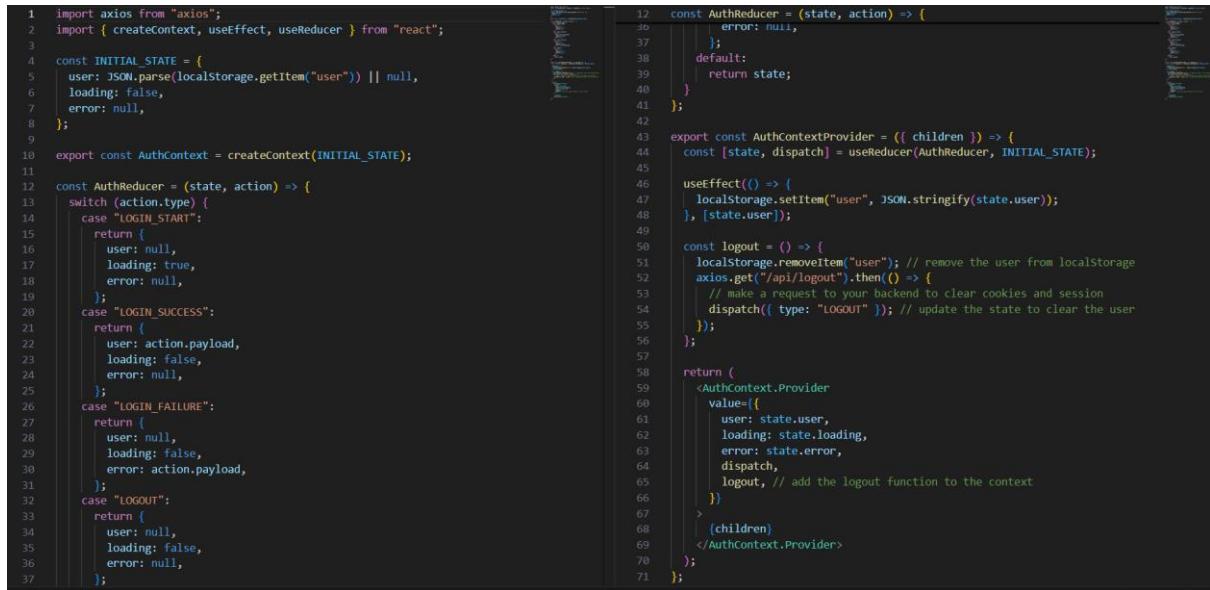
6.1.6. .env



```
Travely > backend > .env
1 PORT = 4000
2 MONGO_URI = mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/mydb
3 JWT_SECRET_KEY = asfasfsdfs1231g252g342342f24
4 CLOUDINARY_CLOUD_NAME=dwdq6bv7h
5 CLOUDINARY_API_KEY=413274387796559
6 CLOUDINARY_API_SECRET=4M0ZPyKTlrj_-cxEoRQwMPF02xE
7
8
9
10
11 |
12
```

6.2 Frontend

6.2.1 authcontent.js



```
1 import axios from "axios";
2 import { createContext, useEffect, useReducer } from "react";
3
4 const INITIAL_STATE = {
5   user: JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem("user")) || null,
6   loading: false,
7   error: null,
8 };
9
10 export const AuthContext = createContext(INITIAL_STATE);
11
12 const AuthReducer = (state, action) => {
13   switch (action.type) {
14     case "LOGIN_START":
15       return {
16         user: null,
17         loading: true,
18         error: null,
19       };
20     case "LOGIN_SUCCESS":
21       return {
22         user: action.payload,
23         loading: false,
24         error: null,
25       };
26     case "LOGIN_FAILURE":
27       return {
28         user: null,
29         loading: false,
30         error: action.payload,
31       };
32     case "LOGOUT":
33       return {
34         user: null,
35         loading: false,
36         error: null,
37       };
38   }
39 }
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
```

```
12 const AuthReducer = (state, action) => {
13   switch (action.type) {
14     case "LOGOUT":
15       return {
16         ...state,
17         user: null,
18         error: null,
19       };
20     default:
21       return state;
22   }
23 };
24
25 export const AuthContextProvider = ({ children }) => {
26   const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(AuthReducer, INITIAL_STATE);
27
28   useEffect(() => {
29     localStorage.setItem("user", JSON.stringify(state.user));
30   }, [state.user]);
31
32   const logout = () => {
33     localStorage.removeItem("user"); // remove the user from localstorage
34     axios.get("/api/logout").then(() => {
35       // make a request to your backend to clear cookies and session
36       dispatch({ type: "LOGOUT" });
37     });
38   };
39
40   return (
41     <AuthContext.Provider
42       value={{
43         user: state.user,
44         loading: state.loading,
45         error: state.error,
46         dispatch,
47         logout, // add the logout function to the context
48       }}
49     >
50       {children}
51     </AuthContext.Provider>
52   );
53 }
```

6.2.2 Login.jsx

6.2.3 Register.jsx

```
1 import axios from "axios";
2 import { useState } from "react";
3 import { Link, useNavigate } from "react-router-dom";
4 import DriveFolderUploadOutlinedIcon from "@mui/icons-material/DriveFolderUploadOutlined";
5 import Swal from "sweetalert2";
6 import backgroundImage from "../assets/images/bg.jpg";
7 import Spinner from "../components/spinner>LoadingSpinner";
8
9 const Register = () => {
10   const [loading2, setLoading2] = useState(false);
11   const [file, setFile] = useState(null);
12
13   const [name, setName] = useState("");
14   const [email, setEmail] = useState("");
15   const [mobile, setMobile] = useState("");
16   const [country, setCountry] = useState("");
17   const [type, setType] = useState("traveler");
18   const [password, setPassword] = useState("");
19
20   const navigate = useNavigate();
21
22   const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
23     e.preventDefault();
24     setLoading2(true);
25
26     const formData = new FormData();
27     formData.append("name", name);
28     formData.append("email", email);
29     formData.append("mobile", mobile);
30     formData.append("country", country);
31     formData.append("type", type);
32     formData.append("password", password);
33     if (file) formData.append("img", file);
34
35     try {
36       await axios.post("http://localhost:5000/api/auth/register", formData, {
37         headers: {
38           "Content-Type": "multipart/form-data",
39         },
40       });
41
42       localStorage.setItem("travely_user", JSON.stringify({
43         name: name,
44         mobile: mobile,
45         country: country,
46       }));
47     } catch (err) {
48       Swal.fire("Registered successfully!", "", "success");
49       navigate("/");
50     } catch (err) {
51       Swal.fire({
52         icon: "error",
53         title: "Registration failed",
54         text: err.response?.data?.message || err.message,
55       });
56     } finally {
57       setLoading2(false);
58     }
59   };
60
61   return (
62     <div style={{ backgroundImage: `url(${backgroundImage})`, backgroundSize: "cover", backgroundPosition: "center", backgroundRepeat: "no-repeat", }}>
63       <div className="py-10 lg:py-20 px-16 lg:px-96 md:px-64 flex flex-col text-center">
64         <h2 className="text-5xl font-bold mb-8">SIGN UP</h2>
65
66         <div className="mb-6 flex sm:flex-row justify-center">
67           <img
68             className="rounded-full"
69             src={file
70               ? URL.createObjectURL(file)
71               : "https://icon-library.com/images/no-image-icon/no-image-icon-0.jpg"
72             }
73             alt="avatar"
74             style={{ width: "120px", height: "120px" }}>
75         </div>
76
77         <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
78           <div className="mb-6 flex justify-center items-center">
79             <label htmlFor="file">
80               Click to add profile picture <DriveFolderUploadOutlinedIcon />
81             </label>
82           </div>
83         </form>
84       </div>
85     </div>
86   );
87 }
```

```
9   const Register = () => {
10     const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
11       Swal.fire("Registered successfully!", "", "success");
12       navigate("/");
13     } catch (err) {
14       Swal.fire({
15         icon: "error",
16         title: "Registration failed",
17         text: err.response?.data?.message || err.message,
18       });
19     } finally {
20       setLoading2(false);
21     }
22   };
23
24   return (
25     <div style={{ backgroundImage: `url(${backgroundImage})`, backgroundSize: "cover", backgroundPosition: "center", backgroundRepeat: "no-repeat", }}>
26       <div className="py-10 lg:py-20 px-16 lg:px-96 md:px-64 flex flex-col text-center">
27         <h2 className="text-5xl font-bold mb-8">SIGN UP</h2>
28
29         <div className="mb-6 flex sm:flex-row justify-center">
30           <img
31             className="rounded-full"
32             src={file
33               ? URL.createObjectURL(file)
34               : "https://icon-library.com/images/no-image-icon/no-image-icon-0.jpg"
35             }
36             alt="avatar"
37             style={{ width: "120px", height: "120px" }}>
38         </div>
39
40         <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
41           <div className="mb-6 flex justify-center items-center">
42             <label htmlFor="file">
43               Click to add profile picture <DriveFolderUploadOutlinedIcon />
44             </label>
45           </div>
46         </form>
47       </div>
48     </div>
49   );
50 }
```

```

9  const Register = () => {
10    <div>
11      <input
12        type="file"
13        id="file"
14        name="img"
15        style={({ display: "none" })}
16        accept="image/*"
17        onChange={(e) => setFile(e.target.files[0])}
18      />
19    </div>
20
21    <input
22      placeholder="Name"
23      type="text"
24      value={name}
25      onChange={(e) => setName(e.target.value)}
26      className="mb-6 w-full rounded-3xl border bg-[#FCFDFE] py-3 px-5"
27    />
28
29    <input
30      placeholder="Email"
31      type="text"
32      value={email}
33      onChange={(e) => setEmail(e.target.value)}
34      className="mb-6 w-full rounded-3xl border bg-[#FCFDFE] py-3 px-5"
35    />
36
37    <input
38      placeholder="Mobile"
39      type="tel"
40      value={mobile}
41      onChange={(e) => setMobile(e.target.value)}
42      className="mb-6 w-full rounded-3xl border bg-[#FCFDFE] py-3 px-5"
43    />
44
45    <input
46      placeholder="Country"
47      type="text"
48      value={country}
49      onChange={(e) => setCountry(e.target.value)}
50      className="mb-6 w-full rounded-3xl border bg-[#FCFDFE] py-3 px-5"
51    />
52
53    <select
54      value={type}
55    >

```

```

9  const Register = () => {
10    <option value="traveler">Traveler</option>
11    <option value="hotelOwner">Hotel Owner</option>
12    <option value="vehicleOwner">Vehicle Owner</option>
13    <option value="resturantOwner">Restaurant Owner</option>
14    <option value="tourGuide">Tour Guide</option>
15    <option value="eventOrganizer">Event Organizer</option>
16  </select>
17
18  <input
19    placeholder="Password"
20    type="password"
21    value={password}
22    onChange={(e) => setPassword(e.target.value)}
23    className="mb-9 w-full rounded-3xl border bg-[#FCFDFE] py-3 px-5"
24  />
25
26  <button
27    type="submit"
28    className="mb-10 w-full font-bold rounded-3xl bg-[#41A4FF] py-3 px-5 text-white hover:bg-gray-600"
29  >
30    Sign Up
31  </button>
32 </form>
33
34  {loading2 && <Spinner />}
35
36  <p className="text-base text-[#adadad] pb-20">
37    Already a member yet?
38    <Link
39      to="/login"
40      className="text-primary hover:underline ms-2 font-bold"
41    >
42      Sign In
43    </Link>
44  </p>
45 </div>
46 </div>
47 };
48
49 export default Register;

```

6.2.4 hotelHome.jsx

```
1 import React, { useContext } from "react";
2 import Navbar from "../../components/navbar/Navbar";
3 import Footer from "../../components/footer/Footer";
4 import { HotelHero } from "../../components/hotel/HotelHero";
5 import { HotelSearchBar } from "../../components/hotel/HotelSearchBar";
6 import HotelCard from "../../components/hotel/HotelCard";
7 import { useLocation } from "react-router-dom";
8 import { Link } from "react-router-dom";
9 import SearchCard from "../../components/hotel/SearchCard";
10 import { AuthContext } from "../../context/authContext";
11
12 export const HotelHome = () => {
13   const location = useLocation();
14   const {data, date} = location.state ?? {};
15
16   return (
17     <div>
18       <HotelHero />
19       <HotelSearchBar />
20       {data?.map((item) => (
21         <SearchCard
22           name={item.name}
23           city={item.city}
24           cheapestPrice={item.cheapestPrice}
25           HotelImg={item.HotelImg}
26           _id={item._id}
27           date={date}
28         />
29       ))}
30     <h1 className="ml-10 mt-5 md:text-2xl font-bold text-[#272727]">
31       Hotels guests love
32     </h1>
33     <HotelCard />
34   </div>
35 );
36
37
38 };
39
40
41
```

6.2.5 TourHome.jsx

```
1 //src/pages/tour/TourHome.jsx
2 import React from "react";
3 import HeroTour from "./HeroTour";
4 import HiddenPlaces from "./HiddenPlaces";
5
6 import ServiceCard from "./Services/ServiceCard";
7 import TourCategories from "./Services/ServiceCategories";
8 import TourNav from "../../components/navbar/TourNav";
9 import { Link } from "react-router-dom";
10 import { AiOutlineRight } from "react-icons/ai";
11 import CustomForm from "./Services/CustomForm";
12
13 import welcome from "../../assets/Tour/Tour-Welcome.jpg";
14
15 const Home = () => {
16   return (
17     <div>
18       <HeroTour />
19
20       /* Navigated menu start*/
21       <nav className="bg-grey-light w-full rounded-md pl-20 pt-10">
22         <ol className="list-reset flex">
23           <li>
24             <Link
25               to="/"
26               class="text-primary transition duration-150 ease-in-out hover:text-primary-600 focus:text-primary-600"
27             >
28               Home
29             </Link>
30           </li>
31           <li>
32             <AiOutlineRight className="mt-1 mx-2" />
33           </li>
34           <li>
35             <Link
36               to="#"
37               class="text-primary transition duration-150 ease-in-out hover:text-primary-600 focus:text-primary-600"
38             >
39               Tour Packages
40             </Link>
41           </li>
42           <li>
43             <AiOutlineRight className="mt-1 mx-2" />
44           </li>
45           <li className="text-neutral-500 dark:text-neutral-400">
```

```

15 const Home = () => {
16   <div className="mx-auto max-w-2xl px-4 sm:px-6 lg:max-w-7xl lg:px-8">
17     {/* welcome image */}
18     <img src={welcome} alt="" />
19     <h1 className="text-4xl mt-10 mb-10 ml-2">Tour Categories</h1>
20     <TourCategories />
21   </div>
22   {/* Service Card Brief start */}
23   <div className="mx-auto max-w-2xl px-4 py-16 sm:px-6 sm:py-24 lg:max-w-7xl lg:px-8">
24     <h1 className="text-4xl mb-10 ml-2">Perfect Picks For You</h1>
25     <ServiceCard />
26     {/* <div className="flex justify-center items-center">
27       <button
28         type="button"
29         data-te-ripple-init
30         data-te-ripple-color="light"
31         class="mt-20 inline-block rounded-xl bg-primary px-6 pb-2 pt-2.5 text-3xl font-medium uppercase leading-normal text-white shadow-[inset 0 0 0 3px #fff] transition-all duration-300 ease-in-out"
32       >
33         <Link to="/tourdetails"></Link>
34         View More
35       </button>
36     </div> */}
37   </div>
38   {/* Service Card Brief end*/}
39
40   <div className="mx-auto max-w-2xl px-4 py-16 sm:px-6 lg:max-w-7xl lg:px-8">
41     <h1 className="text-black uppercase text-center pt-0 mt-0 text-5xl">
42       <small>See All Tours Details On The <a href="#">Tour Details Page</small>
43     <(property) JSX.IntrinsicElements.h1: React.DetailedHTMLProps<React.HTMLAttributes<HTMLHeadingElement>, HTMLHeadingElement>>
44   </h1>
45   </div>
46
47   /* customer form */
48   <div>
49     <CustomForm />
50   </div>
51   <div>
52     <HiddenPlaces />
53   </div>
54   </div>
55 };
56
57 export default Home;

```

6.2.6 TrainHome.jsx

```

1 import React ,{useState,useEffect} from "react";
2 import TrainHero from "../../components/train/TrainHero";
3 import SearchBar from "../../components/train/SearchBar";
4 import TrainCard from "../../components/train/TrainCard";
5 import TrainListheader from "../../components/train/TrainListheader";
6 import BookTrainAd from "../../components/train/BookTrainAd";
7 import { useLocation } from "react-router-dom";
8
9 const TrainHome = () => [
10   const location = useLocation();
11   const data = location.state;
12
13   console.log("data",data);
14
15   return (
16     <div>
17       <TrainHero />
18       <SearchBar />
19       <TrainListheader />
20       <div className="md:px-24">
21         <div className="flex flex-wrap flex-col md:flex-row lg:mx-16 gap-[30px]">
22           {
23             data?.map((item)>(
24               <TrainCard
25                 trainName={item.trainName}
26                 from={item.from}
27                 to={item.to}
28                 arrivalTime={item.arrivalTime}
29                 departureTime={item.departureTime}
30                 noOfSeats={item.noOfSeats}
31                 id={item._id}
32                 price={item.price}
33               />
34             ))
35           }
36         </div>
37       </div>
38     </div>
39     <BookTrainAd/>
40   </div>
41 ]
42
43 ]
44 export default TrainHome;

```

6.2.7 Vehicle.jsx

```
Travely > frontend > src > pages > vehicle > VehicleHome.jsx > ...
1 import VehicleHero from "../../components/vehicle/VehicleHero";
2 import SearchBar from "../../components/vehicle/SearchBar";
3 import VehicleListHeader from "../../components/vehicle/VehicleListHeader";
4 import RentCarAd from "../../components/vehicle/RentCarAd";
5 import { useLocation } from "react-router-dom";
6 import VehicleCard from "../../components/vehicle/VehicleCard";
7
8 const VehicleHome = () => {
9
10   const location = useLocation();
11   const data = location.state;
12
13   console.log("data:", data);
14
15
16   return (
17     <div>
18       <VehicleHero />
19       <SearchBar />
20       <VehicleListHeader />
21       <div className="md:px-24">
22         <div className="mt-6 grid grid-cols-1 gap-x-6 gap-y-10 sm:grid-cols-2 lg:grid-cols-3 xl:gap-x-8">
23           {data?.map((item) => (
24             <VehicleCard
25               brand={item.brand}
26               model={item.model}
27               price={item.price}
28               transmissionType={item.transmissionType}
29               fuelType={item.fuelType}
30               capacity={item.capacity}
31               vehicleMainImg={item.vehicleMainImg}
32               id={item._id}
33             />
34           )));
35         </div>
36       </div>
37     </div>
38     <RentCarAd />
39   </div>
40 );
41 };
42
43
44 export default VehicleHome;
```

6.2.8 Home.jsx

```
1 import React from "react";
2 // import { useContext } from "react";
3 // import { AuthContext } from "../context/authContext";
4
5 import Aboutus from "../components/aboutus/Aboutus";
6 import Hero2 from "../components/hero2/Hero2";
7 import Services from "../components/services/Services";
8 import Hero3 from "../components/hero2/Hero3";
9
10 const Home = () => {
11   // const { user } = useContext(AuthContext);
12
13   return (
14     <div>
15       <Hero2 />
16       <Aboutus />
17       <Services />
18       <Hero3 />
19     </div>
20   );
21 };
22
23 export default Home;
24
```

6.2.9 profile.jsx

```
1 // Import from "react"
2 import React from "react";
3 import { useNavigate, Link } from "react-router-dom";
4 import { useContext } from "react";
5 import { AuthContext } from "../context/authContext";
6 import { CgProfile } from "react-icons/cg";
7 import { FaClipboardList } from "react-icons/fa";
8 import { MdRateReview } from "react-icons/md";
9 import moment from "moment";
10
11 const Profile = () => {
12   const { user } = useContext(AuthContext);
13   const navigate = useNavigate();
14
15   // 🚫 If user is null or undefined, show loading or redirect
16   if (!user) {
17     return <div className="text-center py-10 text-xl">Loading profile...</div>;
18   }
19
20   // ✅ Safe to access properties now
21   const createdDate = moment(user.createdAt).fromNow();
22   const updatedDate = moment(user.updatedAt).fromNow();
23
24   const getUser = async () => {
25     navigate("/updateProfile", { state: user });
26   };
27
28   return (
29     <div className="grid lg:grid-cols-2 gap-2 md:px-24 p-4 sm:py-8">
30       <div className="flex flex-col justify-center items-center lg:py-24 py-10 gap-5 md:m-20 m-5 rounded-lg bg-white p-6 shadow-[0_2px_15px_-3px_rgba(0,0,0,0.07),0_10px_10px_#000] border border-blue-500">
31         <img
32           className="w-48 h-48 rounded-full shadow-lg border-4 border-blue-500 object-cover"
33           src={user.img}
34           alt="Profile"
35         />
36       </div>
37       <div className="text-center mx-6 pt-3">
38         <h1 className="text-lg font-bold">Available Points</h1>
39         <h3 className="text-blue-500 text-xl font-bold">1500</h3>
40       </div>
41       <div className="text-center">
42         <h1 className="text-lg font-bold">Account Status</h1>
43         <h3 className="text-blue-500 text-xl font-bold">Blue</h3>
44       </div>
45     </div>
46   );
47 }
```

```
const User = () => {
  <div className="flex flex-col justify-center items-start gap-5 rounded-lg bg-white p-6">
    <h1 className="text-3xl font-bold">My Profile</h1>
    <h2 className="text-blue-500 text-xl font-bold">{user.type}</h2>
    <div className="grid grid-cols-1 xl:grid-cols-2 gap-10 mt-0">
      <div>
        <h1 className="text-lg font-bold">Name:</h1>
        <p className="text-xl">{user.name}</p>
        <h1 className="text-lg font-bold mt-4">Email:</h1>
        <p className="text-xl">{user.email}</p>
        <h1 className="text-lg font-bold mt-4">Mobile:</h1>
        <p className="text-xl">{user.mobile}</p>
      </div>
      <div>
        <h1 className="text-lg font-bold">Country:</h1>
        <p className="text-xl">{user.country}</p>
        <h1 className="text-lg font-bold mt-4">Created at:</h1>
        <p className="text-xl">{createdatnew}</p>
        <h1 className="text-lg font-bold mt-4">Updated at:</h1>
        <p className="text-xl">{updatedatnew}</p>
      </div>
    </div>
    <div className="flex flex-col md:flex-row gap-5 mt-14">
      <button
        className="bg-blue-500 py-3 px-6 rounded-lg text-white font-bold hover:bg-blue-600 transition duration-200 ease-in-out"
        onClick={getUser}
      >
        Update Profile
      </button>
      {user.type === "eventOrganizer" &&
        <>
          <a href="/pending-reservations">
            <button className="bg-blue-500 py-3 px-6 rounded-lg text-white font-bold hover:bg-blue-600 transition duration-200 ease-in-out">
              Customer Pending Reservations
            </button>
          </a>
          <a href="/my-activities">
            <button className="bg-blue-500 py-3 px-6 rounded-lg text-white font-bold hover:bg-blue-600 transition duration-200 ease-in-out">
              My Listed Activities
            </button>
          </a>
        </>
      }
      {user.type === "traveler" &&
        <>
          <a href="/my-reservations">
            <button
```

```
10 const Profile = () => {
90     <Link to="/my-reservations">
91         <button className="bg-blue-500 py-3 px-6 rounded-lg text-white font-bold hover:bg-blue-600 transition duration-200 ease-in-out">
92             | My Reservations
93             </button>
94         </Link>
95     )}
96     {user.isAdmin && (
97         <Link to="/pending-activities">
98             <button className="bg-blue-500 p-3 rounded-xl text-white font-bold">
99                 | Pending Activities
100                </button>
101            </Link>
102        )}
103    </div>
104  </div>
105  </div>
106  </>
107  );
108 };
109
110 export default Profile;
111
```

6.2.10 Routers

```

42     "莫尼卡在旅館的房間裡說著：「我會在這裡待到你回來，」
43     "我會在這裡待到你回來，"莫尼卡說著。
44     "那麼我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
45     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
46     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
47     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
48     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
49     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
50     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
51     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
52     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
53     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
54     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
55     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
56     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
57     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
58     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
59     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
60     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
61     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
62     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
63     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
64     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
65     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
66     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
67     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
68     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
69     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
70     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
71     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
72     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
73     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
74     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
75     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
76     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
77     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
78     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
79     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
80     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
81     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
82     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
83     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
84     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
85     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
86     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
87     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
88     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
89     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"
90     "我們就一起回莫尼卡的房間吧。"

```

```

46 import AddPassengerDetails from "../pages/train/AddPassengerDetails";
47 import DoUpdateTrain from "../pages/train/DoUpdateTrain";
48
49 import Adduser from "../pages/Adduser";
50 import { HotelHome } from "../pages/hotel/HotelHome";
51 import AddHotel from "../pages/hotel/AddHotel";
52 import { AddRoom } from "../pages/hotel/AddRoom";
53 import UpdateHotel from "../pages/hotel/UpdateHotel";
54 import AddVehicle from "../pages/vehicle/AddVehicle";
55 import EditVehicle from "../pages/vehicle/EditVehicle";
56 import HotelView from "../components/hotel/HotelView";
57 import HotelOverView from "../components/hotel/HotelOverview";
58 import VehicleView from "../pages/vehicle/VehicleView";
59
60 import RestaurantForm from "../pages/Restaturant/RestaurantForm";
61 import AdminView from "../pages/hotel/AdminView";
62 import HotelReserve from "../components/hotel/HotelReserve";
63 import HotelList from "../pages/Hotellist";
64 import Tourlist from "../pages/Tourlist";
65 import Trainlist from "../pages/Trainlist";
66 import ContactUs from "../pages/ContactUs";
67 import HotelBook from "../pages/hotel/HotelBook";
68 import ResetPassword from "../pages/ResetPassword";
69 import Tourreservations from "../pages/Tourreservations";
70 import Vehiclereservation from "../pages/Vehiclereservation";
71 import ReviewTickets from "../pages/train/ReviewTickets";
72 import ReviewPanel from "../pages/train/ReviewPanel";
73 import MyTickets from "../pages/train/MyTickets";
74 import MyOneTicket from "../pages/train/MyOneTicket";
75 import TravelerHome from "../pages/train/TravelerHome";
76
77 import { Main } from "../pages/Main";
78 import Refund from "../components/Refund";
79 import RefundReq from "../components/RefundReq";
80 import RefundUpdate from "../components/RefundUpdate";
81 import { SalaryCalculation } from "../pages/SalaryCalculation";
82 import { EmployeeList } from "../pages/EmployeeList";
83 import { SalarySheet } from "../pages/SalarySheet";
84 import { FinanceHealth } from "../pages/FinanceHealth";
85
86 const RouteTour = () => {
87   const ProtectedRoute = ({ children }) => {
88     const { user } = useContext(AuthContext);
89     if (!user) {
90       return null;
91     }
92     return children;
93   };
94   return (
95     
96     
97   );
98 }

```

```

96    return (
97      <Routes>
98        <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
99        <Route path="/login" element={<Login />} />
100       <Route path="/reset-password" element={<ResetPassword />} />
101
102       <Route
103         path="/admin"
104         element={
105           <ProtectedRoute>
106             | <Admin />
107           </ProtectedRoute>
108         }
109       />
110       <Route path="/register" element={<Register />} />
111
112       <Route
113         path="/users"
114         element={
115           <ProtectedRoute>
116             | <Userlist columns={userColumns} />
117           </ProtectedRoute>
118         }
119       />
120       <Route
121         path="/hotels"
122         element={
123           <ProtectedRoute>
124             | <Hotellist columns={hotelColumns} />
125           </ProtectedRoute>
126         }
127       />
128       <Route
129         path="/tours"
130         element={
131           <ProtectedRoute>
132             | <Tourlist columns={tourColumns} />
133           </ProtectedRoute>
134         }
135       />
136       <Route
137         path="/tourreservation/all"
138         element={
139           <ProtectedRoute>

```

```

86     const RouteTour = () => {
141       |   </ProtectedRoute>
142     }
143   />
144   <Route
145     path="/train"
146     element={
147       <ProtectedRoute>
148         | <Trainlist columns={trainColumns} />
149       </ProtectedRoute>
150     }
151   />
152   <Route
153     path="/vehicle"
154     element={
155       <ProtectedRoute>
156         | <VehicleList columns={vehicleColumns} />
157       </ProtectedRoute>
158     }
159   />
160   <Route
161     path="/vehiclereservation"
162     element={
163       <ProtectedRoute>
164         | <VehicleReservation columns={vehicleReservationColumns} />
165       </ProtectedRoute>
166     }
167   />
168   <Route path="/userpage" element={<UserpageA />} />
169   <Route path="/update" element={<UpdateuserA />} />
170   <Route path="/profile" element={<Profile />} />
171   <Route path="/updateProfile" element={<Profileupdate />} />
172   <Route path="/adduser" element={<Adduser />} />
173
174   <Route path="/vehicles" element={<VehicleHome />} />
175   <Route path="/vehicle/book/:id" element={<VehicleBook />} />
176   <Route path="/vehicle/payment/" element={<VehiclePayment />} />
177   <Route path="/vehicle/add" element={<AddVehicle />} />
178   <Route path="/vehicle/edit/:id" element={<EditVehicle />} />
179   <Route path="/vehicle/view/" element={<VehicleView />} />
180
181   <Route path="/tours/home" element={<ToursHome />} />
182   <Route path="/tours/:id" element={<TourDetails />} />
183   <Route

```

```

188 |     <Route path="/addtour" element={<AddTourPackage />} />
189 |
190 |     <Route path="/tour/view" element={<TourView />} />
191 |     <Route path="/tour/update" element={<UpdateTour />} />
192 |
193 |     <Route path="/sunandbeach" element={<AllTourCategories />} />
194 |     <Route path="/hikingandtrekking" element={<AllTourCategories />} />
195 |     <Route path="/wildsafari" element={<AllTourCategories />} />
196 |     <Route path="/special" element={<AllTourCategories />} />
197 |     <Route path="/cultural" element={<AllTourCategories />} />
198 |     <Route path="/festival" element={<AllTourCategories />} />
199 |
200 |
201 |     <Route path="/contactus" element={<ContactUs />} />
202 |
203 |     <Route path="/add-new-activity" element={<ActivityForm />} />
204 |     <Route path="/add-new-activity/:id" element={<ActivityForm />} />
205 |     <Route path="/pending-activities" element={<PendingActivities />} />
206 |
207 |     <Route
208 |       path="/pending-reservations"
209 |       element={<PendingReservationsPage />}
210 |     />
211 |
212 |     <Route path="/events" element={<FilterActivities />} />
213 |     <Route path="/activities/:id" element={<Activity />} />
214 |     <Route path="/my-activities" element={<MyActivities />} />
215 |     <Route path="/my-reservations" element={<ReservationPage />} />
216 |
217 |     <Route path="/train/book/:id" element={<TrainBook />} />
218 |     <Route path="/admintrain/add" element={<AddNewTrain />} />
219 |     <Route path="/adminTrain/:id" element={<TrainHomeAdmin />} />
220 |     <Route path="/adminTrain/:id" element={<SingleTrainView />} />
221 |     <Route path="/passengerDet" element={<AddPassengerDetails />} />
222 |     <Route path="/train/book/:id" element={<TrainBook />} />
223 |     <Route path="/train/update/:id" element={<UpdateTrain />} />
224 |     <Route path="/TrainHome" element={<TravelerHome />} />
225 |     <Route path="/adminTrain/reviewTicket/:id" element={<ReviewTickets />} />
226 |     <Route path="/adminTrain/reviewPanel" element={<ReviewPanel />} />
227 |     <Route path="/train/MyTickets" element={<MyTickets />} />
228 |     <Route path="/train/MyTickets/:id" element={<MyOneTicket />} />
229 |     <Route path="/addrrestaurant" element={<RestaurentForm />} />
230 |
231 |     <Route path="/train/book/:id" element={<TrainBook />} />
232 |     <Route path="/train/add" element={<AddNewTrain />} />
233 |     <Route path="/adminTrain" element={<TrainHomeAdmin />} />
234 |     <Route path="/adminTrain/:id" element={<SingleTrainView />} />

```

```

86 const RouteTour = () => {
230   <Route path="/adminTrain/:id" element={<SingleTrainView />} />
231   <Route
232     |   path="/train/book/passengerDet"
233     |   element={<AddPassengerDetails />}
234   />
235
236   <Route path="/hotelhome" element={<HotelHome />} />
237   <Route path="/hotels/new" element={<AddHotel />} />
238   <Route path="/rooms/new/:id" element={<AddRoom />} />
239   <Route path="/hotels/update/:id" element={<UpdateHotel />} />
240   <Route path="/hotel/:id" element={<HotelView />} />
241   <Route path="/hoteloverview/:id" element={<HotelOverView />} />
242   <Route path="/hoteladmin" element={<AdminView />} />
243   <Route path="/hotelreserve/:id" element={<HotelReserve />} />
244   <Route path="/hotelbooking" element={<HotelBook />} />
245
246   <Route path="/addrrestaurants" element={<RestaurentForm />} />
247   <Route path="/finance" element={<Main />} />
248   <Route path="/finance/salary" element={<SalaryCalculation />} />
249   <Route path="/finance/employee" element={<EmployeeList />} />
250   <Route path="/finance/salarySheet" element={<SalarySheet />} />
251   <Route path="/finance/FinanceHealth" element={<FinanceHealth />} />
252   {<Route path="/finance/refund" element={<Refund />} />
253   {<Route path="/finance/addRefund" element={<RefundReq />} />
254   {<Route path="/finance/updateRefund/:id" element={<RefundUpdate />} />
255   </Routes>
256   );
257 };
258
259 export default RouteTour;
260

```

7. SOFTWARE TESTING

Software testing in the Tours and travel industry ensures that booking platforms, payment gateways, itinerary management, and customer support systems function smoothly. Since travel applications handle complex transactions, real-time updates, and user interactions, rigorous testing is essential.

Types of Testing for Travel Systems

- **Functional Testing** – Verifies that booking, payment, and search functionalities work as expected.
- **Integration Testing** – Ensures seamless communication between third-party services like airlines, hotels, and car rentals.
- **Security Testing** – Protects customer data, payment information, and API interactions from cyber threats.
- **Performance Testing** – Evaluates system responsiveness under high traffic conditions, especially during peak travel seasons.
- **Usability Testing** – Assesses user experience, ensuring intuitive navigation and accessibility..

7.1. Unit Testing

Unit testing in the tours and travel industry helps to establish whether the different software pieces (booking systems, payment gateways, itinerary management, and customer support tools among others) works correctly before the release of the integrated complete system. There are intricate transactions, real time updates, and interaction with users when dealing with travel platforms and for this reason, thorough unit testing is necessary to prevent reliability and efficiency atrophy.

Unit Testing: Important Points of Tours & Travel World Software

- **Booking System Validation** – Flight, Hotel and Tour reservations process verification.
- **Payment Gateway Testing** – Making sure safe transactions and error-coping for a range of payment methods.
- **Itinerary Management** – Ensuring travel plans implement dynamic updates and sync across platforms.
- **User Authentication & Security** – Login, user profiles, and data protection defences' testing.
- **API integration** – Making smooth transmission of information between third party services such as airlines, hotels and car rentals.

7.2 Integration Testing

The integration testing in the tours and travel industry confirms that various software modules, including booking systems, gateway payment, itinerary management and customer support, function as a single integrated system. Given that various services are intertwined on travel platforms, integration testing is essential to avoid error in transactions, data synchronization and interaction. Main Issues of Integration Testing in Travel Software Integration testing of

travel software deals with testing different components of the developed application. One component of the developed application (e.g., a support ticket) should function correctly as long as it is used in combination with other components.

Key Aspects of Integration Testing in Travel Software

- **Booking System & Payment Gateway** – Making sure reservations and payments function permeating across various providers.
- **API Integration** – Checking the ease of communication between third-party facilities such as airlines, hotels and car rentals.
- **Data Consistency**; Ensuring check that customer details, itineraries and pricing is accurately reflected in platforms.
- **User Experience Validation** – Creation of smooth transition between various modules with no glitches.
- **Security & Authentication** – Login, user profiles and protection of data mechanisms under test. Integration testing ensures travel businesses deliver a seamless experience by identifying issue before they affect customers.

7.3 Functional Testing

The purpose of the functional testing is to check that a software system meets its requirements by testing its features and behaviors. In the tours and travel industry, functional testing has very important role to play in delivering the desired results i.e. booking system, payout gateway, itinerary management and customer support tool should work as specified.

Functional Testing in Travel Software

- **Booking System Validation** – Validating to the users is it possible to make searches, make selection and book flights, hotels and tours without any errors.
- **Payment Processing** (i.e. checking secure transactions in terms of refunds).
- **Search & Filtering** – Ensuring that the users can filter the results by filters such as price, location, and availability.
- Login, account management, and security capabilities testing under User Authentication & Profiles.
- **Third-Party API Integration** – Making it possible to communicate successfully with airlines, hotels and car rental services.

7.4 Security Testing

Testing in tours and travel industry security guarantees that booking platforms, payment gateways and customer's information are secure from cyber threat. Unlike regular applications, travel applications involve handling of this information that is sensitive as well as financial transactions and third party integration and hence robust security testing is important.

Some Major Points on Security Testing in Travel Software

- **Data Protection & Privacy** – Protecting customer's data, payment information, and travel track record stored and sent.

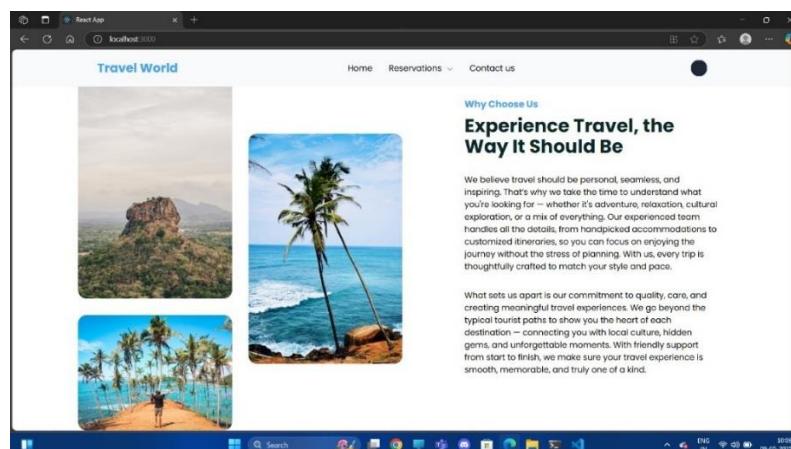
- **Payment Security** – checking cipher protocols and fraud detection instruments for transactions.
- **API Security** – Checking vulnerabilities in third-party integration to airlines, hotels and car-rental services.
- **Authentication & Access Control:** Testings of login procedures, multi factor authentication, and role based access.
- **Network Security** – Detection of vulnerabilities associated with unauthorized access, leaks derelict and denial of service attacks.

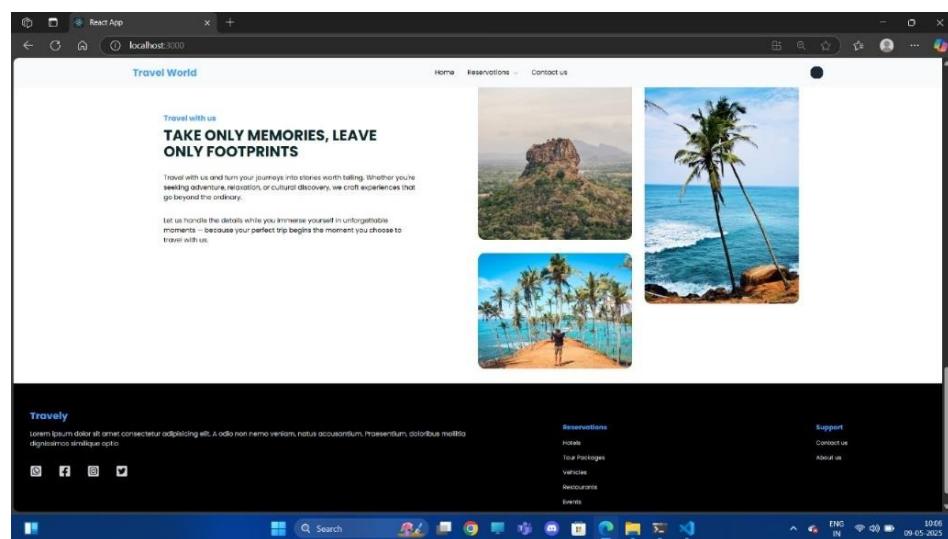
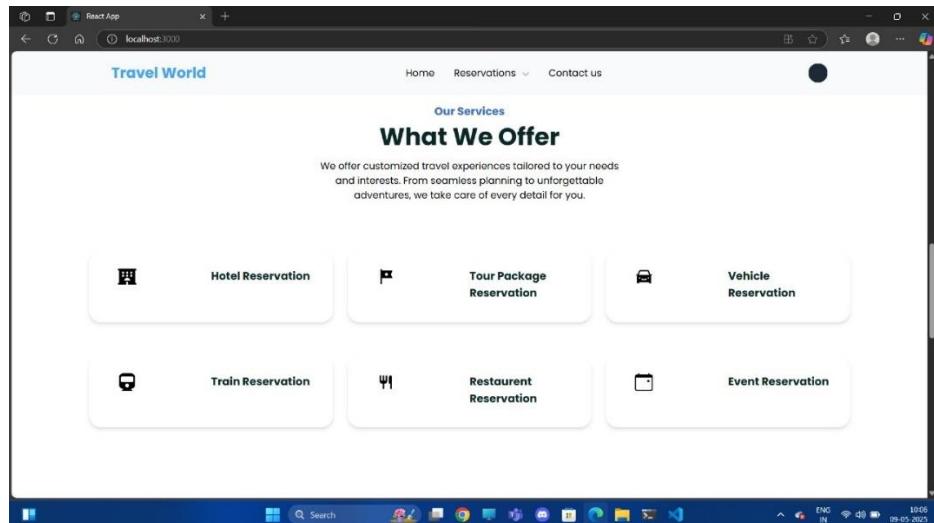
7.5 Testing on system

A unit is defined as a single behaviour exhibited by the system under test (SUT), usually corresponding to a requirement[definition needed]. While a unit may correspond to a single function or module (in procedural programming) or a single method or class (in object-oriented programming), functions/methods and modules/classes do not necessarily correspond to units. From the system requirements perspective only the perimeter of the system is relevant, thus only entry points to externally visible system behaviours define units

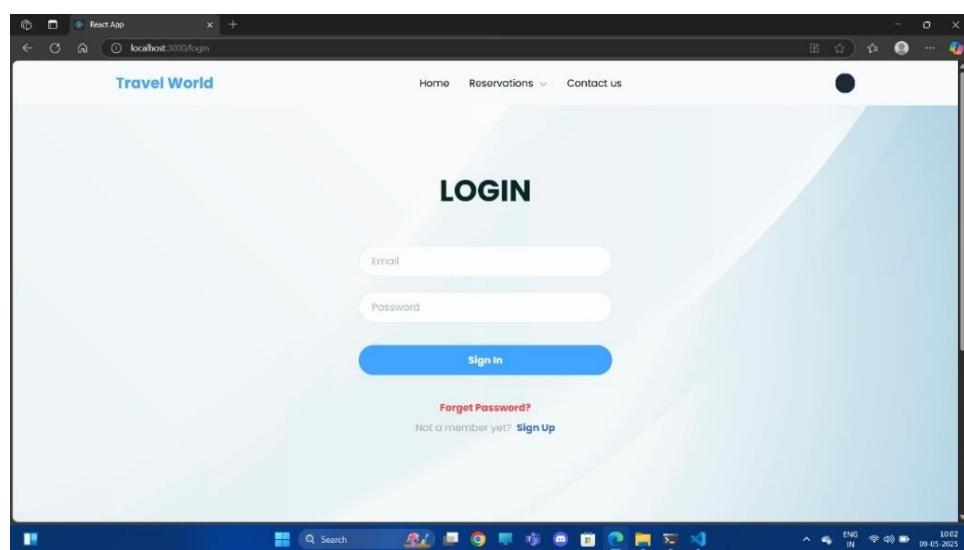
8. RESULTS

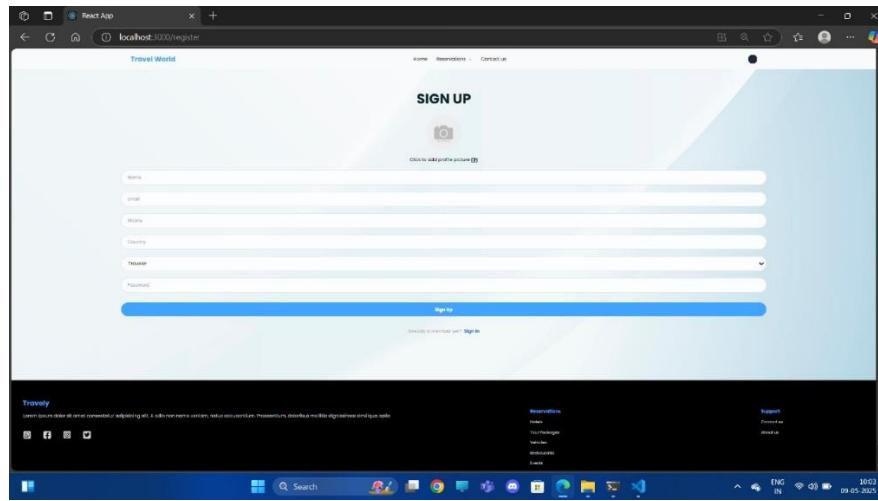
8.1 Home



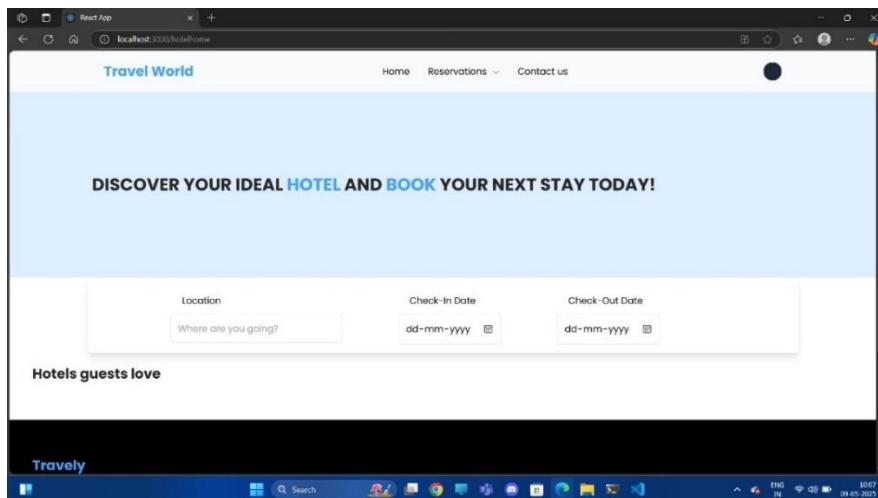


8.2 Sign in & Sign out

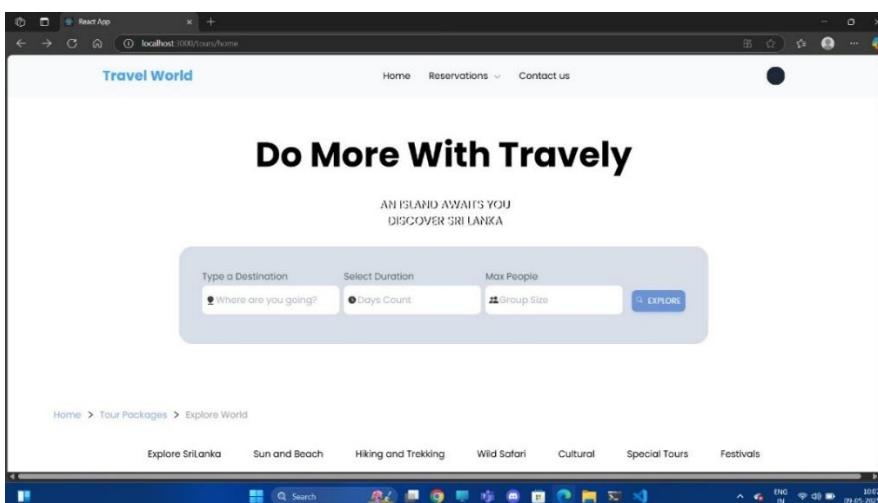


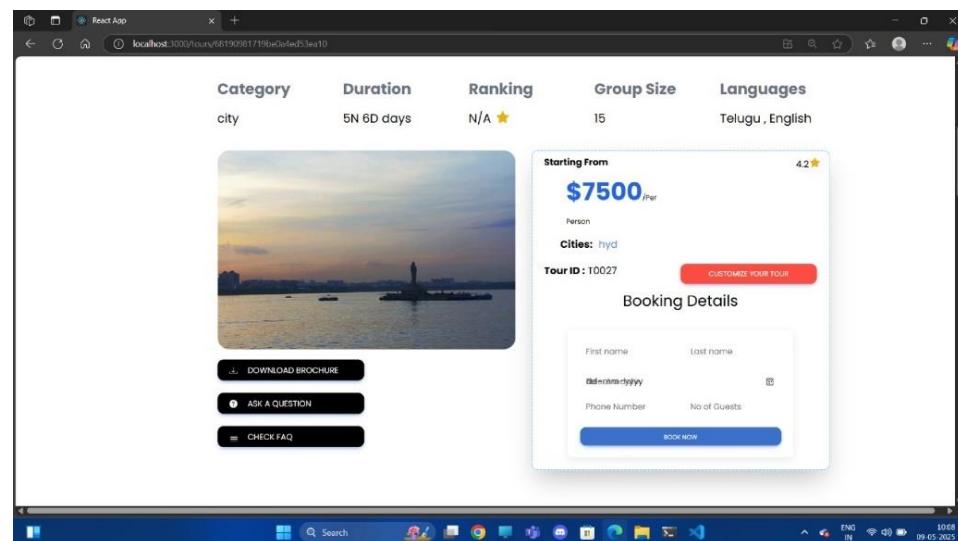
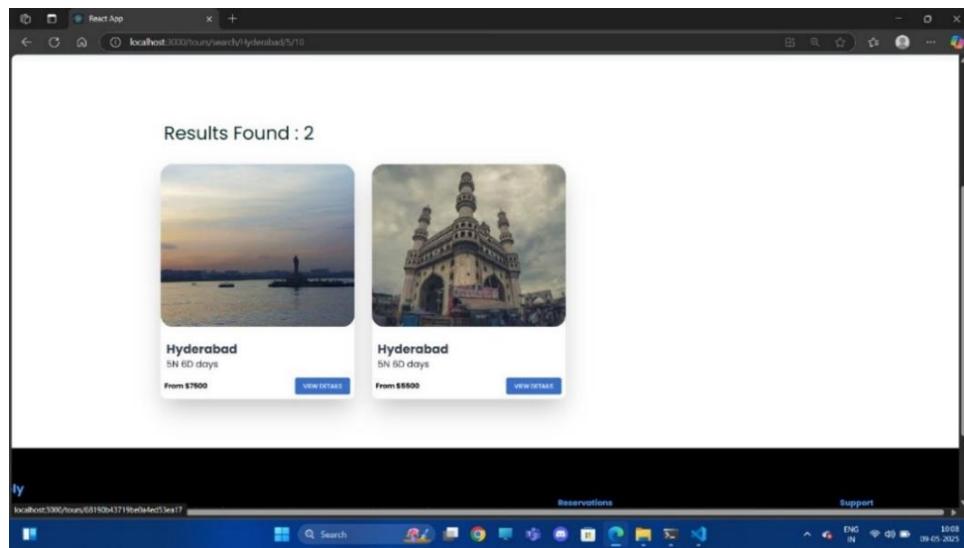


8.2 Hotel Booking

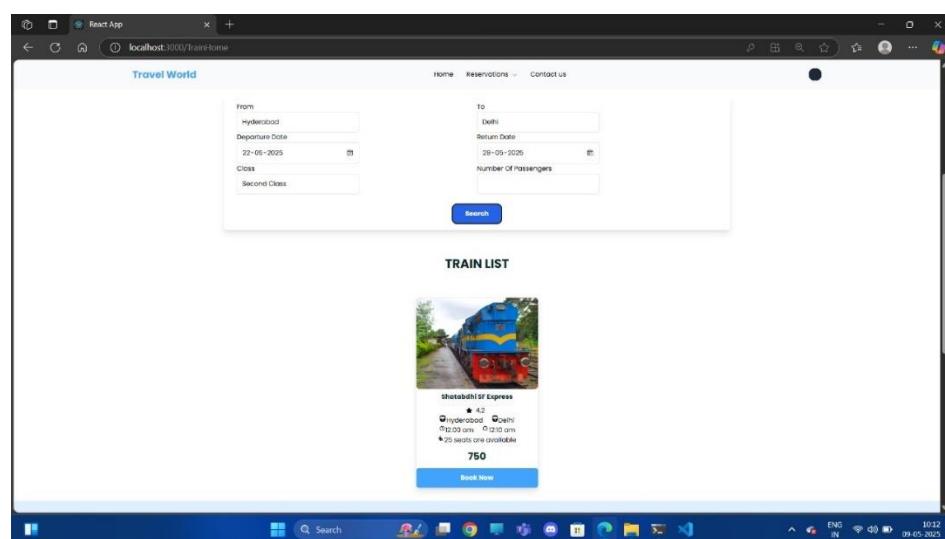


8.3 Tour Booking

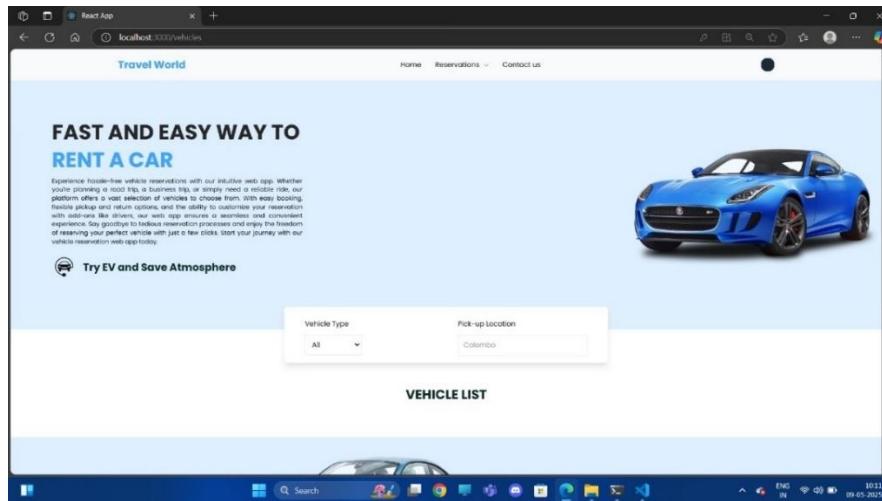




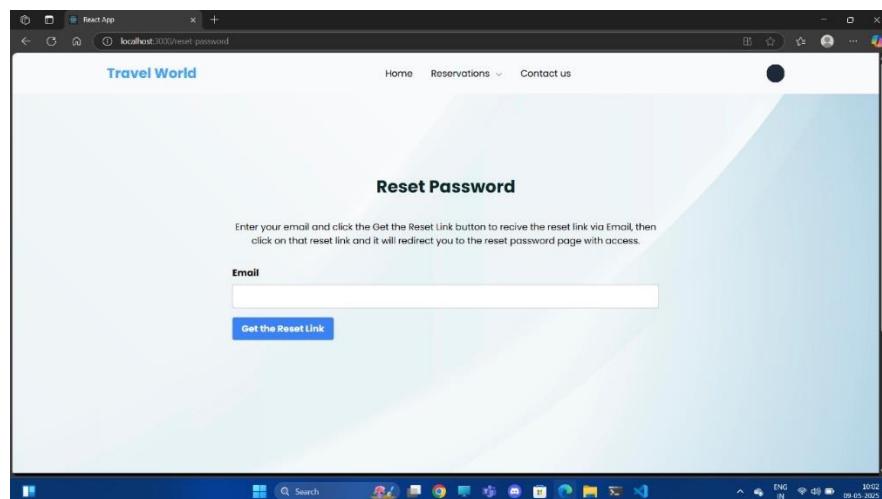
8.4 Train Booking



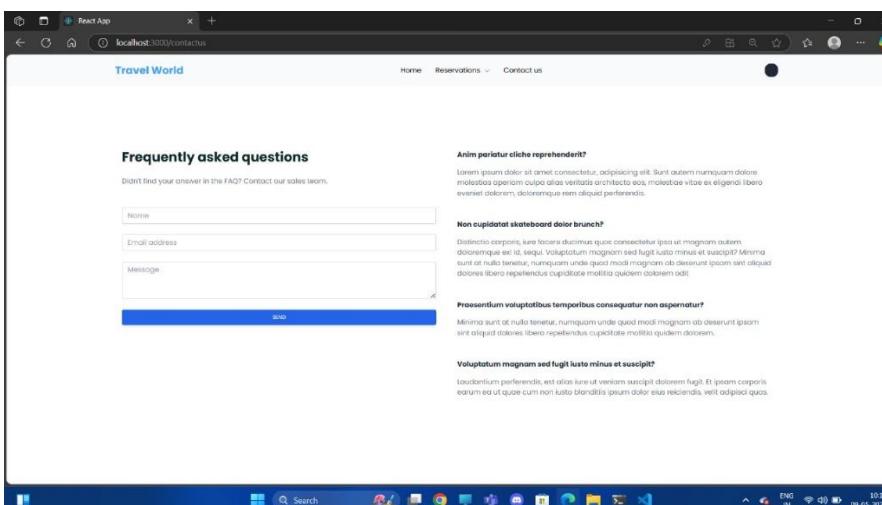
8.5 Vehicle Booking



8.6 Reset Password



8.7 Contact us



9.CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

9.1 Conclusion

Travel World tours and travels website offers an up-to-date, effective, and customer-friendly interface to customers to search, book, and manage tour packages. Built on the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, React.js, Node.js), the system features a responsive frontend interface, secure backend services and a flexible database structure. Users can search and book a detailed tour with payment integration and interact with real-time dynamic content. Admin users enjoy a useful dashboard for handling tours, bookings and customer apps.

This project seems to solve the key issues on the side of the travelers and the service providers helping simplify the travel booking, and enhance the general availability and convenience.

9.2 Future Enhancements

For additional improvement of the system and the fulfillment of increased user expectations, it is proposed to implement the following future changes:

- **AI-Powered Tour Recommendations:** Embed machine learning to recommend custom tour packages according to people's history, preferences and seasonal trends.
- **Progressive Web App (PWA):** Support Make offline capabilities possible and mobile app-like behavior, which will increase usability in particular to frequent travelers.
- **Multi-Language & Multi-Currency:** Support Integrate translation ability for language and the currency conversion in order to reach the international audience, and increase the scope of its expansion.
- **Voice Search Functionality:** Integrate voice enabled search to increase the interaction of visually impaired users and mobile usability.
- **Dynamic Pricing Engine Automatically:** change tour price depending on demand, availability, season and user location to increase sales and competitiveness.
- **Travel Insurance and Visa Services:** Partner with third party provider to deliver the travel insurance and visa processing as a part of the booking flow.
- **Augmented Reality (AR) Tour Previews:** Give the customers the ability to look through destinations and accommodations virtually prior to booking them.
- **Loyalty & Referral Program:** Introduce the reward point system and referral incentives to enhance user retention as well as the activity level of the platform.

By bringing in these upgrades, Travel World can metamorphose into a smart, scalable travel management ecosystem that gives the users a smooth and enhanced experience planning their travels.

10. BIBLIOGRAPHY

- **Sharma, R. K. (2020).** *Web application development using MERN stack.* New Delhi: Khanna Publishers.
- **Gupta, S., & Mehta, A. (2019).** *E-commerce technologies and applications.* Mumbai: Tech Knowledge Publications.
- **Ministry of Tourism, Government of India. (2023).** *Incredible India.* Retrieved from <https://www.incredibleindia.org/>.
- Taneja, M. (2022). Digital marketing strategies for travel businesses in India. *Journal of Business and Tourism*, 8(2), 34–42.
- **India Brand Equity Foundation (IBEF). (2023).** *Tourism and Hospitality Industry Report.* Retrieved from <https://www.ibef.org>
- **Verma, P., & Singh, D. (2022).** *Adoption of MERN stack for scalable web applications.* *International Journal of Web Engineering*, 5(3), 45–52.
- **Bhatia, A. (2021).** *Full-Stack Web Development with MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js.* Bengaluru: Tech Press.
- **Joshi, V., & Patel, R. (2020).** *E-commerce Concepts and Applications.* Pune: Nirali Prakashan.
- **Desai, K. (2021).** *Modern Web Development: Full Stack with JavaScript.* New Delhi: BPB Publications.
- **Reddy, S., & Kapoor, A. (2021).** *Leveraging digital marketing in the Indian travel sector.* *Journal of Tourism Research and Applications*, 6(1), 12–25.
- **Sharma, N. (2020).** *Role of web technologies in the growth of Indian e-commerce.* *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 177(25), 22–27.