Installation and Resource Downloads

```
!pip install nltk
Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.9.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk) (8.2.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk) (1.5.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk) (2024.11.6)
     Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk) (4.67.1)
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
                            # For tokenization
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger') # For POS tagging
nltk.download('stopwords') # For stopwords
nltk.download('wordnet')
                            # For lemmatization
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
     [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
     [nltk_data]
                    /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Unzipping taggers/averaged_perceptron_tagger.zip.
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
     [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
Tokenization
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
import nltk
# Download the punkt resource if not already present
   nltk.data.find('tokenizers/punkt/english.pickle')
except nltk.downloader.DownloadError:
   nltk.download('punkt')
text = "NLTK is a leading platform for building Python programs to work with human language data."
tokens = word_tokenize(text)
print(tokens)
```

```
LookupError
                                                Traceback (most recent call last)
     /tmp/ipython-input-7-2011016556.py in <cell line: 0>()
          11 text = "NLTK is a leading platform for building Python programs to work with human language data."
     ---> 12 tokens = word_tokenize(text)
          13 print(tokens)
                                         💲 5 frames -
     /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/nltk/data.py in find(resource_name, paths)
                 sep = "*" * 70
         577
         578
                 resource_not_found = f"\n{sep}\n{msg}\n{sep}\n"
                 raise LookupError(resource_not_found)
     --> 579
         580
         581
     LookupError:
                    ******************
       Resource punkt tab not found.
       Please use the NLTK Downloader to obtain the resource:
       >>> import nltk
       >>> nltk.download('punkt_tab')
       For more information see: <a href="https://www.nltk.org/data.html">https://www.nltk.org/data.html</a>
       Attempted to load tokenizers/punkt_tab/english/
       Searched in:
         - '/root/nltk_data'
- '/usr/nltk_data'
         - '/usr/share/nltk_data'
         - '/usr/lib/nltk data
         - '/usr/share/nltk_data'
         - '/usr/local/share/nltk_data'
         - '/usr/lib/nltk_data
         - '/usr/local/lib/nltk_data'
 Next steps: ( Explain error
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize, word_tokenize
# Download the punkt resource if not already present
    nltk.data.find('tokenizers/punkt/english.pickle')
except Exception:
    nltk.download('punkt')
# Attempt to download punkt_tab as suggested by the error
    nltk.data.find('tokenizers/punkt_tab/english/punkt_tab.p') # Adjusted path based on common resource naming
except Exception:
    nltk.download('punkt tab')
text = "NLTK is a leading platform for building Python programs to work with human language data."
# Tokenize into sentences first
sentences = sent_tokenize(text)
# Tokenize each sentence into words
tokens = [word_tokenize(sent) for sent in sentences]
print(tokens)
     [['NLTK', 'is', 'a', 'leading', 'platform', 'for', 'building', 'Python', 'programs', 'to', 'work', 'with', 'human', 'language', 'data',
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt_tab to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt_tab.zip.
```

Explanation: Splits the text into words and punctuation marks (tokens), supporting downstream text analysis tasks.

Sentence Segmentation

except Exception:

nltk.download('maxent_ne_chunker_tab')

tokens = word_tokenize(sentence)
pos_tags = nltk.pos_tag(tokens)
ner_tree = nltk.ne_chunk(pos_tags)

sentence = "Apple is looking at buying U.K. startup for \$1 billion."

from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize

```
text = "NLP enables machines to use language. It is a rapidly evolving field."
sentences = sent_tokenize(text)
print(sentences)
['NLP enables machines to use language.', 'It is a rapidly evolving field.']
Explanation: Breaks the text into individual sentences for processing and analysis.
Part-of-Speech (POS) Tagging
import nltk
tokens = word_tokenize("NLTK processes text efficiently.")
pos_tags = nltk.pos_tag(tokens)
print(pos_tags)
    [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng to
                    /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk data]
     [nltk_data]
                  Unzipping taggers/averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng.zip.
     [('NLTK', 'NNP'), ('processes', 'VBZ'), ('text', 'RB'), ('efficiently', 'RB'), ('.', '.')]
Explanation: Assigns grammatical categories (e.g., noun, verb) to each token.
Lemmatization
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
tokens = word_tokenize("The leaves are falling.")
lemmas = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(token) for token in tokens]
print(lemmas)
→ ['The', 'leaf', 'are', 'falling', '.']
Explanation: Converts words to their base form (e.g., "leaves" → "leaf", "falling" → "fall").
Named Entity Recognition (NER)
♦ Gemini
 import nltk
 from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
 # Download the words corpus if not already present
     nltk.data.find('corpora/words')
 except Exception:
     nltk.download('words')
 # Download the maxent_ne_chunker resource if not already present (previous fixes)
     nltk.data.find('chunkers/maxent_ne_chunker/english.pickle')
 except Exception:
     nltk.download('maxent_ne_chunker')
 # Download the maxent_ne_chunker_tab resource if not already present (previous fixes attempt)
     nltk.data.find('chunkers/maxent_ne_chunker_tab/english_ace_multiclass.pickle')
```

```
print(ner tree)
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/words.zip.
    [nltk_data] Downloading package maxent_ne_chunker to
    [nltk_data]
                 /root/nltk_data...
   [nltk_data] Unzipping chunkers/maxent_ne_chunker.zip.
    [nltk_data] Downloading package maxent_ne_chunker_tab to
                 /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data]
    [nltk_data]
               Package maxent_ne_chunker_tab is already up-to-date!
    (S
     (GPE Apple/NNP)
     is/VBZ
     looking/VBG
     at/IN
     buying/VBG
     U.K./NNP
     startup/NN
     for/IN
     $/$
     1/CD
     billion/CD
     ./.)
```

Explanation: Identifies persons, organizations, locations, and other entities in the text.

Stop Word Detection

Explanation: Removes common, low-meaning words (e.g., "is", "a", "the") to focus analysis on meaningful content.

Stemming

```
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer

stemmer = PorterStemmer()
tokens = word_tokenize("The leaves are falling.")

stems = [stemmer.stem(token) for token in tokens]
print(stems)

...
['the', 'leav', 'are', 'fall', '.']
```

Explanation: Reduces words to their root form, though not always a valid dictionary term (e.g., "falling" \rightarrow "fall", "leaves" \rightarrow "leav").

Dependency Parsing NLTK does not provide built-in dependency parsing like spaCy. For constituent parsing:

```
from nltk import CFG, ChartParser

# Example: parses require grammar and simple sentences
grammar = CFG.fromstring("""
S -> NP VP
NP -> DT NN
VP -> VB NP
DT -> 'the'
NN -> 'dog'
VB -> 'chased'
""""
```