



: Information and Communications Technology **Faculty**

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Travelling Salesman Problem (TSP)

Background

The travelling salesman problem(TSP) asks the following question: "Given a list of locations and the distance between each respective location, what is the shortest possible route that visits each location?". Our team decided to use 4 algorithms to tackle the problem: Nearest neighbour, Brute force, 2-Opt and Branch-and-Bound.

Abstract

The TSP is a problem that asks for the most efficient trajectory possible given a set of points and distances that must all be visited. Our team has implemented 4 algorithms in our application that is able to provide users with a visual representation on how the algorithms traverse through the nodes to find the optimal route. Additionally, the application is also able display the time taken and results. Based on our observation, the 4 algorithms take different duration from start to the end.

Algorithms

- Nearest Neighbour. An algorithm that selects the nearest unvisited location as its next move until all locations are visited.
- Brute Force. An algorithm that attempts all possible permutations and selects the best solution.
- 2-Opt. An algorithm that takes a route that crosses over itself and reorder it so that it does not intersect. It will compare every possible valid combination of the swapping mechanism to obtain an optimal solution.
- Branch-And-Bound. An algorithm that consists of a systematic enumeration of candidate solutions by means of state space search. the set of candidate solutions is thought of as forming a rooted tree with the full set at the root. The algorithm explores branches of this tree, which represent subsets of the solution set. Before enumerating the candidate solutions of a branch, the branch is checked against upper estimated bounds on the optimal solution and is discarded if it cannot produce a better solution than the best one found so far by the algorithm.

Application Visual Representation Time Complexity Time Complexity Performance Comparison With Base Address/Name Punggol Park 602 Bedok Reservoir Rd, Block 602, ... 10.00 Singapore 75 St John's Cres, Singapore 508149 10 Changi Coast Walk, Singapore 4... -10.00 51 Lily Ave, Singapore 277784 -20.00 -30.00 97 Bedok Ria Cres, Singapore 489913 -40.00 Sime Rd, Singapore Number Of Nodes Number Of Nodes Total Nodes: 6 Total Nodes: 6 Worst Case | Avg Case | Best Case Total Time: 0.43484s Algorithm Total Time: 19.39014s Total Distance: 35.16 Km Total Distance: 35.16 Km Nearest Neighbour O(n) O(n) O(n) Total Permutation: 4 Total Permutation: 24 Brute Force O(n!) O(n!) O(n!)Preview Speed: Default Normal Preview Speed: Default Normal O(1) Branch And Bound O(n!) Two Opt Brute Force $O(n^2)$ O(n^2) Two Opt O(n^2) Total Nodes: 6 Total Time: 1.01129s 23.0334s Total Distance: 35.16 Km Total Distance: 35.16 Km And Total Permutation: 4 Total Permutation: 24 Branch Preview Speed: Default Normal Preview Speed: Default Normal Branch And Bound Nearest Neighbour

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