

# **Data Analytics Cohort IV**

# **Excel Formulas Assignment 1**

# **Instructions**

- This assignment will help you practice essential Excel formulas for data analysis. You will work on SUM, COUNT, COUNTA, COUNTBLANK, AVERAGE, MIN, MAX, and IF functions using the provided dataset.
- 2. Open the Excel workbook provided. Each formula has a dedicated worksheet.
- 3. Read the business problems carefully and apply the correct Excel formula to find the answers.
- 4. Enter your answers in a new column next to the relevant data.
- 5. After completing all questions, save your workbook and submit it as per the given instructions.



#### **1. SUM**

- 1. Calculate the **total sales revenue** from all transactions.
- 2. Find the total quantity of products sold.
- 3. Compute the **total price** incurred in purchasing inventory.

#### 2. COUNT

- 1. Determine the **total number of transactions** recorded.
- 2. Count the **number of unique products** sold.
- 3. Count how many orders were made

#### 4. COUNTA

- 1. Count the number of **filled customer names** in the dataset.
- 2. Count the number of **products with recorded sales**.
- 3. Determine how many rows contain **non-empty revenue values**.

#### 4. COUNTBLANK

- 1. Identify how many orders have **missing customer names**.
- 2. Find the number of transactions where the **product field is empty**.
- 3. Count how many revenue values are missing from the dataset.

#### **5. AVERAGE**

1. Find the average revenue per transaction.



- 2. Compute the average quantity of products sold per order.
- 3. Determine the average unit price of sold products.

# **6. MIN**

- 1. Identify the **smallest order value** in the revenue column.
- 2. Find the **lowest quantity of items** sold in a single transaction.
- 3. Determine the **cheapest unit price** among all products.

# **7. MAX**

- 1. Identify the **largest order value** in the revenue column.
- 2. Find the highest quantity of items sold in a single transaction.
- 3. Determine the **most expensive unit price** among all products.

# 8. IF

- 1. Mark transactions as **"Profitable"** if revenue is greater than 500, otherwise "Not Profitable".
- 2. Label products as **"Bulk Order"** if the quantity sold is greater than 3, otherwise "Small Order".
- 3. Identify expensive products by labeling them **"High Value"** if unit price is above 100, otherwise "Low Value".