

Model Development Phase Template

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| Date | 20 June 2025 |
| Project Title | Rising water: A Machine Learning Approach to Flood Prediction |
| Maximum Marks | 5 Marks |

Feature Selection Report Template

In the forthcoming update, each feature will be accompanied by a brief description. Users will indicate whether it's selected or not, providing reasoning for their decision. This process will streamline decision-making and enhance transparency in feature selection.

| Feature | Description | Selected(Yes/No) | Reasoning |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Temp | Temperature (°C) | Yes | Temperature can influence evaporation and atmospheric pressure, affecting rainfall and flood dynamics. |
| Humidity | Humidity (%) | Yes | High humidity often correlates with increased rainfall and flood risks. |
| Cloud Cover | Cloud cover (%) | Yes | Indicates sky conditions; higher coverage may signal more rainfall and potential flooding. |

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|---------|---------------------------------------|-----|--|
| Jan-Feb | Rainfall during January-February (mm) | Yes | Early year rainfall can saturate soil, affecting its capacity to absorb future rain. |
| Mar-May | Rainfall during March-May (mm) | Yes | . Pre-monsoon rainfall can contribute to ground saturation, indirectly affecting flood risk. |
| Jun-Sep | Rainfall during June-September (mm) | Yes | Primary monsoon period—direct contributor to flooding events. |
| Oct-Dec | Rainfall during October-December (mm) | Yes | Post-monsoon rainfall can extend waterlogging or delayed flooding situations. |
| avgjune | Average rainfall in June (mm) | Yes | Early monsoon performance is a strong early indicator of flood likelihood. |
| sub | Sub-basin water accumulation | Yes | Indicates local water collection; high values increase flood probability. |
| flood | Flood occurrence (0: No, 1: Yes) | Yes | Target variable for classification—essential for model training and evaluation. |

