

## PRACTICAL - 8

**AIM:** Build PERT networks, estimate activity times, and calculate project durations and completion probabilities.

**Task:**

- Consider a software development project with the following activities:  
 A: Define Requirements, B: Design Database, C: Develop Frontend, D: Implement Backend, E: Perform Testing, F: Deployment  
 The dependencies are as follows:  
 A depends on nothing, B depends on A, C depends on A, D depends on B and C, E depends on D, F depends on E,  
 Construct a PERT network diagram for this project.  
 Consider the following PERT estimates for a software development project:  
 Activity A: Optimistic Time = 2 weeks, Most Likely Time = 4 weeks, Pessimistic Time = 6 days  
 Activity B: Optimistic Time = 3 weeks, Most Likely Time = 5 weeks, Pessimistic Time = 7 days  
 Activity C: Optimistic Time = 3 weeks, Most Likely Time = 6 weeks, Pessimistic Time = 9 days  
 Activity D: Optimistic Time = 4 weeks, Most Likely Time = 7 weeks, Pessimistic Time = 10 days  
 Activity E: Optimistic Time = 2 weeks, Most Likely Time = 4 weeks, Pessimistic Time = 6 days  
 Activity F: Optimistic Time = 1 week, Most Likely Time = 2 weeks, Pessimistic Time = 3 days  
 Determine estimate activity times, and calculate project durations probabilities of completing the project within 14 weeks.

**Solution:**

**Team Details:**

Sr. No.	Enrolment no	Name
Team Leader	Yash Patel	202203103510228
Team Member 1	Gati Shah	202203103510261
Team Member 2	Angat Shah	202203103510097
Team Member 3	Fenil Shilodre	202203103510041
Team Member 4	Sarth Chaudhari	202303103510106

## Project Title : Airbnb System

### 1. PERT Time Estimation

Activity	Description	Optimistic (O)	Most Likely (M)	Pessimistic (P)
A	Requirement Analysis	4	5	6
B	UI/UX Design	6	8	10
C	Backend Development	8	10	12
D	Frontend Development	10	12	14
E	Payment Gateway Integration	5	6	7
F	Testing	6	8	10
G	Deployment	3	4	5

### 2. Calculation For Expected Time (TE) For Each Activity

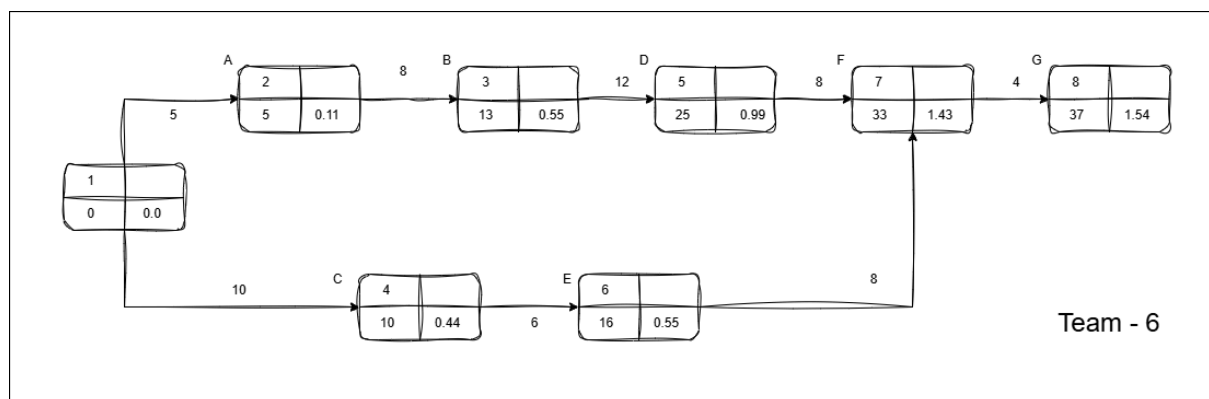
- PERT Formula for Expected Time :

$$TE = \frac{O + 4M + P}{6}$$

Activity	TE Calculation	Expected Time (TE)
A	$\frac{4 + 4(5) + 6}{6} = \frac{30}{6}$	5 Weeks
B	$\frac{6 + 4(8) + 10}{6} = \frac{48}{6}$	8 Weeks

C	$\frac{8 + 4(10) + 12}{6} = \frac{60}{6}$	<b>10 Weeks</b>
D	$\frac{10 + 4(12) + 14}{6} = \frac{72}{6}$	<b>12 Weeks</b>
E	$\frac{5 + 4(6) + 7}{6} = \frac{36}{6}$	<b>6 Weeks</b>
F	$\frac{6 + 4(8) + 10}{6} = \frac{48}{6}$	<b>8 Weeks</b>
G	$\frac{3 + 4(4) + 5}{6} = \frac{24}{6}$	<b>4 Weeks</b>

### 3. Critical Path Analysis (PERT)



PERT Network

- From CPM, the **critical path** : **A → B → D → F → G**
- Total duration = 5 + 8 + 12 + 8 + 4 = **37 weeks**

(No change from CPM since, TE = original durations.)

### 4. Probability of Completing Project in 35 Weeks

- **Step 1:** Variance ( $\sigma^2$ ) for Critical Path Activities Calculation

The Formula for Variance :

$$\sigma^2 = \left( \frac{P - O}{6} \right)^2$$

Activity	P - O	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$
A	6 - 4 = 2	$\left(\frac{2}{6}\right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.111}$	0.33
B	10 - 6 = 4	$\left(\frac{4}{6}\right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
D	14 - 10 = 4	$\left(\frac{4}{6}\right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
F	10 - 6 = 4	$\left(\frac{4}{6}\right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
G	5 - 3 = 2	$\left(\frac{2}{6}\right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.111}$	0.33

**Total Variance ( $\Sigma\sigma^2$ )** = 0.111 + 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.111 = **1.554**

- **Step 2:** Calculation for Standard Deviation ( $\sigma$ )

$$\sigma = \sqrt{1.554} \approx 1.25 \text{ Weeks}$$

- **Step 3:** Computing Z-Score for 35 Weeks

$$Z = \frac{T - TE}{\sigma} = \frac{35 - 37}{1.25} = -1.6$$

- **Step 4:** Find Probability from Z-Table

From the standard normal distribution table,

<b>Z</b>	0.00
<b>-1.6</b>	.05480

A z-score of **-1.6** corresponds to a **~ 5.5% probability**.

*This makes sense because 35 weeks is **2 weeks shorter** than the expected 37-week duration and the variance is relatively low.*

## 5. Probability of Completing Project in 39 Weeks

- **Step 1:** Variance ( $\sigma^2$ ) for Critical Path Activities Calculation

The Formula for Variance :

$$\sigma^2 = \left( \frac{P - O}{6} \right)^2$$

Activity	P - O	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$
A	6 - 4 = 2	$\left( \frac{2}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.111}$	0.33
B	10 - 6 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
D	14 - 10 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
F	10 - 6 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
G	5 - 3 = 2	$\left( \frac{2}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.111}$	0.33

$$\text{Total Variance } (\Sigma\sigma^2) = 0.111 + 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.111 = \mathbf{1.554}$$

- **Step 2:** Calculation for Standard Deviation ( $\sigma$ )

$$\sigma = \sqrt{1.554} \approx 1.25 \text{ Weeks}$$

- **Step 3:** Computing Z-Score for 35 Weeks

$$Z = \frac{T - TE}{\sigma} = \frac{39 - 37}{1.25} = 1.6$$

- **Step 4:** Find Probability from Z-Table

From the standard normal distribution table,

<b>Z</b>	0.00
<b>1.6</b>	.94520

A z-score of **1.6** corresponds to a **~ 94.5% probability**.

*This makes sense because 39 weeks is **2 weeks longer** than the expected 37-week duration and the variance is relatively high.*

## Project Title : Farfetch E-commerce System

### 1. PERT Time Estimation

Activity	Description	Optimistic (O)	Most Likely (M)	Pessimistic (P)
A	Requirement Analysis	5	6	7
B	Product Catalog Design	6	7	8
C	Recommendation Engine Dev	12	14	16
D	Payment Gateway Integration	8	10	12
E	UI/UX Design	7	8	9
F	Frontend & Backend Development	16	18	20
G	Testing	10	12	14
H	Deployment	4	5	6

### 2. Calculation For Expected Time (TE) For Each Activity

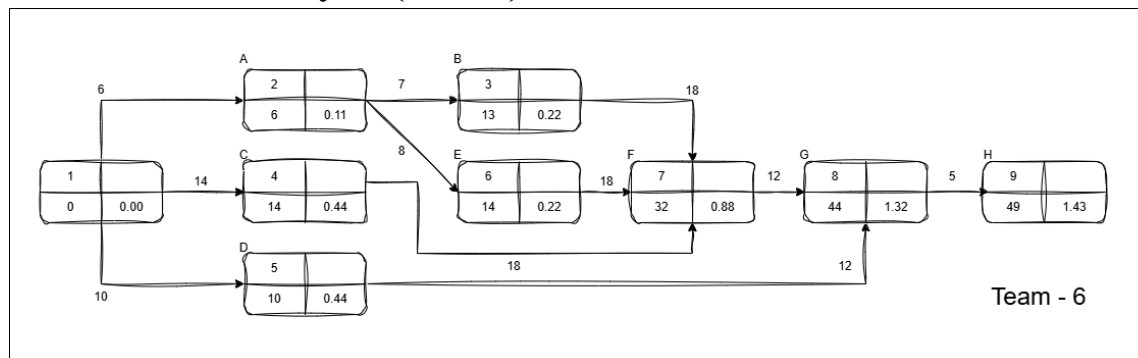
- PERT Formula for Expected Time :

$$TE = \frac{O + 4M + P}{6}$$

Activity	TE Calculation	Expected Time (TE)
A	$\frac{5 + 4(6) + 7}{6} = \frac{36}{6}$	<b>6 Weeks</b>

B	$\frac{6 + 4(7) + 8}{6} = \frac{42}{6}$	<b>7 Weeks</b>
C	$\frac{12 + 4(14) + 16}{6} = \frac{84}{6}$	<b>14 Weeks</b>
D	$\frac{8 + 4(10) + 12}{6} = \frac{60}{6}$	<b>10 Weeks</b>
E	$\frac{7 + 4(8) + 9}{6} = \frac{48}{6}$	<b>8 Weeks</b>
F	$\frac{16 + 4(18) + 20}{6} = \frac{108}{6}$	<b>18 Weeks</b>
G	$\frac{10 + 4(12) + 14}{6} = \frac{72}{6}$	<b>12 Weeks</b>
H	$\frac{4 + 4(5) + 6}{6} = \frac{30}{6}$	<b>5 Weeks</b>

### 3. Critical Path Analysis (PERT)



PERT Network

- From CPM, the **critical path** is: **C → F → G → H**
- Total duration = 6 + 14 + 8 + 18 + 12 + 5 = **49 weeks**.

(Non-critical activities like B and D have slack and won't delay the project.)

### 4. Probability of Completing Project in 48 Weeks

- **Step 1:** Variance ( $\sigma^2$ ) for Critical Path Activities Calculation

The Formula for Variance :

$$\sigma^2 = \left( \frac{P - O}{6} \right)^2$$

Activity	P - O	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$
C	16 - 12 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
F	20 - 16 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
G	14 - 10 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
H	6 - 4 = 2	$\left( \frac{2}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.111}$	0.33

$$\text{Total Variance } (\Sigma\sigma^2) = 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.111 = \mathbf{1.443}$$

- **Step 2:** Calculation for Standard Deviation ( $\sigma$ )

$$\sigma = \sqrt{1.443} \approx 1.20 \text{ Weeks}$$

- **Step 3:** Computing Z-Score for 35 Weeks

$$Z = \frac{T - TE}{\sigma} = \frac{48 - 49}{1.20} = -0.83$$

- **Step 4:** Find Probability from Z-Table

From the standard normal distribution table,

<b>Z</b>	0.03
<b>- 0.8</b>	.20327

A z-score of - **0.83** corresponds to a ~ **20.3 % probability**.

*This makes sense because 48 weeks is **1 week shorter** than the expected 49-week duration and the variance is relatively low.*

## 5. Probability of Completing Project in 50 Weeks

- **Step 1:** Variance ( $\sigma^2$ ) for Critical Path Activities Calculation



The Formula for Variance :

$$\sigma^2 = \left( \frac{P - O}{6} \right)^2$$

Activity	P - O	$\sigma^2$	$\sigma$
C	16 - 12 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
F	20 - 16 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
G	14 - 10 = 4	$\left( \frac{4}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.444}$	0.67
H	6 - 4 = 2	$\left( \frac{2}{6} \right)^2 \approx \mathbf{0.111}$	0.33

$$\text{Total Variance } (\Sigma\sigma^2) = 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.444 + 0.111 = \mathbf{1.443}$$

- **Step 2:** Calculation for Standard Deviation ( $\sigma$ )

$$\sigma = \sqrt{1.443} \approx 1.20 \text{ Weeks}$$

- **Step 3:** Computing Z-Score for 35 Weeks

$$Z = \frac{T - TE}{\sigma} = \frac{50 - 49}{1.20} = 0.83$$

- **Step 4:** Find Probability from Z-Table

From the standard normal distribution table,

<b>Z</b>	0.03
<b>0.8</b>	0.79673

A z-score of **0.83** corresponds to a **~ 79.7% probability**.

*This makes sense because 50 weeks is **1 week longer** than the expected 49-week duration and the variance is relatively high.*

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