

$$H = V + \lambda f + \lambda_{n+1} \{ g^a H/g \}$$

$$(N1)$$

$$g \geq 0$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = u \quad \text{opt. norm}$$

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_f} \frac{1}{2} (x_1^2 + u^2) dt$$

$$t_0 \quad |x_2| \leq 3$$

$$g_1 = 3 + x_2$$

$$|u| = 1$$

$$g_2 = 3 - x_2$$

$$H = \frac{1}{2} (x_1^2 + u^2) + \lambda_1 x_2 + \lambda_2 u + \lambda_3 (3 + x_2)^2$$

$$+ H(3 + x_2) + (3 - x_2)^2 \cdot H(3 - x_2)$$

$$g \geq 0$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = u$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = (3 + x_2)^2 \cdot H(3 + x_2)$$

$$\dot{\lambda}_1 = -\lambda_1 - \lambda_3 (6 + 2x_2) \cdot H(3 + x_2) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (3 - x_2) \cdot H(3 - x_2)$$

$$\lambda_3 = - \frac{\partial H}{\partial x_3} =$$

$$\frac{\partial H}{\partial u} = u + \lambda_2 = 0 \quad u^* = -\lambda_2$$

$$\mathcal{H}(x^*, \lambda^*, u^*) \leq \mathcal{H}(x^*, \lambda^*, u)$$

при оптимальн. групп.

(1)

$$\left| \frac{1}{2}(u^*)^2 + 2\lambda_2 u^* \leq \frac{1}{2} u^2 + \lambda_2 u \right.$$

$$u^* = -\lambda_2$$

$$-1 \leq u \leq 1$$

$$u^* \in H = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -1, \lambda_2 \geq 0,2 \\ \lambda_2 \geq \frac{2}{10} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda_2^2 - 2\lambda_2 u \leq \frac{1}{2} \lambda_2^2 - 2\lambda_2 u$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} \lambda_2^2 \leq 0$$

$$-\frac{5}{2} \lambda_2 \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lambda_2 \geq \frac{2}{10}$$