LINQ

Language Integrated Query in Entity Framework Core

SoftUni Team Technical Trainers







Software University

https://softuni.bg

Have a Question?





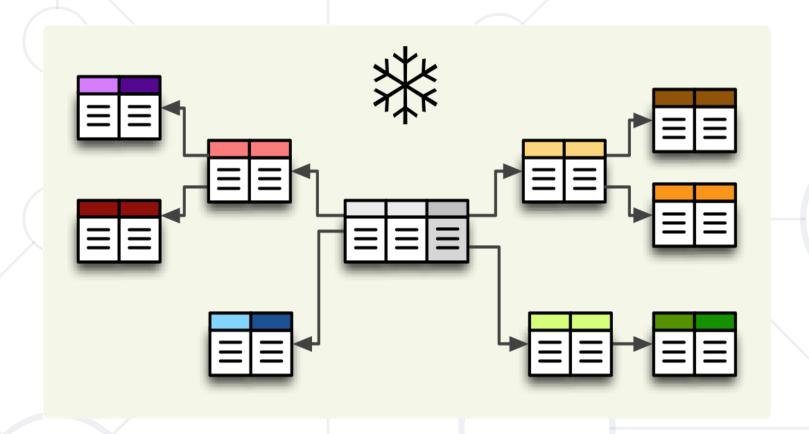
#csharp-db

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Filtering and Aggregating Tables

Select, Join and Group Data Using LINQ

Filtering



Where

- Selects values that are based on a predicate function
- Syntax

```
string[] words = { "the", "quick", "brown", "fox", "jumps" };

IEnumerable<string> query =
   words.Where(word => word.Length == 3);
```

Good Reasons to Use Select



- Limit network traffic by reducing the queried columns
- Syntax

```
var employeesWithTown = context
.Employees
.Select(employee => new
{
    EmployeeName = employee.FirstName,
    TownName = employee.Address.Town.Name
});
```

SQL Server Profiler

```
SELECT [employee].[FirstName] AS [EmployeeName], [employee.Address.Town].[Name] AS [TownName]
    FROM [Employees] AS [employee]
LEFT JOIN [Addresses] AS [employee.Address] ON [employee].[AddressID] = [employee.Address].[AddressID]
LEFT JOIN [Towns] AS [employee.Address.Town] ON [employee.Address].[TownID] =
    [employee.Address.Town].[TownID]
```

Good Reasons Not to Use Select



- Data that is selected is not of the initial entity type
 - Anonymous type, generated at runtime

```
[III] (local variable) System.Collections.Generic.List<'a> employeesWithTown
Anonymous Types:
'a is new { string EmployeeName, string TownName }
Local variable 'employeesWithTown' is never used
```

- Data cannot be modified (updated, deleted)
 - Entity is of a different type
 - Not associated with the context anymore

Aggregation



- Aggregate functions perform calculations on a set of input values and return a value
 - Average Calculates the average value of a collection of values
 - Count Counts the elements in a collection, optionally only those elements that satisfy a predicate function
 - Max and Min Determine the maximum and the minimum value in a collection
 - Sum Calculates the sum of the values in a collection

Joining Tables in EF: Using Join()



Join tables in EF with LINQ / extension methods on IEnumerable<T> (like when joining collections)

```
var employees =
  softUniEntities.Employees.Join(
    softUniEntities.Departments,
    (e => e.DepartmentID),
    (d => d.DepartmentID),
    (e, d) => new {
       Employee = e.FirstName,
       JobTitle = e.JobTitle,
       Department = d.Name
    }
);
```

Grouping Tables in EF



- Grouping also can be done by LINQ
 - The same way as with collections in LINQ
- Grouping with LINQ

```
var groupedEmployees =
  from employee in softUniEntities.Employees
  group employee by employee.JobTitle;
```

Grouping with extension methods

```
var groupedCustomers = softUniEntities.Employees
   .GroupBy(employee => employee.JobTitle);
```

SelectMany – Example



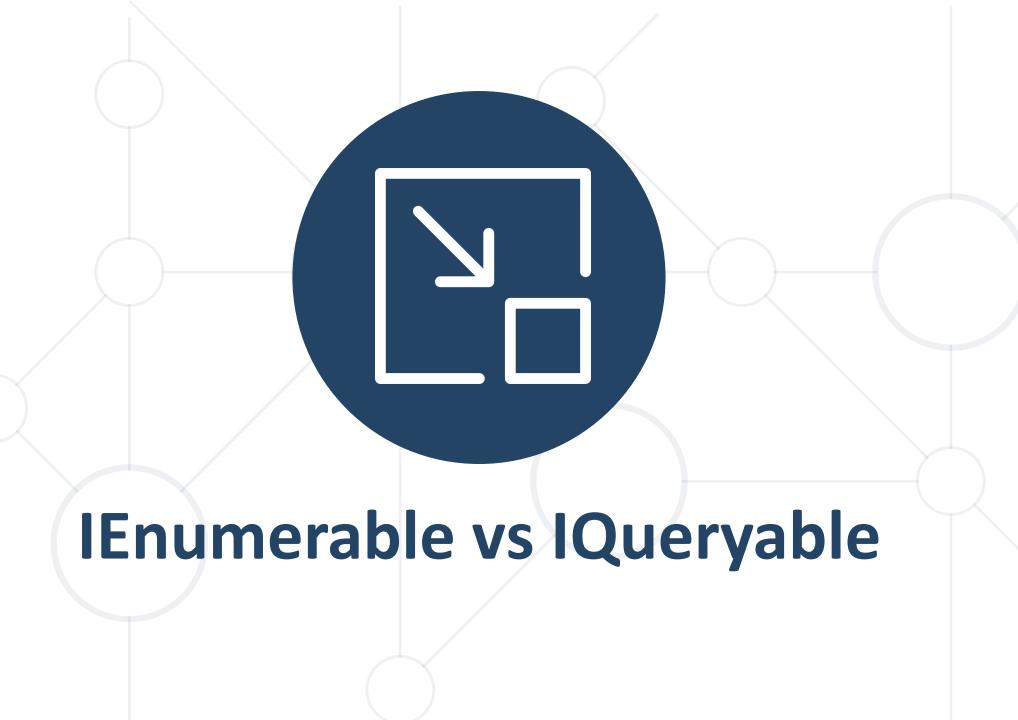
```
public class PhoneNumber
{
    public string Number { get; set; }
}
```

```
public class Person
{
    public IEnumerable<PhoneNumber> PhoneNumbers { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
}
```

SelectMany – Example



```
IEnumerable<Person> people = new List<Person>();
// "Select" gets a list of lists of phone numbers
IEnumerable<IEnumerable<PhoneNumber>> phoneLists =
                people.Select(p => p.PhoneNumbers);
// "SelectMany" flattens it to just a list of phone numbers
IEnumerable<PhoneNumber> phoneNumbers =
                people.SelectMany(p => p.PhoneNumbers);
// To include data from the parent in the result pass an expression
// to the second parameter (resultSelector) in the overload
var directory = people.SelectMany(p => p.PhoneNumbers,
(parent, child) => new { parent.Name, child.Number });
```



IEnumerable<T>



- IEnumerable<T> is an interface that is available in the System.Collection.Generic namespace
- Implementation of the Iterator design pattern
- IEnumerable or IEnumerable<T> interface should be used only for in-memory data objects
- LINQ methods over IEnumerable<T> use Func<> parameters

IQueryable<T>



- IQueryable<T> is an interface and it is available in System.Linq
- Provides functionality to evaluate queries against a specific
 data source where the type of the data may not be specified
- The IQueryable interface is intended for implementation by query providers
- LINQ methods over IQueryable<T> use
 Expression<Func<>> parameters (expression trees)
 - Entity Framework can convert expression trees directly into SQL

Differences Between IEnumerable and IQueryable



- IEnumerable<T>
 - System.Collections.Generic
 - Base type for almost all .NET collections
 - LINQ methods works with Func<>
 - Good for in-memory data

- IQueryable<T>
 - System.Linq namespace
 - Derives the base interface from IEnumerable<T>
 - LINQ methods works with Expression<Func<>>>
 - Good for queries over data stores such as databases



Simplifying Models

Result Models



- Select(), GroupBy() can work with custom classes
 - Allow you to pass them to methods and use them as a return type
 - Require some extra code (class definition)
- Sample Result Model

```
public class UserResultModel
{
  public string FullName { get; set; }
  public string Age { get; set; }
}
```

Result Models



Assign the fields as you would with an anonymous object

```
var currentUser = context.Users
.Where(u => u.Id == 8)
.Select(u => new UserResultModel
{
   FullName = u.FirstName + " " + u.LastName,
   Age = u.Age
})
.SingleOrDefault();
```

The new type can be used in a method signature

```
public UserResultModel GetUserInfo(int Id) { ... }
```

Summary



- LINQ
 - Filtering, Aggregation, SelectMany, Joins
- IEnumerable
- IQueryable
- Differences between IEnumerable and IQueryable
- Result Models





Questions?



















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