

### 3.3.5 EJERCICIOS

2. Dados los tensores:

$$R_j^i = \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad T_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ 2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{ij} = g_{ji} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Encuentre:

(a) La parte simétrica  $S_j^i$  y antisimétrica  $A_j^i$  de  $R_j^i$ .

◦ SIMÉTRICA

$$\begin{aligned} S_j^i &= \frac{1}{2} (R_{ij} + R_{ji}) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 2 & 7/2 \\ 1 & 5/2 & 4 \\ 3/2 & 3 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

◦ ANTISIMÉTRICA

$$\begin{aligned} A_j^i &= \frac{1}{2} (R_{ij} - R_{ji}) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 2 & 7/2 \\ 1 & 5/2 & 4 \\ 3/2 & 3 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

(b)  $R_{kj} = g_{ik} R_j^i$ ,  $R^{ki} = g^{jk} R_j^i$ ,  $T_j = g_{ij} T^i$   
¿Qué se concluye de estos cálculos?

$$\begin{aligned} \circ R_{kj} &= (g_{ik})(R_j^i) = (\overline{g_{ki}})(R_j^i) \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ -2 & -5/2 & -3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \circ R^{ki} &= (g_{jk})(R_{ij}) = (R_{ij})(g_{jk}) \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 3/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & -1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & -5/2 & 3 \\ 3/2 & -4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \circ T_j &= (g_{ij})(T^i) = (T^i)(g_{ij}) \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 1 & 5/3 \\ 2/3 & 5/3 & 1 \\ 1/3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & -2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

→ Componentes covariantes y contravariantes del tensor R ;  
componente covariante del tensor T.

$$(c) R^i_j T_i, R^i_j T^j, R^i_j T_i T^j$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \circ R^i_j T_i &= (R_{ij})(T_i) = (T_i)(R_{ij}) = T_i R^i_j \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 3/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \circ R^i_j T^j &= (R_{ij})(T^j) \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 3/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \circ R^i_j T_i T^j &= (R_{ij})(T_i)(T_j) = (T_i)(R_{ij})(T_j) = T_i R^i_j T^j \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 3/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \frac{14}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(d) R_j^i S_i^j, R_j^i A_i^j, A_i^j T_i^j, A_i^j T_i^j T_j^i$$

$$\circ R_j^i S_i^j = (R_{ij})(S_{ji})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 17 & 23 \\ 49/2 & 79/2 & 109/2 \\ 38 & 62 & 86 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ R_j^i A_i^j = (R_{ij})(A_{ji})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1 & 3/2 \\ 2 & 5/2 & 3 \\ 7/2 & 4 & 9/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -1 & 2 \\ -17/2 & -1 & 13/2 \\ -13 & -1 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ A_i^j T_i^j = (A_{ji})(T_i^j)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ 2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ A_i^j T_i^j T_j^i = (A_{ji})(T_i^j)(T_j^i) = (T_j^i)(A_{ji})(T_i^j)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & -2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ 2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & -2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{7}{3}$$

$$(e) R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i R_i^j, (R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i R_i^j) T_i^j, (R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i R_i^j) T_i^j T_j^i \quad g_{ik} g^{kj} + \delta_i^j$$

$$\circ R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i R_i^j = R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i (g_{ik} R^{ik})$$

$$= R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i (g_{ik} g^{il} R_l^k)$$

$$= R_j^i - 2 \delta_j^i \delta_k^k R_i^k$$

$$= R_j^i - 2 \delta_k^k R_i^k$$

$$= R_j^i - 2 R_j^i$$

$$= -R_j^i$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 & -1 & -3/2 \\ -2 & -5/2 & -3 \\ -7/2 & -4 & -9/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ (R_j^i - 2\delta_j^i R^i) T_i = (R_j^i - 2g_{ji} g^{ii} R^i) T_i = T_i [R_{ij} - 2g_{ji} R^{ii} g_{ii}]$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 & -1 & -3/2 \\ -2 & -5/2 & -3 \\ -7/2 & -4 & -9/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -6 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ (R_j^i - 2\delta_j^i R^i) T_i T^j = (R_j^i - 2g_{ji} g^{ii} R^i) T_i T^j = T_i [R_{ij} - 2g_{ji} R^{ii} g_{ii}] T_j$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 & -1 & -3/2 \\ -2 & -5/2 & -3 \\ -7/2 & -4 & -9/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 34/3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{14}{3}$$