Bugged Coders

1 Data sctrucutres

1.1 Segment tree

```
int nums[]=\{1,3,4,5,7\};
   struct segmentTree{
       int 1, r,sum;
3
       segmentTree *nodeLeft,*nodeRight;
4
       segmentTree(int a, int b){
5
           1=a:
           r=b:
           int m=(1+r)/2;
           if(1!=r){
9
                nodeLeft=new segmentTree(1,m);
10
                nodeRight=new segmentTree(m+1,r);
11
                sum=nodeLeft->sum+nodeRight->sum;
12
13
           else sum=nums[1];
14
       }
15
       int query(int a, int b){
16
           if(b<1 || a>r) return 0;
17
           if(a<=1 && r<=b) return sum;
18
           return nodeLeft->query(a,b)+nodeRight->query(a,b);
19
       }
20
       void update(int pos, int v){
21
           if(1!=r){
22
                int m=(1+r)/2;
23
                if(pos<=m) nodeLeft->update(pos,v);
24
                else nodeRight->update(pos,v);
25
                sum=nodeLeft->sum+nodeRight->sum;
26
27
           else sum=v;
28
29
30 };
```

1.2 Segment tree- Lazzy Propagation

```
int nums[]={1,3,5,7,9,11};
struct segmentTree{
```

```
int 1, r,sum,lazy;
3
       segmentTree *nodeLeft,*nodeRight;
4
       segmentTree(int a, int b){
5
           1=a;
6
           r=b;
           int m=(1+r)/2;
           lazy=0;
           if(1!=r){
                nodeLeft=new segmentTree(1,m);
11
                nodeRight=new segmentTree(m+1,r);
                sum=nodeLeft->sum+nodeRight->sum;
13
14
           else sum=nums[1];
15
       }
16
       int query(int a, int b){
17
           if(nodeLeft!=nullptr && lazy!=0) nodeLeft->lazy=lazy;
18
           if(nodeRight!=nullptr && lazy!=0) nodeRight->lazy=lazy;
19
           sum+=(r-l+1)*lazy;lazy=0;
20
           if(b<1 || a>r) return 0:
21
           if(a<=l && r<=b) return sum;
           return nodeLeft->query(a,b)+nodeRight->query(a,b);
23
24
       int update(int a, int b, int v){
25
           int increment=0;
26
           if(b<l || a>r) return 0;
27
           if(a<=l && r<=b){
28
                if(nodeLeft!=nullptr) nodeLeft->lazy+=lazy;
29
                if(nodeRight!=nullptr) nodeRight->lazy+=lazy;
30
                increment=(r-l+1)*v;
31
                sum+=increment:
32
                return increment;
33
34
           increment=nodeLeft->update(a,b,v)+nodeRight->update(a,b,v);
35
           sum+=increment:
36
           return increment:
37
38
39 };
```

1.3 Disjoin Set

//Se usa para detectar cyclos en un grafo no dirigido convexo & en el
algoritmo de Krustal.
vector<pair<int,int>>ds;

```
3 | void init(int n){
       ds.assign(n+1, \{-1,0\});
   }
5
   int find(int x){
6
       if(-1==ds[x].first) return x;
       return ds[x].first=find(ds[x].first);
8
9
   bool unionDs(int x, int y){
10
       int px=find(x),py=find(y);
11
       int &rx=ds[px].second,&ry=ds[py].second;
12
       if(px==py) return false;
13
       else{
14
           if(rx>ry) ds[py].first=px;
15
           else{
16
                ds[px].first=py;
17
                if(rx==ry) ry+=1;
18
           }
19
       }
20
       return true:
21
22 }
```

1.4 Sparce Table

```
//Se usa para RMQ porque se puede hacer en O(1), no acepta updates
   vector<int>lg;
   vector<vector<int>>st;
   int *nums:
   void init(int n){
5
       int logn=(int) log2(n)+1;
6
       lg.assign(n+1,0);
7
       st.assign(logn,vector<int>(n+1));
8
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) st[0][i]=nums[i];</pre>
9
       lg[1]=0;
10
       for(int i=2;i<=n;i++) lg[i]=lg[i/2]+1;
11
       for(int i=1;i<logn;i++)</pre>
12
           for(int j=0; j+(1<<i)<n; j++)st[i][j]=min(st[i-1][j],st[i-1][j</pre>
13
                +(1<<(i-1))]);
14
   int query(int a,int b){
15
        int logn=lg[(b-a+1)];
16
       cout<<st[logn][a]<<endl;</pre>
17
       return min(st[logn][a],st[logn][b-(1<<logn)+1]);</pre>
18
19 }
```

1.5 Treap

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
   typedef struct Node *pitem;
   struct Node{
       int x,y;
       pitem l,r;
       Node(int v) x(v),y(rand()),l(nullptr),r(nullptr);
   };
 8
   vector<int> rank;//1)optiona 2)intialize this array n+1
   pair<pitem, pitem> split(pitem root, int value){
       pitem b=root->r;
       if(!root) return {nullptr,nullptr};
       if(root->x==value){
            pitem b=root->r;
14
            root->r=nullptr;
15
       }
16
       else{
17
            if(root->x>value) return split(root->1,value);
18
           else return split(root->r,value);
19
20
       return {root,b};
21
22
   void leftRotation(pitem x,int value){
23
       pitem y,a,b,c;
24
       tie(x,y)=split(x,value);
       tie(y,c)=split(y,y->y);
26
       a=x->1;b=y->1;
27
       x->r=c;x->l=v;
28
       y->l=a;y->r=b;
29
       swap(x->x,y->x);swap(x->y,y->y);
30
31
   void rightRotation(pitem x,int value){
32
       pitem y=x->l,a,b,c;
33
       tie(x,c)=split(x,value);
34
       tie(y,b)=split(y,y->y);
35
       a=y->1;
36
       x->r=y;
37
       y->l=b;y->r=c;
38
       x->l=a:
39
       swap(x->x,y->x);swap(x->y,y->y);
40
41 }
```

```
void insert(pitem root,int value){
       if(!root){
43
           root=new Node(value);
44
           return;
45
       }
46
       insert((root->x>value?root->1,root->r),value);
47
       if(root->l && root->l->y>root->y) leftRotation(root,root->y);
48
       if(root->r && root->r->y>root->y) leftRotation(root,root->y);
49
50
   //optional
51
   int dfs(pitem root){
52
       if(root->1) rank[root->x]+=dfs(root->1);
53
       if(root->r) rank[root->x]+=dfs(root->r);
       return rank[root->x]+=1;
56 }
```

2 DP

2.1 Digit DP

```
1 | 11 dp[20][20][3];
2 | 11 n,k,d;
   vector<int>num;
   ll bk(int i, int len, int t){
       if(len>k) return 0;
5
       if(i==n){}
6
            if(len==k) return 1;
7
            return 0;
8
9
       11 &res=dp[i][len][t];
10
       if(res!=-1) return res;
11
       res=0;
12
       int tope;
13
       if(t==0) tope=num[i];
14
       else tope=9;
15
       for(int j=0; j<=tope; j++){</pre>
16
            int newt=t;
17
            int newlen=len:
18
            if(t==0 && j<tope) newt=1;
19
            if(d==j) newlen++;
20
            if(newlen<=k)res+=bk(i+1,newlen,newt);</pre>
21
       }
22
       return res;
23
```

```
24 }
   ll rep(int a){
       num.clear();
26
       while(a>0){
27
            num.push_back(a%10);
28
            a/=10;
29
30
       reverse(num.begin(),num.end());
31
       n=num.size();
32
       memset(dp,-1,sizeof(dp));
33
       return bk(0,0,0);
34
35 }
```

3 Graph

3.1 Krustal

```
1 // Este algoritmo sirve para buscar MST de un grafo convexo no dirigido
  vector<tuple<int,int,int>>edges;
   int n;m;
   //Insertar Disjoin set
   int krustal(){
       sort(edges.begin(),edges.end());
       int res=0;
       for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
           int c,a,b;
           tie(c,a,b)=edges[i];
           if(unionDs(a,b)==false) continue;
11
           else res+=c;
12
       }
13
       return res;
14
15 }
```

3.2 Kosaraju's (SCC)

```
//Sirve para encontrar los SCC
struct Kosaraju{
   int s;
   vector<vector<int>> g,gr;
   vector<int> visited,ids,topologic_sort;
   Kosaraju(int n){
       s=n;
       g.assign(n+1,vector<int>());
```

```
gr.assign(n+1,vector<int>());
                                                                                                s=n:
9
                                                                                     7
                                                                                                g.assign(n*2+1,vector<int>());
           visited.assign(n+1,0);
                                                                                     8
10
           ids.assign(n+1,0);
                                                                                                gr.assign(n*2+1,vector<int>());
                                                                                     9
11
       }
                                                                                                visited.assign(n*2+1,0);
                                                                                    10
12
       void addEdge(int a,int b){
                                                                                                ids.assign(n*2+1,0);
                                                                                    11
13
           g[a].push_back(b);
                                                                                                val.assign(n+1,0);
14
                                                                                    12
                                                                                            }
           gr[b].push_back(a);
                                                                                    13
15
       }
                                                                                            void addEdge(int a,int b){
16
                                                                                    14
       void dfs(int u){
                                                                                                g[a].push_back(b);
17
                                                                                    15
           if(visited[u]!=0) return;
                                                                                                gr[b].push_back(a);
18
                                                                                    16
           visited[u]=1;
                                                                                    17
19
           for(int node:g[u])dfs(node);
                                                                                            void addOr(int a,bool ba,int b,bool bb){
20
                                                                                    18
           topologic_sort.push_back(u);
                                                                                                addEdge(a+(ba?s:0),b+(bb?0:s));
21
                                                                                    19
       }
                                                                                                addEdge(b+(bb?s:0),a+(ba?0:s));
22
                                                                                    20
       void dfsr(int u,int id){
23
                                                                                    21
           if(visited[u]!=0) return;
                                                                                            void addXor(int a,bool ba,int b,bool bb){
                                                                                    22
24
           visited[u]=1;
                                                                                                addOr(a,ba,b,bb);
25
                                                                                    23
           ids[u]=id;
                                                                                                addOr(a,!ba,b,!bb);
26
                                                                                    24
                                                                                            }
           for(int node:gr[u])dfsr(node,id);
                                                                                    25
27
       }
                                                                                            void addAnd(int a,bool ba,int b,bool bb){
                                                                                    26
28
       void algo(){
                                                                                                addXor(a,!ba,b,bb);
                                                                                    27
29
           for(int i=1;i<=s;i++) if(visited[i]==0) dfs(i);</pre>
                                                                                            }
30
                                                                                    28
           fill(visited.begin(), visited.end(),0);
                                                                                            void dfs(int u){
                                                                                    29
31
           reverse(topologic_sort.begin(),topologic_sort.end());
                                                                                                if(visited[u]!=0) return;
                                                                                    30
32
           int id=0;
                                                                                                visited[u]=1;
                                                                                    31
33
           for(int i=0;i<topologic_sort.size();i++){</pre>
                                                                                                for(int node:g[u])dfs(node);
                                                                                    32
34
               if(visited[topologic_sort[i]]==0)dfsr(topologic_sort[i],id
                                                                                                topologic_sort.push_back(u);
35
                                                                                    33
                                                                                            }
                    ++);
                                                                                    34
                                                                                           void dfsr(int u,int id){
           }
                                                                                    35
36
       }
                                                                                                if(visited[u]!=0) return:
                                                                                    36
37
       int search(int node){
                                                                                                visited[u]=1;
38
                                                                                    37
           return ids[node];
                                                                                                ids[u]=id;
                                                                                    38
39
       }
                                                                                                for(int node:gr[u])dfsr(node,id);
40
                                                                                    39
41 };
                                                                                            }
                                                                                    40
                                                                                            bool algo(){
                                                                                    41
                                 3.3 2 Sat
                                                                                                for(int i=0;i<s*2;i++) if(visited[i]==0) dfs(i);</pre>
                                                                                    42
                                                                                                fill(visited.begin(), visited.end(),0);
                                                                                    43
                                                                                                reverse(topologic_sort.begin(),topologic_sort.end());
   //Se usa para los problams en los cuales tengamos dos dosible variables
                                                                                    44
                                                                                                int id=0;
   struct twoSat{
                                                                                    45
                                                                                                for(int i=0;i<topologic_sort.size();i++){</pre>
       int s:
                                                                                    46
3
                                                                                                    if(visited[topologic_sort[i]]==0)dfsr(topologic_sort[i],id
                                                                                    47
       vector<vector<int>> g,gr;
4
                                                                                                        ++);
       vector<int> visited,ids,topologic_sort,val;
5
                                                                                                }
       twoSat(int n){
                                                                                    48
```

6

```
for(int i=0;i<s;i++){
    if(ids[i]==ids[i+s]) return false;
    val[i]=(ids[i]>ids[i+s]?0:1);
}
return true;
}
;
}
;
}
```

4 Strings

4.1 KMP

```
vector<int> kmp(string s){
       int n=s.size();
2
       vector<int>pi(n);
3
       for(int i=1;i<n;i++){</pre>
           int j=pi[i-1];
           while(j>0 && s[i]!=s[j])j=pi[j-1];
           if(s[i]==s[j]) j++;
           pi[i]=j;
8
       }
9
       return pi;
10
11 }
```

5 Math

6 Geometry

7 Others