

Tarea 9

$$1. (x+1)^2 = 2x^2 + x - 19 \quad x^2 + 2x + 1 = 2x^2 + x - 19$$

$$x^2 - x - 20 \quad (x-5)(x+4) \quad x = 5, -4$$

$$2. (16 - \frac{35}{v} = v + 28)v \quad 16v - 35 = v^2 + 28v$$

$$v^2 + 12v + 35 \quad (v+7)(v+5)$$

$$v = -7, -5$$

$$3. \left(\frac{x}{x-16} = \frac{-2}{x-6} \right) (x-16)(x-6) \quad x^2 - 6x = -2x + 32$$

$$x^2 - 4x - 32 \quad (x-8)(x+4)$$

$$x = 8, -4$$

$$4. \left(\frac{4w}{w-5} = -\frac{12}{w^2 - 9w + 20} \right) (w-5)(w-4) \quad 4w^2 - 16w = -12$$

$$4w^2 - 16w + 12 = 0 \quad (2w-6)(2w-2)$$

$$w = 3, 1$$

$$5. y^2 + 18y + 81$$

cuadrado perfecto

$$6. 2x^2 - 7x + 1 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{41}}{4}$$

$$7. \left(4 - \frac{3}{v+1} = -\frac{3}{v+2} \right) (v+1)(v+2)$$

$$4v^2 + 12v + 8 - 3v - 6 = -3v - 3 \quad 4v^2 + 12v + 5$$

$$(2v+5)(2v+1) \quad v = -5/2, -1/2$$

$$8. \sqrt{x^2} = \pm \sqrt{36} \quad x = 6, -6$$

$$9. (\sqrt{v+3} = 9)^2 \quad v+3 = 81-3 \quad v = 78$$

$$10. 5v^2 - 20v = 0$$

$$5v(v-4) \quad v = 0, 4$$