PCS5024

Angel Felipe Magnossão de Paula - 11030561 Resume of The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Data

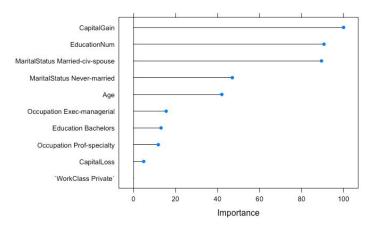
In this project we analyze a U.S. census data taken from the UCI (University of California at Irvine) Machine Learning Repository. The project is divided into Three parts: **Cleaning and Preprocessing the Data**, **Exploratory Data Analysis** and **Predictive Analysis**. Our final goal is to build a KNN (K Nearest Neighbors model to predict whether the income of a random adult American citizen is less or greater than 50000\$\$ a year based on given features.

A) Cleaning and Preprocessing the Data

- 1. Set the work directory.
- 2. Load libraries.
- 3. Load all the datasets (train and test).
- 4. Read the training and test data.
- 5. Cleaning the missing data:
 - Original data: (train=32561, test=16281)
 - Clean data: (train=30162, test=15060)
- 6. Add title to the all columns (train and test).
- Standardise the column "IncomeLevel" features as " <=50K" " >50K" for train and test.

B) Exploratory Data Analysis

- 1. Apply a Chi-squared test and get p-value for all the features.
- 2. All of the Pearson's chi-square tests give very small p-values, which means that it is very likely for the considered categorical variables to be related with "IncomeLevel".
- 3. Reduce the number of observations to half and set the other half of observations aside for a validation set.
- 4. Apply feature selection to decide which predictors to keep and which to throw away (otherwise the train will take a very long time to finish).
- 5. Apply varImp() to determine which variables I want to include.
- 6. Plot varImp()



 Select the 5 top features to train/validation/test (CapitalGain, MaritalStatus, EducationNum, Age, and Occupation).

C) Predictive Analysis

- Training the model varying k (the process selected k = 9 as it gave the highest accuracy on bootstrapped resamples of the test data).
- 2. We train your model on your training data set and then use the validation set to estimate out-of-sample accuracy and then retrain a new model.
- 3. The model correctly predicted the validation set outcome 86.04% of the time.
- 4. The model correctly predicted the test outcome 84.01% of the time.
- 5. Plot KNN

