Опернуци, относно които са затворени регулярните езици

$$\mathbb{Q} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\mathbb{L}(A) = \{E, \sigma\}$$

Whogven,

ABTOMATET E HEGETEPMUHUCTYYEN

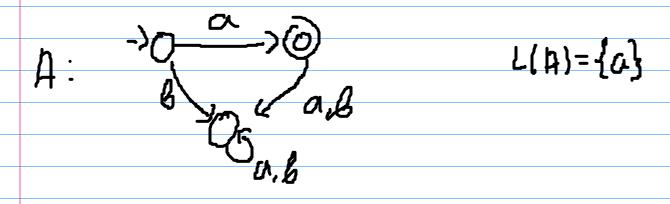
Трябва да с устерминистичен!

$$A': \rightarrow 0 \longrightarrow L(A') = \{ \mathcal{E} \}$$

DEOGVEW.

ABTOMATET HE E TOTADEH

TPALBO GE E TOTAMEH!



Твърдение: Ако Le регулярен и А е минимален свтомат за L, то compl(A) е минимален свтомат за L

САМО Регулярнь ОПероучь

CAMO PEL. OPEPASHI

AHAROZYYHO 30 LI A LZ

ABTOMATHY KOHCTPYKYUY 300 Λ , Λ , Δ $A_1 = \langle Q_1, \Sigma, S_1, F_1, \sigma_1 \rangle$

$$A_2 = \langle Q_2, \Sigma, 52, F_2, S_2 \rangle$$

Tapcum
$$A'$$
, A'' , A''' .
$$L(A') = L(A_1) \cap L(A_2)$$

$$L(A'') = L(A_1) \setminus L(A_2)$$

$$L(A^{11}) = L(A_1) \triangle L(A_2)$$

$$\langle 9^{1}, \pm_{1} \rangle \stackrel{\alpha}{=} \rangle \langle 9^{1}, \pm_{2} \rangle \stackrel{B}{=} \rangle \langle 9^{1}, \pm_{3} \rangle$$

$$A' = \langle Q_{1} \times Q_{2}, \Sigma, \langle 5^{1}, 5^{2} \rangle, F', \delta' \rangle$$

$$A'' = \langle Q_{1} \times Q_{2}, \Sigma, \langle 5^{1}, 5^{2} \rangle, F'', \delta'' \rangle$$

$$A''' = \langle Q_{1} \times Q_{2}, \Sigma, \langle 5^{1}, 5^{2} \rangle, F''', \delta''' \rangle$$

```
F' = F_1 \times F_2
F"= F1 x Q2 \ F2
F"= (F1 x Q2 \ F2) U (Q1 \ F1 x F2)
δ'(<q,t>,a)=δ"(<q,t>,a)=δ"(<q,t>,a)=
 = < 8, (q, a), 8z(t,a)>
  preglumbane glata altorota

L1 e pergaspen, To L1 e pergaspen
         Li pergaspen?
      ε Γευ = ε

α Γευ = σι

Ø Γευ = Ø
      (LAULZ) = LZ U L1
      (L1.L1) = L2 L1
      \left( \lfloor \frac{*}{1} \right)^{\lceil 2 \vee} = \left( \lfloor \lfloor \frac{1}{1} \rfloor^{\lceil 2 \vee} \right)^{\frac{*}{1}}
```

3ag NOCTPOLITE KIMA 3a L

$$L = \{ w \mid w \text{ He cbg3PHMa oab} \}$$

TP3get 30 uz Mucashe

PEWENUE!

PA32nemgame $\overline{L} = \{ w \mid w \text{ czg2PHa oab} \}$
 $\overline{L} = \{ a + b \}^{\#} \text{ oab} \{ o + b \}^{\#}$
 $a(o + b)^{\#} + b(o + e)^{\#} + E$
 $\overline{L} = a\overline{L} + b\overline{L} + aab(o + b)^{\#}$
 $a^{-1}\overline{L} = \overline{L} + ab(o + b)^{\#}$
 $a^{-1}\overline{L} = \overline{L}$
 $a^{-1}\overline{L} = \overline{L}$
 $a^{-1}L_1 = \overline{L}$

$$C^{-1}L_2 = L_2$$

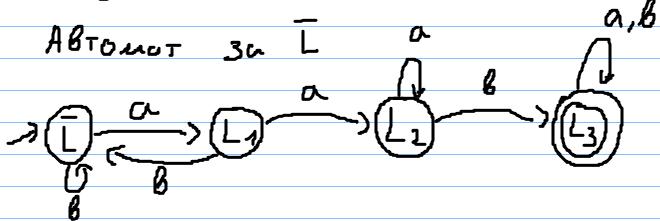
$$B^{-1}L_2 = \overline{L} + (\omega + B)^* = (\omega + B)^* L_3$$

$$L_3 = (\alpha + B)^* = C(\alpha + B)^* + B(\omega + B)^* + E =$$

$$= \alpha L_3 + BL_3 + E$$

$$a^{-1}L_3 = L_3$$

$$B^{-1}L_3 = L_3$$



Rpoberku:

Mocrpoute KTAMA 3A LIULZUL3
Pewehue:

$$L' = bb(a+b)^*a(a+b)^*$$

$$O^{-1}L' = b(a+b)^*a(a+b)^* L'_2$$

$$O^{-1}L'_1 = b(a+b)^*a(a+b)^* L'_2$$

$$O^{-1}L'_1 = b'_1$$

$$b^{-1}L'_2 = (a+b)^*a(a+b)^* L'_3$$

$$b^{-1}L'_2 = (a+b)^*a(a+b)^* L'_3$$

$$b^{-1}L'_3 = b'_3 + bb'_3 + a(a+b)^*$$

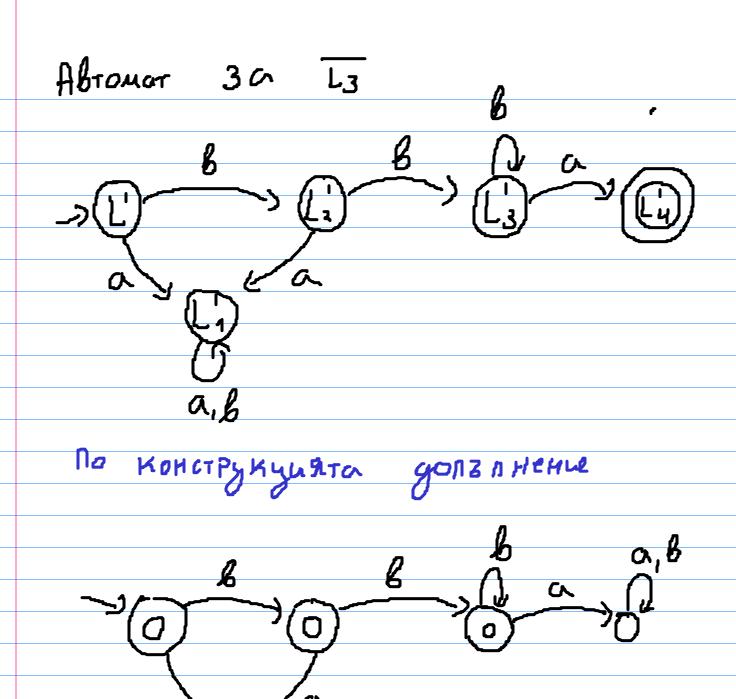
$$a^{-1}L'_3 = b'_3 + (a+b)^* = (a+b)^* L'_4$$

$$b^{-1}L'_3 = b'_3$$

$$b'_4 = ab'_4 + bb'_4 + b$$

$$a^{-1}L'_4 = b'_4$$

$$b^{-1}L'_4 = b'_4$$



```
Rpoberku:
         · L1 + L .. L2 + L L1
              6Ba EL
                           bo ELz!
               BB0 # L'1
                                  60 & L' L'
          ··· L<sub>3</sub> # L', L<sub>1</sub>, L<sub>2</sub>
              CAEL3 af L', L, Lz
          ···· L'4 + L 1, L4 , L2 , L3
              E ∈ L'4 E € L', L', L'2, L'3
309 MOKAMBTE, 40 L e Pez.
   L={defa, B}" | L coyopma abo (=) L coyopma bb}
            L1 = { defa, 8}" | d cogopma abo}
       Heka
               L2 = { de {a, b}" | d coyopmer bb }
```

L1 e pez: (a+6) abo (a+b) *

L2 e pez: (a+b) " 66 (a+b) *

щом L1, L2 ca per. => L1, L2 ca per

 $L' = L_1 / L_2 =$ L'e pez.

L" = L1 ∩ Lz => L" e pez.

=> [U = L e pez.