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## **CN-QS Frequently Asked Questions**

## **System Requirements & Setup**

Have the best technologies been selected for the CN-QS?

The QS is designed to help teams become familiar with CN application development by providing scaffolding to kickstart development. The QS application is intended to be incrementally extended by you to meet your specific business needs. Once you are familiar with the QS, please review the technology choices and the application design to determine what changes are needed - technology and design decisions are ultimately up to you. Please be aware that the Canton Network Quickstart (CN-QS) is a rapidly evolving work in progress.

#### What are the minimum system requirements to run CN-QS LocalNet?

The CN-QS requires Docker Desktop with at least 25 GB of memory allocated to run LocalNet properly. If your machine has less memory, consider declining Observability when prompted during setup.

#### Which browsers are supported for running CN-QS?

Chromium browsers such as Chrome, Edge, and Firefox are recommended. Safari has known issues with local URLs and should be avoided. You may also use the same browser with one user in incognito mode and the other in standard mode.

How should I test Participant and User interactions on LocalNet and DevNet?

For testing multiple users, use separate browsers or one browser in standard mode and another in incognito to avoid session/cookie interference.

#### How do I handle authentication for JFrog Artifactory?

You need to create a ~/.netrc file with the following format:

```
machine digitalasset.jfrog.io
login <your-email>
password <your-api-key>
```

Set permissions with chmod 600 ~/.netrc

For more information see the Installation Guide.

Why is Nix-shell unable to download my SSL certificate?

The Nix prerequisite may introduce hurdles to installation if your enterprise runs behind a corporate proxy. If nix-shell is not found, then verify that

/nix/var/nix/profiles/default/etc/ssl/certs/ca-bundle.crt

contains your corporate CA.

CN, PQS, Daml Shell and other CN-QS related services run on a user-supplied JVM. CN-QS assumes that you have access to JVM v17+ with access to the internet. If your organization operates behind a web proxy then JVM may not have automatic knowledge of the corporate certificate. In these instances, JVM must be instructed to trust the certificate.

If Nix-related errors occur, verify that the correct certificates exist by looking at the log file.

```
$ sudo HOME=/var/root
NIX_SSL_CERT_FILE=/nix/var/nix/profiles/default/etc/ssl/certs/ca-bundle.crt
/nix/store/dfqs9x010r4dn7zjp1hymmv9wvpp9x2k-nix-2.26.2/bin/nix-channel --update
nixpkgs
```

If the log returns an error message such as:

```
error: unable to download 'https://nixos.org/channels/nixpkgs-unstable': SSL peer certificate or SSH remote key was not OK (60)
```

Then the required corporate CA does not exist. Request your corporate CA from your organization's tech administrator and merge the certificate into the Nix certs ca-bundle.crt.

If you need additional support, the <u>Nix reference manual</u> offers guidance regarding the order at which cert files are detected and used on the host, as well as environment variables to override default file locations.

Graham Christensen's Determinate Systems blog offers a solution for Nix <u>corporate TLS</u> <u>certificates</u> problems on MacOS. The NixOS team forked this solution as an <u>experimental installer</u> that is stable on most operating systems.

#### How do I resolve a "build failed with an exception failure"?

If make install-daml-sdk results in:

```
Task :daml:unpackDamlSdk FAILED

FAILURE: Build failed with an exception
```

Then you may have a corrupted daml-sdk snapshot. In most cases, deleting the identified tarball snapshot will resolve the issue in subsequent installation attempts.

This error may occur if make install-daml-sdk is interrupted.

#### A failure of this kind will end in:

```
https://digitalasset.jfrog.io/artifactory/sdk-ee/3.2.0-snapshot.20241
031.13398.0.vf95d2607/daml-sdk-3.2.0-snapshot.20241031.13398.0.vf95d2
607-macos-x86_64-ee.tar.gz to
/Users/USER/Code/cn-quickstart/quickstart/daml/.sdk/daml-sdk-3.2.0-sn
apshot.20241031.13398.0.vf95d2607-macos-x86_64-ee.tar.gz

> Task :daml:unpackDamlSdk FAILED

FAILURE: Build failed with an exception.

* What went wrong:

Execution failed for task ':daml:unpackDamlSdk'.

> java.io.EOFException
```

To resolve this error, copy the faulty .tar.gz file with directory path as shown in *your* terminal and rm it:

```
rm
/Users/USER/Code/cn-quickstart/quickstart/daml/.sdk/daml-sdk-3.2.0-sn
apshot.20241031.13398.0.vf95d2607-macos-x86_64-ee.tar.gz
```

USER in /Users/USER/ will display your username. Copy and paste from your terminal. NOT this FAQ.

Reattempt make install-daml-sdk.

#### How do I resolve Docker containers that fail unexpectedly?

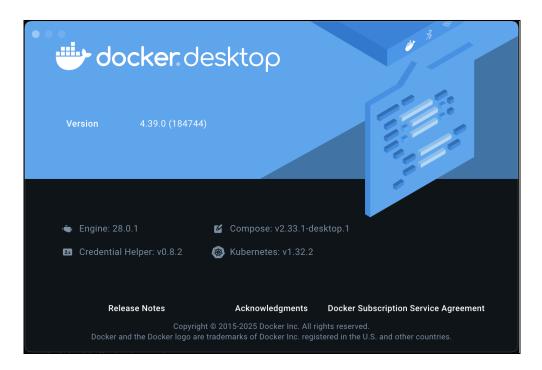
Starting the CN QS while running Docker Desktop version 4.38.0 may result in java.lang.NullPointerException errors:

```
2025-01-31 15:12:55,705 ERROR [41 lity] FixedSizeBlockingPool []
Pool object could not be added due to exception:
java.lang.NullPointerException: Cannot invoke
"jdk.internal.platform.CgroupInfo.getMountPoint()" because
"anyController" is null [ ] Exception in thread
"Native-Process-Pool-1-17"
```

This error indicates that ORDS containers (an Oracle web client in Java) cannot properly load during startup.

First, verify that you are not running Docker Desktop version 4.38.0 (181591).

To view the version number, open Docker Desktop. In the top menu, select **Docker Desktop -> About**.



If you are running Version 4.38.0 then upgrade Docker Desktop and make a new attempt.

If you'd like to learn more about this issue, visit JDK Bug System.

## **Common Issues & Troubleshooting**

How can I check if my CN-QS deployment is running correctly?

Use make status to see all running containers and their health status.

What should I do if containers show as "unhealthy" after startup?

The most common cause is insufficient memory allocation to Docker. Try:

- 1. Increase Docker memory allocation to at least 25 GB
- 2. Run make stop followed by make clean-all
- 3. Run make setup and turn off observability
- 4. Restart with make start

#### How can I monitor system metrics?

You can use Grafana at <a href="http://localhost:3030/">http://localhost:3030/</a> to monitor system metrics if observability is enabled.

For more information see the Observability and Troubleshooting Overview.

#### What should I do if I need to completely reset my environment?

Execute the following commands in order:

- 1. make stop
- 2. make clean-all
- 3. make setup (to reconfigure environment options)
- 4. make start

Make build can't find the env file?

If you receive an error message such as

Couldn't find env file: /Users/USER/development/canton/cn-quickstart/quickstart/.env.local make: \*\*\* [build-docker-images] Error 15

Run make setup to create the .env.local file.

### **Development & Testing**

#### How do I access the Daml Shell for debugging?

Run make shell from the quickstart directory. This provides access to useful commands like:

- active shows summary of contracts
- active quickstart:Main:Asset shows Asset contract details
- contract [contract-id] shows full contract details

#### How can I monitor application logs and traces?

The CN-QS provides several observability options:

- 1. Direct container logs: docker logs <container-name>
- 2. Grafana dashboards: <a href="http://localhost:3030/">http://localhost:3030/</a>
- 3. Consolidated logs view in Grafana

### Infrastructure & Environment

#### What's the difference between LocalNet and DevNet deployment?

LocalNet runs everything locally including a Super Validator and Canton Coin wallet, making it more resource intensive but self-contained.

DevNet connects to actual decentralized Global Synchronizer infrastructure operated by Super Validators. DevNet requires less local resources but needs whitelisted VPN access and connectivity.

For more information see the Project Structure Guide.

#### What is ScratchNet?

ScratchNet is a persistent Canton Network environment that supports team collaboration while maintaining centralized control. It fills the gap between a single-developer LocalNet (constrained by one laptop's resources) and a fully decentralized DevNet (maintained by Super Validators). Development teams typically deploy ScratchNet on a shared server to enable longer-running instances with persistent data storage across development sessions. Learn more about ScratchNet in the Exploring the Demo Guide.

#### How can I find out the migration\_id of DevNet?

Go to <a href="https://sync.global/sv-network/">https://sync.global/sv-network/</a> and look for the migration id value.

#### Do I need VPN access to use CN-QS?

VPN access is only required for DevNet connections. You need either:

- Access to the DAML-VPN
- Access to a SV Node that is whitelisted on the CN. Contact your sponsoring Super Validator agent for connection information.

For more information see the Exploring the Demo Guide.

#### How do I log in with Keycloak?

The CN QS uses Keycloak for authentication. If you have issues with logging in with Keycloak credentials, you may begin troubleshooting by running make status to verify the Keycloak service is running.

Keycloak should show healthy.

```
keycloak quay.io/keycloak/keycloak:26.1.0 "/opt/keycloak/bin/k..." keycloak 17 minutes ago Up 17 minutes (healthy) 8080/tcp, 8443/tcp, 9000/tcp
```

Keycloak credentials are set in .env with the following credentials:

Username: AUTH\_APP\_USER\_WALLET\_ADMIN\_USER\_NAME (e.g. alice)

Password: AUTH\_APP\_USER\_WALLET\_ADMIN\_USER\_PASSWORD (e.g. abc123)

The Keycloak user must have the same ID as the ledger user's ID. This should be reflected in the default behavior.

### **Best Practices & Common Pitfalls**

How should I handle multiple user testing in the local environment?

Best practices include:

- 1. Use separate browsers for different users
- 2. Follow proper logout procedures between user switches
- 3. Be aware that even incognito mode in the same browser may have session interference
- 4. Consider using the make commands for testing specific operations (e.g., make create-app-install-request)

## **Database & Query Access**

What's the recommended way to query ledger data?

The Participant Query Store (PQS) is recommended for querying ledger data.

# **CN-QS Make Target Reference**

Target	Description	
build	Build frontend, backend, Daml model and docker images	
build-frontend	Build the frontend application	
build-backend	Build the backend service	
build-daml	Build the Daml model	
create-app-install-r equest	Submit an App Install Request from the App User participant node	
restart-backend	Build and restart the backend service	

	,	
restart-frontend	Build and restart the frontend application	
start	Start the application and observability services if enabled	
stop	Stop the application and observability services	
stop-application	Stop only the application, leaving observability services running	
restart	Restart the entire application	
status	Show status of Docker containers	
logs	Show logs of Docker containers	
tail	Tail logs of Docker containers	
setup	Configure local development environment (enable DevNet/LocalNet, Observability)	
console-app-provider	Start the Canton console. Connects to running app provider ledger	
console-app-user	Start the Canton console. Connects to running app user ledger	
clean-console	Stop and remove the Canton console container	
shell	Start Daml Shell	
clean-shell	Stop and remove the Daml Shell container	
clean	Clean the build artifacts	
clean-docker	Stop and remove application Docker containers and volumes	
clean-application	Like clean-docker, but leave observability services running	
clean-all	Stop and remove all build artifacts, Docker containers and volumes	
install-daml-sdk	Install the Daml SDK	
generate-NOTICES	Generate the NOTICES.txt file	

	Helper to update DAML_RUNTIME_VERSION in .env based on
me-version	daml/daml.yaml sdk-version

# **UI Opening Commands**

Target	Description	
open-app-ui	Open the Application UI in the active browser	
open-observe	Open the Grafana UI in the active browser	
open-sv-gateway	Open the Super Validator gateway UI in the active browser	
open-sv-wallet	Open the Super Validator wallet UI in the active browser	
open-sv-interface	Open the Super Validator interface UI in the active browser	
open-sv-scan	Open the Super Validator Scan UI in the active browser	
open-app-user-wal let	Open the App User wallet UI in the active browser	

## **LocalNet URLs**

URL	Description
http://localhost:3000	Main application UI
http://localhost:3030	Grafana observability dashboard (if enabled)
http://localhost:4000	Super Validator gateway - lists available web UI options
http://wallet.localhost:2000	Canton Coin wallet interface
http://sv.localhost:4000	Super Validator Operations

http://scan.localhost:4000	Canton Coin Scan web UI - shows balances and validator rewards
http://localhost:7575	Ledger API service
http://localhost:5003	Validator API service

In DevNet mode, Super Validator and wallet services are hosted externally rather than locally. The exact URLs for those services are provided by your sponsoring Super Validator.