EXAMEN_ANGELICA_TORRES.R

acile

```
2023-03-31
         #ANGELICA TORRES GARCÍA
          #31/03/2023
        #MATRICULA 2173388
library(repmis)
suelo<- source data("https://www.dropbox.com/s/3pi3huovq6qce42/obs.csv?dl=1")</pre>
## Downloading data from: https://www.dropbox.com/s/3pi3huovq6qce42/obs.csv?dl=1
## SHA-1 hash of the downloaded data file is:
## a88edff139da590ccb918ba2fd00b18d2d839509
suelo$zone <- factor(suelo$zone)</pre>
as.factor(suelo$zone)
##
  ## Levels: 1 2 3 4
suelo$wrb1 <- factor(suelo$wrb1)</pre>
as.factor(suelo$wrb1)
##
  ## Levels: 1 2 3
# ACTIVIDAD 1 ------
```

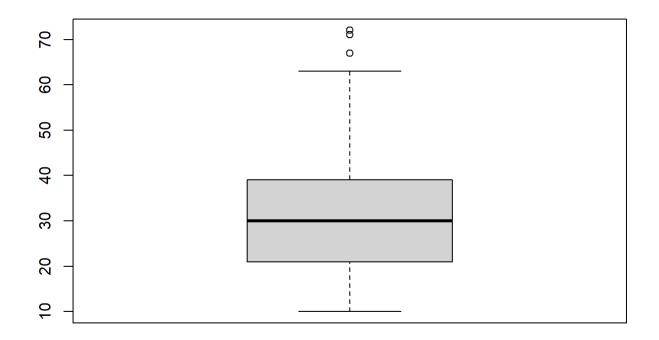
```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 10.00 21.00 30.00 31.27 39.00 72.00
```

summary(suelo\$Clay2)

summary(suelo\$Clay1)

```
##
    Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                     Max.
##
    8.00
          27.00
               36.00
                       36.75 47.00
                                     75.00
summary(suelo$Clay5)
##
    Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                     Max.
##
   16.00
          36.50 44.00 44.68 54.00
                                     80.00
# ACTIVIDAD_2 ------
stem(suelo$Clay1)
##
##
    The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the |
##
    1 | 000222233333444
##
##
    1 | 55555567788889999
    2 | 000011112222233344444
##
##
    2 | 55555555566788999
##
    3 | 0000000112222333333334444
##
    3 | 556666677889999
##
   4 | 022233334
   4 | 55555667899
##
##
   5 | 02334
   5 | 55689
##
   6 | 123
##
   6 | 7
##
    7 | 12
##
#p2 con sesgo
# ACTIVIDAD_3 ------
```

boxplot(suelo\$Clay1)



#P3 si existen.
#P4
which(suelo\$Clay1 > 65)

[1] 1 2 106

ACTIVIDAD_4 ----mean(suelo\$Clay1)

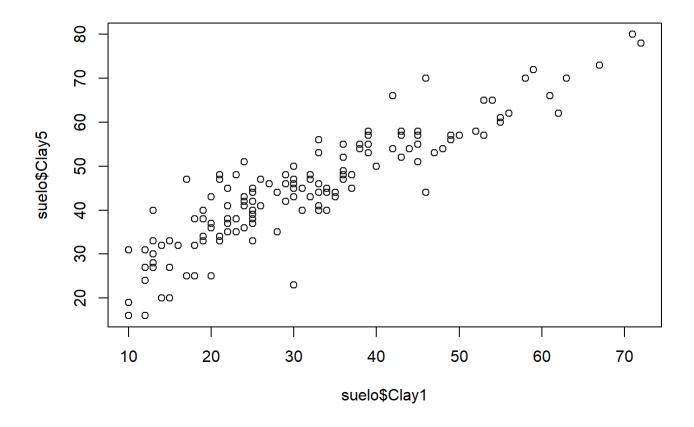
[1] 31.27211

#P5

#el valor de p nos indica quen si hay una diferencia significativa. Las muestras de clay 1 tiene n una distribucion normal.

t.test(suelo\$Clay1,mu=30)

```
##
  One Sample t-test
##
##
## data: suelo$Clay1
## t = 1.1067, df = 146, p-value = 0.2702
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 30
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 29.00045 33.54377
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## 31.27211
# ACTIVIDAD_5 ------
#P6
cor.test(suelo$Clay1, suelo$Clay5)
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: suelo$Clay1 and suelo$Clay5
## t = 24.544, df = 145, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to \theta
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.8610227 0.9251946
## sample estimates:
##
       cor
## 0.8977721
#relacion positiva
#P7
# Si es estadisticamente significativa
# ACTIVIDAD_6 ------
#P8
# si es posible
#P9
plot(suelo$Clay5~suelo$Clay1)
```



```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = suelo$Clay5 ~ suelo$Clay1)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept) suelo$Clay1
## 18.7586 0.8289
regresion <- lm(suelo$Clay5~suelo$Clay1)
regresion
```

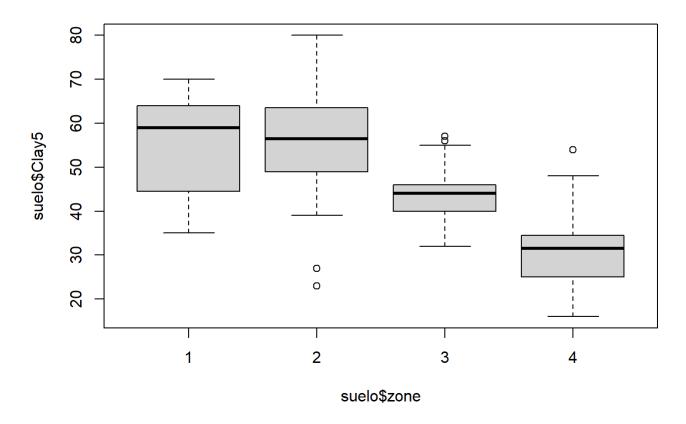
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = suelo$Clay5 ~ suelo$Clay1)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept) suelo$Clay1
## 18.7586 0.8289
```

```
#P10
# si son significativos
summary(regresion)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = suelo$Clay5 ~ suelo$Clay1)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -20.6258 -3.1907 0.0055 3.3875 14.1500
##
## Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## suelo$Clay1 0.82891
                               24.54 <2e-16 ***
                     0.03377
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 5.687 on 145 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.806, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8047
## F-statistic: 602.4 on 1 and 145 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
#P11
#cuando R cuadrada ajustada esta mas cercano a 1 es un modelo que predice correctamente.

# ACTIVIDAD_7 -----
#P12
# si existe
#P13
boxplot(suelo$Clay5 ~ suelo$zone)
```



```
#P13
# son diferentes Las cuatro zonas
#P14
by(suelo$Clay5, suelo$zone, summary)
```

```
## suelo$zone: 1
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                           Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
     35.00 49.25
##
                    59.00
                            55.00
                                            70.00
                                    63.00
## suelo$zone: 2
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
     23.00 49.50
                    56.50
                            55.95
                                            80.00
##
                                    62.75
## suelo$zone: 3
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
##
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
##
     32.00 40.00
                    44.00
                            43.84
                                    46.00
                                            57.00
##
## suelo$zone: 4
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                           Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
    16.00
            25.00
                   31.50
                            31.33
##
                                    34.25
                                            54.00
```

```
#Las medianas van disminuyendo conforme cambian las zonas de la 1 a la 4
# ACTIVIDAD_8 ------
#P15
varianza <- aov(suelo$Clay5~suelo$zone)</pre>
varianza
## Call:
##
     aov(formula = suelo$Clay5 ~ suelo$zone)
##
## Terms:
##
                suelo$zone Residuals
## Sum of Squares 12389.66 11782.31
## Deg. of Freedom 3 143
##
## Residual standard error: 9.077103
## Estimated effects may be unbalanced
summary(varianza)
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## suelo$zone 3 12390 4130 50.12 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals 143 11782
                          82
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# si existen diferencias significativas ya que P nos da menor a 0.05.
#P16
#el valor de P nos indica que existe diferencia significativa en las 4 zonas
```

#y las zonas 3 y 4 son estadisticamente diferentes entre si.