

## **HLT Project Proposal**

Sentiment Analysis on Amazon Reviews

HLT - Group 11

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Understanding whether a product review is positive or negative is useful for several reasons:

- 1. **Enhanced User Experience:** Provides valuable information and recommendations about the quality of the product.
- 2. **Business Insights from Customer Feedback:** Extracts valuable insights from customer feedback, enabling businesses to make informed decisions aimed at improving their products and services.
- Effective Online Reputation Management: Manages their online reputation more efficiently by promptly addressing negative feedback and promoting positive engagement with customers.



- Binary Classification of Product Reviews: Aims to classify Amazon product reviews as
  positive or negative based on their content.
- **Approaches**: Attempt binary classification using initially only review titles, and then extend our approach to utilize entire reviews instead of titles.
- **Comparison and Evaluation**: Compare the performance of these two classifiers using various metrics to determine the most effective approach.
- Potential Expansion: If deemed necessary, explore a secondary dataset to undertake
  additional classification tasks, using the methodology applied to the first dataset. In this
  scenario, compare the performance of the classifier between the initial and secondary
  datasets to assess its effectiveness.



- Available at: Amazon Reviews Dataset.
- Context: The dataset consists of reviews from Amazon. The data span a period of 18 years, including 400.000 reviews. For more information: [1].
- Content: The dataset contains 3 different columns: polarity, title, text.

Column	Description	
nolomit:	$\int 1$ if the review is negative	
polarity	$i = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	
title	Title of the review.	
text	Entire text of the review.	

```
polarity
2 200000
1 200000
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Figure: The distribution of polarity values in the main dataset.



Column	Description	
	$\int 1,2$ if the review is negative	
review/score	$i = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if the review is neutral} \end{cases}$	
	4,5 if the review is positive	
review/summary	Title of the review.	
review/text	Entire text of the review.	

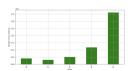


Figure: The distribution of review/score values in the second dataset.

- Available at: Amazon Books Reviews Dataset.
- Context: The dataset consists of books reviews from Amazon. The dataset contains feedback from approximately 3 million users. For more information: [2], [3].
- Content: The dataset contains a lot of columns. We will focus only on three columns: review/score, review/summary, review/text



- Transformers: Utilize transformers for binary classification task of sentiment analysis.
- Lexicons: Incorporate lexicons as additional features to enrich text representation or as labels for pretraining tasks.
- Evaluation Metrics: Assess model performance using accuracy, precision, recall, F1 score, ROC curves and other metrics, comparing also results across different input types.
- **Continuous Improvement**: Plans will evolve as we gain knowledge, ensuring effectiveness and efficiency throughout the project.



- [1] J. McAuley and J. Leskovec. Hidden factors and hidden topics: understanding rating dimensions with review text RecSys, 2013.
- [2] R. He, J. McAuley. Ups and downs: Modeling the visual evolution of fashion trends with one-class collaborative filtering. WWW, 2016.
- [3] J. McAuley, C. Targett, J. Shi, A. van den Hengel. *Image-based recommendations on styles and substitutes*. SIGIR, 2015.

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Thank you for your attention! :)

