data_mining_assignment4

December 11, 2024

1 Programming Assignment 4: Clustering Analysis

1.1 Imports and Settings

```
[1]: import os
     import ssl
     import warnings
     import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
     from pathlib import Path
     import cv2
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     import torch
     import torchvision.models as models
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     from PIL import Image
     from sklearn.cluster import (
         DBSCAN,
         AgglomerativeClustering,
         BisectingKMeans,
         KMeans,
         SpectralClustering,
     from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
     from sklearn.metrics import fowlkes_mallows_score, silhouette_score
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
     warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
     ssl._create_default_https_context = ssl._create_unverified_context
```

1.2 Define Constants and Directories

```
[2]: base_image_directory = "./Dataset/Images"
base_annotation_directory = "./Dataset/Annotation"
grayscale_output_directory = "./Ass4/Grayscale_Images"
edge_histograms_output_directory = "./Ass4/EdgeHistograms"
```

```
cropped_images_output_directory = "./Ass4/Cropped"

crop_size = 224
dog_class_labels = [
    "n02087394-Rhodesian_ridgeback",
    "n02093256-Staffordshire_bullterrier",
    "n02097209-standard_schnauzer",
    "n02102318-cocker_spaniel",
]

Path(grayscale_output_directory).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
Path(edge_histograms_output_directory).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
Path(cropped_images_output_directory).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
```

1.3 Define Helper Functions

```
[3]: def extract_bounding_boxes(annotation_file):
         tree = ET.parse(annotation_file)
         root = tree.getroot()
         objects = root.findall("object")
         bounding boxes = []
         for obj in objects:
             bbox = obj.find("bndbox")
             xmin = int(bbox.find("xmin").text)
             ymin = int(bbox.find("ymin").text)
             xmax = int(bbox.find("xmax").text)
             ymax = int(bbox.find("ymax").text)
             bounding_boxes.append((xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax))
         return bounding_boxes
     def crop_and_resize_image(image_path, annotation_path, output_directory):
         image = Image.open(image_path)
         bounding_boxes = extract_bounding_boxes(annotation_path)
         cropped_images = []
         for bbox in bounding_boxes:
             cropped = image.crop(bbox)
             resized = cropped.resize((crop_size, crop_size), Image.Resampling.
      →LANCZOS)
             image_name = os.path.basename(image_path)
             save_path = os.path.join(output_directory, image_name)
             resized.convert("RGB").save(save_path)
             cropped_images.append(cropped)
         return image, cropped_images
     def load_images(cropped_dir, classes):
```

```
image_paths = []
    labels = []
    transformation = transforms.Compose(
            transforms.ToTensor(),
            transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406], std=[0.229, 0.224,
 →0.225]),
    for idx, dog_class in enumerate(classes):
        class_dir = os.path.join(cropped_dir, dog_class)
        if os.path.exists(class_dir):
            for img_file in os.listdir(class_dir):
                if img_file.endswith(".jpg"):
                    image_paths.append(os.path.join(class_dir, img_file))
                    labels.append(idx)
    return image_paths, labels, transformation
def extract_features(model, data_loader, device):
    feature list = []
    label list = []
    model.eval()
    with torch.no_grad():
        for images, batch_labels in data_loader:
            images = images.to(device)
            feature_maps = model(images)
            features = torch.mean(feature_maps, dim=[2, 3]).cpu().numpy()
            feature_list.extend(features)
            label_list.extend(batch_labels.numpy())
    return np.array(feature_list), np.array(label_list)
def compute_edge_histogram(image, bins=36):
    if len(image.shape) == 3:
        gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_RGB2GRAY)
    else:
        gray = image
    sobelx = cv2.Sobel(gray, cv2.CV_64F, 1, 0, ksize=3)
    sobely = cv2.Sobel(gray, cv2.CV_64F, 0, 1, ksize=3)
    magnitude = np.sqrt(sobelx**2 + sobely**2)
    angle = np.arctan2(sobely, sobelx) * 180 / np.pi
    histogram = np.zeros(bins)
    for i in range(magnitude.shape[0]):
        for j in range(magnitude.shape[1]):
            if magnitude[i, j] > 30:
                bin_index = int((angle[i, j] + 180) * bins / 360)
```

```
if bin_index == bins:
                    bin_index = 0
                histogram[bin_index] += magnitude[i, j]
    if np.sum(histogram) > 0:
        histogram /= np.sum(histogram)
    return histogram
def process_images_and_pca(cropped_dir, classes):
   histograms = []
    labels = []
    for class_idx, dog_class in enumerate(classes):
        class_dir = os.path.join(cropped_dir, dog_class)
        if os.path.exists(class_dir):
            for img_file in os.listdir(class_dir):
                if img_file.endswith(".jpg"):
                    img_path = os.path.join(class_dir, img_file)
                    img = cv2.imread(img_path)
                    hist = compute_edge_histogram(img)
                    histograms.append(hist)
                    labels.append(class_idx)
    X = np.array(histograms)
    y = np.array(labels)
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
    pca = PCA(n_components=2)
    X_pca = pca.fit_transform(X_scaled)
    return X_pca, y, pca.explained_variance_ratio_
def plot_pca(X, y, classes, title):
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
    colors = ["r", "g", "b", "y"]
    for i in range(len(classes)):
        mask = y == i
        plt.scatter(
            X[mask, 0],
            X[mask, 1],
            c=colors[i],
            label=classes[i].split("-")[1],
            alpha=0.6,
    plt.xlabel("First Principal Component")
    plt.ylabel("Second Principal Component")
    plt.title(title)
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

```
def plot_clustering_results(X, cluster_labels, title):
   plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
   unique_labels = np.unique(cluster_labels)
    colors = plt.cm.viridis(np.linspace(0, 1, len(unique_labels)))
   for label, color in zip(unique_labels, colors):
       mask = cluster_labels == label
        label name = "Noise" if label == -1 else f"Cluster {label}"
       plt.scatter(X[mask, 0], X[mask, 1], c=[color], label=label_name)
   plt.title(title)
   plt.xlabel("First Principal Component")
   plt.ylabel("Second Principal Component")
   plt.legend()
   plt.show()
def evaluate_clustering(method_name, predicted_labels, data, true_labels):
   if -1 in predicted_labels:
        mask = predicted_labels != -1
        fm = fowlkes_mallows_score(true_labels[mask], predicted_labels[mask])
        silhouette = silhouette_score(data[mask], predicted_labels[mask])
   else:
        fm = fowlkes mallows score(true labels, predicted labels)
        silhouette = silhouette_score(data, predicted_labels)
   return fm. silhouette
```

1.4 Image Processing and Feature Extraction

```
[4]: original_images = {}
     cropped_images = {}
     total_cropped = 0
     for dog_class in dog_class_labels:
         image_dir = os.path.join(base_image_directory, dog_class)
         annotation_dir = os.path.join(base_annotation_directory, dog_class)
         output_dir = os.path.join(cropped_images_output_directory, dog_class)
         Path(output_dir).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
         for img_file in os.listdir(image_dir):
             if img_file.endswith(".jpg"):
                 image_path = os.path.join(image_dir, img_file)
                 annotation_file = os.path.join(annotation_dir, img_file.replace(".
      →jpg", ""))
                 if os.path.exists(annotation_file):
                     orig_img, cropped = crop_and_resize_image(
                         image_path, annotation_file, output_dir
```

Total cropped images: 697

1.5 ResNet Feature Extraction

```
[5]: device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
     resnet model = models.resnet18(pretrained=True)
     resnet_model = torch.nn.Sequential(*(list(resnet_model.children())[:-2]))
     resnet_model = resnet_model.to(device)
     image_paths, image_labels, transform_pipeline = load_images(
         cropped_images_output_directory, dog_class_labels
     )
     dataset = [
             transforms.ToPILImage()(transforms.ToTensor()(Image.open(path).
      ⇔convert("RGB"))),
             label,
         )
         for path, label in zip(image_paths, image_labels)
     tensor_images = torch.stack(
         [transform_pipeline(Image.open(path).convert("RGB")) for path in_
      →image_paths]
     tensor_labels = torch.tensor(image_labels)
     data_loader = DataLoader(
         list(zip(tensor_images, tensor_labels)), batch_size=32, shuffle=False
     )
     print("Extracting ResNet features...")
     resnet_features, resnet_labels = extract_features(resnet_model, data_loader,_
      ⊶device)
```

Extracting ResNet features...

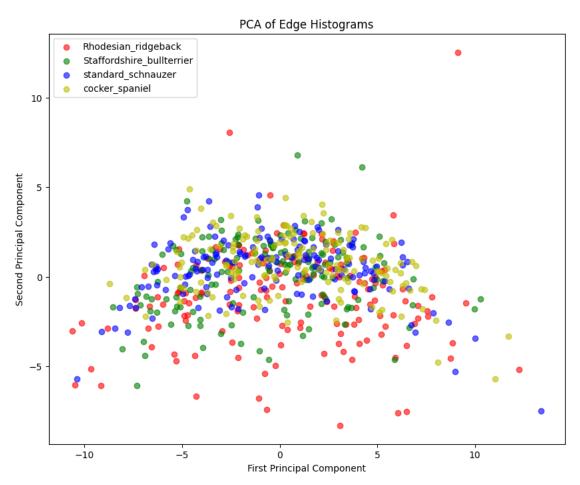
1.6 Edge Histogram and PCA

```
[6]: print("Computing edge histograms and performing PCA...")
edge_pca_features, edge_true_labels, explained_variance =

process_images_and_pca(

cropped_images_output_directory, dog_class_labels
)
print("Explained variance ratio:", explained_variance)
plot_pca(
edge_pca_features, edge_true_labels, dog_class_labels, "PCA of Edge_
Histograms"
)
```

Computing edge histograms and performing PCA... Explained variance ratio: [0.49122624 0.13395676]



1.7 Clustering Algorithms

```
[7]: def perform_kmeans(X, init_method, random_state=42):
         kmeans = KMeans(
             n clusters=4, init=init method, n init=10, random state=random state
         labels = kmeans.fit_predict(X)
         return labels
     def perform_bisecting_kmeans(X, init_method, random_state=42):
         bisect_kmeans = BisectingKMeans(
             n_clusters=4, init=init_method, random_state=random_state
         labels = bisect_kmeans.fit_predict(X)
         return labels
     def perform_spectral_clustering(X, random_state=42):
         spectral = SpectralClustering(n_clusters=4, random_state=random_state)
         labels = spectral.fit_predict(X)
         return labels
     def perform_dbscan(X, eps, min_samples):
         dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=eps, min_samples=min_samples)
         labels = dbscan.fit_predict(X)
         return labels
     def perform_agglomerative_clustering(X, linkage):
         agglom = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=4, linkage=linkage)
         labels = agglom.fit_predict(X)
         return labels
     cluster methods = {}
     cluster_methods["K-means (Random Init)"] = perform_kmeans(
         edge_pca_features, init_method="random"
     )
     cluster_methods["K-means++"] = perform_kmeans(
         edge_pca_features, init_method="k-means++"
     cluster_methods["Bisecting K-means"] = perform_bisecting_kmeans(
        edge_pca_features, init_method="random"
     )
```

```
cluster_methods["Spectral Clustering"] = __
 # DBSCAN parameter selection
best_eps = 0
best min samples = 0
best silhouette = -1
best_dbscan_labels = None
for eps in np.arange(0.1, 2.0, 0.1):
   for min_samples in range(2, 10):
       db_labels = perform_dbscan(edge_pca_features, eps, min_samples)
       unique_clusters = len(set(db_labels)) - (1 if -1 in db_labels else 0)
       if unique_clusters == 4:
           mask = db labels != -1
           if np.sum(mask) > 1:
               score = silhouette_score(edge_pca_features[mask],__

¬db_labels[mask])
               if score > best_silhouette:
                   best_silhouette = score
                   best_eps = eps
                   best_min_samples = min_samples
                   best_dbscan_labels = db_labels
if best_dbscan_labels is not None:
   cluster_methods["DBSCAN"] = best_dbscan_labels
   print(f"Best DBSCAN parameters: eps={best eps},,,

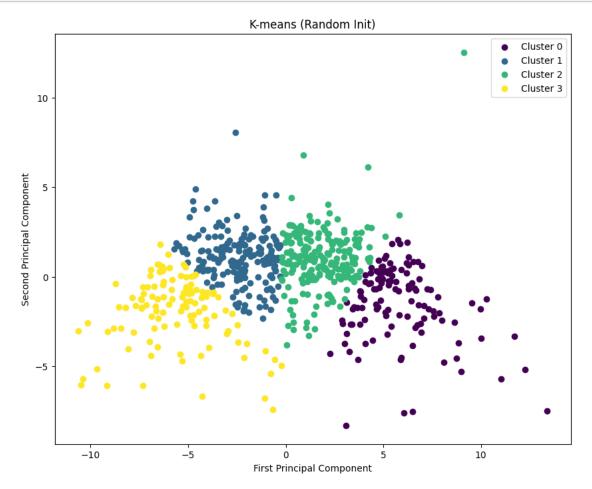
min_samples={best_min_samples}")
else:
   print("No suitable DBSCAN parameters found for 4 clusters.")
linkage_methods = ["ward", "complete", "average", "single"]
for linkage in linkage_methods:
   agglom_labels = perform_agglomerative_clustering(edge_pca_features, linkage)
   cluster_methods[f"Agglomerative ({linkage})"] = agglom_labels
```

Best DBSCAN parameters: eps=0.2, min_samples=6

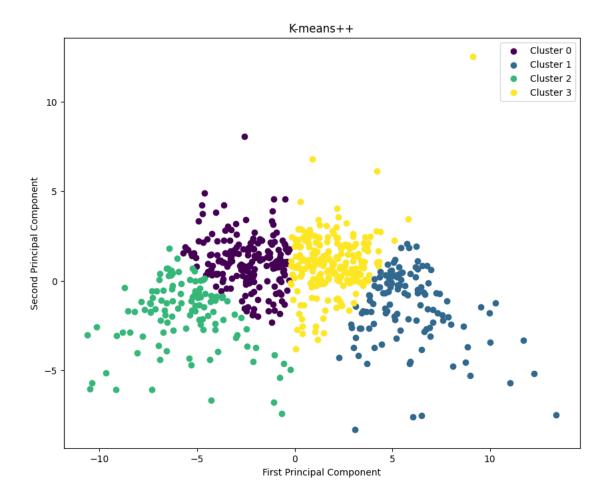
1.8 Plot Clustering Results

```
[8]: for method, labels in cluster_methods.items():
    plot_clustering_results(edge_pca_features, labels, method)
    silhouette = (
        silhouette_score(edge_pca_features, labels)
        if -1 not in labels
        else silhouette_score(edge_pca_features[labels != -1], labels[labels != -1])
```

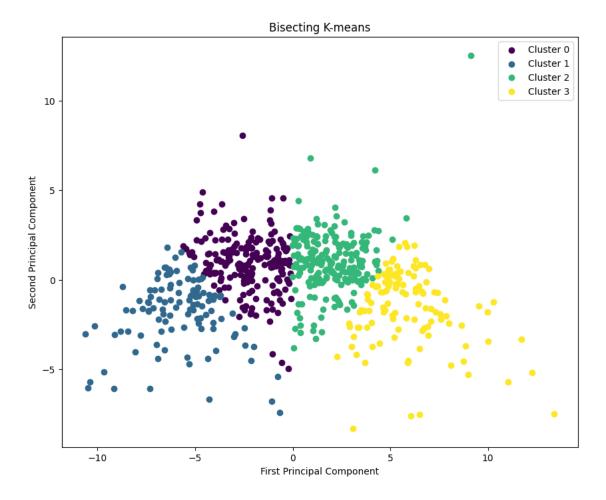
```
)
print(f"{method} Silhouette Score: {silhouette:.4f}")
```



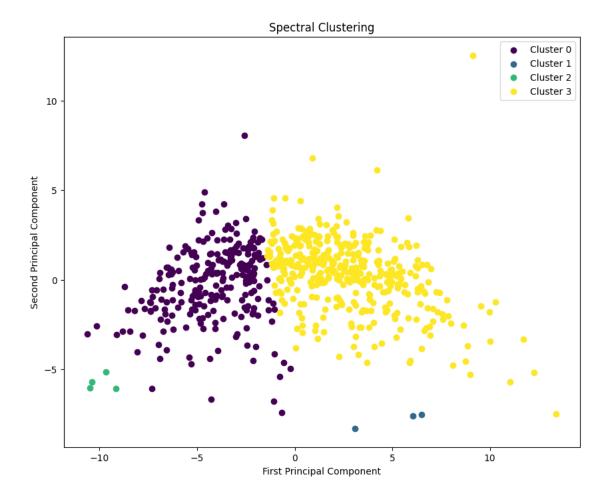
K-means (Random Init) Silhouette Score: 0.3477



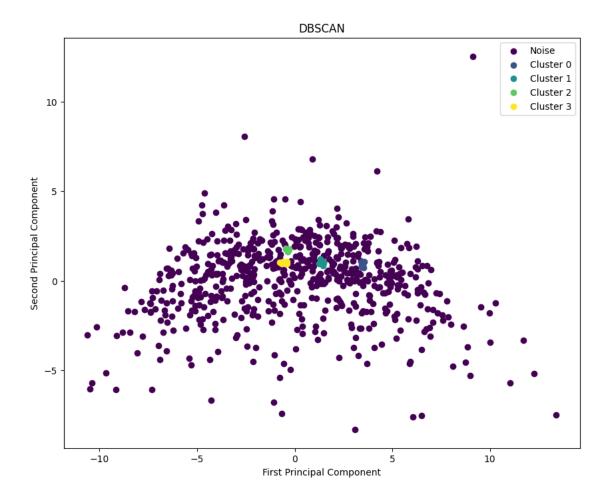
K-means++ Silhouette Score: 0.3477



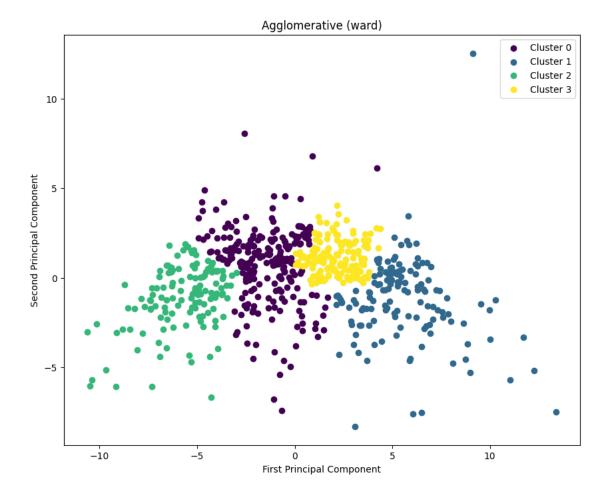
Bisecting K-means Silhouette Score: 0.3470



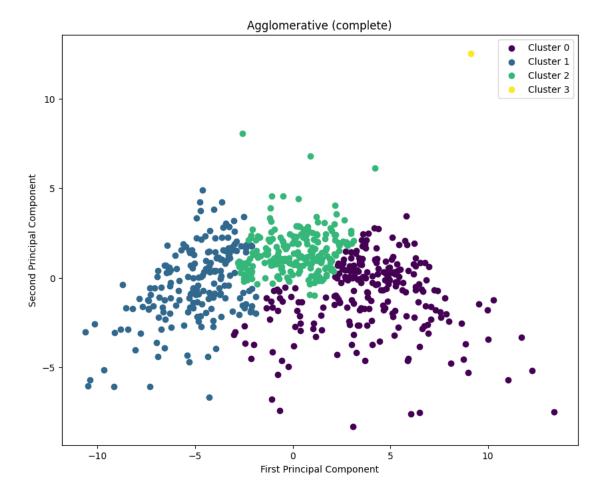
Spectral Clustering Silhouette Score: 0.3680



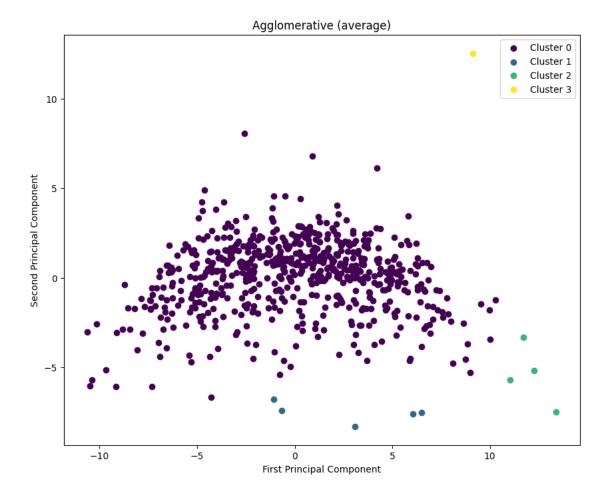
DBSCAN Silhouette Score: 0.8347



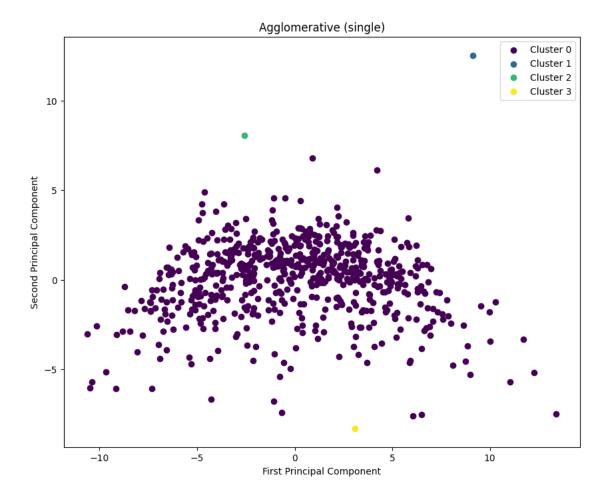
Agglomerative (ward) Silhouette Score: 0.2982



Agglomerative (complete) Silhouette Score: 0.3274



Agglomerative (average) Silhouette Score: 0.3865



Agglomerative (single) Silhouette Score: 0.2662

1.9 Clustering Evaluation

```
[9]: evaluation_results = {}

for method, labels in cluster_methods.items():
    fm, silhouette = evaluate_clustering(
        method, labels, edge_pca_features, edge_true_labels
    )
    evaluation_results[method] = (fm, silhouette)

print("\nDetailed Evaluation Results:")
print("-" * 80)
print(f"{'Method':<25} {'Fowlkes-Mallows':<20} {'Silhouette':<20}")
print("-" * 80)
for method, (fm, silhouette) in evaluation_results.items():
    print(f"{method:<25} {fm:<20.4f} {silhouette:<20.4f}")</pre>
```

Detailed Evaluation Results:

Method	Fowlkes-Mallows	Silhouette
V manna (Dandam Trit)	0.2637	0.3477
K-means (Random Init)		* * * = * *
K-means++	0.2637	0.3477
Bisecting K-means	0.2649	0.3470
Spectral Clustering	0.3598	0.3680
DBSCAN	0.2595	0.8347
Agglomerative (ward)	0.2622	0.2982
Agglomerative (complete)	0.2999	0.3274
Agglomerative (average)	0.4910	0.3865
Agglomerative (single)	0.4966	0.2662

Ranking based on Fowlkes-Mallows index:

1.	Agglomerative (single)	Score:	0.4966
2.	Agglomerative (average)	Score:	0.4910
3.	Spectral Clustering	Score:	0.3598
4.	Agglomerative (complete)	Score:	0.2999
5.	Bisecting K-means	Score:	0.2649
6.	K-means (Random Init)	Score:	0.2637
7.	K-means++	Score:	0.2637
8.	Agglomerative (ward)	Score:	0.2622
9.	DBSCAN	Score:	0.2595

Ranking based on Silhouette Coefficient:

DBSCAN Score: 0.8347
 Agglomerative (average) Score: 0.3865
 Spectral Clustering Score: 0.3680

4.	K-means (Random Init)		Score:	0.3477
5.	K-means++		Score:	0.3477
6.	Bisecting K-means		Score:	0.3470
7.	Agglomerative ((complete)	Score:	0.3274
8.	Agglomerative ((ward)	Score:	0.2982
9.	Agglomerative ((single)	Score:	0.2662