# Introduction to Theory of Computation

Chapter 1

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# Purpose of the Theory of Computation

Develop formal mathematical models of computation that reflect real-world computers.

- What are the mathematical properties of computer hardware and software?
- What is a computation and what is an algorithm? Can we give rigorous mathematical definitions of these notions?
- What are the limitations of computers? Can everything be computed?

# Three areas of computer theory

- Complexity Theory
- Computability Theory
- Automata Theory

# Complexity Theory

Classify problems according to their degree of "difficulty."
Give a rigorous proof that problems that seem to be "hard" are really "hard."

### Computability Theory

- In 1930's Gödel, Turing and Church discovered that some fundamental mathematical problems cannot be solved by a computer.
- Classify problems as being solvable or unsolvable.

# Automata Theory

- Three models:
  - Finite Automata. These are used in text processing, compilers, and hardware design.
  - Context-Free Grammars. These are used to define programming lan- guages and in Artificial Intelligence.
  - Turing Machines. These form a simple abstract model of a real computer, such as your PC at home.
- Do these models have the same power, or can one model solve more problems than the other?

#### This course

- Start with Automata Theory, followed by Computability Theory.
- Complexity is covered in algorithms courses.

### Practical applications

- 1. It is about mathematical properties of computer hardware and software.
- This theory is very much relevant to practice, for example, in the design of new programming languages, compilers, string searching, pattern matching, computer security, artificial intelligence, etc.
- This course helps you to learn problem solving skills. Theory teaches you how to think, prove, argue, solve problems, express, and abstract.
- 4. This theory simplifies the complex computers to an abstract and simple mathematical model, and helps you to understand them better.
- 5. This course is about rigorously analyzing capabilities and limitations of systems.