

### Index



#### **ALTERYX**

- Overview
- How it works
- Learning Datasets
- Pros and cons



#### **PIPELINE**

- Data Ingestion and discovery
- Data Validation
- Data Structuring
- Data Enrichment
- Data Filtering
- Data Cleaning



#### **RESULTS**

- Final pipeline
- Datasets obtained
- Conclusion

## 1 Overview

Alteryx is a data science and business intelligence platform that provides tools for data analysis, report creation, and predictive modeling. It features capabilities such as data processing, cleaning, and preparation, statistical analysis, and the creation of interactive dashboards.

It is designed to be used by non technical users, making it a popular option for businesses looking to analyze their data.





Alteryx includes a *drag and drop interface* that allows users to create workflow for data processing, analysis, and report creation. Users *can import* data from various sources, such as excel format and CSV files

Once the data is processed, users can utilize predictive models and statistical analysis features to generate insights that can inform business decisions

## 1 Learning Datasets

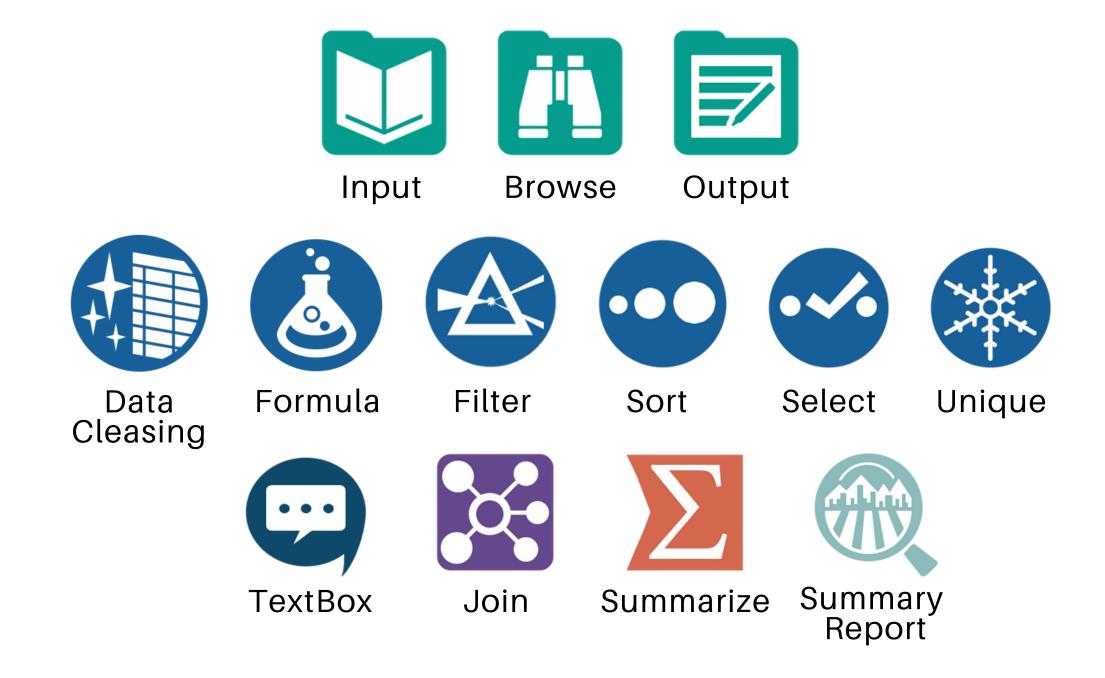


Dataset about crimes



Dataset about retail sales

## 1 Tools used





### Pros and Cons





Intuitive and easy to use interface,
 allowing even non expert users to create
 complex data analysis workflows



 Offers proprietary formats like 'yxdb' that we used to write and read data



Advanced data preparation tools,
 including join, union, cleaning, and data transformation



 Support for a wide variety of file formats, including Excel, CSV, JSON, and SQL





High pricing for some organizations



it is not possible to define global variables



 Complexity in transitioning from SQL to Alteryx for some advanced functionality

### Index



#### **ALTERYX**

- Overview
- How it works
- Learning Datasets
- Pros and cons



#### **PIPELINE**

- Data Ingestion and discovery
- Data Validation
- Data Structuring
- Data Enrichment
- Data Filtering
- Data Cleaning



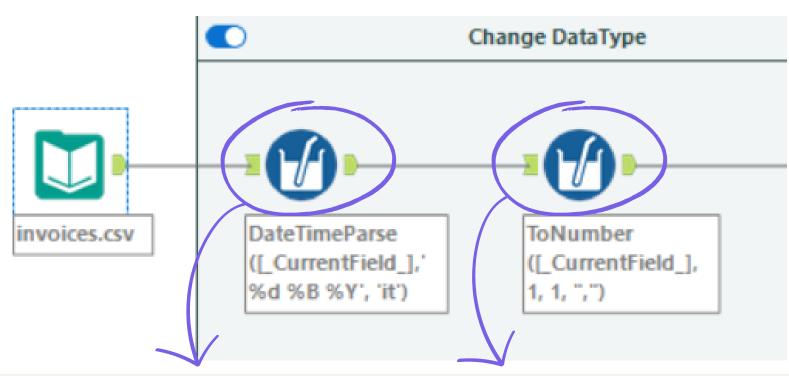
#### **RESULTS**

- Final pipeline
- Datasets obtained
- Conclusion

### (2) Data ingestion and discovery

#### Column Cleaning

date	gas_amount	gas_average_cost	howmuch_pay	total_amount	average_gas_bill_cost
16 Dicembre 2020	383,66	0,32 €/smc	383,66	383,66	0,86 €/smc
21 Novembre 2020	386,63	0,37 €/smc	197,77	197,77	0,86 €/smc
12 Dicembre 2020	15,69	0,22 €/smc	31,63	31,63	0,65 €/smc
5 Dicembre 2020	67,55	0,29 €/smc	114,12	114,12	0,73 €/smc

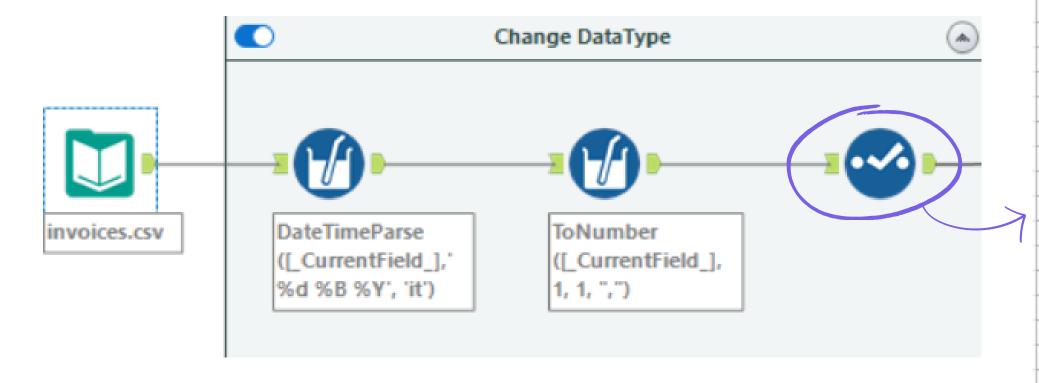


date	gas_amount	gas_average_cost	average_gas_bill_cost	total_amount	howmuch_pay
2020-12-16	383.66	0.32	0.86	383.66	383.66
2020-11-21	386.63	0.37	0.86	197.77	197.77
2020-12-12	15.69	0.22	0.65	31.63	31.63



### (2) Data ingestion and discovery

Column Casting

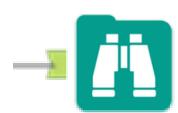


	Field	Type		Size	Rename	Description	^
$\square$	bill_id	Int64	•	8		Invoice identifier	
	user_code	V_WString	•	254		(Anonymized) code for the customer that owns thi	
$\square$	customer_code	V_WString	•	254		Combined with user_code provides a unique iden	
	city	V_WString	•	254		City where the utility is located	
$\square$	address	V_WString	•	254		(Anonymized) address of the utility location	
	nominative	V_WString	•	254		(Anonymized) customer name	
	sex	V_WString	•	254		Sex of the customer it could be 'M', 'F', 'P', with '	
$\square$	age	Int32	-	4		Age of the customer, set to null for commercial ac	
$\square$	supply_type	V_WString	•	254		Supply type ('light', 'gas', 'gas and light')	
	date	V_WString	•	254			
	light_start_date	V_WString	•	254			
	light_end_date	V_WString	•	254			
	New_light_start_date	Date	•	10	start_date	Start date of invoice	
$\square$	New_light_end_date	Date	•	10	end_date	End date of invoice	
$\square$	New_emission_date	Date	•	10	emission_date	Emission date	
$\square$	New_gas_amount	Double	•	8	gas_amount	Gas fee to pay	
$\square$	New_gas_average_cost	Double	•	8	gas_average_cost	Average cost of gas	
	gas_consumption	Float	-	4		Consumed gas	
$\square$	gas_offer	V_WString	•	254		Name of the subscribed gas plan (anonymized)	
$\square$	New_average_gas_bill_cost	Double	•	8	average_gas_bill_cost	Average cost for the gas invoice	
$\square$	gas_system_charges	Float	•	4		Extra gas fees	
	gas_material_cost	Float	-	4		Costs for gas	
$\square$	gas_transport_cost	Float	•	4		Extra gas fees	
	F1_kWh	Float	-	4		kWh of electricity consumed in the F1 time slot	
$\square$	F2_kWh	Float	•	4		kWh of electricity consumed in the F2 time slot	
$\square$	F3_kWh	Float	-	4		kWh of electricity consumed in the F3 time slot	
$\square$	light_average_cost	Float	•	4		Average cost of electricity	
$\square$	light_consumption	Float	-	4		Consumed electricity	
$\square$	light_offer_type	V_WString	•	254		Kind of plan for the electricity ('single zone', "bizo	
$\square$	light_offer	V_String	-	254		Name of the subscribed electricity plan (anonymiz	
$\square$	New_light_amount	Double	•	8	light_amount	Amount to pay for the electricity	
$\square$	New_average_unit_light_cost	Double	•	8	average_unit_light_cost	Average cost for the electricity	
$\square$	New_average_light_bill_cost	Double	•	8	average_light_bill_cost	Average cost for the electricity invoice	
$\square$	light_system_charges	Float	-	4		Extra electricity fees	
$\square$	light_transport_cost	Float	•	4		Extra electricity fees	
$\square$	light_material_cost	Float	-	4		Costs for electricity	

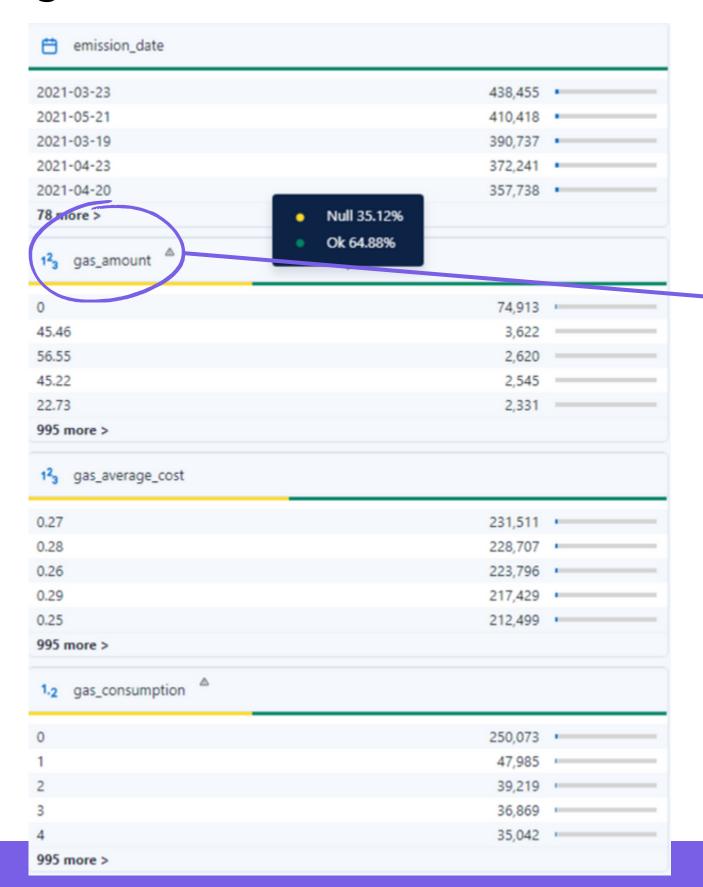


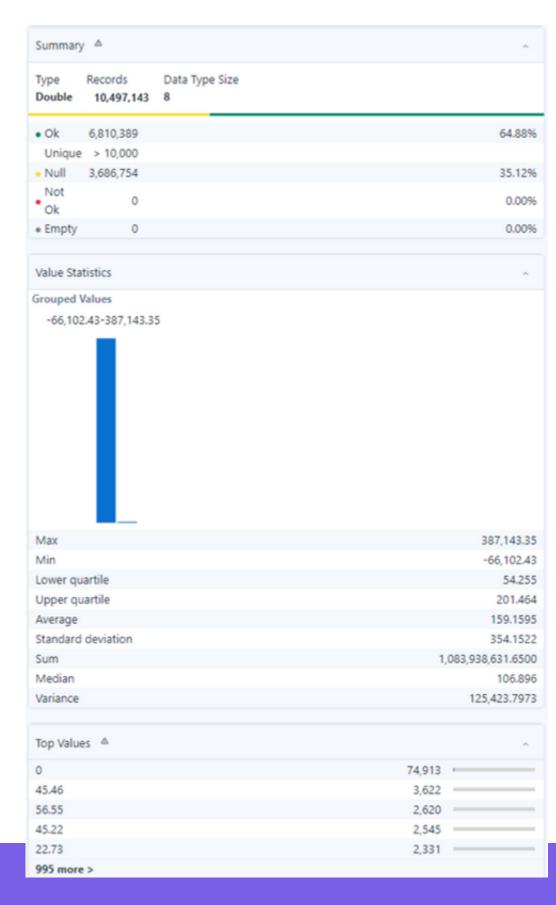
### <sup>2</sup> Data ingestion and discovery

Locate Missing Values





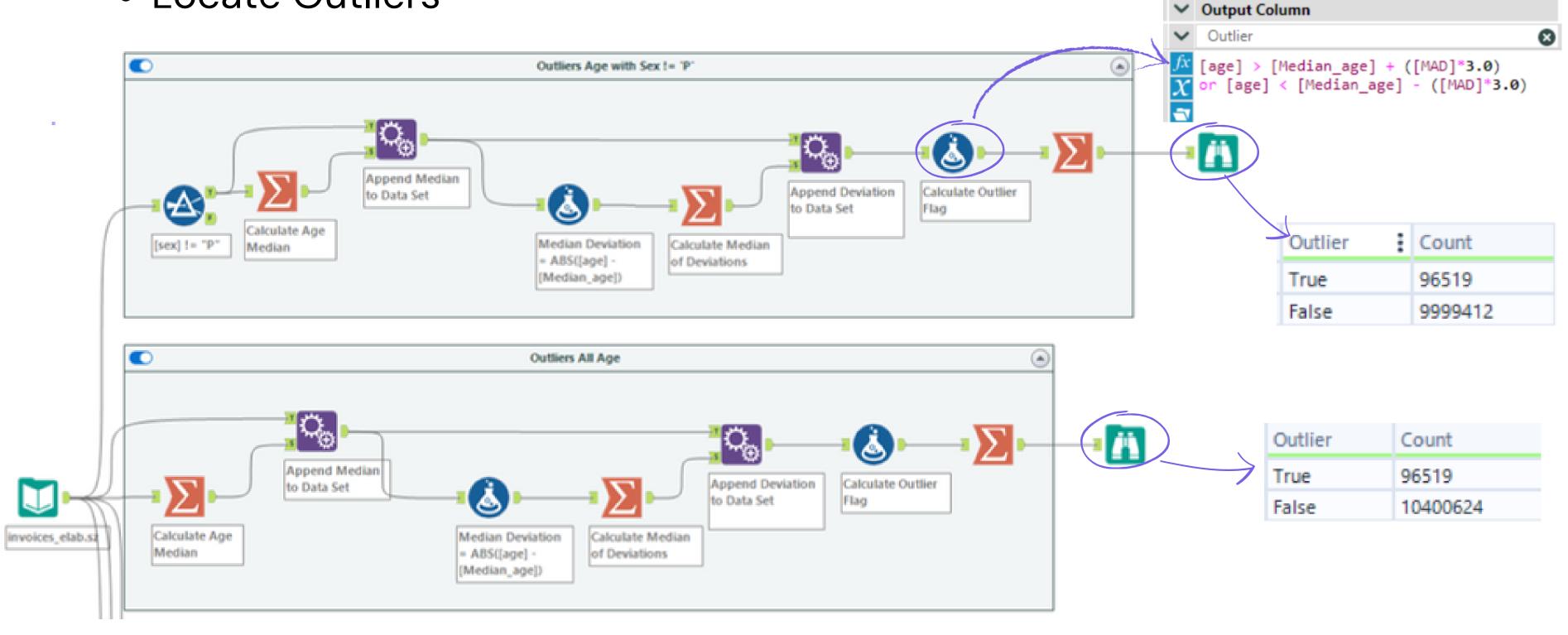






### Data ingestion and discovery

Locate Outliers



## <sup>2</sup> Data Validation

```
IIF(REGEX_Match
                                                                                        IIF(REGEX Match
                                                                                                          ([_CurrentField_],"
                                                                                        ([_CurrentField_],"
           • Check permitted characters
                                                                                        ^[\D'\-]
                                                                                                           ^[\w]
                                                                                                          *$"),"Correct","N
                                                                                        *$"), "Correct", "N.
                                                                                                          ot C...
IIF(REGEX_Match([_CurrentField_],"^[\D'\- ]*$"),"Correct" ,"Not Correct")
IIF(REGEX_Match([_CurrentField_],"^[\w]*$"),"Correct" ,"Not Correct")
```

## 2

### Data Validation

#### Check data range

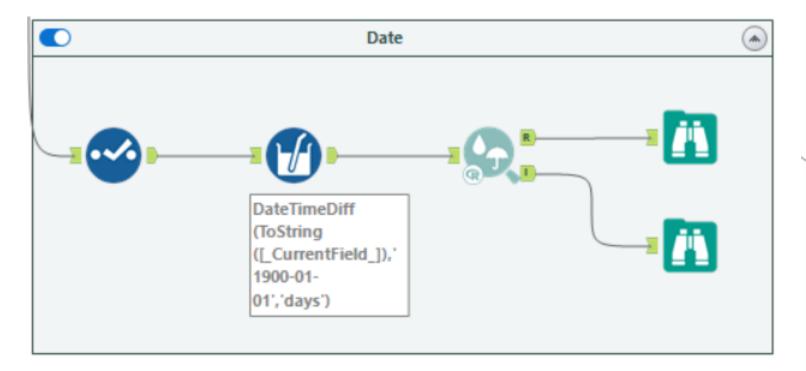
- **«age»** column have 111689(1,06% of the dataset) rows with value < 18
- The column 'total\_amount' defined as the sum of 'light\_amount', 'gas\_amount' and 'extra\_fees' is correct
- The column 'howmuch\_pay' is defined as the sum of 'tv' and total\_amount'. incorrect values: 257825 (2,46% of the dataset) and will be correct in Data Enrichment step
- For Numeric attributes having values less than zero

F1_kWh	103454 (0.99%)	total_amount	31006 (0.3%)
F2_kWh	96042 (0.91%)	light_amount	30359 (0.3%)
F3_kWh	93080 (0.89%)	gas_system_charges	2900681 (27,63%)
tv	384 (0.004%)	light_system_charges	56722 (0.54%)
gas_amount	152185 (1.45%)	gas_material_cost	140490 (1.34%)
extra_fees	351630 (3.35%)	light_material_cost	33499 (0.32%)
gas_consumption	338653 (3.23%)	gas_transport_cost	144439 (1.38%)
light_consumption	96921 (0.92%)	light_transport_cost	121300 (1.16%)
howmuch_pay	17 (0.00006%)		

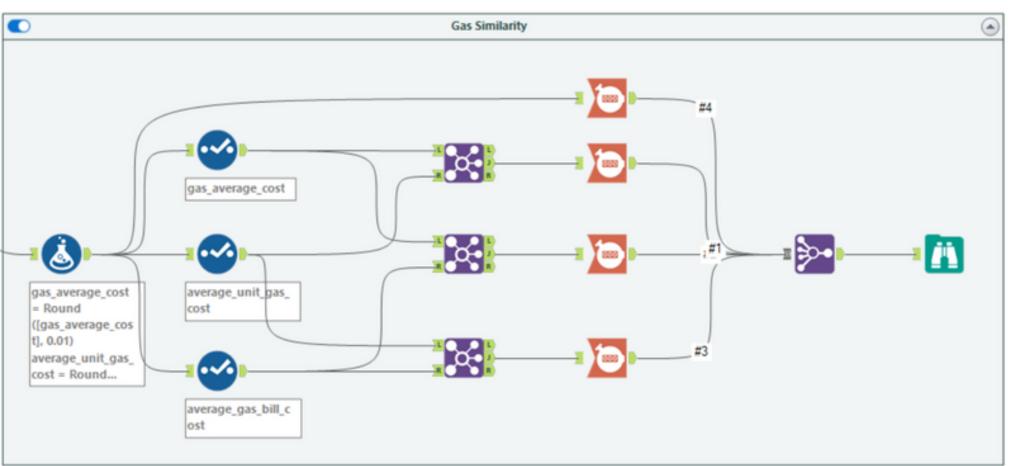


### <sup>2</sup>) Data Validation

• Check column uniqueness







#### **OLD DUPLICATE COLUMN**

date, light\_start\_date, gas\_end\_date light\_end\_date, gas\_start\_date gas\_average\_cost, average\_unit\_gas\_cost

#### REPLACEMENT **COLUMN**

start\_date end\_date

## <sup>2</sup> Data Validation

• Find data-mismatched data types

gas_offer		Float		Name of the subscribed gas plan (anonymized)	
light_offer Str		String		Name of the subscribed electricity plan (anonymized)	
gas_offer	V_WString	•	254		Name of the subscribed gas plan (anonymized)
light_offer	V_String	•	254		Name of the subscribed electricity plan (anonymiz

### (2) Data Structuring

Change column datatype

gas\_offer [float] -> gas\_offer[string]

Delete column

date, gas\_start\_date, gas\_end\_date

Rename column

F1\_kWh -> f1\_kwh

F2\_kWh -> f2\_kwh

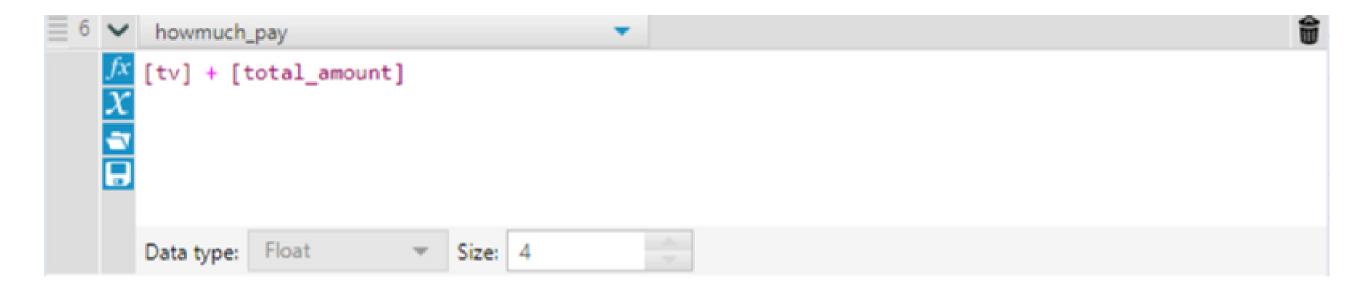
F3\_kWh -> f3\_kwh

light\_start\_date -> start\_date

light\_end\_date -> end\_date

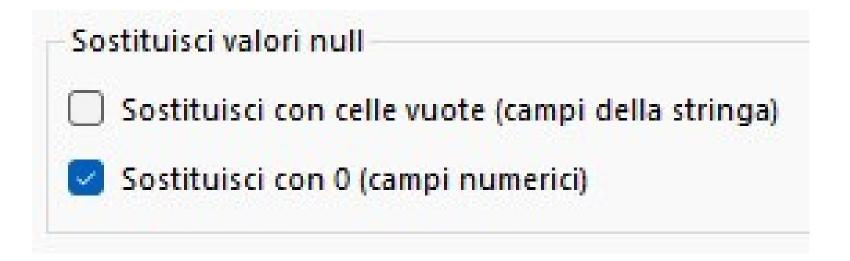
## <sup>2</sup> Data Enrichment

Since the data in the howmuch\_pay column, calculated as the sum of 'total\_amount' and 'tv', are wrong in 257825 (2,46% of the dataset), so we decided to re-calculate them to obtain the correct results.





Converted null values to O

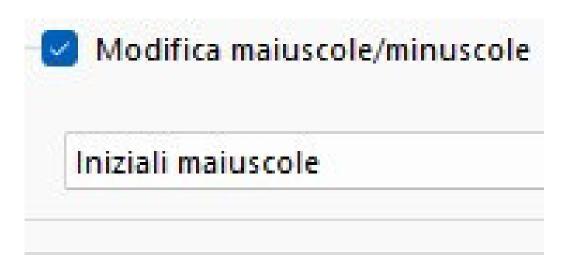


Adjusted the String characters

Spazi bianchi iniziali e finali	
Tab, interruzioni di riga e Whitespace dupli	cato
Tutti gli spazi bianchi	
☐ Lettere	
Numeri	
Punteggiatura	
Modifica maiuscole/minuscole	

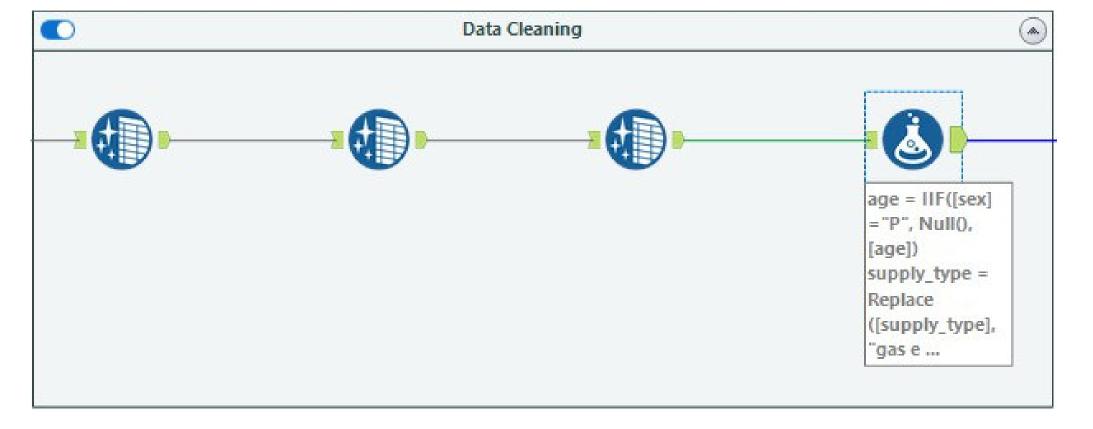


Set Title Case

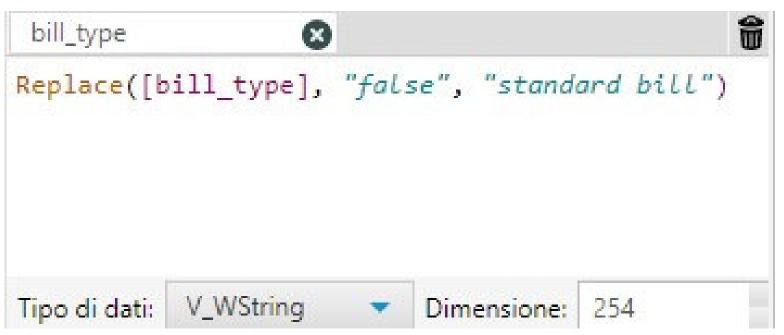


- Set sex=P
- Transalate the supply tupe

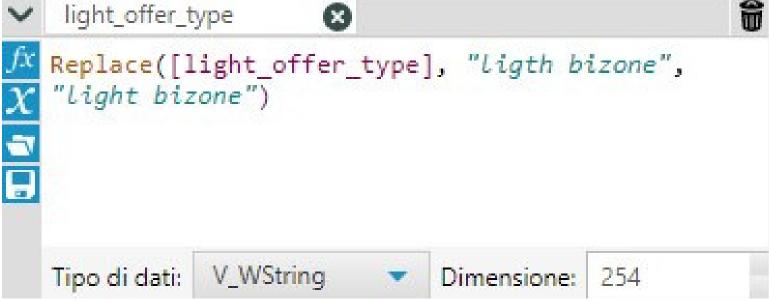




Set Null Supply Type to "standard bill"



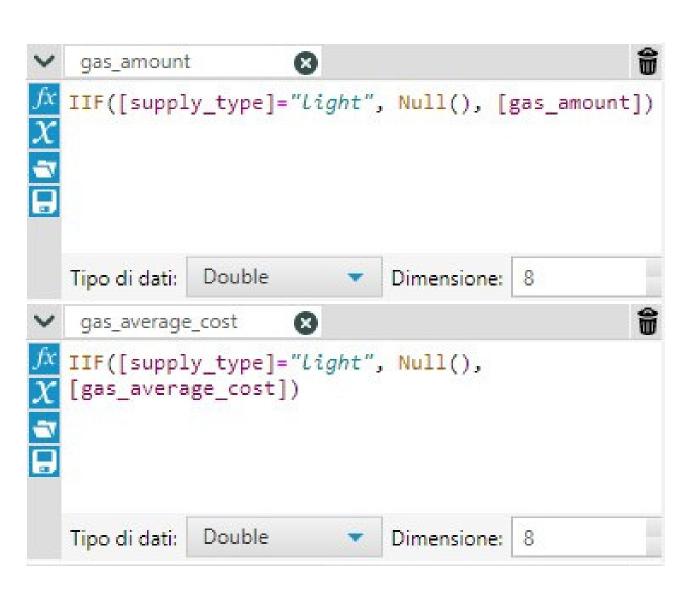
Correct typo "light offer type"





### Data Cleaning

• Light invoces set null gas fields



```
gas_consumption
                   (3)
IIF([supply_type]="light", Null(),
[gas_consumption])
Tipo di dati: Float
                          Dimensione: 4
average_gas_bill_cost 🔞
IIF([supply type]="light", Null(),
[average_gas_bill_cost])
Tipo di dati: Double
                           Dimensione: 8
gas_system_charges 🔞
IIF([supply_type]="light", Null(),
[gas system charges])
Tipo di dati: Float
                            Dimensione: 4
```

```
y gas_material_cost

IIF([supply_type]="light", Null(),
[gas_material_cost])

Tipo di dati: Float

y gas_transport_cost

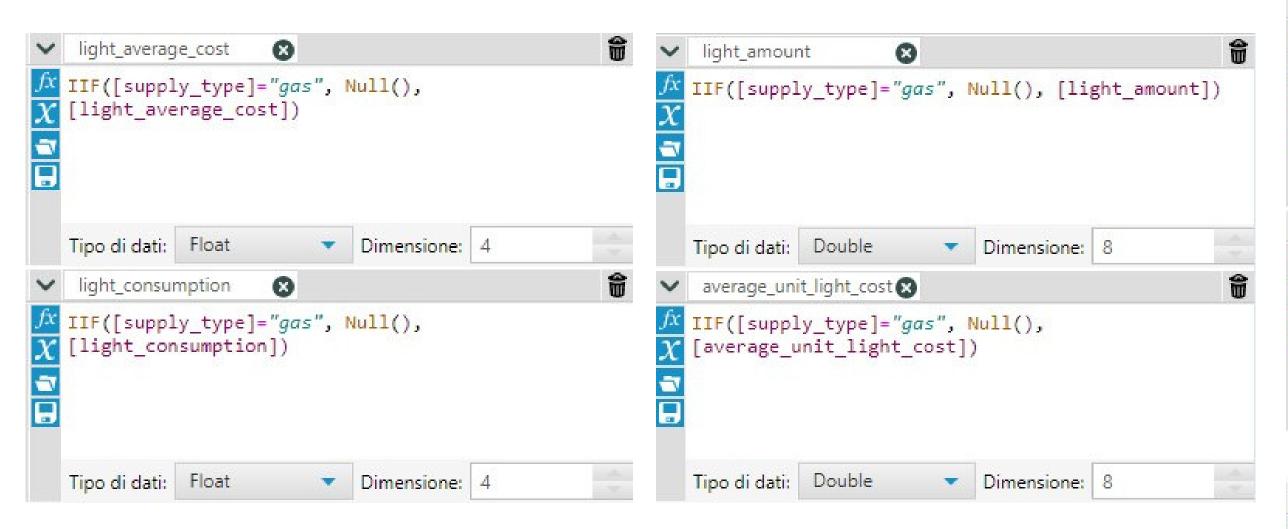
IIF([supply_type]="light", Null(),
[gas_transport_cost])

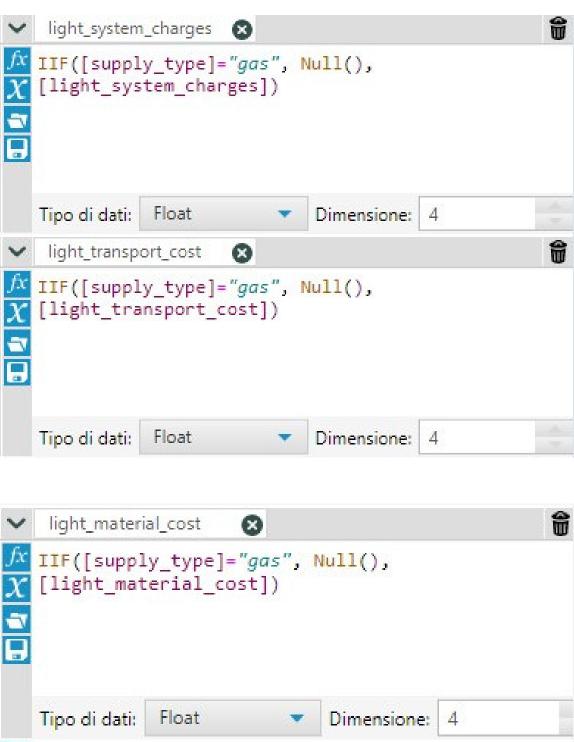
Tipo di dati: Float

Tipo di dati: Float

Dimensione: 4
```

• Gas invoces set null light fields





### Index



#### **ALTERYX**

- Overview
- How it works
- Learning Datasets
- Pros and cons



#### **PIPELINE**

- Data Ingestion and discovery
- Data Validation
- Data Structuring
- Data Enrichment
- Data Filtering
- Data Cleaning

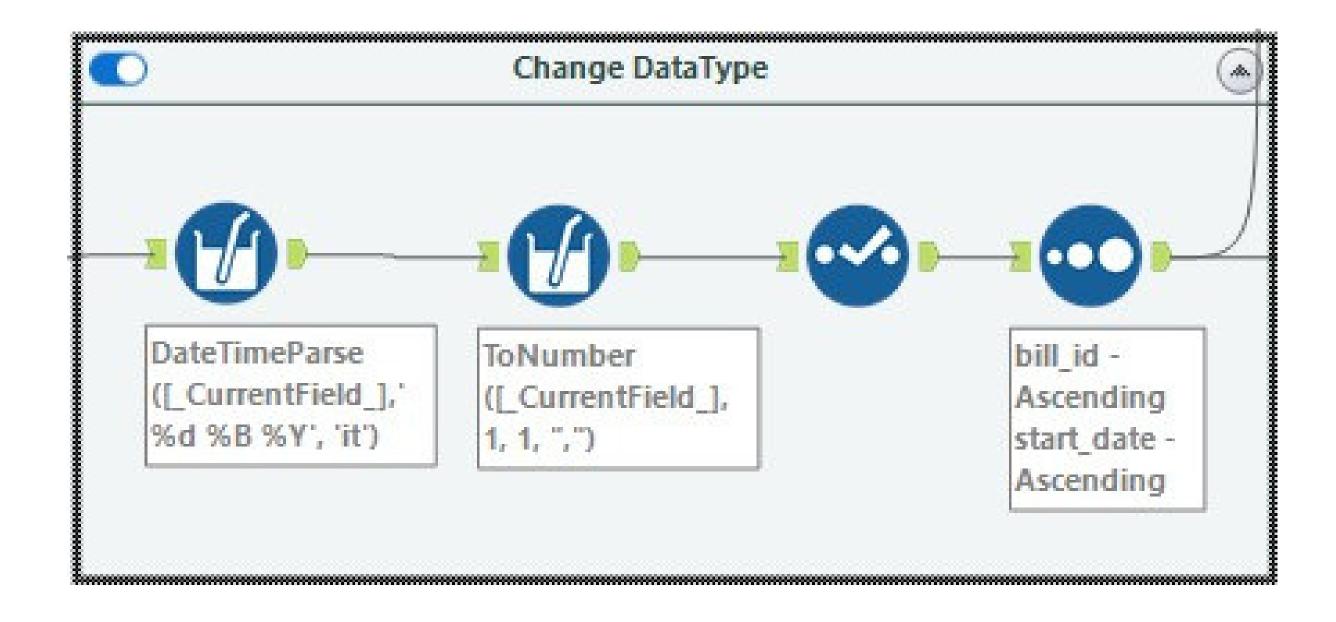


#### **RESULTS**

- Final pipeline
- Datasets obtained
- Conclusion

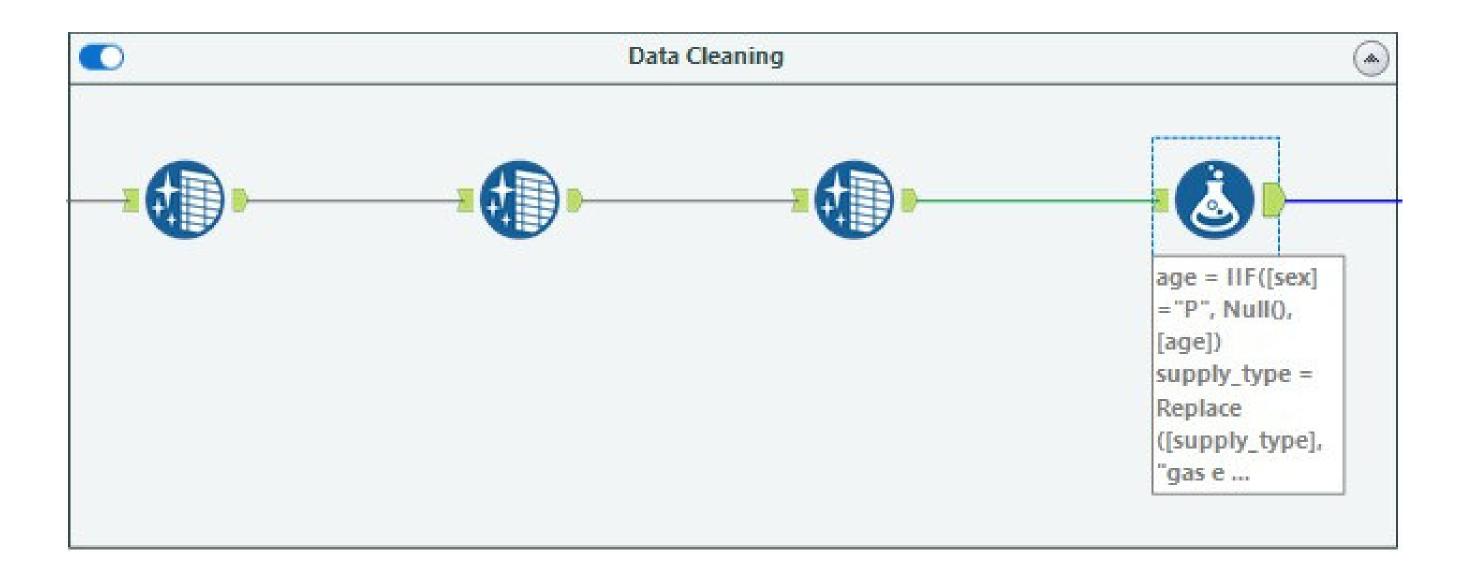
## (3) Final Pipeline

• Data format correction



## (3) Final Pipeline

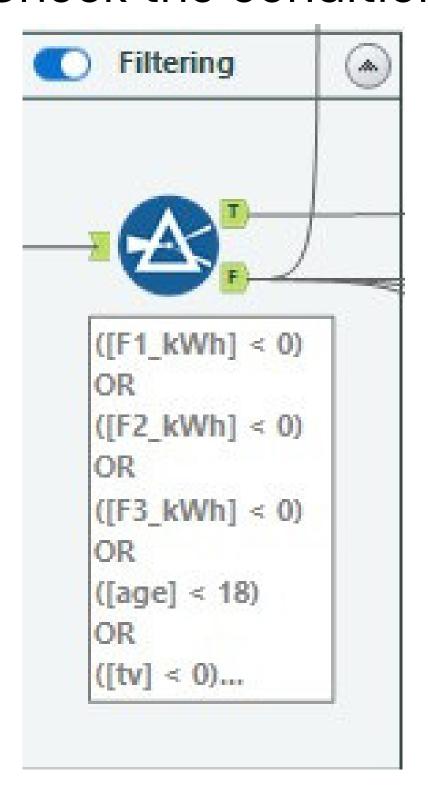
Data cleaning





### 3) Final Pipeline

Check the condition

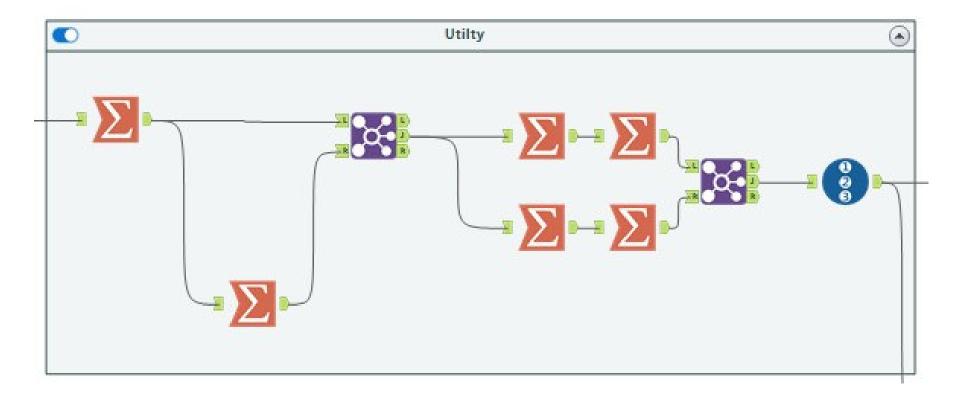


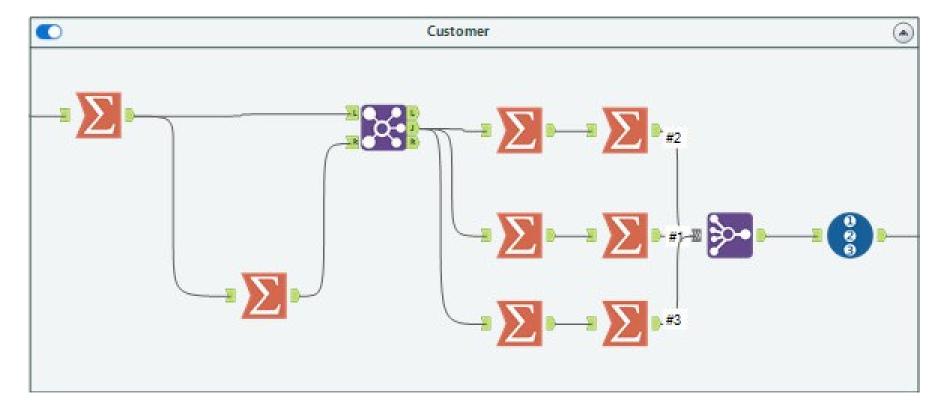
Filtro personalizzato

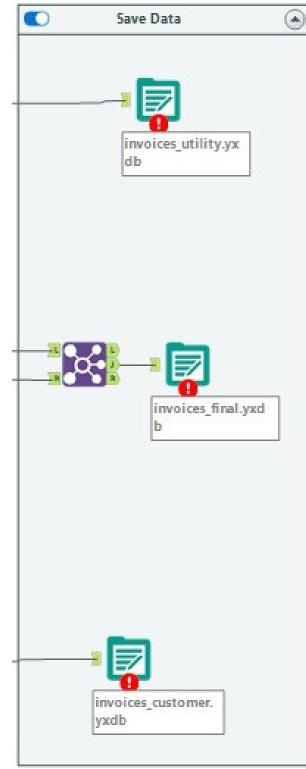
```
([F1 kWh] < 0) OR
   ([F2_kWh] < 0) OR
   ([F3 kWh] < 0) OR
   ([age] < 18) OR
   ([tv] < 0) OR
(IsNull([address])) OR
   (IsNull([nominative]))OR
   (IsNull([city]))OR
   (IsNull([start_date])) OR
   (IsNull([end date])) OR
   (([gas_consumption] < 0 OR
   IsNull([gas_consumption])) and [supply_type] IN
   ('gas', 'gas and light')) OR
   (([light_consumption] < 0 OR
   IsNull([light_consumption])) and [supply_type]
   IN ('light', 'gas and light')) OR
   ((Round(IIF(IsNull([light_consumption]), 0,
   [light_consumption]), 0.01) !=
   Round(IIF(IsNull([F1_kWh]), 0, [F1_kWh]) +
   IIF(IsNull([F2_kWh]), 0, [F2_kWh]) +
   IIF(IsNull([F3_kWh]), 0, [F3_kWh]), 0.01)) and
   [supply type] IN ('light', 'gas and light'))
```

## Final Pipeline

• Creation of the 3 DBs









### (3) Datasets obtained



• Customer 3.898.716 of records



• Utilty 4.967.519 of records



• Invoices 9.781.634 of records



### Conclusion





 Offers the possibility of caching the intermediate result



 Execution times depend on hardware



 Use the maximum resources available



AMP allows parallel pipeline execution



Great community





Does not offer complex tools.



 Saves temporary files between steps on disk



 Learning the interface and features may take time

# Thanks for your attention!

