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 Curso: Ciência da Computação  
 Disciplina: Eletricidade Básica  
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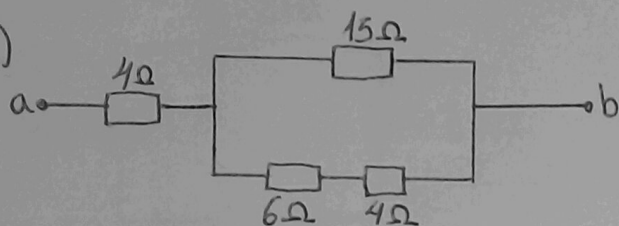
$$R' = 8 + 12 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} R' = 20 \Omega \\ R_{eq} = \frac{20 \cdot 5}{20 + 5} \end{array} \right.$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{100}{25}$$

$$R_{eq} = 4 \Omega$$

## Atividade V

1. a)



$$R' = 6 + 4$$

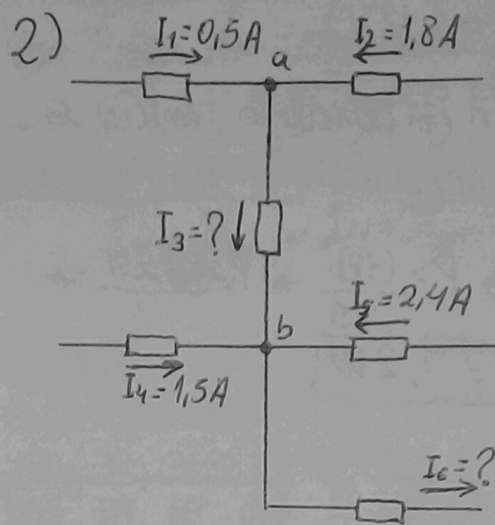
$$R' = 10 \Omega$$

$$R'' = \frac{15 \cdot 10}{15 + 10} \rightarrow R'' = \frac{150}{25}$$

$$R'' = 6 \Omega$$

$$R_{eq} = 4 + 6$$

$$R_{eq} = 10 \Omega$$



$$\text{Nó a: } I_1 + I_2 = I_3$$

$$\text{Nó b: } I_3 + I_4 + I_5 = I_6$$

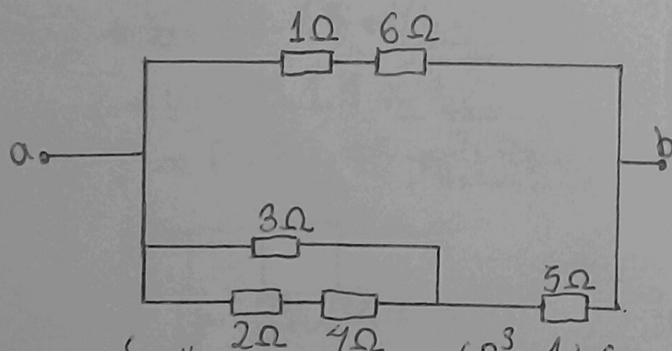
$$\text{Nó a: } 0,5 + 1,8 = I_3$$

$$I_3 = 2,3 A$$

$$\text{Nó b: } 2,3 + 1,5 + 2,4 = I_6$$

$$I_6 = 6,2 A$$

b)



$$R' = 2 + 4$$

$$R' = 6 \Omega$$

$$R'' = \frac{3 \cdot 6}{3 + 6}$$

$$R'' = \frac{18}{9} \rightarrow R'' = 2 \Omega$$

$$R^3 = 1 + 6$$

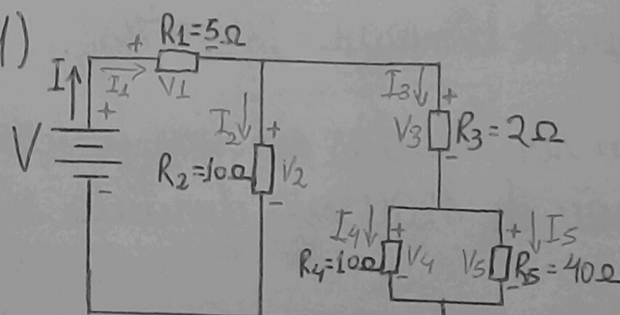
$$R^3 = 7 \Omega$$

$$R^4 = 2 + 5$$

$$R^4 = 7 \Omega$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{7 \cdot 7}{7 + 7} \rightarrow R_{eq} = \frac{49}{14} \rightarrow R_{eq} = 3,5 \Omega$$

4)



$$I = 20 A$$

$$I_3 = 10 A$$

$$R' = \frac{10 \cdot 40}{10 + 40}$$

$$R' = \frac{400}{50}$$

$$R' = 8 \Omega$$

$$R^3 = \frac{R_2 \cdot R''}{R_2 + R''}$$

$$R^3 = \frac{10 \cdot 10}{10 + 10}$$

$$R^3 = \frac{100}{20}$$

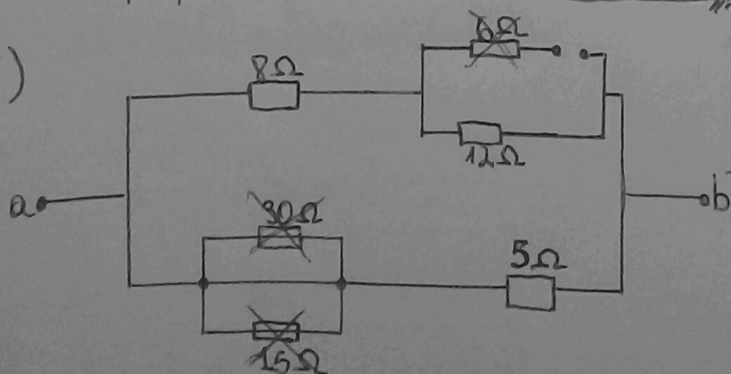
$$R^3 = 5 \Omega$$

$$R_{eq} = R_1 + R^3$$

$$R_{eq} = 5 + 5$$

$$R_{eq} = 10 \Omega$$

c)



$$R'' = R_3 + R'$$

$$R'' = 2 + 8$$

$$R'' = 10 \Omega$$

$$I_2 = I_1 - I_3$$

$$I_2 = 20 - 10$$

$$I_2 = 10 A$$

$$V_2 = R_2 \cdot I_2$$

$$V_2 = 10 \cdot 10$$

$$V_2 = 100 V$$

$$V_1 = R_1 \cdot I_1 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_3 = R_3 \cdot I_3 \\ V_1 = 5 \cdot 20 \\ V_3 = 2 \cdot 10 \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} I = R_{eq} \cdot I \\ V = 10 \cdot 20 \\ V = 200 V \end{array} \right.$$

$$\boxed{V_1 = 100 V} \quad \boxed{V_3 = 20 V} \quad \boxed{V = 200 V}$$

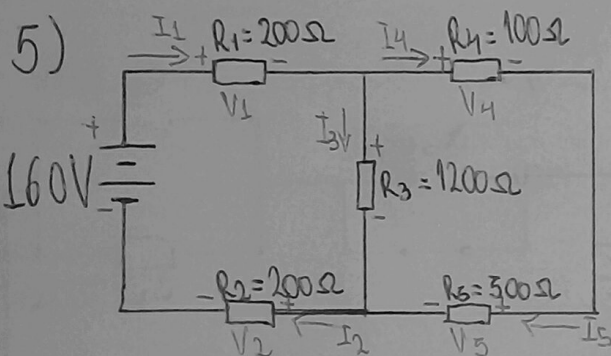
$$V_4 = V_1 - V_3 \quad V_5 = V_1 - V_3$$

$$V_4 = 100 - 20 \quad V_4 = V_5 \quad V_5 = 100 - 20$$

$$\boxed{V_4 = 80 V} \quad \boxed{V_5 = 80 V}$$

$$I_4 = \frac{V_4}{R_4} \rightarrow I_4 = \frac{80}{10} \rightarrow \boxed{I_4 = 8 A}$$

$$I_5 = \frac{V_5}{R_5} \rightarrow I_5 = \frac{80}{40} \rightarrow \boxed{I_5 = 2 A}$$



$$I_{total} = \frac{V}{R_{eq}} \rightarrow I_{total} = \frac{160}{800} \rightarrow \boxed{I_{total} = 0,2 A}$$

$$R^1 = R_4 + R_5 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} R^2 = \frac{R_3 \cdot R^1}{R_3 + R^1} \\ R^1 = 100 + 500 \\ R^2 = \frac{1200 \cdot 600}{1200 + 600} \end{array} \right. \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} R^2 = \frac{720000}{1800} \\ R^2 = 400 \end{array}$$

$$R_{eq} = R_1 + R^2 + R_2 \rightarrow R_{eq} = 200 + 400 + 200$$

$$\boxed{R_{eq} = 800 \Omega}$$

$$\boxed{I_1 = I_2 = I = 0,2 A}$$

$$I_3 = \frac{V}{R_3} \rightarrow I_3 = \frac{80}{1200}$$

$$\boxed{I_3 = 0,0667 A}$$

$$I_4 = I_2 - I_3$$

$$I_4 = 0,2 - 0,0667$$

$$\boxed{I_4 = 0,1333 A} = I_5$$

$$V_1 = \frac{R_1 \cdot V}{R_{eq}} \rightarrow V_1 = \frac{200 \cdot 160}{800}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{32000}{800} \rightarrow \boxed{V_1 = 40 V}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{R_2 \cdot V}{R_{eq}} \rightarrow V_2 = \frac{200 \cdot 160}{800} \rightarrow V_2 = \frac{32000}{800}$$

$$\boxed{V_2 = 40 V}$$

$$V_3 = I \cdot R^2$$

$$V_3 = 0,2 \cdot 400$$

$$\boxed{V_3 = 80 V}$$

$$V_5 = R_5 \cdot I_5$$

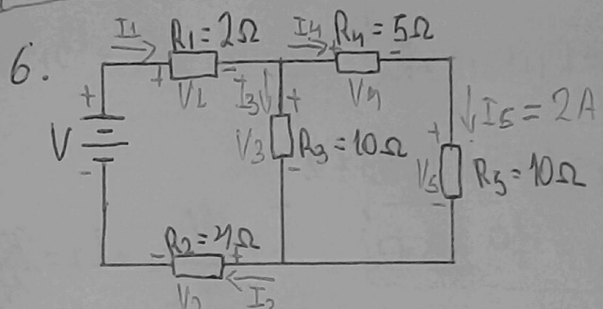
$$V_5 = 500 \cdot 0,1333$$

$$\boxed{V_5 = 66,67 V}$$

$$V_4 = R_4 \cdot I_4$$

$$V_4 = 100 \cdot 0,1333$$

$$\boxed{V_4 = 13,33 V}$$



$$R^1 = R_4 + R_5 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} R^2 = \frac{R_3 \cdot R^1}{R_3 + R^1} \\ R^1 = 5 + 10 \\ R^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 15}{10 + 15} \end{array} \right. \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} R^2 = \frac{150}{25} \\ R^2 = 6 \Omega \end{array}$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = R_1 + R^2 + R_2 \rightarrow R_{eq\_total} = 2 + 6 + 4$$

$$\boxed{R_{eq\_total} = 12 \Omega}$$

$$V_5 = R_5 \cdot I_5 \quad I_4 = I_5 = 2 A \quad V_3 = V_4 + V_5$$

$$V_5 = 10 \cdot 2$$

$$\boxed{V_5 = 20 V}$$

$$V_4 = R_4 \cdot I_4$$

$$V_4 = 5 \cdot 2$$

$$\boxed{V_4 = 10 V}$$

$$V_3 = 10 + 20$$

$$\boxed{V_3 = 30 V}$$

$$I_3 = \frac{V_3}{R_3}$$

$$I_3 = \frac{30}{10}$$

$$\boxed{I_3 = 3 A}$$

$$I_1 = I_4 + I_3$$

$$I_1 = 2 + 3$$

$$I_1 = 5 A$$

$$I_2 = I_3 + I_5$$

$$I_2 = 3 + 2$$

$$I_2 = 5 A$$

$$V_L = R_1 \cdot I_1$$

$$V_L = 2 \cdot 5$$

$$\boxed{V_L = 10 V}$$

$$V_2 = R_2 \cdot I_2$$

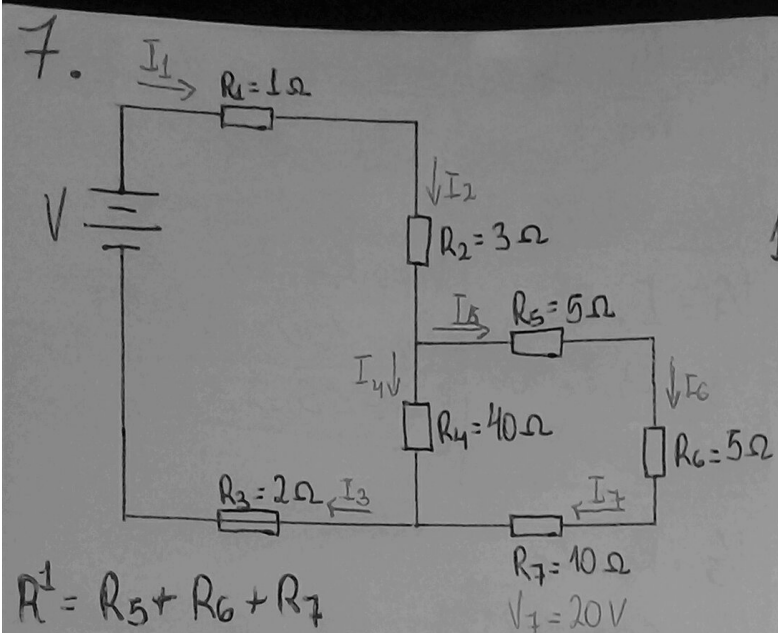
$$V_2 = 4 \cdot 5$$

$$\boxed{V_2 = 20 V}$$

$$P = V \cdot I \rightarrow P = 60 \cdot 5$$

$$\boxed{P = 300 W}$$

$$V = R_{eq} \cdot I \rightarrow V = 12 \cdot 5 \rightarrow \boxed{V = 60 V}$$



$$R^1 = R_5 + R_6 + R_7$$

$$R^1 = 5 + 5 + 10$$

$$R^1 = 20\Omega$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = R_1 + R_2 + R^2 + R_3$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = 1 + 3 + 13,33 + 2$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = 19,33\Omega$$

$$I_5 = I_6 = I_7$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = I_3$$

$$V_6 = R_6 \cdot I_6$$

$$V_6 = 5 \cdot 2$$

$$V_6 = 10V$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = I_5 + I_4$$

$$= 2 + 1$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = 3A$$

$$I = 3A$$

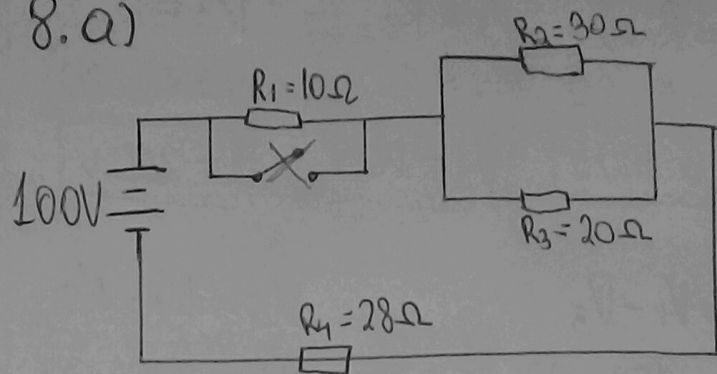
$$I_4 = \frac{V_4}{R_4} \rightarrow I_4 = \frac{40}{40} \rightarrow I_4 = 1A$$

$$V = R_{eq} \cdot I$$

$$V = 19,33 \cdot 3$$

$$V = 58V$$

8. a)



$$R^1 = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \rightarrow R^1 = \frac{30 \cdot 20}{30 + 20} \rightarrow R^1 = \frac{600}{50}$$

$$R^1 = 12\Omega, R_{eq\_total} = R_1 + R^1 + R_4$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = 10 + 12 + 28$$

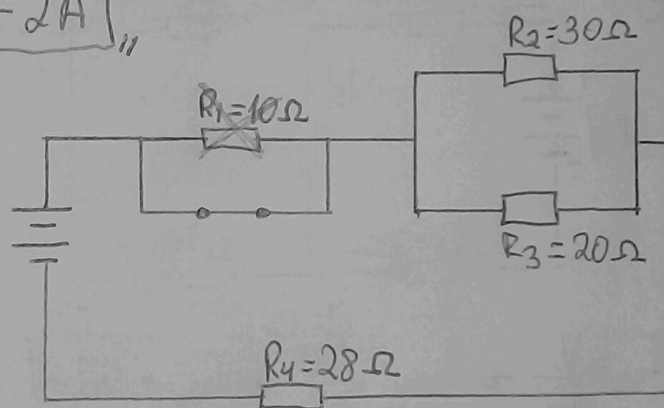
$$R_{eq\_total} = 50\Omega$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R_{eq}}$$

$$I = \frac{100}{50}$$

$$I = 2A$$

b)



$$R^1 = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \rightarrow R^1 = \frac{30 \cdot 20}{30 + 20} \rightarrow R^1 = \frac{600}{50}$$

$$R^1 = 12\Omega$$

$$R_{eq} = R_4 + R^1$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = 28 + 12$$

$$R_{eq\_total} = 40\Omega$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R_{eq\_total}}$$

$$I = \frac{100}{40}$$

$$I = 2,5A$$