

This file contains all commands of the Chapter “Data Visualisation”

```
# load the library
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages -----
## √ ggplot2 3.0.0      √ purrr  0.2.5
## √ tibble  1.4.2      √ dplyr  0.7.5
## √ tidyr   0.8.1      √ stringr 1.3.1
## √ readr   1.1.1      √ forcats 0.3.0

## -- Conflicts -----
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()

# read the data
popsize <- read_tsv("../data/FauchaldEtAl2017/pop_size.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   Herd = col_character(),
##   Year = col_integer(),
##   Pop_Size = col_integer()
## )

ndvi <- read_tsv("../data/FauchaldEtAl2017/ndvi.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   Herd = col_character(),
##   Year = col_integer(),
##   NDVI_May = col_double(),
##   NDVI_June_August = col_double()
## )

seaice <- read_tsv("../data/FauchaldEtAl2017/sea_ice.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   Herd = col_character(),
##   Year = col_integer(),
##   Jan = col_double(),
##   Feb = col_double(),
##   Mar = col_double(),
##   Apr = col_double(),
##   May = col_double(),
##   Jun = col_double(),
##   Jul = col_double(),
##   Aug = col_double(),
##   Sep = col_double(),
##   Oct = col_double(),
##   Nov = col_double(),
##   Dec = col_double()
## )
```

```
snow <- read_tsv("../data/FauchaldEtAl2017/snow.csv")
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:  
## cols(  
##   Year = col_integer(),  
##   Herd = col_character(),  
##   Perc_snowcover = col_double(),  
##   Week_snowmelt = col_integer()  
## )
```

```
# bring data into long format
```

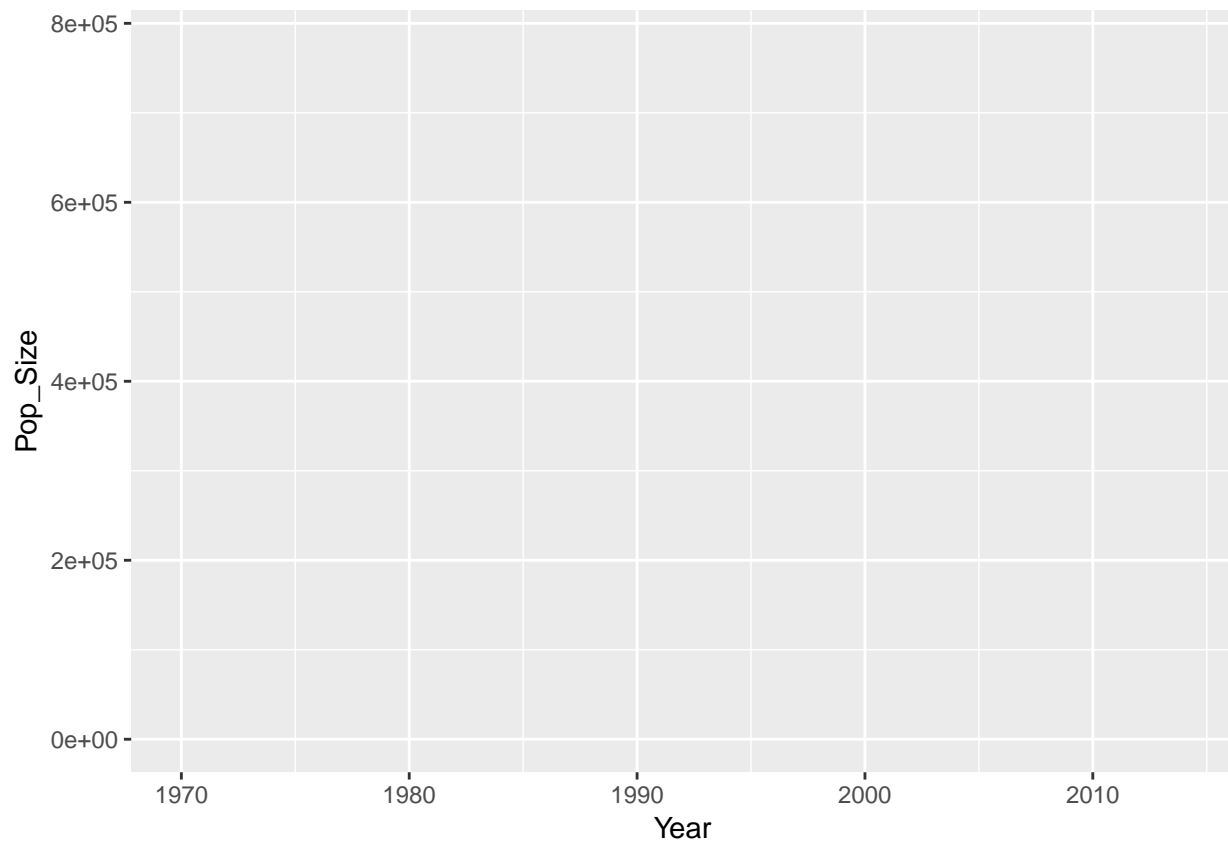
```
seaice <- seaice %>% gather(Month, Cover, 3:14)
```

```
# build the first plot
```

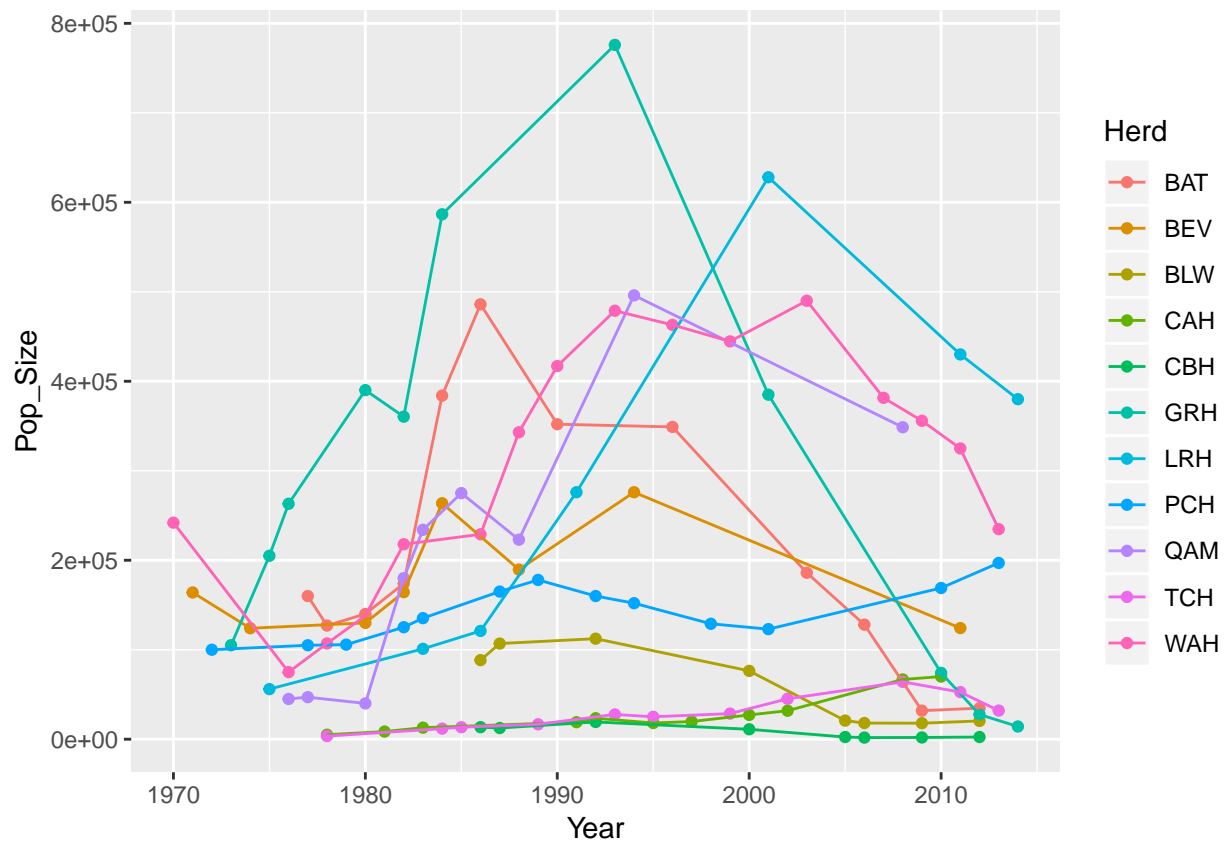
```
ggplot(data = popsize)
```

```
# add an aesthetic mapping
```

```
ggplot(data = popsize) + aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size, colour = Herd)
```

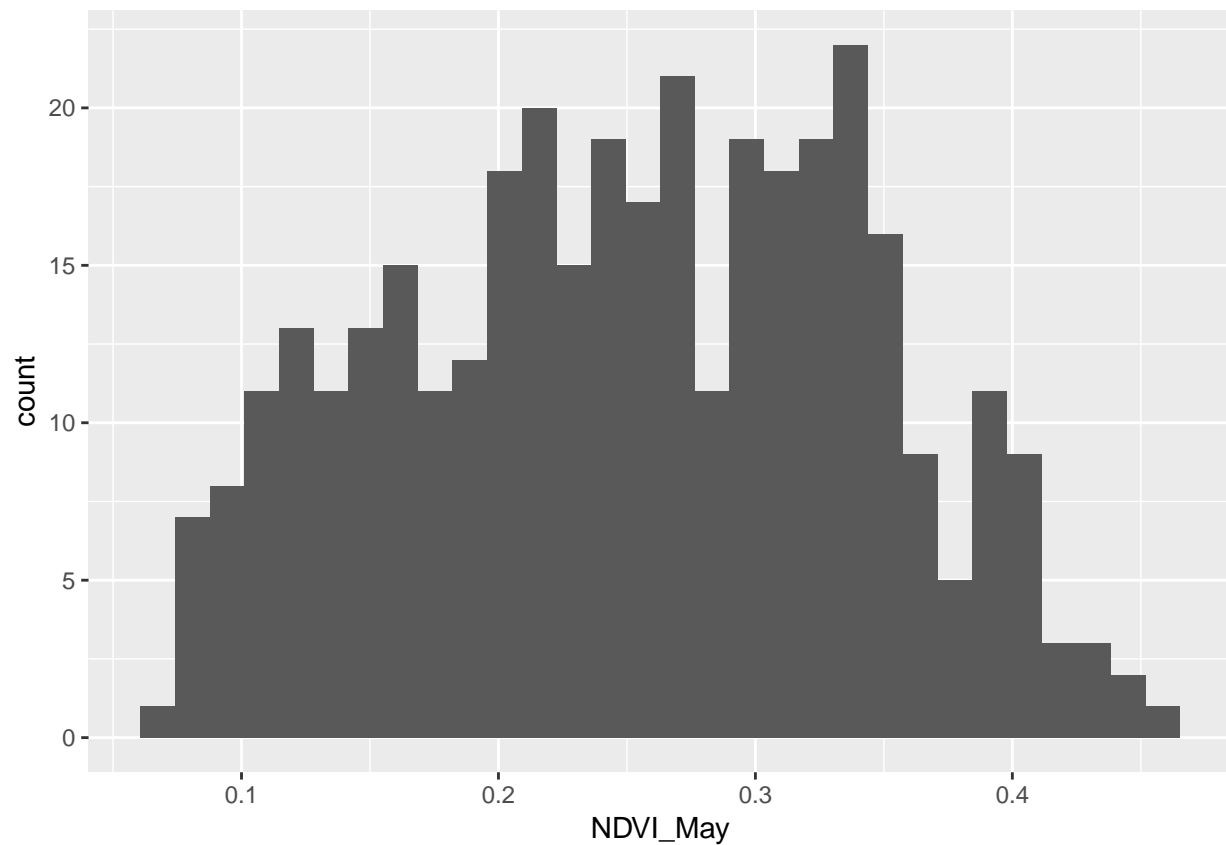


```
# add geometries  
ggplot(data = popsize) +  
  aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size, colour = Herd) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_line()
```



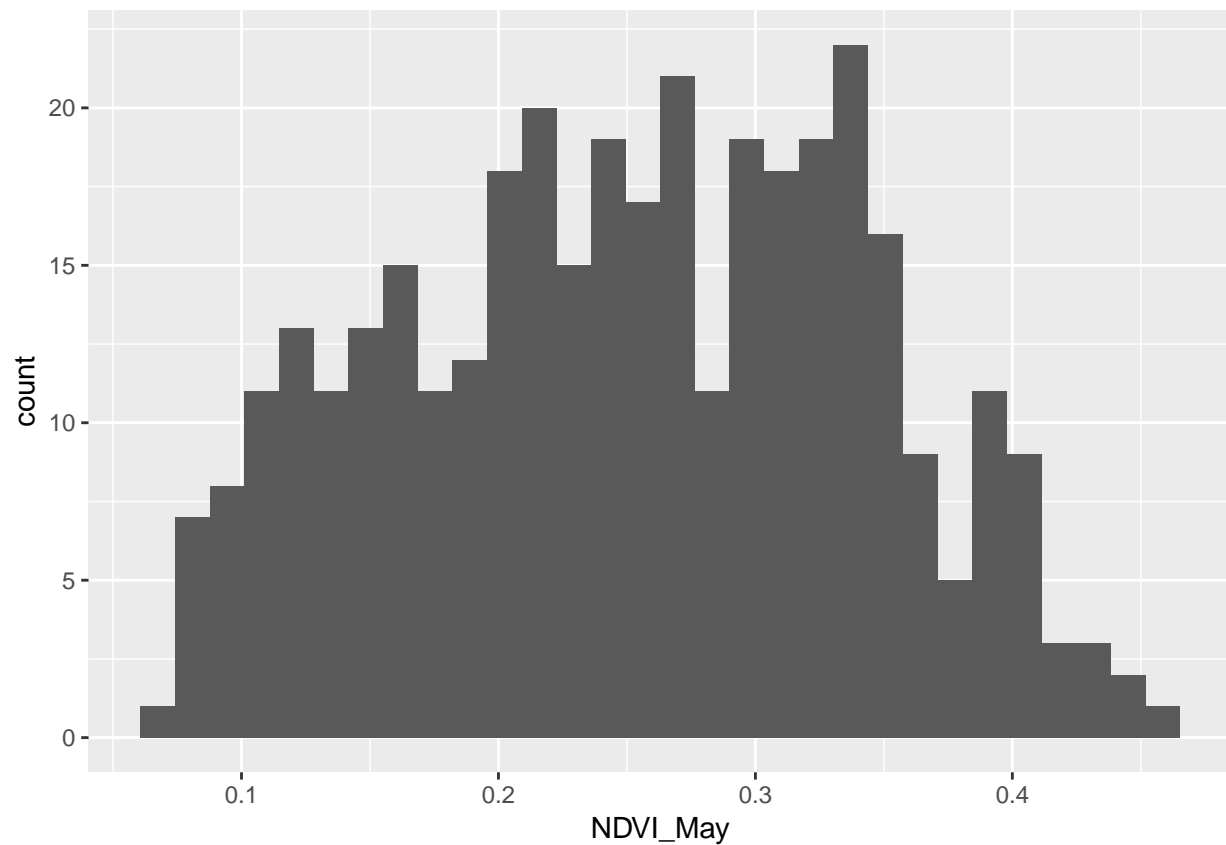
```
# plot frequency distribution (histogram)
ggplot(data = ndvi) + geom_histogram(aes(x = NDVI_May))

## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



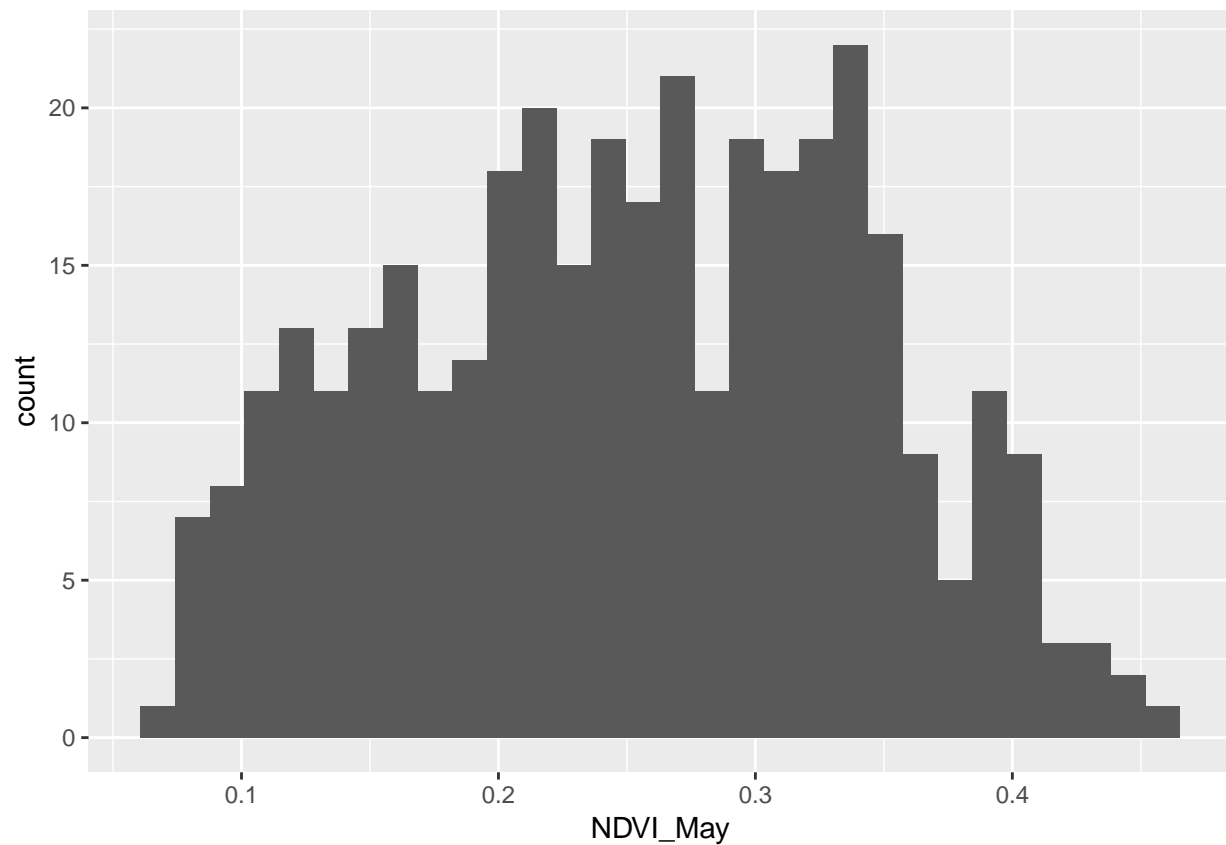
```
# "unrolled" or nested
# These three commands produce the same graph:
ggplot(data = ndvi) + aes(x = NDVI_May) + geom_histogram()

## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



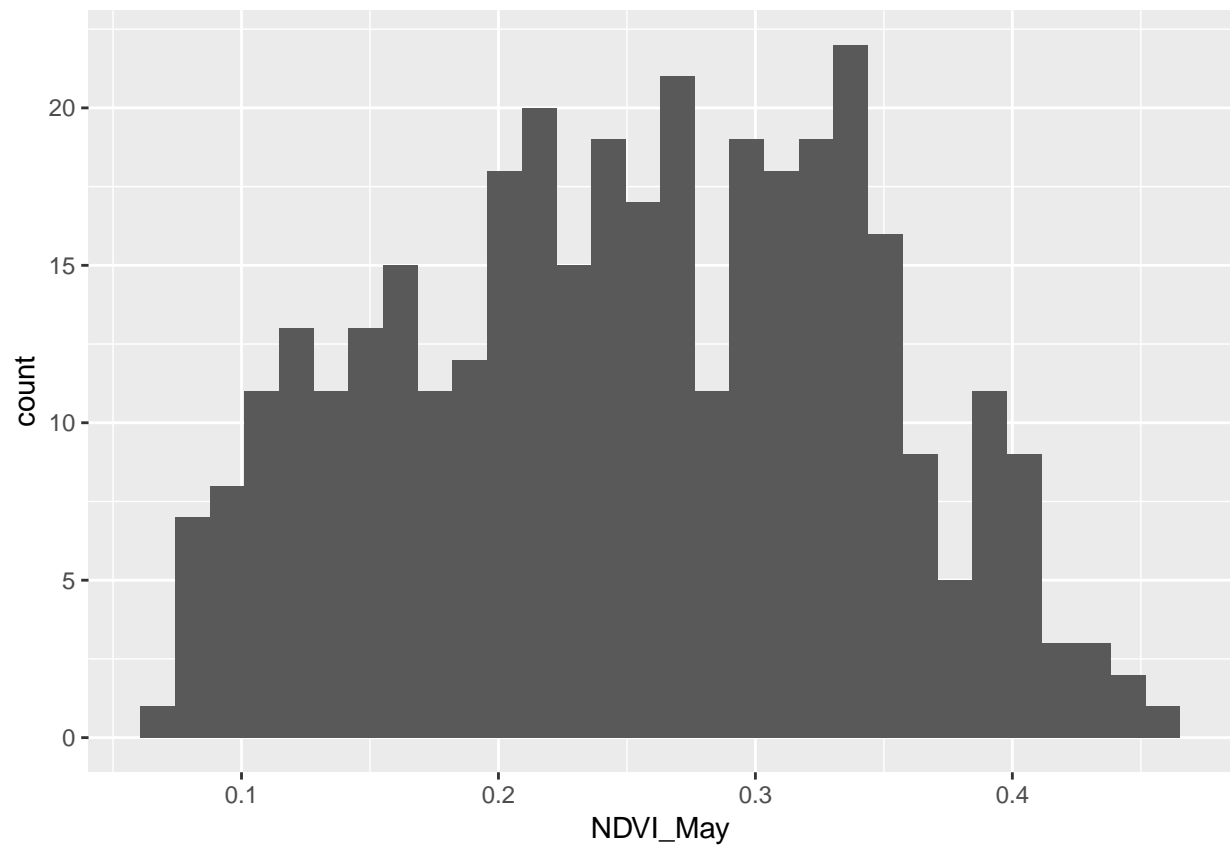
```
ggplot(data = ndvi, aes(x = NDVI_May)) + geom_histogram()
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

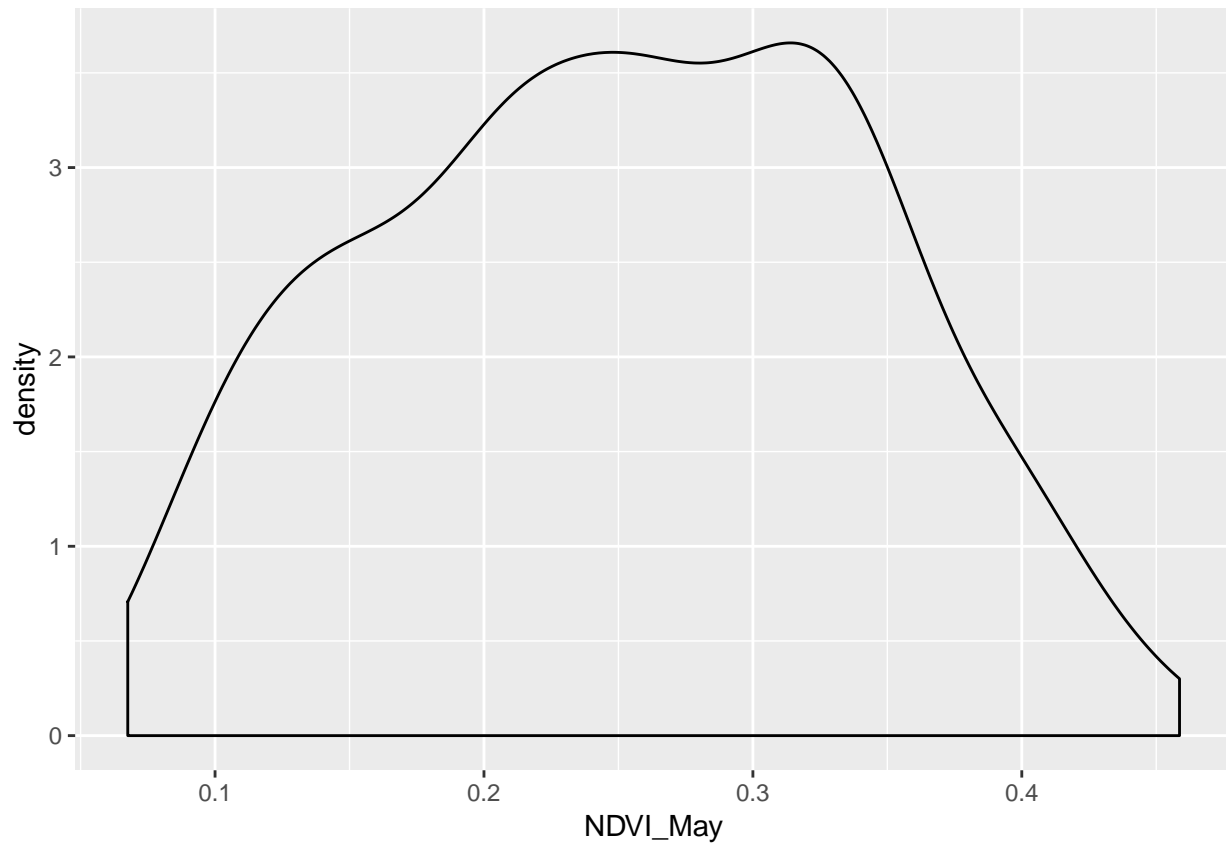


```
ggplot(data = ndvi) + geom_histogram(aes(x = NDVI_May))
```

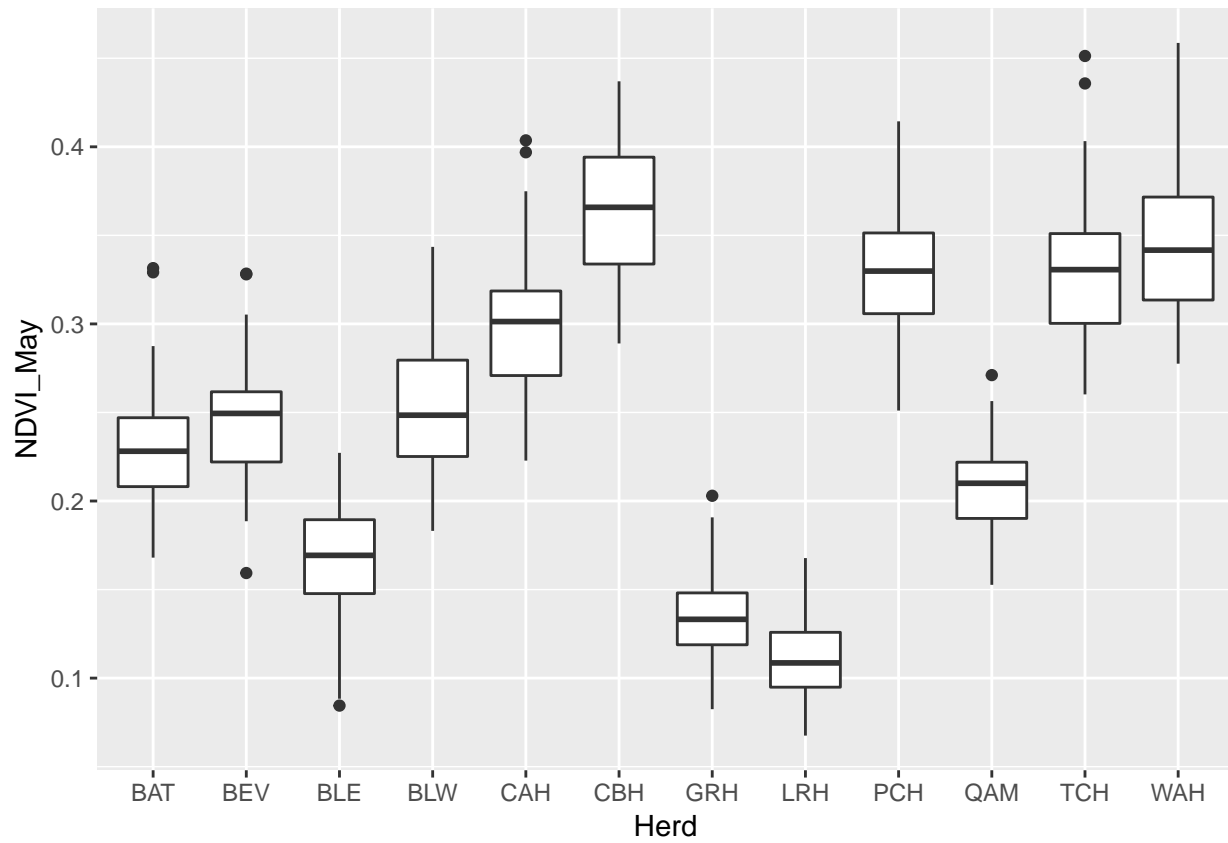
```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



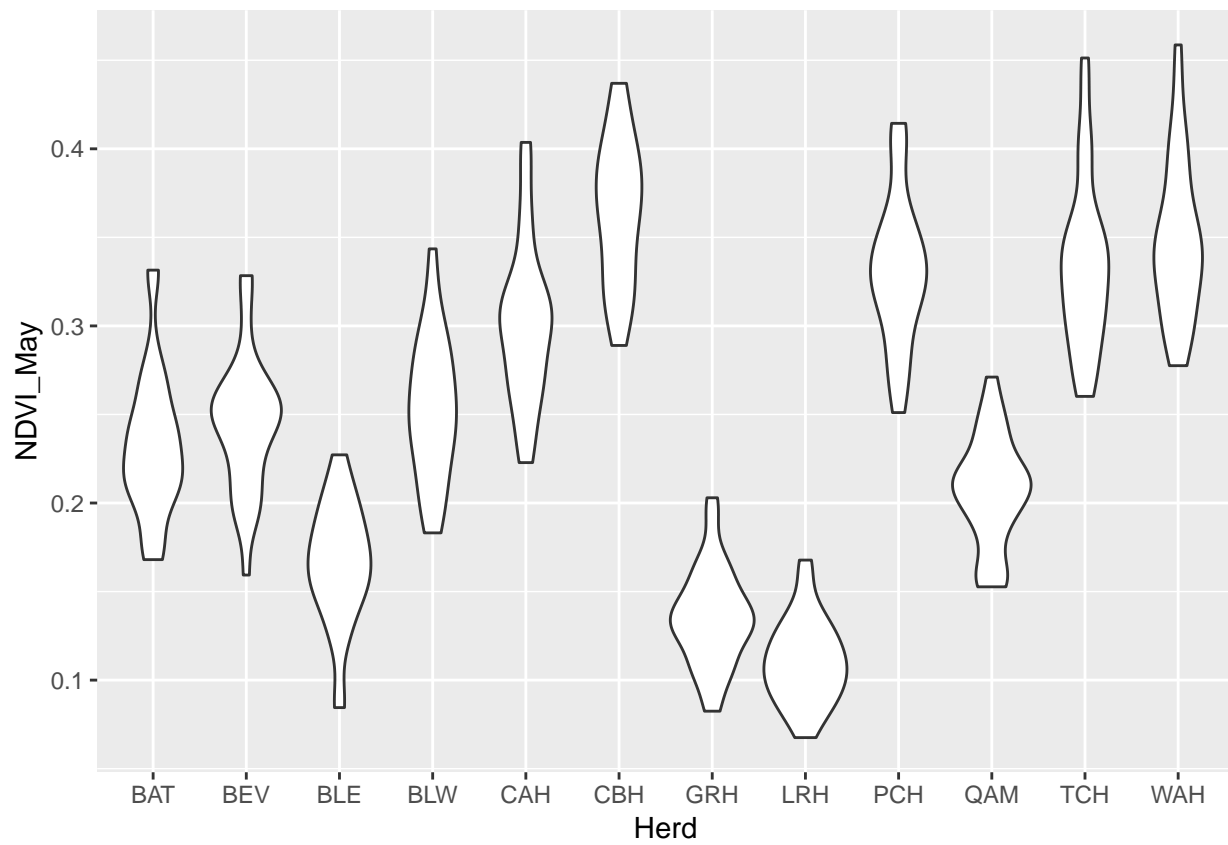
```
# density plot  
ggplot(data = ndvi) + aes(x = NDVI_May) + geom_density()
```

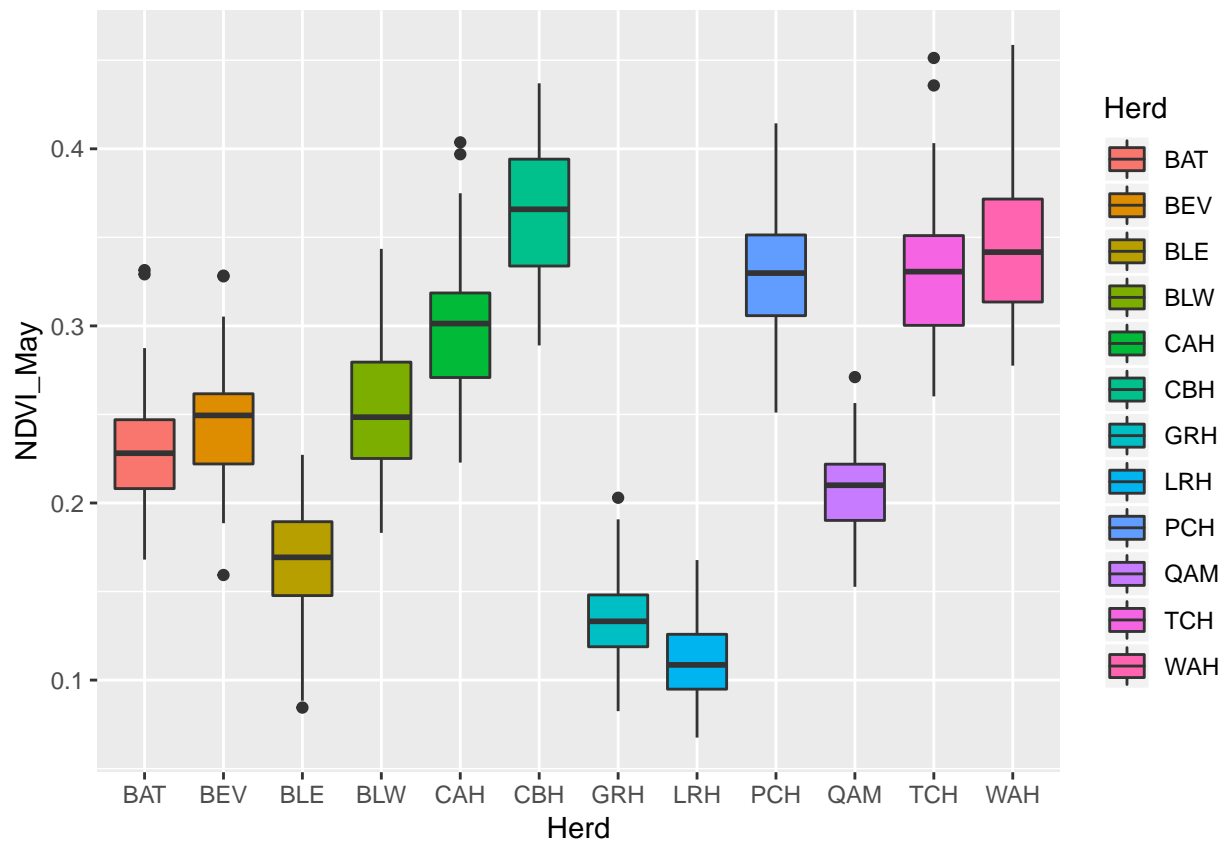
```
# assign plot to a variable  
pl <- ggplot(data = ndvi) + aes(x = Herd, y = NDVI_May)  
# add components to existing plot  
pl + geom_boxplot()
```



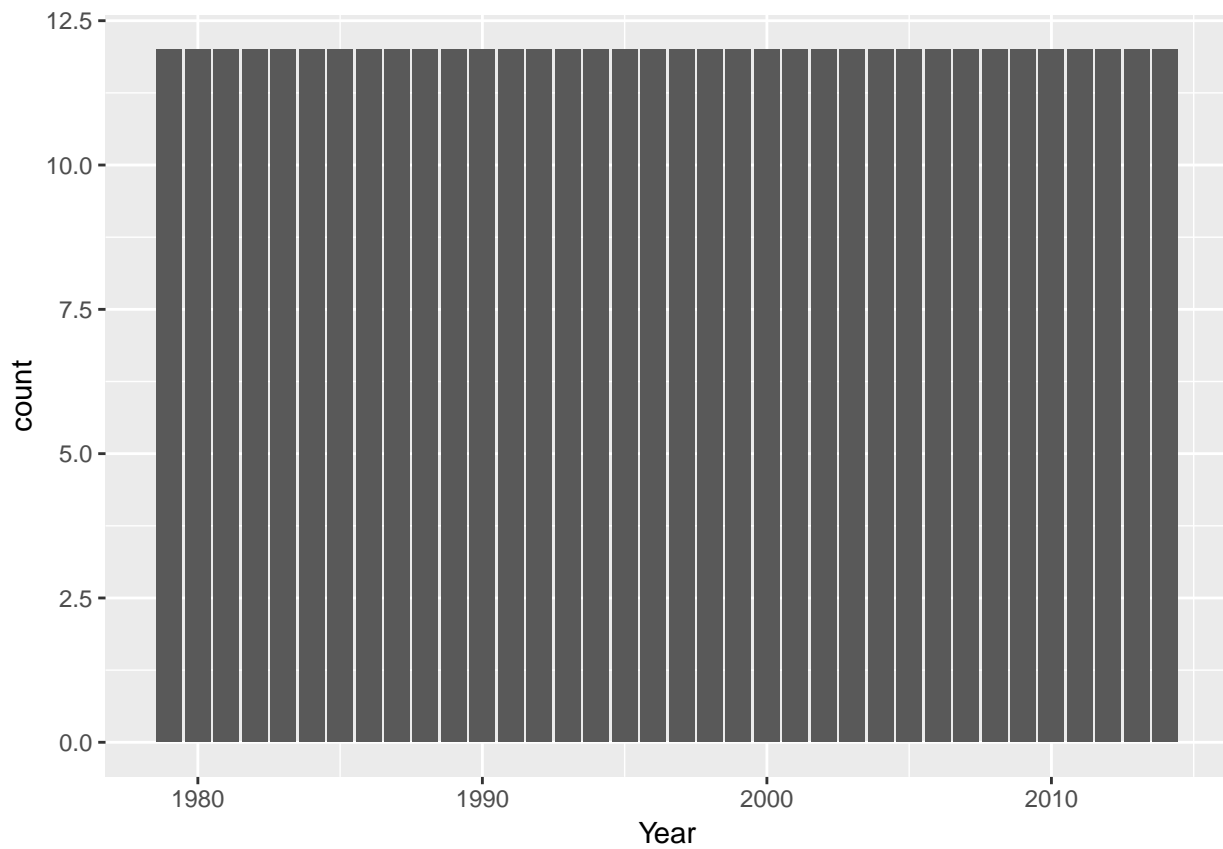
```
pl + geom_violin()
```



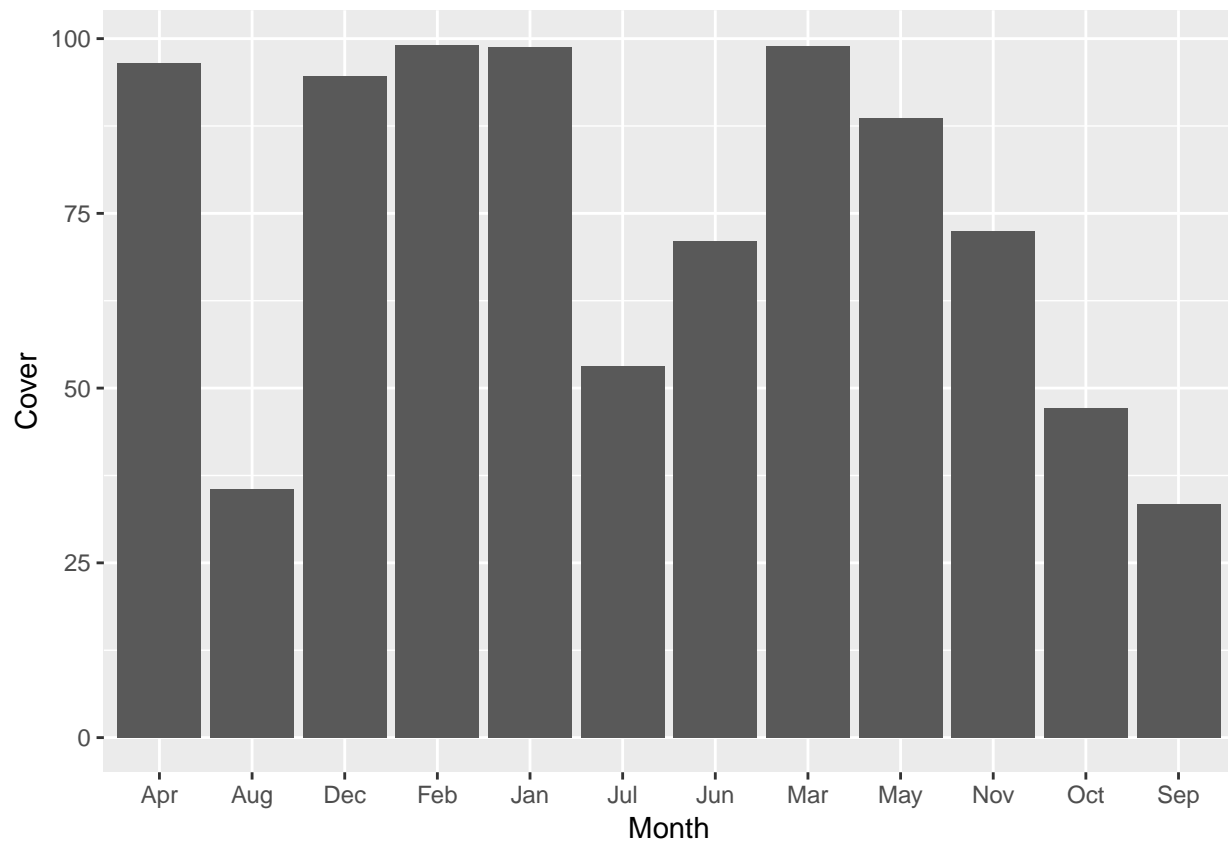
```
# change color of boxes  
p1 + geom_boxplot() + aes(fill = Herd)
```



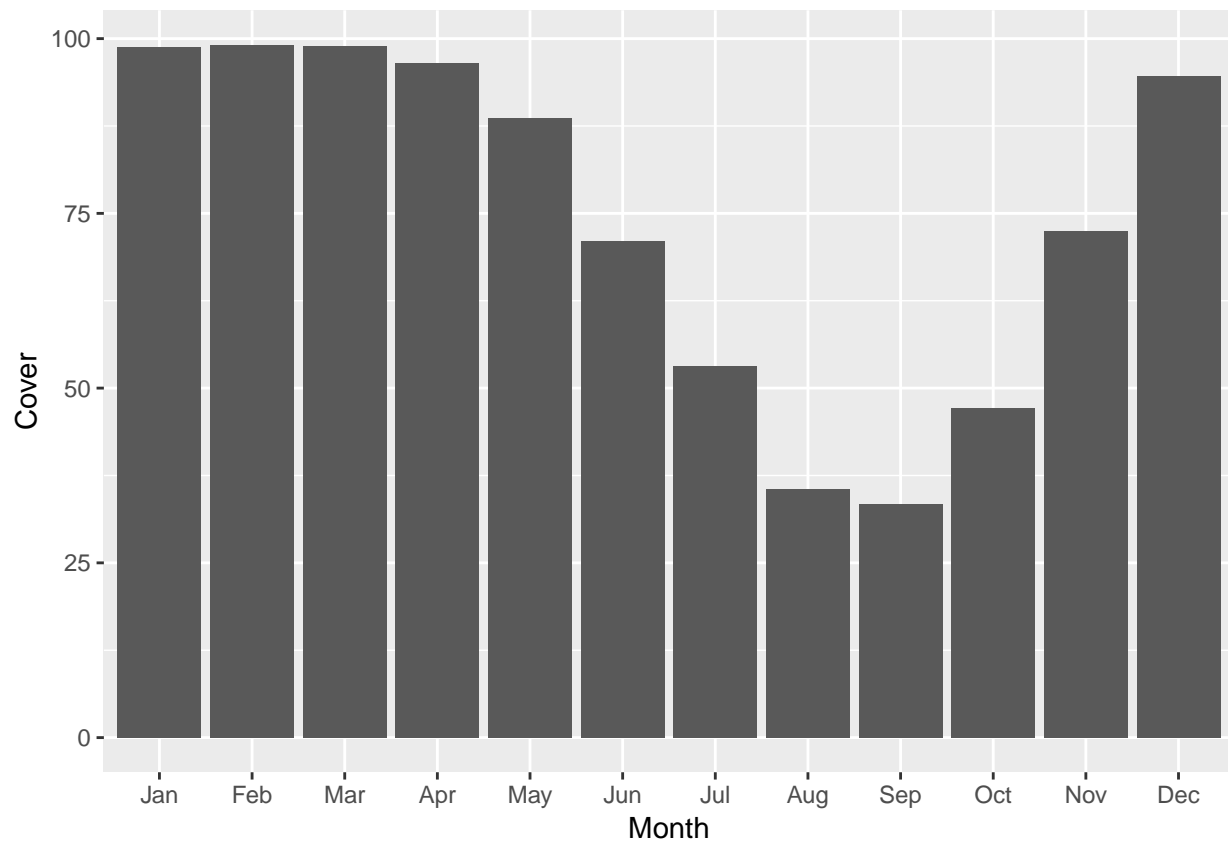
```
# barplot (count data)
ggplot(data = seaice %>% filter(Herd == "WAH")) + aes(x = Year) + geom_bar()
```



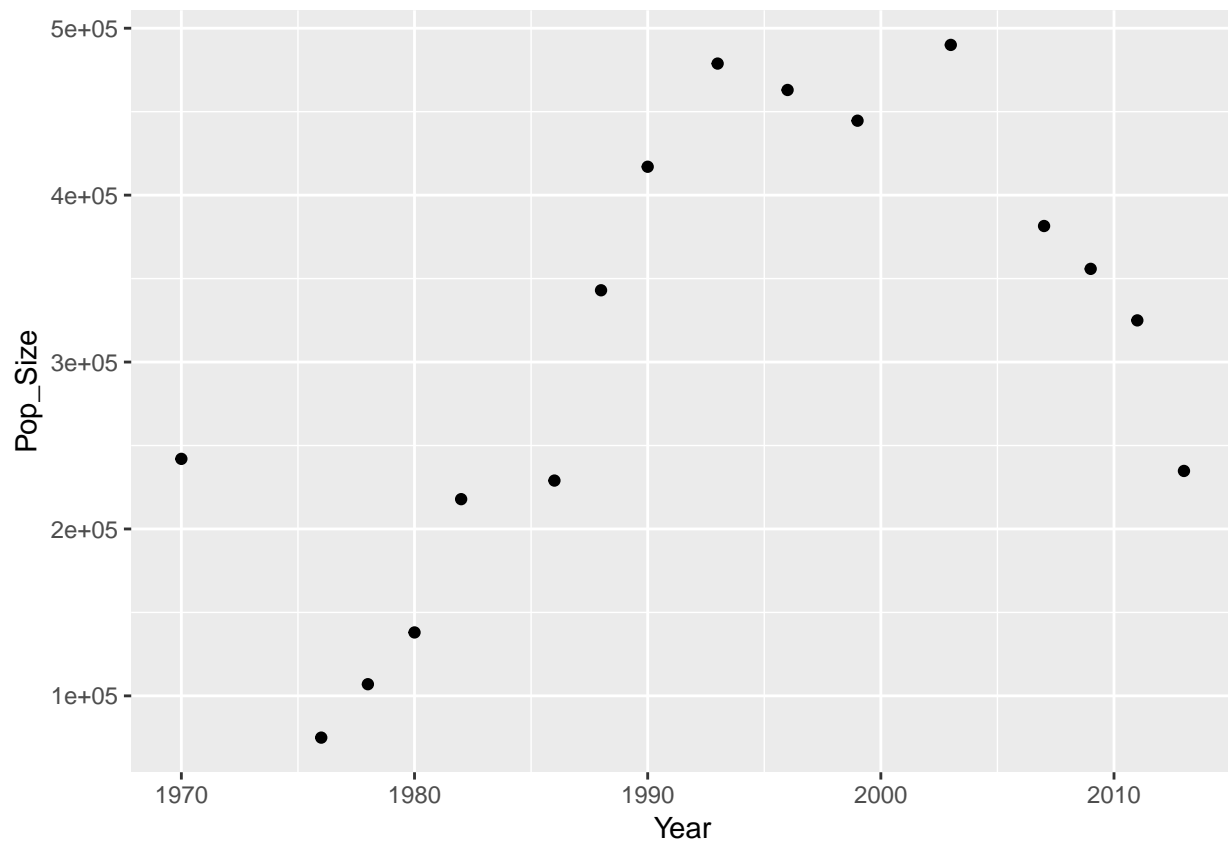
```
# map data to columns (note alphabetical order of x-axis)
ggplot(data = seaice %>% filter(Herd == "WAH", Year == 1990)) + aes(x = Month, y = Cover) + geom_col()
```



```
# display bars in chronological order  
# convert data into factor and set to three-letter abbreviation of months  
sealice$Month <- factor(sealice$Month, month.abb)  
ggplot(data = sealice %>% filter(Herd == "WAH", Year == 1990)) + aes(x = Month, y = Cover) + geom_col()
```

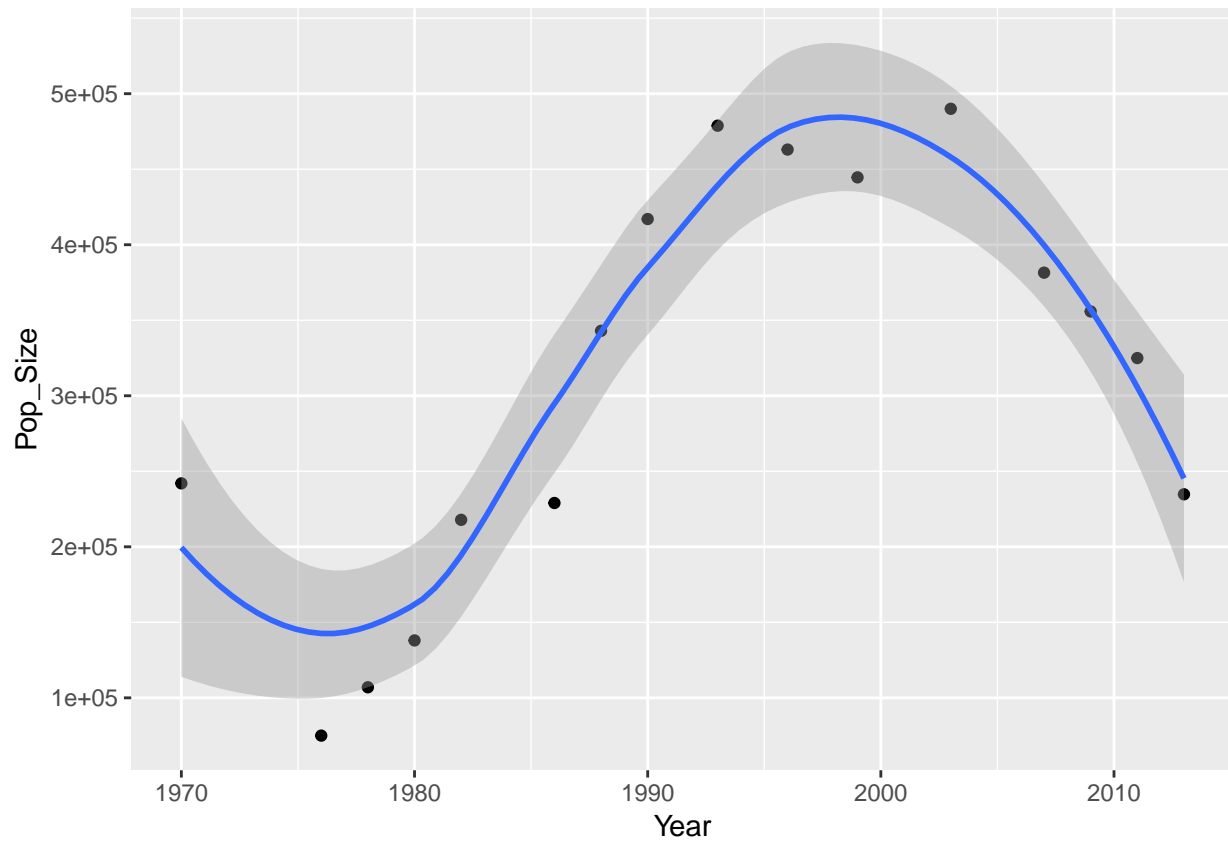


```
# scatterplots  
p1 <- ggplot(data = popsize %>% filter(Herd == "WAH")) + aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size) + geom_point()  
# show plot assigned to variable  
show(p1)
```

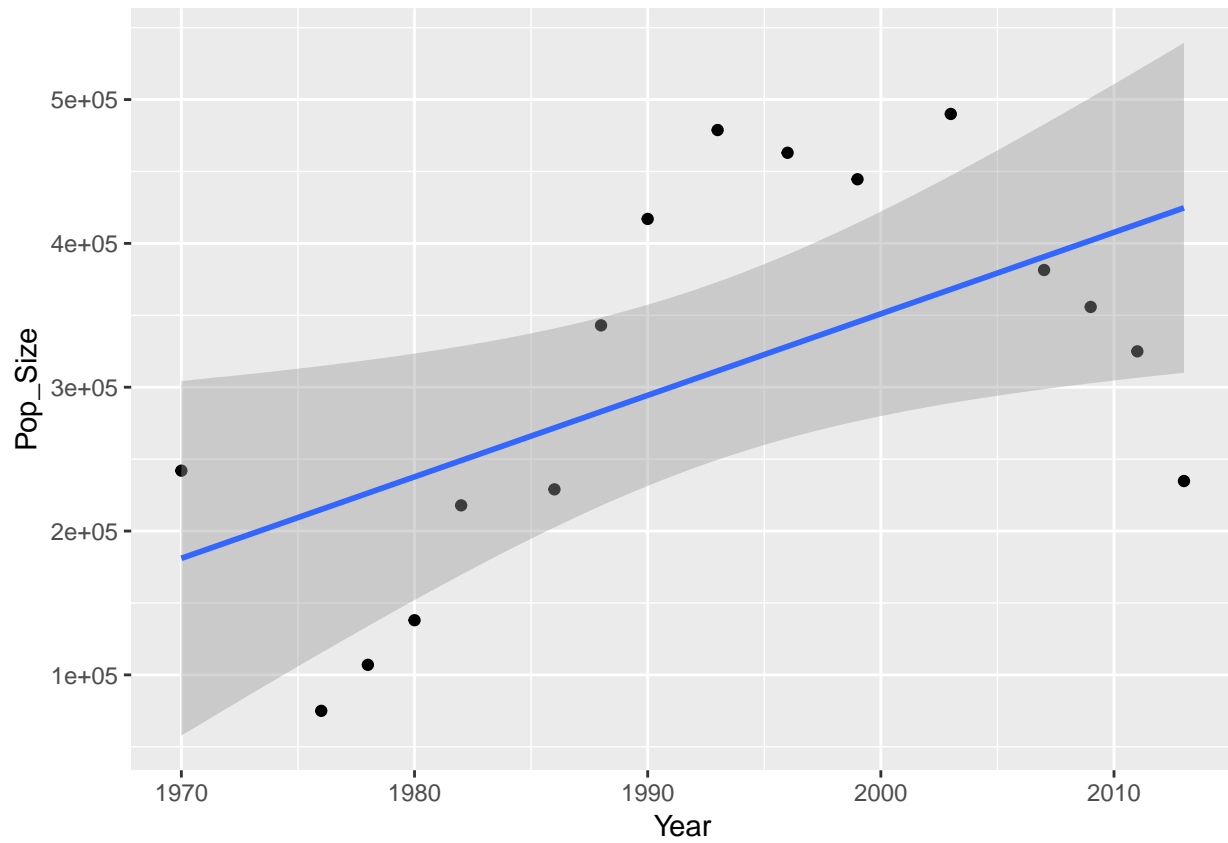


```
# add smoothing function  
pl + geom_smooth()
```

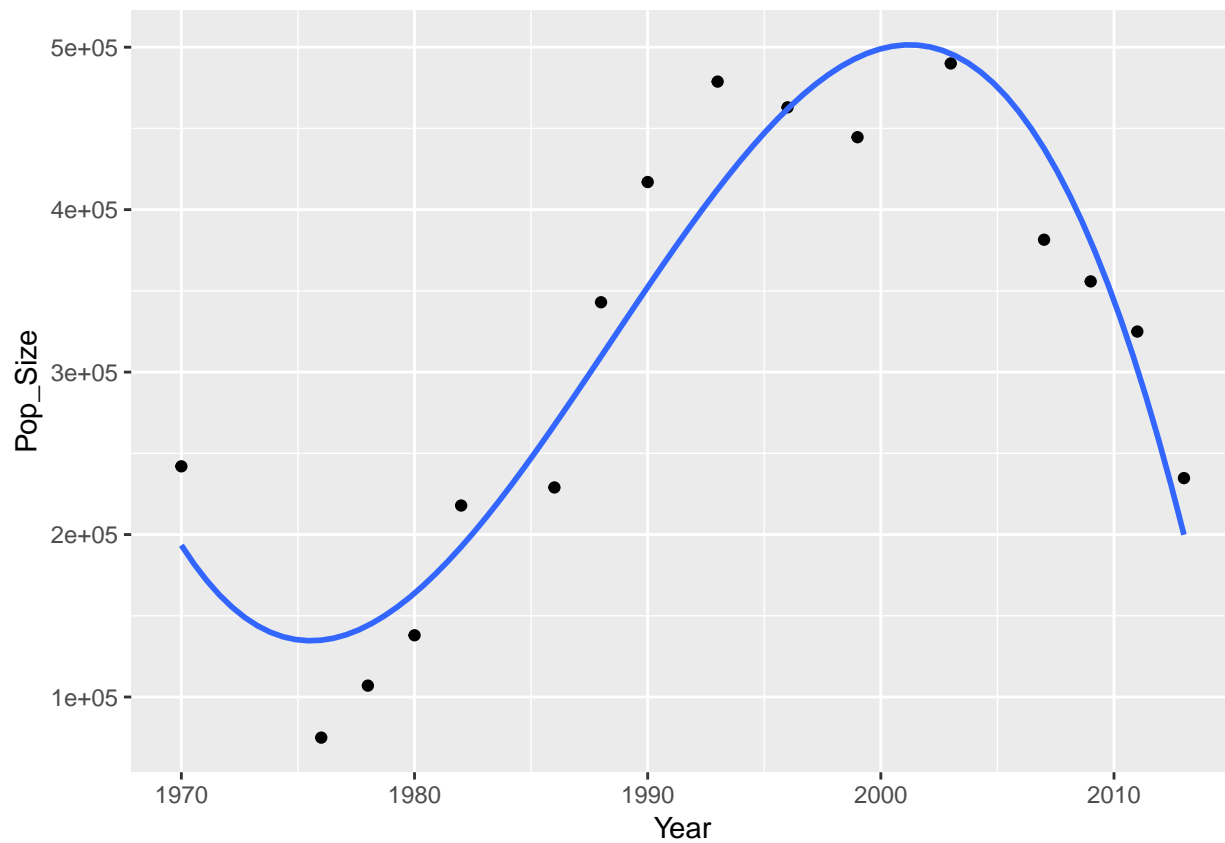
```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```

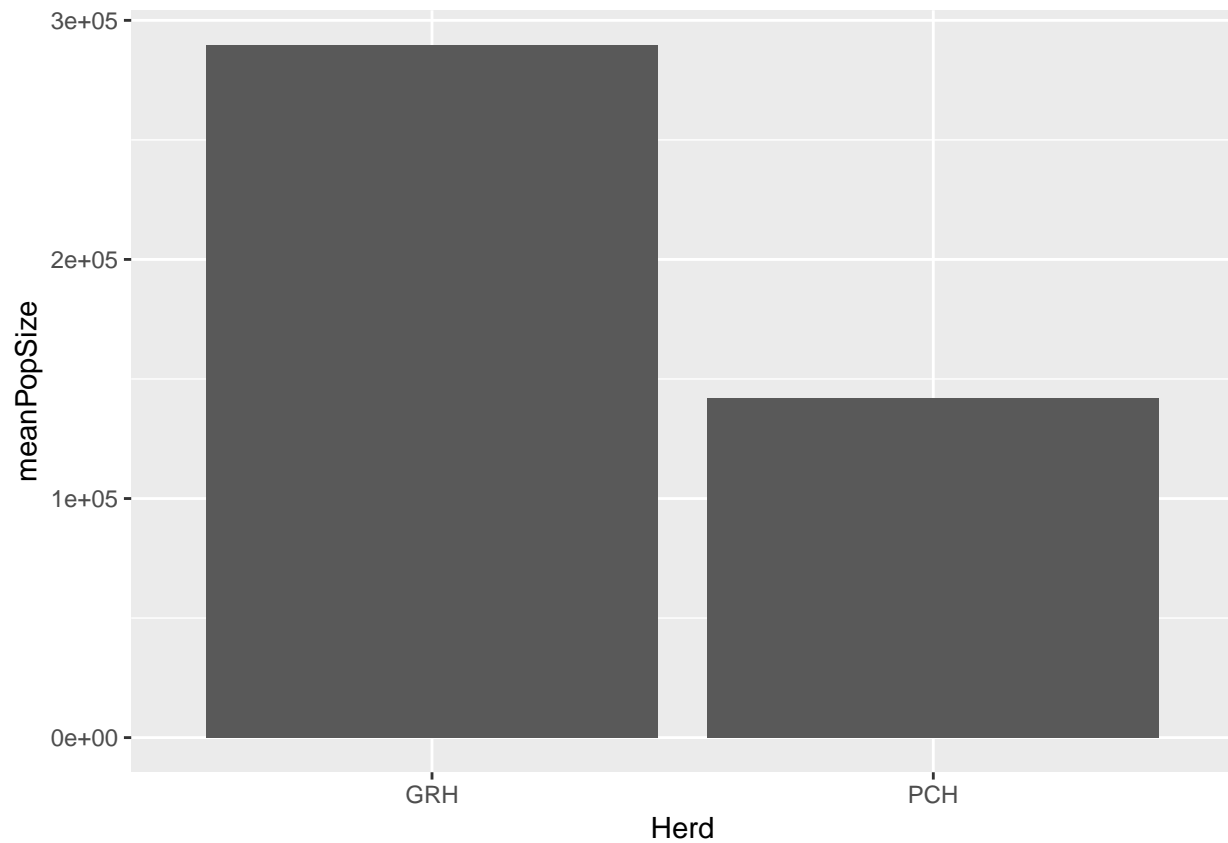
```
# use a linear model  
pl + geom_smooth(method = "lm")
```



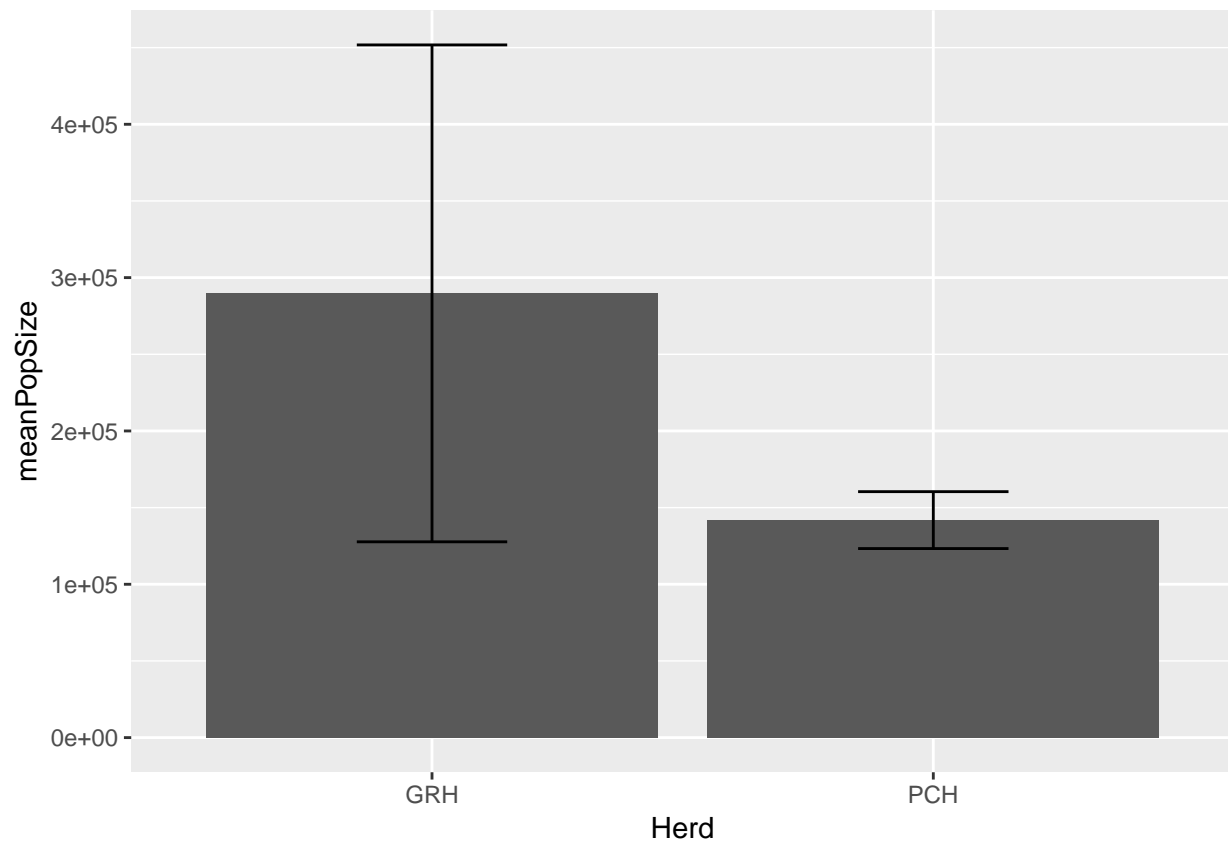
```
# use a polynomial regression  
pl + geom_smooth(method = "lm", formula = y ~ poly(x, 3), se = FALSE)
```



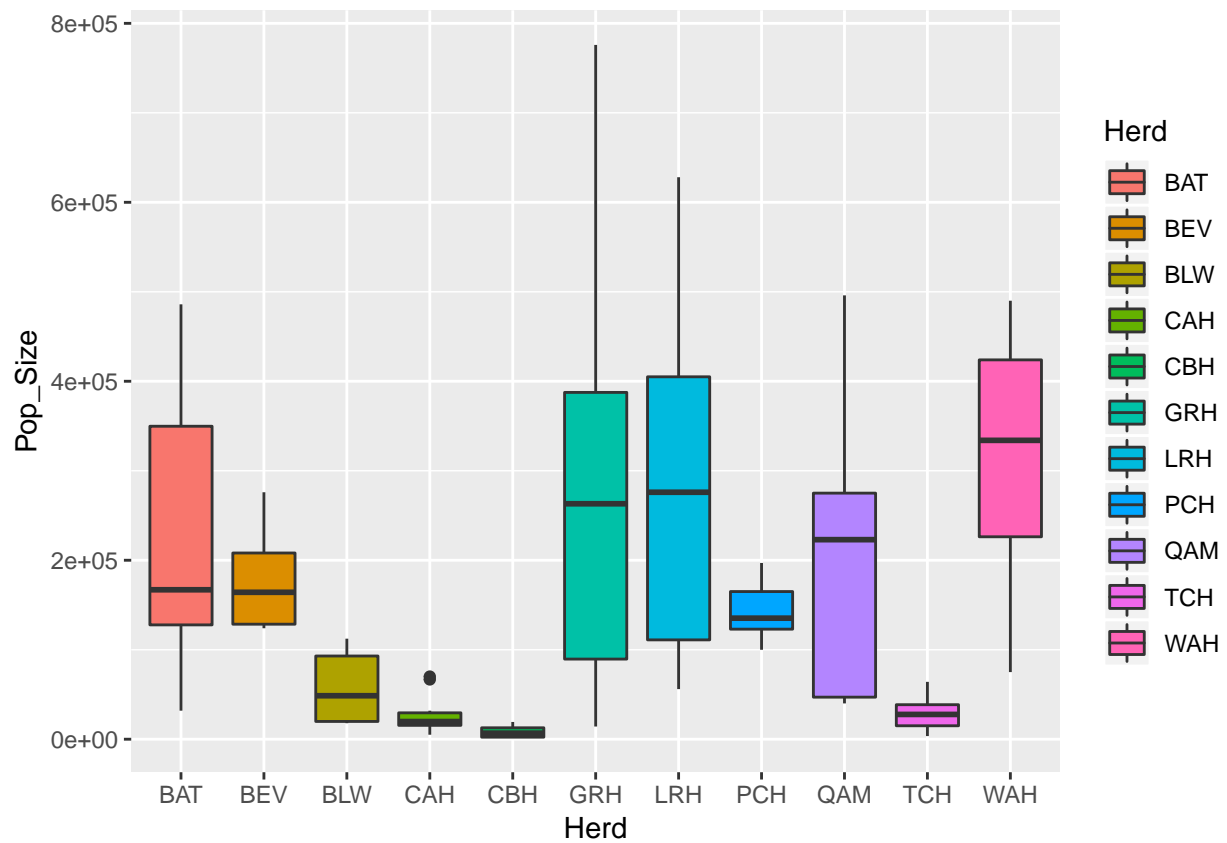
```
# calculate summary stats and errors
stats <- popsize %>% filter(Herd %in% c("GRH", "PCH")) %>%
  group_by(Herd) %>%
  summarise(
    meanPopSize= mean(Pop_Size),
    SD = sd(Pop_Size),
    N = n(),
    SEM = SD/sqrt(N),
    CI = SEM * qt(0.975, N-1))
# bar plot without error bars
ggplot(data = stats) +
  aes(x = Herd, y = meanPopSize) +
  geom_col()
```



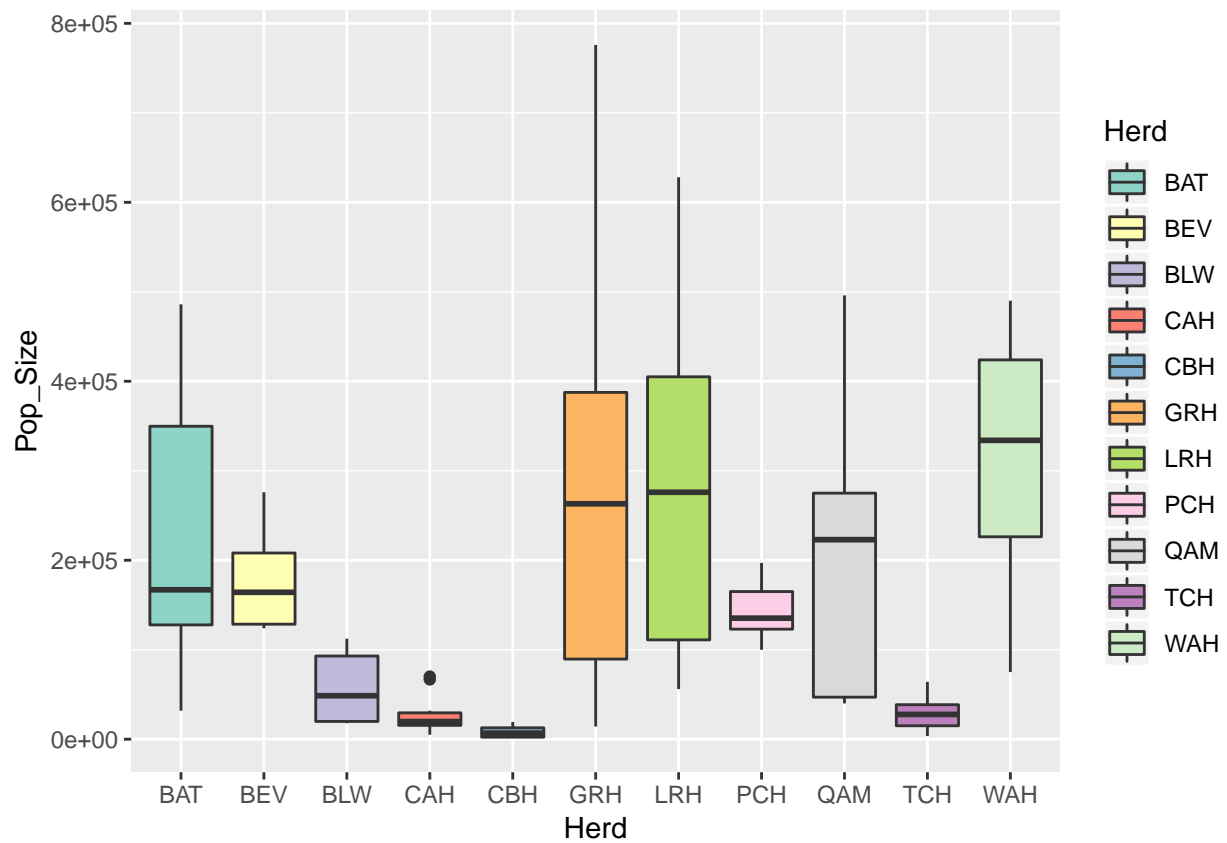
```
# set up aesthetic mapping for confidence intervals
limits <- aes(ymax = stats$meanPopSize + stats$CI,
             ymin = stats$meanPopSize - stats$CI)
# plot including confidence intervals
ggplot(data = stats) +
  aes(x = Herd, y = meanPopSize) +
  geom_col() +
  geom_errorbar(limits, width = .3)
```



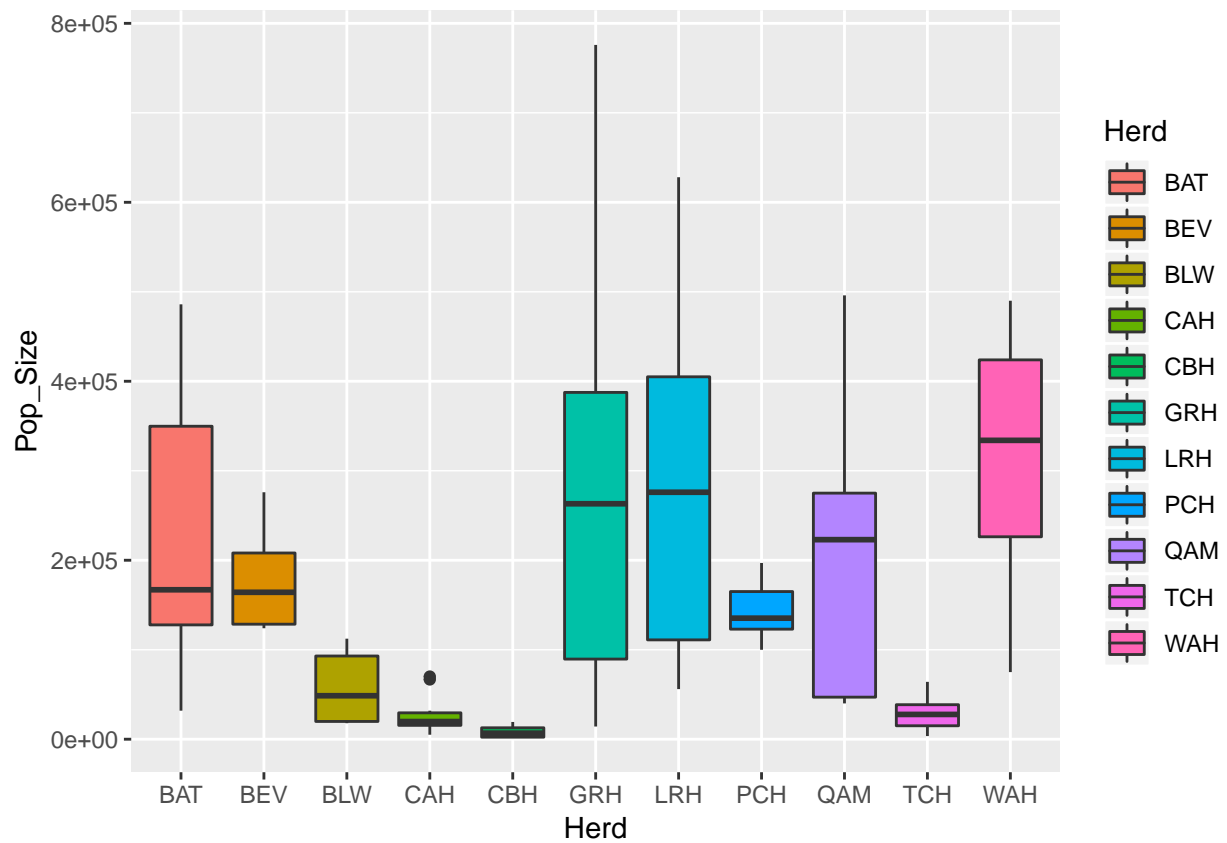
```
# set fill color of boxes by using scales
p1 <- ggplot(data = popsize, aes(x = Herd, y = Pop_Size, fill = Herd)) + geom_boxplot()
show(p1)
```



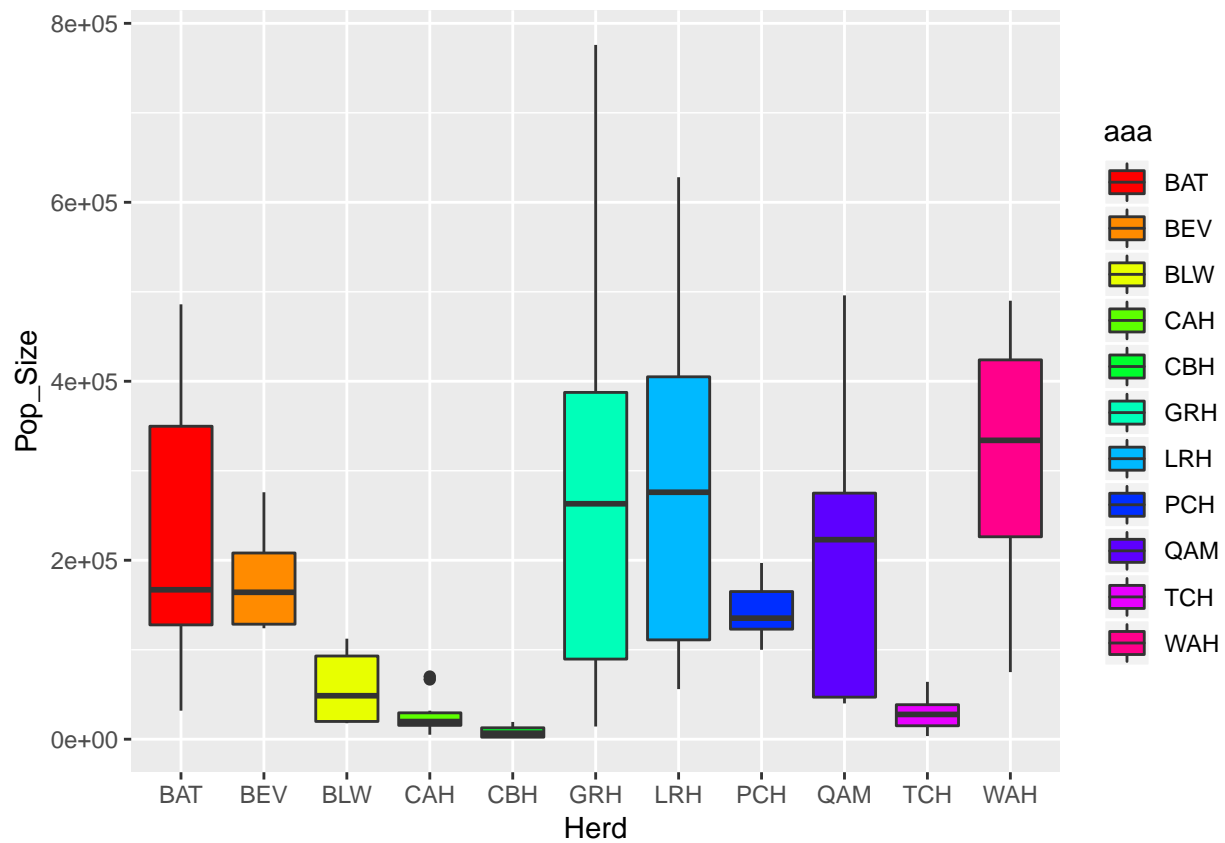
```
# choose a palette from Color Brewer
pl + scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set3")
```



```
# palette based on hue
pl + scale_fill_hue()
```

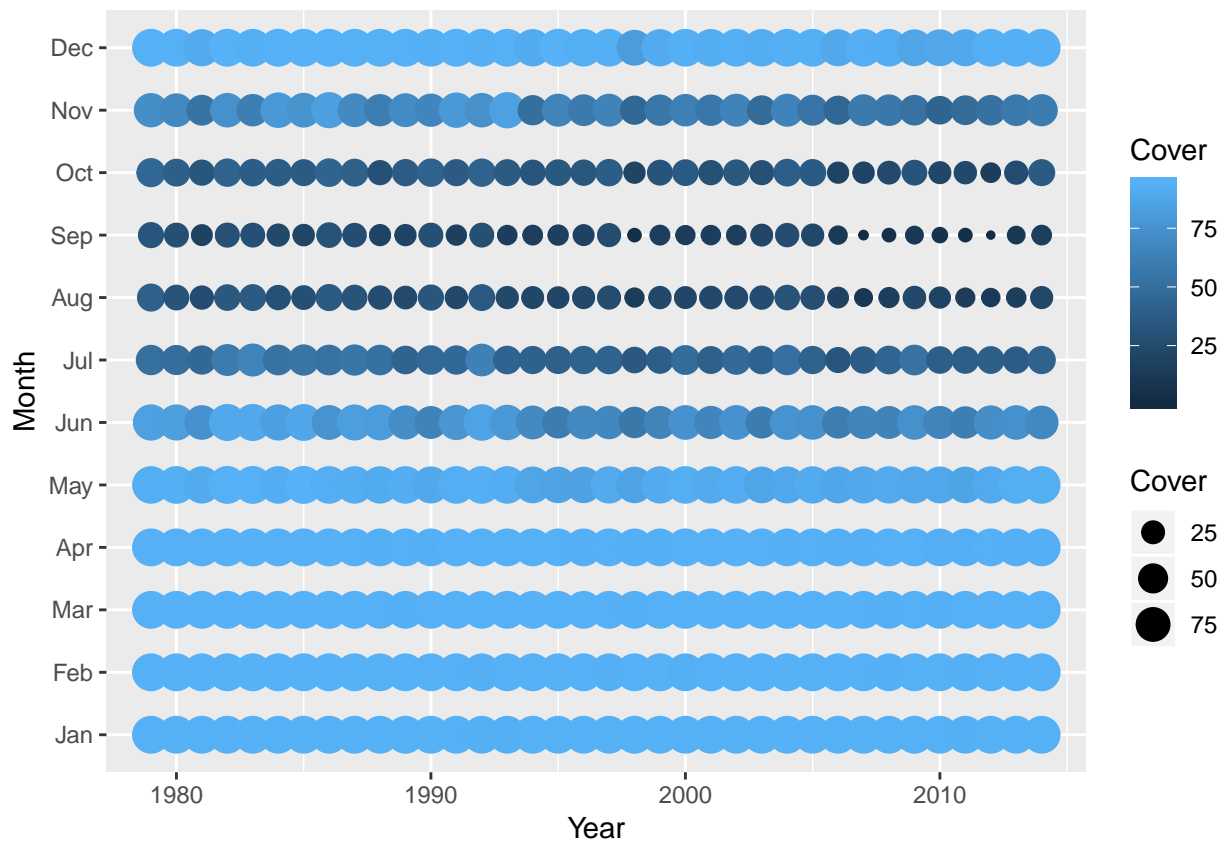


```
# manually set values and rename the legend
pl + scale_fill_manual(values = rainbow(11), name = "aaa")
```

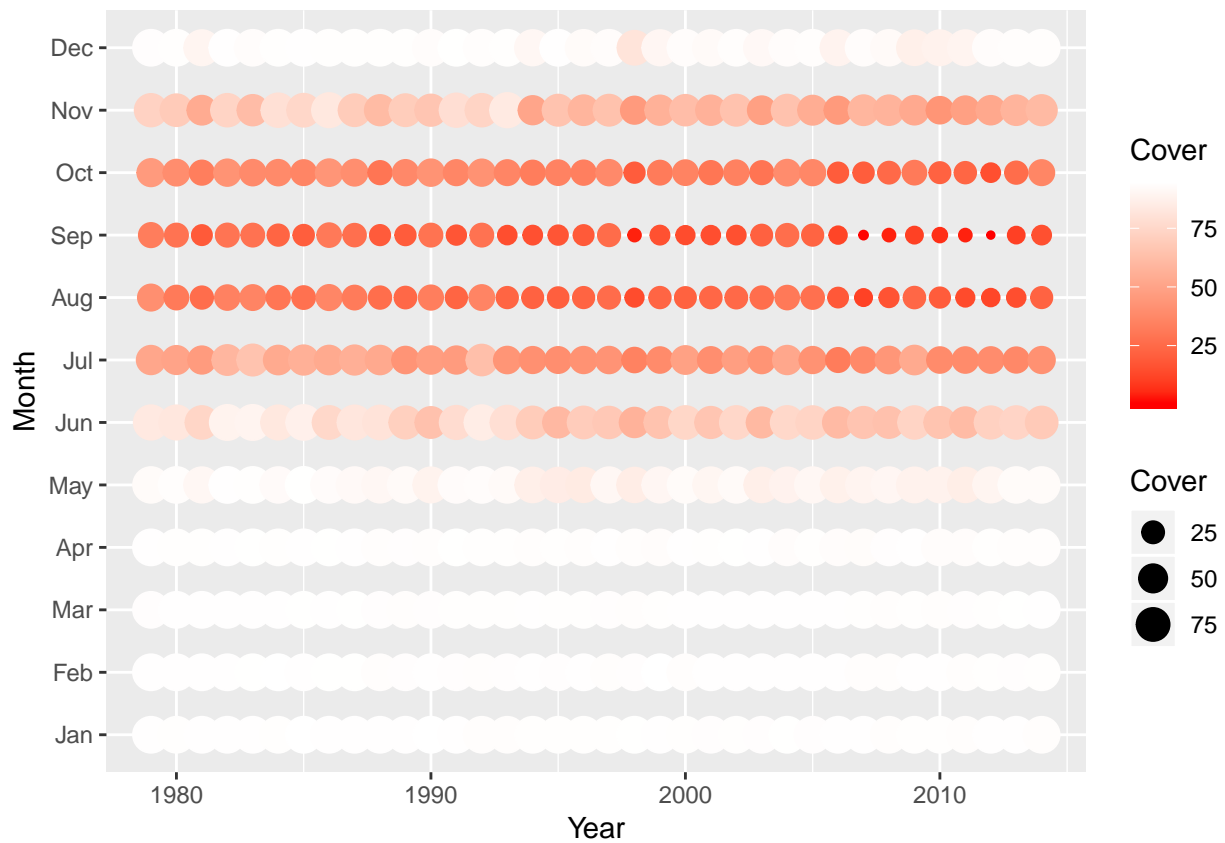



apply scales to manipulate color and size of aesthetic mappings

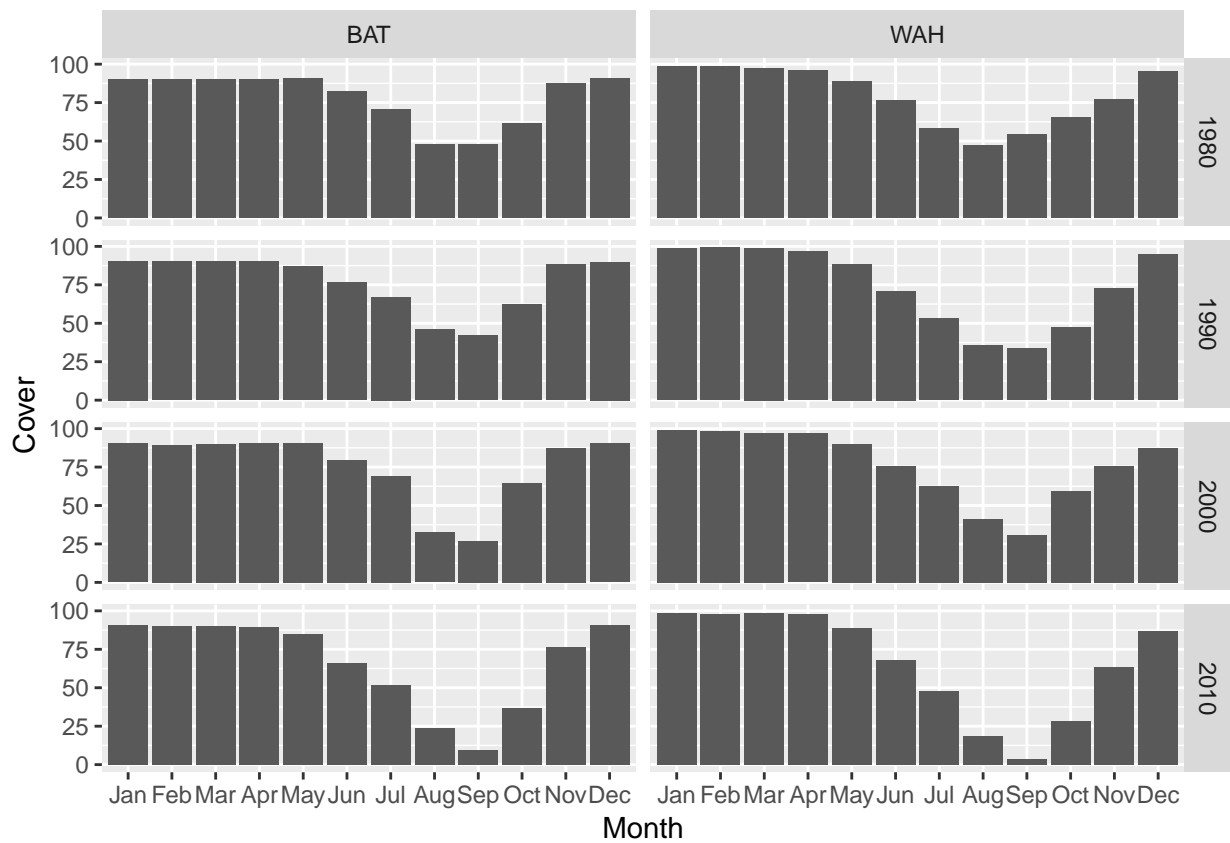
```
p1 <- ggplot(data = seaice %>% filter(Herd == "BEV")) + aes(x = Year, y = Month, colour = Cover, size =  
show(p1)
```



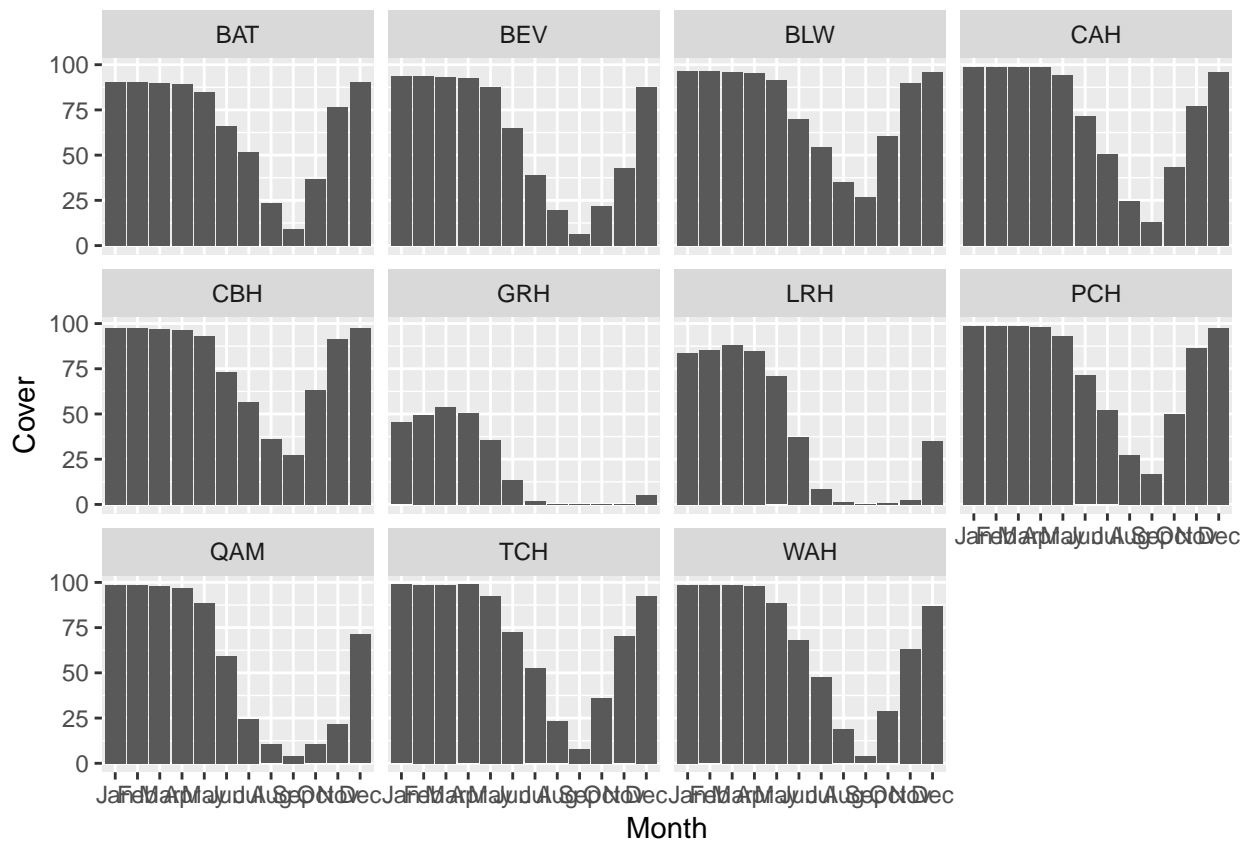
```
# change color of continuous gradient
pl + scale_color_gradient(high = "white", low = "red")
```



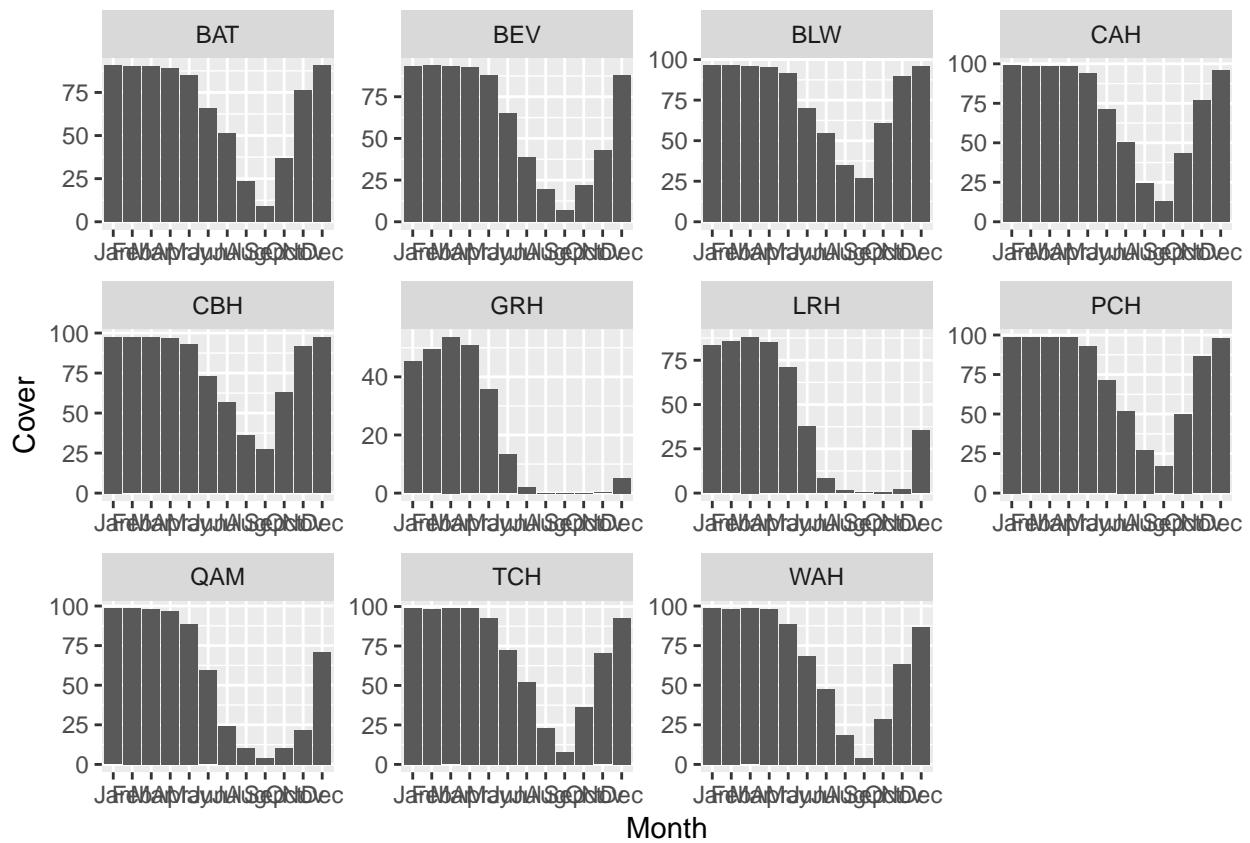
```
# facetting with identical scale of axis, including missing data
ggplot(data = seaice %>% filter(Herd %in% c("WAH", "BAT"), Year %in% c(1980, 1990, 2000, 2010))) + aes(
```



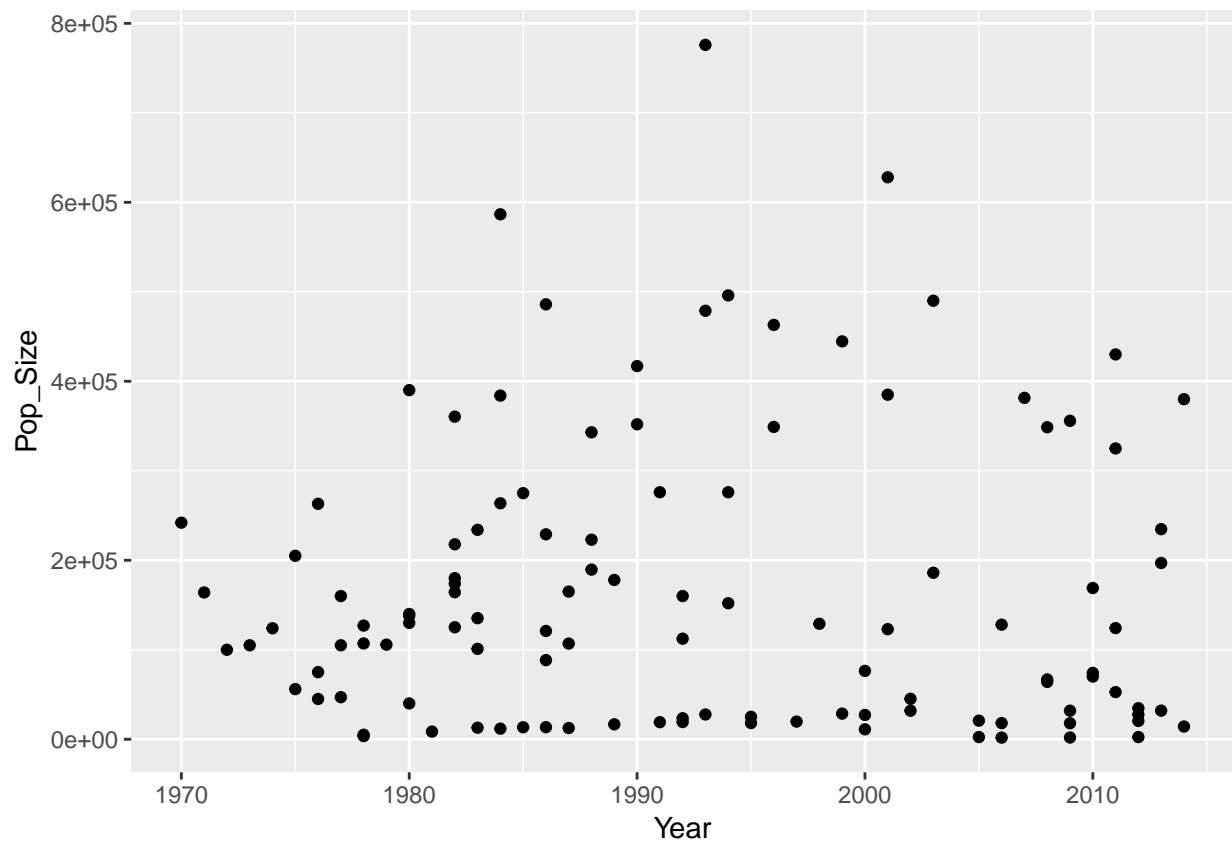
```
# facetting, ommit missing data
ggplot(data = seaice %>% filter(Year == 2010)) + aes(x = Month, y = Cover) + geom_col() + facet_wrap(~H
```



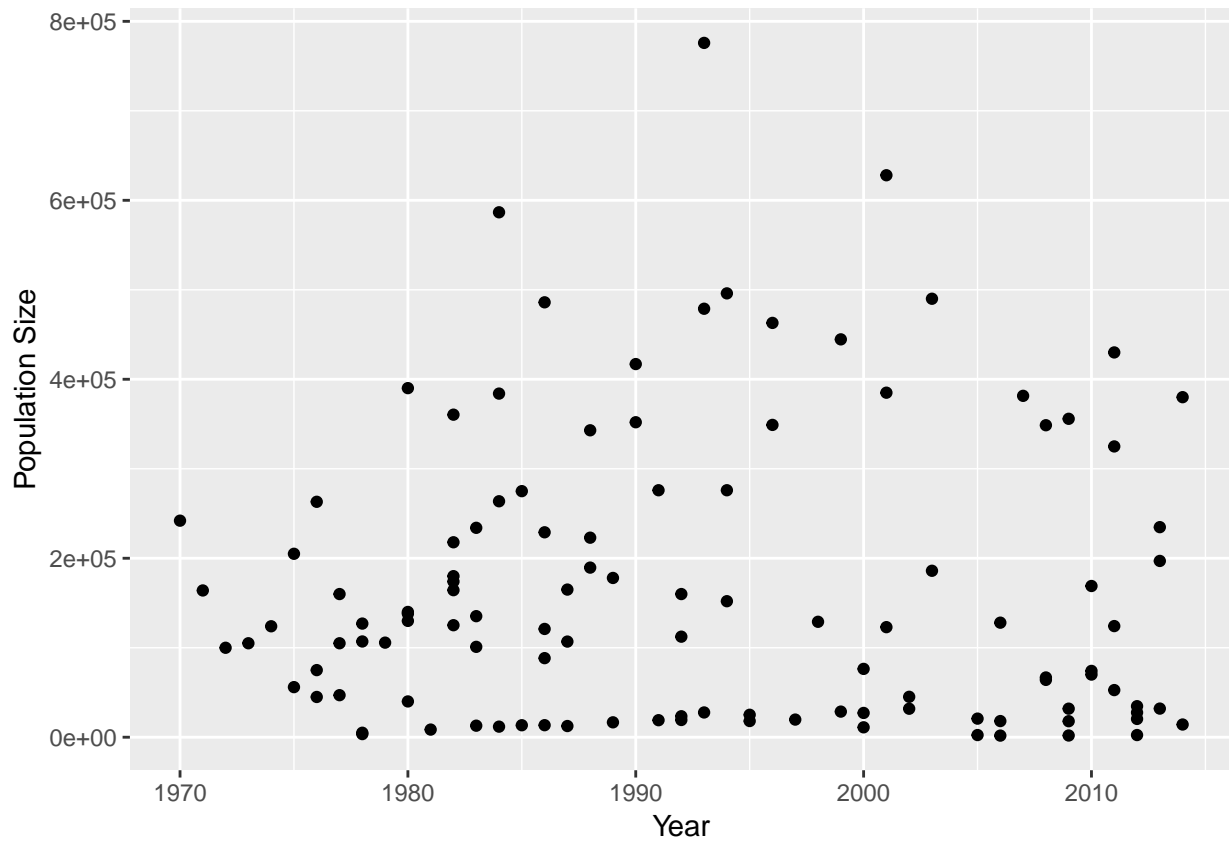
```
# facetting, omit missing data, adjusted scale of axes
ggplot(data = seaice %>% filter(Year == 2010)) + aes(x = Month, y = Cover) + geom_col() + facet_wrap(~H
```



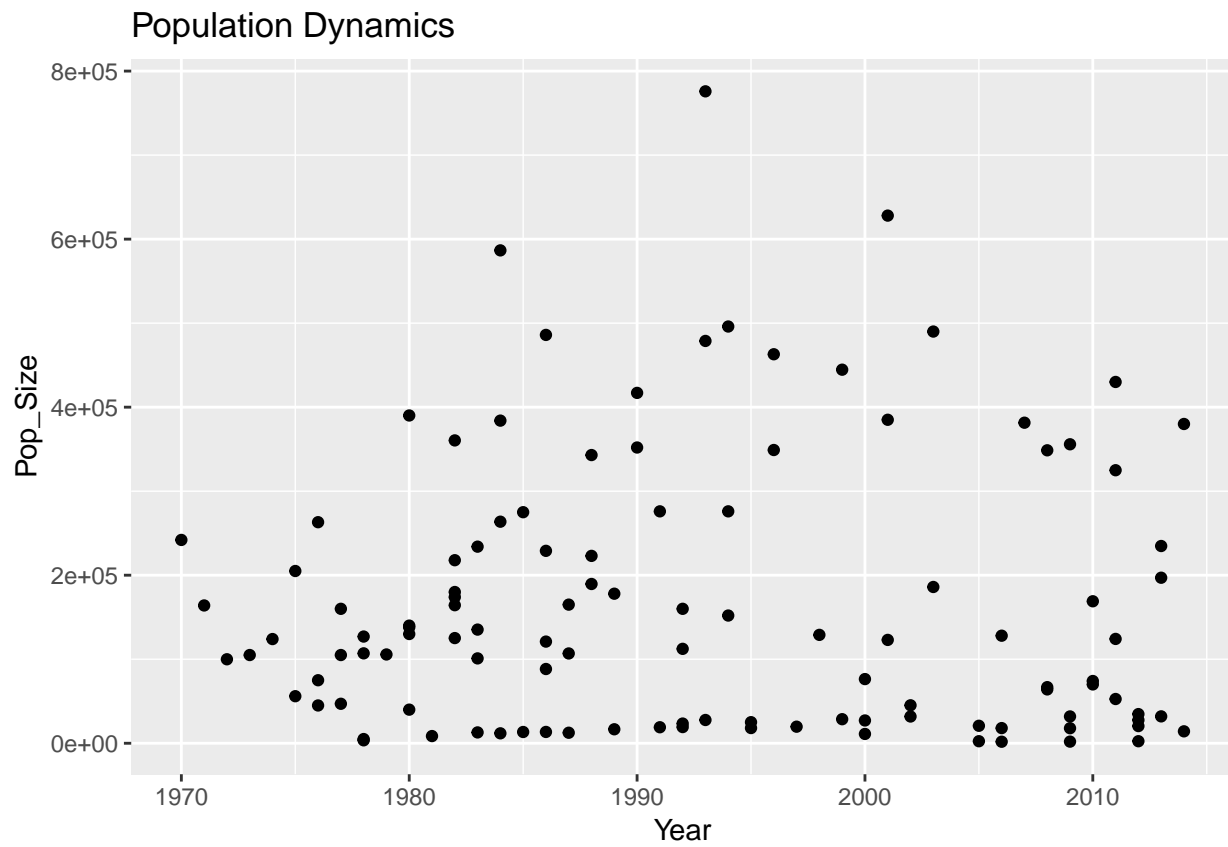
```
# changing labels and title
pl <- ggplot(data = popsize) + aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size) + geom_point()
pl + xlab("Year")
```



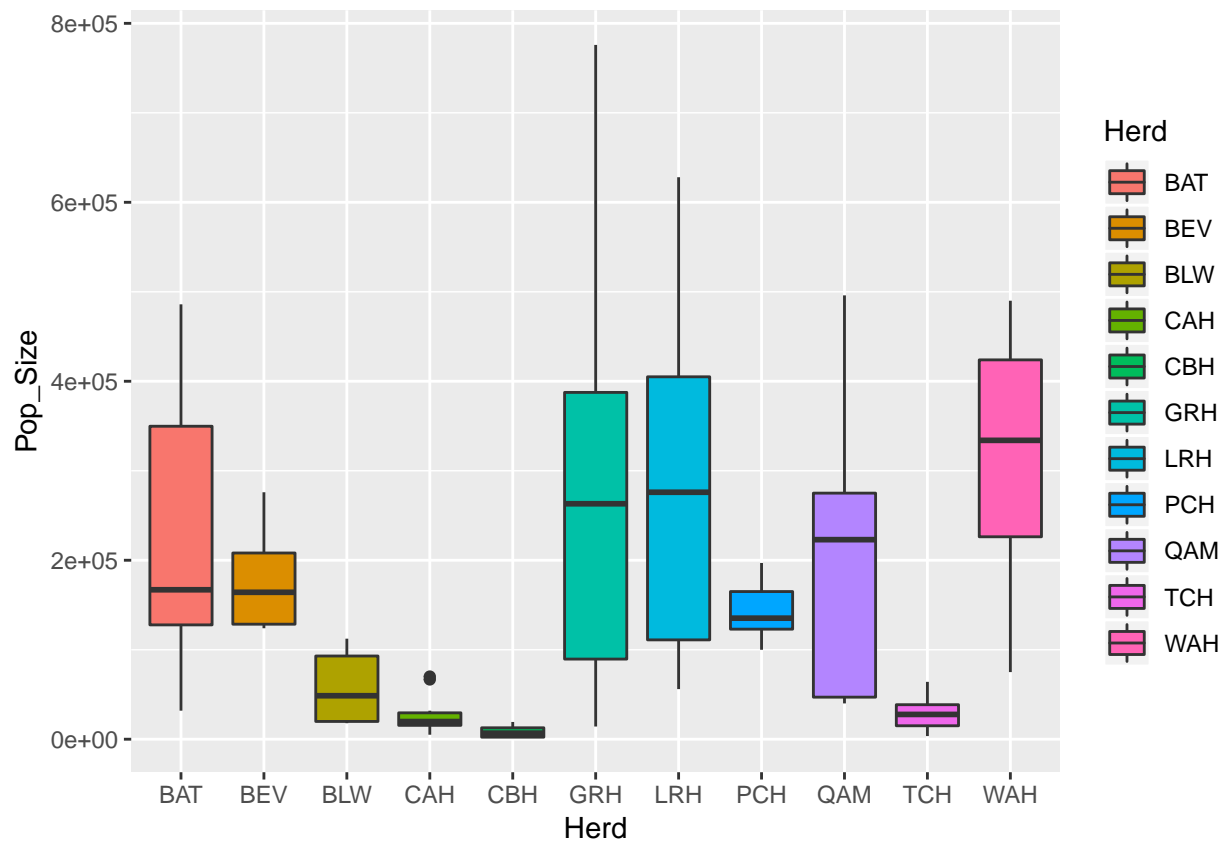
```
pl + ylab("Population Size")
```



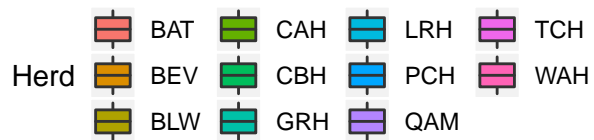
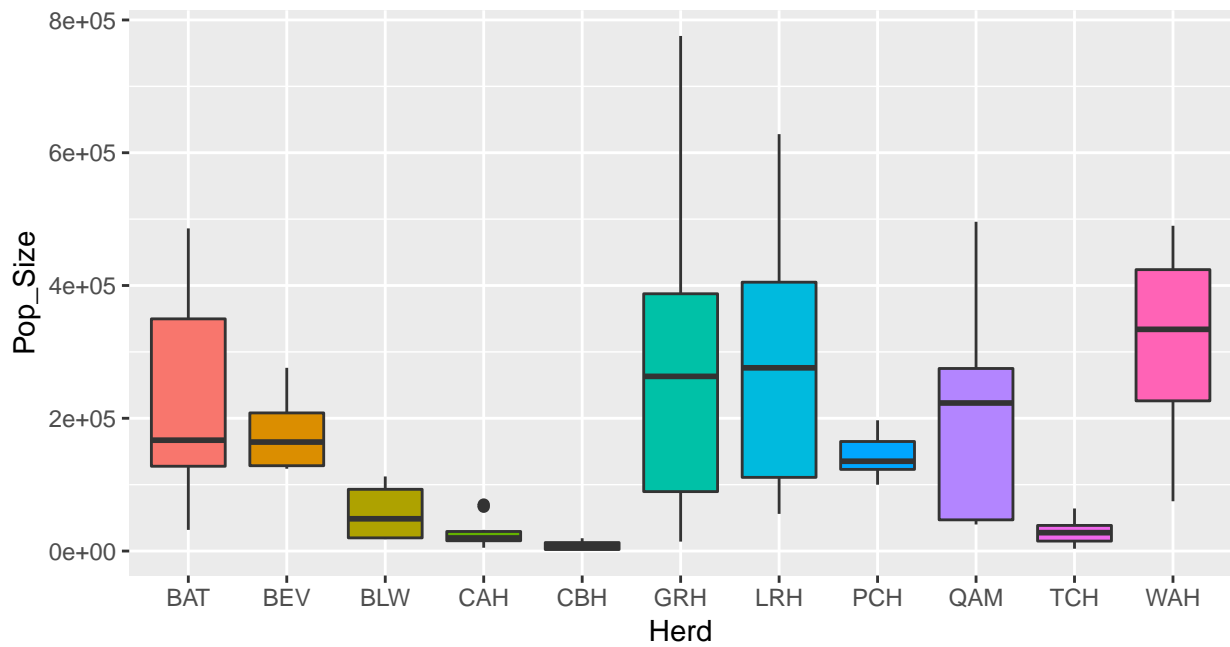
```
pl + ggtitle("Population Dynamics")
```

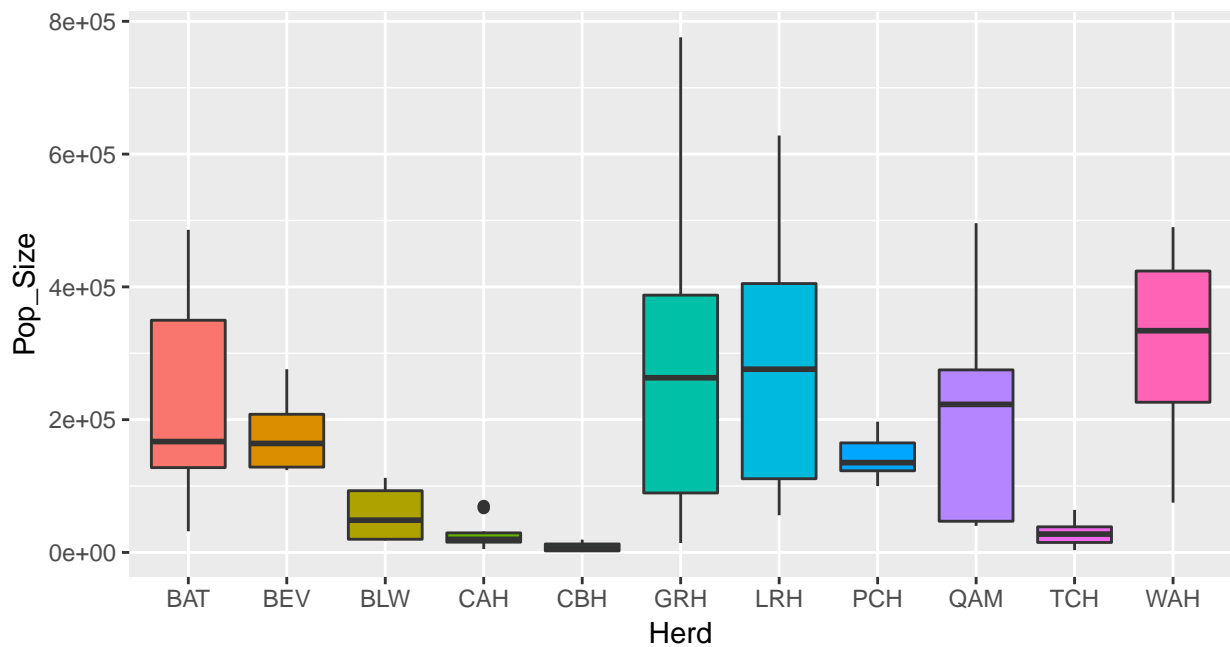
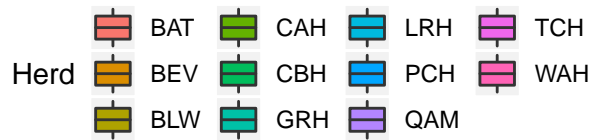
```
# legends  
p1 <- ggplot(data = popsize) + aes(x = Herd, y = Pop_Size, fill = Herd) + geom_boxplot()  
# default  
show(p1)
```



```
# move legend
p1 + theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

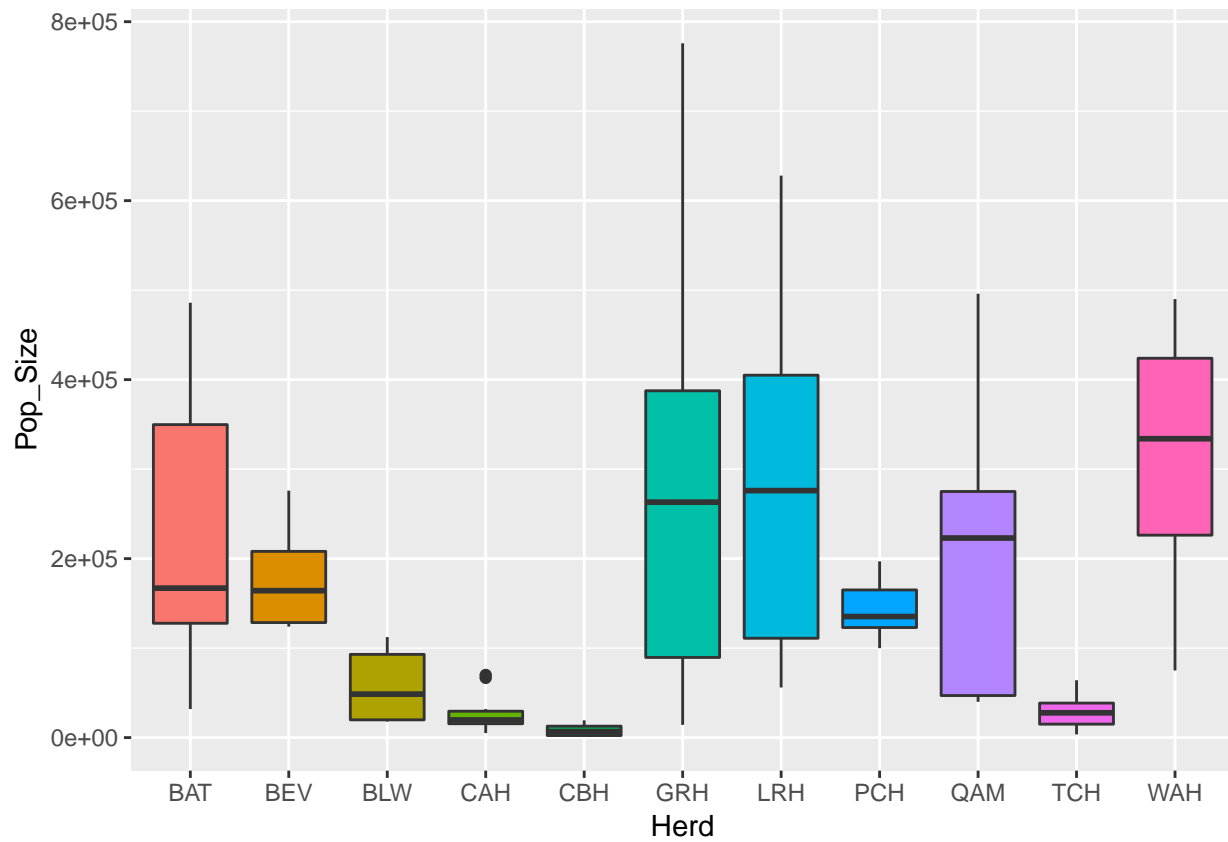


```
pl + theme(legend.position = "top")
```



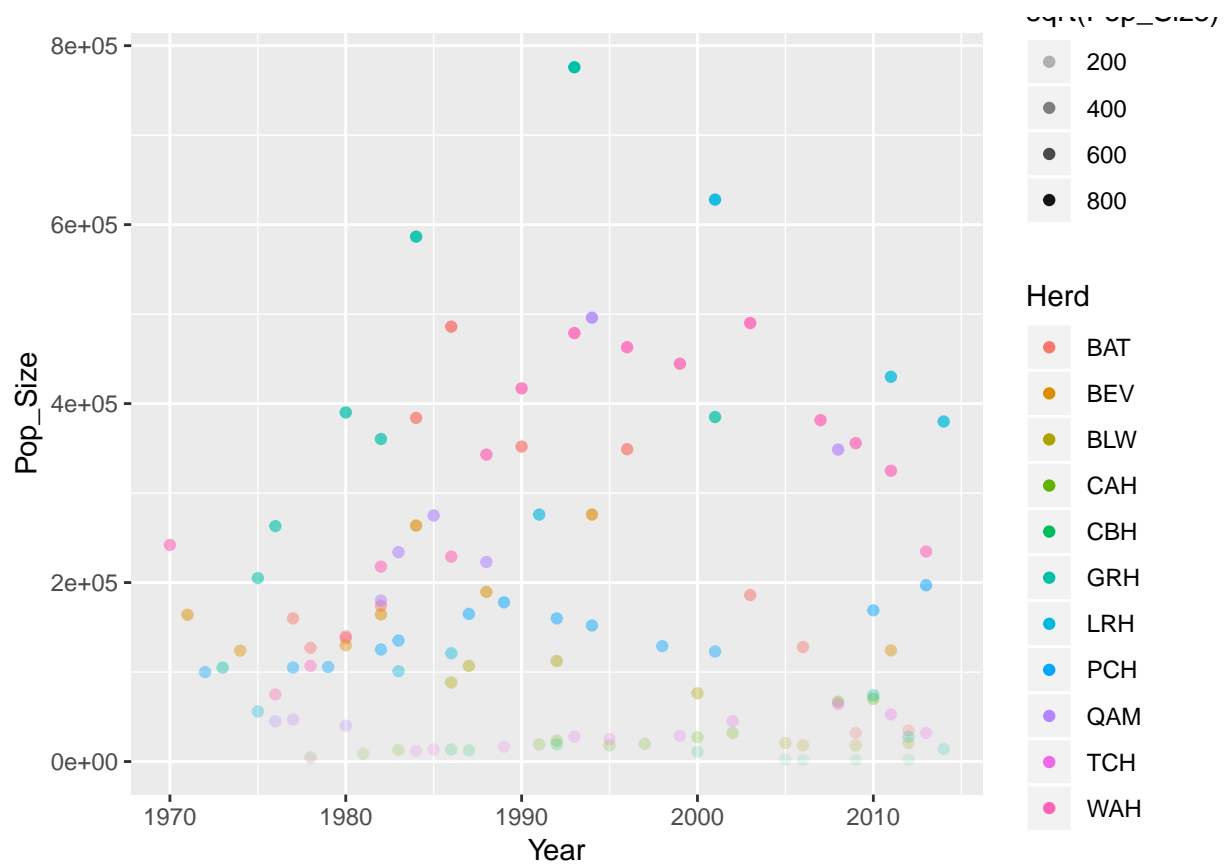
```
# remove legend
```

```
p1 + theme(legend.position = "none")
```

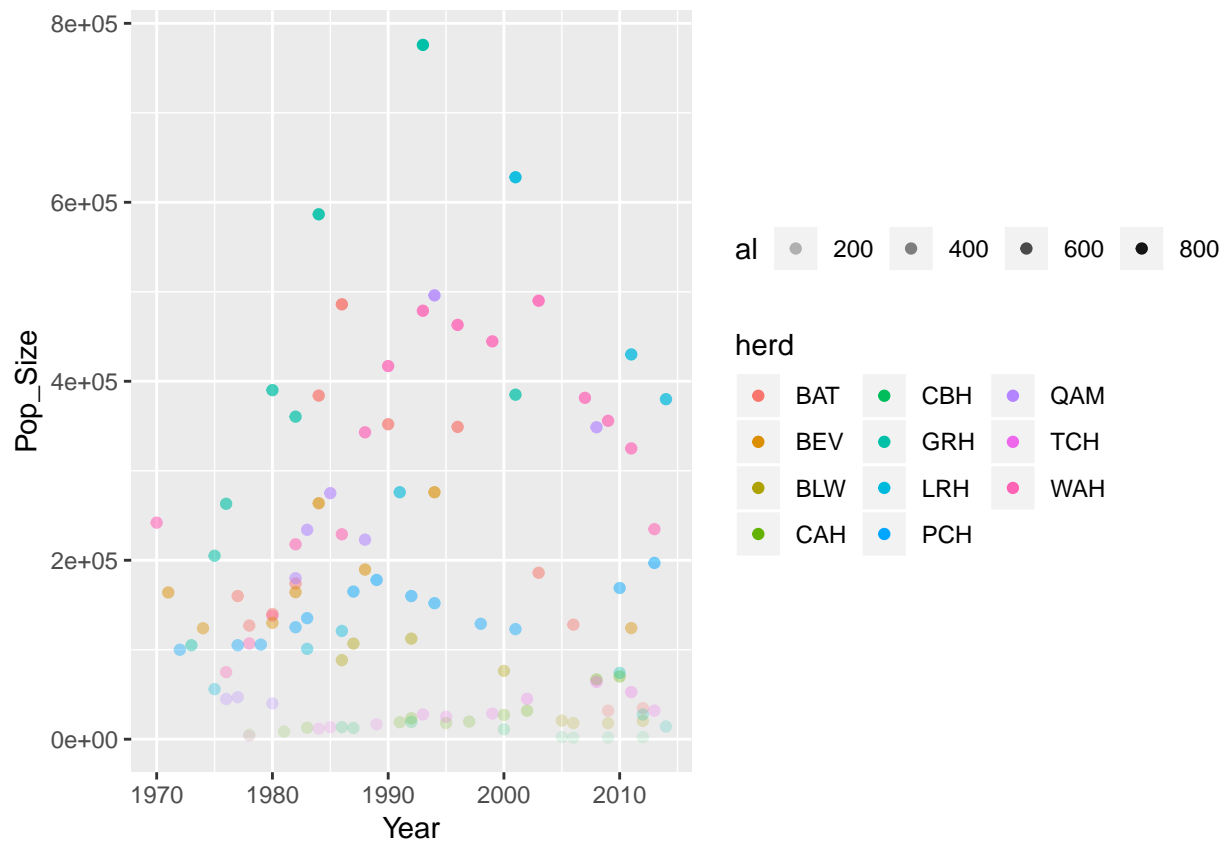


```
# legend guides
```

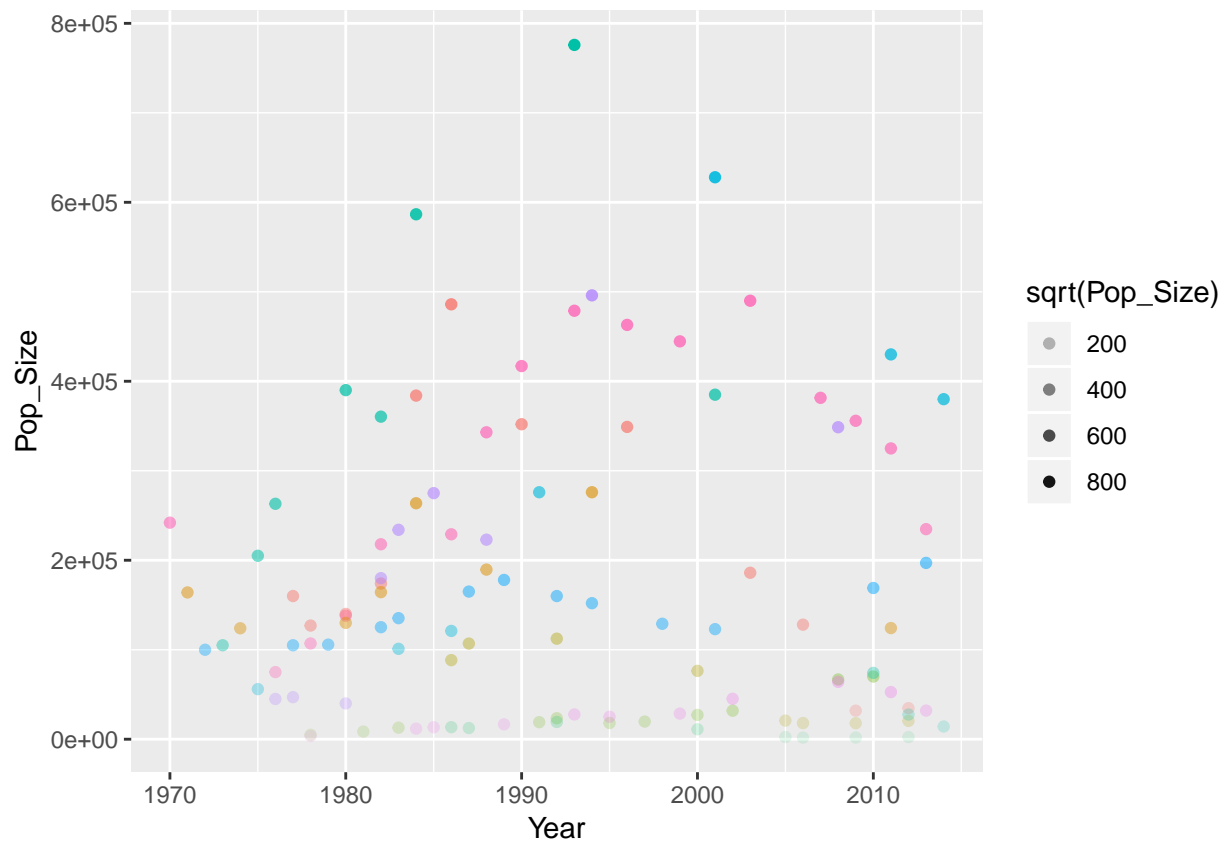
```
p1 <- ggplot(data = popsize) + aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size, colour = Herd, alpha = sqrt(Pop_Size)) + geom_boxplot() +  
show(p1)
```



```
pl + guides(colour = guide_legend(nrow = 4, title = "herd"), alpha = guide_legend(direction = "horizontal"))
```

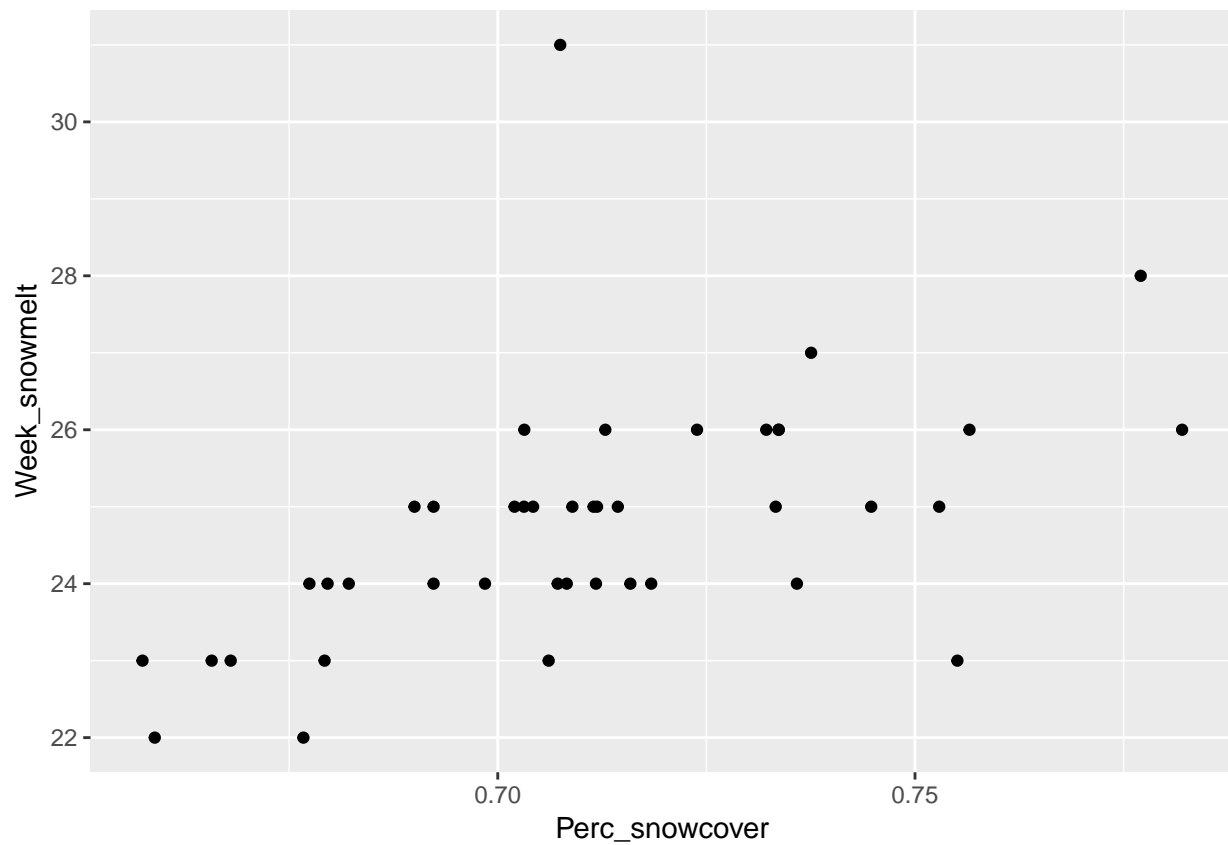


```
# suppress only one legend
p1 + guides(colour = "none")
```



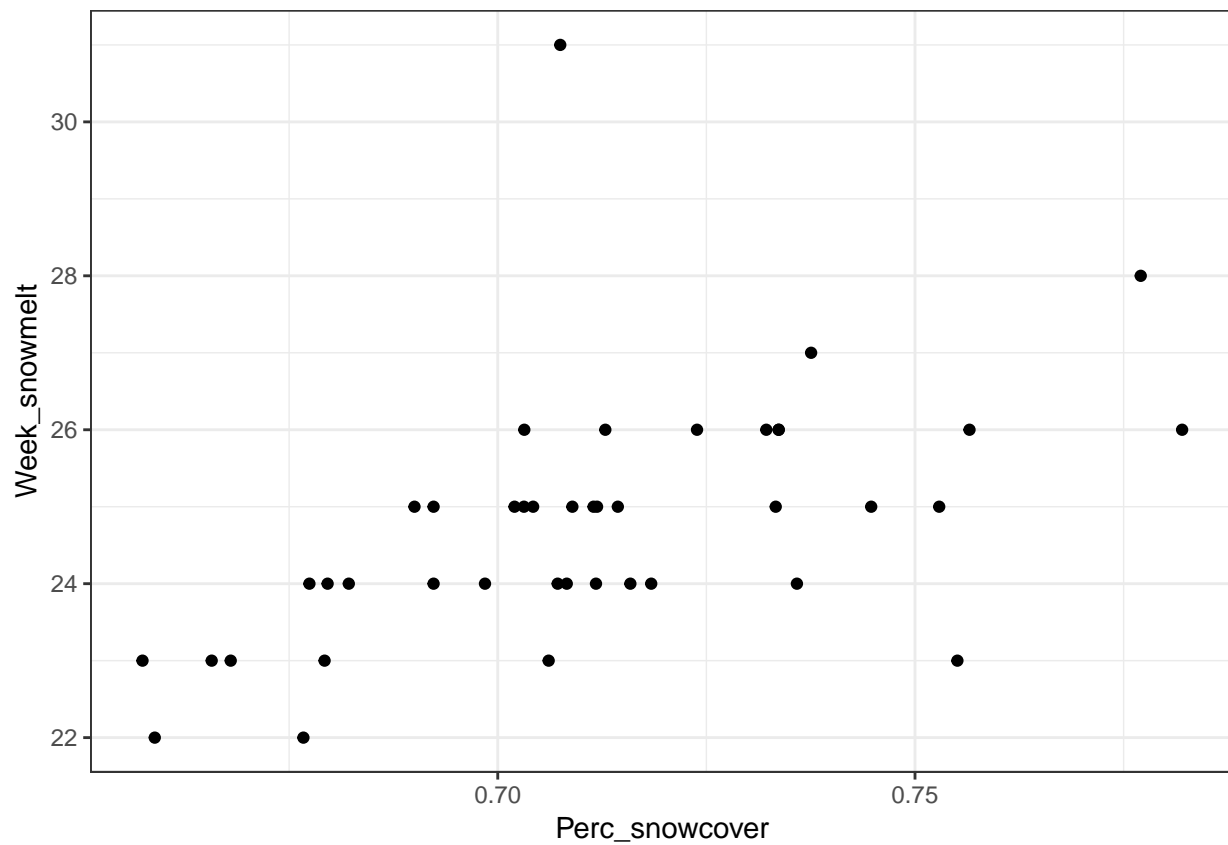
```
# themes
p1 <- ggplot(data = snow %>%
  filter(Herd == "CAH"),
  aes(y = Week_snowmelt, x = Perc_snowcover)) +
  geom_point()
# default theme with grey background and white gridlines
show(p1)
```

Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).



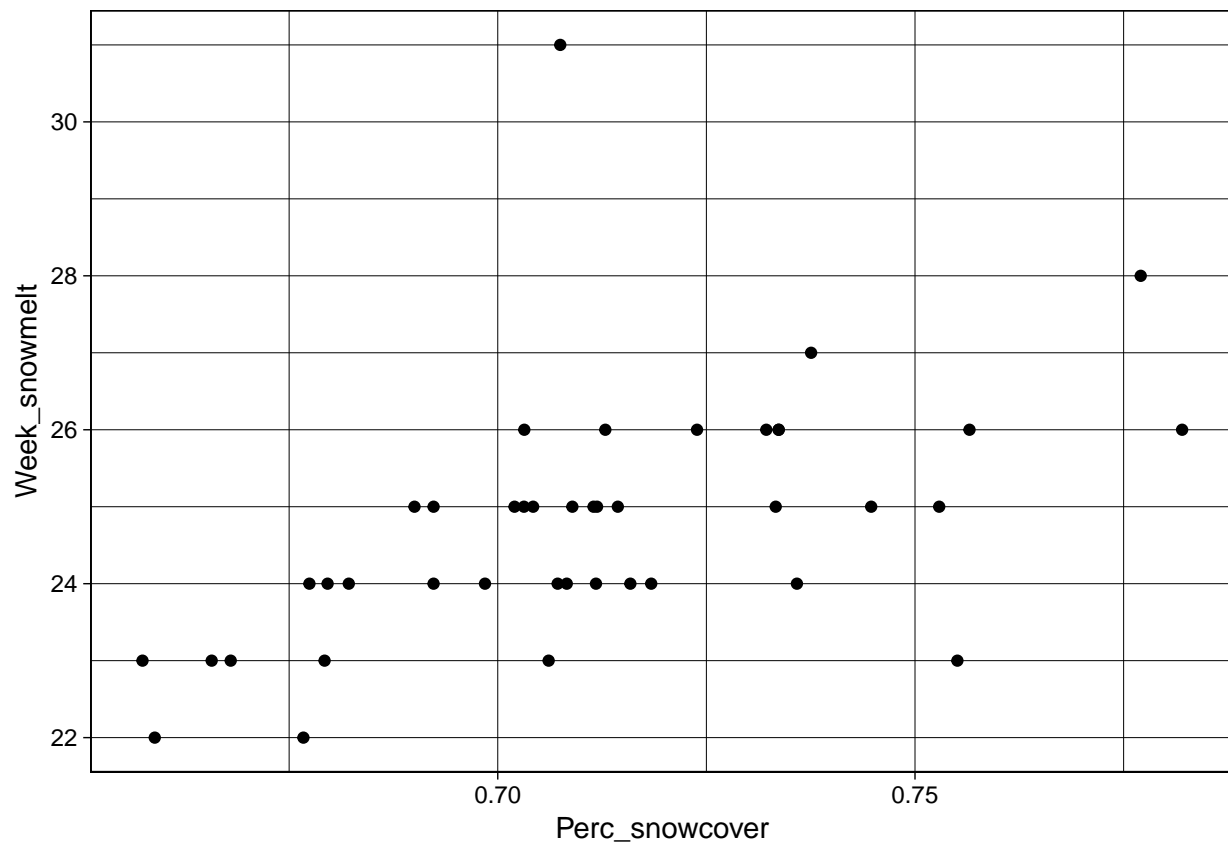
```
# black and white (light background)
pl + theme_bw()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

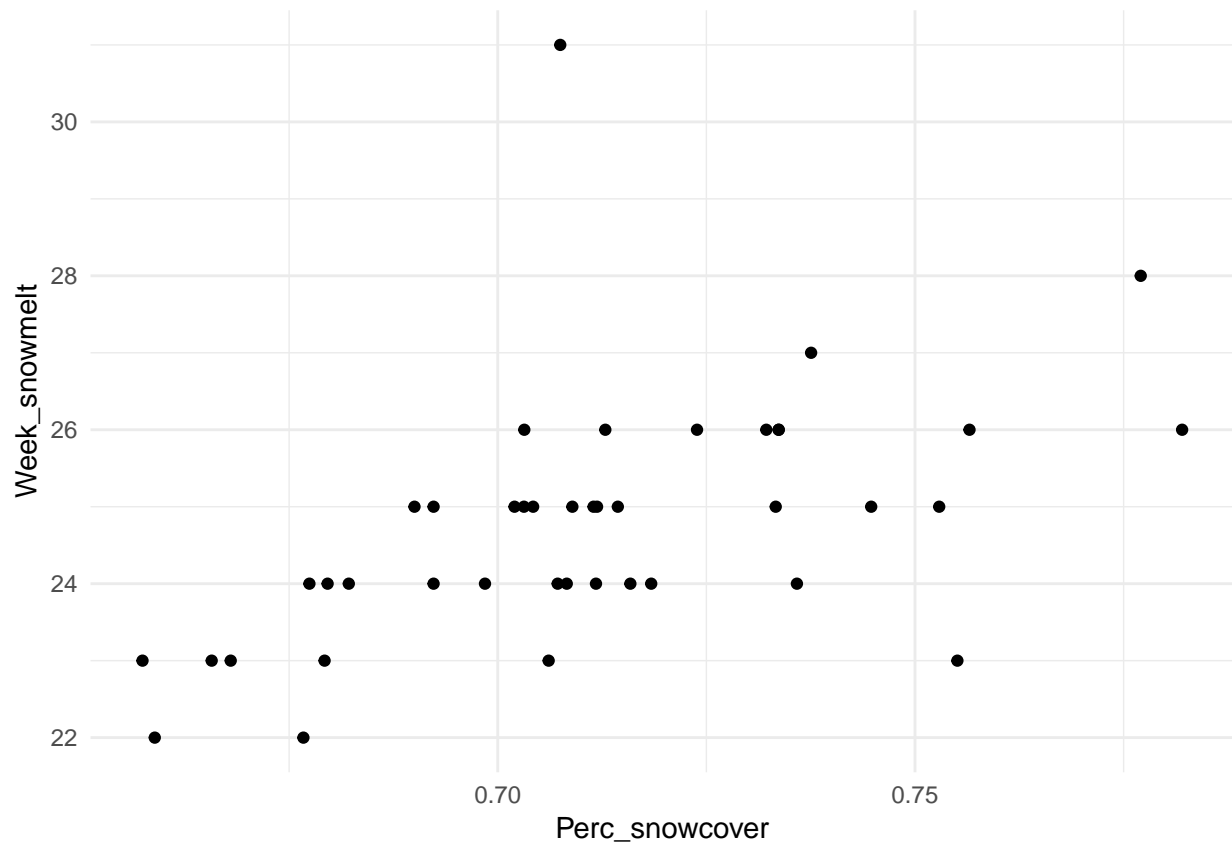
```
# line draw
pl + theme_linedraw()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



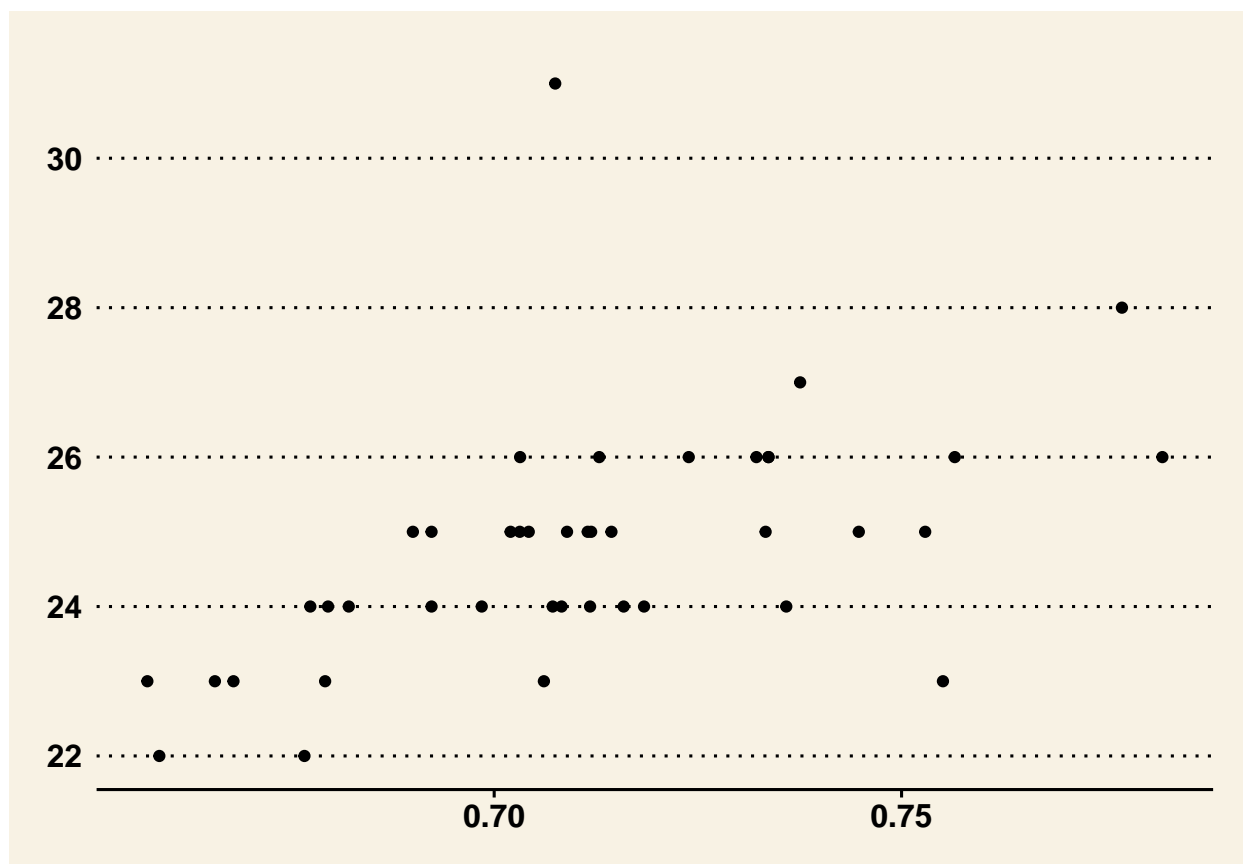
```
# minimalistic theme
pl + theme_minimal()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



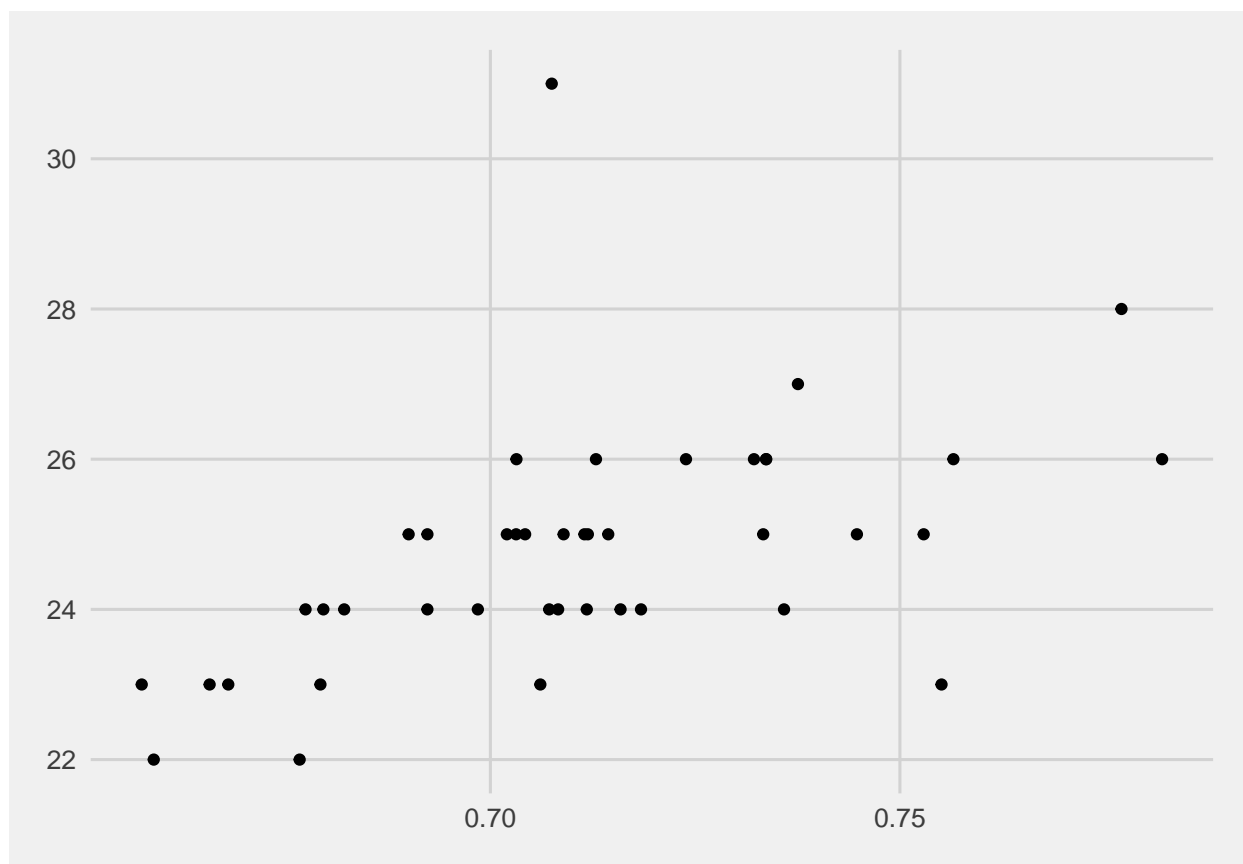
```
# load additional themes
library(ggthemes)
# Wall Street Journal
show(pl + theme_wsj())
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



```
# Five thirty-eight
show(pl + theme_fivethirtyeight())
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



```
# setting features
# use color as an aesthetic mapping, associated with Herd
pl <- ggplot(data = popsize) + aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size, colour = Herd) + geom_point()
# set color to be red for all points
pl <- ggplot(data = popsize) + aes(x = Year, y = Pop_Size) + geom_point(colour = "red")

# saving plot as test.pdf in the sandbox
ggsave(filename = "../sandbox/test.pdf", plot = pl, width = 3, height = 4)

# select numerical column headers, or headers with white space using back ticks
popsize %>% filter(Year > 1979, Year < 1985) %>% spread(Year, Pop_Size) %>% select(Herd, `1980`)

## # A tibble: 9 x 2
##   Herd `1980`
##   <chr> <int>
## 1 BAT   140000
## 2 BEV   130000
## 3 CAH         NA
## 4 GRH   390100
## 5 LRH         NA
## 6 PCH         NA
## 7 QAM    40000
## 8 TCH         NA
## 9 WAH   138000

# ungroup elements
popsize %>% group_by(Herd, Year) %>% tally() %>% ungroup()
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
##   Herd   Year     n
##   <chr> <int> <int>
## 1 BAT   1977     1
## 2 BAT   1978     1
## 3 BAT   1980     1
## 4 BAT   1982     1
## 5 BAT   1984     1
## 6 BAT   1986     1
## 7 BAT   1990     1
## 8 BAT   1996     1
## 9 BAT   2003     1
## 10 BAT  2006     1
## # ... with 104 more rows
```

```
# operation on columns vs rowwise
```

```
ndvi %>% mutate(maxndvi = max(NDVI_May, NDVI_June_August)) %>% head(4)
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##   Herd   Year NDVI_May NDVI_June_August maxndvi
##   <chr> <int>   <dbl>         <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 BAT   1982    0.214         0.372    6.31
## 2 BAT   1983    0.204        -0.998    6.31
## 3 BAT   1984    0.246         1.59     6.31
## 4 BAT   1985    0.244         0.642    6.31
```

```
ndvi %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(maxndvi = max(NDVI_May, NDVI_June_August)) %>% head(4)
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##   Herd   Year NDVI_May NDVI_June_August maxndvi
##   <chr> <int>   <dbl>         <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 BAT   1982    0.214         0.372    0.372
## 2 BAT   1983    0.204        -0.998    0.204
## 3 BAT   1984    0.246         1.59     1.59
## 4 BAT   1985    0.244         0.642    0.642
```