

① A multiple choice test consists of 10 questions, each having 4 possible answers (only one, of course, is correct). A student answers each question randomly.

- (0.5 points) Find the probability that the student gives exactly 3 wrong answers.
- (1 point) Find the probability that the student passes the test (i.e. answers at least 50% of the questions correctly).
- (1 point) Let x denote the number of correct answers given by the student. Find the probability distribution function of x . What type of distribution is it?
- (0.5 points) What is the expected number of correct answers given by the student. ~~Find the~~
- (1.5 points) Show that $32 P(1 < 2X < 3) \geq 14$

② Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from a Gamma $(1, \theta)$ distribution, with $\theta > 0$ unknown. (for $x \in \text{Gamma}(a, b)$, the pdf is

$$f(x, a, b) = \frac{1}{b^a \Gamma(a)} \cdot x^{a-1} \cdot e^{-\frac{x}{b}} \quad x > 0$$

$$E(X) = ab$$

$$V(X) = ab^2$$

- (1.5 points) Find the maximum likelihood estimator $\bar{\theta}$, for θ .
- (0.5 points) Is it an absolutely correct estimator? Explain.
- (1.5 points) Find the efficiency of $\bar{\theta}$, $x(\bar{\theta})$
- (1 point) At the significance level $\alpha \in (0, 1)$, find a most powerful test for testing $H_0: \theta = 2$ against $H_1: \theta = 1$.