

# **PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference**

## **Release 2.4.3**

### **Sound Libraries**

© 2002 Sony Computer Entertainment Inc.

Publication date: January 2002

Sony Computer Entertainment Inc.  
1-1, Akasaka 7-chome, Minato-ku  
Tokyo 107-0052, Japan

Sony Computer Entertainment America  
919 E. Hillsdale Blvd.  
Foster City, CA 94404, U.S.A.

Sony Computer Entertainment Europe  
30 Golden Square  
London W1F 9LD, U.K.


The *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Sound Libraries* manual is supplied pursuant to and subject to the terms of the Sony Computer Entertainment PlayStation® license agreements.

The *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Sound Libraries* manual is intended for distribution to and use by only Sony Computer Entertainment licensed Developers and Publishers in accordance with the PlayStation® license agreements.

Unauthorized reproduction, distribution, lending, rental or disclosure to any third party, in whole or in part, of this book is expressly prohibited by law and by the terms of the Sony Computer Entertainment PlayStation® license agreements.

Ownership of the physical property of the book is retained by and reserved by Sony Computer Entertainment. Alteration to or deletion, in whole or in part, of the book, its presentation, or its contents is prohibited.

The information in the *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Sound Libraries* manual is subject to change without notice. The content of this book is Confidential Information of Sony Computer Entertainment.

 and PlayStation are registered trademarks of Sony Computer Entertainment Inc. All other trademarks are property of their respective owners and/or their licensors.

# Summary Table of Contents

<b>About This Manual</b>	<b>v</b>
Changes Since Last Release	v
Related Documentation	v
Typographic Conventions	vi
Developer Support	vi
<b>Chapter 1: CSL MIDI Stream Generation</b>	<b>1-1</b>
Structures	1-3
Functions	1-4
<b>Chapter 2: CSL SE Stream Generation (for EE)</b>	<b>2-1</b>
Functions	2-3
<b>Chapter 3: CSL Software Synthesizer</b>	<b>3-1</b>
Structures	3-3
Functions	3-8
Callback Functions	3-27
<b>Chapter 4: CSL Line-out for EE</b>	<b>4-1</b>
Structures	4-3
Functions	4-4
<b>Chapter 5: Low-Level Sound Library</b>	<b>5-1</b>
Functions	5-3
<b>Chapter 6: Standard Kit Library/Sound System</b>	<b>6-1</b>
Functions	6-3
<b>Chapter 7: SPU2 Local Memory Management Library</b>	<b>7-1</b>
Functions	7-3



---

## About This Manual

This is the Runtime Library Release 2.4.3 version of the *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Sound Libraries* manual.

The purpose of this manual is to define all available PlayStation®2 EE sound library structures and functions. The companion *PlayStation®2 EE Library Overview - Sound Libraries* describes the structure and purpose of the libraries.

## Changes Since Last Release

### Chapter 3: CSL Software Synthesizer

- In `sceSSyn_ATick()`, an error in function name has been corrected.  
Incorrect: `sceSSyn_Atick`  
Correct : `sceSSyn_ATick`
- In `sceSSyn_ATick()`, the description of "Calling Conditions" has been corrected. (There is no change in function implementation).
- In the following functions, a description on calling in a multithreaded environment has been added.  
`sceSSyn_BreakAtick()`, `sceSSyn_ClearBreakAtick()`, `sceSSynInit()`, `sceSSyn_Load()`,  
`sceSSyn_PrepareParameter()`, `sceSSyn_SendRpnMsg()`, `sceSSyn_SendShortMsg()`,  
`sceSSyn_SetChPriority()`, `sceSSyn_SetMasterVolume()`, `sceSSyn_SetOutPortVolume()`,  
`sceSSyn_SetOutputAssign()`, `sceSSyn_SetOutputMode()`, `sceSSyn_SetPortMaxPoly()`,  
`sceSSyn_SetPortVolume()`, `sceSSyn_SetTvaEnvMode()`

### Chapter 4: CSL Line-out for EE

- In `sceLout_ATick()` and `sceLout_Init()`, the "Calling conditions" descriptions have been corrected. (There is no change in function implementation).

### Chapter 6: Standard Kit Library/Sound System

- In `sceSkInit()` and `sceSkSslInit()`, errors in the argument types have been corrected.

### Chapter 7: SPu2 Local Memory Management Library

- In the following functions, the "Calling Conditions" descriptions have been corrected. (There is no change in function implementation.)  
`sceSpu2MemAllocate()`  
`sceSpu2MemFree()`  
`sceSpu2MemInit()`  
`sceSpu2MemQuit()`

## Related Documentation

Library specifications for the IOP can be found in the *PlayStation®2 IOP Library Reference* manuals and the *PlayStation®2 IOP Library Overview* manuals.

**Note:** the Developer Support Web site posts current developments regarding the Libraries and also provides notice of future documentation releases and upgrades.

## Typographic Conventions

Certain Typographic Conventions are used throughout this manual to clarify the meaning of the text:

Convention	Meaning
<code>courier</code>	Indicates literal program code.
<i>italic</i>	Indicates names of arguments and structure members (in structure/function definitions only).
<b>medium bold</b>	Indicates data types and structure/function names (in structure/function definitions only).
<a href="#">blue</a>	Indicates a hyperlink.

## Developer Support

### Sony Computer Entertainment America (SCEA)

SCEA developer support is available to licensees in North America only. You may obtain developer support or additional copies of this documentation by contacting the following addresses:

Order Information	Developer Support
<i>In North America:</i>	<i>In North America:</i>
Attn: Developer Tools Coordinator	E-mail: PS2_Support@playstation.sony.com
Sony Computer Entertainment America	Web: <a href="http://www.devnet.scea.com/">http://www.devnet.scea.com/</a>
919 East Hillsdale Blvd.	Developer Support Hotline: (650) 655-5566
Foster City, CA 94404, U.S.A.	(Call Monday through Friday,
Tel: (650) 655-8000	8 a.m. to 5 p.m., PST/PDT)

### Sony Computer Entertainment Europe (SCEE)

SCEE developer support is available to licensees in Europe only. You may obtain developer support or additional copies of this documentation by contacting the following addresses:

Order Information	Developer Support
<i>In Europe:</i>	<i>In Europe:</i>
Attn: Production Coordinator	E-mail: ps2_support@scee.net
Sony Computer Entertainment Europe	Web: <a href="https://www.ps2-pro.com/">https://www.ps2-pro.com/</a>
30 Golden Square	Developer Support Hotline:
London W1F 9LD, U.K.	+44 (0) 20 7859-5777
Tel: +44 (0) 20 7859-5000	(Call Monday through Friday,
	9 a.m. to 6 p.m., GMT)

## Chapter 1: CSL MIDI Stream Generation

### Table of Contents

<b>Structures</b>	<b>1-3</b>
sceMSInHsMsg	1-3
<b>Functions</b>	<b>1-4</b>
sceMSIn_Init	1-4
sceMSIn_MakeHsExpression	1-5
sceMSIn_MakeHsMsg1	1-6
sceMSIn_MakeHsMsg2	1-7
sceMSIn_MakeHsNoteOff	1-8
sceMSIn_MakeHsNoteOn	1-9
sceMSIn_MakeHsPanpot	1-10
sceMSIn_MakeHsPitchBend	1-11
sceMSIn_MakeHsPreExpression	1-12
sceMSIn_MakeHsPrePanpot	1-13
sceMSIn_MakeHsPrePitchBend	1-14
sceMSIn_MakeMsg/sceMSIn_MakeMsg3	1-15
sceMSIn_MakeMsg2	1-16
sceMSIn_NoteOff	1-17
sceMSIn_NoteOn	1-18
sceMSIn_NoteOnEx	1-19
sceMSIn_ProgramChange	1-20
sceMSIn_PutExcMsg	1-21
sceMSIn_PutHsMsg	1-22
sceMSIn_PutMsg	1-23





# Structures

---

## sceMSInHsMsg

Extended MIDI message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

### Structure

```
typedef struct {  
    unsigned char d[7];  
} sceMSInHsMsg;
```

Extended MIDI message

### Description

This structure is used for extended MIDI messages.

## Functions

---

### sceMSIn\_Init

Initialization.

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax

```
int sceMSIn_Init(  
    sceCslCtx *module_context)           Module Context address
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### Description

Only checks the validity of the module context.

#### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

## sceMSIn\_MakeHsExpression

Create extended Expression (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsExpression(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,    Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char ch,             Channel
    unsigned char key,            Key number
    unsigned char id,             ID number
    unsigned char expression)     Expression Data
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### Description

This is a macro for creating an Expression Message of an extended Voice Control Message.

### Return value

None

**sceMSIn\_MakeHsMsg1**

Create extended Pre Voice Control Message (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsMsg1(
  sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,      Extended MIDI message address
  unsigned char op_code,          Instruction code
  unsigned char ch,               Channel
  unsigned char 1st_data,         Instruction-dependent data
  unsigned char 2nd_data)         Instruction-dependent data
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

This is a macro for creating an extended Pre Voice Control Message.

**Return value**

None

### sceMSIn\_MakeHsMsg2

Create extended Voice Control Message (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsMsg2(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,    Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char op_code,        Instruction code
    unsigned char ch,             Channel
    unsigned char key,            Key number
    unsigned char id,             ID number
    unsigned char 1st_data,        Instruction-dependent data
    unsigned char 2nd_data)        Instruction dependent data
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### Description

This is a macro for creating an extended Voice Control Message.

#### Return value

None

**sceMSIn\_MakeHsNoteOff**

Create extended Note Off (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsNoteOff(
```

<b>sceMSInHsMsg</b> <i>*hs_message</i> ,	Extended MIDI message address
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>ch</i> ,	Channel
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>key</i> ,	Key number
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>id</i> )	ID number

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

This is a macro for creating a Note Off Message of an extended Voice Control Message.

**Return value**

None

## sceMSIn\_MakeHsNoteOn

Create extended Note On (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsNoteOn(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,    Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char ch,             Channel
    unsigned char key,            Key number
    unsigned char id,             ID number
    unsigned char velocity)       velocity Data
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### Description

This is a macro for creating a Note On Message of an extended Voice Control Message.

### Return value

None

**sceMSIn\_MakeHsPanpot**

Create extended Panpot (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsPanpot(
sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,      Extended MIDI message address
unsigned char ch,               Channel
unsigned char key,              Key number
unsigned char id,               ID number
unsigned char panpot)           Panpot Data
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

This is a macro for creating a Panpot Message of an extended Voice Control Message.

**Return value**

None



## sceMSIn\_MakeHsPitchBend

Create extended Pitch Bend (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsPitchBend(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,    Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char ch,             Channel
    unsigned char key,            Key number
    unsigned char id,             ID number
    unsigned char lsb_data,       Pitch Bend LSB Data
    unsigned char msb_data)       Pitch Bend MSB Data
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### Description

This is a macro for creating a Pitch Bend Message of an extended Voice Control Message.

### Return value

None

**sceMSIn\_MakeHsPreExpression**

Create extended Pre Expression (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsPreExpression(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,      Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char ch,               Channel
    unsigned char expression)       Expression Data
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

This is a macro for creating an Expression Message of an extended Pre Voice Control Message.

**Return value**

None

## sceMSIn\_MakeHsPrePanpot

Create extended Pre Panpot (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsPrePanpot(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,      Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char ch,               Channel
    unsigned char panpot)           Panpot Data
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### Description

This is a macro for creating a Panpot Message of an extended Pre Voice Control Message.

### Return value

None

**sceMSIn\_MakeHsPrePitchBend**

Create extended Pre Pitch Bend (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
void sceMSIn_MakeHsPrePitchBend(
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message,      Extended MIDI message address
    unsigned char ch,               Channel
    unsigned char lsb_data,         Pitch Bend LSB Data
    unsigned char msb_data)         Pitch Bend MSB Data
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

If *hs\_message* does not conflict:

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

This is a macro for creating a Pitch Bend Message of an extended Pre Voice Control Message.

**Return value**

None

## sceMSIn\_MakeMsg/sceMSIn\_MakeMsg3

Pack MIDI message into unsigned int (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

```

unsigned int sceMSIn_MakeMsg(
    unsigned int status,           MIDI status
    unsigned int 1st_data_byte,    MIDI 1st data byte
    unsigned int 2nd_data_byte);   MIDI 2nd data byte
unsigned int sceMSIn_MakeMsg3(
    unsigned int status,           MIDI status
    unsigned int 1st_data_byte,    MIDI 1st data byte
    unsigned int 2nd_data_byte);   MIDI 2nd data byte
    
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### Description

Packs a MIDI message into an unsigned int.

The return value is used as an argument of sceMSIn\_MakeMsg.

### Return value

Packed MIDI message

**sceMSIn\_MakeMsg2**

Pack MIDI message into unsigned int (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	March 26, 2001

**Syntax****unsigned int sceMSIn\_MakeMsg2(**

**unsigned int** *status*,                      MIDI status  
**unsigned int** *1st\_data\_byte*)              MIDI 1st data byte

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

Packs a MIDI message into an unsigned int.

The return value is used as an argument of sceMSIn\_MakeMsg.

The result is the same as when sceMSIn\_MakeMsg is used for a MIDI message with no *2nd\_data\_byte* or when the *2nd\_data\_byte* == 0 in sceMSIn\_MakeMsg3.

**Return value**

Packed MIDI message

## sceMSIn\_NoteOff

Write a note-off message to the output stream (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceMSIn_NoteOff(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       output port number
    unsigned int midi_ch,           MIDI channel
    unsigned int key_number)        Note number
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes a note-off message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceMSIn\_NoteOn**

Write a note-on message to the output stream (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceMSIn_NoteOn(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned int midi_ch,           MIDI channel
    unsigned int key_number,        Note number
    unsigned int velocity)          Velocity (strength of key strike)
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Writes a note-on message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0



## sceMSIn\_NoteOnEx

Write a note-on message to the output stream (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceMSIn_NoteOnEx(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned int midi_ch,           MIDI channel
    unsigned int key_number,        Note number
    unsigned int velocity,          Velocity (strength of key strike)
    unsigned int prg_number)        Program number
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes a program-change and a note-on message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

## sceMSIn\_ProgramChange

Write a program-change message to the output stream (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceMSIn_ProgramChange(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned int midi_ch,           MIDI channel
    unsigned int prg_number)        Program number
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes a program-change message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

## sceMSIn\_PutExcMsg

Write exclusive message to output stream

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceMSIn_PutExcMsg(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned char *exc_data_addr,   Exclusive data address
    unsigned int exc_data_length)   Exclusive data size
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes an exclusive message to the specified output port buffer. Exclusive data must begin with 0xF0 and end with 0xF7.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceMSIn\_PutHsMsg**

Write extended MIDI message to output stream

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceMSIn_PutHsMsg(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    sceMSInHsMsg *hs_message)      Extended MIDI message address
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Writes an extended MIDI message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

## sceMSIn\_PutMsg

Write MIDI message to output stream

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
emsin	1.3	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceMSIn_PutMsg(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,    Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,      Output port number
    unsigned int midi_message)     MIDI message:
                                   bits 0-7: status
                                   bits 8-15: 1st data byte
                                   bits 16-23: 2nd data byte
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes a MIDI message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceMSIn function calls or sceHSyn\_ATick() calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0.



## Chapter 2: CSL SE Stream Generation (for EE)

### Table of Contents

<b>Functions</b>	<b>2-3</b>
sceSEIn_ATick	2-3
sceSEIn_Init	2-4
sceSEIn_Load	2-5
sceSEIn_MakeAllNoteOff	2-6
sceSEIn_MakeAllNoteOffMask	2-7
sceSEIn_MakeAmplLFO	2-8
sceSEIn_MakeMsg / sceSEIn_MakeMsg4	2-9
sceSEIn_MakeNoteOn	2-10
sceSEIn_MakeNoteOnZero	2-11
sceSEIn_MakePitchLFO	2-12
sceSEIn_MakePitchOn	2-13
sceSEIn_MakePitchOnZero	2-14
sceSEIn_MakeTimePanpot	2-15
sceSEIn_MakeTimePitch	2-16
sceSEIn_MakeTimeVolume	2-17
sceSEIn_NoteOff	2-18
sceSEIn_NoteOn	2-19
sceSEIn_PitchOn	2-20
sceSEIn_PutMsg	2-21
sceSEIn_PutSEMsg	2-22





## Functions

---

### sceSEIn\_ATick

Process interrupt

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_ATick(
    sceCslCtx *module_context)           Address of Module Context
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### Description

This function performs processing for each tick.

This is only a formal definition. No real processing is performed.

#### Return value

If processing was successful    0

**sceSEIn\_Init**

Initialize

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

**int** sceSEIn\_Init (  
    **sceCslCtx** \**module\_context*)                      Address of Module Context

**Calling conditions**

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Multithread safe

**Description**

This function checks for a proper module context.

**Return value**

If processing was successful     0

## sceSEIn\_Load

Load data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_Load (
    sceCslCtx *module_context)           Address of Module Context
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### Description

This is only a formal definition. No real processing is performed.

### Return value

If processing was successful    0

**sceSEIn\_MakeAllNoteOff**

Write All Note Off message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.4	October 11, 2001

**Syntax**

**int** sceSEIn\_MakeAllNoteOff (  
    **sceCslCtx** \**module\_context*,                      Address of Module Context  
    **unsigned int** *port\_number*,                      Output port number  
    **unsigned int** *id*)                                  SE message ID

**Calling conditions**

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

This function writes an All Note Off message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

**Return value**

When processing is successful, zero is returned.

## sceSEIn\_MakeAllNoteOffMask

Write All Note Off Mask message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.4	October 11, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakeAllNoteOffMask (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned int id,                SE message ID
    unsigned int base_id,           Target base ID
    unsigned int mask)              Mask
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

This function writes an All Note Off Mask message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

### Return value

When processing is successful, zero is returned.

sceSEIn\_MakeAmplFO

Write amp LFO message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakeAmplFO (  
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of the Module Context  
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number  
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID  
    unsigned int bank_number,            Bank number or sound effect timbre set number  
    unsigned int prog_number,            Program number or sound effect timbre number  
    unsigned int note_number,            Note number  
    unsigned int depth_cycle,            Amplitude or period  
    unsigned int command)                Command function  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_AMPLFO_DEPTH_P  
                                        Sets the positive amplitude of the amp LFO  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_AMPLFO_DEPTH_M  
                                        Sets the negative amplitude of the amp LFO  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_AMPLFO_CYCLE  
                                        Sets the period of the amp LFO
```

Calling conditions

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

Description

Writes an amp LFO message to the specified output port buffer.  
  
This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

Return value

0 if successful

**sceSEIn\_MakeMsg / sceSEIn\_MakeMsg4**

Pack SE message into an unsigned int (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```

unsigned int sceSEIn_MakeMsg (
    unsigned int status,                SE status
    unsigned int 1st_data_byte,          SE 1st data byte
    unsigned int 2nd_data_byte,          SE 2nd data byte
    unsigned int 3rd_data_byte)          SE 3rd data byte
unsigned int sceSEIn_MakeMsg4 (
    unsigned int status,                SE status
    unsigned int 1st_data_byte,          SE 1st data byte
    unsigned int 2nd_data_byte,          SE 2nd data byte
    unsigned int 3rd_data_byte)          SE 3rd data byte

```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description**

This function packs an SE message into an unsigned int.

The return value is used as an argument for sceSEIn\_PutMsg.

**Return value**

Packed SE message

**sceSEIn\_MakeNoteOn**

Write Note On/Off message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSEIn_MakeNoteOn (  
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of the Module Context  
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number  
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID  
    unsigned int bank_number,            Bank number or sound effect timbre set number  
    unsigned int prog_number,            Program number  
    unsigned int note_number,            Note number  
    unsigned int velocity,                Velocity (keypress intensity)  
    int panpot)                           Panpot
```

**Calling conditions**

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Writes a Note On/Off message to the specified output port buffer.

A velocity of 0 is handled as a Note Off.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

**Return value**

0 if successful



## sceSEIn\_MakeNoteOnZero

Write Note On message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakeNoteOnZero (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned int id,                SE message ID
    unsigned int bank_number,       Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
    unsigned int prog_number,       Program number
    unsigned int note_number,       Note number
    unsigned int velocity,          Velocity (key strike intensity)
    int panpot)                     Panpot
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

This function writes a Note On message to the specified output port buffer. When velocity is 0, the voice is still assigned and sound is generated but with volume 0. To mute this sound, use sceSEIn\_MakeNoteOn().

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment from an interrupt-enabled state, if it does not conflict with other sceSEIn functions and sceHSyn\_ATick().

### Return value

When processing is successful 0

**sceSEIn\_MakePitchLFO**

Write pitch LFO message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSEIn_MakePitchLFO (  
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of Module Context  
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number  
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID  
    unsigned int bank_number,            Bank number or sound effect timbre set number  
    unsigned int prog_number,            Program number or sound effect timbre number  
    unsigned int note_number,            Note number  
    unsigned int depth_cycle,            Amplitude or period  
    unsigned int command)                Command function  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_PITCHLFO_DEPTH_P  
                                        Sets the positive amplitude of the pitch LFO  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_PITCHLFO_DEPTH_M  
                                        Sets the negative amplitude of the pitch LFO  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_PITCHLFO_CYCLE  
                                        Sets the period of the pitch LFO
```

**Calling conditions**

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Writes a pitch LFO message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

**Return value**

0 if successful

## sceSEIn\_MakePitchOn

Write Note On/Off message (specified pitch) to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakePitchOn (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,           Output port number
    unsigned int id,                   SE message ID
    unsigned int bank_number,          Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
    unsigned int prog_number,          Program number or sound effect timbre number
    unsigned int note_number,          Note number
    unsigned int velocity,             Velocity (keypress intensity)
    int panpot,                       Panpot
    unsigned int pitch)                Generated pitch
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes Note On/Off message (specified pitch) to the specified output port buffer.

A velocity of 0 is handled as a Note Off.

Pitch is a value specified by SD\_VP\_PITCH (0 ~ 0x3fff) in the low-level sound library.

In the current implementation, if sound generation is performed using this function, then the specification of PitchLFO in the bank binary data will be made ineffective.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

### Notes

In the current implementation, Time-Pitch cannot be performed for a voice if sound was generated by either a Note On/Off message (with pitch specification) or a Note on message (with pitch specification). To generate sound which will perform Time-Pitch processing, a Note On/Off message or Note on message must be used.

### Return value

0 if successful

## sceSEIn MakePitchOnZero

Write Note On message (with pitch specification) to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

## Syntax

```
int sceSEIn  MakePitchOnZero (
```

<b>sceCslCtx</b> * <i>module_context</i> ,	Address of Module Context
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>port_number</i> ,	Output port number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>id</i> ,	SE message ID
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bank_number</i> ,	Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>prog_number</i> ,	Program number or sound effect timbre number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note_number</i> ,	Note number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>velocity</i> ,	Velocity (key strike intensity)
<b>int</b> <i>panpot</i> ,	Panpot
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>pitch</i> )	Generated pitch

## Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

## Description

This function writes a Note On message (with pitch specification) to the specified output port buffer. When velocity is 0, the voice is still assigned and sound is generated, but with volume 0. To mute this sound, use `sceSEIn_MakePitchOn()`.

pitch is the value that is specified by SD VP PITCH in the low-level sound library (range is 0-0x3fff).

In the current implementation, when sound is generated by this function, the PitchLFO specification in the bank binary data is ignored.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment from an interrupt-enabled state, if it does not conflict with other sceSEIn functions and sceHSyn\_ATick().

## Notes

In the current implementation, Time-Pitch cannot be performed for a voice if sound was generated by either a Note On/Off message (with pitch specification) or a Note On message (with pitch specification). To generate sound that will perform Time-Pitch processing, a Note On/Off message or Note On message must be used.

### Return value

When processing is successful	0
-------------------------------	---

## sceSEIn\_MakeTimePanpot

Write time pan pot message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakeTimePanpot (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID
    unsigned int bank_number,            Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
    unsigned int prog_number,            Program number or sound effect timbre number
    unsigned int note_number,            Note number
    unsigned int delta_time,              Elapsed time (units : milliseconds)
        int target_panpot,               Target panpot
    unsigned int command)                Command function
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_TIME_PANPOT_CW
                                        Moves the panpot in the clockwise direction
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_TIME_PANPOT_CCW
                                        Moves the panpot in the counter-clockwise
                                        direction
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes a time pan pot message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

### Return value

0 if successful

### sceSEIn\_MakeTimePitch

Write time pitch message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	October 11, 2001

#### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakeTimePitch (  
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of Module Context  
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number  
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID  
    unsigned int bank_number,            Bank number or sound effect timbre set number  
    unsigned int prog_number,            Program number or sound effect timbre number  
    unsigned int note_number,            Note number  
    unsigned int delta_time,              Elapsed time (units: milliseconds)  
    unsigned int target_pitch,            Target pitch (units: cents)  
    unsigned int command)                Command function  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_TIME_PITCH_P  
                                        Raises the pitch  
  
                                        sceSEMsg_VCTRL_TIME_PITCH_M  
                                        Lowers the pitch
```

#### Calling conditions

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

#### Description

Writes a time pitch message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

#### Return value

0 if successful.

## sceSEIn\_MakeTimeVolume

Write time volume message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_MakeTimeVolume (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,       Output port number
    unsigned int id,                SE message ID
    unsigned int bank_number,       Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
    unsigned int prog_number,       Program number or sound effect timbre number
    unsigned int note_number,       Note number
    unsigned int delta_time,        Elapsed time (units: milliseconds)
    unsigned int target_volume)     Target volume
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes a time volume message to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

### Return value

0 if successful.

## sceSEIn\_NoteOff

Writes a message which performs Note Off to output port buffer (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	December 3, 2001

## Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_NoteOff (
```

<b>sceCslCtx</b> <i>*module_context,</i>	Address of Module Context
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>port_number,</i>	Output port number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>id,</i>	SE message ID
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bank_number,</i>	Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>prog_number,</i>	Program number or sound effect timbre number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note_number)</i>	Note number

## Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

This function writes a message which performs Note Off (i.e. uses a Note On/Off message, velocity=0) to the specified output port buffer.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with `sceHSyn_Atack()` or other `sceSEIn` functions.

### Return value

If processing was successful 0



## sceSEIn\_NoteOn

Writes a message which performs Note On/Off to output port buffer (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_NoteOn (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID
    unsigned int bank_number,            Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
    unsigned int prog_number,            Program number or sound effect timbre number
    unsigned int note_number,            Note number
    unsigned int velocity,                Velocity (key strike intensity)
    int panpot)                           Panpot
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

This function writes a message which performs Note On/Off (i.e. uses a Note On/Off message) to the specified output port buffer. When velocity is 0, the message is handled as a Note Off message.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atick() or other sceSEIn functions.

### Return value

If processing was successful    0

## sceSEIn PitchOn

Write Note On/Off message (pitch specification) to output port buffer (MACRO)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	December 3, 2001

## Syntax

<b>int</b> <b>sceSEIn_PitchOn</b> (	
<b>sceCslCtx</b> <i>*module_context</i> ,	Address of Module Context
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>port_number</i> ,	Output port number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>id</i> ,	SE message ID
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bank_number</i> ,	Bank number or sound effect timbre set number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>prog_number</i> ,	Program number or sound effect timbre number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note_number</i> ,	Note number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>velocity</i> ,	Velocity (key strike intensity)
<b>int</b> <i>panpot</i> ,	Panpot
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>pitch</i> )	Generated pitch

## Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

## Description

This function writes a message which performs Note On/Off (pitch specification) (i.e. uses a Note On/Off message) to the specified output port buffer.

The pitch is the value (0 to 0x3fff) that is specified by SD\_VP\_PITCH in the low level sound library.

In the current implementation, when sound is generated by this function, the PitchLFO specification in the bank binary data will become invalid.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with `sceHSyn_Atack()` or other `sceSEIn` functions.

## Return value

If processing was successful 0

## sceSEIn\_PutMsg

Write SE Message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.1	October 11, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSEIn_PutMsg (
    sceCslCtx *module_context,           Address of Module Context
    unsigned int port_number,            Output port number
    unsigned int id,                     SE message ID
    unsigned int se_msg1,                SE message
                                         bit 0-7: SE status
                                         bit 8-15: 1st data byte
                                         bit 16-23: 2nd data byte
                                         bit 24-31: 3rd data byte
    unsigned int se_msg2,                SE message
                                         bit 0-7: 4th data byte
                                         bit 8-15: 5th data byte
                                         bit 16-23: 6th data byte
                                         bit 24-31: 7th data byte
)
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

This function writes an SE message to the specified output port buffer.

This function only supports SE messages for which the SE status is 0xa?.

For writing an arbitrary SE message, use sceSEIn\_PutSEMsg().

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with sceHSyn\_Atack() or other sceSEIn functions.

### Return value

If processing was successful    0

## sceSEIn\_PutSEMsg

Write arbitrary SE message to output port buffer

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
modsein	2.2	October 11, 2001

## Syntax

<b>int</b> sceSEIn_PutSEMsg (	
<b>sceCslCtx</b> <i>*module_context,</i>	Address of Module Context
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>port_number,</i>	Output port number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>id,</i>	SE message ID
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>*msg,</i>	Address of the buffer that contains the SE message
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>msg_length</i> )	Length of the SE message within the buffer specified by msg. (units: bytes)

## Calling conditions

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Writes an SE message to the specified output port buffer.

The contents of the msg are the SE status and SE data of the SE message.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with `sceHSyn_Atack()` or other `sceSEIn` functions.

## Return value

0 if successful

## Chapter 3: CSL Software Synthesizer

### Table of Contents

<b>Structures</b>	<b>3-3</b>
sceSSynChOutAttrib	3-3
sceSSynConf	3-4
sceSSynEnv	3-5
sceSSynNrpnMsg	3-6
sceSSynRpnMsg	3-7
<b>Functions</b>	<b>3-8</b>
sceSSyn_ATick	3-8
sceSSyn_BreakAtick	3-9
sceSSyn_ClearBreakAtick	3-10
sceSSyn_Init	3-11
sceSSyn_Load	3-12
sceSSyn_PrepareParameter	3-13
sceSSyn_RegisterRpc	3-14
sceSSyn_SendExcMsg	3-15
sceSSyn_SendNrpnMsg	3-16
sceSSyn_SendRpnMsg	3-17
sceSSyn_SendShortMsg	3-18
SceSSyn_SetChPriority	3-19
sceSSyn_SetMasterVolume	3-20
sceSSyn_SetOutPortVolume	3-21
sceSSyn_SetOutputAssign	3-22
sceSSyn_SetOutputMode	3-23
sceSSyn_SetPortMaxPoly	3-24
sceSSyn_SetPortVolume	3-25
sceSSyn_SetTvaEnvMode	3-26
<b>Callback Functions</b>	<b>3-27</b>
exc_callback	3-27
msg_callback	3-28



# Structures

## sceSSynChOutAttrib

Specify output mode for each input channel

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	July 24, 2000

### Structure

```
typedef struct {
    unsigned char ch;                Channel for which mode is to be set
    unsigned char ch_output;         Output port within channel
    unsigned char mode;              Output mode
                                    sceSSynMuteOut: No output
                                    sceSSynMonoOut: Mono output
                                    sceSSynLOut: Left channel output
                                    sceSSynROut: Right channel output
    unsigned char output_line;       Number of PCM stream to be output
    unsigned int att;                Attenuator
                                    SSYN_VOLUME_0DB: 0db
} sceSSynChOutAttrib;
```

### Description

This structure specifies output modes for input channels. It is specified as an argument of `sceSSyn_SetOutputAssign()`.

**sceSSynConf**

Initial setting information

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	July 24, 2000

**Structure****#define sceSSynVoiceBufferSize: 576****#define sceSSynInputBufferSize: (352\*16)****typedef struct {**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>unit_samples</i> ;	Number of data to be output in a single operation (units: samples)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>sampling_frequency</i> ;	Output PCM sampling rate
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>n_voices</i> ;	Maximum number of voices for the entire system
<b>void *</b> <i>voice_buffer</i> ;	Voice status management buffer
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>voice_buffer_size</i> ;	Voice status management buffer size sceSSynVoiceBufferSize * n_voices or higher is required
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>n_input_port</i> ;	Number of input ports Same as the number of Buffer Group 0 buffer contexts
<b>void *</b> <i>input_port_buffer</i> ;	Input management buffer
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>input_port_buffer_size</i> ;	Input management buffer size sceSSynInputBufferSize * n_input_port or higher is required

**} sceSSynConf;****Description**

This structure specifies the initial setting information. It is allocated to the config member of the CSL context structure sceCslCtx.



**sceSSynEnv**

Input environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	July 24, 2000

**Structure****typedef struct {****unsigned int** *input\_buff\_len*;

Size of buffer for communicating with the IOP. This must be an integer multiple of 16.

**void** *\*input\_buff*;

Buffer for communicating with the IOP. Since non-cached access is performed, care should be taken with alignment.

**void** *\*tone\_param*;

Pointer to tone data (unused)

**unsigned int** (*\*msg\_callback*) (**unsigned int**, **unsigned int**);

MIDI message filter callback address

**unsigned int** *msg\_callback\_private\_data*;

User data that is passed as a MIDI message filter callback argument.

**unsigned int** (*\*exc\_callback*)(**unsigned int**, **unsigned char\***, **unsigned int**, **unsigned char\***, **unsigned int**);

MIDI exclusive message filter callback address

**unsigned int** *exc\_callback\_private\_data*;

User data that is passed as a MIDI exclusive message filter callback argument.

**unsigned int** *system*

Internal variable argument.

**[(sceSSynEnvSize+sizeof(int)-1)/sizeof(int)];**To not use IOP MIDI Stream data, have *input\_buff\_len*=0; *input\_buff*=NULL; set by a port, and connection requests for that port from the IOP will be refused.**} sceSSynEnv;****Description**

This structure is used in the input buffer which controls the software synthesizer input, playback state, etc.

**Notes**To not use IOP MIDI Stream data, have *input\_buff\_len*=0; *input\_buff*=NULL; set by a port, and connection requests for that port from the IOP will be refused.

**sceSSynNrpnMsg**

NRPN transmission structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	July 24, 2000

**Structure**

```
typedef struct {  
    unsigned char ch;           MIDI channel  
    unsigned short num;         NRPN number  
    unsigned short data;        NRPN data  
} sceSSynNrpnMsg;
```

**Description**

NRPN transmission structure.

## sceSSynRpnMsg

RPN transmission structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	July 24, 2000

### Structure

```
typedef struct {  
    unsigned char ch;           MIDI channel  
    unsigned short num;         RPN number  
    unsigned short data;        RPN data  
} sceSSynRpnMsg;
```

### Description

RPN transmission structure.

## Functions

---

### sceSSyn\_ATick

Process interrupts

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_ATick(  
    sceCslCtx *module_context)           Module Context address
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

Reads data from the IOP and generates PCM Stream Data.

#### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

## sceSSyn\_BreakAtick

Interrupt sceSSyn\_ATick() processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_BreakAtick(
    sceCslCtx *module_context)    Module Context address
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Interrupts the current sceSSyn\_ATick() process that is executing. Can be called from an interrupt.

Processing is interrupted once an individual process (4 voices) ends.

Also, after the process is interrupted, the output buffer is cleared and any voice generation in progress is terminated.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

Normal termination: 0

**sceSSyn\_ClearBreakAtick**

Cancel interruption of sceSSyn\_ATick() processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceSSyn_ClearBreakAtick(
    sceCslCtx *module_context)           Module Context address
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Can be called from an interrupt.

After sceSSyn\_BreakAtick() has been called, sceSSyn\_ATick() processing will be interrupted until sceSSyn\_ClearBreakAtick() is called.

sceSSyn\_ClearBreakAtick() is typically called at the start of time measurement. When the permitted time is exceeded due to an interrupt or other cause, processing can be interrupted by calling sceSSyn\_BreakAtick().

sceSSyn\_BreakAtick() should really be used only in an emergency. Satisfactory results that control the load can normally be obtained for the output voices by limiting the maximum number of generated voices for the entire device or for each port.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

Normal termination: 0

**sceSSyn\_Init**

Initialize

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceSSyn_Init(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int interval)          Period in which Atick() will be called (in microseconds)
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Initializes internal variables.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

## sceSSyn\_Load

Register phoneme and parameter data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_Load(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Input port number
    void *parameter)               Phoneme and parameter data address
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Registers phoneme and parameter data at an input port.

The sceSSyn\_PrepareParameter() function must be used in advance to resolve the address for the data to be registered.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0



**sceSSyn\_PrepareParameter**

Resolve phoneme and parameter data address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

**Syntax****int sceSSyn\_PrepareParameter(****void \*parameter,** Phoneme and parameter data address**unsigned int size)** Phoneme and parameter data size**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Since the address encoding for the phoneme and parameter data that is saved on disk differs from that used within the Software Synthesizer, this sceSSyn\_PrepareParameter() function must be used to convert the address format.

Also, the location in memory cannot be changed for data to which sceSSyn\_PrepareParameter() has been applied.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

**sceSSyn\_RegisterRpc**

Register RPC server to reserve channel for communication with IOP

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSSyn_RegisterRpc(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,    Module Context address
    int priority)                 Server thread priority
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

Starts up the RPC server to reserve a channel for communication with the IOP.

Not necessary if IOP MIDI Stream is not being used.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

sceSSyn\_SendExcMsg

Input MIDI exclusive message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	March 26, 2001

Syntax

int sceSSyn\_SendExcMsg(  
    sceCslCtx \*module\_context,           Module Context address  
    unsigned int port\_number,            Input port number  
    unsigned char \*exc\_data,            Exclusive data address  
  Must begin with 0xF0 and end with 0xF7.  
    unsigned int length)                Exclusive data size

Calling conditions

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Multithread safe
- Currently not implemented

Description

This is an API for inputting a MIDI exclusive message that bypasses the IOP.

Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceSSyn\_SendNrpnMsg**

Input MIDI NRPN message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	March 26, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSSyn_SendNrpnMsg(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Input port number
    sceSSynNrpnMsg *nrpn)          NRPN message address
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

Currently not implemented

**Description**

This is an API for inputting a MIDI NRPN message that bypasses the IOP.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

### sceSSyn\_SendRpnMsg

Input MIDI RPN message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_SendRpnMsg(  
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address  
    unsigned int port_number,       Input port number  
    sceSSynRpnMsg *rpn)            RPN message address
```

#### Calling conditions

- Can be called from an interrupt handler
- Can be called from a thread
- Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

#### Description

This is an API for inputting a MIDI RPN message that bypasses the IOP.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

#### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceSSyn\_SendShortMsg**

Input MIDI message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

**Syntax****int** sceSSyn\_SendShortMsg(**sceCslCtx** \**module\_context*,

Module Context address

**unsigned int** *port\_number*,

Input port number

**unsigned int** *message*)

MIDI message

bit 0-7: status

8-15: 1st data

16-23: 2nd data

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

This is an API for inputting a MIDI message that bypasses the IOP.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

## SceSSyn\_SetChPriority

Set CH priority

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_SetChPriority(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Input port number
    unsigned int ch,                MIDI channel
    unsigned char priority)         Priority
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

The minimum priority is 0 and the maximum priority is 255.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

## sceSSyn\_SetMasterVolume

Set master volume

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_Load(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,    Module Context address
    unsigned int volume)          Master volume value
                                SSYN_VOLUME_0DB: 0db
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Sets the master volume.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0



## sceSSyn\_SetOutPortVolume

PCM Stream volume

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceSSyn_SetOutPortVolume(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       PCM Stream number
    unsigned int vol)               Volume SSYN_VOLUME_0DB: 0db
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Sets the volume of the PCM Stream having the specified number.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceSSyn\_SetOutputAssign**

Assign channel output

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceSSyn_SetOutputAssign(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Input port number
    sceSSynChOutAttrib *attrib)     Assigned information address
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Assigns channel output (4 channels) to a PCM Stream.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

## sceSSyn\_SetOutputMode

Switch output mode (monaural/stereo)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.4	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

**int sceSSyn\_SetOutputMode(**

**int *output\_mode***)

Output mode:

sceSSynOutputMode\_Mono: Disables the panpot

sceSSynOutputMode\_Stereo: Enables the panpot

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Sets the output mode (enables/disables the panpot).

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceSSyn\_SetPortMaxPoly**

Limit number of voices for individual input port

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceSSyn_SetPortMaxPoly(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,      Module Context address
    unsigned int port_number,       Input port number
    unsigned char max_polyphony)    Maximum number of simultaneous voices
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

Sets the upper limit of the number of voices that are generated simultaneously for each input port.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

## sceSSyn\_SetPortVolume

Set input port volume

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

**int** sceSSyn\_SetPortVolume(

**sceCslCtx** \**module\_context*,                      Module Context address

**unsigned int** *port\_number*,                      Input port number

**unsigned int** *vol*)                                  Volume SSYN\_VOLUME\_0DB: 0db

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

### Description

Sets the master volume of the sound source having the specified input port.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

**sceSSyn\_SetTvaEnvMode**

Set TVA envelope (release) operating mode

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	2.0	January 4, 2002

**Syntax****int sceSSyn\_SetTvaEnvMode(****int env\_mode)**

TVA envelope (release) operating mode

sceSSynTvaEnvMode\_Fixed

Always set TVA release time to the time set in the parameter

sceSSynTvaEnvMode\_ChangeByLevel

Change time set in the parameter according to current level (if current value is small, time is short, and time is long for large values)

(default value, to maintain compatibility)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the TVA envelope (release) operating mode.

This function can be called in a multithreaded environment in an interrupt-enabled state if it does not conflict with other sceSSyn function calls.

**Return value**

When processing is successful: 0

## Callback Functions

---

### exc\_callback

MIDI exclusive message filter callback

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### Syntax

```

unsigned int exc_callback(
    unsigned int exc_callback_private_data,    sceSSynEnv exc_callback_private_data
    unsigned char *data1,                      Exclusive data address
    unsigned int length1,                      data1 data size
    unsigned char *data2,                      Exclusive data address
    unsigned int length2)                      data2 data size

```

#### Description

Used for a MIDI exclusive message filter.

Since the ring buffer is directly referenced, two addresses are held as arguments.

When the data goes beyond the endpoint of the ring buffer and continues at the beginning of the buffer, valid values are entered for *data2* and *length2*.

If the data exists in a contiguous area, *data2* == NULL and *length2* == 0 are guaranteed.

The data starting position is the data byte following the exclusive status (0xF0).

This callback can be used only if EXEC\_CALLBACK was defined when the library was built.

#### Return value

If 0 is returned, no message was transmitted.

**msg\_callback**

MIDI message filter callback

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libssyn	1.1	December 23, 1999

**Syntax**

```

unsigned int msg_callback(
    unsigned int msg_callback_private_data,    sceSSynEnv msg_callback_private_data
    unsigned int message)                    MIDI message
                                           bit 0-7: status
                                           8-15: 1st data
                                           16-23: 2nd data

```

**Description**

Used for a MIDI message filter.

This callback can be used only if EXEC\_CALLBACK was defined when the library was built.

**Return value**

MIDI message that is transmitted to the Synthesizer.

If 0 is returned, no message was transmitted.



**Chapter 4: CSL Line-out for EE**  
**Table of Contents**

<b>Structures</b>	<b>4-3</b>
sceLoutConf	4-3
<b>Functions</b>	<b>4-4</b>
sceLout_ATick	4-4
sceLout_Init	4-5



## Structures

### sceLoutConf

Environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
liblout	1.5	January 4, 2002

#### Structure

**typedef struct {**

**unsigned char** *attrib*;

Attribute: specify sceLoutDmaPreWait

sceLoutDmaPreWait: Once DMA transfer is begun, do not wait for the transfer to finish.

When starting the next DMA transfer, check to see if finished and, if not, wait for completion.

**unsigned char**

*lineAssign[sceLoutMaxLine]*;

Assign input buffer for SPU2 output. Set up the input buffer number corresponding to each channel, as below.

If not used, use sceLoutNoOutPut

lineAssign[0] CH 0 L

lineAssign[1] CH 0 R

lineAssign[2] CH 1 L

lineAssign[3] CH 1 R

**unsigned int** *iopBufSize*;

Size of the buffer on the IOP that will be used for transferring data for the SPU2.

The buffer size must be at least 4 X (size of the input PCM buffer) and must be an integral multiple of sceLoutInputUnit. 4X is required because 2X is needed to perform L/R output for each channel and another 2X is needed because it is a double buffer).

**void \*** *iopBuf[2]*;

Buffer address on the IOP for transferring data to the SPU2.

iopBuf[0]: for CH 0

iopBuf[1]: for CH 1

No output is sent to a channel for which a buffer is NULL. The buffer size must be iopBufSize.

**unsigned int** *nDmaBuf*;

Number of buffer dma arrays for DMA Operation. Since multiple DMA transfers are started during an sceLout\_ATick(), specify a maximum number of requests that can be queued in a single sceSifSetDma(). The value must be at least 1.

If sceLoutDmaPreWait is not set, 1 is adequate.

If sceLoutDmaPreWait is set, a larger value will reduce the wait time.

Refer to SIF DMA for information on maximum value.

**sceSifDmaData** *dma[0]*;

DMA Operation buffer. Must be an array with nDmaBuf elements.

**} sceLoutConf;**

#### Description

Initializes liblout.

## Functions

---

### sceLout\_ATick

Interrupt handling

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
liblout	1.2	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax

```
int sceLout_ATick(  
    sceCslCtx *module_context)           Address of Module Context
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

If space is available in an IOP buffer, PCM Stream Data is DMA transferred to the IOP buffer.

#### Return value

When processing is successful: 0

## sceLout\_Init

Initialize

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
liblout	1.2	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceLout_Init(
    sceCslCtx *module_context,    Address of Module Context
    unsigned int interval)        Indicates how often ATick() will be called (in
                                microseconds)
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

Initializes internal variables, starts librsd Auto DMA transfer.

### Return value

When processing is successful: 0



**Chapter 5: Low-Level Sound Library**  
**Table of Contents**

<b>Functions</b>	<b>5-3</b>
sceSdCallBack	5-3
sceSdRemote	5-4
sceSdRemoteCallbackInit	5-6
sceSdRemoteInit	5-7
sceSdTransToIOP	5-8





## Functions

---

### sceSdCallBack

Set end callback for non-blocking execution

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsdr	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax

**sceSifEndFunc** **sceSdCallBack**(

**sceSifEndFunc** *end\_func*)                      Address of end callback function

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-disabled state)

#### Description

Sets the callback function when `sceSdRemote()` is executed in non-blocking mode. The callback function will be executed in interrupt mode. No callback function is executed when `sceSdRemote()` is executed in blocking mode or when `NULL` is specified for `end_func`. The initial value is `NULL`.

Non-blocking processing is performed to improve EE efficiency. However, applying an end callback to the EE causes a context switch, and this is also linked to a decrease in processing efficiency. The most efficient technique is to perform non-blocking processing and to confirm the end of IOP-side processing by using polling, not a callback. The `SD_WRITE_EE` and `SD_RETURN_EE` batch commands can be used for this (see `libsdr`). Since these only perform a SIF DMA transfer from the IOP side, no interrupt will be generated on the EE side.

#### Notes

Since the end func callback function is executed as an interrupt handlers, special care is required when programming. Refer to the "Interrupt Handler Descriptions" section of `\overview\eekernel` for details.

#### Return value

Address of end callback function that had just been set.

## sceSdRemote

Remotely execute libsd command

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsdr	1.1	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

**int sceSdRemote(**

**int is\_block,** Indicates whether or not to block the EE until IOP-side processing ends.  
 1: Block  
 0: Do not block.

**int command,** Command

**int arg,** Arguments for the command. Variable length.

**...)**

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

The libsd.irx API on the IOP is remotely executed from the EE according to the command. The command is specified using the libsd function name with the "sce" part of the name replaced by "r". For details, refer to `iop/include/sdrcmd.h`.

Since the arguments are of variable length, the number required for the particular command (function) should be specified.

Example: `sceSdRemote( 1, rSdSetParam, SD_CORE_0ISD_P_MVOLL , 0x3fff );`

The return value of `sceSdRemote` will be the return value of the specified command. However, if non-blocking is specified, the return value will always be 0. Since the argument and return value type are always `int`, the values should be appropriately cast.

When non-blocking is specified, control returns from the function without waiting for IOP-side processing to end. Use `sceSdCallBack()` to set the end callback function to find out when IOP-side processing has completed. If the next command is sent before IOP processing ends, an invalid operation may occur.

If the specified command is either `rSdProcBatch` or `rSdProcBatchEx`, the argument addresses will be treated as IOP-side addresses. The transfer of command arrays or return value arrays to (or from) the IOP should be performed independently. The `SD_RETURN_EE` batch command can be used to transfer the return value array (see `libsd`).

Since transfers are performed internally by `libsdr` for `rSdSetEffectAttr` and `rSdGetEffectAttr`, EE addresses can be specified directly for parameter structure pointers. Refer to the "Memory alignment in transferred data" section of the `libsdr` Library Overview.

A command that specifies a callback, `rSdSetTransCallback`, `rSdSetIRQCallback`, `rSdSetTransIntrHandler` and `rSdSetSpu2IntrHandler` or a function on the EE, can be specified as a callback, and that function will be called as a thread. However, `sceSdRemoteCallbackInit()` should be called first. The pointer of the data passed to `rSdSetTransIntrHandler` and `rSdSetSpu2IntrHandler` is also the EE address.

If the command is `rSdChangeThreadPriority`, take two arguments and specify the priority value of the `sdrdrv` main thread and callback thread running on the IOP in order.

There are two thread priorities in `sdrdrv.irx`--the first is the priority used for the main thread, and the second is the priority used for the callback thread. The thread priority values are both 24 by default.

The priority value of the callback thread must be greater than or equal to the priority value of the main thread (the callback thread must have a lower priority than the main thread).

When changing the priority of an IOP thread, care must be taken with regard to priorities of other modules.

It is not recommended that the priority of IOP threads be changed casually.

### **Return value**

Return value appropriate for the command.

However, when 0 is specified for *is\_block*, the return value is always 0.

**sceSdRemoteCallbackInit**

Initialize the libsd callback environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsdr	1.1	March 26, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSdRemoteCallbackInit(****int *priority*)**

Priority of EE thread that is started up for callback.

This must be set higher than the main thread.

**Description**

When an interrupt callback is specified by an sceSdRemote command (rSdSetTransCallback or rSdSetIRQCallback), this function should be called only once in advance.

Since an IOP-side callback function will be received on the EE, one thread will be created internally. Therefore, the callback operates in thread mode, not interrupt mode.

If another callback is called while a callback is executing, the second callback enters a queue and waits until the first callback ends.

Since the thread ID is returned, post-processing such as DeleteThread should be performed when a thread is no longer necessary.

Since a callback that is specified by sceSdCallBack(), which is related to the non-blocking execution of sceSdRemote(), is different than the command callback mentioned here, no initialization is required for this API.

**Return value**

ID of the EE thread that is started up for callback.

If an error occurs, a negative number is returned.

## sceSdRemotelnit

Initialize libsd remote environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsdr	1.1	March 26, 2001

### Syntax

**int sceSdRemotelnit(void)**

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

Initializes the libsd remote environment.

### Return value

Normal termination: 0. If an error occurred: -1.

## sceSdTransToIOP

Transfers buffer on the EE to IOP memory

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsdr	1.5	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

**int** sceSdTransToIOP(

<b>void</b> *buff,	Location of transfer source in EE memory
<b>u_int</b> sendAddr,	Location of transfer destination in IOP memory
<b>u_int</b> size,	Size
<b>u_int</b> isBlock)	Determines whether or not to block the EE until IOP processing is complete. Blocks if 1 and does not block if 0.

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

Transfers data in EE memory to IOP memory.

When non-blocking is specified, control returns from the function without waiting for IOP-side processing to end. Use sceSdCallBack() to set the end callback function to find out when IOP-side processing has completed.

If the next command is sent before IOP processing ends, an invalid operation may occur.

Non-blocking is currently not supported. Note that when non-blocking is specified, a -1 return value is returned and no processing is performed.

### Return Value

0 if termination is normal. -1 in case of an error.

## Chapter 6: Standard Kit Library/Sound System

### Table of Contents

<b>Functions</b>	<b>6-3</b>
sceSkInit	6-3
sceSkSsAllNoteOff	6-4
sceSkSsAllSoundOff	6-5
sceSkSsBind(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)	6-6
sceSkSsBindHDBD	6-8
sceSkSsBindTrack(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)	6-9
sceSkSsBindTrackHDBD	6-10
sceSkSsInit	6-11
sceSkSsPause(MIDI/SONG)	6-12
sceSkSsPlay(MIDI/SONG)	6-13
sceSkSsPlaySEQ	6-14
sceSkSsSend	6-15
sceSkSsSetDigitalOut	6-16
sceSkSsSetEffect	6-17
sceSkSsSetEffectMode	6-18
sceSkSsSetEffectVolume	6-19
sceSkSsSetMasterVolume	6-20
sceSkSsSetPlayAbsoluteTempo(MIDI/SONG)	6-21
sceSkSsSetPlayRelativeTempo(MIDI/SONG)	6-22
sceSkSsSetPlayTempo(MIDI/SONG)	6-23
sceSkSsSetPlayVolume(MIDI/SONG)	6-24
sceSkSsStatus(MIDI/SONG)	6-25
sceSkSsStop(MIDI/SONG)	6-26
sceSkSsStopSEQ	6-27
sceSkSsUnbind(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)	6-28
sceSkSsUnbindHDBD	6-29
sceSkSsUnbindTrack(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)	6-30
sceSkSsUnbindTrackHDBD	6-31
sceSkSsVoiceNoteOff	6-32
sceSkSsVoiceNoteOn	6-33
sceSkSsVoiceSetExpression	6-34
sceSkSsVoiceSetPanpot	6-35
sceSkSsVoiceSetPitchBend	6-36





## Functions

---

### sceSkInit

Initialize libsk environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax

```
int sceSkInit (
    unsigned int option)           Initialization option (currently unused)
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function initializes the libsk environment. In the current implementation, it returns 0 without performing any processing.

#### Return value

Always 0

**sceSkSsAllNoteOff**

Stop all sound generation for track

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsAllNoteOff (  
    unsigned int track_id)                Track id
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function stops all voices that are generating sound for the track specified by *track\_id*.

**Return value**

0            Normal termination  
< 0        Error

**sceSkSsAllSoundOff**

Forcibly stops all sound generation for track

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsAllSoundOff (
    unsigned int track_id)           Track id
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function forcibly stops all voices that are generating sound for the track specified by *track\_id*. When this processing is performed, the release rates (RR) of all sound generation envelopes are set to the minimum.

**Return value**

0            Normal termination  
 < 0        Error

**sceSkSsBind(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SESQ)**

Register SQ data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsBindSQ (***type*,

Type of chunk to be registered in SQ data

MIDI ... MIDI chunk

SONG ... SONG chunk

SESQ ... SE sequence chunk

**unsigned int *id*,**

SQ id

**unsigned int *sq\_addr*,**Starting address of area in IOP memory where  
SQ data is located**unsigned int *sq\_size*)**

Size of SQ data

**int sceSkSsBindMIDI (****unsigned int *id*,**

SQ id

**unsigned int *sq\_addr*,**Starting address of area in IOP memory where  
SQ data is located**unsigned int *sq\_size*)**

Size of SQ data

**int sceSkSsBindSONG (****unsigned int *id*,**

SQ id

**unsigned int *sq\_addr*,**Starting address of area in IOP memory where  
SQ data is located**unsigned int *sq\_size*)**

Size of SQ data

**int sceSkSsBindSESQ (****unsigned int *id*,**

SQ id

**unsigned int *sq\_addr*,**Starting address of area in IOP memory where  
SQ data is located**unsigned int *sq\_size*)**

Size of SQ data

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function registers SQ data and obtains its SQ id. *type* indicates the chunk type to be used in the SQ data. During compilation, `sceSkSsBindSQ()` is replaced by either `sceSkSsBindMIDI()`, `sceSkSsBindSONG()`, or `sceSkSsBindSESQ()` according to the specified type. However, these functions can also be called directly.

When *id* is set to `SCESK_AUTOASSIGNMENT`, a free SQ id will be found and automatically assigned. The SQ id can also be assigned by directly specifying a numeric value for *id*. In that case, *id* must be in the following range.

- When *type* = MIDI or SONG:  
0 <= *id* < (maxentry value of skmidi module)

- When *type* = SESQ:  
     $0 \leq id < (\text{maxentry value of sksesq module})$

If the specified *id* is not in the range shown above, SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED is returned and processing will be abnormally terminated.

*sq\_addr* should be set to the starting address of the area in IOP memory where the SQ data is located.  
*sq\_size* should be set to the size of the SQ data.

**Return value**

$\geq 0$	Valid SQ id
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified SQ id is out of range

**sceSkSsBindHDBD**

Register HD/BD data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsBindHDBD (**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>id</i> ,	HD/BD id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>hd_addr</i> ,	Starting address of area in IOP memory where HD data is located
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>hd_size</i> ,	HD data size
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bd_addr</i> ,	Starting address of area in SPU2 local memory where BD data is located
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bd_size</i> )	BD data size

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function registers HD/BD data and obtains its HD/BD *id*. When *id* is set to SCESK\_AUTOASSIGNMENT, a free HD/BD id will be found and automatically assigned. The HD/BD id can also be assigned by directly specifying a numeric value for *id*. In that case, *id* must be in the following range.

$$0 \leq id < (\text{maxtrack value of sksound module})$$

If the specified *id* is not in the range shown above, SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED is returned and processing will be abnormally terminated.

*hd\_addr* should be set to the starting address of the area in IOP memory where the HD data is located. *hd\_size* should be set to the size of the HD data. BD data must be transferred to SPU2 local memory in advance. *bd\_addr* should be set to the starting address of the area in IOP memory where the BD data is located. *bd\_size* should be set to the size of the BD data.

**Return value**

$\geq 0$  Valid HD/BD id

SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED Specified HD/BD id is out of range

**sceSkSsBindTrack(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)**

Register SQ id for track

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsBindTrackSQ (***type*,

Type of SQ data chunk that was specified when id was registered

MIDI ... MIDI chunk

SONG ... SONG chunk

SEQ ... SE sequence chunk

**unsigned int track\_id**,

Track id

**unsigned int sq\_id**)

SQ id

**int sceSkSsBindTrackMIDI (****unsigned int track\_id**,

Track id

**unsigned int sq\_id**)

SQ id

**int sceSkSsBindTrackSONG (****unsigned int track\_id**,

Track id

**unsigned int sq\_id**)

SQ id

**int sceSkSsBindTrackSEQ (****unsigned int track\_id**,

Track id

**unsigned int sq\_id**)

SQ id

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function registers an SQ id in a track and obtains its track id. *type* indicates the chunk type that was specified when *sq\_id* was registered. During compilation, `sceSkSsBindTrackSQ()` is replaced by either `sceSkSsBindTrackMIDI()`, `sceSkSsBindTrackSONG()`, or `sceSkSsBindTrackSEQ()` according to the specified type. However, these functions can also be called directly.

When *track\_id* is set to `SCESK_AUTOASSIGNMENT`, a free track id will be found and automatically assigned. The track id can also be assigned by directly specifying a numeric value for *track\_id*. In that case, *track\_id* must be in the following range.

$$0 \leq \text{track\_id} < (\text{maxtrack value of sksound module})$$

If the specified *track\_id* is not in the range shown above, `SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED` is returned and processing will be abnormally terminated. *sq\_id* should be set to an SQ id that was previously registered. If the specified *sq\_id* has not been registered for the specified type, `SCESK_ENOT_BOUND` is returned and processing will be abnormally terminated.

**Return value** $\geq 0$ 

Valid track id

`SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED` Specified track id is out of range`SCESK_ENOT_BOUND` Specified SQ id is not registered

**sceSkSsBindTrackHDBD**

Register HD/BD id for track

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsBindTrackHDBD (**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>hdbd_id</i> ,	HD/BD id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bank_no</i> )	Bank number (0 to 15)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function registers an HD/BD id in a track and obtains its track id. When *track\_id* is set to SCESK\_AUTOASSIGNMENT, a free track id will be found and automatically assigned. The track id can also be assigned by directly specifying a numeric value for *track\_id*. In that case, *track\_id* must be in the following range.

$$0 \leq \text{track\_id} < (\text{maxtrack value of sksound module})$$

If the specified *track\_id* is not in the range shown above, SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED is returned and processing will be abnormally terminated. *hdbd\_id* should be set to an HD/BD id that was previously registered. If the specified *hdbd\_id* has not been registered, SCESK\_ENOT\_BOUND is returned and processing is abnormally terminated.

*bank\_no* is set to the bank number where the HD/BD data specified by the HD/BD id, is registered. This HD/BD data can be used by specifying this bank number for the bank select MSB in score data (MIDI message).

The same *track\_id* can be specified and the *hdbd\_id* of the individual HD/BD data to be used for the required *bank\_number* can also be specified.

```
/* Automatically assigning the track id and specifying bank 0 */
```

```
track = sceSkSsBindTrackHDBD (SCESK_AUTOASSIGNMENT, hdbd_id_0, 0);
```

```
/* Specifying Æ hdbd_id_1 for bank 1 of this track */
```

```
return_val = sceSkSsBindTrackHDBD (track, hdbd_id_1, 1);
```

**Return value**

$\geq 0$	Valid track id
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified HD/BD id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Specified bank number is out of range



**sceSkSsInit**

Initialize standard kit/sound system

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	January 4, 2002

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsInit (
    unsigned int cb_priority                libsd callback thread priority
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function initializes the standard kit/sound system. It also initializes the internal libsd remote environment (libsd). When `sceSdRemoteInit()` is called, *cb\_priority* is passed directly as an argument of `sceSdRemoteCallbackInit()` and a callback thread is created. As a result, the user program need not call these functions.

**Return value**

`>= 0`     ID of EE thread that was activated for libsd callback  
`< 0`       Error

**sceSkSsPause(MIDI/SONG)**

Pause track performance (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsPauseMIDI (
    unsigned int track_id                Track id
int sceSkSsPauseSONG (
    unsigned int track_id                Track id
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function pauses the performance of the data specified by the track id. To cancel the pause state, use the sceSkSsPlay(MIDI/SONG) function.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id has not been registered by specified data
SCESK_EINVALID_STATUS	Specified track is not being performed

**sceSkSsPlay(MIDI/SONG)**

Play track (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```

int sceSkSsPlayMIDI (
    unsigned int track_id,           Track id
    unsigned int no)                 MIDI block/SONG table number to be performed
int sceSkSsPlaySONG (
    unsigned int track_id,           Track id
    unsigned int no)                 MIDI block/SONG table number to be performed

```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function plays the data specified by the track id. The MIDI block number (MIDI data specification) or SONG block number (SONG data specification) to be performed within the data is specified in *no*.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id has not been registered by specified data Specified performance block/table number is out of range
SCESK_EINVALID_STATUS	Specified track is being performed

# sceSkSsPlaySEQ

Play track (specified track of SE sequence data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

## Syntax

```
int sceSkSsPlaySESQ (
```

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>set_no</i> ,	SE sequence set number to be played
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>seq_no</i> )	SE sequence number within SE sequence set to be played

## Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function plays the data specified by the track id.

The SE sequence set number and SE sequence number to be performed within the data is specified in *set\_no* and *seq\_no*, respectively.

With the current implementation, the SE sequence ID is automatically released (unselected) after the SE sequence performance ends.

More than one performance start can be specified for a given track. At most 32 SE sequences can be performed within one track. If 32 sequences have already been performed, SCESK\_ENOT\_START is returned and processing will be abnormally terminated.

### Return value

>= 0	SE sequence ID
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id is not registered by specified data or specified SE sequence set number/SE sequence number is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_START	SE sequence had already performed 32 sequences and an additional performance could not be done

## sceSkSsSend

Transfer data between IOP memory and SPU2 local memory

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceSkSsSend (
    unsigned int mode,           Transfer direction
                                Currently only SCESK_SEND_IOP2SPU can be specified
    unsigned int dma_ch,        SPU2 DMA channel to be used for the transfer
    unsigned int iop_addr,      Starting address of area in IOP memory
    unsigned int spu2_addr,     Starting address of area in SPU2 local memory
    unsigned int size)          Transfer size
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function transfers data between IOP memory and SPU2 local memory. Currently, only *mode* = SCESK\_SEND\_IOP2SPU is supported (IOP memory => SPU2 local memory transfer).

The starting address of the IOP memory area for the transfer is specified in *iop\_addr*, and the starting address of the SPU2 local memory area for the transfer is specified in *spu2\_addr*. *size* is set to the amount of data to be transferred.

The data is DMA transferred between IOP memory and SPU2 local memory. The SPU2 DMA channel to be used is specified in *dma\_ch*.

### Return value

>= 0      Actual transfer size

< 0        Transfer error

**sceSkSsSetDigitalOut**

Set optical digital output

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsSetDigitalOut (**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>mode</i> )	Optical digital output mode	
	SCESK_DOUT_CD_NORMAL	CD media with no copy guard
	SCESK_DOUT_CD_COPY_PROHIBIT	CD media with copy guard
	SCESK_DOUT_DVD_NORMAL	DVD media with no copy guard
	SCESK_DOUT_DVD_COPY_PROHIBIT	DVD media with copy guard

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the mode for optical digital output, which is one of the sound outputs.

**Return value**

Always 0

**sceSkSsSetEffect**

Enable/disable effect processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsSetEffect (****unsigned int *on\_off*)**

Effect processing

SCESK\_EFFECT\_ON      Enable

SCESK\_EFFECT\_OFF     Disable

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets whether to enable or disable effect processing for sound output.

**Return value**

Always 0

## sceSkSsSetEffectMode

## Set effect mode

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

## Syntax

**int sceSkSsSetEffectMode (**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>mode</i> ,	Effect mode
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>delay</i> ,	Effect/display parameter (0 to 127)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>feedback</i> )	Effect/feedback parameter (0 to 127)

## Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the effect mode and parameters.

### Table 6-1 <mode>

Specification	Value	Mode
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	OFF	off
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	ROOM	Room
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	STUDIO_A	Studio (small)
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	STUDIO_B	Studio (medium)
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	STUDIO_C	Studio (large)
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	HALL	Hall
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	SPACE	Space echo
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	ECHO	Echo
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	DELAY	Delay
SCESK_EFFECT_MODE	PIPE	Pipe echo

If `SCESK_EFFECT_MODE_CLEAR_WA` is ORed in with the *mode* specification, the effect work area will be cleared when the mode is set. DMA channel 0 is used for clearing the effect work area. Internally, processing is synchronized with the end of the DMA transfer that clears the effect work area, so the user program need not be concerned with DMA transfer termination processing.

*<delay>*

This argument is valid only when *mode* is ECHO or DELAY. If any other mode is specified, *delay* should be set to 0. Delay time should be set in the range 0 to 127.

<feedback>

This argument is valid only when *mode* is ECHO or DELAY. If any other mode is specified, feedback should be set to 0. *feedback* should be set in the range 0 to 127.

### Return value

Always 0





**sceSkSsSetMasterVolume**

Set master volume

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsSetMasterVolume (****unsigned int** *l*, Master volume/L channel (0 to 127)**unsigned int** *r*) Master volume/R channel (0 to 127)**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the values of the master volume for sound output.

**Return value**

Always 0

**sceSkSsSetPlayAbsoluteTempo(MIDI/SONG)**

Set absolute tempo for track play (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsSetPlayAbsoluteTempoMIDI (
    unsigned int track_id,           Track id
    unsigned int tempo)              Tempo (20 to 255)
int sceSkSsSetPlayAbsoluteTempoSONG (
    unsigned int track_id,           Track id
    unsigned int tempo)              Tempo (20 to 255)
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the tempo to be used when the data specified by the track id is played. *tempo* is set to the number of quarter notes per minute to be played.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id is not registered by specified data or specified value is out of range

## sceSkSsSetPlayRelativeTempo(MIDI/SONG)

Set relative tempo for track play (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

## Syntax

```
int sceSkSsSetPlayRelativeTempoMIDI (
```

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>tempo</i> )	Tempo (relative value where 0x100 means 100%)

```
int sceSkSsSetPlayRelativeTempoSONG (
```

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>tempo</i> )	Tempo (relative value where 0x100 means 100%)

## Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the tempo to be used when the data specified by the track id is played. *tempo* specifies the relative value from the current tempo, where 0x100 means 100%.

### Return value

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id is not registered by specified data or specified value is out of range

**sceSkSsSetPlayTempo(MIDI/SONG)**

Set tempo for track play (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsSetPlayTempoMIDI (***type,*

Type of tempo to be specified

ABSOLUTE ... Absolute tempo specification

RELATIVE ... Relative tempo specification

**unsigned int track\_id,**

Track id

**unsigned int tempo)**

Tempo (Absolute: 20 to 255;

Relative: Relative value, where 0x100 is set for 100%)

**int sceSkSsSetPlayTempoSONG (***type,*

Type of tempo to be specified

ABSOLUTE ... Absolute tempo specification

RELATIVE ... Relative tempo specification

**unsigned int track\_id,**

Track id

**unsigned int tempo)**

Tempo (Absolute: 20 to 255;

Relative: Relative value, where 0x100 is set for 100%)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the tempo to be used when the data specified by the track id is played. During compilation, sceSkSsSetPlayTempoMIDI() is replaced by either sceSkSsSetPlayAbsoluteTempoMIDI() or sceSkSsSetPlayRelativeTempoMIDI() and sceSkSsSetPlayTempoSONG() is replaced by either sceSkSsSetPlayAbsoluteTempoSONG() or sceSkSsSetPlayRelativeTempoSONG() according to the specified type. However, these functions can also be called directly.

Relative tempo specifies the relative value from the current tempo, where 0x100 means 100%. Absolute tempo specifies the number of quarter notes per minute to be played.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id is not registered by specified data or specified value is out of range

**sceSkSsSetPlayVolume(MIDI/SONG)**

Specify play volume of track (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsSetPlayVolumeMIDI (**

**unsigned int** *track\_id*,                      Track id  
**unsigned int** *volume*)                      Volume (0 to 127)

**int sceSkSsSetPlayVolumeSONG (**

**unsigned int** *track\_id*,                      Track id  
**unsigned int** *volume*)                      Volume (0 to 127)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the volume to be used when the data specified by the track id is played.

**Return value**

0                                      Normal termination  
SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED      Specified track id is out of range  
SCESK\_ENOT\_BOUND              Specified SQ id is not registered  
SCESK\_EINVALID\_ARGUMENT      Track id is not registered by specified data

**sceSkSsStatus(MIDI/SONG)**

Get performance state (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsStatusMIDI (**

**unsigned int** *track\_id*,                      Track id

**unsigned int** *command*)                      State acquisition command

   SCESK\_ISPLAYING ... Is that track being performed?

   SCESK\_ISDATAEND ... Has that track reached end of performance?

   SCESK\_POSITION ... Current position of that track's performance

   (units: ticks)

**int sceSkSsStatusSONG (**

**unsigned int** *track\_id*,                      Track id

**unsigned int** *command*)                      State acquisition command

   SCESK\_ISPLAYING ... Is that track being performed?

   SCESK\_ISDATAEND ... Has that track reached end of performance?

   SCESK\_POSITION ... Current position of that track's performance

   (units: ticks)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function gets the state of the performance for the data that is being performed by the track specified by the track id.

**Return value**

**command** = SCESK\_ISPLAYING:

    > 0      Performance is in progress

    0      Performance is stopped

**command** = SCESK\_ISDATAEND:

    > 0      Reached end

    0      Has not reached end

**command** = SCESK\_POSITION:

    >= 0     Performance position (units: ticks)

**sceSkSsStop(MIDI/SONG)**

Stop track performance (specified track of MIDI/SONG data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsStopMIDI (
    unsigned int track_id)          Track id
int sceSkSsStopSONG (
    unsigned int track_id)          Track id
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function stops the performance of the data specified by the track id and moves the performance position to the beginning of the tune.

If a stop operation is performed for a track that is already paused, only the processing for moving the performance target to the beginning of the tune is performed.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id is not registered by specified data



**sceSkSsStopSESQ**

Stop track performance (specified track of SE sequence data)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

**int** sceSkSsStopSESQ (

**unsigned int** *track\_id*,                      Track id  
**unsigned int** *sesq\_id*)                      SE sequence ID that was returned when performance started

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function stops the performance of the data specified by the track id.

In the current implementation, the sequence ID is automatically released (unselected) after the performance of the SE sequence has ended, so it is possible that the SE sequence ID may already be released when sceSkSsStopSESQ() attempts to stop the performance. In that case, SCESK\_ENOT\_STOP is returned.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified SQ id is not registered
SCESK_EINVALID_ARGUMENT	Track id is not registered by specified data
SCESK_ENOT_STOP	Termination processing could not be performed for specified SE sequence ID

**sceSkSsUnbind(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)**

Cancel SQ data registration

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```

int sceSkSsUnbindSQ (
    type,                                SQ data chunk type specified when id was registered
                                        MIDI ... MIDI chunk
                                        SONG ... SONG chunk
                                        SEQ ... SE sequence chunk

    unsigned int id)                    SQ id
int sceSkSsUnbindMIDI (
    unsigned int id)                    SQ id
int sceSkSsUnbindSONG (
    unsigned int id)                    SQ id
int sceSkSsUnbindSEQ (
    unsigned int id)                    SQ id

```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function cancels the registration of an SQ id that was previously registered.

The SQ data chunk type that was specified when the SQ id was registered, is specified for *type*. During compilation, `sceSkSsUnbindSQ()` is replaced by either `sceSkSsUnbindMIDI()`, `sceSkSsUnbindSONG()`, or `sceSkSsUnbindSEQ()` according to the specified type. However, these functions can also be called directly.

Cancelling a registration only changes the state in the standard kit/sound system and does not affect the IOP memory area that was specified during registration. If this area is no longer needed, it should be freed after this function is called.

**Return value**

0                                      Normal termination

SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED    Specified SQ id is out of range

**sceSkSsUnbindHDBD**

Cancel HD/BD data registration

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsUnbindHDBD (
    unsigned int id)           HD/BD id
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function cancels the registration of an HD/BD id that was previously registered.

Cancelling a registration only changes the state in the standard kit/sound system and does not affect either the IOP memory area or SPU2 local memory area that was specified during registration. If these areas are no longer needed, they should be freed after this function is called.

**Return value**

0                                      Normal termination

SCESK\_EINDEX\_EXCEEDED    Specified HD/BD id is out of range

**sceSkSsUnbindTrack(SQ/MIDI/SONG/SEQ)**

Cancel track registration

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsUnbindTrackSQ (***type,*

SQ data chunk type specified when *id* was registered  
 MIDI ... MIDI chunk  
 SONG ... SONG chunk  
 SEQ ... SE sequence chunk

**int sceSkSsUnbindTrackMIDI (****unsigned int *track\_id*)**

Track id

**int sceSkSsUnbindTrackSONG (****unsigned int *track\_id*)**

Track id

**int sceSkSsUnbindTrackSEQ (****unsigned int *track\_id*)**

Track id

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function cancels the registration of a track id that was previously registered.

During compilation, `sceSkSsUnbindTrackSQ()` is replaced by either `sceSkSsUnbindTrackMIDI()`, `sceSkSsUnbindTrackSONG()`, or `sceSkSsUnbindTrackSEQ()` according to the specified type. However, these functions can also be called directly.

Cancelling a registration only changes the state in the standard kit/sound system and does not affect the SQ data with an SQ id that was registered with the specified track id. If this SQ data is no longer needed, its registration should be individually cancelled after this function is called.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified track id is not registered

**sceSkSsUnbindTrackHDBD**

Cancel track registration

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsUnbindTrackHDBD (
    unsigned int track_id)           Track id
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function cancels the registration of a track id that was previously registered.

Cancelling a registration only changes the state in the standard kit/sound system and does not affect the HD/BD data with an HD/BD id that was registered with the specified track id. If this HD/BD data is no longer needed, its registration should be individually cancelled after this function is called.

**Return value**

0	Normal termination
SCESK_EINDEX_EXCEEDED	Specified track id is out of range
SCESK_ENOT_BOUND	Specified track id is not registered

**sceSkSsVoiceNoteOff**

Mute one-shot sound generation

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****int sceSkSsVoiceNoteOff (**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>v_id</i> ,	Voice id (0 to 126)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>bank_no</i> ,	Bank number
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>program_no</i> ,	Program number (HD attribute)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>midi_ch</i> ,	MIDI ch
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note</i> )	Note number (0 to 127)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function mutes the voice for which one-shot sound generation was performed for the track specified by the track id. An extended MIDI message is generated internally. *v\_id* should be set to the voice ID that was specified when the sound was generated. *bank\_no* should be set to the bank number that was specified when the sound was generated. *program\_no* should be set to the program number that was specified when the sound was generated. *midi\_ch* should be set to the *midi\_ch* that was specified when the sound was generated. *note* should be set to the pitch to be muted.

**Return value**

Always 0

**sceSkSsVoiceNoteOn**

Generate one-shot sound

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceSkSsVoiceNoteOn (
    unsigned int track_id,           Track id
    unsigned int v_id,               Voice id (0 to 126)
    unsigned int bank_no,           Bank number
    unsigned int program_no,        Program number (HD attribute)
    unsigned int midi_ch,           MIDI ch
    unsigned int note,              Note number (0 to 127)
    unsigned int velocity,          Generated sound volume (0 to 127)
    unsigned int panpot,            Panpot (0/L to 64/CENTER to 127/R)
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function generates a single sound using the HD/BD data with a track specified by the track id.

An extended MIDI message is generated internally.

The voice ID for distinguishing the generated sound is specified for *v\_id*. The bank number that was specified with `sceSkSsBindTrackHDBD()` for the track corresponding to *track\_id* is specified for *bank\_no*. The program number that is included in the HD attribute is specified for *program\_no*. *midi\_ch* is used to distinguish the tone. Sixteen tones can be distinguished with a *program\_no* specification for each track (equivalent to one tone per MIDI channel, for a total of 16 tones that can be simultaneously specified). The pitch, volume, and panpot to be generated are specified for *note*, *velocity*, and *panpot*, respectively.

**Return value**

Always 0

## sceSkSsVoiceSetExpression

Set expression for one-shot generated voice

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

**int** sceSkSsVoiceSetExpression (

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>v_id</i> ,	Voice id (0-126)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>midi_ch</i> ,	MIDI ch
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note</i> ,	Note number (0-127)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>expression</i> )	Expression (0-127)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets an expression for the voice which was generated with a one-shot sound in the track specified by the track id. An extended MIDI message is generated internally.

*v\_id* should be set to the voice ID that was specified when the sound was generated. *midi\_ch* should be set to the *midi\_ch* that was specified when the sound was generated. *note* should be set to the musical interval to be muted. *expression* should be set to the expression.

### Return value

Always 0



## sceSkSsVoiceSetPanpot

Change panpot position of one-shot generated voice

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4	October 1, 2001

### Syntax

**int** sceSkSsVoiceSetPanpot (

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>v_id</i> ,	Voice id (0 to 126)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>midi_ch</i> ,	MIDI ch
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note</i> ,	Note number (0 to 127)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>panpot</i> )	Panpot (0/L to 64/CENTER to 127/R)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function changes the panpot position for the voice for which one-shot sound generation was performed for the track specified by the track id. An extended MIDI message is generated internally.

*v\_id* should be set to the voice ID that was specified when the sound was generated. *midi\_ch* should be set to the *midi\_ch* that was specified when the sound was generated. *note* should be set to the pitch to be muted. *panpot* should be set to the desired panpot position.

### Return value

Always 0

**sceSkSsVoiceSetPitchBend**

Add pitchbend effect to one-shot generated voice

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libsk	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

**int sceSkSsVoiceSetPitchBend (**

<b>unsigned int</b> <i>track_id</i> ,	Track id
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>v_id</i> ,	Voice id (0-126)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>midi_ch</i> ,	MIDI ch
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>note</i> ,	Note number (0-127)
<b>unsigned int</b> <i>pitchbend</i> )	Pitchbend (0(maximum negative effect) to 0x2000(no effect) to 0x3fff(maximum positive effect))

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function adds a pitchbend effect to the voice which was generated with a one-shot sound in the track specified by the track id. An extended MIDI message is generated internally.

*v\_id* should be set to the voice ID that was specified when the sound was generated. *midi\_ch* should be set to the *midi\_ch* that was specified when the sound was generated. *note* should be set to the musical interval to be muted. *pitchbend* is set to the pitchbend to be added. Pitchbend values 00 00 to 40 00 to 7f 7f, which are represented in MIDI by 7 bits each for MSB/LSB, are set in a contiguous bit array and converted to the numeric values 0x0000 to 0x2000 to 0x3fff.

**Return value**

Always 0



## Chapter 7: SPU2 Local Memory Management Library

### Table of Contents

<b>Functions</b>	<b>7-3</b>
sceSpu2MemAllocate	7-3
sceSpu2MemFree	7-4
sceSpu2MemInit	7-5
sceSpu2MemQuit	7-6



## Functions

---

### sceSpu2MemAllocate

Allocate SPU2 local memory

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libspsu2m	2.4	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax

```
int sceSpu2MemAllocate (
    unsigned int req_size)           Requested size of area (bytes)
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### Description

This function allocates an area in SPU2 local memory with a size specified by *req\_size*. Due to SPU2 limitations, if *req\_size* is not a multiple of 16, it is rounded up so that it is a multiple of 16 bytes.

The *size* argument of `sceSpu2MemInit()` will be used as an upper limit on the number of area allocations, that is, the number of pieces into which SPU2 local memory can be subdivided. If that limit is exceeded when `sceSpu2MemAllocate` is called, an error will be returned even if an unallocated area having a size of *req\_size* remains.

#### Return value

$\geq 0$       Starting address of allocated area  
 $< 0$       Error

## sceSpu2MemFree

Free SPU2 local memory

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libspu2m	2.4	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

**void sceSpu2MemFree (**

**unsigned int *addr***

Starting address of area in SPU2 local memory

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### Description

This function frees an area in SPU2 local memory, which was previously allocated using `sceSpu2MemAllocate()`.

### Return value

None

## sceSpu2MemInit

Initialize libspu2m environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libspu2m	2.4	January 4, 2002

### Syntax

```
int sceSpu2MemInit (
    void *table,           Starting address of memory management table
    unsigned int size,     Size of memory management table
                           (size divided by SCESPU2MEM_TABLE_UNITSIZE - 1)
    unsigned int eff_opt)  Whether or not to reserve effect work area
                           SCESPU2MEM_NO_EFFECT   Do not reserve effect work area
                           SCESPU2MEM_USE_EFFECT   Reserve effect work area
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### Description

This function initializes the libspu2m environment. The memory management table is specified according to table and size. The memory management table is a global variable that must have an area of (SCESPU2MEM\_TABLE\_UNITSIZE \* (size + 1)) bytes. Area can be allocated in SPU2 local memory only by a multiple of the size argument.

The *eff\_opt* argument can be used to specify whether or not an effect work area in SPU2 local memory should be considered. To use effects for a performance in the SPU2, be sure to use SCESPU2MEM\_USE\_EFFECT. SCESPU2MEM\_NO\_EFFECT can be specified if no effects will be used.

The size that is allocated for the user area in SPU2 local memory will vary as follows according to the specification of *eff\_opt*.

```
eff_opt = SCESPU2MEM_USE_EFFECT
          1,814,512 (0x1baff0) bytes
```

```
eff_opt = SCESPU2MEM_NO_EFFECT
          2,076,656 (0x1faff0) bytes
```

To enable 32 areas to be allocated and to use effects, the following should be specified.

```
/* Allocation of 32 areas */
```

```
static unsigned char tab[SCESPU2MEM_TABLE_UNITSIZE * (32 + 1)];
```

```
sceSpu2MemInit (tab, 32,          /* Number of areas: 32 */
                SCESPU2MEM_USE_EFFECT); /* Effects are used */
```

### Return value

0      Normal termination

<0    Error



**sceSpu2MemQuit**

Terminate libspu2m environment

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libspu2m	2.4	January 4, 2002

**Syntax****int sceSpu2MemQuit (void)****Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

**Description**

This function terminates the libspu2m environment.

**Return value**

Always 0