# PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference Release 2.4.3

**Graphics Libraries** 

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#### **About This Manual**

This is the Runtime Library Release 2.4.3 version of the *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Graphics Libraries* manual.

The purpose of this manual is to define all available PlayStation®2 EE graphics library structures and functions. The companion *PlayStation*®2 *EE Library Overview - Graphics Libraries* describes the structure and purpose of the libraries.

#### **Changes Since Last Release**

#### **Chapter 1: Basic Graphics Library**

• Descriptions of the following functions have been added.

```
sceGpAddChain2()
sceGpAddPacket2()
sceGpCallChain2()
sceGpGetTail()
sceGpGetTailChain()
sceGpKickChain2()
sceGpKickPacket()
sceGpKickPacket2()
sceGpRemoveNextChain()
sceGpRemoveNextPacket()
sceGpSearchTailToRemove()
sceGpSetEndLevel()
sceGpSetPacketMode()
sceGpSetTexEnvByDrawEnv()
sceGpSyncPacket()
sceGpSyncPacketI()
```

• In the "Description" section of sceGpChain(), descriptions of the addresses maintained with pKick and pEnd have been added.

#### **Chapter 2: GS Basic Library**

• In the "Notes" section of sceGsResetGraph(), precautions regarding a general reset have been added.

#### **Chapter 3: DMA Packet Management Services**

• In the "Description" section of sceHiDMADel\_Chain(), the description on the reuse of areas has been deleted.

#### **Chapter 4: High Level Graphics Library**

• In the "Description" section of sceHiMakeDataBlk(), a precaution on destroying data blocks has been added.

#### **Chapter 5: GS Register Management Services**

• A description of sceHiGsCtxSetHalfOffset() has been added.

- In the "Description" section of sceHiGsServiceSetRegistFunc(), precautions have been added.
- In the "Description" section of sceHiGsPackedCreate(), precautions have been added.

#### **Chapter 7: High Level Graphics Plugin Library**

• Descriptions of the following structures have been added.

```
sceHiPlugAnimeData_t
sceHiPlugAnimeHead t
sceHiPlugClutBumpData t
sceHiPlugClutBumpHead_t
sceHiPlugHrchyData_t
sceHiPlugHrchyHead_t
sceHiPlugMicroData_t
sceHiPlugMicroLight_t
sceHiPlugShadowBoxData_t
sceHiPlugShapeHead_t
sceHiPlugShapeMatrix t
sceHiPlugShareData_t
sceHiPlugShareHead_t
sceHiPlugTex2DData t
sceHiPlugTex2DHead_t
sceHiPlugTim2Data_t
sceHiPlugTim2Head_t
```

Descriptions of the following functions have been added.

```
sceHiPlugAnimeGetData()
sceHiPlugAnimeGetFrame()
sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead()
sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead()
sceHiPlugAnimeGetValue()
sceHiPlugClutBumpGetData()
sceHiPlugClutBumpGetHead()
sceHiPlugClutBumpGetNormal()
sceHiPlugHrchyGetData()
sceHiPlugHrchyGetHead()
sceHiPlugHrchyGetPivot()
sceHiPlugMicroGetData()
sceHiPlugShadowBoxGetData()
sceHiPlugShapeGetDataHead()
sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryColor()
sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead()
sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryNormal()
sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryST()
sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryVertex()
sceHiPlugShapeGetHead()
```

sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialAttrib() sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialGiftag() sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead() sceHiPlugShapeGetMatrix() sceHiPlugShareGetData() sceHiPlugShareGetDst() sceHiPlugShareGetHead() sceHiPlugShareGetIndex() sceHiPlugShareGetShare() sceHiPlugShareGetSrc() sceHiPlugTex2DGetClut() sceHiPlugTex2DGetData() sceHiPlugTex2DGetEnv() sceHiPlugTex2DGetHead() sceHiPlugTex2DGetTexel() sceHiPlugTim2GetData() sceHiPlugTim2GetHead()

#### **Related Documentation**

Library specifications for the IOP can be found in the PlayStation®2 IOP Library Reference manuals and the PlayStation®2 IOP Library Overview manuals.

Note: the Developer Support Web site posts current developments regarding the Libraries and also provides notice of future documentation releases and upgrades.

### **Typographic Conventions**

Certain Typographic Conventions are used throughout this manual to clarify the meaning of the text:

Convention	Meaning
courier	Indicates literal program code.
italic	Indicates names of arguments and structure members (in structure/function definitions only).
medium bold	Indicates data types and structure/function names (in structure/function definitions only).
blue	Indicates a hyperlink.

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# **Chain Management Structure**

# sceGpChain

Chain management structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceGpChain {

u\_long128 \*ot; Address of ordering table u\_long128 \*pKick; DMA transfer start address **u\_long128** \**pEnd*; DMA transfer end address Resolution of ordering table int resolution;

} sceGpChain;

#### **Description**

This is the DMA chain management structure.

The addresses kept by pKick and pEnd are the addresses that will be handled by the DMA controller.

# **Register Unions**

#### sceGpPack

P-format register union

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef union \_sceGpPack{

GIF RGBAQ packing format sceGifPackRgbaq rgbaq; GIF ST packing format sceGifPackSt st; sceGifPackUv uv; GIF UV packing format GIF XYZF packing format sceGifPackXyzf xyzf; sceGifPackXyz xyz; GIF XYZ packing format sceGifPackFog fog; GIF FOG packing format GIF AD packing format sceGifPackAd ad; sceGifPackNop nop; GIF NOP packing format sceVu0FVECTOR-format sceVu0FVECTOR fv; sceVu0IVECTOR iv; sceVu0IVECTOR-format u\_long128 ul128; u\_long128 format u\_long *u*/[2]; u\_long format u\_int *ui*[4]; u\_int format float f[4]; float format } sceGpPack;

#### **Description**

This is a register union used by P-format drawing packets.

#### sceGpReg

R-format register union

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef union \_sceGpReg{

sceGsPrim prim; PRIM register RGBAQ register sceGsRgbaq rgbaq; sceGsSt st; ST register sceGsUv uv; UV register sceGsXyzf xyzf; XYZF register sceGsXyz xyz; XYZ register sceGsTex0 tex0; TEX0 register sceGsClamp clamp; **CLAMP** register sceGsFog fog; FOG register u\_long format data u\_long u/; u\_int ui[2]; u\_int format data

} sceGpReg;

#### **Description**

This is a register union used by R-format drawing packets.

# **Packet Structures**

# sceGpAd

General-purpose register setting packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

sceGifTag giftag; GIF tag

struct {

u\_long value; Value of register to be set

u\_long addr; GS address of register to be set

}reg[1]; } sceGpAd;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a general-purpose register setting packet.

#### sceGpAlphaEnv

Alpha environment setting packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

GIF tag sceGifTag giftag;

sceGsAlpha alpha; Value of ALPHA register

long alphaaddr; GS address of ALPHA register

sceGsPabe pabe; Value of PABE register

long pabeaddr; GS address of PABE register

sceGsTexa texa; Value of TEXA register

GS address of TEXA register long texaaddr;

sceGsFba fba; Value of FBA register

GS address of FBA register long fbaaddr;

} sceGpAlphaEnv;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of an alpha environment setting packet.

# sceGpCall

call packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

DMA tag sceDmaTag dmacall;

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

} sceGpCall;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a call packet.

#### sceGpLoadImage

Image transfer packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

DMA tag sceDmaTag dmacnt; sceGifTag giftag1; GIF tag

sceGsBitbltbuf bitbltbuf; Value of BITBLTBUF register

long bitbltbufaddr; GS address of BITBLTBUF register

sceGsTrxpos trxpos; Value of TRXPOS register

long trxposaddr; GS address of TRXPOS register

sceGsTrxreg trxreg; Value of TRXREG register

GS address of TRXREG register long trxregaddr;

Value of TRXDIR register sceGsTrxdir trxdir;

GS address of TRXDIR register long trxdiraddr;

sceGifTag giftag2; GIF tag sceDmaTag dmaref; DMA tag

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

sceGifTag giftag3; GIF tag

sceGsTexflush texflush; Value of TEXFLUSH register

long texflushaddr; GS address of TEXFLUSH register

} sceGpLoadImage;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of an image transfer packet.

# sceGpLoadTexelClut

Texture transfer packet structure with CLUT

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

struct {

sceDmaTag dmacnt; DMA tag sceGifTag giftag1; GIF tag

sceGsBitbltbuf bitbltbuf;

long bitbltbufaddr; GS address of BITBLTBUF register

sceGsTrxpos trxpos; Value of TRXPOS register

long trxposaddr; GS address of TRXPOS register

Value of TRXREG register sceGsTrxreg trxreg;

GS address of TRXREG register long trxregaddr;

sceGsTrxdir trxdir; Value of TRXDIR register

GS address of TRXDIR register long trxdiraddr;

GIF tag sceGifTag giftag2; sceDmaTag dmaref; DMA tag

} trans[2];

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

sceGifTag giftag3; GIF tag

sceGsTexflush texflush; Value of TEXFLUSH register

long texflushaddr; GS address of TEXFLUSH register

} sceGpLoadTexelClut;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a texture transfer packet with a CLUT.

#### sceGpPrimP

P-format drawing packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain sceGifTag giftag1; giftag with PRIM register sceGifPackAd userreg; User-settable register

sceGifTag giftag2; giftag

sceGpPack reg[1]; Drawing parameter register

} sceGpPrimP;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a drawing packet of type SCE\_GP\_PRIM\_P. The dmanext, userreg, giftag1, and giftag2 members are set by the init function.

There can be one or more reg elements. As a result, the size of this structure does not match the actual drawing packet size.

The user must set the *reg* contents correctly by using the index and set functions.

Although a NOP is initially placed in userreg, besides using it to set the packet color of a monochrome packet, the user can freely set this register.

#### **Notes**

With the initial settings, the contents of userreg are treated as a GIF PACKED A+D packet. To change this, modify the REGS0 field of the giftag1 member appropriately.

#### sceGpPrimR

R-format drawing packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain sceGifTag giftag1; giftag with PRIM register sceGifPackAd userreg; User-settable register

sceGifTag giftag2; giftag

sceGpReg reg[1]; Drawing parameter register

} sceGpPrimR;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a drawing packet of type SCE\_GP\_PRIM\_R. The dmanext, userreg, giftag1, and giftag2 members are set by the init function.

The user must set the *reg* contents correctly by using the index and set functions.

There can be one or more reg elements. As a result, the size of this structure does not match the actual drawing packet size.

Although a NOP is initially placed in userreg, besides using it to set the packet color of a monochrome packet, the user can freely set this register.

#### **Notes**

With the initial settings, the contents of userreg are treated as a GIF PACKED A+D packet. To change this, modify the REGS0 field of the giftag1 member appropriately.

# sceGpRef

Ref packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

DMA tag sceDmaTag dmaref;

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

} sceGpRef;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a ref packet.

# sceGpTexEnv

Texture environment setting packet structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

DMA tag for linking the chain sceDmaTag dmanext;

GIF tag sceGifTag giftag;

sceGsTex1 tex1; Value of TEX1 register

GS address of TEX1 register long tex1addr;

sceGsTex0 tex0; Value of TEX0 register

long tex0addr; GS address of TEX0 register sceGsClamp clamp; Value of CLAMP register

GS address of CLAMP register long clampaddr;

} sceGpTexEnv;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a texture environment setting packet.

#### sceGpTexEnvMipmap

Texture environment setting packet structure with MIPMAP

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceDmaTag dmanext; DMA tag for linking the chain

GIF tag sceGifTag giftag;

sceGsTex1 tex1; Value of TEX1 register

long tex1addr; GS address of TEX1 register

sceGsTex0 tex0; Value of TEX0 register

long tex0addr; GS address of TEX0 register sceGsClamp clamp; Value of CLAMP register

GS address of CLAMP register long clampaddr; sceGsMiptbp1 miptbp1; Value of MIPTBP1 register

GS address of MIPTBP1 register long miptbp1addr;

sceGsMiptbp2 miptbp2; Value of MIPTBP2 register

long miptbp2addr; GS address of MIPTBP2 register

} sceGpTexEnvMipmap;

#### **Description**

This structure represents the structure of a texture environment setting packet with MIPMAP.

# **Parameter Structure**

# sceGpTextureArg

Texture parameter structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct{

short tbp; Texture base pointer (word address/64) Texture buffer width (texel unit width/64) short tbw;

short tpsm; Texture pixel storage format X-offset within texture buffer short tx; Y-offset within texture buffer short ty; Texture width (number of texels) short tw; Texture height (number of texels) short th;

short cbp; CLUT buffer base pointer (word address/64)

short cpsm; CLUT pixel storage format

} sceGpTextureArg;

#### **Description**

This structure is used as an argument for functions that set texture or image data parameters.

# **Utility Functions (Some Are Macro Functions)**

# sceGpChkChainOtSize

Check size of ordering chain (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### #define sceGpChkChainOtSize(

Resolution **r**)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns the amount of memory that will be used by the ordering chain for the specified resolution.

#### Return value

Amount of memory (in quad words) that will be used by the ordering chain for the specified resolution

# sceGpChkNumPtoV

Check number of vertices from number of polygons

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### int sceGpChkNumPtoV(

Packet type u\_int type,

int pnum) Number of polygons

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns the number of vertices corresponding to the number of polygons for the specified packet type.

#### **Return value**

Number of vertices

# sceGpChkPacketSize

Check packet size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### int sceGpChkPacketSize(

Packet type u\_int type,

int arg) Argument (differs according to type)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns the amount of memory to be used by a packet of the specified type and argument. The units are quad words (16 bytes). The value of the arg argument is the same as that used for the sceGpInitPacket() function. For details, please see the description of that function.

#### **Return value**

Amount of memory (in quad words) that the packet will use.

# sceGpGetTail

Get packet tail pointer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

#### sceDmaTag \*sceGpGetTail(

void \*pPacket);

Packet starting address

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function gets the packet tail pointer. The tail, where the next packet to be transferred will be connected, will become the position for the DMAnext member in the libgp packet structure.

#### **Return value**

Packet tail pointer

# sceGpGetTailChain

Get tail pointer for specified level of chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

#### sceDmaTag \*sceGpGetTailChain(

sceGpChain \*chain, Pointer to chain management structure

int level); Ordering table level for which pointer is to be obtained

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function gets the tail pointer for the specified level of the chain. The tail, where the next packet to be transferred will be connected, will become the position for each member in the ordering table in the libgp chain management structure.

#### **Return value**

Tail pointer for specified level of the chain

# **Chain Manipulation Functions**

#### sceGpAddChain

Register child chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpAddChain(

sceGpChain\* chain, Address of parent chain management structure int level, (Parent chain) level at which to register child chain

sceGpChain \*chain2) Address of child chain

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function registers a child chain in a parent chain.

#### **Notes**

Since the registered child chain is connected to the parent chain, it cannot be transferred independently.

The same child chain cannot be registered more than once simultaneously (regardless of the registration destination).

If you want to call a child chain from two or more locations simultaneously, register it with sceGpCallChain().

#### Return value

None

#### sceGpAddChain2

Add child chain after specified position

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceDmaTag \*sceGpAddChain2(

Tail pointer of preceding packet sceDmaTag \*tail,

sceGpChain \*chain2); Pointer to child chain management structure

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function adds a child chain after the specified tail pointer.

#### **Notes**

Since the child chain that is added is connected to the parent chain, it cannot be transferred independently.

The same child chain cannot be added more than once at the same time (regardless of where it is being added).

If you want to call a child chain from two or more locations simultaneously, add it using sceGpCallChain().

#### Return value

Final tail pointer of added chain

#### sceGpAddPacket

Register packet in chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpAddPacket(

sceGpChain\* chain, Address of chain management structure

int level, Level at which to register packet

**void\*** *p***)** Packet to be added

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function adds a packet to the specified level within the ordering table of a chain.

#### **Notes**

The same packet cannot be registered more than once simultaneously (regardless of the registration destination).

If you want to call the same packet multiple times from two or more locations, prepare a child chain, register the relevant packet in it, and use sceGpCallChain() to register multiple calls of the child chain.

#### **Return value**

None

#### sceGpAddPacket2

Add packet after specified position

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceDmaTag \*sceGpAddPacket2(

sceDmaTag \*tail, Tail pointer of preceding packet void\* pPacket); Pointer to packet to be added

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function adds a packet after the specified tail pointer.

#### **Notes**

The same packet cannot be added more than once at the same time (regardless of where it is being added).

If you want to call the same packet multiple times from two or more locations, prepare a child chain, add the relevant packet to it, then add multiple calls of the child chain using sceGpCallChain() or sceGpCallChain2().

#### **Return value**

Tail pointer of added packet

#### sceGpCallChain

Register child chain call

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpCallChain(

sceGpChain\* chain, Address of parent chain management structure int level, (Parent chain) level at which to register child chain call

sceGpChain\* chain2, Address of child chain

sceGpCall\* calltag)

Address of call packet to be used for registration

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function registers a child chain in a parent chain using a CALL invocation.

#### **Notes**

Although the *calltag* packet to be used for a call registration is unnecessary for both initialization and configuration, it is required for memory area allocation until the transfer is completed.

Since the registered child chain is connected to the parent chain, it cannot be transferred independently.

A call of the same child chain can be registered any number of times for multiple chains of the same parent chain provided the calls are registered by this function. A child chain registered by this function cannot be registered as a child chain of the sceGpAddChain() function.

The call depth due to CALL tags of chain call registrations and call packets is limited to at most two levels.

#### Return value

None

# sceGpCallChain2

Add child chain call after specified position

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax 1 4 1

sceDmaTag \*sceGpCallChain2(

sceDmaTag \*tail, Tail pointer of preceding packet

sceGpChain\* chain2, Pointer to chain structure where child chain call is to be added

sceGpCall\* callp); Pointer to call packet to be used for the add

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function adds a child chain after the specified tail pointer through a call invocation. One CALL packet is required for the add.

#### **Notes**

Although the CALL packet used for adding the call isn't necessary for either initialization or configuration, it is needed for memory allocation up until the transfer completes.

Since the child chain that is added is connected to the parent chain, it cannot be transferred independently.

This function differs from the sceAddChain() and sceAddChain2() functions in that a call of the same child chain can be added from more than one parent chain.

A child chain added by this function cannot be added again as a child chain using the sceGpAddChain() or sceGpAddChain2() functions.

The call depth from CALL tags of chain call adds and call packets is limited to at most two levels.

#### Return value

Tail pointer of call packet that was used for the add

# sceGpEndLevel

Set chain transfer end level

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetEndLevel(

sceGpChain \*chain, Address of chain management structure

int level) Level to be interrupted

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets up the chain so that it ends at an intermediate level of the ordering table.

Packets or chains that were added at or after the level indicated by the level argument are not transferred.

The contents that had been set in the original interrupted level (such as the DMA tag for the next packet) are copied to the newly set level. Also, the DMAtag of the original interrupted level is returned in the NEXT tag.

### **Return value**

# sceGpInitChain

Initialize chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitChain(

sceGpChain \*chain, Address of chain management structure

void \*addr, Address of ordering table int resolution) Resolution of ordering table

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function initializes the chain management structure, then calls the sceGpResetChain() function.

#### **Notes**

The return value is the amount of memory to be used by the ordering table. This is not the memory size of the chain management structure itself. The memory areas required for the chain management structure and the ordering table must be allocated externally with appropriate alignment.

#### **Return value**

Amount of memory (in quad words) to be used by ordering table

# sceGpKickChain

Transfer chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGpKickChain(

sceGpChain \*chain, Address of chain management structure

int path) Path used

> SCE GP PATH1: PATH1 SCE\_GP\_PATH2: PATH2 SCE\_GP\_PATH3: PATH3

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function checks for an available DMA and starts the DMA transfer of a chain. It returns without waiting for the end of the transfer.

The registered packet or contents of the chain cannot be changed and the chain cannot be reset until the transfer ends.

#### **Notes**

When PATH1 or PATH2 is specified, DMA channel 1 is used with TTE=1 (Tag Transfer Enable ON).

When PATH3 is specified, DMA channel 2 is used with TTE=0 (Tag Transfer Enable OFF).

When PATH1 and PATH 2 packets are mixed, either path can be specified.

The end of the transfer can be detected by using the sceGsSyncPath() function, for example.

The D cache should be flushed, etc. before calling this function, as required.

### **Return value**

- When transfer started
- -1: When processing for starting the transfer failed because the DMA channel to be used for the transfer was busy

# sceGpKickChain2

Transfer chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGpKickChain2(

sceGpChain \*chain, Address of chain management structure

int path) Path used

> SCE GP PATH1: PATH1 SCE GP PATH2: PATH2 SCE GP PATH3: PATH3

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function starts the DMA transfer of a chain without confirming that the DMA channel is available.

It returns without waiting for the end of transfer.

This function should be called after confirming beforehand that a DMA channel is available.

The contents of the added packet or chain cannot be changed and the chain cannot be reset until the transfer ends.

#### **Notes**

When PATH1 or PATH2 is specified, DMA channel 1 is used with TTE=1 (Tag Transfer Enable ON).

When PATH3 is specified, DMA channel 2 is used with TTE=0 (Tag Transfer Enable OFF).

When PATH1 and PATH 2 packets are mixed, either path can be specified.

The end of transfer can be detected by using the sceGsSyncPath() function, for example.

This function should be called after flushing the D cache, if necessary.

### Return value

# sceGpPrintChain

Output chain contents to console

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpPrintChain(

sceGpChain \*chain, Address of chain management structure

int verbosity, Display detail

0: Only the amount for each packet

1: Also display packet types sequentially

int from, Display starting packet number (use the numbers

displayed for verbosity=1)

Number of packets to be displayed (0: Until the last int num)

packet)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This is a debugging function for displaying chains and registered packets or chains.

Invalid results may be obtained when call packets are used or when non-libgp packets or chains are added.

The display of the number of DMA tags is the result of analyzing the entire chain, regardless of the arguments.

#### Return value

# sceGpRemoveNextChain

Remove chain from parent chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceGpChain\* sceGpRemoveNextChain(

sceDmaTag \*tail, Pointer to tail of preceding packet

sceGpChain \*chain) Pointer to management structure of chain to be removed

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function removes a previously added child chain from a chain. For the tail argument, specify a pointer to the "tail" of the preceding packet (DMAnext member of the packet structure). The tail can be obtained by using the sceGpSearchTailToRemove() function. If the preceding packet is known, the tail can also be obtained by using a function such as sceGpGetTailChain() or sceGpGetTail().

This function is only valid for child chains that were added with sceGpAddChain() or sceGpAddChain2().

This function cannot be used for a child chain that was added with sceGpCallChain(). In that case, delete the Call packet that was used when the child chain was added. If this is done, the child chain will no longer be able to be called.

### Return value

Pointer to chain that was removed

# sceGpRemoveNextPacket

Remove packet from chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceGpChain\* sceGpRemoveNextPacket(

sceDmaTag \*tail,)

Pointer to tail of preceding packet

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function removes a previously registered packet from a chain. For the tail argument, specify a pointer to the "tail" of the preceding packet (DMAnext member of the packet structure). The tail can be obtained by using the sceGpSearchTailToRemove() function. If the preceding packet is known, the tail can also be obtained by using a function such as sceGpGetTailChain() or sceGpGetTail().

#### Return value

Pointer to packet that was removed

# sceGpResetChain

Reset chain ordering table

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGpResetChain(

sceGpChain \*chain)

Address of chain management structure

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function initializes the ordering table and sets the pKick and pEnd members of the chain.

#### **Notes**

The packet or separate chain registrations that existed prior to the reset are all invalidated. The chain start level (sceGpSetStartLevel) and interruption process (sceGpTermChain()) are also invalidated.

#### **Return value**

# sceGpResetChainRev

Reverse reset chain ordering table

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGpResetChainRev(

sceGpChain \*chain)

Address of chain management structure

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function initializes the ordering table in the reverse direction (from the end to the beginning).

#### **Notes**

When a reset is performed by this function, packets are transferred beginning with those registered at a higher level.

Within the same level, packets are transferred beginning with those that were registered last, in a similar manner as with a forward reset.

#### Return value

# sceGpSearchTailToRemove

Get tail pointer for removal

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceDmaTag\* sceGpSearchTailToRemove(

sceGpChain \*chain,

Address of chain management structure Pointer to packet to be removed

### Calling conditions

void\* packet)

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function gets a pointer to the tail of the preceding packet, which is to be used by sceGpRemoveNextPacket() or sceGpRemoveNextChain() when removing a packet from the chain.

When the object to be removed is a chain, the pKick member of the child chain should be specified for the packet argument. For example, if pChain is a pointer to the management structure of a child chain, pChain->pKick should be specified for the packet argument. However, for a child chain call that was added using sceGpCallChain() or sceGpCallChain2(), a pointer to the Call packet that was used during the add should be specified.

Since this function searches for the required tail pointer by scanning from the beginning of the chain, it can take quite a long time when the chain is particularly long. As a result, either try not to perform a remove in this case, or if it is absolutely necessary to perform a remove, do not use this function. It will be more efficient to remember beforehand the required tail pointer or preceding packet during the add.

#### Return value

Tail pointer to be used when removing specified packet

# sceGpSetStartLevel

Set chain start level

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetStartLevel(

sceGpChain \*chain,Address of chain management structureint level)Level where intermediate start is to be set

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets that a chain is to start at an intermediate level of the ordering table.

Packets or chains that were registered at a level before the level indicated by the *level* argument are not transferred. (Packets that were registered at the specified level are transferred.)

### **Return value**

# sceGpTermChain

Set chain interruption

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpTermChain(

sceGpChain \*chain, Address of chain management structure int level, Level where chain is to be interrupted int isret) 0: Interrupt chain due to END tag

1: Interrupt chain due to RET tag (for Call invocation)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This is an old function that has been retained for compatibility. Normally, the sceGpSetEndLevel() function should be used.

This function sets that a chain is to end at an intermediate level of the ordering table.

Packets or chains that were registered after the level specified by the level argument are not transferred. (Packets that were registered at the specified level are also not transferred.)

A level higher than the original level cannot be set. Furthermore, this function cannot be used to manipulate a child chain that was added with sceAddChain() or sceAddChain2().

#### Return value

# **Packet Control Functions**

# sceGpCopyPacket

Copy packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpCopyPacket(

void\* dp, Destination packet void\* sp) Source packet

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function copies a packet.

The init function must already have been called for the source packet.

The init or set function need not be called for the destination packet after copying.

### **Notes**

The memory area required for the destination packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

#### **Return value**

Copied memory size (in quad words)

# sceGpInsertPacket

Add packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGpInsertPacket(

void\* pa, Packet located immediately before the add point

void\* pb) Packet to be added

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function adds a new packet (pb) immediately after the specified packet (pa).

#### **Notes**

This function is used to insert a packet at an intermediate location within a chain.

### Return value

# **Packet Default Value Setting Functions**

# sceGpSetDefaultAa1

Set AA1 default value

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### void sceGpSetDefaultAa1(

Default AA1 bit (0: AA1 ON, 1: AA1 OFF) int aa1)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the AA1 (one-pass antialiasing) value to be used by a drawing packet in a subsequent init function. The default value is 0 (OFF).

#### **Notes**

The value set here is valid only for an init function that is called after this value is set. To change the AA1 bit of a drawing packet for which the init function was already loaded, use the sceGpSetAa1() macro function.

#### Return value

# sceGpSetDefaultAbe

Set ABE default value

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGpSetDefaultAbe(

Default ABE bit int abe)

> 0: Alpha blending OFF 1: Alpha blending ON

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the ABE (alpha blending enable) value to be used by a drawing packet in a subsequent init function. The default value is 0 (OFF).

#### **Notes**

The value set here is valid only for an init function that is called after this value is set. To change the ABE bit of a drawing packet for which the init function was already loaded, use the sceGpSetAbe() macro function.

### **Return value**

# sceGpSetDefaultCtxt

Set default value of context used

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### void sceGpSetDefaultCtxt(

Default context (0: CTXT1, 1: CTXT2) int ctxt)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets the context to be used by a drawing packet in a subsequent init function. If 0 is set, CTXT1 will be used, and if 1 is set, CTXT2 will be used. The default value is 0 (CTXT1).

The value set here only affects the PRIM register of the drawing packet. The context of a non-drawing packet such as a texture environment setting packet or alpha environment setting packet must be set by another method.

The value set here is valid only for an init function that is called after this value is set. To change the context to be used of a drawing packet for which the init function was already loaded, use the sceGpSetCtxt() macro function.

### **Return value**

# sceGpSetDefaultDirectHL

Set default level of direct command

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGpSetDefaultDirectHL(

0: Use Direct command, 1: Use DirectHL command int on)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function controls the command to be used by packets when transferring PATH2 data in a subsequent init function. The default value is 0 (use Direct command).

For information about the differences between the Direct and DirectHL commands, refer to the VPU chapter of the EE User's Manual.

#### Return value

# sceGpSetDefaultFog

Set FGE default value

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGpSetDefaultFog(

Default FGE bit (0: Fogging OFF, 1: Fogging ON) int fge)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets the FGE (fogging enable) value to be used by a drawing packet in a subsequent init function. The default value is 0 (OFF).

The value set here is valid only for an init function that is called after this value is set. To change the FGE bit of a drawing packet for which the init function was already loaded, use the sceGpSetFge() macro function.

#### Return value

# **Packet Initialization Functions**

# sceGpInitAd

Initialize general-purpose register setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitAd(

Address for creating packet sceGpAd \*p, int num) Number of register settings

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes a general-purpose register setting packet at the specified address. The number of registers to be set is given as an argument.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate

The size of the general-purpose register setting packet differs from the size of the sceGpAd structure.

Among the members of the sceGpAd structure that are set by this function are giftag and part of dmanext.

### **Return value**

# sceGpInitAlphaEnv

Initialize alpha environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitAlphaEnv(

**sceGpAlphaEnv**\**p*, Address for creating packet

int ctxt) Context to be set (0: CTXT1, 1: CTXT2)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes an alpha environment setting packet at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

Among the members of the sceGpAlphaEnv structure that are set by this function are alphaaddr, pabeaddr, texaaddr, fbaaddr and part of dmanext.

#### Return value

# sceGpInitCall

Initialize call packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

## int sceGpInitCall(

sceGpCall \*p)

Address for creating packet

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes a call packet at the specified address.

### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate

Among the members of the sceGpCall structure that are set by this function are part of dmacall and part of dmanext.

#### Return value

# sceGpInitLoadImage

Initialize image transfer packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitLoadImage( sceGpLoadImage \*p)

Address for creating packet

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates and initializes an image transfer packet at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate

Among the members of the sceGplnitLoadImage structure that are set by this function are dmacnt, giftag1, bitbltbufaddr, trxposaddr, trxregaddr, trxdiraddr, giftag2, part of dmaref, part of dmanext, giftag3, texflush, and texflushaddr.

### **Return value**

# sceGpInitLoadTexelClut

Initialize texture transfer packet with CLUT

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitLoadTexelClut( sceGpLoadTexelClut \*p)

Address for creating packet

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes a texture transfer packet with CLUT at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

Among the members of the sceGpLoadTexelClut structure that are set by this function are trans[0].dmacnt, trans[0].giftaq1, trans[0].giftaq2, part of trans[0].dmaref, trans[0].bitbltbufaddr, trans[0].trxposaddr, trans[0].trxregaddr, trans[0].trxdiraddr, trans[1].dmacnt, trans[1].giftag1, trans[1].giftag2, part of trans[1].dmaref, trans[1].bitbltbufaddr, trans[1].trxposaddr, trans[1].trxregaddr, trans[1].trxdiraddr, part of dmanext, giftag3, texflush, and texflushaddr.

#### Return value

# sceGpInitPacket

Initialize packet (general)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### int sceGpInitPacket(

void \*p, Address for creating packet

u\_int type, Packet type int arg) Argument

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function calls one of the following functions based on the packet type to initialize a packet. For details about the arguments and operations, refer to the corresponding function reference.

Table 1-1

Type	Called Function
SCE_GP_PRIM_RI subtype	sceGpInitPrimR((sceGpPrimR*)p, type, arg)
SCE_GP_PRIM_PI subtype	sceGpInitPrimP((sceGpPrimP*)p, type, arg)
SCE_GP_ALPHAENV	sceGpInitAlphaEnv((sceGpAlphaEnv*)p, arg);
SCE_GP_TEXENV	sceGpInitTexEnv((sceGpTexEnv*)p, arg);
SCE_GP_TEXENVMIPMAP	sceGpInitTexEnvMipmap ((sceGpTexEnvMipmap*)p, arg);
SCE_GP_LOADIMAGE	sceGpInitLoadImage((sceGpLoadImage*)p);
SCE_GP_LOADTEXELCLUT	sceGpInitLoadTexelClut ((sceGpLoadTexelClut*)p);
SCE_GP_AD	sceGpInitAd((sceGpAd*)p, arg);
SCE_GP_REF	sceGpInitRef((sceGpRef*)p);
SCE_GP_CALL	sceGpInitCall((sceGpCall*)p);

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

#### **Return value**

# sceGpInitPrimP

Initialize P-format drawing packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitPrimP(

sceGpPrimP \*p, Address for creating packet

u\_int type, Packet type

int pnum) Number of polygons

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes a P-format drawing packet at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

The size of a drawing packet differs from the size of the sceGpPrimP structure.

Among the members of the sceGpPrimP structure that are set by this function are giftag1, userreg, giftag2, and part of dmanext. userreg is set to NOP.

### Return value

# sceGpInitPrimR

Initialize R-format drawing packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitPrimR(

sceGpPrimR \*p, Address for creating packet

u\_int type, Packet type

int pnum) Number of polygons

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes an R-format drawing packet at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

The size of a drawing packet differs from the size of the sceGpPrimR structure.

Among the members of the sceGpPrimR structure that are set by this function are giftag1, userreg, giftag2, and part of dmanext. userreg is set to NOP.

#### Return value

# sceGpInitRef

Initialize ref packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### int sceGpInitRef(

sceGpRef \*p)

Address for creating packet

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates and initializes a ref packet at the specified address.

### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate

Among the members of the sceGpRef structure that are set by this function are part of dmaref and part of dmanext.

#### Return value

# sceGpInitTexEnv

Initialize texture environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitTexEnv(

**sceGpTexEnv**\**p*, Address for creating packet

int ctxt) Context to be set (0: CTXT1, 1: CTXT2)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes a texture environment setting packet at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

Among the members of the sceGpTexEnv structure that are set by this function are giftag, tex1addr, tex0addr, clampaddr, and part of dmanext.

#### **Return value**

# sceGpInitTexEnvMipmap

Initialize texture environment setting packet with MipMap

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGpInitTexEnvMipmap(

sceGpTexEnvMipmap \*p, Address for creating packet

int ctxt) Context to be set (0: CTXT1, 1: CTXT2)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function creates and initializes a texture environment setting packet with MipMap at the specified address.

#### **Notes**

The memory area required for the packet must be allocated in advance externally with appropriate alignment.

Among the members of the sceGpTexEnvMipmap structure that are set by this function are giftag, tex1addr, tex0addr, clampaddr, miptbpaddr, miptbp2addr, and part of dmanext.

#### Return value

# **Set Functions (For Non-Drawing Packets)**

# sceGpSetAd

Set general-purpose register setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetAd(

sceGpAd \*p, Address of packet to be set

Register number int index,

u\_long addr, Address of GS register to be set

Value to be set u\_long value)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the register to be set at the specified *index* position within the packet.

### **Return value**

# sceGpSetAlphaEnv

Set alpha environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetAlphaEnv(

sceGpAlphaEnv\*p,Address of packet to be set

int func, Alpha blending function (described later)

int fix) FIX value

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a packet so that the specified function will be executed.

Table 1-2

Setting	Output Color	Blending Function
SCE_GP_ALPHA_NOP	Source color as is	(Cs-0)*128+0
SCE_GP_ALPHA_INTER_AS	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using As	(Cs-Cd)@As+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_INTER_AD	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using Ad	(Cs-Cd)@Ad+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_INTER_FIX	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using FIX	(Cs-Cd)@FIX+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_RINTER_AS	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using (128-As)	(Cd-Cs)@As+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_RINTER_AD	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using (128-Ad)	(Cd-Cs)@Ad+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_RINTER_FIX	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using (128-FIX)	(Cd-Cs)@FIX+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD	Color obtained by adding source color and destination color	(Cs-0)@128+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CS_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying source color by FIX and adding it (to destination color)	(Cs-0)@FIX+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CD_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by FIX and adding it (to source color)	(Cd-0)@128+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CS_AS	Color obtained by multiplying source color by As and adding it (to destination color)	(Cs-0)@As+Cd

Setting	Output Color	Blending Function
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CD_AS	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by As and adding it (to source color)	(Cd-0)@As+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CS_AD	Color obtained by multiplying source color by Ad and adding it (to destination color)	(Cs-0)@Ad+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CD_AD	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by Ad and adding it (to source color)	(Cd-0)@Ad+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS	Color obtained by subtracting source color (from destination color)	(0-Cs)@128+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD	Color obtained by subtracting destination color (from source color)	(0-Cd)@128+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying source color by FIX and subtracting it (from destination color)	(0-Cs)@FIX+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by FIX and subtracting it (from source color)	(0-Cd)@FIX+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS_AS	Color obtained by multiplying source color by As and subtracting it (from destination color)	(0-Cs)@As+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD_AS	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by As and subtracting it (from source color)	(0-Cd)@As+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS_AD	Color obtained by multiplying source color by Ad and subtracting it (from destination color)	(0-Cs)@Ad+Cd
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD_AD	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by Ad and subtracting it (from source color)	(0-Cd)@Ad+Cs
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CS_AS	Color obtained by multiplying source color by As	(Cs-0)@As+0
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CS_AD	Color obtained by multiplying source color by Ad	(Cs-0)@Ad+0
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CS_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying source color by FIX	(Cs-0)@FIX+0
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CD_AS	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by As	(Cd-0)@As+0
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CD_AD	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by Ad	(Cd-0)@Ad+0
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CD_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by FIX	(Cd-0)@FIX+0

### **Notes**

In the alpha blending multiplication, 128 corresponds to 1.0. In addition, the operation described as "multiplying X by Y" and denoted as "X @ Y" represents the operation (X \* Y)>>7.

The functions that can be set using the variables given here do not include all of the alpha blending types that are available in the GS.

To use a setting other than the ones given here, overwrite the packet contents after the value has been set.

The PABE and FBA registers will be set to 0. To change these values, overwrite the packet contents after these values are set.

Since context switching cannot be performed for the PABE and FBE registers, watch out for contention if you do use context switching.

### **Return value**

# sceGpSetAlphaEnvFunc

Set alpha blending function of alpha environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetAlphaEnvFunc(

sceGpAlphaEnv\*  $\rho$ , Address of packet to be set

Alpha blending function (described later) int func,

int fix) FIX value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a packet so that the specified function will be executed.

Table 1-3

Setting Value	Output Color
SCE_GP_ALPHA_NOP	Source color as is
SCE_GP_ALPHA_INTER_AS	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using As
SCE_GP_ALPHA_INTER_AD	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using Ad
SCE_GP_ALPHA_INTER_FIX	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using FIX
SCE_GP_ALPHA_RINTER_AS	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using (128-As)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_RINTER_AD	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using (128-Ad)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_RINTER_FIX	Color obtained by interpolating source color and destination color using (128-FIX)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD	Color obtained by adding source color and destination color
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CS_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying source color by FIX and adding it (to destination color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CD_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by FIX and adding it (to source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CS_AS	Color obtained by multiplying source color by As and adding it (to destination color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CD_AS	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by As and adding it (to source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CS_AD	Color obtained by multiplying source color by Ad and adding it (to destination color)

Setting Value	Output Color
SCE_GP_ALPHA_ADD_CD_AD	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by Ad and adding it (to source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS	Color obtained by subtracting source color (from destination color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD	Color obtained by subtracting destination color (from source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying source color by FIX and subtracting it (from destination color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by FIX and subtracting it (from source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS_AS	Color obtained by multiplying source color by As and subtracting it (from destination color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD_AS	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by As and subtracting it (from source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CS_AD	Color obtained by multiplying source color by Ad and subtracting it (from destination color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_SUB_CD_AD	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by Ad and subtracting it (from source color)
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CS_AS	Color obtained by multiplying source color by As
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CS_AD	Color obtained by multiplying source color by Ad
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CS_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying source color by FIX
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CD_AS	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by As
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CD_AD	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by Ad
SCE_GP_ALPHA_MUL_CD_FIX	Color obtained by multiplying destination color by FIX

### **Notes**

In the calculation of alpha blending, 128 corresponds to 1.0, and "multiplying X by Y" indicates the operation (X \* Y) >> 7.

The functions that can by set by using the variables given here do not include all types of alpha blending that are possible in the GS.

To use a setting other than the ones given here, overwrite the contents of a separate packet.

The setting values of the PABE, TEXA and FBA registers are not changed.

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Return value

None

## sceGpSetCall

Set call packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetCall(

sceGpCall \*p, Address of packet to be set

void\* addr) Address of DMA chain to be called using call

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the contents of a call packet. The ret tag must be appended to the end of the DMA chain that is called when the chain is transferred.

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetLoadImage

Set image transfer packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetLoadImage(

sceGpLoadImage \*p, Address of packet to be set sceGpTextureArg \*texarg, Texture parameter structure

void \*srcaddr, Address of image data in main memory

int isClut) 0: Texel data, 1: CLUT data

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the texture parameter structure settings to set the contents of a packet.

#### **Notes**

CLUT data is not rearranged. It is transferred to the GS in its original order.

The image data address must be 128-bit aligned.

#### **Return value**

## sceGpSetLoadImageByArgTim2

Use both texture parameter structure and TIM2 to set image transfer packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetLoadImageByArgTim2(

sceGpLoadImage \*p, Address of packet to be set const sceGpTextureArg \*arg, Texture parameter structure const void \*ptim2, Address of TIM2 data

Picture number to be used int picture, int miplevel, Mipmap level to be used

int isClut) 0: Texel data 1: CLUT data

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function uses the texture parameter structure and the settings within TIM2 data to set the contents of a packet. If a setting exists in both the texture parameter structure and TIM2 data, the texture parameter structure value takes precedence. However, the TIM2 data setting is used when the value of the texture parameter structure member is negative.

#### **Notes**

CLUT data is not rearranged. It is transferred to the GS in its original order.

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetLoadImageByTim2

Use TIM2 to set image transfer packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetLoadImageByTim2(

Address of packet to be set sceGpLoadImage \*p, const void \*ptim2, Address of TIM2 data int picture, Picture number to be used int miplevel, Mipmap level to be used

int isClut) 0: Texel data

1: CLUT data

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses settings within TIM2 data to set the contents of a packet.

CLUT data is not rearranged. It is transferred to the GS in its original order.

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetLoadTexelClut

Set texture transfer packet with CLUT

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetLoadTexelClut(

sceGpLoadTexelClut \*p, Address of packet to be set sceGpTextureArg \*texarg, Texture parameter structure

void \*tsrcaddr, Address of texel data in main memory void \*csrcaddr) Address of CLUT data in main memory

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses texture parameter structure settings to set the contents of a packet.

### **Notes**

CLUT data is not rearranged. It is transferred to the GS in its original order.

The texel and CLUT data addresses must be 128-bit aligned.

#### **Return value**

## sceGpSetLoadTexelClutByArgTim2

Use both texture parameter structure and TIM2 to set texture transfer packet with CLUT

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpSetLoadTexelClutByArgTim2(

sceGpLoadTexelClut \*p, Address of packet to be set const sceGpTextureArg \*arg, Texture parameter structure const void \*ptim2, Address of TIM2 data Picture number to be used int picture,

### Calling conditions

int miplevel

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the texture parameter structure and the settings within TIM2 data to set the contents of a packet. If a setting exists in both the texture parameter structure and TIM2 data, the texture parameter structure value takes precedence. However, the TIM2 data setting is used when the value of the texture parameter structure member is negative.

Mipmap level to be used

#### **Notes**

CLUT data is not rearranged. It is transferred to the GS in its original order.

#### Return value

## sceGpSetLoadTexelClutByTim2

Use TIM2 to set texture transfer packet with CLUT

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpSetLoadTexelClutByTim2(

sceGpLoadTexelClut \*p, Address of packet to be set Address of TIM2 data const void \*ptim2, int picture, Picture number to be used int miplevel) Mipmap level to be used

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses settings within TIM2 data to set the contents of a packet.

### **Notes**

CLUT data is not rearranged. It is transferred to the GS in its original order.

#### Return value

## sceGpSetRef

Set ref packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpSetRef(

sceGpRef \*p, Address of packet to be set void\* addr, Transfer data address

int size, Transfer size (in quad words)

Path used int path)

> SCE\_GP\_PATH1: PATH1 SCE\_GP\_PATH2: PATH2 SCE\_GP\_PATH3: PATH3

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the contents of a ref packet.

When the transfer data uses PATH1 (when a VIF command or data to be used in VUMEM or VU1 is entered), PATH1 should be set for the path argument.

If PATH2 or PATH3 is specified, a Direct or DirectHL command is inserted in the highest 32 bits of the dmaref member to pass data from VIF1 to the GIF.

Note that with libgp, if PATH1 or PATH2 is used when transferring a chain, the TTE (Tag Transfer Enable) bit will be ON.

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetTexEnv

Set texture environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpSetTexEnv(

sceGpTexEnv \*p, Address of packet to be set sceGpTextureArg \*texarg, Texture parameter structure

int tfx, Texture function

> 0: MODULATE 1: DECAL 2: HIGHLIGHT 3: HIGHLIGHT2

int filter) Texture filter

> 0: Point sampling NEAREST 1: Bilinear sampling LINEAR

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the texture parameter structure settings to set the packet contents.

#### **Notes**

The wrap mode for the clamp register is set to CLAMP or REGION\_CLAMP according to the texture size.

When REGION\_CLAMP is used, the upper and lower limit clamp values are also set according to the texture size.

To use REPEAT mode, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

The maximum MIP level is set to 0.

The texture color component TCC value is set to 1. To use 0, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

### Return value

## sceGpSetTexEnvByArgTim2

Use both texture parameter structure and TIM2 to set texture environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpSetTexEnvByArgTim2(

sceGpTexEnv \*p, Address of packet to be set const sceGpTextureArg \*texarg, Texture parameter structure const void \*ptim2, Address of TIM2 data

Picture number to be used int picture, int miplevel) Mipmap level to be used

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the texture parameter structure and the settings within TIM2 data to set the contents of a packet. If a setting exists in both the texture parameter structure and TIM2 data, the texture parameter structure value takes precedence. However, the TIM2 data setting is used when the value of the texture parameter structure member is negative.

#### **Notes**

The wrap mode for the clamp register is set to CLAMP or REGION\_CLAMP according to the texture size.

When REGION\_CLAMP is used, the upper and lower limit clamp values are also set according to the texture size.

To use REPEAT mode, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

The maximum MIP level is set to 0.

The texture color component TCC value is set to 1. To use 0, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

#### Return value

## sceGpSetTexEnvByDrawEnv

Set up texture environment configuration packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpSetTexEnvByDrawEnv(

sceGpTexEnv \*p, Address of packet to be set up

sceGsDrawEnv1 \*draw, Drawing environment int tcc. Texture color component

Texture function int tfx, 0: MODULATE

1: DECAL 2: HIGHLIGHT 3: HIGHLIGHT2

Texture filter int filter);

> 0: Point sampling NEAREST 1: Bilinear sampling LINEAR

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets up the contents of the packet so that the specified drawing environment will be used as the texture.

#### **Notes**

The wrap mode for the clamp register is set to CLAMP or REGION CLAMP from the value of the scissor register and buffer width of the original drawing environment.

When REGION CLAMP mode is used, the upper and lower limit clamp values are also set according to the texture size.

To use REPEAT mode, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

TW and TH are set with the minimum values that include the region indicated by the scissor register, for the drawing environment.

The maximum MIP level is set to 0.

The value of TCC (texture color component) is set to 1. To use 0, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

#### Return value

## sceGpSetTexEnvByTim2

Use TIM2 to set texture environment setting packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpSetTexEnvByTim2(

sceGpTexEnv \*p, Address of packet to be set const void \*ptim2, Address of TIM2 data int picture, Picture number to be used int miplevel) Mipmap level to be used

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses settings within TIM2 data to set the contents of a packet.

### **Notes**

The wrap mode for the clamp register is set to CLAMP or REGION\_CLAMP according to the texture size.

When REGION\_CLAMP is used, the upper and lower limit clamp values are also set according to the texture size.

To use REPEAT mode, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

The maximum MIP level is set to 0.

The texture color component TCC value is set to 1. To use 0, overwrite the value in the appropriate packet.

#### Return value

# **Index Acquisition Functions (For Drawing Packets)**

### sceGpIndexQ#\_R

Get Q index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexQ#\_R(

unsigned int n)

Relative position of Q value

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th Q value should be set for an R-format drawing packet.

#### **Notes**

A string corresponding to the subtype is entered for #.

This section includes the following functions.

sceGpIndexQLineFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexQLineGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexQLineStripFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexQLineStripGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexQPointFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexQSpriteFTS\_R()

sceGpIndexQTriFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexQTriFanFTS\_R()

sceGpIndexQTriFanGTS\_R(), sceGpIndexQTriGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexQTriStripFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexQTriStripGTS\_R()

#### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th Q value should be set

## $sceGpIndexQ\_R$

Get Q index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexQ\_R(

unsigned int type, Packet type

**unsigned int** *n***)** Relative position of Q value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th Q value should be set for an R-format drawing packet.

#### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th Q value should be set

## sceGpIndexRgba

Get RGBA index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexRgba(

unsigned int type, Packet type

Relative position of RGBA value unsigned int n)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th RGBA value should be set.

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th RGBA value should be set

## sceGpIndexRgba#

Get RGBA index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### unsigned int sceGpIndexRgba#(

unsigned int n)

Relative position of RGBA value

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th RGBA value should be set.

#### **Notes**

'#' should be replaced with a string corresponding to the subtype.

This includes the following functions.

sceGpIndexRgbaLineF(), sceGpIndexRgbaLineFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaLineFTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaLineG(), sceGpIndexRgbaLineGTS(),

sceGpIndexRgbaLineGTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaLineStripF(), sceGpIndexRgbaLineStripFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaLineStripFTU(), sceGpIndexRgbaLineStripG()

sceGpIndexRgbaLineStripGTS(), sceGpIndexRgbaLineStripGTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaPointF(), sceGpIndexRgbaPointFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaPointFTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaSpriteF(), sceGpIndexRgbaSpriteFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaSpriteFTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriF(), sceGpIndexRgbaTriFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriFTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriFanF(), sceGpIndexRgbaTriFanFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriFanFTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriFanG(), sceGpIndexRgbaTriFanGTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriFanGTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriG(), sceGpIndexRgbaTriGTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriGTU()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriStripF(), sceGpIndexRgbaTriStripFTS()

sceGpIndexRgbaTriStripFTU() sceGpIndexRgbaTriStripG(), sceGpIndexRgbaTriStripGTS() sceGpIndexRgbaTriStripGTU()

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th RGBA value should be set

## sceGpIndexSt#\_R

Get ST index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexSt#\_R(

unsigned int n)

Relative position of ST value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th ST value should be set.

#### **Notes**

'#' should be replaced with a string corresponding to the subtype.

This includes the following functions.

sceGpIndexStLineFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexStLineGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexStLineStripFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexStLineStripGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexStPointFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexStSpriteFTS\_R()

sceGpIndexStTriFTS\_R()

sceGpIndexStTriFanFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexStTriFanGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexStTriGTS\_R()

sceGpIndexStTriStripFTS\_R(), sceGpIndexStTriStripGTS\_R()

#### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th ST value should be set

## sceGpIndexSt\_R

Get ST index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexSt\_R(

unsigned int type, Packet type

Relative position of ST value unsigned int n)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th ST value should be set for an R-format drawing packet.

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th ST value should be set

## sceGpIndexStq#\_P

Get STQ index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexStq#\_P(

unsigned int n)

Relative position of STQ value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th STQ value should be set for a P-format drawing packet.

#### **Notes**

'#' should be replaced with a string corresponding to the subtype.

This includes the following functions.

sceGpIndexStqLineFTS\_P(), sceGpIndexStqLineGTS\_P()

sceGpIndexStqLineStripFTS\_P(), sceGpIndexStqLineStripGTS\_P()

sceGpIndexStqPointFTS\_P(), sceGpIndexStqSpriteFTS\_P()

sceGpIndexStqTriFTS\_P(), sceGpIndexStqTriFanFTS\_P()

sceGpIndexStqTriFanGTS\_P(), sceGpIndexStqTriGTS\_P()

sceGpIndexStqTriStripFTS\_P(), sceGpIndexStqTriStripGTS\_P()

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th STQ value should be set

## sceGpIndexStq\_P

Get STQ index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexStq\_P(

unsigned int type, Packet type

Relative position of STQ value unsigned int n)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th STQ value should be set for a P-format drawing packet.

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th STQ value should be set

## sceGpIndexUv

Get UV index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexUv(

**unsigned int** *type*, Packet type

**unsigned int** *n***)** Relative position of UV value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th UV value should be set.

#### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th UV value should be set

### sceGpIndexUv#

Get UV index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### unsigned int sceGpIndexUv#(

unsigned int n)

Relative position of UV value

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th UV value should be set.

#### **Notes**

'#' should be replaced with a string corresponding to the subtype.

This includes the following functions.

sceGpIndexUvLineFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvLineFTU()

sceGpIndexUvLineGTU()

sceGpIndexUvLineStripFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvLineStripFTU()

sceGpIndexUvLineStripGTU()

sceGpIndexUvPointFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvPointFTU()

sceGpIndexUvSpriteFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvSpriteFTU()

sceGpIndexUvTriFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvTriFTU()

sceGpIndexUvTriFanFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvTriFanFTU()

sceGpIndexUvTriFanGTU(), sceGpIndexUvTriGTU()

sceGpIndexUvTriStripFMTU(), sceGpIndexUvTriStripFTU()

sceGpIndexUvTriStripGTU()

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th UV value should be set

## sceGpIndexXyzf

Get XYZF index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

unsigned int sceGpIndexXyzf(

**unsigned int** *type*, Packet type

**unsigned int** *n*) Relative position of XYZF value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th XYZF value should be set.

#### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th XYZF value should be set

## sceGpIndexXyzf#

Get XYZF index

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

unsigned int sceGpIndexXyzf#(

unsigned int n)

Relative position of XYZF value

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the index for which the *n*-th XYZF value should be set.

#### **Notes**

'#' should be replaced with a string corresponding to the subtype.

This includes the following functions.

sceGpIndexXyzfLineF(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineFM()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineFMTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineFTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineFTU()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineG(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineGTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineGTU()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripF(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripFM()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripFMTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripFTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripFTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripG()

sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripGTS(), sceGpIndexXyzfLineStripGTU()

sceGpIndexXyzfPointF(), sceGpIndexXyzfPointFM()

sceGpIndexXyzfPointFMTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfPointFTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfPointFTU()

sceGpIndexXyzfSpriteF(), sceGpIndexXyzfSpriteFM()

sceGpIndexXyzfSpriteFTTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfSpriteFTU()

sceGpIndexXyzfTriF(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriFM()

sceGpIndexXyzfTriFMTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriFTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfTriFTU()

sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanF(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanFM()

sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanFMTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanFTS()

sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanFTU()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanG(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanGTS()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriFanGTU()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriG(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriGTS()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriGTU()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripF(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripFM()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripFMTU(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripFTS()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripFTU()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripG(), sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripGTS()
sceGpIndexXyzfTriStripGTU()

### **Return value**

Index for which *n*-th XYZF value should be set

## **Set Functions (For Drawing Packets, Some Are Macro Functions)**

## sceGpSetAa1

Set AA1 ON or OFF (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

#### #define sceGpSetAa1(

Pointer to packet for which value is to be set р, AA1 bit value (0: AA1 ON, 1: AA1 OFF) v)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the AA1 value of the specified drawing packet.

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

#### Example:

```
u_long pPacket[PACKET_SIZE];
sceGpInitPacket(pPacket, SCE_GP_PRIM_R|SCE_GP_PRIM_SPRITE_FTU, pnum);
sceGpSetAal((sceGpPrimR *)pPacket, 1);
```

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetAbe

Set alpha blending ON or OFF (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetAbe(

Pointer to packet for which value is to be set р,

ABE bit value **v**)

> 0: Alpha blending OFF 1: Alpha blending ON

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the ABE value of the specified drawing packet.

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

#### Example:

```
u_long pPacket[PACKET_SIZE];
sceGpInitPacket(pPacket, SCE_GP_PRIM_R|SCE_GP_PRIM_SPRITE_FTU, pnum);
sceGpSetAbe((sceGpPrimR *)pPacket, 1);
```

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetCtxt

Set CTXT value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetCtxt(

Pointer to packet for which value is to be set р, Context used (0: CTXT1, 1: CTXT2) **v**)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the CTXT value of the specified drawing packet.

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

#### Example:

```
u_long pPacket[PACKET_SIZE];
sceGpInitPacket(pPacket, SCE_GP_PRIM_R|SCE_GP_PRIM_SPRITE_FTU, pnum);
sceGpSetCtxt((sceGpPrimR *)pPacket, 1);
```

#### **Return value**

## sceGpSetFog

Set FOG ON or OFF (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetFog(

Pointer to packet for which value is to be set р,

FGE bit value **v**)

> 0: Fogging OFF 1: Fogging ON

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the FGE value of the specified drawing packet.

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

#### Example:

```
u_long pPacket[PACKET_SIZE];
sceGpInitPacket(pPacket, SCE_GP_PRIM_R|SCE_GP_PRIM_SPRITE_FTU, pnum);
sceGpSetFog((sceGpPrimR *)pPacket, 1);
```

### **Return value**

## sceGpSetRgb

Set RGB value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetRgb(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
<i>k</i> ,	Index
r,	R value
g,	G value
b)	B value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the RGB value of the specified drawing packet.

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

#### **Return value**

## sceGpSetRgba

Set RGBA value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetRgba(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
<i>k</i> ,	Index
r,	R value
g,	G value
b,	B value
a)	A value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the RGBA value of the specified drawing packet.

#### Notes

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

### Return value

## sceGpSetRgbaFM

Set color for monochrome packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGpSetRgbaFM(

Pointer to packet for which value is to be set void\* p, R value u\_long r,  $u_{-}long g$ , G value B value  $u_{long} b$ , u\_long a) A value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the color for a monochrome packet.

### **Notes**

The userreg.DATA member of the monochrome packet structure is set to the RGBA value, and userreg.ADDR is set to SCE\_GS\_RGBAQ.

Q is set to 1.0f.

#### Return value

## sceGpSetStq\_P

Set STQ value\_P (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetStq\_P(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
<i>k</i> ,	Index
S,	S value
t,	T value
<i>q</i> )	Q value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the STQ value at the index position of the specified drawing packet (P-format).

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

#### **Return value**

### sceGpSetStq\_R

Set STQ value\_R (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetStq\_R(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
<i>k</i> ,	ST index
S,	S value
t,	T value
<i>q</i> )	Q value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the STQ value at the index position of the specified drawing packet (R-format).

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

With an R-format drawing packet, ST and Q are located at different index positions. However, when this function assigns the ST index, the corresponding Q will also be set at the correct position.

### **Return value**

### sceGpSetUv

Set UV value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### #define sceGpSetUv(

Pointer to packet for which value is to be set k, Index и, U value V) V value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the UV value at the index position of the specified drawing packet.

Since the UV value is transferred directly to the GS and GIF, it has a fixed-point format with a 4-bit fractional part. To convert an ordinary value to this format, multiply the original value by 16.

### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

### **Return value**

### sceGpSetXy

Set XY value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetXy(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
<i>k</i> ,	Index
Χ,	X value
<i>v</i> )	Y value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the XY value at the index position of the specified drawing packet.

Since the XY value is transferred directly to the GS and GIF, it has a fixed-point format with a 4-bit fractional part. To convert an ordinary value to this format, multiply the original value by 16. For details, refer to the GIF Manual (for P-format) or the GS Manual (for R-format).

### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

If you want to use the XYZ2 register instead of the XYZF2 register, you must modify the giftag2 member of the drawing packet. No interface is currently provided for this.

#### Return value

### sceGpSetXyz

Set XYZ value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### **Syntax**

### #define sceGpSetXyz(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
<i>k</i> ,	Index
Χ,	X value
у,	Y value
<i>z</i> )	Z value

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the XYZ value at the index position of the specified drawing packet.

Since the XY value is transferred directly to the GS and GIF, it has a fixed-point format with a 4-bit fractional part. To convert an ordinary value to this format, multiply the original value by 16.

For a P-format drawing packet, how Z is handled depends on the register that the GS will use. With normal settings (when the XYZF2 register is used), the low-order 4 bits are ignored, and the high-order bits form an unsigned integer. In this case as well, this is normally obtained by multiplying the original value by 16.

When the XYZ register is to be used, all 32 bits for Z are valid as an unsigned integer.

For details, refer to the GIF Manual (for P-format) or the GS Manual (for R-format).

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

If you want to use the XYZ2 register instead of the XYZF2 register, you must modify the giftag2 member of the drawing packet. No interface is currently provided for this.

#### Return value

### sceGpSetXyzf

Set XYZF value (macro function)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax 1 4 1

### #define sceGpSetXyzf(

p,	Pointer to packet for which value is to be set
k,	Index
Χ,	X value
у,	Y value
Ζ,	Z value
f)	F value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets the XYZF value at the index position of the specified drawing packet.

Since the XY value is transferred directly to the GS and GIF, it has a fixed-point format with a 4-bit fractional part. To convert an ordinary value to this format, multiply the original value by 16.

For a P-format drawing packet, how Z is handled depends on the register that the GS will use. With normal settings (when the XYZF2 register is used), the low-order 4 bits are ignored, and the high-order bits form an unsigned integer. In this case as well, this is normally obtained by multiplying the original value by 16.

For details, refer to the GIF Manual (for P-format) or the GS Manual (for R-format).

#### **Notes**

Since this is a macro function, the packet address must be cast to an appropriate type before it is passed.

If you want to use the XYZ2 register instead of the XYZF2 register, you must modify the giftag2 member of the drawing packet. No interface is currently provided for this.

### Return value

### **Individual Packet Transfer Functions**

### sceGpKickPacket

Transfer individual packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

int sceGpKickPacket(

void\* p, Pointer to packet structure

int path); Path used

> SCE\_GP\_PATH1: path1 SCE\_GP\_PATH2: path2 SCE\_GP\_PATH3: path3

Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function confirms that the DMA channel is available and starts the DMA transfer of an individual packet. It returns without waiting for the end of transfer.

A function such as sceGpSetPacketMode() must be used in advance to set the packet to be transferred to a state in which an individual transfer can be performed.

When PATH1 or PATH2 is specified, DMA channel 1 is used with TTE=1 (Tag Transfer Enable ON).

When PATH3 is specified, DMA channel 2 is used with TTE=0 (Tag Transfer Enable OFF).

When PATH1 and PATH 2 packets are mixed, either path can be specified.

The end of transfer can be detected by using the sceGsSyncPath() function, for example.

This function should be called after flushing the D cache, if necessary.

### **Return value**

- Transfer has started
- -1: Processing for starting the transfer failed because the DMA channel used for the transfer was busy

### sceGpKickPacket2

Transfer individual packet

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGpKickPacket2(

void\* p, Pointer to packet structure

int path); Path used

SCE\_GP\_PATH1: path1 SCE\_GP\_PATH2: path2 SCE GP PATH3: path3

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function starts the DMA transfer of an individual packet without confirming that the DMA channel is available. It returns without waiting for the end of transfer.

This function should be called after confirming beforehand that a DMA channel is available.

A function such as sceGpSetPacketMode() must be used in advance to set the packet to be transferred to a state in which an individual transfer can be performed.

When PATH1 or PATH2 is specified, DMA channel 1 is used with TTE=1 (Tag Transfer Enable ON).

When PATH3 is specified, DMA channel 2 is used with TTE=0 (Tag Transfer Enable OFF).

When PATH1 and PATH 2 packets are mixed, either path can be specified.

The end of transfer can be detected by using the sceGsSyncPath() function, for example.

This function should be called after flushing the D cache, if necessary.

#### Return value

### sceGpSetPacketMode

Change packet transfer mode

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

### void sceGpSetPacketMode(

Pointer to packet void\* p, int mode); Transfer mode

> 0: Chain transfer mode 1: Individual transfer mode

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function changes the transfer mode of a packet.

The packet transfer mode is 0 (chain transfer mode) after initialization.

This is the required mode when packets are added in a chain and transferred.

To transfer a packet individually, you must set the mode to 0 (individual transfer mode).

### **Return value**

## sceGpSyncPacket / sceGpSyncPacketI

Flush packet area cache

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgp	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

void sceGpSyncPacket(

**void\*** *p***)**; Starting address of packet

void sceGpSyncPacketI(

**void\*** *𝔻***)**; Starting address of packet

**Calling conditions** 

sceGpSyncPacket Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

sceGpSyncPacketI Can be called from an interrupt handler

**Description** 

This function calls the SyncDCache() / iSyncDCache() function to flush the packet area cache.

#### **Return value**

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### **Structures**

### sceGsAlphaEnv

Settings related to alpha blending

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

### typedef struct {

sceGsAlpha alpha1; ALPHA\_1 register value long alpha1addr; ALPHA\_1 register address sceGsPabe pabe; PABE register value long pabeaddr; PABE register address sceGsTexa texa; TEXA register value long texaaddr; TEXA register address sceGsFba fba1; FBA\_1 register value long fba1addr; FBA\_1 register address

} sceGsAlphaEnv \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

#### **Description**

This structure holds alpha blending information for context 1.

The function sceGsSetDefAlphaEnv() can be used to load values into the structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKET mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

#### **Notes**

### sceGsAlphaEnv2

Settings related to alpha blending

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

### typedef struct {

sceGsAlpha alpha2; ALPHA\_2 register value long alpha2addr; ALPHA\_2 register address sceGsPabe pabe; PABE register value long pabeaddr; PABE register address sceGsTexa texa; TEXA register value long texaaddr; TEXA register address sceGsFba fba2; FBA\_2 register value FBA\_2 register address long fba2addr;

} sceGsAlphaEnv2 \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds alpha blending information for context 2.

The function sceGsSetDefAlphaEnv2() can be used to load values into the structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKET mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

#### **Notes**

Since the contents of this structure are transferred directly to the GS with DMA, the data must be aligned on a 16-byte boundary. PABE and TEXA cannot be switched with the context. Be careful if the values are different from context 1.

### sceGsClear

Data for clearing buffers

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

### typedef struct {

sceGsTest testa; Specified clear value of TEST register

long testaaddr; TEST register address

sceGsPrim prim; Specified clear value of sprite PRIM

PRIM register address **long** *primaddr*; sceGsRgbaq rgbaq; Frame buffer clear value long rgbaqaddr; RGBAQ register address

sceGsXyz xyz2a; Upper-left coordinate of sprite for clear

long xyz2aaddr; XYZ2 register address

sceGsXyz xyz2b; Lower-right coordinate of sprite for clear

long xyz2baddr;

sceGsTest testb; Reset value of TEST register

TEST register address long testbaddr;

} sceGsClear \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds data used for buffer clears.

When a GIFtag (PACKET mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

The main application of this structure is for drawing simple sprites, which will be affected by immediately preceding drawing environment settings such as XYOFFSET and SCISSOR.

#### Notes

### sceGsDBuff

Settings for double buffering

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceGsDispEnv disp[2]; Display environment

sceGifTag giftag0; Display environment GIFtag (for buffer 0)

sceGsDrawEnv1 draw0; Drawing environment (for buffer 0)

sceGsClear clear0; Drawing buffer clear environment (for buffer 0) sceGifTag giftag1; Drawing environment GIFtag (for buffer 1)

sceGsDrawEnv1 draw1; Drawing environment (for buffer 1)

sceGsClear clear1; Drawing buffer clear environment (for buffer 1)

} sceGsDBuff;

#### **Description**

This structure holds data used for double buffering.

The function sceGsSetDefDBuff() can be used to load values into the structure.

The function sceGsSwapDBuff() can be used to transfer the structure's values to the GS(GIF).

#### **Notes**

Since the contents of this structure are transferred directly to the GS with DMA, the data must be aligned on a 16-byte boundary. This structure only saves settings for context 1. Use sceGsDbuffDc for context 2.

#### sceGsDBuffDc

Settings for double buffering

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### Structure

#### typedef struct {

sceGsDispEnv disp[2]; Display environment sceGifTag giftag0; Display environment GIFtag (for buffer 0) sceGsDrawEnv1 draw01; Drawing environment (for context 1, buffer 0) sceGsDrawEnv2 draw02; Drawing environment (for context 2, buffer 0) sceGsClear clear0; Drawing buffer clear environment (for buffer 0) sceGifTag giftag1; Drawing environment GIFtag (for buffer 1) sceGsDrawEnv1 draw11; Drawing environment (for context 1, buffer 1) sceGsDrawEnv2 draw12; Drawing environment (for context 2, buffer 1) sceGsClear clear1: Drawing buffer clear environment (for buffer 1)

} sceGsDBuffDc;

### **Description**

This structure holds data used for double buffering, for context 2.

The function sceGsSetDefDBuffDc() can be used to load values into the structure.

The function sceGsSwapDBuffDc() can be used to transfer the structure's values to the GS(GIF).

#### **Notes**

### sceGsDispEnv

Settings for the display environment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

tGS\_PMODE pmode; PCRTC mode setting (value of PMODE register) tGS\_SMODE2 smode2; Video sync mode setting (value of SMODE2 register) tGS\_DISPFB2 dispfb; Display frame buffer setting (value of DISPFB2 register) tGS\_DISPLAY2 display; Display position setting on video screen (value of

DISPLAY2 register)

tGS\_BGCOLOR bgcolor; Background color setting (value of BGCOLOR register)

} sceGsDispEnv;

### **Description**

This structure holds display-related settings, GS rectangle read data, and settings related to circuit 2.

The function sceGsSetDefDispEnv() can be used to load values into the structure.

The function sceGsPutDispEnv() can be used to transfer the structure's values to the GS.

#### sceGsDrawEnv1

Settings for the drawing environment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

sceGsFrame frame1; FRAME 1 register value u\_long frame1addr; FRAME\_1 register address sceGsZbuf zbuf1; ZBUF\_1 register value long zbuf1addr; ZBUF\_1 register address sceGsXyoffset xyoffset1; XYOFFSET\_1 register value long xyoffset1addr; XYOFFSET\_1 register address sceGsScissor scissor1; SCISSOR\_1 register value SCISSOR\_1 register address long scissor1addr; sceGsPrmodecont prmodecont; PRMODECONT register value long prmodecontaddr; PRMODECONT register address sceGsColclamp colclamp; COLCLAMP register value long colclampaddr; COLCLAMP register address sceGsDthe dthe; DTHE register value long dtheaddr; DTHE register address sceGsTest test1; TEST\_1 register value TEST\_1 register address **long** *test1addr*;

} sceGsDrawEnv1 \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds information about the drawing environment (context 1).

The function sceGsSetDefDrawEnv() can be used to load values into the structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, the function sceGsPutDrawEnv() can be used to transfer information directly to the GS.

#### Notes

#### sceGsDrawEnv2

Settings for the drawing environment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

sceGsFrame frame2; FRAME 2 register value u\_long frame2addr; FRAME\_2 register address sceGsZbuf zbuf2; ZBUF\_2 register value ZBUF\_2 register address long zbuf2addr; sceGsXyoffset xyoffset2; XYOFFSET\_2 register value long xyoffset2addr; XYOFFSET\_2 register address sceGsScissor scissor2; SCISSOR\_2 register value SCISSOR\_2 register address long scissor2addr; sceGsPrmodecont prmodecont; PRMODECONT register value PRMODECONT register address long prmodecontaddr; COLCLAMP register value sceGsColclamp colclamp; long colclampaddr; COLCLAMP register address sceGsDthe dthe; DTHE register value long dtheaddr; DTHE register address sceGsTest test2; TEST\_2 register value long test2addr; TEST\_2 register address

} sceGsDrawEnv2 \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds information about the drawing environment (context 2).

The function sceGsSetDefDrawEnv2() can be used to load values into the structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, the function sceGsPutDrawEnv() can be used to transfer information directly to the GS.

#### **Notes**

Since the contents of this structure are transferred directly to the GS with DMA, the data must be aligned on a 16-byte boundary.

PRMODECONT, COLCLAMP and DTHE cannot be switched with the context. Be careful if the values are different from context 1.

### sceGsGParam

Library system information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.6	March 26, 2001

### **Structure**

### typedef struct {

short sceGsInterMode; Interlace/non-interlace value

short sceGsOutMode; NTSC/PAL value **short** sceGsFFMode; FIELD/FRAME value

short sceGsVersion; GS version

volatile int (\*sceGsVSCfunc)(int); Callback function pointer set by sceGsSyncVCallback

int sceGsVSCid; Interrupt handler ID

} sceGsGParam\_attribute\_ ((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds the parameters used by the library.

Data being used by the library can be referenced using sceGsGetGParam().

### sceGsLoadImage

Data structure for LoadImage

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

sceGifTag giftag0; GIFtag for data transfer settings sceGsBitbltbuf bitbltbuf; BITBLTBUF register value long bitbltbufaddr; BITBLTBUF register address sceGsTrxpos trxpos; TRXPOS register value TRXPOS register address long trxposaddr; sceGsTrxreg trxreg; TRXREG register value long trxregaddr; TRXREG register address sceGsTrxdir trxdir; TRXDIR register value long trxdiraddr; TRXDIR register address sceGifTag giftag1; GIFtag for image transfer

} sceGsLoadImage \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure is used for transferring image data to the GS.

The function sceGsSetDefLoadImage() can be used to load values into the structure.

This structure can be sent directly to the GIF, followed by the image data.

A simpler method involves transferring image data to the GS using the function sceGsExecLoadImage().

#### **Notes**

### sceGsStoreImage

Data structure for Storelmage

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### Structure

### typedef struct {

Path2 VIFcode value u\_int vifcode[4]; sceGifTag giftag; GIFtag for data transfer sceGsBitbltbuf bitbltbuf; BITBLTBUF register value long bitbltbufaddr; BITBLTBUF register address sceGsTrxpos trxpos; TRXPOS register value **long** *trxposaddr*; TRXPOS register address sceGsTrxreg trxreg; TRXREG register value TRXREG register address **long** *trxregaddr*; sceGsFinish finish; FINISH register value long finishaddr; FINISH register address sceGsTrxdir trxdir; TRXDIR register value TRXDIR register address **long** *trxdiraddr*;

} sceGsStoreImage \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure is used for transferring image data to the GS via PATH2.

The function sceGsSetDefStoreImage() can be used to load values into the structure.

A simpler method involves transferring image data to the GS using the function sceGsExecStoreImage().

#### Notes

### sceGsTexEnv

Settings related to textures

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 31, 2000

#### **Structure**

### typedef struct {

sceGsTexflush texflush; TEXFLUSH register value long texflushaddr; TEXFLUSH register address sceGsTex1 tex11; TEX1\_1 register value **long** *tex11addr*; TEX1\_1 register address sceGsTex0 tex01; TEX0\_1 register value long tex01addr; TEX0\_1 register address sceGsClamp clamp1; CLAMP\_1 register value CLAMP\_1 register address **long** *clamp1addr*;

} sceGsTexEnv \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds texture information for context 1.

The function sceGsSetDefTexEnv() can be used to load values into the structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKET mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

When mipmap is used, the MIPTBP1\_1 and MIPTBP2\_1 registers must also be set.

#### **Notes**

### sceGsTexEnv2

Settings related to textures

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 31, 2000

#### Structure

### typedef struct {

sceGsTexflush texflush; TEXFLUSH register value long texflushaddr; TEXFLUSH register address sceGsTex1 tex12: TEX1\_2 register value long tex12addr; TEX1\_2 register address sceGsTex0 tex02; TEX0\_2 register value long tex02addr; TEX0\_2 register address sceGsClamp clamp2; CLAMP\_2 register value long clamp2addr; CLAMP\_2 register address

} sceGsTexEnv2 \_\_attribute\_\_((aligned(16)));

### **Description**

This structure holds texture information for context 2.

The function sceGsSetDefTexEnv2() can be used to load values into the structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKET mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before this structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

When mipmap is used, the MIPTBP1\_2 and MIPTBP2\_2 registers must also be set.

#### **Notes**

### **Functions**

### sceGsExecLoadImage

**Execute LoadImage** 

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

int sceGsExecLoadImage(

sceGsLoadImage \*/p, Address of structure containing LoadImage information

u\_long128 \*srcaddr) Data transfer source address

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function transfers image data from GS main memory to GS local memory via PATH3. The information needed for the transfer must be set up in the sceGsLoadImage structure beforehand using the sceGsSetDefLoadImage() function.

Because this is a simplified version provided for prototyping and debugging, the DMA channel (ch-2) must be idle, otherwise program execution will be blocked.

### **Notes**

If the sceGsLoadImage structure is specified as being cached, the D-cache must be flushed back to memory before calling this function. When a new texture is transferred to the GS, setup must be performed again for the texture.

Please refer to the description of the sceGsSetDefTexEnv() function.

### Return value

Exit conditions

0: Normal termination

-1: Timeout

### sceGsExecStoreImage

Execute Storelmage

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	October 11, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsExecStoreImage(

sceGsStoreImage \*sp, Address of structure containing Storelmage information

u\_long128 \*dstaddr) Data transfer destination address

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function transfers image data from GS local memory to GS main memory.

The information needed for the transfer must be set up in the sceGsStorelmage structure beforehand using the sceGsSetDefStoreImage() function.

Because this is a simplified version provided for prototyping and debugging, the DMA channel (ch-2) must be idle, otherwise program execution will be blocked.

Since the datapath used for the transfer is PATH2, other datapaths will also be inhibited.

The DMA environment is not saved in the sceGsStoreImage() structure.

As a result, it is initialized to DI\_CHCR.TTE=0 immediately after execution.

When Cached is specified for the sceGsStoreImage structure, be sure to flush the D-cache and perform a writeback to memory before this function is called.

#### Return value

Exit conditions

0: Normal termination

-1: Timeout

### sceGsGetGParam

Get library system information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.6	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceGsGParam \*sceGsGetGParam(void)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Returns a pointer to the system information structure currently being used by the library.

### Return value

Pointer to structure currently being used by the system.

### sceGsGetIMR/isceGsGetIMR

Get interrupt mask

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

u\_long sceGsGetIMR(void)

u\_long isceGsGetIMR(void)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Since the IMR is write-only, it isn't possible to check the current setting of the GS interrupt mask. If the IMR is written using only sceGsPutIMR, it will be possible to confirm the value previously set.

To get the interrupt mask within an interrupt handler, use the isceGsGetIMR() function.

#### **Return value**

IMR register value previously set by sceGsPutIMR/isceGsPutIMR

### sceGsPutDispEnv

Initialize the display environment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

### void sceGsPutDispEnv(

sceGsDispEnv \*disp)

Address of structure used to set up the display environment

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Transfers the contents of the structure pointed to by *disp* to the corresponding GS registers.

### **Return value**

### sceGsPutDrawEnv

Initialize the drawing environment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### int sceGsPutDrawEnv(

sceGifTag \*giftag)

Starting address of drawing environment settings data

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function transfers drawing environment settings data to the GS and sets up the necessary registers.

A drawing environment structure sceGsDrawEnv holding appropriate values should be prepared and preceded immediately by a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D). The address of the GIFtag should be specified in the giftag argument.

This function terminates right after DMA transfer is begun (without waiting for the transfer to finish).

#### **Notes**

Since the data is transferred via PATH3, the GIF channel and the GIF must be idle, and PATH3 must not be masked when this function is called. If these are not in idle state, the program will be blocked until they enter idle state.

Since data transfers are performed using DMA, the GIFtag and subsequent data must be memory resident. Before this function is called, data must be flushed back to memory from the D-cache on the user side.

#### Return value

Termination state

0: Normal termination

-1: Timeout (when preceding Ch-2 DMA has not finished)

### sceGsPutIMR/isceGsPutIMR

Set up interrupt mask

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

u\_long sceGsPutIMR(

Value to be stored in the IMR u\_long imr)

u\_long isceGsPutIMR(

u\_long imr) Value to be stored in the IMR

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Since the IMR is write-only, it isn't possible to check the current setting of the GS interrupt mask. If the IMR is written using only this function, it will be possible to confirm the value previously set.

To set the interrupt mask within an interrupt handler, use the isceGsGetIMR() function.

#### Return value

IMR register value previously set by sceGsPutIMR/isceGsPutIMR

### sceGsResetGraph

Initialize the GS

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	January 4, 2002

### Syntax 1 4 1

### void sceGsResetGraph(

Reset mode short mode. 0: General reset 1: Drawing reset short inter, Interlace/non-interlace settings (valid only when mode==0) 0: Non-interlace 1: Interlace Video signal format setting (valid only when mode==0) short omode, 2: NTSC 3: PAL short ffmode) FRAME/FIELD mode setting (valid only in interlace mode) 0: Read every other line beginning with start of FIELD (+0,+2,+4,.../+1,+3,+5,...)1: Read each line beginning with start of FRAME

(+0,+1,+2,+3,...)

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

The GS is reset according to the specified mode.

The entire GS is reset if mode = 0.

If mode = 1, drawing operations are canceled and the primitive data in the internal buffer of the GS is discarded (drawing environment and display environment settings are saved).

Because settings related to television screen display may differ as a function of GS chip version, this function should be used for initializing the GS, otherwise, display problems may occur.

#### **Notes**

The contents of GS local memory cannot be guaranteed during a general reset.

Additionally, callback functions registered with the sceGsSyncVCallback function are also deleted during a general reset.

#### Return value

### sceGsResetPath

Initialize datapath device

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGsResetPath(void)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Resets the devices on the data transfer path to the GS, i.e., VIF1, VU1 and the GIF.

#### **Notes**

The general-purpose registers of VIF1 are initialized as follows:

STCYCL (WL=4, CL=4)

STMASK (all 0)

STMOD (MOD=0)

MSKPATH3 (0: enable transfers)

BASE (0)OFFSET (O)

ITOP (0)

Also, ME0 of the privileged register, VIF1\_ERR, is set to 1.

### **Return value**

### sceGsSetDefAlphaEnv

Generate alpha blending environment data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

int sceGsSetDefAlphaEnv(

sceGsAlphaEnv \*ap, Address of structure used to set up alpha blending

information

Pixel-by-pixel alpha blending short pabe)

1: Yes (Alpha blending is turned off if the MSB of the A

value in a pixel is 0)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function loads alpha blending settings information into the members of the sceGsAlphaEnv structure for context 1.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before the structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

If the structure is cached, data will not be transferred properly unless the D-cache is flushed back to memory.

#### **Notes**

This function loads the following values into the members of the sceGsAlphaEnv structure. Other values can be used if necessary.

alpha1.B = 1

alpha1.D = 1

pabe = pabe

texa.TA0 = 127

texa.AEM = 1

texa.TA1 = 129

### Return value

Size of the sceGsAlphaEnv structure

### sceGsSetDefAlphaEnv2

Generate alpha blending environment data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefAlphaEnv2(

sceGsAlphaEnv2 \*ap, Address of structure used to set up alpha blending

information

Pixel-by-pixel alpha blending short pabe)

1: Yes (Alpha blending is turned off if the MSB of the A

value in a pixel is 0)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function loads alpha blending settings information into the members of the sceGsAlphaEnv structure for context 2.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before the structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

If the structure is cached, data will not be transferred properly unless the D-cache is flushed back to memory.

PABE and TEXA cannot be switched with the context. Be careful if the values are different from context 1.

#### **Notes**

This function loads the following values into the members of the sceGsAlphaEnv2 structure. Other values can be used if necessary.

alpha2.B = 1

alpha2.D = 1

pabe = pabe

texa.TA0 = 127

texa.AEM = 1

texa.TA1 = 129

#### Return value

Size of the sceGsAlphaEnv2 structure

### sceGsSetDefClear

Generate buffer clear data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefClear(

sceGsClear \*cp, Address of the structure for setting up buffer clear

short ztest, Depth testing method

0: no depth testing (Z-buffer not used)

1: Draw all pixels regardless of Z-buffer value

2: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than or equal

to the Z-buffer value

3: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than the

Z-buffer value

Upper left coordinate of clear area short x, short y, short w, short h, Width, height of clear area (in pixels)

Clear value for frame buffer u\_char r, u\_char g, u\_char b, u\_char a,

 $u_int z$ Clear value for Z-buffer

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function loads buffer clear data into the members of the specified sceGsClear structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, A+D) is placed immediately before the structure and information is transferred to the GIF, the context 1 frame buffer will be cleared to the values specified by r, g, b, a, and likewise, the context 1 Z-buffer will be cleared to the value specified by z.

If ztest is set to 1-3, the depth testing method is set temporarily to ALWAYS, the frame buffer and the Zbuffer are cleared, and the method specified in ztest is set up.

If ztest is set to 0, the function performs an action equivalent to ztest = 1, therefore it must be used with ZMSK of ZBUF set to 1.

#### **Notes**

If ztest != 0, the following values will be loaded into the members of the sceGsClear structure. Values can be changed as needed.

testa.ZTE = 1

testa.ZTST = 1

prim = 6(SPRITE)

rgbaq.R = r

rgbaq.G = g

rgbaq.B = b

rgbaq.A = a

rgbaq.Q = 1.0f

xyz2a.Y = y << 4

xyz2a.Z = z

xyz2b.X = (x+w) << 4

xyz2b.Y = (y+h) << 4

xyz2b.Z = z

testb.ZTE = 1

testb.ZTST = ztest

### **Return value**

Size of the sceGsClear structure (in words)

### sceGsSetDefClear2

Generate buffer clear data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefClear2(

sceGsClear \*cp, Address of the structure for setting up buffer clear

short ztest, Depth testing method

0: no depth testing (Z-buffer not used)

1: Draw all pixels regardless of Z-buffer value

2: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than or equal

to the Z-buffer value

3: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than the

Z-buffer value

Upper left coordinate of clear area short x, short y, short w, short h, Width, height of clear area (in pixels)

Clear value for frame buffer u\_char r, u\_char g, u\_char b, u\_char a,

 $u_int z$ Clear value for Z-buffer

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function loads buffer clear data into the members of the specified sceGsClear structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, A+D) is placed immediately before the structure and information is transferred to the GIF, the context 2 frame buffer will be cleared to the values specified by r, g, b, a, and likewise, the context 2 Z-buffer will be cleared to the value specified by z.

If ztest is set to 1-3, the depth testing method is set temporarily to ALWAYS, the frame buffer and the Zbuffer are cleared, and the method specified in ztest is set up.

If ztest is set to 0, the function performs an action equivalent to ztest = 1, therefore it must be used with ZMSK of ZBUF set to 1.

#### **Notes**

If ztest != 0, the following values will be loaded into the members of the sceGsClear structure. Values can be changed as needed.

testa.ZTE = 1

testa.ZTST = 1

prim = 6(SPRITE)

rgbaq.R = r

rgbaq.G = g

rgbaq.B = b

rgbaq.A = a

rgbaq.Q = 1.0f

xyz2a.X = x << 4xyz2a.Y = y << 4xyz2a.Z = zxyz2b.X = (x+w) << 4xyz2b.Y = (y+h) << 4xyz2b.Z = ztestb.ZTE = 1

testb.ZTST = ztest

### **Return value**

Size of the sceGsClear structure (in words)

### sceGsSetDefDBuff

Set up double buffering

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGsSetDefDBuff(

sceGsDBuff \*db, Address of structure used to set up double buffering

short psm, Draw pixel format

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

Width, height of display/drawing environment (in pixels) short w, short h,

short ztest. Method used for depth testing

0: No depth testing (Z-buffer mask)

1: Draw all pixels regardless of Z-buffer value

2: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than or equal

to to the Z-buffer value

3: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than the

Z-buffer value

short zpsm Format in which Z values are stored (only valid when ztest!=0

> 0: PSMZ32 1: PSMZ24 2: PSMZ16 10: PSMZ16S

Clearing of drawing area short clear)

> 0: Do not clear 1: Clear

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the given arguments to load values into the two sets of drawing environment/display environment/buffer clear data structures contained in the double buffer information structure.

If 1 is specified for clear, the frame buffer and the Z-buffer will be cleared when the double buffers are swapped using the sceGsSwapDBuff() function.

This function can only be used to set the context 1 environment.

If the function is called with ztest = 0, ztest = 1 ZBUF.ZMSK=1 is set.

#### **Notes**

If clear = 1 and psm = PSMCT32 are specified in interlace/FRAME mode, this function will load the following member values into the structure. The values can be changed if necessary.

Table 2-1: Loaded member values

Item	Description
disp[0]	Results from sceGsSetDefDispEnv(&db->disp[0], psm, w, h, 0, 0)
disp[1]	Results from sceGsSetDefDispEnv(&db->disp[1], $psm$ , $w$ , $h$ , 0, 0) where disp[1].dispfb.FBP = $((w+63)/64)^*((h+31)/32)$
draw0	Results from sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(&db->draw0, psm, w, h, ztest, zpsm) where draw0.frame1.FBP = $((w+63)/64)*((h+31)/32)$
draw1	Results from sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(&db->draw1, psm, w, h, ztest, zpsm)
clear0	Results from sceGsSetDefClear(&db->clear0, ztest, 2048-(w>>1), 2048-(h>>1), w, h, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
clear1	Results from sceGsSetDefClear(&db->clear1, ztest, 2048-(w>>1), 2048-(h>>1), w, h, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)

### **Return value**

None

### sceGsSetDefDBuffDc

Set up double buffering

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGsSetDefDBuffDc(

sceGsDBuffDc \*db, Address of structure used to set up double buffering

short psm, Draw pixel format

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

Width, height of display/drawing environment (in pixels) short w, short h,

short ztest. Method used for depth testing

0: No depth testing (Z-buffer mask)

1: Draw all pixels regardless of Z-buffer value

2: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than or equal

to the Z-buffer value

3: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than the

Z-buffer value

short zpsm Format in which Z values are stored (only valid when

> ztest!=0) 0: PSMZ32 1: PSMZ24 2: PSMZ16 10: PSMZ16S

Clearing of drawing area short clear)

> 0: Do not clear 1: Clear

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the given arguments to load values into the two sets of drawing environment/display environment/buffer clear data structures contained in the double buffer information structure.

If 1 is specified for clear, the frame buffer and the Z-buffer will be cleared when the double buffers are swapped using the sceGsSwapDBuff() function.

This function can be used to set both the context 1 and context 2 environments.

If the function is called with ztest = 0, ztest = 1 ZBUF.ZMSK=1 is set.

#### **Notes**

If clear = 1 and psm = PSMCT32 are specified in interlace/FRAME mode, this function will load the following member values into the structure. The values can be changed if necessary.

Table 2-2: Loaded member values

Item	Description
disp[0]	results from sceGsSetDefDispEnv(&db->disp[0], psm, w, h, 0, 0)
disp[1]	results from sceGsSetDefDispEnv(&db->disp[1], psm, w, h, 0, 0) where disp[1].dispfb.FBP = $((w+63)/64)*((h+31)/32)$
draw01	results from sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(&db->draw01, psm, w, h, ztest, zpsm) where draw01.frame1.FBP = $((w+63)/64)*((h+31)/32)$
draw02	results from sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(&db->draw02, psm, w, h, ztest, zpsm) where draw02.frame1.FBP = ((w+63)/64)*((h+31)/32)
draw11	results from sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(&db->draw11, psm, w, h, ztest, zpsm)
draw12	results from sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(&db->draw12, psm, w, h, ztest, zpsm)
clear0	results from sceGsSetDefClear(&db->clear0, ztest, 2048-(w>>1), 2048-(h>>1), w, h, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
clear1	results from sceGsSetDefClear(&db->clear1, ztest, 2048-(w>>1), 2048-(h>>1), w, h, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)

### Return value

None

### sceGsSetDefDispEnv

Generate display environment data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceGsSetDefDispEnv(

sceGsDispEnv \*disp, Address of structure used to set up the display

environment

Pixel format short psm,

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

short w, short h, Width, height of display area (in pixels)

Position on TV screen of the upper left point of the display short dx, short dy)

area (in pixels)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function loads values into the members of the display environment structure.

#### **Notes**

If interlace/FRAME mode is specified, this function loads the following values into the members of the structure. These values can be reset if necessary.

#### NTSC mode:

pmode = 0x66smode2 = 3dispfb2.PSM = psm;dispfb.FBW = (w >> 6) << 9display2.DH = ((h << 1)-1) << 44display2.DW = (0x9ff) < < 32display2.MAGH = (((2560+w-1)/w)-1) << 23display2.DY = (50+dy) << 12display2.DX =  $0x27c + (dx^*(2560/w))$ bgcolor = 0

### PAL mode:

```
pmode = 0x66
smode2 = 3
dispfb2.PSM = psm;
dispfb.FBW = (w >> 6) << 9
display2.DH = ((h << 1)-1) << 44
display2.DW = (0x9ff) < < 32
display2.MAGH = (((2560+w-1)/w)-1) << 23
display2.DY = 72+dy
display2.DX = 0x290 + (dx*(2560/w))
bgcolor = 0
```

### Return value

None

### sceGsSetDefDrawEnv

Generate drawing environment data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefDrawEnv(

sceGsDrawEnv1 \*draw. Address of structure used to set up the drawing

environment

short psm, Draw pixel format

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

short w, short h, Width, height of drawing area (in pixels)

short ztest, Depth testing method

0: No depth testing (Z-buffer mask)

1: Draw all pixels regardless of Z-buffer value

2: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than or equal

to the Z-buffer value

3: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than the

Z-buffer value

short zpsm) Z-value storage format (valid only when ztest!=0)

> 0: PSMZ32 1: PSMZ24 2: PSMZ16 10: PSMZ16S

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function loads values into the members of the drawing environment structure for context 1.

#### **Notes**

When cached is specified for draw, the contents of draw will be cache-resident when this function completes. Therefore, the D-cache must be flushed back to memory before performing a DMA transfer. If the function is called with ztest = 0, ztest = 1 ZBUF.ZMSK=1 is set.

When ztest != 0 and psm = PSMCT32, the following member values are generated by this function. These values can be changed if necessary.

frame1.PSM = psm

frame1.FBW = w

zbuf1.ZBP = ((w+63)/64)\*((h+31)/32)\*2;

zbuf1.ZPSM = zpsm

xyoffset1.OFX = (2048 - (w>>1)) << 4;

xyoffset1.OFY = (2048 - (h>>1)) << 4;

scissor1.SCAX1 = w-1scissor1.SCAY1 = h-1 prmodecont.AC = 1colclamp.CLAMP = 1 dthe.DTHE = 0test1.ZTE = 1test1.ZTST = ztest

### **Return value**

Size of the sceGsDrawEnv1 structure (in words)

### sceGsSetDefDrawEnv2

Generate drawing environment data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefDrawEnv2(

sceGsDrawEnv2 \*draw. Address of structure used to set up the drawing

environment

short psm, Draw pixel format

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

short w, short h, Width, height of drawing area (in pixels)

short ztest, Depth testing method

0: No depth testing (Z-buffer mask)

1: Draw all pixels regardless of Z-buffer value

2: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than or equal

to the Z-buffer value

3: Draw pixels whose Z values are greater than the

Z-buffer value

Z-value storage format (valid only when *ztest*!=0) **short** zpsm)

> 0: PSMZ32 1: PSMZ24 2: PSM716 10: PSMZ16S

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function loads values into the members of the drawing environment structure for context 2.

#### **Notes**

When cached is specified for draw, the contents of draw will be cache-resident when this function completes. Therefore, the D-cache must be flushed back to memory before performing a DMA transfer.

PRMODECONT, COLCLAMP and DTHE cannot be switched with the context. Be careful if the values are different for context 1. If the function is called with ztest = 0, ztest = 1 ZBUF.ZMSK=1 is set.

When ztest = 0 and psm = PSMCT32, the following member values are generated by this function. These values can be changed if necessary.

frame2.PSM = psmframe2.FBW = wzbuf2.ZBP = ((w+63)/64)\*((h+31)/32)\*2;zbuf2.ZPSM = zpsm

xyoffset2.OFX = (2048 - (w >> 1)) << 4;

```
xyoffset2.OFY = (2048 - (h>>1)) << 4;
scissor2.SCAX1 = W-1
scissor2.SCAY1 = h-1
prmodecont.AC = 1
colclamp.CLAMP = 1
dthe.DTHE = 0
test2.ZTE = 1
test2.ZTST = ztest
```

### **Return value**

Size of the sceGsDrawEnv2 structure (in words)

### sceGsSetDefLoadImage

Set up LoadImage information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefLoadImage(

sceGsLoadImage \*/p, Address of structure used to set up LoadImage

information

Base address of destination buffer for dbp transfer short dbp,

(actual address will be *dbp* x 64)

short dbw. Width of dbw destination buffer

(actual width will be dbw x 64)

dpsm Pixel format for data transfer short dpsm,

> 0: PSMCT32 (pixel size: 32bit) 1: PSMCT24 (pixel size: 24bit) 2: PSMCT16 (pixel size: 16bit) 10: PSMCT16S (pixel size: 16bit) 19: PSMT8 (pixel size: 8bit) 20: PSMT4 (pixel size: 4bit)

27: PSMT8H (pixel size: 8bit) 36: PSMT4HL (pixel size: 4bit) 44: PSMT4HH (pixel size: 4bit) 48: PSMZ32 (pixel size: 32bit) 49: PSMZ24 (pixel size: 24bit) 50: PSMZ16 (pixel size: 16bit) 58: PSMZ16S (pixel size: 16bit)

Upper left coordinates for transfer destination area short x, short y,

Width, height of transfer area (in pixels) **short** *w***, short** *h***)** 

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets up a structure for transferring image data to the GS via PATH3. The structure contains a GIFtag so it can be sent directly to the GS before the image data is transferred. The size of the image data (w x h x pixel size) must be a multiple of 16 bytes and must be 32767 x 16 bytes or less.

If the pixel size is 8 bits, x and w must be multiples of 2. If the pixel size is 4 bits, x and w must be multiples of 4.

#### Notes

This function loads the following values into the members of the sceGsLoadImage structure. These values can be changed if necessary.

bitbltbuf.DBP = dbpbitbltbuf.DBW = dbwbitbltbuf.DPSM = dpsm

```
trxpos.DSAX = x
trxpos.DSAY = y
trxreg.RRW = w
trxreg.RRH = h
```

The sceGsExecLoadImage() function can be used to easily perform data transfers using the sceGsLoadImage structure.

### **Return value**

Size of the sceGsLoadImage structure (in words)

### sceGsSetDefStoreImage

Set up Storelmage information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefStoreImage(

sceGsStoreImage \*SD, Address of structure used to set up Storelmage

information

Base address of transfer destination buffer short sbp,

(actual address will be sbp x 64)

short sbw. Width of transfer source buffer

(actual width will be sbw x 64)

Pixel format of transfer data short spsm,

0: PSMCT32 (pixel size: 32bit) 1: PSMCT24 (pixel size: 24bit) 2: PSMCT16 (pixel size: 16bit) 10: PSMCT16S (pixel size: 16bit) 19: PSMT8 (pixel size: 8bit) 27: PSMT8H (pixel size: 8bit) 48: PSMZ32 (pixel size: 32bit) 49: PSMZ24 (pixel size: 24bit) 50: PSMZ16 (pixel size: 16bit) 58: PSMZ16S (pixel size: 16bit)

short x, short y, Upper left coordinates for transfer source Width, height of transfer area (in pixels) **short** *w***, short** *h***)** 

Note: Due to hardware specifications, PSMT4, PSMT4HH and PSMT4HL local to host transfers are not possible. The data must first be obtained in another mode and then rearranged.

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets up a structure for transferring image data to the GS via PATH2. The structure contains a GIFtag so it can be sent directly to the GS.

The size of the image data (w x h x pixel size) must be a multiple of 16 bytes and must be 32767 x 16 bytes or smaller.

If the pixel size is 8 bits, x and w must be multiples of 2.

#### **Notes**

This function loads the following values into the members of the sceGsStoreImage structure. These values can be changed as needed.

vifcode[0] = VIFNOP

vifcode[1] = VIFMSKPATH3 (MASK on)

```
vifcode[2] = VIFFLUSHA
vifcode[3] = DIRECT
bitbltbuf,SBP = sbp
bitbltbuf.SBW = sbw
bitbltbuf.SPSM = spsm
trxpos.SSAX = x
trxpos.SSAY = y
trxreg.RRW = w
trxreg.RRH = h
trxdir.DIR = 1
```

The sceGsExecStoreImage() function can be used to easily perform data transfers using the sceGsStoreImage structure.

### **Return value**

Size of the sceGsStoreImage structure

### sceGsSetDefTexEnv

Generate texture environment settings

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int sceGsSetDefTexEnv(

sceGsTexEnv \*tp, Address of texture information settings structure

short flush, Disable texture page buffer

0: Do not disable

1: Disable

short tbp0, Base address of texture buffer

(actual address will be tbp0 x 64)

short tbw, Width of texture buffer

(actual width will be tbw x 64)

Format in which texture pixels are saved short psm,

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S 19: PSMT8 20: PSMT4 27: PSMT8H 36: PSMT4HL 44: PSMT4HH 48: PSMZ32 49: PSMZ24

50: PSMZ16 58: PSMZ16S

Width, height of texture short w, h,

(Actual size will be 2\(^w\) and 2\(^h\)

short tfx HILIGHT2

Base address of CLUT data short cbp,

(actual address will be cbp x 64)

Format in which CLUT entries are saved short cpsm,

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

short cld. Loading of CLUT buffer

> 0: Do not load 1: Load from cbp

2: Load from cbp and enter cbp value in the CBP0

register of the GS

3: Load from cbp and enter cbp value in the CBP1 register of the GS

4: If CBP0!=cbp, load and set CBP0 to cbp 5: If CBP1!=cbp, load and set CBP1 to cbp short filter) Filtering method

> 0: NEAREST 1: LINEAR

2: NEAREST\_MIPMAP\_NEAREST 3: NEAREST MIPMAP LINEAR 4: LINEAR\_MIPMAP\_NEAREST

5: LINEAR\_MIPMAP\_LINEAR

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function loads texture settings information for context 1 into the members of the sceGsTexEnv structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before the structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF.

Note that if the structure is cached, data will not be transferred properly unless the D-cache is flushed back to memory.

When transferring a new texture to the GS, the texture should be reset using a sceGsTexEnv structure that was generated with flush set to 1.

### **Notes**

This function loads the following values into the members of the sceGsTexEnv structure. Other values can be used if necessary.

tex01.TBP0 = tbp0

tex01.TBW = tbw

tex01.PSM = psm

tex01.TW = w

tex01.TH = h

tex01.TCC = 1

tex01.TFX = tfx

tex01.CBP = cbp

tex01.CPSM = cpsm

tex01.CLD = cld

tex11.MMAG = filter & 1

tex11.MMIN = filter

clamp1.WMS = 1

clamp1.WMT = 1

#### Return value

Size of the sceGsTexEnv structure (in words)

### sceGsSetDefTexEnv2

Generate texture environment settings

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGsSetDefTexEnv2(

sceGsTexEnv2 \*tp, Address of texture information settings structure

short flush, Disable texture page buffer

0: Do not disable

1: Disable

short tbp0, Base address of texture buffer

(actual address will be tbp0 x 64)

short tbw, Width of texture buffer

(actual width will be tbw x 64)

short psm, Format in which texture pixels are saved

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S 19: PSMT8 20: PSMT4 27: PSMT8H 36: PSMT4HL 44: PSMT4HH 48: PSMZ32 49: PSMZ24

50: PSMZ16 58: PSMZ16S

Width, height of texture short w, h,

(Actual size will be 2\(^w\) and 2\(^h\)

short tfx Texture functions

> 0: MODULATE 1: DECAL 2: HILIGHT 3: HILIGHT2

short cbp, Base address of CLUT data

(actual address will be cbp x 64)

short cpsm, Format in which CLUT entries are saved

> 0: PSMCT32 1: PSMCT24 2: PSMCT16 10: PSMCT16S

short cld, Loading of CLUT buffer

> 0: Do not load 1: Load from cbp

2: Load from cbp and enter cbp value in the CBP0

register of the GS

3: Load from cbp and enter cbp value in the CBP1

register of the GS

4: If CBP0!=cbp, load and set CBP0 to cbp

5: If CBP1!=cbp, load and set CBP1 to cbp

short filter) Filtering method

0: NEAREST

1: LINEAR

2: NEAREST\_MIPMAP\_NEAREST 3: NEAREST\_MIPMAP\_LINEAR 4: LINEAR MIPMAP NEAREST 5: LINEAR\_MIPMAP\_LINEAR

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function loads texture settings information for context 2 into the members of the sceGsTexEnv2 structure.

When a GIFtag (PACKED mode, REGS=A+D) is placed in memory immediately before the structure, information can be transferred directly to the GIF. Note that if the structure is cached, data will not be transferred properly unless the D-cache is flushed back to memory.

When transferring a new texture to the GS, the texture should be reset using a sceGsTexEnv2 structure that was generated with flush set to 1.

#### **Notes**

This function loads the following values into the members of the sceGsTexEnv2 structure. Other values can be used if necessary.

tex02.TBP0 = tbp0

tex02.TBW = tbw

tex02.PSM = psm

tex02.TW = w

tex02.TH = h

tex02.TCC = 1

tex02.TFX = tfx

tex02.CBP = cbp

tex02.CPSM = cpsm

tex02.CLD = cld

tex12.MMAG = filter & 1

tex12.MMIN = filter

clamp2.WMS = 1

clamp2.WMT = 1

### Return value

Size of the sceGsTexEnv2 structure (in words)

### sceGsSetHalfOffset

Generate drawing offset data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGsSetHalfOffset( sceGsDrawEnv1 \*draw,

short centerx, short centery,

short halfoff)

Address of structure for setting up drawing environment

Coordinate at center of drawing area

Offset addition control

0: Do not add 1: Add

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function calculates the drawing offset coordinate from the center coordinate of the drawing area and sets up xyoffset1 in the drawing environment structure.

If halfoff is set to 1, the offset is incremented by 8 in the y direction as a half-pixel increment.

#### **Notes**

In interlaced mode, the apparent vertical resolution can be made to be double the number of scan lines by drawing frames where the odd fields and the even fields are shifted by half a pixel.

If the buffer is set to FRAME mode, the images can be drawn shifted by a half-pixel by shifting the offset values for both fields by a half-pixel.

### Return value

None

### sceGsSetHalfOffset2

Generate drawing offset data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceGsSetHalfOffset2( sceGsDrawEnv2 \*draw, short centerx, short centery,

short halfoff)

Address of structure for setting up drawing environment

Coordinate at center of drawing area

Offset addition control

0: Do not add 1: Add

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function calculates the drawing offset coordinate from the center coordinate of the drawing area and sets up xyoffset2 in the drawing environment structure for context 2.

If halfoff is set to 1, the offset is incremented by 8 in the y direction as a half-pixel increment.

#### **Notes**

In interlaced mode, the apparent vertical resolution can be made to be double the number of scan lines by drawing frames where the odd fields and the even fields are shifted by half a pixel.

If the buffer is set to FRAME mode, the images can be drawn shifted by a half-pixel by shifting the offset values for both fields by a half-pixel.

### Return value

None

### sceGsSwapDBuff

Swap double buffers

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGsSwapDBuff(

sceGsDBuff \*db, Address of structure containing double buffer settings

int id) Buffer number (only lowermost bit is valid)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Using the id argument, this function sets up the GS for one of the two drawing environments and display environments in the double buffer information structure.

This function can only be used to set the context 1 environment.

#### **Notes**

If the db double buffer information structure is cached, this function should be called after flushing the Dcache back to memory.

#### **Return value**

Termination status

0: Normal termination

-1: Timeout (when a preceding Ch.2 DMA has not finished)

### sceGsSwapDBuffDc

Swap double buffers

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceGsSwapDBuffDc(

sceGsDBuffDc \*db, Address of structure containing double buffer settings

int id) Buffer number (only lowermost bit is valid)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Using the id argument, this function sets up the GS for one of the two drawing environments and display environments in the double buffer information structure.

This function can be used to set both the context 1 and context 2 environments.

#### **Notes**

If the db double buffer information structure is cached, this function should be called after flushing the Dcache back to memory.

#### **Return value**

Termination status

0: Normal termination

-1: Timeout (when a preceding Ch.2 DMA has not finished)

### sceGsSyncPath

Wait for data transfer to finish

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### int sceGsSyncPath(

Wait mode int mode.

0: Block until wait condition is released

1: Don't block and return the busy status of the devices

u\_short timeout) Timeout counter

0: System default (approximately 4 VSyncs)

Positive value: Timeout interval (in HSyncs) (\* not supported yet)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

If the mode argument is set to 0, the program will be blocked until the devices in the datapath (PATH1, 2, 3) are idle. If the transfer is not completed during the interval specified by timeout, a message will be sent to standard output and the function will exit with an error. If this happens, locked devices will remain locked and nothing will be reset.

The timeout argument specifies the waiting interval in maximum number of HSyncs. If timeout is specified as 0, the function will wait for a 4 VSync (1050 HSync) interval. If the mode argument is specified as 1, the busy status of the devices in the datapath at that instant will be returned.

With the mode argument set to 0, before completion, the contents of the registers are printed on the debug console.

D1 CHCR, D1 TADR, D1 MADR, D1 QWC D2\_CHCR, D2\_TADR, D2\_MADR, D2\_QWC VIF1\_STAT, GIF\_STAT

#### Return value

Exit status.

When mode == 0.

0: Normal termination

Negative value: Abnormal termination (timeout)

When mode == 1,

0: Wait condition is released

Positive value: Busy status of the following devices

31	4	3	2	1	0
	G	٧	٧	D	D
	1	U	Ι	Μ	М
	F	1	F	Α	Α
			1	2	1

0: idle 1: busy

### sceGsSyncV

Wait for sync with V-Blank

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

### int sceGsSyncV(

Reserved (specify 0) int mode)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Blocks program until a V-Blank interval starts.

The mode argument is provided for a future extension. For the current version, the argument should always be set to 0.

This function cannot be used together with the EE kernel service functions AddIntcHandler(INTC\_VBLANK\_S, ,) or AddIntcHandler2(INTC\_VBLANK\_S, ,). Use this function together with sceGsSyncVCallback instead of AddIntcHandler(INTC\_VBLANK\_S, ,) or AddIntcHandler2(INTC\_VBLANK\_S, ,).

#### Return value

FIELD information for interlaced mode

0: Even field

1: Odd field

A 1 is always returned for non-interlaced mode

### sceGsSyncVCallback

Set up VSync callback

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libgraph	1.1	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### int \*sceGsSyncVCallback(

int (\*func)(int))

Entry address for callback function

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets up the callback function which is called at the start of a V-Blank interval. The previous setting will be discarded.

The entry address of the function will be saved as the sceGsVSCfunc global variable.

Calling sceGsResetGraph(0) will clear the Vsync callback function setting.

This function uses the AddIntcHandler kernel service function. If the callback function returns a -1, the other Vsync interrupt handlers registered using AddIntcHandler may not be called.

Since func functions are executed as interrupt handlers, special care is required when programming. Refer to the "Interrupt Handler Descriptions" section of \overview\eekernel for details.

The interrupt handler that was previously registered can be deleted by specifying NULL for the argument.

If a previously registered interrupt handler exists, and a second interrupt handler is registered, the function will internally delete the first interrupt handler and it will not be called. Use the kernel service function AddIntcHandler() to register second and subsequent interrupt handlers. DisableIntc() should be used to temporarily disable interrupts before adding an interrupt handler. Afterwards, use EnableIntc() to re-enable interrupts.

This function can be used together with sceGsSyncV.

### Return value

The entry address for the previously set up callback function.

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# **Functions**

## sceHiDMADel\_Chain

Delete chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMADel\_Chain(

sceHiDMAChainID\_t id)

Chain ID to be deleted

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function deletes a DMA Chain id that was previously created. The deleted DMA Buffer area becomes an unused Dead area.

### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE The relevant chain does not exist

## $sceHiDMAGet_BufferPtr$

Get packet buffer pointer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiDMAGet\_BufferPtr(

u\_int \*\*addr)

Current buffer pointer value

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function returns the current buffer pointer value in addr.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAGet\_ChainAddr

Get chain address

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

u\_int \*\*ptr)

sceHiErr sceHiDMAGet\_ChainAddr( sceHiDMAChainID\_t id,

ID of chain for which address is to be obtained Obtained address storage location

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function returns the starting address of the chain indicated by id.

Note that this will not be a valid value after sceHiDMAPurge() is executed.

Use this function to obtain the address each time at necessary locations.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE

## sceHiDMAInit

Initialize DMA

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAInit(

void \*(\*func-alloc) (size\_t, saize\_t), Function for allocating buffer memory void (\*func-free)(void\*), Function for freeing allocated memory size\_t bsize) Buffer byte size

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function performs HiG DMA Service initialization.

This function should be called only once by an application that uses the HiG DMA Service.

When func is set to NULL, sceHiMemAlign() and sceHiMemFree() are used.

Also, the function assigned by func must be equivalent to the function void \* memalign(size\_t BOUNDARY, size\_t SIZE), which can allocate memory according to align and has for its arguments the number of align bytes for BOUNDARY and the allocation byte size for SIZE.

#### Example:

Specify 1K for a buffer. Use libc malloc.

sceHiDMAInit(memalign, free, 1024 \* 1024);

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP Memory allocation failed

#### sceHiDMAInit DBuf

Initialize double buffer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAInit\_DBuf(

int start, Beginning of Double Buffer int end) End of Double Buffer

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function makes settings for performing double buffering in VU1's VU MEM.

The start and end arguments indicate the start and end of the Double Buffer, respectively.

Note that these arguments are addresses that are specified in units of qwords. (That is, they must be values from 0 to 1024.)

Buffering should be selected by the micro code itself (XTOP instruction).

When setting data in the Double Buffer, addresses should be specified by considering the start of the Double Buffer as address 0.

Also, call sceHiDMAMakeDBufStart() before creating a data transfer chain in the Double Buffer, and call sceHiDMAMakeDBufEnd() after creating the data transfer chain.

All transfer instruction chains between StartDBuf and EndDBuf are created as transfer instructions in the Double Buffer.

#### Example:

Use the area from 120 to the end as the Double Buffer

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP Buffer overflow

sceHiDMAInit\_DBuf(120, 1024);

# sceHiDMAMake\_CallID

Create packet for calling chain with ID

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_CallID(

sceHiDMAChainID\_t id)

ID of chain to be called

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for calling a previously created chain.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE The relevant chain does not exist

Buffer overflow SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP

# sceHiDMAMake\_CallPtr

Create packet for calling a chain with a pointer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_CallPtr(

Pointer to chain to be called u\_int ptr)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for calling a previously created chain located at ptr.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_ChainEnd

End chain creation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_ChainEnd(

Address of variable that stores ID for referencing \*id) created packet chain

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function declares the end of packet chain creation.

sceHiDMAMakeChainStart() and sceHiDMAMakeChainEnd() functions must be paired in a one-to-one correspondence.

If an attempt is made to end the creation of a packet chain without one having been started, an error will be

The generated packet chain is later controlled using the id.

## Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP Memory allocation failed SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Chain not started SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP Buffer overflow

# sceHiDMAMake\_ChainStart

Start chain creation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_ChainStart(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function declares the start of packet chain creation.

sceHiDMAMakeChainStart() and sceHiDMAMakeChainEnd() functions must be paired in a one-to-one correspondence.

If the creation of a packet chain has been started and not ended, an error will be returned.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE A chain that has not been ended already exists

# sceHiDMAMake\_ContinueMicro

Restart execution of micro code

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_ContinueMicro(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates a packet for restarting a micro code program that has been stopped.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_DBufEnd

End creation of double buffer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_DBufEnd(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function declares the end of transfer instruction packet creation in the Double Buffer.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE MakeDBufStart has not been executed

# sceHiDMAMake\_DBufStart

Start Double Buffer creation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_DBufStart(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function declares the start of transfer instruction packet creation in the Double Buffer.

To transfer a chain to the Double Buffer, call this function immediately before the step for creating that chain.

All packet creation instructions up until sceHiDMAMakeD\_BufEnd() is executed are assumed to be instructions in the Double Buffer.

When transferring to the Double Buffer, addresses should be specified as relative addresses with the start of the Double Buffer assumed to be 0.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE No Double Buffer settings were found

# sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainEnd

End dynamic chain creation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainEnd(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function is used to declare the end of dynamic packet creation.

The sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainStart() and sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainEnd() functions must be paired in one-to-one correspondence.

If an attempt is made to end dynamic chain creation without it having been started, an error is returned.

Regist is automatically performed for the packet chain that was created and operations with id are not accepted. In addition, after the packet chain is transferred with sceHiDMASend(), the buffer that was used is automatically freed.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing succeeded

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Processing failed

# sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainStart

Start dynamic chain creation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainStart(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function is used to declare the start of dynamic packet creation.

The sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainStart() and sceHiDMAMake\_DynamicChainEnd() functions must be paired in one-to-one correspondence.

If an attempt is made to start dynamic chain creation without an end, an error is returned.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing succeeded

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Processing failed

# sceHiDMAMake\_ExecMicro

Start execution of micro code

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_ExecMicro(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for executing the MICRO CODE that is in the Micro Memory of VU1.

The starting execution location is fixed at 0x0000.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_LoadGS

Transfer data to the GS

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LoadGS(

EE transfer-source address u\_int \*ptr, size\_t qsize) Transfer amount (qword size)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for directly transferring the amount of data specified by *qsize* starting from ptr of the EE, to the GS.

A suitable GIF tag must be attached to the data that is located at ptr.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_LoadGSLump

Transfer data to GS

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LoadGSLump(

EE transfer-source address u\_int \*ptr, size\_t qsize) Transfer amount (qword size)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Creates a command packet for directly transferring the data starting from the EE ptr address to the GS in sections of qsize.

This function is different from sceHiDMAMake\_LoadGS() in that the data starting from ptr is not referenced directly but is used after copying it to the packet buffer in sections of qsize.

This function is used when you do not want to make a separate memory allocate, or when transferring data etc. that is created locally within the function.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_LoadImm

Transfer data with an immediate value

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LoadImm

VU1 transfer-destination address u\_int \*addr, qword imm) qword immediate value

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for transferring the qword immediate value imm to the VU1 address specified by addr.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_LoadMicro

Transfer micro code

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LoadMicro(

Micro code address char \*code, Micro code qword size size\_t qsize)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates a transfer instruction packet for loading a sequence of micro instructions into the MICRO MEMORY of VU1.

The loading location currently is fixed at micro memory address 0x0000.

## Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_LoadPtr

Transfer data with a pointer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LoadPtr(

VU1 transfer-destination address u\_int \*addr, EE transfer-source address u\_int ptr, size\_t qsize) Transfer volume (qword size)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for transferring the amount of data specified by qsize starting from ptr of the EE, to the VU1 address specified by addr.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAMake\_LoadStep

Transfer data with offset

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LoadStep(

VU1 transfer-destination address u int \*addr, u\_int \*ptr, EE transfer-source address Total size of transfer data (qword size) size\_t qsize, Transfer-source partition size int n, int ofs) Transfer-destination skip amount

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

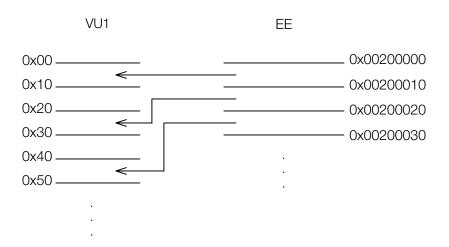
#### **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for loading an amount of data specified by qsize, starting from ptr of the EE to the VU1 address specified by addr, while skipping an interval of ofs every n qwords.

Example: Load 100 qwords starting at 0x00200000 of the EE to 0x00 of VU1 while skipping one qword every one qword.

sceHiLoadVU1\_step(0x00, 0x00200000, 100, 1, 1)

Figure 3-1



## Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

Buffer overflow SCE HIG NO HEAP

# sceHiDMAMake\_Lump

Create packet with immediate data string

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_Lump(

Immediate data value (qword) qword imm)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

See sceHiDMAMake\_LumpStart().

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Packet creation has not been started

# sceHiDMAMake\_LumpEnd

End packet creation with immediate data string

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LumpEnd(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

See the description of **sceHiDMAMake\_LumpStart()**.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Attempt was made to end packet creation that had not been started

# sceHiDMAMake\_LumpStart

Start packet creation with immediate data string

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_LumpStart(

VU1 transfer-destination address u\_int \*addr)

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet for transferring a data string in one lump. The data string should have been assigned by a sceHiDMAMake\_Lump() function, which was called between the sceHiDMAMake LumpStart() and sceHiDMAMake LumpEnd() functions. These functions are used when sending consecutive immediate data values to the VU1 location addr, for which the start of lump transfer was declared (Lump transfer start declaration).

LumpStart and LumpEnd cannot be nested.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Attempt to start packet creation when packet creation has not been ended

# sceHiDMAMake\_WaitMicro

Wait for micro code

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAMake\_WaitMicro(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function creates an instruction packet that waits for the micro code program to stop.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMAPurge

Reconfigure chain buffer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMAPurge(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function exists only for compatibility with earlier versions. Currently, there is no need to call it.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiDMARegist

Register chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMARegist(

sceHiDMAChainID\_t id) ID of chain for which a transfer is to be registered

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function registers a chain that was created during the packet chain creation step as an actual transfer chain.

The contents of every frame transfer must be registered.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Relevant chain does not exist

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Relevant chain was already registered

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE Chain has been destroyed

# sceHiDMASend

DMA transfer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMASend (void);

#### Calling conditions

Cannot be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function actually performs DMA transfers of a transfer registration chain that was created by repeatedly executing sceHiDMARegist(). This function also flushes the cache internally.

To perform transfers within an interrupt handler, use the sceHiDMASendI() function.

```
Example << Entire Flow >>
foo_init()
    sceHiDMAInit(...);
    sceHiDMAMake_ChainStart();
     << making packet ...
    sceHiDMAMake_ChainEnd(&global_id1);
    sceHiDMAMake_ChainStart();
<< making packet ...
    sceHiDMAMake_ChainEnd(&global_id2);
main()
    foo_init()
    while (1) {
     sceHiDMARegist(global_id1);
     sceHiDMARegist(global_id2);
     sceHiDMASend();
     sceGsSyncV(0);
}
```

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

## sceHiDMASendI

Perform DMA transfer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMASendI(void)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function enables sceHiDMASend() to be called from within an interrupt handler.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing succeeded

# sceHiDMASet\_BufferPtr

Set buffer pointer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiDMASet\_BufferPtr(

u\_int \*addr)

**BufferPointer** 

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the Buffer Pointer that is used by the HiG DMA Service.

Normally, the buffer pointer is managed automatically. However, this function is required to modify a previously created packet.

This function is used together with sceHiDMAGetPtr().

The user is responsible for returning the Buffer Pointer to its original value.

Example:

After lumping is specified for data[0], data[1], data[2], and data[3], change the contents of data[2].

```
int foo (void)
{
     sceHiDMAMake_LumpStart(lump_addr);
     sceHiDMAMake_Lump(data[0]);
     sceHiDMAMake_Lump(data[1]);
     sceHiDMAGetPtr(change_addr);
     sceHiDMAMake_Lump(data[2]);
     sceHiDMAMake_Lump(data[3]);
     sceHiDMAMake_LumpEnd();
     if (is_change_2) {
            sceHiDMAGetPtr(save_ptr);
            sceHiDMASetPtr(change_addr);
            sceHiDMAMake_Lump(change_data);
            sceHiDMASetPtr(save_ptr);
     }
}
```

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiDMASwap

Swap DMA registration buffer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiDMASwap(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function swaps the buffer used for chains for which transfer was reserved using the sceHiDMARegist() function. It enables DMA chains to be created and registered in the background of DMA transfer processing.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing succeeded

## sceHiDMAWait

Wait for end of DMA transfer

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiDMAWait(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function waits for the end of DMA transfer processing. Its action is equivalent to that of sceGsSyncPath(0, 0).

When using the DMA service to perform DMA transfers, always call sceHiDMAWait() to wait for the transfer to end.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing succeeded

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# **Structures**

## sceHiData

Data block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiData {

sceHiType type; Data type of the data

char count; Number of plug-ins that are currently using this data

(part of system management information)

char reserve[3]; Reserved area for future expansion

u\_int size; Data size (byte size)

u\_int data[1]; Data (variable-length array)

} sceHiData;

## **Description**

This is the data block type.

## sceHiErr

Error

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

```
typedef enum _sceHiErr
  SCE_HIG_NO_ERR,
  SCE_HIG_NO_HEAP,
  SCE_HIG_INVALID_VALUE,
  SCE_HIG_INVALID_DATA,
  SCE_HIG_FAILURE,
} sceHiErr;
```

## **Description**

The sceHiErr type is the ERROR type that is returned by library functions and plug-in functions.

The library sets values from 0 to 127 as library-reserved ERRORs.

Values of 128 and higher are handled as ERROR numbers specific to various plug-ins.

ERRORs having values of 128 and higher should be judged according to sceHiErrState information and ERROR number.

The following values can be entered for this variable.

Table 4-1

Constant	Meaning
SCE_HIG_NO_ERR	Normal (no ERROR)
SCE_HIG_NO_HEAP	Insufficient heap size
SCE_HIG_INVALID_VALUE	Invalid value
SCE_HIG_INVALID_DATA	Invalid data
SCE_HIG_FAILURE	Processing failure

# sceHiErrStateType

Error status

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiErrStateType {

Top parent plug-in of plug-in where ERROR occurred sceHiPlug \*top;

Plug-in where ERROR occurred sceHiPlug \*plug;

int process; Process number where ERROR occurred

**sceHiType** *type;* Type attribute of plug-in where ERROR occurred

const char \*mes; **ERROR** message

} sceHiErrStateType;

## **Description**

This is a structure for returning information about an ERROR that occurred within a plug-in.

The following variable exists as a global variable.

sceHiErrStateType sceHiErrState;

When an error is returned while a function that returns the sceHiErr type is being used, the state can be determined from this global variable.

For error details, refer to the mes contents.

# sceHiHeadData

Header data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	January 4, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_hig\_head\_data\_t {

char plug\_name[12]; Plug-in block-specific name struct \_sceHiPlug \*plug\_blk\_addr; Pointer to plug-in block

} sceHiHeadData;

## **Description**

This is the plug-in registration portion of the data format header information.

It indicates the type of the plug-in block to be used.

# sceHiHeader

Header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	January 4, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_hig\_head\_t {

u\_int ver; libhig version

Reserved area for future expansion u\_int reserve1; u\_int reserve2; Reserved area for future expansion

u\_int qsize; Header size (qword size)

} sceHiHeader;

# **Description**

First qword of data format header

This is managed by the library.

# sceHiList

Block list

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiList {

sceHiType type; Identification code

u\_int \*addr; "Relative/absolute" pointer to inserted plug-in

block/data block

u\_int reserve; Reserved area for future expansion

} sceHiList;

# **Description**

This is a structure for enumerating the inserted plug-in blocks and data blocks. addr is initially a relative address. Parsing is performed to rewrite it as an absolute address.

# sceHiPlug

Plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### Structure

typedef struct \_sceHiPlug {

sceHiType type; Type attribute of plug-in void \*myapi; Pointer to plug-in function

u\_int size; Size (gword size) of plug-in block

char nplug; Number of inserted plug-in blocks that have been set

in the plug-in block

char ndata; Number of data blocks that have been set in the

plug-in block

char reserve[6]; Reserved area for future expansion

u int stack; Stack location of management information to be used

by plug-in

u\_int args; Location for data communication between application

program and plug-in

Inserted plug-in block list or data block list qword list;

} sceHiPlug;

### **Description**

This is the plug-in block type.

For a virtual plug-in, the myapi member will contain NULL.

The args member acts as an interface for exchanging information between the user and plug-in function.

Arguments are passed to the plug-in by entering values in the args member and exchanging the information.

# sceHiPlugTable

Plug-in table

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	January 4, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiPlugTable {

sceHiType type; Type attribute of plug-in void \*func; Pointer to plug-in function

} sceHiPlugTable;

# **Description**

This is a plug-in registration structure that becomes an argument of sceHiRegistTable().

The type information of a plug-in is associated in a one-to-one fashion with a function pointer. Plug-ins which are not required should be deleted from this table.

# sceHiType

Type information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiType {

unsigned long repository:8; Plug-in and data repository identifier (constant value) Plug-in and data project identifier (constant value) unsigned long project:8; unsigned long category:8; Plug-in and data category identifier (constant value) unsigned long status:8; Plug-in and data status information (bit packed)

unsigned long id:24; Plug-in and data identifier

unsigned long revision:8; Plug-in and data revision number

} sceHiType;

# **Description**

An application programmer specifies a plug-in and data for the library by creating this sceHiType structure and passing it as an argument.

# **Functions**

# sceHiAddDataBlk

Add data block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiAddDataBlk(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Destination plug-in block sceHiData \*data;) Source data block

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function adds a data block to a plug-in block by finding an empty list location.

If no empty location is found, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiAddPlugBlk

Add plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiAddPlugBlk(

sceHiPlug \*plug1; Destination plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug2;) Source data block

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function adds the source plug-in block to the destination plug-in block by finding an empty list location.

If no empty location is found, an error is returned.

# Return value

# sceHiCallPlug

Call plug-in function

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

# **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiCallPlug(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Plug-in process identifier Source data block int process;)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function processes the plug-in block indicated by plug according to the value specified by process. If the plug-in block contains inserted plug-in blocks, the function is called recursively.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiContPlugListStatus

Resume plug-in function activation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiContPlugListStatus(

sceHiList \*/ist) Plug-in block list

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function resumes the activation of plug-in functions kept by the plug-in block at the beginning of the plug-in block list.

The fourth bit of the type attribute status is 0.

This function is called when sceHiCallPlug() is called.

To inhibit function activation, call sceHiStopPlugListStatus().

#### **Return value**

# sceHiContPlugStatus

Resume plug-in function activation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiContPlugStatus(

sceHiPlug \*plug) Plug-in block

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function resumes the activation of plug-in functions kept by the plug-in block.

The fourth bit of the type attribute status is 0.

This function is called when sceHiCallPlug() is called.

To inhibit function activation, call sceHiStopPlugStatus().

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetData

Get data block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetData(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Plug-in block address

u\_int \*\*data; Address of variable for receiving RAW data address

sceHiType type;) Type attribute that is the object of the search

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function searches the data blocks that are held by the plug-in block for the type attribute that matches the type argument value. It returns in the data argument the address of the RAW data that is maintained by the data block.

#### Return value

# sceHiGetDataPlace

Get data block list number

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetDataPlace(

Address of plug-in block to check sceHiPlug \*plug, Address of data block to check sceHiData \*data,

int \*ofs) List number of data

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns in ofs the list number position at which the address specified by data exists in the data list at the address specified by plug.

The ofs value that is returned is a list number that can be handled by a function such as sceHilnsDataBlk().

If the address specified by data does not exist in the data list at the address specified by plug, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetInsPlug

Get inserted plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetInsPlug(

sceHiPlug \*plug, Original plug-in block

Inserted plug-in block to be obtained sceHiPlug \*\*plug2,

sceHiType type) Inserted plug-in type attribute to be obtained

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns the address of the plug-in block that matches the specified type attribute among the inserted plug-in blocks.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetList

Get block list

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetList(

Plug-in block address sceHiPlug \*plug;

Address of variable for receiving the list item address sceHiList \*\*/ist;

sceHiType type); Type attribute that is the object of the search

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function stores in the list argument the address of a list item whose type attribute matches the value specified by the type argument, among the list items of the inserted plug-in block list and data block list maintained by the plug-in block.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetPlug

Get plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGetPlug(

Data format header address u\_int \*data; Plug-in block-specific name char \*name;

sceHiPlug \*\*plug;) Address of variable for receiving the plug-in block

address

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function stores in plug the address of the plug-in block having the specified name, from among the plug-ins that are registered in the data format header at the address specified by data.

The plug-in block is needed in order to start up a plug-in function using sceHiCallPlug(), which is described later.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetPlugList

Get plug-in block list

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetInsPlug(

sceHiPlug \*plug, Original plug-in block

sceHiList \*\*/ist, Plug-in block list to be obtained sceHiType type) Plug-in type attribute to be obtained

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns the address of the plug-in block list that matches the specified type attribute among the inserted plug-in blocks.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetPlugPlace

Get plug-in block list number

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetPlugPlace(

Address of plug-in block to check sceHiPlug \*plug1, sceHiPlug \*plug2, Address of plug-in block to check

int \*ofs) List number of plug2

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns in ofs the list number position at which the plug-in block specified by plug2 exists in the plug-in list of the plug-in block specified by plug1.

The ofs value that is returned is a list number that can be handled by a function such as sceHilnsPlugBlk().

If the plug-in block specified by plug2 does not exist in the plug-in list specified by plug1, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGetType

Get type information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGetType(

Type information of copy source sceHiType \*type; Type information of copy destination sceHiType \*htype;)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function copies type information.

For information related to bit images, refer to the type information for high-level graphics library data formats.

Currently, when the sceHiType member is a bit field, this function has no meaning. Therefore, be sure to call this function only when it is specifically required.

#### Return value

# sceHilnsDataBlk

Insert data block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

# **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiInsDataBlk(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Destination plug-in block sceHiData \*data; Source data block int nb;) List number

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function inserts the data block at the specified list number location in the plug-in block.

If the specified list number location is not empty, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

# sceHilnsPlugBlk

Insert plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiInsPlugBlk(

sceHiPlug \*plug1; Destination plug-in block Source plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug2; int nb;) List number

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function inserts the specified plug-in block at the specified list number location in the plug-in block. If the specified list number location is not empty, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiMakeDataBlk

Create data block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiMakeDataBlk(

Real data having no data block type u\_int \*rdata;

Data block that is created sceHiData \*\*arg; sceHiType \*type;) Type attribute to be set

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates a data block from the specified type attribute and real data that doesn't have a data block type.

The status tag part of the type field will be is\_ref\_data\_bit=1.

Memory is allocated internally from the HIG heap.

To destroy the created data block, use sceHiMemFree().

### Return value

# sceHiMakeType

Generate type information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiMakeType(

Type structure to be packed sceHiType \*src\_type;

u\_long \*pack\_type;) Address of variable that will contain packed data

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function packs sceHiType type data to convert it to a form that will be used internally.

For information about packed bit images, refer to the type information for the high level graphics library data format.

Currently, when the sceHiType member is a bit field, this function has no meaning. Therefore, be sure to call this function only when it is specifically required.

#### Return value

# sceHiNewPlugBlk

Create plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiNewPlugBlk(

Maximum number of plug-ins to be registered int nplug; Maximum number of sets of data to be registered int ndata; sceHiPlug \*\*plug; Address of empty plug-in block that will be created

sceHiType \*type) Type of plug-in to be registered

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function creates an empty plug-in block

Memory is allocated internally from the HIG heap.

To destroy the created plug-in block, use sceHiMemFree().

#### Return value

# sceHiParseHeader

Analyze data format

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiParseHeader(

u\_int \*data;)

Data format header address

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function analyzes the data format starting at the header address.

Relative addresses within the data are converted to real addresses.

After this function is called, internal plug-in blocks and data blocks become available for use.

Data for which this function has not been called cannot be used directly.

Conversion from the header address to a plug-in block is done recursively.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiRegistTable

Register plug-in function

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

# **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiRegistTable(

sceHiPlugTable \*table; Plug-in registration table Number of tables u\_int num);

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function uses the plug-in registration table to register a plug-in function.

A plug-in function that has not been registered cannot be used.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiRmvDataBlk

Remove data block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiRmvDataBlk(

Plug-in block from which data block registration is to sceHiPlug \*plug;

be deleted

sceHiData \*data;) Target data block for which registration is to be

deleted

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function deletes the list information of the specified data block from the plug-in block.

The specified data block itself is not deleted.

The deleted list location is assumed to be empty, and a data block can be added or inserted at that location.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiRmvPlugBlk

Remove plug-in block

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiRmvPlugBlk(

sceHiPlug \*plug1; Plug-in block from which plug-in block registration is

to be deleted

sceHiPlug \*plug2;) Target plug-in block for which registration is to be

deleted

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function deletes the list information of the specified plug-in block from the plug-in block.

The specified plug-in block itself is not deleted.

The deleted list location is assumed to be empty, and a plug-in block can be added or inserted at that location.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiSetDataType

Set data block type attribute

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiSetDataType(

sceHiData \*data; Data block for which type attribute is to be set

Type attribute to be set sceHiType \*htype;)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets the *type* attribute for the specified data block.

#### **Return value**

# sceHiSetPluginApi

Set plug-in function

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

# **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiSetPluginApi(

sceHiPlug \*plug;)

Plug-in block for which plug-in function is to be set

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function registers a plug-in function for a plug-in block.

The plug-in function will be the function that was specified with the *type* attribute.

# **Return value**

# sceHiSetPlugType

Set plug-in block type attribute

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

# **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiSetPlugType(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Plug-in block for which type attribute is to be set

Type attribute to be set sceHiType \*htype;)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets the type attribute for the plug-in block that was created with sceHiNewPlugBlk().

#### **Return value**

# sceHiStopPlugListStatus

Inhibit plug-in function activation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiStopPlugListStatus(

sceHiList \*/ist) Plug-in block list

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function inhibits the activation of plug-in functions kept by the plug-in block at the beginning of the plug-in block list.

The fourth bit of the type attribute status is 1.

This function will not be called even if sceHiCallPlug() is called.

To resume function activation, call sceHiContPlugListStatus().

#### **Return value**

# sceHiStopPlugStatus

Inhibit plug-in function activation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiStopPlugStatus(

sceHiPlug \*plug)

Plug-in block

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function inhibits the activation of plug-in functions kept by the plug-in block.

The fourth bit of the type attribute status is 1.

This function will not be called even if sceHiCallPlug() is called.

To resume function activation, call sceHiContPlugStatus().

#### **Return value**

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## **Common Structures**

## sceHiGsGiftag

Giftag structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiGsGiftag{

unsigned long nloop:15; giftag nloop field unsigned long eop:1; giftag eop field unsigned long id:30; DMA packet ID unsigned long pre:1; giftag pre field unsigned long prim:11; giftag prim field unsigned long flg:2; giftag flag field unsigned long nreg:4; giftag nreg field unsigned long regs:64; giftag regs field

} sceHiGsGiftag;

#### **Description**

This is the GIFtag management structure.

The ID from the DMA packet management function is placed in the id member.

# **Display Environment Setting Structures**

## sceHiGsDisplay

Display structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiGsDisplay{

Swap value for the double buffer int swap;

sceGsDBuff dbuf; Structure maintaining double buffer information

For details, refer to libgraph.

} sceHiGsDisplay;

#### **Description**

This structure maintains information used for switching between the drawing and display environments. It is used by the GS display function. For calling libgraph internally, it contains the sceGsDBuff structure as a member.

# **GS Local Memory Management Structures**

## sceHiGsMemTbl

GS memory table structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiGsMemTbl{

u\_int align; Alignment size (in words)

Either of the following:

SCE\_HIGS\_PAGE\_ALIGN = 2048

SCE\_HIGS\_BLOCK = 64

Address of the reserved region (in words) u\_int addr; u int size Size of the reserved region (in words)

Pointer to the next GS memory table struct \_sceHiGsMemTbl \*next;

Constitutes the chunk table

} sceHiGsMemTbl;

#### **Description**

This is a structure for use in GS local memory management used by GS memory management functions.

Reserves size sections starting from addr with that alignment.

The chunk table is constructed from the *next* member.

The next member is NULL for the ending table.

# **Context Management Structures**

#### sceHiGsCtx

Management structure for handling context register setting group

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceHiGsClearPacket clearp; Clear setting/transfer area sceHiGsPacked packed; Register transfer area sceHiGsContext value; Register setting area u\_short fbp[2]; Frame buffer pointer u\_short validregs; Transfer register u\_char clearmode; Clear mode u char ctxt; Used context

u\_char swap; Current buffer when double buffer is used u\_char field; Current field when interlace is used u\_char isDbuf; Double buffer flag (cannot be changed)

Synchronous flag u char isSync; u\_char isInterlace; Interlace flag **u char** *isZbuf*; Z-buffer flag

char ppos[2]; Internal management area (cannot be changed)

} sceHiGsCtx

#### **Description**

This is a management structure for handling the context register setting group among the GS register management services.

It is acquired with the sceHiGsCtxCreate() function and freed with the sceHiGsCtxDelete() function.

The timing for setting and using each member is described below.

#### clearp (clear setting/transfer area)

The clearp area is set by the sceHiGsCtxSetClear\*() and sceHiGsCtxCopy() functions.

In addition, the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function copies the value of value->test to a portion of clearp->clear.testb.

If the Send or Regist functions are called with the clear argument set to 1 when the clear mode is other than SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_KEEP, the clearp area will either be transferred to the GS or a transfer will be registered.

The clearp area is transferred after the *packed* area.

#### packed (register transfer area)

The packed area is allocated and initialized by the sceHiGsCtxCreate() function.

The contents of the packet, which have been reflected in the settings of other members, are updated by the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function. In addition, some of the settings are updated directly by the Swap function.

The packed area is not copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function.

If the Send or Regist functions are called, the packed area will either be transferred to the GS or a transfer will be registered.

The packed area is transferred before the *clearp* area.

#### value (Register setting area)

The value area is set by the Set and sceHiGsCtxCopy() functions. The contents of the member may be changed directly, however, value.frame.FBP is not used. The other contents are reflected in the transfer area by the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function for the registers specified by validregs.

#### fbp[2] (Frame buffer pointer)

The fbp member is set by the sceHiGsCtxSetFrame() and sceHiGsCtxCopy() functions. It is used only when the SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FRAME bit is set ON in validregs.

The fbp[swap] value is reflected in the transfer area of the packed member by the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function in accordance with the value of the swap member. It is also reflected in the transfer area of the packed member by the sceHiGsCtxSwap() function in accordance with the value of the swap argument assigned to the function when the double buffer flag is 1, as well as by the sceHiGsCtxSwapAll() function when the synchronous flag is also 1.

#### validregs (Transfer register)

The bits of the validregs member specify the registers to be transferred.

The transfer setting bits of related registers are automatically set ON in the Set function. The validregs member is also copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function. Since no function is currently provided for the user to specify these registers, the following variables should be used.

> To transfer the frame register: SCE HIGS VALID FRAME To transfer the zbuf register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ZBUF To transfer the tex0 register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_TEX0 To transfer the tex1 register: SCE HIGS VALID TEX1 To transfer the tex2 register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_TEX2 To transfer the miptbp1 register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_MIPTBP1 To transfer the miptbp2 register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_MIPTBP2 To transfer the clamp register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_CLAMP To transfer the test register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_TEST To transfer the alpha register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ALPHA To transfer the xyoffset register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_XYOFFSET To transfer the scissor register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_SCISSOR To transfer the fba register: SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FBA

Example: To transfer only the frame register and zbuf register:

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx;

gsctx->validregs = SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FRAMEISCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ZBUF;

Example: To not transfer the clamp register: sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx; gsctx->validregs &= ~(u\_short)SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_CLAMP;

#### clearmode (Clear mode)

The clearmode member keeps the value that was set by the sceHiGsSetClearMode() and sceHiGsCtxCopy() functions.

It is used to determine whether the clear mode is SCE HIGS CLEAR KEEP in the sceHiGsCtxUpdate(), Send, and Regist functions.

#### ctxt (Used context)

The ctxt member is set by the sceHiGsCtxSetContext() and sceHiGsCtxCopy() functions.

It is reflected in the context of the registers that are used by the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function.

#### swap (Current buffer for double buffering)

The swap member is set by the sceHiGsCtxSwap() function when the double buffer flag is 1 and by the sceHiGsCtxSwapAll() function when the synchronous flag is also 1. It is also copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function. It is used to select the frame buffer pointer by the Swap and sceHiGsCtxUpdate() functions when the double buffer flag is 1.

When the double buffer flag is 0 (when a single buffer is used), the swap member must be set to zero.

### field (Current field for interlace)

The field member is set by the sceHiGsCtxSwap() function when the interlace flag is 1 and by the sceHiGsCtxSwapAll() function when the synchronous flag is also 1. It is also copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function.

This member is used to determine whether the current field is TOP or BOTTOM by the Swap and sceHiGsCtxUpdate() functions.

#### isDbuf (Double buffer flag)

The isDbuf member is set only by the sceHiGsCtxCreate() function. It cannot be changed any other way, and is not copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function. It is used to determine whether or not a double buffer is in use.

#### isSync (Synchronous flag)

The isSync member is temporarily set to 1 by the sceHiGsCtxCreate() function when double buffering is specified and set to 0 otherwise.

Its value is copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function.

Since no function is currently provided for changing this value, you must set the member variable directly to 0 or 1 when necessary.

This member is used by the sceHiGsCtxSwapAll() function to automatically determine whether or not to call the Swap function.

#### isInterlace (Interlace flag)

Normally, the isInterlace member is set directly to 0 or 1. Its value is also copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function.

The value is temporarily set automatically in the sceHiGsCtxSetByDbuff() function according to the current interlace mode. The interlace mode, which is set by the second argument of the sceResetGraph() function, is also set by the sceHiGsDisplayMode() function within the HiG library.

This value is used to determine whether or not an interlace offset should be reflected in the YOFFSET value in the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() and sceHiGsCtxSwap() functions.

#### isZbuf (Z-buffer flag)

The isZbuf member is set according to the argument specification in the sceHiGsCtxSetDepth(), sceHiGsCtxSetZbufDepth(), and sceHiGsCtxSetDefaultValues functions.

The value is also copied by the sceHiGsCtxCopy() function.

It is used by the sceHiGsCtxChkSize() function to calculate the GS memory size that the context will use.

### char ppos[2] (Internal management area (cannot be modified))

This is an internal management area that cannot be modified.

#### sceHiGsEnv

GS register management service / environment group management structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

sceHiGsPacked packed; Register transfer area u\_long \*value; Register setting area u\_int validregs; Transfer register

} sceHiGsEnv

#### **Description**

This is a management structure for handling the environment register setting group among the GS register management services.

It is acquired with the sceHiGsEnvCreate() function and freed with the the sceHiGsEnvDelete() function.

The timing for setting and using each member is described below.

#### packed (register transfer area)

The packed area is allocated and initialized in the sceHiGsEnvCreate() function.

The contents of the packet, which have been reflected in the settings of other members, are updated by the sceHiGsEnvUpdate() function.

This area is not copied by the sceHiGsEnvCopy() function. When the Send or Regist functions are called, the packed area will either be transferred to the GS or a transfer will be registered.

#### value (Register setting area)

The value area is allocated and initialized in the sceHiGsEnvCreate() function. It is set by the Set and sceHiGsEnvCopy() functions. The value set here is reflected in the transfer area by the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function.

#### validregs (Transfer register)

The validregs member is specified by the argument of the sceHiGsEnvCreate() function. It cannot be modified by any other method.

The bits of the validregs member specify the registers to be transferred. It is used by the Set and sceHiGsEnvUpdate() functions, and is also used by the sceHiGsEnvCopy() function to determine whether or not copying can be performed.

## **Old Structures**

#### sceHiGsContext

GS context register structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct \_sceHiGsContext{

FRAME register sceGsFrame frame; sceGsZbuf zbuf; ZBUF register sceGsTex0 tex0; TEX0 register sceGsTex1 tex1; TEX1 register sceGsTex2 tex2; TEX2 register MIPTBP1 register sceGsMiptbp1 miptbp1; sceGsMiptbp2 miptbp2; MIPTBP2 register sceGsClamp clamp; **CLAMP** register sceGsTest test; **TEST** register sceGsAlpha alpha; ALPHA register sceGsXyoffset xyoffset; XYOFFSET register sceGsScissor scissor; SCISSOR register sceGsFba fba: FBA register

} sceHiGsContext;

#### **Description**

This is a structure used for managing the group of general-purpose registers with 2 contexts.

The context can be switched between 1 and 2 by calling the function sceHiGsContextID().

#### sceHiGsGeneral

GS general-purpose register structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct \_sceHiGsGeneral{

**COLCLAMP** register sceGsColclamp colclamp;

sceGsDimx dimx; DIMX register sceGsDthe dthe: DTHE register sceGsFog fog; FOG register sceGsFogcol fogcol; FOGCOL register sceGsPabe pabe; PABE register

sceGsTexa texa;

sceGsPrmode prmode; PRMODE register

sceGsPrmodecont prmodecont; PRMODECONT register sceHiGsContext \*context; Current context register

} sceHiGsGeneral;

## **Description**

This is the GS general-purpose register structure.

A pointer to the current context register structure is placed in the context member.

Switching is performed with sceHiGsContextID().

## sceHiGsPacked

Structure used for PACKED mode A+D format transfers

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct sceHiGsPacked{

sceHiGsGiftag \*giftag; **GIFtag** 

sceHiGsPacked\_t \*packed; PACKED data

} sceHiGsPacked;

## **Description**

Structure used for PATH2 transfers.

## sceHiGsPacked\_t

PACKED mode A+D format structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct sceHiGsPacked\_t{

u\_long data; /\* :64 \*/ Output data

u\_char addr; /\* :8 \*/ Output destination register

unsigned long padd:56; Padding

} sceHiGsPacked\_t;

## **Description**

Packing format A+D structure used in PACKED mode.

# **Display Environment Setting Functions**

## sceHiGsDisplayEnd

End display

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsDisplayEnd(void)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Frees GS memory reserved by sceHiGsDisplaySet.

Internally calls sceHiGsMemFree.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

Error returned by sceHiGsMemFree

## sceHiGsDisplayMode

Set display mode

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsDisplayMode(

Display mode specification u\_int mode)

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Sets the value obtained from the OR of the enumerated types sceHiGsReset\_t, sceHiGsDisp\_t, sceHiGsRGBA\_t, sceHiGsDEPTH\_t in mode.

Internally calls the sceGsResetGraph function.

Passes the value of sceHiGsRGBA\_t and sceHiGsDEPTH\_t to sceHiGsDisplaySize described below.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE Mode specification incorrect

## sceHiGsDisplaySet

Set display

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsDisplaySet(

Width u\_int w, u\_int h, Height

u\_int psm, Frame buffer storage format u\_int zpsm) Depth buffer storage format

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Sets the double frame buffer and the double depth buffer using their respective storage formats.

Internally calls the sceGsSetDBuff function.

Internally calls the sceHiGsMemAlloc function.

Returns an error if reserving of the GS memory area fails.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP Insufficient GS memory heap area

## sceHiGsDisplaySize

Set display size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsDisplaySize(

Width u\_int width u\_int height) Height

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Calls the sceHiGsDisplaySet function with the specified size by taking the sceHiGsRGBA\_t, sceHiGsDEPTH\_t enumerated members from sceHiGsDisplayMode described above.

If the values of sceHiGsRGBA\_t,sceHiGsDEPTH\_t are incorrect, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE Mode specification was incorrect

## sceHiGsDisplayStatus

Display structure state

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiGsDisplay \*sceHiGsDisplayStatus(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

Returns a pointer to the current display structure.

## Return value

sceHiGsDisplay\* Pointer to the display structure

## sceHiGsDisplaySwap

Swap display buffers

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsDisplaySwap(

Next field specification int field)

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Performs buffer swapping of the drawing area and the display area.

The specification of whether the next frame is even or odd at the time of interlace, is specified in the field argument.

Ignored in the case of non-interlace.

Calls the sceGsSetHalfOffset,sceGsSwapDBuff functions internally.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# **GS Local Memory Management Functions**

## sceHiGsBlockSize

Acquire block size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

size\_t sceHiGsBlockSize(

u\_int w, Width u\_int h, Height

u\_int psm) Pixel storage format

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

The size as a function of block alignment (64word) is returned in units of word.

#### Return value

size\_t Size (in words)

## sceHiGsMemAddTbl

Add GS memory area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsMemAddTbl(

sceHiGsMemTbl \*tbl)

Gs memory table to be added

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

The sceHiGsMemTbl structure tbl is added to the chunk table built using the sceHiGsMemAlloc function, etc.

tbl must be set with a correct value before calling this function.

The same area or an overlapping area can be added to the chunk table.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE tbl is NULL

## sceHiGsMemAlloc

Reserve GS memory area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiGsMemTbl \*sceHiGsMemAlloc(

Alignment of the area (in words) u\_int align, size\_t size) Size to be reserved (in words)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

An area with the specified alignment and of the specified size is reserved.

The table following the next member of the sceHiGsMemTbl is connected and a chunk table for use in management is constructed.

A search for an empty area within areas previously reserved is performed. If a gap exists then an insertion is performed, otherwise the area is appended at the end.

An area of the heap described by sizeof(sceHiGsMemTbl), is consumed.

#### Return value

Pointer to a sceHiGsMemTbl type

In case of failure, NULL is returned.

## sceHiGsMemFree

Free GS memory area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsMemFree(

sceHiGsMemTbl \*tbl) Gs memory table to be freed

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Frees the area of the argument *tbl*.

The structure of the chunk table is corrected.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE tbl argument is NULL

## sceHiGsMemInit

Initialize GS memory management

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsMemInit(

Starting address of the buffer being reserved (in u\_int addr,

words)

size\_t size) Buffer size being reserved (in words)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Specifies the buffer area of GS local memory being managed by the library.

Default is the entire area and results in addr=0x0, size=0x100000.

## Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful SCE\_HIG\_NO\_HEAP Overflow of the specified area

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE The size is 0

## sceHiGsMemPrintTbl

Display GS memory area information

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsMemPrintTbl(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

Displays information for all tables for which areas have been reserved.

All the values are displayed in hexadecimal notation.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

## sceHiGsMemRealloc

Reallocate GS memory area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiGsMemTbl \*sceHiGsMemRealloc(

sceHiGsMemTbl \*tbl, Gs memory table to be reallocated

Area alignment (in words) u\_int align, size\_t size) Area size (in words)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Performs a reallocation of the area.

The tbl argument is freed temporarily after which the area is reserved.

In case of a failure, tbl remains in the freed state.

#### Return value

Pointer to sceHiGsMemTbl type

Returns NULL on failure or if the arguments are incorrect

## sceHiGsMemRestSize

Residual size of GS memory area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

size\_t sceHiGsMemRestSize(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

Returns the remaining size starting from the last address of the reserved area.

#### **Return value**

size\_t Remaining size (in words)

## sceHiGsMemRestSizePlus

Available space in GS memory area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

size\_t sceHiGsMemRestSizePlus(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

Returns the amount of empty space available in reserved areas up to the present time. This can be used to determine how much waste there is in reserved areas.

#### **Return value**

size\_t Available space (in words)

## sceHiGsPageSize

Acquire page size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

## size\_t sceHiGsPageSize(

Width u\_int w, Height u\_int h,

u\_int psm) Pixel storage format

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

Returns the size as a function of the page alignment (2Kword) in words.

#### **Return value**

Size (in words) size\_t

# **GS Register Setting Functions**

## sceHiGsCtxChkSize

Calculate amount of GS memory used

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

u\_int sceHiGsCtxChkSize(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx)

Pointer to management structure of port for which calculation is to be performed

#### **Calling conditions**

None

## **Description**

This function returns the required amount of GS memory to be used by the specified port. It is used when allocating GS memory and setting the buffer pointer. The pixel depth, the presence or absence of a Zbuffer and its depth, and screen size must be correctly set for the calculation.

#### **Notes**

This function performs its calculation assuming that the frame buffer and Z-buffer reside in GS memory in units of pages.

#### **Return value**

GS memory usage size (units: words)

## sceHiGsCtxCopy

Copy port (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxCopy(

sceHiGsCtx \*dst, Pointer to management structure of destination port sceHiGsCtx \*src) Pointer to management structure of source port

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function makes a copy of the contents of the port. When the source port has a double buffer setting, the source fbp[0] member is copied to the fbp[1] member. When the destination port has a single buffer setting, the value of the swap member will always be zero.

Since the transfer area is not copied, after this function is called, the transfer area must be updated by calling sceHiGsEnvUpdate() before the area is transferred.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

#### sceHiGsCtxCreate

Create port (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiGsCtx \*sceHiGsCtxCreate(

Double buffer flag int isDbuf)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function acquires and initializes one context register group management structure and returns a pointer to it.

#### **Notes**

Initial values that are set within this function are as follows.

```
validregs (transfer register) 0 (no transfer register)
```

value (register setting area) frame.FBMSK: 0 (no mask, update)

alpha: (Cs-Cd)(O)As+Cd:

alpha.A=SCE\_GS\_ALPHA\_CS

alpha.B=SCE\_GS\_ALPHA\_CD

alpha.C=SCE\_GS\_ALPHA\_AS

alpha.D=SCE\_GS\_ALPHA\_CD

alpha.FIX=128

tex1: No mipmap, bilinear

tex1.LCM=0

tex1.MXL=0

tex1.MMAG=SCE\_GS\_LINEAR

tex1.MMIN=SCE\_GS\_LINEAR

tex1.L=0

tex1.K=0

test:

test.ATE no initial value

test.ATST=SCE GS ALPHA ALWAYS

test.AREF=128

test.AFAIL=0

test.DATE=0

test.DATM=0

clamp:

clamp.WMS=SCE\_GS\_CLAMP

clamp.WMT=SCE\_GS\_CLAMP

clamp.MINU=0

clamp.MAXU=0

clamp.MINV=0

clamp.MAXV=0

fba.FBA=0 (no alpha correction)

clearmode (clear mode) SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_ALL

(clear all frame buffers and Z-buffers)

0 (context 1) ctxt (context used)

swap (current buffer when double buffer is used) 0 0 field (current field when interlace is used)

isDbuf (double buffer flag) According to value of isDbuf argument

isSync (synchronous flag) 1 (synchronize)

isInterlace (interlace flag) According to value of isDbuf argument

#### Return value

When processing succeeds, a pointer to the management structure of the created context register group is returned.

When processing fails, a NULL pointer is returned.

## sceHiGsCtxDelete

Free port (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxDelete(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx) Pointer to management structure of port to be freed

## **Calling conditions**

None

## **Description**

This function frees the memory used by the port.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_DATA Argument port is invalid

## sceHiGsCtxFcache

Flush transfer area cache (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxFcache(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx

cache is to be flushed

0: Do not flush clear transfer area int clear)

1: Flush clear transfer area

## **Calling conditions**

Cannot be called from an interrupt handler

#### **Description**

This function flushes the transfer area cache of the specified port. It is called when sceHiGsCtxSend() is used immediately after the transfer area was updated by sceHiGsCtxUpdate() or sceHiGsCtxSwap().

#### **Notes**

sceHiGsCtxFcachel() should be used within an interrupt handler.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

## sceHiGsCtxFcachel

Flush transfer area cache (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxFcachel (

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,

cache is to be flushed

0: Do not flush clear transfer area int clear)

1: Flush clear transfer area

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

#### **Description**

This function flushes the transfer area cache of the specified port. This function is called when sceHiGsCtxSend() is used for a DMA transfer immediately after the transfer area was updated by sceHiGsCtxUpdate() or sceHiGsCtxSwap().

#### **Notes**

This function is for use within the sceHiGsCtxFcache() interrupt handler.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

## sceHiGsCtxGetDefault

Get default port (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiGsCtx \*sceHiGsCtxGetDefault( void )

## **Calling conditions**

None

## **Description**

This function gets the default port that was set by the sceHiGsCtxSetDefault() function.

#### **Return value**

Pointer to management structure of context register group's default port

# sceHiGsCtxGetRect

Get screen size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxGetRect(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of relevant port int \*xyzw) Memory address for which screen size is to be obtained.

# **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function gets the port's screen size. Since the screen size is calculated based on the scissor register, if the scissoring setting is a different size than the screen, the correct value will not be returned. The memory address (4 words) must be allocated in advance by the caller.

#### **Notes**

The contents that are set are as follows.

xyzw[0] = gsctx->value.scissor.SCAX0; xyzw[1] = gsctx->value.scissor.SCAY0; xyzw[2] = 1 + gsctx->value.scissor.SCAX1 - gsctx->value.scissor.SCAX0; xyzw[3] = 1 + gsctx->value.scissor.SCAY1 - gsctx->value.scissor.SCAY0;

# Return value

# sceHiGsCtxGetTex0

Get tex0 register value for using port as texture

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxGetTex0(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Port for drawing texture

u\_long \*tex0, Pointer indicating area for saving obtained register

When a double buffer is used, buffer ID of side getting int swap,

register value.

When a single buffer is used, zero must be specified.

int tcc, Texture component setting int tfx) Texture function setting

# **Calling conditions**

None

### **Description**

This function gets the tex0 register value when the port is to be directly used as a texture.

The actual data is output to the memory area indicated by tex0.

The destination memory (u\_long size) must be allocated in advance by the caller.

If the port's screen size, buffer width, or frame buffer pointer have not been set correctly, an incorrect setting value will be returned.

Currently, a setting that uses a port having an offset from the buffer pointer (a port for which the upper left corner does not match the buffer pointer) cannot be used.

#### Return value

# sceHiGsCtxRegist

Register transfer (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxRegist(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

transfer is to be registered

0: Do not register the clear transfer area int clear)

1: Register the clear transfer area

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function uses the transfer registration function to register a transfer of the transfer area for the specified port.

The transfer registration function is set with sceHiGsServiceSetRegistFunc().

By default, since the transfer is registered as an HiG DMA library dynamic chain, the actual transfer will occur when sceHiDMASend() is called later.

Even if clear is set to 1, a transfer need not be registered for the clear transfer area when the clear mode is SCE HIGS CLEAR KEEP.

#### **Notes**

Whether or not multithreading can be used depends on the transfer registration function. Since in the initial state the registered function is not multithread safe, this function is also not multithread safe. However, if the registered function was multithread safe, this function will be multithread safe.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Transfer register function returned a non-zero value

# sceHiGsCtxRegistClear

Register transfer for clear transfer area only (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxRegistClear(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx) Pointer to management structure of port for which

transfer is to be registered

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function uses the transfer registration function to register a transfer of the clear transfer area within the specified port.

The transfer registration function is set using sceHiGsServiceSetRegistFunc().

By default, since the transfer is registered as an HiG DMA library dynamic chain, the actual transfer will occur when sceHiDMASend() is called later.

When the clear mode is SCE HIGS CLEAR KEEP, a transfer cannot be registered.

### **Notes**

Whether or not multithreading can be used depends on the transfer registration function. In the initial state, the registered function is not multithread safe, so this function will not be safe either. However, it will be safe when a multithread-safe function is registered.

# Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE Transfer register function returned a non-zero value

# sceHiGsCtxSend

Transfer immediately (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	October 11, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSend(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

transfer area is to be transferred

0: Do not transfer clear transfer area int clear)

1: Transfer clear transfer area

# **Calling conditions**

None

### **Description**

This function uses the DMA ch.2 normal mode for GIF transfers to immediately transfer the transfer area of the specified port. Before calling this function, you must confirm that the transfer area cache is flushed and that DMA ch.2 is available. This function completes without confirming the end of the last DMA transfer.

Even if clear is set to 1, a transfer need not be registered for the clear transfer area when the clear mode is SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_KEEP.

### **Notes**

When clear is set to 1 and the clear mode is other than SCE HIGS CLEAR KEEP, the clear transfer area will be locked and the DMA transfer of this area will not begin until the DMA transfer of the register transfer area ends. To prevent this from happening, either transfer the clear transfer area independently using a separate function such as sceHiGsCtxSendClear(), or use the sceHiGsCtxRegist() function.

### Return value

# sceHiGsCtxSendClear

Transfer clear transfer area immediately (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSendClear (

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx)

clear transfer area is to be transferred

# **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function uses the normal mode of DMA ch.2 to immediately transfer the transfer area of the specified port to the GIF. Before calling this function, you must confirm that the transfer area cache is flushed and that DMA ch.2 is empty. This function ends without confirming that the last DMA transfer has completed.

When the clear mode is SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_KEEP, a transfer cannot be performed.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetByDBuff

Set port by using libgraph double buffer setting

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetByDBuff(

Pointer to management structure of port to be set sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,

Pointer to libgraph double buffer setting sceGsDBuff \*dbuf)

# **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function uses the libgraph double buffer setting to conveniently set the context register group port. However, it will not completely reflect the original setting.

# Return value

# sceHiGsCtxSetClearColor

Set clear color

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetClearColor(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

R value u\_char red, G value u\_char green, u\_char blue, B value u\_char alpha) A value

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets the sprite color to be used for clearing.

The setting contents are as follows.

gsctx->clearp.clear.rgbaq.R = red;

gsctx->clearp.clear.rgbaq.G = green;

gsctx->clearp.clear.rgbaq.B = blue;

gsctx->clearp.clear.rgbaq.A = alpha;

gsctx->clearp.clear.rgbaq.Q = 1.0f;

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiGsCtxSetClearMode

Set clear mode

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetClearMode( sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,,

value is to be set

u int mode) Clear mode specification

SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_KEEP Do not clear SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_COLOR Clear only frame

Pointer to management structure of port for which

buffer

SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_DEPTH

SCE HIGS CLEAR RGB

Clear only RGB value within frame buffer (do not clear Alpha value)

Clear only Z-buffer

SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_ALL Clear both frame

buffer and Z-buffer

# Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets the mode used when clearing.

When a value other than SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_KEEP is set for mode, the TEST register transfer setting will be valid. In this case, you must use a function such as sceHiGsCtxSetRegTest() separately to set a value for the TEST register.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetClearZ

Set clear depth

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

# **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetClearZ(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

u\_int z,) Z-value

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

**Description** 

This function sets the Z-value of the sprite to be used for clearing.

Return value

# sceHiGsCtxSetColorDepth

Set frame buffer format

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetColorDepth(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

frame buffer format is to be set

Frame buffer pixel format int psm)

# Calling conditions

None

# **Description**

This function sets the frame buffer format.

Example: For a 32-bit frame buffer

sceHiGsCtxSetColorDepth(gsctx, SCE\_GS\_PSMCT32);

### **Notes**

The setting contents are as follows. Since a transfer is registered for the frame register, either set missing settings separately in this register or cancel the transfer registration.

gsctx->value.frame.PSM=psm;

gsctx->validregsl=SCE HIGS VALID FRAME;

Values that are not set here in the frame register

frame: FBP, FBW, FBMSK (the initial value is also set for FBMSK when FBMSK is created)

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiGsCtxSetContext

Switch context

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

# **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetContext(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

Context ID int id)

> 0 Context 1 1 Context 2

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets the context that the port sets. The default value is id=0 (context 1).

The value set here is used to determine the register context to be set later by the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function.

Context 1 when id=0, and context 2 when id=1

Operation is not guaranteed when a value other than 0 or 1 is specified for id.

### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE Invalid context ID

# sceHiGsCtxSetDefault

Set default port (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetDefault(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx) Pointer to management structure to be specified for

default port

# **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function sets *gsctx* in the context register group's default port.

The default port set here is transferred to the GS within the sceHiGsSwapDisplay() function.

If *gsctx* is set to a NULL pointer, the standard port will be set.

The following processing is performed within the sceHiGsSwapDisplay() function for the default port that is set here.

sceHiGsCtx \*port;

sceHiGsCtxSwapAll(swap, field); (When the synchronous flag is set, swap processing is performed)

port = sceHiGsCtxGetDefault();

sceHiGsCtxFcache(port, 1); (Default port's transfer area cache is flushed)

sceHiGsCtxSend(port, 1); (Default port is transferred)

# Return value

# sceHiGsCtxSetDefaultValues

Set screen size and buffer format

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetDefaultValues(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

values are to be set

Frame buffer pixel format int psm,

Z-buffer format int zpsm, int isZbuf, 1: Use Z-buffer

0: Do not use Z-buffer

Screen width (units: pixels) int w. int h) Screen height (units: pixels)

# **Calling conditions**

None

#### **Description**

This function sets the screen size and buffer format. It enables the transfer of all transfer registers other than tex0, tex2, miptbp1, and miptbp2.

### **Notes**

The setting contents are as follows.

gsctx->validregs |= SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FRAME | SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ZBUF |

SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_TEX1| SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_CLAMP |

SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_TEST | SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ALPHA |

SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_XYOFFSET | SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_SCISSOR |

SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FBA;

sceHiGsCtxSetDepth(gsctx, psm, zpsm, isZbuf);

sceHiGsCtxSetRect(gsctx, 0, 0, w, h, SCE\_HIGS\_FBW\_DEFAULT);

sceHiGsCtxSetLumpBuffer(gsctx, 0);

### Return value

# sceHiGsCtxSetDepth

Set buffer format

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetDepth(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of part for which

value is to be set

Frame buffer pixel format int psm,

Z-buffer format int zpsm, int isZbuf) 1: Use Z-buffer

0: Do not use Z-buffer

### **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function sets the frame buffer and Z-buffer formats.

When the Z-buffer will not be used, a dummy value should be set for zpsm.

Example 1: When 32-bit frame buffer and 24-bit Z-buffer are to be used

sceHiGsCtxSetDepth(gsctx, SCE\_GS\_PSMCT32, SCE\_GS\_PSMZ24, 1);

Example 2: When 16-bit frame buffer and no Z-buffer are to be used

sceHiGsCtxSetDepth(gsctx, SCE\_GS\_PSMCT16, 0, 0);

#### **Notes**

The setting contents are as follows. Since transfers are registered for the frame, zbuf, and test registers, either set missing settings separately within these registers or cancel the transfer registration.

```
gsctx->isZbuf=isZbuf;
gsctx->value.frame.PSM=psm;
gsctx->validregs | =SCE_HIGS_VALID_FRAME | ISCE_HIGS_VALID_ZBUF
          ISCE_HIGS_VALID_TEST;
```

When isZbuf==0

gsctx->isZbuf=0;

gsctx->value.zbuf.PSM=0;

gsctx->value.zbuf.ZMSK=1;

gsctx->value.test.ZTE=1;

gsctx->value.test.ZTST=SCE\_GS\_ZALWAYS;

When isZbuf==1 gsctx->value.zbuf.PSM=zpsm&0xff; gsctx->value.zbuf.ZMSK=0; gsctx->value.test.ZTE=1; gsctx->value.test.ZTST=SCE\_GS\_ZGREATER;

Values that are not set here within frame, zbuf, and test registers

frame: FBP, FBW, FBMSK (the initial value is also set for FBMSK when FBMSK is created)

zbuf: ZBP

test: ATE, ATST, AREF, AFAIL, DATE, DATM (initial values are also set for everything other than ATE when they are created)

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_DATA isZbuf value is invalid

# sceHiGsCtxSetEachBuffer

Allocate GS memory

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	October 11, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetEachBuffer(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

buffers are to be set

GS memory address to be set for fbp[0] (units: u int fbp0,

words/2048)

u int fbp1, GS memory address to be set for fbp[1] (units:

words/2048)

u\_int zbp) GS memory address to be set for value.zbuf.ZBP

(units: word/2048)

# **Calling conditions**

None

### **Description**

This function allocates the given GS memory address to each buffer pointer.

#### **Notes**

The setting contents are as follows. Since transfers of the frame register and zbuf register are enabled, confirm that values other than the buffer pointers are set correctly in these registers.

sctx->fbp[0]=fbp0;

sctx->fbp[1]=fbp1;

sctx->value.zbuf.ZBP=zbp;

sctx->validregsl=SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FRAMEISCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ZBUF;

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiGsCtxSetFrame

Set FRAME register and frame buffer pointers

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetFrame(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

values are to be set

Buffer pointer to be set for management structure int fbp0,

fbp[0]

int fbp1, Buffer pointer to be set for management structure

fbp[1]

int fbw, FRAME register fbw int psm, FRAME register psm int fbmsk) FRAME register fbmsk

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area and enables the Frame register's transfer setting. When the port has a single buffer setting, specify a dummy value for fbp1.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetHalfOffset

Set drawing offset data for interlace

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### Syntax 1 4 1

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetHalfOffset(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

Offset increment control int field)

(0: Do not increment; 1: Increment)

# Calling conditions

None

# **Description**

When field is 1, this function adds 8 to the Y-direction drawing offset of XYOFFSET for the setting area and sets it in the transfer area. When field is 0, this function sets the transfer area without incrementing the offset.

At the same time, the value of the assigned field is set in the *field* element of the port's management structure.

This data is set regardless of the value of the isInterlace flag in the management structure.

This function should be called after calling sceHiGsCtxUpdate().

Since this function changes the transfer area directly, it is not necessary to call sceHiGsCtxUpdate() after calling this function.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiGsCtxSetLumpBuffer

Allocate GS memory

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetLumpBuffer(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

Address of GS memory to be allocated (units: u\_int bp)

words/2048)

# **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function allocates memory to each buffer from the given GS memory in the order fbp[1], fbp[0], and value.zbuf.ZBP when a double buffer is used and in the order fbp[0] and value.zbuf.ZBP when a single buffer is used.

#### **Notes**

This function enables frame register and zbuf register transfers. As a result, confirm that values other than buffer pointers are set correctly within these registers.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiGsCtxSetMax

Change the maximum number of context register group ports

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetMax(

int num) Maximum value to be newly set

# Calling conditions

None

### **Description**

A context register group has a limit on the number of ports that can be obtained. The initial value is 256.

This function can change the maximum number as long as it is called before the sceHiGsServiceInit() function is called.

If this function is called after the sceHiGsServiceInit() function has already been called, it does nothing and an error is returned.

### **Notes**

Each time the maximum value is increased by 1, the HiG memory area that is dynamically obtained by the sceHiGsServiceInit() function is increased by 4 bytes. Also, the processing performed when the sceHiGsCtxDelete() function is called becomes slightly slower linearly.

### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE sceHiGsServiceInit() has already been called

# sceHiGsCtxSetRect

Set screen size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRect(

sceHiGsCtx *gsctx,	Pointer to management structure of port for which value is to be set	
int x,	Offset from left side of screen	(units: pixels)
int y,	Offset from top of screen (units: pixels)	
int w,	Screen width (units: pixels)	
int h,	Screen height (units: pixels)	
int fbw)	Frame buffer width	
	SCE_HIGS_FBW_DEFAULT	Calculate minimum buffer width from x and w
	SCE_HIGS_FBW_KEEP	Do not change current value.
	Other digits	Sets specified value (units: pixels: 64)

# **Calling conditions**

None

### **Description**

This function sets the screen size of the port with a rectangle. The registers that are set are the FBW bit fields of the xyoffset, scissor, and frame registers. This function also sets the sprite vertex of the clear transfer area.

### **Notes**

The setting contents are as follows.

```
gsctx->validregs I=SCE_HIGS_VALID_FRAMEI SCE_HIGS_VALID_XYOFFSET
I SCE_HIGS_VALID_SCISSOR;
gsctx->value.xyoffset.OFX = (2048-(w/2)-x)*16;
gsctx->value.xyoffset.OFY = (2048-(h/2)-y)*16;
gsctx->value.scissor.SCAX0 = x;
gsctx->value.scissor.SCAX1 = x+w-1;
gsctx->value.scissor.SCAY0 = y;
gsctx->value.scissor.SCAY1 = y+h-1;
```

```
if (fbw==SCE_HIGS_FBW_DEFAULT) gsctx->value.frame.FBW = (x+w+63)/
64;
else if (fbw==SCE_HIGS_FBW_KEEP) gsctx->value.frame.FBW = gsctx->
value.
frame.FBW;
gsctx->clearp.clear.xyz2a.X = gsctx->value.xyoffset.OFX+(x<<4);
gsctx->clearp.clear.xyz2a.Y = gsctx->value.xyoffset.OFY+(y<<4);
gsctx->clearp.clear.xyz2b.X = gsctx->value.xyoffset.OFX + ((x+w)<
<4);
gsctx->clearp.clear.xyz2b.Y = gsctx->value.xyoffset.OFY + ((y+h)<
<4);
```

# Return value

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegAlpha

Set ALPHA register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegAlpha(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,,

value is to be set

ALPHA register a int a, int b, ALPHA register b int c, ALPHA register c int d. ALPHA register d ALPHA register fix int fix)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area, and enables the Alpha register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegClamp

Set CLAMP register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegClamp(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,,

value is to be set

CLAMP register wms int wms, int wmt, CLAMP register wmt int minu, CLAMP register minu int maxu, CLAMP register maxu CLAMP register minv int minv, int maxv) CLAMP register maxv

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Clamp register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegFba

Set FBA register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegFba(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

int fba) FBA register fba

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Fba register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegMiptbp1

Set MIPTBP1 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegMiptbp1(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,,

value is to be set

MIPTBP1 register tbp1 int tbp1, int tbw1, MIPTBP1 register tbw1 int tbp2, MIPTBP1 register tbp2 MIPTBP1 register tbw2 int tbw2. MIPTBP1 register tbp3 int tbp3, int tbw3) MIPTBP1 register tbw3

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Miptbp1 register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegMiptbp2

Set MIPTBP2 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegMiptbp2(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

MIPTBP2 register tbp4 int tbp4, int tbw4, MIPTBP2 register tbw4 int tbp5, MIPTBP2 register tbp5 int tbw5. MIPTBP2 register tbw5 MIPTBP2 register tbp6 int tbp6, MIPTBP2 register tbw6 int tbw6)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Miptbp2 register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegTest

Set TEST register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsTestRegs(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,,

value is to be set

TEST register ate int ate, int atst, TEST register atst int aref. TEST register aref int afail, TEST register afail TEST register date int date, TEST register datm int datm, int zte, TEST register zte TEST register ztst int ztst)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Test register's transfer setting.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegTex0

Set TEX0 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegTex0(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

TEX0 register tbp0 int tbp0, int tbw, TEX0 register tbw int psm, TEX0 register psm int tw, TEX0 register tw TEX0 register th int th, int tcc, TEX0 register tcc int tfx, TEX0 register tfx int cbp, TEX0 register cbp int cpsm, TEX0 register cpsm int csm, TEX0 register csm int csa, TEX0 register csa TEX0 register cld int cld)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Tex0 register's transfer setting.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegTex1

Set TEX1 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegTex1(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,,

value is to be set

TEX1 register lcm int lcm, int mxl, TEX1 register mxl int mmag, TEX1 register mmag int mmin, TEX1 register mmin TEX1 register mtba int mtba, int /, TEX1 register I int *k*) TEX1 register k

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Tex1 register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegXyoffset

Set XYOFFSET register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegXyoffset(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

int ofx, XYOFFSET register ofx

XYOFFSET register ofy

int ofy)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Xyoffset register's transfer setting.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetRegZbuf

Set ZBUF register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetRegZbuf(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

ZBUF register fbp int zbp, int psm, ZBUF register psm int zmsk) ZBUF register zmsk

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area and enables the Zbuf register's transfer setting.

# **Return value**

# sceHiGsCtxSetZbufDepth

Set Z-buffer format

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSetZbufDepth(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

Z-buffer format int zpsm, int isZbuf) 1: Use Z-buffer

0: Do not use Z-buffer

# Calling conditions

None

# **Description**

This function sets the format of the Z-buffer.

If the Z-buffer will not be used, zpsm should be set to a dummy value.

Example 1: When 24-bit Z-buffer is to be used

sceHiGsCtxSetZbufDepth(gsctx, SCE\_GS\_PSMZ24, 1);

Example 2: When a Z-buffer will not be used

sceHiGsCtxSetZbufDepth(gsctx, 0, 0);

#### **Notes**

The setting contents are as follows. Since transfers are registered for the zbuf and test registers, either set missing settings separately within these registers or cancel the transfer registration.

```
gsctx->isZbuf=isZbuf
gsctx->validregsl=SCE_HIGS_VALID_ZBUFISCE_HIGS_VALID_TEST;
When isZbuf==0
gsctx->value.zbuf.PSM=0;
gsctx->value.zbuf.ZMSK=1;
gsctx->value.test.ZTE=1;
gsctx->value.test.ZTST=SCE_GS_ZALWAYS;
When isZbuf==1
gsctx->value.zbuf.PSM=zpsm&0xff;
```

gsctx->value.zbuf.ZMSK=0; gsctx->value.test.ZTE=1;

gsctx->value.test.ZTST=SCE\_GS\_ZGREATER;

Values that are not set here within zbuf and test registers

zbuf: ZBP

test: ATE, ATST, AREF, AFAIL, DATE, DATM (initial values are also set for everything other than ATE when they are created)

# **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_DATA isZbuf value is invalid

# sceHiGsCtxShiftBuffers

Shift GS memory assignment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxShiftBuffers(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

int fbpoffset) Shift amount (units: words/2048)

### **Calling conditions**

None

# **Description**

This function shifts the buffer pointers that were set for the specified port by the amount fbpoffset.

The setting contents are as follows. Since transfers of the frame register and zbuf register are enabled, confirm that values other than the buffer pointers are also set correctly within these registers.

gsctx->validregsl=SCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_FRAMEISCE\_HIGS\_VALID\_ZBUF;

gsctx->fbp[0]+=fbpoffset;

gsctx->fbp[1]+=fbpoffset;

gsctx->value.zbuf.ZBP+=fbpoffset;

# Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

## sceHiGsCtxSwap

Swap double buffer and set interlace

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSwap(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

Buffer ID for double buffer int swap,

int field) Field ID for interlace (top field: 0, bottom field: 1)

## **Calling conditions**

None

#### **Description**

This function swaps the double buffer and sets the value of the interlace offset.

It sets the value of *field* in the *field* member of the management structure.

When the relevant port has a double buffer setting, the value of (swap&1) is set in the swap member.

When a double buffer is specified and frame register transfer is enabled, the value of the fbp[swap&1] member is set as the value of the frame buffer pointer value in the transfer area.

This function differs from other setting functions in that the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function need not be called after this function is called because this function updates the transfer area directly.

#### Return value

## sceHiGsCtxSwapAll

Swap double buffer and set interlace (for all synchronous ports of the context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxSwapAll(

Buffer ID for double buffer int swap,

int field) Field ID for interlace (top field: 0, bottom field: 1)

### **Calling conditions**

None

### **Description**

This function calls the sceHiGsCtxSwap() function to swap the double buffer and set the value of the interlace offset for those ports for which the synchronous flag (isSync) is 1 among all of the ports within the context register group.

This function differs from other setting functions in that the sceHiGsCtxUpdate() function need not be called after this function is called because this function updates the transfer area directly.

#### Return value

# sceHiGsCtxUpdate

Update transfer area (context register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsCtxUpdate(

sceHiGsCtx \*gsctx) Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be updated

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function reflects the value that was set for the port's setting area in the transfer area.

In addition to changing the port's setting, this function must be called before the area is transferred (excluding (sceHiGsCtxSwap()).

## Return value

## sceHiGsEnvCopy

Copy port (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvCopy(

sceHiGsEnv \*dst, Pointer to management structure of destination port sceHiGsEnv \*src) Pointer to management structure of source port

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function makes a copy of the contents of the port. Copying can be performed only between ports having the same transfer register settings.

If an attempt is made to copy a port having a different transfer register setting, it will not be copied and an error will be returned.

Since the transfer area is not copied, after this function is called, the transfer area must be updated by calling the sceHiGsEnvUpdate() function before the area is transferred.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE An attempt was made to copy a port having a different transfer register setting

### sceHiGsEnvCreate

Create port (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiGsEnv\*sceHiGsEnvCreate(

u\_int validregs) Register list to be transferred by this port

### Calling conditions

None

## **Description**

This function acquires and initializes one environment register group management structure and returns a pointer to it.

The register list is specified according to the logical OR of the following declaration bits.

Register list specification:

colclamp register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_COLCLAMP
dimx register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_DIMX
dthe register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_DTHE
fog register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_FOG
fogcol register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_FOGCOL
pabe register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_PABE
texa register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_TEXA
prmode register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_PRMODE
prmodecont register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_PRMODECONT
texclut register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_TEXCLUT
scanmsk register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_SCANMSK
texflush register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_TEXFLUSH
bitblt register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_BITBLT
trxpos register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_TRXPOS
trxreg register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_TRXREG
trxdir register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_TRXDIR
signal register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_SIGNAL
finish register	SCE_HIGS_VALID_FINISH
label register (not implemented)	SCE_HIGS_VALID_LABEL

Example: When specifying the texa and pabe registers

```
sceHiGsEnv *port;
port=sceHiGsEnvCreate(SCE_HIGS_VALID_PABEISCE_HIGS_VALID_TEXA);
if (port==NULL) (error processing)
```

## **Notes**

The initial values are set as follows. (Only registers that were specified by arguments are valid.)

COLCLAMP: CLAMP = 1 PRMODECONT: AC = 1

TEXA: TA0=127

AEM=1

TA1=128

TRXDIR: XDR=3

DTHE, PRMODE, DIMX, FOG, FOGCOL, PABE, TEXCLUT, SCANMSK, TEXFLUSH, BITBLT, TRXPOS, TRXREG, SIGNAL, FINISH, LABEL: All 0

For unimplemented registers (TEXCLUT, SCANMSK, BITBLT, TRXPOS, TRXREG, TRXDIR, SIGNAL, and LABEL), the values cannot be changed from the initial values (because the setting functions are not implemented). These can be used as long as only the initial value is used.

#### **Return value**

When processing succeeds, a pointer to the management structure of the created port is returned.

When processing fails, a NULL pointer is returned.

## sceHiGsEnvDelete

Free port (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvDelete(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv) Pointer to management structure of port to be

released

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function frees the memory used by the port.

### **Return value**

## sceHiGsEnvFcache

Flush transfer area cache (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvFcache(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv)

cache is to be flushed

### **Calling conditions**

Cannot be called from an interrupt handler

## **Description**

This function flushes the transfer area cache of the specified port.

This function is called when sceHiGsEnvSend() is used for a DMA transfer immediately after the transfer area was updated by sceHiGsEnvUpdate().

### **Notes**

sceHiGsEnvFcachel() should be used within the interrupt handler.

#### Return value

## sceHiGsEnvFcachel

Flush transfer area cache (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvFcachel(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv) Pointer to management structure of port for which

cache is to be flushed

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from interrupt handler

## **Description**

This function flushes the transfer area cache of the specified port. This function is called when sceHiGsEnvSend() is used for a DMA transfer immediately after the transfer area was updated by sceHiGsEnvUpdate().

#### **Notes**

This function is for use within the sceHiGsEnvFcache() interrupt handler.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsEnvGetDefault

Get default port (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiGsEnv\*sceHiGsEnvGetDefault(void)

## **Calling conditions**

None

## **Description**

This function gets the default port that was set with the sceHiGsEnvSetDefault() function.

#### **Return value**

Pointer to management structure of environment register group's default port

## sceHiGsEnvRegist

Register transfer (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvRegist(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv) Pointer to management structure of port for which

transfer is to be registered

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function uses the transfer registration function to register a transfer of the transfer area for the specified

The transfer registration function is set with sceHiGsServiceSetRegistFunc().

By default, since the transfer is registered as an HiG DMA library dynamic chain, the actual transfer will occur when sceHiDMASend() is called later.

#### **Notes**

Whether or not multithreading can be used depends on the transfer registration function. Since in the initial state the registered function is not multithread safe, this function is also not multithread safe. However, if the registered function was multithread safe, this function will be multithread safe.

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsEnvSend

Transfer immediately (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSend(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv)

transfer area is to be transferred

### **Calling conditions**

None

### **Description**

This function uses the DMA ch.2 normal mode for GIF transfers to immediately transfer the transfer area of the specified port. Before calling this function, you must confirm that the transfer area cache is flushed and that DMA ch.2 is available. This function completes without confirming the end of the last DMA transfer.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsEnvSetDefault

Set default port (environment register group)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetDefault(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv) Pointer to management structure to be specified for

default port

## **Calling conditions**

None

## **Description**

This function sets *gsenv* in the environment register group's default port.

### **Return value**

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegBitblt

Set Bitblt register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegBitblt(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, , Pointer to management structure of port for which

values are to be set

BITBLT register sbp int sbp, int sbw, BITBLT register sbw int spsm, BITBLT register spsm int dbp, BITBLT register dbp int dbw, BITBLT register dbw int dpsm) BITBLT register dpsm

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area. If the BITBLT register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegColclamp

Set COLCLAMP register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegColclamp(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, ,

value is to be set

int clamp) COLCLAMP register clamp

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

**Description** 

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Colclamp register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

**Return value** 

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegDimx

Set DIMX register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegDimx(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,,

value is to be set

int dm[16]) DIMX register dm

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Dimx register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegDthe

Set DTHE register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegDthe(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

int dthe) DTHE register dthe

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

**Description** 

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Dthe register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

**Return value** 

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegFog

Set FOG register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegFog(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,,

value is to be set

int f) FOG register f

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Fog register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegFogcol

Set FOGCOL register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegFogcol(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,,

value is to be set

int fcr, FOGCOL register for int fcg, FOGCOL register fcg int fcb) FOGCOL register fcb

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Fogcol register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegLabel

Set Label register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegLabel(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, Pointer to management structure of port for which

values are to be set

LABEL register id u\_int id, u\_int idmsk) LABEL register idmsk

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area. If the LABEL register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegPabe

Set PABE register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegPabe(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

int pabe) PABE register pabe

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Pabe register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegPrmode

Set PRMODE register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegPrmode(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

PRMODE register iip int iip, int tme, PRMODE register tme int fge, PRMODE register fge int abe, PRMODE register abe PRMODE register aa1 int aa1, int fst, PRMODE register fst int ctxt, PRMODE register ctxt int fix) PRMODE register fix

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Prmode register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegPrmodecont

Set PRMODECONT register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegPrmodecont(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,, Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

PRMODECONT register ac int ac)

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

**Description** 

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Prmodecont register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

**Return value** 

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegScanmsk

Set Scanmsk register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegScanmsk(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, , Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be set

int msk) SCANMSK register msk

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. If the SCANMSK register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegSignal

Set Signal register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegSignal(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, ,

values are to be set

SIGNAL register id u\_int id, u\_int idmsk) SIGNAL register idmsk

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area. If the SIGNAL register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegTexa

Set TEXA register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegTexa(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,,

value is to be set

int ta0, TEXA register ta0 int aem, TEXA register aem **int** *ta1***)** TEXA register ta1

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. When the Texa register's transfer setting is disabled, an error is returned.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegTexclut

Set Texclut register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegTexclut(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, ,

values are to be set

**TEXCLUT** register cbw int cbw, int cou, TEXCLUT register cou int cov) TEXCLUT register cov

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area. If the TEXCLUT register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegTrxdir

Set Trxdir register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegTrxdir(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, ,

value is to be set

TRXDIR register xdr int xdr)

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

**Description** 

This function sets a value in the port's register setting area. If the TRXDIR register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

**Return value** 

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegTrxpos

Set Trxpos register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegTrxpos(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv, Pointer to management structure of port for which

values are to be set

TRXPOS register ssax int ssax, int ssay, TRXPOS register ssay int dsax, TRXPOS register dsax int dsay, TRXPOS register dsay TRXPOS register dir int dir)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area. If the TRXPOS register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

## Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvSetRegTrxreg

Set Trxreg register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvSetRegTrxreg(

Pointer to management structure of port for which sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv,,

values are to be set

TRXREG register rrw int rrw, int rrh) TRXREG register rrh

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets values in the port's register setting area. If the TRXREG register's transfer setting is invalid, this function returns an error.

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

# sceHiGsEnvUpdate

Update transfer area of environment register group port

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsEnvUpdate(

sceHiGsEnv \*gsenv) Pointer to management structure of port for which

value is to be updated

## **Calling conditions**

None

## **Description**

This function reflects the value that was set for the port's setting area in the transfer area.

In addition to changing the port's setting, this function must be called before the area is transferred.

### **Return value**

## **sceHiGsServiceExit**

Exit GS register management service

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsServiceExit( void )

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function performs termination processing for the entire GS register management service. It also frees the standard port of each register group.

Normally, this function is called within the sceHiGsDisplayEnd() function. However, when that library function is not used, this function should be called separately to exit the GS register management service.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

## sceHiGsServiceInit

Initialize GS register management service

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiGsServiceInit(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function initializes the entire GS register management service.

It also acquires and initializes each register group's standard port and sets it as the register group's default port.

Normally, this function is called within the sceHiGsDisplaySize() function. However, when that library function is not used, this function should be called before using the GS register management service. In this case, since the context register group's standard port sceHiGsStdCtx setting is not suitable, you should set a suitable correct value.

This function cannot be called again without calling sceHiGsServiceExit().

#### **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_FAILURE sceHiGsServiceInit() has already been called

# sceHiGsServiceSetRegistFunc

Set function to be used for transfer registration

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiGsServiceSetRegistFunc(

int (\*func)(void \*, int))

Function to be used for transfer registration

### Calling conditions

None

#### **Description**

The function to be called when registering a transfer within the sceHiGsCtxRegist() or sceHiGsEnvRegist() function can be set here. The function that was set is called with the following arguments.

func(addr, size);

void \*addr

int size

addr Starting address of transfer area (giftag with eop=1 is appended at the beginning)

size Size to be transferred (units: Qwords)

When the transfer registration succeeds, the setting function must return zero and when it fails, the setting function must return a non-zero value.

Note that when the sceHiGsCtxRegist() function is used to register a transfer with a clear, the transfer registration is performed twice.

When NULL is assigned to func, the default transfer registration function (which uses a HiG DMA packet management service dynamic chain) will be set.

#### Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

# **Old GS Register Setting Functions**

## sceHiGsAlphaRegs

Set ALPHA register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsAlphaRegs(

int a,	ALPHA register a
int b,	ALPHA register b
int C,	ALPHA register c
int d,	ALPHA register d
int fix)	ALPHA register fix

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegAlpha(sceHiGsStdCtx, a, b, c, d, fix);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsClampRegs

Set CLAMP register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

## sceHiErr sceHiGsClampRegs(

CLAMP register wms int wms, int wmt, CLAMP register wmt int minu, CLAMP register minu int maxu, CLAMP register maxu int minv, CLAMP register minv int maxv) CLAMP register maxv

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegClamp (sceHiGsStdCtx, wms, wmt, minu, maxu, minv, maxv);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsClear

Set clear

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsClear(

u\_int mode)

Mode specification when clearing

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the mode to be used when clearing.

mode is set to a value of the enumerated type sceHiGsClear\_t.

If the value is not SCE\_HIGS\_CLEAR\_ALL, this function performs the same processing as AFAIL for the TEST register.

This function sets the clear mode of the context group's standard port.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetClearMode(sceHiGsStdCtx, mode);

#### Return value

SCE HIG NO ERR

Processing was successful

## sceHiGsClearColor

Set clear color

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsClearColor(

R value u\_char red, G value u\_char green, u\_char blue, B value u\_char alpha) A value

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the clear color.

It sets a value in the register setting area of the context group's standard port.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetClearColor(sceHiGsStdCtx, red, green, blue, alpha);

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGsClearDepth

Set clear depth

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsClearDepth(

Z-value u\_int *z*,)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

## **Description**

This function sets the clear depth.

It sets the clear Z-value of the context group's standard port.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetClearZ(sceHiGsStdCtx, z);

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGsColclampRegs

Set COLCLAMP register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsColclampRegs(

COLCLAMP register clamp int clamp)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegColclamp (sceHiGsStdCtx, clamp);

#### Return value

## sceHiGsContextID

Switch context

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsContextID(

Context ID int id)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function switches the current context.

When id=0, context 1 is used. When id=1, context 2 is used.

If an id other than 0 or 1 is specified, an error is returned.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetContext(sceHiGsStdCtx, id);

## Return value

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE Context ID is invalid

## sceHiGsContextStatus

Get current context

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

sceHiGsContext \*sceHiGsContextStatus(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns a pointer to the register setting area of the context group's standard port.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

## Return value

sceHiGsContext pointer

# sceHiGsDimxRegs

Set DIMX register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsDimxRegs(

int dm[16]) DIMX register dm

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegDimx (sceHiGsStdCtx, dm);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsDtheRegs

Set DTHE register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsDtheRegs(

DTHE register dthe int dthe)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegDthe (sceHiGsStdCtx, dthe);

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGsFbaRegs

Set FBA register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsFbaRegs(

FBA register fba int fba)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegFba (sceHiGsStdCtx, fba);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsFogcolRegs

Set FOGCOL register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsFogcolRegs(

FOGCOL register for int fcr, FOGCOL register fcg int fcg, int fcb) FOGCOL register fcb

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegFogcol (sceHiGsStdCtx, fcr, fcg, fcb);

## Return value

# sceHiGsFogRegs

Set FOG register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsFogRegs(

FOG register f int f)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegFog (sceHiGsStdCtx, f);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsFrameRegs

Set FRAME register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsFrameRegs(

FRAME register fbp int fbp, int fbw, FRAME register fbw int psm, FRAME register psm int fbmsk) FRAME register fbmsk

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetFrame (sceHiGsStdCtx, fbp0, fbp1, fbw, psm, fbmsk);

For the settings of fbp0 and fbp1, see the reference for the sceHiGsSetFrame() function.

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsGeneralStatus

Get general-purpose register contents

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiGsGeneral \*sceHiGsGeneralStatus(void)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function returns a pointer to the structure (register setting area of environment group's standard port) where the contents of internally managed general-purpose registers are kept.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

#### **Return value**

sceHiGsGeneral pointer

## sceHiGsMiptbp1Regs

Set MIPTBP1 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsMiptbp1Regs(

int tbp1,	MIPTBP1 register tbp1
int tbw1,	MIPTBP1 register tbw1
int tbp2,	MIPTBP1 register tbp2
int tbw2,	MIPTBP1 register tbw2
int tbp3,	MIPTBP1 register tbp3
int tbw3)	MIPTBP1 register tbw3

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegMiptbp1 (sceHiGsStdCtx, tbp4, tbw4, tbp5, tbw5, tbp6, tbw6);

## Return value

# sceHiGsMiptbp2Regs

Set MIPTBP2 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsMiptbp2Regs(

int tbp4,	MIPTBP2 register tbp4
int tbw4,	MIPTBP2 register tbw4
int tbp5,	MIPTBP2 register tbp5
int tbw5,	MIPTBP2 register tbw5
int tbp6,	MIPTBP2 register tbp6
int tbw6)	MIPTBP2 register tbw6
int tbw5, int tbp6,	MIPTBP2 register tbw5 MIPTBP2 register tbp6

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegMiptbp2 (sceHiGsStdCtx, pabe);

## Return value

# sceHiGsPabeRegs

Set PABE register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsPabeRegs(

PABE register pabe int pabe)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegPabe (sceHiGsStdCtx, sceHiGsPacked \*p);

#### Return value

#### sceHiGsPackedCreate

Create PACKED data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiGsPacked \*sceHiGsPackedCreate(

u char \*addr, Output destination GS register array

u\_short n) Number of register arrays

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function creates PACKED data.

It creates a suitable giftag and a PATH2 transfer packet.

The packet chain id is entered in the id of the giftag member.

sceHiDMAMake\_ChainStart, sceHiDMAMake\_WaitMicro, sceHiDMAMake\_LoadGS, and sceHiDMAMake\_ChainEnd are called internally.

The memory for the giftag and packed members is made contiguous.

sizeof(sceHiGsPacked), sizeof(sceHiGsGiftag), and sizeof(sceHiGsPacked\_t)\*n heap areas are used and an n+2 gword packet size is also used.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries. You should use the GS register management service function instead.

Beginning with Runtime Library 2.4.3, the sceHiDMAChainID t type that is returned by the DMA Service is assumed to have a size of 32 bits. However, since the id of the sceHiGsGiftag type is 30 bits wide, proper operation cannot be guaranteed when the memory area that is passed when sceHiMemInit() is executed lies outside EE local memory (such as in SPRAM or VUmem).

#### Return value

sceHiGsPacked\* sceHiGsPacked-type pointer

When processing fails, NULL is returned.

## sceHiGsPackedDelete

Delete PACKED data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsPackedDelete(

sceHiGsPacked \*p)

Pointer to PACKED data to be deleted

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

You should use the GS register management service function instead.

#### **Return value**

SCE HIG NO ERR

Processing was successful

Error that is returned by sceHiDMADel\_Chain

## sceHiGsPackedUpdate

Update PACKED data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsPackedUpdate(

sceHiGsPacked \*p)

Pointer to PACKED data

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function updates the current contents of the library's internally managed GS general-purpose register variables (including context) in the data of p.

A suitable register address must be entered in advance for the addr of p.

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

You should use the GS register management service function instead.

## **Return value**

SCE\_HIG\_NO\_ERR

Processing was successful

SCE\_HIG\_INVALID\_VALUE p is NULL

# sceHiGsPrmodecontRegs

Set PRMODECONT register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsPrmodecontRegs(

PRMODECONT register ac int ac)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value for the library's internally managed GS general-purpose register variables.

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegPrmodecont (sceHiGsStdCtx, ac);

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGsPrmodeRegs

Set PRMODE register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsPrmodeRegs(

int iip,	PRMODE register iip
int tme,	PRMODE register tme
int fge,	PRMODE register fge
int abe,	PRMODE register abe
int aa1,	PRMODE register aa1
int fst,	PRMODE register fst
int ctxt,	PRMODE register ctxt
int fix)	PRMODE register fix

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegPrmode (sceHiGsStdCtx, iip, tme, fge, abe, aa1, fst, ctxt, fix);

#### Return value

# sceHiGsTestRegs

Set TEST register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsTestRegs(

int ate,	TEST register ate
int atst,	TEST register atst
int aref,	TEST register aref
int afail,	TEST register afail
int date,	TEST register date
int datm,	TEST register datm
int zte,	TEST register zte
int ztst)	TEST register ztst

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegTest (sceHiGsStdCtx, ate, atst, aref, afail, date, datm, zte, ztst);

#### **Return value**

# sceHiGsTex0Regs

Set TEX0 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsTex0Regs(

int tbp0,	TEX0 register tbp0
int tbw,	TEX0 register tbw
int psm,	TEX0 register psm
int tw,	TEX0 register tw
int th,	TEX0 register th
int tcc,	TEX0 register tcc
int tfx,	TEX0 register tfx
int cbp,	TEX0 register cbp
int cpsm,	TEX0 register cpsm
int csm,	TEX0 register csm
int csa,	TEX0 register csa
int c/d)	TEX0 register cld

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetReg Tex0 (sceHiGsStdCtx, tbp0, tbw, psm, tw, th, tcc, tfx, cbp, cpsm, csm, csa, cld);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsTex1Regs

Set TEX1 register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsTex1Regs(

TEX1 register lcm int lcm, int mxl, TEX1 register mxl int mmag, TEX1 register mmag int mmin, TEX1 register mmin int mtba, TEX1 register mtba int /, TEX1 register I int k) TEX1 register k

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetReg Tex1 (sceHiGsStdCtx, lcm, mxl, mmag, mmin, mtba, l, k);

#### **Return value**

## sceHiGsTexaRegs

Set TEXA register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiGsTexaRegs(

TEXA register ta0 int ta0, TEXA register aem int aem, **int** *ta1***)** TEXA register ta1

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegTexa (sceHiGsStdCtx, ta0, aem, ta1);

## **Return value**

# sceHiGsXyoffsetRegs

Set XYOFFSET register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiGsXyoffsetRegs(

XYOFFSET register ofx int ofx, int ofy) XYOFFSET register ofy

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegXyoffset (sceHiGsStdCtx, ofx, ofy);

#### Return value

## sceHiGsZbufRegs

Set ZBUF register

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.2	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiGsZbufRegs(

ZBUF register fbp int zbp, ZBUF register psm int psm, int zmsk) ZBUF register zmsk

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets a value in the standard port's register setting area.

This function is retained for compatibility with previous libraries.

It has been replaced by the following function:

sceHiGsCtxSetRegZbuf (sceHiGsStdCtx, zbp, psm, zmsk);

## **Return value**

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# **Functions**

## sceHiMemAlign

Allocate memory with alignment

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void\* sceHiMemAlign(

size\_t bound; Boundary size Area Size size\_t size;)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function allocates a heap area of the specified size with the specified boundary and returns a pointer to that area.

The boundary size must always be a power of 2 (2^n).

If allocation fails, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

Pointer to allocated area

# sceHiMemAlloc

Allocate memory

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## void\* sceHiMemAlloc(

Area Size size\_t size;)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function allocates a heap area of the specified size and returns a pointer to the allocated area.

The size is specified in terms of bytes.

If allocation fails, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

Pointer to allocated area

## sceHiMemCalloc

Allocate memory with initialization

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## void\* sceHiMemCalloc(

Number size\_t n; Area Size size\_t size;)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function allocates n contiguous sections of the specified area size and returns a pointer to the allocated area.

The area is completely initialized to zero.

If allocation fails, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

Pointer to allocated area

# sceHiMemFree

Free memory

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

## void sceHiMemFree(

**void** \*p;) Pointer

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function frees the allocated heap area.

No check is performed to determine whether or not the specified address is a valid address.

#### **Return value**

None

## sceHiMemGetNousedSize

Get unused heap size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiMemGetNousedsize(

int \*size)

Address of variable for receiving remaining capacity

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function returns in the size argument the remaining capacity of the heap that is managed by the library, in bytes.

#### **Return value**

sceHiErr type

# sceHiMemGetUsedSize

Get used heap size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiMemGetUsedSize(

int \*size)

Address of variable for receiving size of heap being used

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function returns in the size argument the size of the heap managed by the library that is being used, in bytes.

## **Return value**

sceHiErr type

## sceHiMemInit

Initialize heap area

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiMemInit(

User allocated buffer pointer void \*ptr; User allocated buffer size size\_t size;)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the heap area that will be managed by the library to the specified size starting at the area specified by ptr.

The library and plugins dynamically use only memory within this area.

The user-side heap area is not destroyed.

This function should be called only once by an application that uses HiG.

#### **Return value**

sceHiErr type

# sceHiMemRealloc

Reallocate memory

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhig	2.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## void\* sceHiMemRealloc(

Pointer void \*ptr; Area size size\_t size;)

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function reallocates the allocated area according to the specified size and returns a pointer to the allocated area.

If allocation fails, NULL is returned.

#### Return value

Pointer to allocated area

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# **Structures**

# sceHiPlugAnimeData\_t

ANIME data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int hrchy; Hrchy data ID int numframe; Number of frames int keyframe; KeyFrame data ID int keyvalue; KeyValue data ID

} sceHiPlugAnimeData\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugAnimeGetData() data access function.

It represents one Anime data structure of an ANIME\_DATA data block.

## sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t

ANIME header union

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

```
typedef union {
   struct {
      u_int type;
                                       Complementary type or function curve specification
      int index;
                                       KeyFrame data or KeyValue data index
                                       KeyFrame data or KeyValue data word size
      size_t size;
      int num;
                                       Number of KeyFrame data or KeyValue data items
   } key;
                                       Structure indicating one KeyFrame data or KeyValue data item
   struct {
      int reserve[3];
      int num;
                                       Number of data items
                                       Structure indicating first header of data block
   } top;
} sceHiPlugAnimeHead_t;
```

#### **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead() and sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead() data access functions.

The sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead() function uses the top structure for initial header information of the ANIME\_DATA, KEYFRAME, and KEYVALUE data blocks.

The sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead() function uses the key structure for header information of a single data item in KEYFRAME or KEYVALUE.

# sceHiPlugAnimePreCalcArg\_t

Animation plugin argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

#### typdef struct {

Frame number passed to animation plugin u\_int setframe;

1: Pass setframe to plugin int setframe\_enable;

0: Do not pass

u\_int currentframe; Current frame number returned by animation plugin

} sceHiPlugAnimePreCalcArg\_t;

## **Description**

This is an argument type passed to the SCE\_HIG\_PRE\_PROCESS of the animation plugin. Set the address of the variable of this type to the arg member of a SceHiPlug type variable to allow it to be passed as an argument.

# sceHiPlugClutBumpData\_t

CLUTBUMP data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int shape; Shape data ID Tex2D data ID int tex2d;

int normal; Normal table data ID

int reserve;

# } sceHiPlugClutBumpData\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugClutBumpGetData() data access function.

It represents one ClutBump data structure of a CLUTBUMP\_DATA data block.

# sceHiPlugClutBumpHead\_t

CLUTBUMP header structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int reserve[3];

int num;

Number of ClutBump data or Normal table data items

} sceHiPlugClutBumpHead\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugClutBumpGetHead() data access function.

It represents initial header information of a CLUTBUMP\_DATA or CLUTBUMP\_NORMAL data block.

## sceHiPlugClutBumpPreArg\_t

ClutBump plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR light\_dir; Light direction sceVu0FVECTOR shading; Shading parameter

} sceHiPlugClutBumpPreArg\_t;

## **Description**

The light vector for shading calculations is set in *light\_dir*.

The following elements are entered in shading.

shading[0] ambient alpha value shading[1] diffuse alpha value shading[2] specular alpha value shading[3] shininess value

The CLUT alpha is calculated from these parameters by using the following expression. (.) indicates the vector inner product.

CLUT alpha = ambient alpha + diffuse alpha \* (light.normal) + specular alpha \*(light.normal)^shininess

# $sceHiPlugFishEyeInitArg\_t$

FishEye plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

Z-buffer storage format u\_int zdepth;

Minimum radius when performing Z-buffering float rmin; float rmax; Maximum radius when performing Z-buffering

} sceHiPlugFishEyeInitArg\_t;

#### **Description**

Specify SCE\_GS\_PSMZ32, SCE\_GS\_PSMZ24, SCE\_GS\_PSM16, or SCE\_GS\_PSM16S for zdepth.

rmin and rmax set the effective range when Z-buffering is performed.

If the distance between the camera position and vertex in the viewpoint coordinate system is within this range, Z-buffering will be performed properly.

# sceHiPlugFishEyePreArg\_t

FishEye plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_pos; Pointer to viewpoint position Pointer to line-of-sight direction sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_zdir; sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_up; Pointer to vertical direction

float tex\_size; Rendering size

} sceHiPlugFishEyePreArg\_t;

## **Description**

The world view matrix is created from camera\_pos, camera\_zdir, and camera\_up.

For tex\_size, you can specify a special spherical size for a fish eye lens effect, which differs from the actual rendering rectangle size. However, the SCISSOR register must be set correctly.

# sceHiPlugHrchyData\_t

HRCHY data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR trans; Translation Rotation sceVu0FVECTOR rot; sceVu0FVECTOR scale; Scaling

int shape; Shape data ID int parent; Parent hierarchy ID

int child; Child hierarchy ID (currently unused) int sibling; Sibling hierarchy ID (currently unused)

} sceHiPlugHrchyData\_t;

#### **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugHrchyGetData() data access function.

It represents one hierarchy structure of a HRCHY\_DATA data block.

# sceHiPlugHrchyHead\_t

HRCHY header structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int reserve[2];

u\_int rorder; Rotation order specification (unused for PIVOT) Number of HRCHY data or PIVOT data items int num;

} sceHiPlugHrchyHead\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugHrchyGetHead() data access function.

It represents initial header information of a HRCHY\_DATA or PIVOT\_DATA data block.

# sceHiPlugHrchyPreCalcArg\_t

Hierarchy plugin argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FMATRIX \*root;

Pointer to matrix to be multiplied by root hierarchy

} sceHiPlugHrchyPreCalcArg\_t;

## **Description**

By setting the address of a variable of this type for the arg member of a variable of type sceHiPlug, which is the argument type to be passed to the hierarchy plugin SCE\_HIG\_PRE\_PROCESS, this structure can be passed as an argument.

By multiplying an arbitrary matrix by the root hierarchy, which is the highest level in the hierarchy structure, the coordinate transformation of a hierarchy under the root can be controlled.

# sceHiPlugLightMapInitArg\_t

LightMap plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

LightMap texture width int width; int height; LightMap texture height

int fov; Field of view criterion; specify TRUE for width, and

FALSE for height

## } sceHiPlugLightMapInitArg\_t;

## **Description**

width and height specify the size of the texture to be used as the light map.

fov specifies whether the width or height is to be used as the field of view criterion for generating the texture matrix. When fov=TRUE, the width is used for the criterion, and When fov=FALSE, the height is used. If the texture is a square, either specification is OK.

# sceHiPlugMicroAttr\_t

Microcode attribute constant

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	March 26, 2001

#### **Structure**

typdef enum {

SCE\_HIP\_MICRO\_ATTR\_NONE, SCE\_HIP\_MICRO\_ATTR\_FGE, SCE\_HIP\_MICRO\_ATTR\_ANTI

} sceHiPlugMicroAttr\_t;

## **Description**

The sceHiPlugMicroAttr\_t type is a constant for specifying attributes of microcode. Each attribute value is handled as a bit value and can be duplicated and held. Use "bit or" in a microcode attribute specification that has multiple attributes.

Example: Microcode attribute that handles Fog and performs Anti.

SCE\_HIP\_MICRO\_ATTR\_FGE | SCE\_HIP\_MICRO\_ATTR\_ANTI

Table 7-1

Constant	Meaning
SCE_HIP_MICRO_ATTR_NONE	No special attribute
SCE_HIP_MICRO_ATTR_FGE	Fog attribute
SCE_HIP_MICRO_ATTR_ANTI	Anti attribute

## sceHiPlugMicroData\_t

MICRO data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FMATRIX wscreen; World screen matrix

union {

sceVu0FMATRIX wview; World view matrix

sceVu0FMATRIX texproj; Texture projection matrix

} mtx; Structure indicating a special matrix area

sceVu0FMATRIX material; Material data

This area is overwritten by the Shape data material data

float camx, camy, camz; Camera position float aa1; AA1 cutoff value float fogA, fogB; Fog parameter

Gs PRMODE register bit u int prmode;

int reserve;

union {

sceVu0FVECTOR clip; Clip parameter

struct {

float texsize; Spherical texture size float ZA,ZB; Depth parameters

int reserve;

} fisheye; Fisheye lens parameter structure

} clp; Structure indicating clip or fisheye lens parameter

float shift; EmbossBump texture shift amount

float refidx; Refraction rate

float zoom; Reflection/Refraction texture zoom size Reflection/Refraction Z shift amount float zshift;

Parallel light source, point light, or spotlight information sceHiPlugMicroLight\_t light[3];

} sceHiPlugMicroData\_t;

#### **Description**

This is the MICRO\_DATA data block structure.

The required parameters differ depending on the corresponding microprogram.

The material data shown here is overwritten by the material data in the SHAPE\_DATA data block. Member names are defined here for convenience.

This data block is transferred directly to VU1 local memory according to the Micro plug-in.

# sceHiPlugMicroInitArg\_t

Micro plugin argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceHiPlugMicroTbl\_t \*tbl; Pointer to table that defines addresses and attributes

of microcode

**u** int tblnum; Number saved in tbl

} sceHiPlugMicroInitArg\_t;

## **Description**

This is an argument type that is accepted in the SCE\_HIG\_INIT\_PROCESS of a micro plugin.

Set the address of the variable of this type to the arg member of a SceHiPlug type variable to allow it to be passed as an argument.

When this structure is not passed to a micro plugin, the default microcode is selected.

# sceHiPlugMicroLight\_t

MICRO light structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR dir[4]; Light direction Light position sceVu0FVECTOR pos[4];

sceVu0FVECTOR co/[4]; Light color + 1 ambient color

} sceHiPlugMicroLight\_t;

#### **Description**

This structure represents light information in a MICRO\_DATA data block.

The fourth light color of the parallel light source is the ambient color.

Note that the light direction for the parallel light source is transposed.

## sceHiPlugMicroPreCalcArg\_t

Micro plugin argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### Structure

#### typdef struct {

int micro; micro code number to be transferred (used). Number

passed with the SCE HIG INIT PROCESS that is

assumed to be 0 at the head of the table

float anticutoff; Anti parameter passed to micro code float fogbegin; Fog parameter passed to micro code float fogend; Fog parameter passed to micro code

} sceHiPlugMicroPreCalcArg\_t;

#### **Description**

Argument type passed to the SCE\_HIG\_PRE\_PROCESS of the micro plugin. Set the address of the variable of this type to the arg member of a sceHiPlug type variable to allow it to be passed as an argument.

The micro code is not transferred when -1 is given to the micro member. When using the anticutoff, fogbegin and fogend members, the corresponding microcodes must be registered.

# sceHiPlugMicroTbl\_t

Microcode registration table type

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

#### typdef struct {

u\_int \*micro; micro code pointer micro code attribute u\_int attr;

} sceHiPlugMicroTbl\_t

## **Description**

This is a table type for registering microcode. The member tbl of argument type sceHiPlugMicroInitArg\_t that micro plugins accept must be this type of array.

attr must by an OR constant defined in sceHiPlugMicroAttr\_t.

## sceHiPlugReflectPreArg\_t

Reflection plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	October 11, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_pos; Pointer to viewpoint position sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_zdir; Pointer to line-of-sight direction sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_up; Pointer to vertical direction

float zoom; Zoom percentage float z\_shift; Amount of Z-shift

} sceHiPlugReflectPreArg\_t;

T = reflect.y/(2\*m)+0.5

## **Description**

The world view matrix is created from camera\_pos, camera\_zdir and camera\_up.

zoom and z\_shift are used to calculate a suitable ST vector for reflection.

The following expressions are used for calculating the ST vector. (.) indicates the vector inner product.

reflect=2\*(normal,eye)-eye reflect.x=reflect.x\*zoom reflect.y=reflect.y\*zoom m=sqrt(reflect.x^2+reflect.y^2+(reflect.z+z\_shift)^2) S = reflect.x/(2\*m)+0.5

## sceHiPlugRefractPreArg\_t

Refraction plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	October 11, 2001

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_pos; Pointer to viewpoint position sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_zdir; Pointer to line-of-sight direction sceVu0FVECTOR \*camera\_up; Pointer to vertical direction float refract\_index; Refraction percentage float zoom; Zoom percentage float z\_shift; Amount of Z-shift

} sceHiPlugRefractPreArg\_t;

T = refract.y/(2\*m)+0.5

#### **Description**

The world view matrix is created from *camera\_pos*, *camera\_zdir* and *camera\_up*.

zoom and z\_shift are used to calculate a suitable ST vector for reflection.

The following expressions are used for calculating the ST vector. (.) indicates the vector inner product.

refract=2\*(refract\_index\*normal.eye)+eye refract.x=refract.x\*zoom refract.y=refract.y\*zoom m=sqrt(refract.x^2+refract.y^2+(refract.z+z\_shift)^2) S = refract.x/(2\*m)+0.5

# sceHiPlugShadowBoxData\_t

SHADOWBOX data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

sceVu0FVECTOR min; Bounding box minimum size Bounding box maximum size sceVu0FVECTOR max;

sceVu0FVECTOR box[8]; Bounding box size after operation is performed

} sceHiPlugShadowBoxData\_t;

#### **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugShadowBoxGetData() data access function.

It represents information for a SHADOWBOX\_DATA data block.

## sceHiPlugShadowMapInitArg\_t

ShadowMap plug-in argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Structure

#### typedef struct {

Shadow texture width int width; int height; Shadow texture height u\_int \*box; Pointer to ShadowBox

#### } sceHiPlugShadowMapInitArg\_t;

#### **Description**

width and height specify the shadow texture size.

box is the bounding box to be used for generating the shadow matrix.

NULL can be specified if the ShadowMap plug-in block is maintaining the ShadowBox data block (SCE\_HIP\_SHADOWBOX\_DATA).

ShadowBox is the bounding box that is generated using a diagonal line from the shadow texture rendering source and the maximum and minimum sizes of the shadow object.

To use the ShadowMap plug-in, you must provide this structure.

## sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t

SHAPE header union

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### Structure

```
typedef union {
   struct {
      int id:
                                            Geometry data ID
      size_t size;
                                            Geometry data word size
      u_int prim;
                                            Gs PRIM register bit
                                            Number of primitives
      int num;
   } geo;
                                            Geometry data header structure
   struct {
                                            Material data ID
      int id:
                                            Number of Geometry data items within Material data
      int num:
                                            Texture data ID within Material data
      int tex id;
                                            Number of Texture data items within Material data
      int tex_num;
   } mat;
                                            Material data header structure
   struct {
      int id;
                                            Shape data ID
                                            Shape data word size
      size_t size;
      int reserve;
      int num;
                                            Number of Material data items within Shape data
   } dat;
                                            Shape data header structure
   struct {
      int reserve[3];
      int num;
                                            Number of Shape data items within SHAPE DATA or
                                            number of Matrix items within BASEMATRIX
   } top;
                                            Structure indicating first header information of
                                            SHAPE_DATA or structure indicating first header
                                            information of BASEMATRIX
```

#### }sceHiPlugShapeHead t;

#### **Description**

This is a union returned by the sceHiPlugShapeGetHead(), sceHiPlugShapeGetDataHead(), sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead(), and sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead() data access functions.

It represents header information of data blocks having SHAPE DATA and BASEMATRIX data types, which belong to the SHAPE category.

The sceHiPlugShapeGetHead() function uses the top structure for initial header information of SHAPE DATA and BASEMATRIX data blocks.

The sceHiPlugShapeGetDataHead() function uses the dat structure for Shape data header information of a single SHAPE DATA item.

The sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead() function uses the mat structure for Material data header information of a single SHAPE DATA item.

The sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead() function uses the geo structure for Geometry data header information of a single SHAPE\_DATA item.

# sceHiPlugShapeMatrix\_t

BASEMATRIX data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int reserve[2];

Shape data visible/invisible flag int flags;

int shape; Shape data ID sceVu0FMATRIX local; Local world matrix sceVu0FMATRIX light; Light rotation matrix

} sceHiPlugShapeMatrix\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugShapeGetMatrix() data access function.

It represents a single matrix structure of a BASEMATRIX data block.

## sceHiPlugShareData\_t

SHARE data union

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

```
typedef union {
   struct {
      int offset;
                                   SHAREVERTEX or SHARENORMAL offset position
      int geomid;
                                   Geometry data ID
      int reserve;
      int num;
                                   Number of SHAREVERTEX or SHARENORMAL data items
   } shr;
                                   Structure indicating SHAREVERTEX and SHARENORMAL
   struct {
      int voffset;
                                   VERTEXINDEX offset position
      int vlength;
                                   Vertex length (number) from VERTEXINDEX offset position
      int noffset;
                                   NORMALINDEX offset position
      int nlength;
                                   Normal length (number) from NORMALINDEX offset position
                                   Structure indicating SHARE_DATA
   } dat;
} sceHiPlugShareData_t;
```

#### **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugShareGetData() and sceHiPlugShareGetShare() data access functions.

The sceHiPlugShareGetData() function uses the dat structure for SHARE\_DATA data.

The sceHiPlugShareGetShare() function uses the shr structure for SHAREVERTEX and SHARENORMAL data.

# sceHiPlugShareHead\_t

SHARE header union

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

typedef struct {

int reserve[2];

Shape data ID; ued only for SHAREVERTEX and int shape;

SHARENORMAL

int num; Number of data items

} sceHiPlugShareHead\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugShareGetHead() data access function.

It represents initial header information of SHARE\_DATA, VERTEXINDEX, NORMALINDEX, SRCDSTVERTEX, SRCDSTNORMAL, SHAREVERTEX, and SHARENORMAL data blocks.

# sceHiPlugTex2DData\_t

TEX2D data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

sceGsTex0 tex0; Gs TEX0 register

Gs TEX0 register address u\_long addr;

size\_t texelsize; Texel word size size\_t clutsize; CLUT word size u\_short texelwidth; Texel width u\_short texelheight; Texel height u\_short clutwidth; **CLUT** width u\_short clutheight; **CLUT** height

} sceHiPlugTex2DData\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugTex2DGetData() data access function.

It represents one set of texture information for a data block.

# sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t

TEX2D header structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int reserve[3];

int num;

Number of TEX2D\_DATA textures or number of

TEX2D\_ENV texture environments

## } sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugTex2DGetHead() data access function.

It represents initial header information of TEX2D\_DATA and TEX2D\_ENV data blocks.

# sceHiPlugTex2dInitArg\_t

Tex2D plugin argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	July 2, 2001

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int resident; Flag for switching between resident / non-resident

texture data GS Memory

sceHiGsMemTbl \*tbl; GS Service structure for users to designate TBP/CBP

settings

} sceHiPlugTex2dInitArg t;

## **Description**

Argument type accepted by the SCE\_HIP\_INIT\_PROCESS of the Tex2D plugin. Set the address of the variable of this type to the arg member of a SceHiPlug type variable to allow it to be passed as an argument.

When resident=TRUE and tbl=NULL, the texture size is allocated internally in the library. When SCE\_HIG\_END\_PROCESS is called, the texture size is freed.

# sceHiPlugTim2Data\_t

TIM2 data structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

#### typedef struct {

Tim2 data ID int id;

Pointer to loaded file (set by user) int \*ptr; size\_t size; Word size of file to be loaded

size\_t length; Length of filename; currently, fixed at 16 characters char fname[16]; Filename to be loaded; currently, fixed at up to 16

characters

## } sceHiPlugTim2Data\_t;

#### **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugTim2GetData() data access function.

It represents one Tim2 data structure for a TIM2\_DATA data block.

The parsing of the Tim2 format needs to be done as a separate operation.

# sceHiPlugTim2Head\_t

TIM2 header structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Structure**

## typedef struct {

int reserve[3];

int num; Number of Tim2 data items

} sceHiPlugTim2Head\_t;

## **Description**

This structure is returned by the sceHiPlugTim2GetHead() data access function.

It represents initial header information of a TIM2\_DATA data block.

The parsing of the Tim2 format needs to be done as a separate operation.

# sceHiPlugTim2InitArg\_t

Tim2D plugin argument structure

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.2	July 2, 2001

### **Structure**

### typedef struct {

int resident; Flag for switching between resident / non-resident

texture data GS Memory

sceHiGsMemTbl \*tbl; GS Service structure for users to designate TBP/CBP

settings

} sceHiPlugTim2dInitArg\_t;

# **Description**

Argument type accepted by the SCE\_HIG\_INIT\_PROCESS of the Tim2 plugin. Set the address of the variable of this type to the arg member of a SceHiPlug type variable to allow it to be passed as an argument.

# **Functions**

# FRAME PLUG

Frame plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

(No plugin function)

(No plugin arguments)

### **Description**

This is a virtual plugin that has no plugin function.

Inserted plugin functions are executed as a batch.

The dependency relationships of plugin calls is described by the order in the inserted plugin block list.

Inserted plugins are executed by calling sceHiCallPlug().

Basically, this virtual plugin can be inserted in any plugin block.

The user can customize the frame plugin block to call an appropriate plugin.

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

### **Plugin Type Attributes**

### Table 7-2

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_FRAME	FRAME_PLUG

### **Data Type Attributes**

None

### Return value

(No plugin return value)

# sceHiPlugAnime

Animation plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiPlugAnime(

Pointer to animation plugin block sceHiPlug \*plug;

int process); Plugin process ID

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function interpolates values for translating, rotating, or zooming hierarchy data between keyframes.

The following processing is called according to the value specified by the process argument.

Table 7-3

Specified Value	Processing Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Reserves internal buffers. Reads hierarchy structure data, keyframe data, key value data and animation data.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Interpolates coordinate conversions, motion, rotation and expansion of hierarchy structure data between keyframes.
	The following process also occurs when an actual plugin block argument (HiPlug type member args) is present (not NULL).
	When element setframe_enable of an actual argument is 1, sets the value of element setframe as the current keyframe.
	Always returns the current keyframe number to element currentframe of the actual argument.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Performs no processing.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Frees internal buffers.

The amount of memory consumed when this plugin is used is shown below.

Take this amount into account when using the sceHiMemInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for the internal buffer.

This size is consumed for each individual plugin block.

# **Amount of Memory Consumed**

#### Table 7-4:

Use	Amount Consumed
Internal buffer	1 (word/keyframe) + 1 (word/keyvalue) + 2 (qword)

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

# **Plugin Type Attributes**

# Table 7-5

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ANIME	SCE_HIP_ANIME_PLUG

# **Data Type Attributes**

### Table 7-6:

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ANIME	SCE_HIP_ANIME_DATA SCE_HIP_KEYFRAME SCE_HIP_KEYVALUE
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_HRCHY	SCE_HIP_HRCHY_DATA

# Return value

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference.

# sceHiPlugAnimeGetData

Get ANIME data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugAnimeData\_t \*sceHiPlugAnimeGetData(

sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t \*h, Header pointer

int idx); Index

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single ANIME data item having an ANIME\_DATA data type.

The ANIME\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the ANIME data item to be obtained.

### **Return value**

sceHiPlugAnimeData\_t type Pointer to ANIME data

# sceHiPlugAnimeGetFrame

Get ANIME Frame data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

int \*sceHiPlugAnimeGetFrame( sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single Frame data item having a KEYFRAME data type.

The KEYFRAME header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the Frame data item to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

int type Pointer to Frame data

# sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead

Get ANIME header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t \*sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*p;

sceHiType t); Data type

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having an ANIME\_DATA, KEYFRAME, or KEYVALUE data type, which belongs to the ANIME category.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

### Return value

sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t type Header pointer

# sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead

Get ANIME Key header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t \*sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead( sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single Key header having a KEYFRAME or KEYVALUE data type.

The KEYFRAME or KEYVALUE header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugAnimeGetHead() is assigned to \*h. idx is set to the desired position of the Key header to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t type

ANIME Key header pointer

# sceHiPlugAnimeGetValue

Get ANIME Value data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugAnimeGetValue( sceHiPlugAnimeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single Value data item having a KEYVALUE data type.

The KEYVALUE header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugAnimeGetKeyHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the Value data item to be obtained.

### **Return value**

sceVu0FVECTOR type Value data pointer

# sceHiPlugClutBump

ClutBump plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiPlugClutBump(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug; int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function calculates the shading intensity from 256 normal line tables and writes it as the texture CLUT alpha value. It produces a bump effect by varying the brightness as a function of alpha blending, with the texture as a base.

Calculation expression:

CLUT alpha = ambient alpha + diffuse alpha \* (light.normal) + specular alpha \*(light.normal)^shininess

Table 7-7

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Calculate CLUT alpha and write it to texture.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	No operation.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

### **Amount of Memory Used**

Table 7-8

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword + 1 qword/clut

### **Plug-in Type Attribute**

#### Table 7-9

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ BUMP	SCE_HIP_ CLUTBUMP_PLUG

# **Data Type Attribute**

Table 7-10

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ BUMP	SCE_HIP_CLUTBUMP_D ATA
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ BUMP	SCE_HIP_ CLUTBUMP_NORMAL
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ SHAPE	SCE_HIP_ BASEMATRIX
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_TEX2D	SCE_HIP_ TEX2D_DATA

# Return value

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

# sceHiPlugClutBumpGetData

Get CLUTBUMP data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugClutBumpData\_t \*sceHiPlugClutBumpGetData( sceHiPlugClutBumpHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single CLUTBUMP data item having a CLUTBUMP\_DATA data type.

The CLUTBUMP\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugClutBumpGetHead() is assigned to \*h. idx is set to the desired position of the CLUTBUMP data item to be obtained.

### **Return value**

sceHiPlugClutBumpData\_t type CLUTBUMP data pointer

# sceHiPlugClutBumpGetHead

Get CLUTBUMP header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugClutBumpHead\_t \*sceHiPlugClutBumpGetHead(

sceHiPlug \*p; Pointer to plug-in block

sceHiType t); Data type

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having CLUTBUMP\_DATA or CLUTBUMP\_NORMAL data types, which belongs to the CLUTBUMP category.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

### **Return value**

sceHiPlugClutBumpHead\_t type Header pointer

# sceHiPlugClutBumpGetNormal

Get CLUTBUMP normal table

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugClutBumpGetNormal(

sceHiPlugClutBumpHead\_t \*h, Header pointer

int idx); Index

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single normal table having a CLUTBUMP\_NORMAL data type.

The CLUTBUMP\_NORMAL header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugClutBumpGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the normal table to be obtained.

One normal table has 256 normal lines.

#### Return value

sceVu0FVECTOR type CLUTBUMP normal table pointer

# sceHiPlugFishEye

FishEye plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiPlugFishEye(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug; int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function performs scene rendering with a fish eye lens effect. To perform scene rendering, a separate microcode and micro plug-in are required. The micro plug-in is inserted in the data format.

A suitable drawing environment is required for fish eye lens rendering. For specific information about using the fish eye plug-in, see the sample source code and data.

Table 7-11

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Generate view matrix.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Perform rendering with inserted micro plug-in.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

### **Amount of Memory Used**

Table 7-12

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword

### **Plug-in Type Attribute**

#### **Table 7-13**

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK	REFLECT	FISHEYE_PLUG

# **Return value**

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

# sceHiPlugHrchy

Hierarchy plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiPlugHrchy(

Pointer to hierarchy plugin block sceHiPlug \*plug;

int process); Plugin process ID

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function creates a hierarchy matrix internally.

There is no hierarchy depth limitation.

The following processing is called according to the value specified by the process argument.

Table 7-14:

Specified Value	Processing Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocates internal buffers. Reads hierarchy data and matrix data.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Transforms coordinates, generates an accumulation matrix from translation, rotation, or zooming values and hierarchies, and reflects it in the data.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Performs no processing.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Frees internal buffers.

The amount of memory consumed when this plugin is used is shown below.

Take this amount into account when using the sceHiMemInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for the internal buffer.

This size is consumed for each individual plugin block.

# **Amount of Memory Consumed**

**Table 7-15** 

Use	Amount Consumed
Internal buffer	1 (qword)

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

# **Plugin Type Attributes**

# Table 7-16

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_HRCHY	SCE_HIP_HRCHY_PLUG

# **Data Type Attributes**

# Table 7-17

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_HRCHY	SCE_HIP_HRCHY_DATA SCE_HIP_PIVOT_DATA
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_SHAPE	SCE_HIP_BASEMATRIX

# **Return value**

See HiG library reference. sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugHrchyGetData

Get HRCHY data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugHrchyData\_t \*sceHiPlugHrchyGetData( sceHiPlugHrchyHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx); Index

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single hierarchy structure having a HRCHY\_DATA data type.

The HRCHY\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugHrchyGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the HRCHY data to be obtained.

### Return value

sceHiPlugHrchyData\_t type HRCHY data pointer

# sceHiPlugHrchyGetHead

Get HRCHY header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugHrchyHead\_t \*sceHiPlugHrchyGetHead(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*p;

sceHiType t); Data type

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having a HRCHY\_DATA or PIVOT\_DATA data type, which belongs to the HRCHY category.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

### Return value

sceHiPlugHrchyHead\_t type Header pointer

# sceHiPlugHrchyGetPivot

Get PIVOT data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugHrchyGetPivot(

sceHiPlugHrchyHead\_t \*h, Header pointer

int idx); Index

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a single PIVOT data item having a PIVOT\_DATA data type.

The PIVOT\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugHrchyGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the PIVOT data to be obtained.

### Return value

sceVu0FVECTOR type PIVOT data pointer

# sceHiPlugLightMap

Light map plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiPlugLightMap(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug; int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function produces a lighting effect by generating a texture projection matrix from light information that is in the micro data and projecting the light texture on an object.

A separate microcode and micro plug-in are required.

This function supports only parallel light source No. 0 within the light information that is in the micro data.

For SCE\_HIG\_INIT\_PROCESS, sceHiPlugLightMapInitArg\_t must be specified.

For specific information about using the light map plug-in, see the sample source code and data.

**Table 7-18** 

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Generate texture projection matrix.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Perform light mapping according to inserted micro plug-in.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

### **Amount of Memory Used**

**Table 7-19** 

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword

# **Plug-in Type Attribute**

Table 7-20

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_ LIGHT	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK		LIGHTMAP_PLUG

# **Return value**

See HiG library reference sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugMicro

Microcode plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiPlugMicro(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Microcode plugin block address

int process); Plugin process ID

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function DMA transfers microcode to VU1 micro memory and prepares a VU1 double buffer.

Two basic microcodes are switched.

The following processing is called according to the value specified by the process argument.

**Table 7-21** 

Specified Value	Processing Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Reserves internal buffers. Generates DMA packets of installed microcode.
	Sets registration and attributes of multiple microcodes using sceHiPlugMicroInitArg_t.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Switches microcode using sceHiPlugMicroPreCalcArg_t in an actual plugin block argument (HiPlug type member args).
	If args is NULL, uses the microcode that only handles parallel light source maintained by the library.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Registers a Chain using sceHiDMARegist to perform a DMA transfer of DMA packets of microcode.
	Does not perform the DMA transfer itself. Call sceHiDMASend(); separately.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Frees internal buffers and DMA packet buffer.

The amount of memory consumed when this plugin is used is shown below.

Take this amount into account when using the sceHiDMAInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for DMA packet buffers and the packet management area and when using the sceHiMemInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for internal buffers. This size is consumed for each individual plugin block.

# **Amount of Memory Consumed**

### Table 7-22

Use	Amount Consumed
Packet management area	1 qword
DMA packet buffers	4 qword
Internal buffers	1 qword

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

# **Plugin Type Attributes**

#### **Table 7-23**

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_MICRO	SCE_HIP_MICRO_PLUG

# **Data Type Attributes**

#### **Table 7-24**

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_MICRO	SCE_HIP_MICRO_DATA

# Return value

See HiG library reference. sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugMicroGetData

Get MICRO data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

# sceHiPlugMicroData\_t \*sceHiPlugMicroGetData(

sceHiPlug \*p); Pointer to plug-in block

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

# **Description**

This function gets a data pointer having a MICRO\_DATA data type, which belongs to the MICRO category. If there is no data, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugMicroData\_t type MICRO data pointer

# sceHiPlugReflect

Reflection plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

### sceHiErr sceHiPlugReflect(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug; int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function produces a reflection mapping effect.

Calculation expressions:

reflect=2\*(normal,eye)-eye

reflect.x=reflect.x\*zoom

reflect.y=reflect.y\*zoom

m=sqrt(reflect.x^2+reflect.y^2+(reflect.z+z\_shift)^2)

S= reflect.x/(2\*m)

T= reflect.y/(2\*m)

A separate microcode and micro plug-in are required for mapping.

The micro plug-in is inserted in the data format. For specific information about using the reflection plug-in, see the sample source code and data.

**Table 7-25** 

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Generate view matrix.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Perform mapping with inserted micro plug-in.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

# **Amount of Memory Used**

### Table 7-26

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword

# **Plug-in Type Attribute**

Table 7-27

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK	REFLECT	REFLECT_PLUG

# **Return value**

See HiG library reference sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugRefract

Refraction plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiPlugRefract(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug; int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

This function produces a refraction mapping effect.

Calculation expressions:

refract=2\*(refract\_index\*normal.eye)+eye

refract.x=refract.x\*zoom

refract.y=refract.y\*zoom

m=sqrt(refract.x^2+refract.y^2+(refract.z+z\_shift)^2)

S = refract.x/(2\*m)

T= refract.y/(2\*m)

A separate microcode and micro plug-in are required for mapping.

The micro plug-in is inserted in the data format. For specific information about using the refraction plug-in, see the sample source code and data.

**Table 7-28** 

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Generate view matrix.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Perform mapping with inserted micro plug-in.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

# **Amount of Memory Used**

### **Table 7-29**

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword

# **Plug-in Type Attribute**

Table 7-30

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK	REFLECT	REFRACT_PLUG

# **Return value**

See HiG library reference sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugShadowBox

Shadow box plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

# sceHiErr sceHiPlugShadowBox(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug; int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

The world coordinate values are calculated from the object's bounding box that will be shadowed. This bounding box effect is used by the ShadowMap plug-in.

World coordinate vertices are calculated from the hierarchical structure root matrix.

This plug-in's PRE\_PROCESS must be called before the ShadowMap plug-in's PRE\_PROCESS.

# Table 7-31

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Calculate world coordinate values of 8 vertices that define the bounding box.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	No operation.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

# **Amount of Memory Used**

### **Table 7-32**

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword

### **Plug-in Type Attribute**

### Table 7-33

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK	SHADOW	SHADOWBOX_PLUG

# **Data Type Attribute**

Table 7-34

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK	SHADOW	SHADOWBOX_DATA

# **Return value**

See HiG library reference sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugShadowBoxGetData

Get SHADOWBOX data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShadowBoxData\_t \*sceHiPlugShadowBoxGetData(

sceHiPlug \*p); Pointer to plug-in block

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

This function gets a data pointer having a SHADOWBOX\_DATA data type, which belongs to the SHADOW category.

### **Return value**

sceHiPlugShadowBoxData\_t type SHADOWBOX data pointer

# sceHiPlugShadowMap

Shadow map plug-in

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

### sceHiErr sceHiPlugShadowMap(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to plug-in block int process;); Plug-in process identifier

### Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function generates the view screen matrix and texture projection matrix for shadow texture rendering. It produces a shadow effect by using the texture matrix to perform texture mapping from the shadow texture that was rendered.

For INIT\_PROCESS, the shadow texture size must be specified with sceHiPlugShadowMapInitArg\_t.

For PRE\_PROCESS, the ShadowBox plug-in's PRE\_PROCESS must be called in advance.

A separate microcode and micro plug-in are required for shadow texture rendering. The micro plug-in is inserted in the data format.

The frame plug-in is used for shadow texture mapping.

Microcode that supports the micro plug-in that is kept by the frame plug-in must be specified.

After the ShadowMap plug-in's PRE\_PROCESS, the texture matrix that is in the micro data kept by the ShadowMap plug-in block, must be copied to the micro data that is kept by the frame plug-in block.

This function supports only parallel light source No. 0 within the light information of the micro data that is kept by the ShadowMap.

A suitable drawing environment is required for rendering and mapping.

For specific information about using the shadow map plug-in, see the sample source code and data.

**Table 7-35** 

Specification	Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocate internal buffers.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Generate view screen matrix for shadow texture rendering.
	Generate texture matrix for shadow mapping.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Perform shadow texture rendering with the inserted micro plug-in.
	Perform shadow mapping with the frame plug-in.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Free internal buffers.

# **Amount of Memory Used**

# Table 7-36

Purpose	Amount Used
Packet management area	None
DMA packet buffer	None
Internal buffers	1 qword

# **Plug-in Type Attribute**

Table 7-37	,			
	Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
	SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ SHADOW	SCE_HIP_ SHADOWMAP_PLUG

# **Data Type Attribute**

### **Table 7-38**

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_	SCE_HIP_
COMMON	FRAMEWORK	SHADOW	SHADOWBOX_DATA

# Return value

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

# sceHiPlugShape

Shape plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiPlugShape(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to shape plugin block

int process); Plugin process ID

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function draws shape data by creating packets for performing DMA transfers of the shape data to VU1 local memory, transferring the packets, and executing microcode.

The following processing is called according to the value specified by the process argument.

**Table 7-39** 

Specified Value	Processing Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocates internal buffers. Analyzes shape data, matrix data, and 2D texture data and creates packets for performing DMA transfers of the packets to VU Mem1.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Performs no processing.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Uses sceHiDMARegist to register chains for performing DMA transfers of shape data to VU Mem1.  Does not perform actual DMA transfers. sceHiDMASend(); must be called separately.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Frees DMA packet buffers. Frees internal buffers.

The amount of memory consumed when this plugin is used is shown below.

Take this amount into account when using the sceHiDMAInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for DMA packet buffers and the packet management area and when using the sceHiMemInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for internal buffers.

This size is consumed for each individual plugin block.

Table 7-40: Amount of Memory Consumed

Use	Amount Consumed
Packet management area	1 (qword/shape) + 1 (qword).
DMA packet buffers	<ul> <li>2 (qword/matrix) + 1 qword (unnecessary if there is no matrix).</li> <li>5 (qword/shape).</li> <li>3 (qword/material) (unnecessary if there is no texture).</li> <li>11 (qword /63vertices /geometry).</li> </ul>
Internal buffers	3 (qword/shape) + 2 (qword)

#### Note:

(qword/shape) = qword per shape : Number of qwords per shape (qword/matrix) = qword per matrix : Number of qwords per matrix (qword/texture) = qword per texture : Number of qwords per texture (qword/63vertices/geometry): Number of qwords per 63 vertices within one geometry

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

# **Plugin Type Attributes**

Table 7-41

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_SHAPE	SCE_HIP_SHAPE_PLUG

# **Data Type Attributes**

### **Table 7-42**

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_SHAPE	SCE_HIP_SHAPE_DATA SCE_HIP_BASEMATRIX

### **Return value**

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference.

## sceHiPlugShapeGetDataHead

Get Shape data header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*sceHiPlugShapeGetDataHead( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Shape data item having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the Shape data to be obtained.

The dat structure is used for the return value.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t type Header pointer

# sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryColor

Get Geometry vertex color

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryColor( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

Index

int idx);

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Geometry data vertex color having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the vertex color to be obtained.

#### Return value

sceVu0FVECTOR type Vertex color pointer

## sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead

Get Geometry data header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single header of Geometry data having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the Geometry data to be obtained.

The geo structure is used for the return value.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t type

Header pointer

# sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryNormal

Get Geometry normal data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryNormal(

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h, Header pointer int idx); Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Geometry normal data item having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the normal data to be obtained.

#### Return value

sceVu0FVECTOR type

Normal data pointer

## sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryST

Get Geometry texture coordinates

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryST(

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h, Header pointer int idx); Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single set of Geometry data texture coordinates having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the texture coordinates to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

sceVu0FVECTOR type

Texture coordinate data pointer

# sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryVertex

Get Geometry vertex data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryVertex(

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h, Header pointer Index

int idx);

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Geometry vertex data item having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetGeometryHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the vertex data item to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

sceVu0FVECTOR type

Vertex data pointer

## sceHiPlugShapeGetHead

Get SHAPE header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

## **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*sceHiPlugShapeGetHead(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*p;

sceHiType t); Data type

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having a SHAPE\_DATA or BASEMATRIX data type, which belongs to the SHAPE category.

The top structure is used for the return value.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t type

Header pointer

# sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialAttrib

Get Material attribute

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FMATRIX \*sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialAttrib( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h);

Header pointer

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single attribute of Material data having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The attribute can be ambient, diffuse, or specular.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead() is assigned to \*h.

If there is no data, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

sceVu0FMATRIX type

Material attribute

# sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialGiftag

Get MaterialGiftag

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiGsGiftag \*sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialGiftag( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h);

Header pointer

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Giftag of Material data having a SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead() is assigned to \*h.

If there is no data, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

sceHiGsGiftag type MaterialGiftag pointer

# sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead

Get Material data header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*sceHiPlugShapeGetMaterialHead( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Material data header having SHAPE\_DATA data type.

The header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetDataHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the Geometry data to be obtained.

The mat structure is used for the return value.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t type

Header pointer

## sceHiPlugShapeGetMatrix

Get matrix data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShapeMatrix\_t \*sceHiPlugShapeGetMatrix( sceHiPlugShapeHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single matrix data item having a BASEMATRIX data type.

The BASEMATRIX header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShapeGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the matrix data to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugShapeMatrix\_t type

Matrix data pointer

## sceHiPlugShapeInvisible

Set whether shape is visible or invisible

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiPlugShapeInvisible(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to shape plug-in block

int matidx; Base matrix ID for displaying shape for which setting

is to be made

int flag); Set to 1 if the shape is to be invisible and 0 if it is to

be visible

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

This function sets whether a shape to be displayed is visible or invisible.

When the shape is invisible, it is deleted from the list when the DMA transfer is performed (when it is invisible, no DMA transfer is performed).

The setting operation is performed for each individual base matrix. Therefore, when the same shape data is displayed many times using multiple base matrices, the visible / invisible property can be set separately for each base matrix that is displayed.

#### Return value

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

## **SceHiPlugShapeMasterChainSetting**

Change settings for Shape packet chain

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiPlugShapeMasterChainSetting(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to Shape plugin block

int flag); flag value

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function changes settings for the Shape packet Master Chain (the packet chain which is attached to the packet chain of displayed objects by CallTag).

The following settings currently can be set.

Dynamic/Static toggle: Bit 0

Switches whether the Master Chain is to be created dynamically or statically.

For Dynamic, set bit 0 of flag to 0. For Static, set bit 0 to 1.

The default is Dynamic (packet chain is deleted after each transfer).

#### **Return value**

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

## sceHiPlugShare

Share plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## sceHiErr sceHiPlugShare(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to share plugin block

int process); Plugin process ID

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function generates shapes from shared vertices or normal lines according to different coordinate transformations.

It has a pseudo skin deformation effect.

The following processing is called according to the value specified by the process argument.

**Table 7-43** 

Specified Value	Processing Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Allocates internal buffers. Reads shared vertex data, shared normal line data, shared vertex index data, shared normal line index data, shared vertex link data, shared normal line link data, shape data, and matrix data.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Performs vertex and normal line coordinate transformation from matrix data, generates shapes from link data, and reflects these in shape data.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Performs no processing.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Frees internal buffers.

The amount of memory consumed when this plugin is used is shown below.

Take this amount into account when using the sceHiMemInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for the internal buffer.

This size is consumed for each individual plugin block.

#### **Amount of Memory Consumed**

**Table 7-44** 

Use	Amount Consumed	
Internal buffers	2 (word/geometry)(in share) + 6 (qword)	

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

## **Plugin Type Attributes**

## **Table 7-45**

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_SHARE	SCE_HIP_SHARE_PLUG

## **Data Type Attributes**

## **Table 7-46**

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_SHARE	SCE_HIP_SHARE_DATA SCE_HIP_SRCDSTVERTEX SCE_HIP_SRCDSTNORMAL SCE_HIP_VERTEXINDEX SCE_HIP_NORMALINDEX SCE_HIP_SHAREVERTEX SCE_HIP_SHARENORMAL
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_SHAPE	SCE_HIP_SHAPE_DATA SCE_HIP_BASEMATRIX

## Return value

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference.

# sceHiPlugShareGetData

Get SHARE data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShareData\_t \*sceHiPlugShareGetData( sceHiPlugShareHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single SHARE data item having a SHARE\_DATA data type.

The SHARE\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShareGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the SHARE data to be obtained.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugShareData\_t type

SHARE data pointer

# sceHiPlugShareGetDst

Get SHARE vertex/normal destination data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugShareGetDst( sceHiPlugShareHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single destination data item having a SRCDSTVERTEX or SCRDSTNORMAL data type.

The SRCDSTVERTEX or SCRDSTNORMAL header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShareGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the destination data item to be obtained.

#### Return value

sceVu0FVECTOR type

SHARE vertex/normal destination data

## sceHiPlugShareGetHead

Get SHARE header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShareHead\_t \*sceHiPlugShareGetHead(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*p;

sceHiType t); Data type

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having a SHARE\_DATA, SRCDSTVERTEX, SRCDSTNORMAL, VERTEXINDEX, NORMALINDEX, SHAREVERTEX, or SHARENORMAL data type, which belongs to the SHARE category.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugShareHead\_t type Header pointer

## sceHiPlugShareGetIndex

Get SHARE index data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

int \*sceHiPlugShareGetIndex( sceHiPlugShareHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single index data item having a VERTEXINDEX or NORMALINDEX data type.

The VERTEXINDEX or NORMALINDEX header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShareGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the index data item to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

SHARE index data pointer int type

# sceHiPlugShareGetShare

Get Share data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugShareData\_t \*sceHiPlugShareGetShare(

sceHiPlugShareHead\_t \*h, Header pointer

int idx); Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single Share data item having a SHAREVERTEX or SHARENORMAL data type.

The SHAREVERTEX or SHARENORMAL header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShareGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the Share data item to be obtained.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugShareData\_t type Share data pointer

# sceHiPlugShareGetSrc

Get SHARE vertex/normal source data

#### **Syntax**

sceVu0FVECTOR \*sceHiPlugShareGetSrc( sceHiPlugShareHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx);

Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Return value**

sceVu0FVECTOR type

SHARE vertex/normal source data

#### **Description**

This function gets a single source data item having a SRCDSTVERTEX or SCRDSTNORMAL data type.

The SRCDSTVERTEX or SCRDSTNORMAL header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugShareGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the source data item to be obtained.

## sceHiPlugTex2D

2D texture plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiPlugTex2D(

Pointer to 2D texture plugin block sceHiPlug \*plug;

int process); Plugin process ID

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

This function DMA transfers 2D texture data to GS local memory.

The following processing is called according to the value specified by the process argument.

Table 7-47:

Specified Value	Processing Description
SCE_HIG_INIT_PROCESS	Reserves internal buffers. Sets TBP and CBP of the GS transfer destination using sceHiPlugTex2dInitArg_t and specifies resident / non-resident Analyzes texture data. Creates DMA packets of texture data.
SCE_HIG_PRE_PROCESS	Performs no processing.
SCE_HIG_POST_PROCESS	Uses sceHiDMARegist(); to register texture data DMA packets for DMA transfer to the GS. Does not perform actual DMA transfers. sceHiDMASend(); must be called separately.
SCE_HIG_END_PROCESS	Frees DMA packet buffers. Frees internal buffers.

The amount of memory consumed when this plugin is used is shown below.

Take this amount into account when using the sceHiDMAInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for DMA packet buffers and the packet management area and when using the sceHiMemInit(); function in order to specify a size large enough for internal buffers.

This size is consumed for each individual plugin block.

## **Amount of Memory Consumed**

#### Table 7-48

Use	Amount Consumed
Packet management area	1 qword
DMA packet buffers	
with clut	8 (qword/texture) + 1 (qword)
without clut	5 (qword/texture) + 1 (qword)
Internal buffers	15 (qword/texture) + 2 (qword)

**Note:** (qword/texture) = qword per texture : Number of qwords per texture

Specifies the texture buffer that can be used in sceHiPlugTex2dInitArg\_t.

The TBP moves from the top down and the CBP moves from the bottom up.

Values can be loaded until they mutually interfere with each other.

If nothing is specified, TBP and CBP are set with 0x1a40 as the top address and 0x4000 as the bottom address.

The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of the required data are shown below.

## **Plugin Type Attributes**

#### **Table 7-49**

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_TEX2D	SCE_HIP_TEX2D_PLUG

## **Data Type Attributes**

#### Table 7-50

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_TEX2D	SCE_HIP_TEX2D_DATA

#### **Return value**

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference.

# sceHiPlugTex2DGetClut

Get TEX2D CLUT data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

u\_int \*sceHiPlugTex2DGetClut( sceHiPlugTex2DData\_t \*d);

Data pointer

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function gets a single CLUT data item having a TEX2D\_DATA data type.

The single TEX2D\_DATA texture data pointer obtained from sceHiPlugTex2DGetData() is assigned to \*d.

#### **Return value**

u\_int type CLUT data pointer

## sceHiPlugTex2DGetData

Get TEX2D data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugTex2DData\_t \*sceHiPlugTex2DGetData( sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

int idx); Index

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single texture data item having a TEX2D\_DATA data type.

The TEX2D\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugTex2DGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the texture data item to be obtained.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugTex2DData\_t type

TEX2D data pointer

## sceHiPlugTex2DGetEnv

Get TEX2D texture environment data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

int idx);

sceHiGsGiftag \*sceHiPlugTex2DGetEnv( sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

Index

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### Return value

sceHiGsGiftag type TEX2D texture environment data pointer

### **Description**

This function gets a single texture environment data item having a TEX2D\_ENV data type.

The TEX2D\_ENV header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugTex2DGetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the texture environment data item to be obtained.

# sceHiPlugTex2DGetHead

Get TEX2D header

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t \*sceHiPlugTex2DGetHead(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*p;

sceHiType t); Data type

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having a TEX2D\_DATA or TEX2D\_ENV data type, which belongs to the TEX2D category.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t type

Header pointer

# sceHiPlugTex2DGetTexel

Get TEX2D texel data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

### **Syntax**

u\_int \*sceHiPlugTex2DGetTexel( sceHiPlugTex2DData\_t \*d);

Data pointer

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single texel data item having a TEX2D\_DATA data type.

The single TEX2D\_DATA texture data pointer obtained from sceHiPlugTex2DGetData() is assigned to \*d.

#### **Return value**

u\_int type Texel data pointer

# sceHiPlugTex2DSize

Get Tex2D plug-in texture size

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

size\_t sceHiPlugTex2DSize(

sceHiPlug \*plug;); Pointer to plug-in block

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function returns the total texture size which the Tex2D plug-in has.

## Return value

Texture size size\_t

## sceHiPlugTim2

Tim2 texture plugin

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.1	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

#### sceHiErr sceHiPlugTim2(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to Tim2 texture plugin blocks

int process); Plugin process identifier

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Performs DMA transfers of 2D image format "TIM2" data to GS local memory.

Download technical information for the TIM2 format from the developer support website.

Specify the texture buffer that can be used in sceHiPlugTim2InitArg\_t.

The following processes are called that correspond to the value specified in the process argument.

Table 7-51

Specified Value	Process
SCE_HIG_INIT_ PROCESS	Reserves internal buffers. Generates DMA packets of decoded texture data for Tim2 format. Sets TBP and CBP of the GS transfer destination using sceHiPlugTim2InitArg_t and specifies resident / non-resident.
SCE_HIG_PRE_ PROCESS	Performs no processing
SCE_HIG_POST_ PROCESS	Performs registration for DMA transferring DMA packets of texture data to GS using sceHiDMARegist();. Does not perform the DMA transfer itself. Call sceHiDMASend(); separately.
SCE_HIG_END_ PROCESS	Frees DMA packet buffer. Frees internal buffers.

Refer to the Tex2D plugin for the amount of memory consumed when using this plugin. The type attributes of this plugin and the type attributes of data which is required are shown.

#### Plugin type attributes

Table 7-52

Repository	Project	Category	Plugin ID
SCE_HIP_COMMON	SCE_HIP_FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_TIM2	SCE_HIP_TIM2PLUG

## Data type attributes

## **Table 7-53**

Repository	Project	Category	Data ID
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_ TIM2	SCE_HIP_ TIM2_DATA
SCE_HIP_ COMMON	SCE_HIP_ FRAMEWORK	SCE_HIP_TEX2D	SCE_HIP_ TEX2D_ENV

## **Return value**

sceHiErr type (See HiG library reference)

# sceHiPlugTim2GetData

Get TIM2 data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4.3	January 4, 2002

#### **Syntax**

int idx);

sceHiPlugTim2Data\_t \*sceHiPlugTim2GetData( sceHiPlugTex2DHead\_t \*h,

Header pointer

Index

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets a single TIM2 data item having a TIM2\_DATA data type.

The TIM2\_DATA header pointer obtained from sceHiPlugTim2GetHead() is assigned to \*h.

idx is set to the desired position of the TIM2 data item to be obtained.

#### Return value

sceHiPlugTim2Data\_t type

TIM2 data pointer

# sceHiPlugTim2GetHead

Get TIM2 header

### **Syntax**

sceHiPlugTim2Head\_t \*sceHiPlugTim2GetHead(

sceHiPlug \*p; Pointer to plug-in block

sceHiType t); Data type

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function gets the initial header of a data block having a TIM2\_DATA data type, which belongs to the TIM2 category.

If the specified data type is not found, NULL is returned.

#### **Return value**

sceHiPlugTim2Head\_t type

Header pointer

# sceHiPlugTim2GetName

Get Tim2 plug-in texture filename

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

char \*sceHiPlugTim2GetName(

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to plug-in block

Data index int idx;);

**Calling conditions** 

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

**Description** 

This function gets the filename corresponding to the specified index which the Tim2 plug-in block has.

**Return value** 

char\* Pointer to Tim2 texture filename

## sceHiPlugTim2GetNPictures

Get number of Tim2 plugin pictures

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

sceHiErr sceHiPlugTim2GetNPictures (

sceHiPlug \*plug; Pointer to plugin block int n; Data block index

int \*num); Address of int type variable for returning the number

of pictures that exist in the corresponding data

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

### **Description**

For the nth set of data in the tim2 data list held by plug, this function returns the number of pictures contained in that data in num.

Note: Only pictures having the same Width/Height/PixelFormat/Clut are supported for Tim2 data with a single data block index (a single Tim2 data file).

Texture chains of Tim2 data that have pictures for which these properties differ are not supported. Clut animation is not supported either.

#### Return value

See HiG library reference sceHiErr type

# sceHiPlugTim2Num

Get number of Tim2 plug-in texture files

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

## **Syntax**

## int sceHiPlugTim2Num(

sceHiPlug \*plug;); Pointer to plug-in block

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

## **Description**

This function returns the total number of texture files that the Tim2 plug-in block has.

#### **Return value**

Number of Tim2 texture files int

# sceHiPlugTim2SetData

Set Tim2 plug-in texture data

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiPlugTim2SetData(

Pointer to plug-in block sceHiPlug \*plug;

int idx; Data index

u\_int \*fdata;);

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

For the type attribute and the TIM2 data list of the SCE\_HIP\_TIM2\_DATA, this function sets a pointer for TIM2 data which is read separately at the specified index location.

#### **Return value**

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

### sceHiPlugTim2SetPicture

Set Tim2 plugin picture

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhip	2.4	October 11, 2001

#### **Syntax**

sceHiErr sceHiPlugTim2SetPicture (

Pointer to plugin block sceHiPlug \*plug; int n; Data block index int num); Picture number

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe

#### **Description**

This function sets the data that plug will reference as the nth set of texture data so that it is set for picture no. num. A texture chain animation can be generated by switching these with appropriate timing.

Note: Only pictures having the same Width/Height/PixelFormat/Clut are supported for Tim2 data with a single data block index (a single Tim2 data file).

Texture chains of Tim2 data that have pictures for which these properties differ are not supported. Clut animation is not supported either.

### Return value

sceHiErr type See HiG library reference

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# **Structures**

# sceVu0FMATRIX

4x4 matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Structure**

typedef float sceVu0FMATRIX[4][4];

### **Description**

This is a (float X 4 X 4)-element matrix. The array elements are arranged as follows.

| m[0][0] m[1][0] m[2][0] m[3][0] |

| m[0][1] m[1][1] m[2][1] m[3][1] |

| m[0][2] m[1][2] m[2][2] m[3][2] |

| m[0][3] m[1][3] m[2][3] m[3][3] |

# sceVu0FVECTOR

4-dimensional vector (floating point)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

# typedef float sceVu0FVECTOR[4];

### **Description**

This is a (float X 4)-element vector. The EE is little endian, and the array elements of sceVu0FVECTOR correspond to the vector elements (fields) as follows.

Table 8-1

Array element	Field
a[0]	Χ
a[1]	У
a[2]	Z
a[3]	W

### sceVu0IVECTOR

4-dimensional vector (integer)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	December 23, 1999

#### **Structure**

### typedef int sceVu0IVECTOR[4];

#### **Description**

This is an (int X 4)-element vector. The EE is little endian, and the array elements of sceVu0IVECTOR correspond to the vector elements (fields) as follows.

Table 8-2		
	Array element	Field
	a[0]	X
	a[1]	У
	a[2]	Z
	a[3]	W

sceVu0IVECTOR can be used with two numeric formats. These formats are fixed point with a 0-bit fractional part and fixed point with a 4-bit fractional part.

Table 8-3		
	Format	Specifications
	Fixed point (32.0)	Integer part: 32 bits, fractional part: 0 bits
	Fixed point (28.4)	Integer part: 28 bits, fractional part: 4 bits

# **Functions**

# sceVpu0Reset

Reset VU0 and VIF0

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVpu0Reset(void);

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Initializes VU0 and VIF0.

### Return value

### sceVu0AddVector

4-element parallel add (ADD/xyzw)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0AddVector(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v2) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Individually adds the elements of vector v1 to the corresponding elements of vector v2 and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0ApplyMatrix

Multiply vector by matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0ApplyMatrix(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Input: Matrix sceVu0FVECTOR v1) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Multiples vector *v1* by matrix *m0* from the right and returns the result in vector *v0*. This operation is represented by the following expression.

v0=m0\*v1

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0CameraMatrix

Generate world view matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0CameraMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m, Output: Matrix (world view coordinates)

Input: Vector (viewpoint) sceVu0FVECTOR p, sceVu0FVECTOR zd, Input: Vector (line of sight) sceVu0FVECTOR yd) Input: Vector (normal direction)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains a matrix that transforms the viewpoint p to (0,0,0), the line of sight zd to (0,0,1), and the normal direction yd to (0,1,0) and returns the result in m.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0ClampVector

Clamp vector

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0ClampVector(

sceVu0FVECTOR v0, Output: Vector Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1,

float min, Input: Minimum value float max) Input: Maximum value

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Clamps each element of vector v1 using the minimum value min and the maximum value max, and returns the result in vector v0.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0ClipAll

Check for clipping according to display range

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

int sceVu0ClipAll(

sceVu0FVECTOR minv, Input: Minimum value of display range Input: Maximum value of display range sceVu0FVECTOR maxv,

sceVu0FMATRIX ms, Input: Matrix (model-screen) sceVu0FVECTOR \*vm, Input: Vertex vector pointer int *n*); Input: Number of vertices

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Checks whether all of the n vertices specified by vm and n are outside the display range.

#### **Return value**

If all of the vertices are outside the display range, 1 is returned.

# sceVu0ClipScreen

Check for clipping outside of GS drawing range

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

int sceVu0ClipScreen(

sceVu0FVECTOR v0) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Checks whether or not the vertex vector v0 is inside the GS drawing range.

#### **Return value**

When the input vertex is inside the drawing range, 0 is returned.

# sceVu0ClipScreen3

Check for clipping outside of GS drawing range

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

int sceVu0ClipScreen3(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v2) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Checks whether all of the vertex vectors v0, v1, and v2 are inside the GS drawing range.

#### Return value

When all input vertices are inside the range, 0 is returned.

# sceVu0CopyMatrix

Copy matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0CopyMatrix(

Output: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m0, sceVu0FMATRIX m1); Input: Matrix

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Copies matrix m1 to matrix m0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0CopyVector

Copy vector

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0CopyVector(

Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR vO, sceVu0FVECTOR v1); Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Copies vector *v1* to vector *v0*.

#### Return value

# sceVu0CopyVectorXYZ

Copy vector

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0CopyVectorXYZ(

sceVu0FVECTOR v0, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1); Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Copies the elements x, y, and z of vector v1 to vector v0.

The element w of vector v0 is returned directly in vector v0.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0DivVector

Divide

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0DivVector(

Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR vO, sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector float q) Input: Scalar

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Divides the vector v1 by the scalar q and returns the result in vector v0.

#### Return value

### sceVu0DivVectorXYZ

Divide

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0DivVectorXYZ(

sceVu0FVECTOR v0, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector float q) Input: Scalar

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Divides the elements x, y, and z of vector v1 by the scalar q and returns the result in vector v0.

The element w of vector v0 is returned directly in vector v0.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0DropShadowMatrix

Generate drop shadow projection matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0DropShadowMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m, Output: Matrix

sceVu0FVECTOR /p, Input: Vector (light source position) float a. Input: Projection plane of shadow float b, Input: Projection plane of shadow float c, Input: Projection plane of shadow

int mode); Input: Light source type

0: Parallel light source 1: Point light source

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the matrix for projecting the shadow from the light source specified by Ip and mode, onto the plane represented by ax+by+cz=1, and returns the result in m.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0FTOI0Vector

Floating point -> fixed point with 0-bit fractional part

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0FTOI0Vector(

sceVu0IVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1); Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Converts each element of floating-point vector v1 to a fixed-point number with 0-bit fractional part and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0FTOI4Vector

Floating point -> fixed point with 4-bit fractional part

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0FTOI4Vector(

sceVu0IVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1); Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Converts each element of floating-point vector v1 to a fixed-point number with 4-bit fractional part and returns the result in v0.

#### Return value

# sceVu0InnerProduct

Inner product of vectors

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

float sceVu0InnerProduct(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Obtains the inner product of vectors *v0* and *v1*.

#### **Return value**

Inner product

### sceVu0InterVector

Generate interpolation vector

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0InterVector(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, sceVu0FVECTOR v2, Input: Vector

float t) Input: Interpolation parameter

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Obtains the interpolation vector from vectors v1 and v2 and parameter t and returns the result in v0.

This operation is represented by the following expression.

$$v0 = v1*t + v2*(1-t)$$

### Return value

### sceVu0InterVectorXYZ

Generate interpolation vector

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0InterVectorXYZ(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, sceVu0FVECTOR v2, Input: Vector

float t) Input: Interpolation parameter

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Obtains the interpolation vector from vectors v1 and v2 and parameter t and returns the result in v0.

This operation is represented by the following expression.

$$v0 = v1*t + v2*(1-t)$$

However, the element w of vector v0 is returned directly in vector v0.

#### Return value

### sceVu0InversMatrix

Generate inverse matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0InversMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix

sceVu0FMATRIX m1); Input: Matrix (regular matrix)

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Obtains the inverse of matrix m1 and returns the result in matrix m0.

*m1* must be a regular matrix (rotation or translation matrix).

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0ITOF0Vector

Fixed point with 0-bit fractional part -> floating point

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0ITOF0Vector(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector Input: Vector sceVu0IVECTOR v1);

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Converts each element of fixed-point vector v1 (with 0-bit fractional part) to a floating-point number and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0ITOF4Vector

Fixed point with 4-bit fractional part -> floating point

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0ITOF4Vector(

sceVu0FVECTOR v0, Output: Vector sceVu0IVECTOR v1); Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Converts each element of fixed-point vector v1 (with 4-bit fractional part) to a floating-point number and returns the result in v0.

#### Return value

# sceVu0LightColorMatrix

Generate light color matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0LightColorMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m, Output: Matrix

sceVu0FVECTOR cO, Input: Vector (light source color 0) sceVu0FVECTOR c1, Input: Vector (light source color 1) sceVu0FVECTOR c2, Input: Vector (light source color 2) sceVu0FVECTOR a); Input: Vector (ambient light color)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the light color matrix from light source colors c0, c1, and c2 and ambient light color a and returns the result in *m*.

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0MulMatrix

Multiply matrices

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0MulMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m1, Input: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m2) Input: Matrix

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Multiplies matrix m2 by matrix m1 from the right and returns the result in m0. This operation is represented by the following expression.

m0=m1\*m2

#### **Return value**

### sceVu0MulVector

4-element multiply (MUL/xyzw)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0MulVector(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v2) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Individually multiplies the elements of vector v1 by the corresponding elements of vector v2 and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0Normalize

Normalize vector

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0Normalize(

Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR vO, sceVu0FVECTOR v1) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Normalizes vector v1 and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0NormalLightMatrix

Generate normal light matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0NormalLightMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m, Output: Matrix

Input: Vector (light source 0 direction) sceVu0FVECTOR /O, sceVu0FVECTOR /1, Input: Vector (light source 1 direction) sceVu0FVECTOR /2) Input: Vector (light source 2 direction)

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

### **Description**

Obtains the normal light matrix from light sources 10, 11, and 12 and returns the result in m.

#### **Return value**

## sceVu0OuterProduct

Outer product of vectors

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

### **Syntax**

void sceVu0OuterProduct(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v2) Input: Vector

### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the outer product of vectors v1 and v2 and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

## sceVu0RotMatrix

Rotate matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0RotMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m1, Input: Matrix

sceVu0FVECTOR rot); Input: x-, y-, and z-axis rotation angles (valid range: -pi to +pi)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the rotation matrix for rotation about the Z-axis from rot[2], the rotation matrix for rotation about the Y-axis from rot[1], and the rotation matrix for rotation about the X-axis from rot[0], then sequentially multiplies matrix m1 by these matrices from the left, and returns the result in matrix m0.

#### Return value

## sceVu0RotMatrixX

Rotate about X-axis

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

void sceVu0RotMatrixX(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix Input: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m1,

float rx); Input: Rotation angle (valid range: -pi to +pi)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the rotation matrix for rotation about the X-axis from the specified rotation angle rx, then multiplies matrix m1 by this matrix from the left, and returns the result in matrix m0.

#### **Return value**

## sceVu0RotMatrixY

Rotate about Y-axis

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0RotMatrixY(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix Input: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m1,

float ry); Input: Rotation angle (valid range: -pi to +pi)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the rotation matrix for rotation about the Y-axis from the specified rotation angle ry, then multiplies matrix m1 by this matrix from the left, and returns the result in matrix m0.

#### **Return value**

## sceVu0RotMatrixZ

Rotate about Z-axis

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

void sceVu0RotMatrixZ(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix Input: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m1,

float rz); Input: Rotation angle (valid range: -pi to +pi)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the rotation matrix for rotation about the Z-axis from the specified rotation angle rz, then multiplies matrix m1 by this matrix from the left, and returns the result in matrix m0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0RotTransPers

Perspective transformation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

int mode);

void sceVu0RotTransPers(

sceVu0IVECTOR v0. Output: Vector representing screen coordinates

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Input: Perspective transformation matrix sceVu0FVECTOR v1. Input: Vector representing the vertex

Input: Format specification of output coordinate values

v0[2] and v0[3]

0: Fixed point with 4-bit fractional part 1: Fixed point with 0-bit fractional part

# Calling conditions

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Performs perspective transformation to screen coordinates on the vertex specified by vector v1, using matrix m0, and returns the result in vector v0.

The numeric format of the v0[0] and v0[1] output values is 32-bit signed fixed-point with a 4-bit fractional part. The numeric format of the *v0*[2] and *v0*[3] output values varies according to the *mode* specification. When mode=0, the format is 32-bit unsigned fixed-point with 4-bit fractional part. When mode=1, the format is 32-bit unsigned fixed-point with 0-bit fractional part. When XYZF2 and XYZF3 are used with GIF PACKED mode, specifying mode=0 is useful because the integer part is cut out during packing.

#### Return value

#### sceVu0RotTransPersN

Perspective transformation

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### Syntax 1 4 1

void sceVu0RotTransPersN(

sceVu0IVECTOR \*v0. Output: Pointer to vector representing screen coordinates

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Input: Matrix

sceVu0FVECTOR \*v1, Input: Pointer to vector representing vertex

Input: Number of vertices int n,

int mode); Input: Format specification of output coordinate values

*v0[2]* and *v0[3]* 

0: Fixed point with 4-bit fractional part 1: Fixed point with 0-bit fractional part

#### **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Peforms perspective transformation to screen coordinates on the n vertices specified by v1, using matrix m0, and returns the result in the area pointed to by v0.

The numeric format of the \*v0/0] and \*v0/1] output values is 32-bit signed fixed-point with a 4-bit fractional part. The numeric format of the \*v0/21 and \*v0/31 output values varies according to the mode specification. When mode=0, the format is 32-bit unsigned fixed-point with 4-bit fractional part. When mode=1, the format is 32-bit unsigned fixed-point with 0-bit fractional part. When XYZF2 and XYZF3 are used with GIF PACKED mode, specifying mode=0 is useful because the integer part is cut out during packing.

#### Return value

# sceVu0ScaleVector

Multiply vector by a scalar (MULx/xyzw)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

void sceVu0ScaleVector(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector float t) Input: Scalar

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Multiplies the vector v1 by the scalar t and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

## sceVu0ScaleVectorXYZ

Multiply vector by a scalar (MULx/xyz)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	July 2, 2001

# **Syntax**

void sceVu0ScaleVectorXYZ(

sceVu0FVECTOR vO, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector float t) Input: Scalar

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Multiplies the elements x, y, and z of vector v1 by the scalar t and returns the result in vector v0.

The element w of vector v1 is returned directly in vector v0.

#### Return value

# sceVu0SubVector

4-element parallel subtract (SUB/xyzw)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

void sceVu0SubVector(

sceVu0FVECTOR v0, Output: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v1, Input: Vector sceVu0FVECTOR v2) Input: Vector

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Individually subtracts the elements of vector *v*2 from the corresponding elements of vector *v*1 and returns the result in v0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0TransMatrix

Translate matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

# **Syntax**

void sceVu0TransMatrix(

Output: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m0, sceVu0FMATRIX m1, Input: Matrix

Input: Translation vector sceVu0FVECTOR tv);

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Translates matrix m1 using vector tv and returns the result in m0.

#### Return value

# sceVu0TransposeMatrix

Generate transposed matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

void sceVu0TransposeMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0, Output: Matrix sceVu0FMATRIX m1) Input: Matrix

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

## **Description**

Obtains the transposed matrix of matrix m1 and returns the result in m0.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0UnitMatrix

Generate unit matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

## **Syntax**

void sceVu0UnitMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m0); Output: Matrix

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

# **Description**

Returns a 4x4 unit matrix in matrix *m0*.

#### **Return value**

# sceVu0ViewScreenMatrix

Generate view screen matrix

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libvu0	1.1	March 26, 2001

#### **Syntax**

## void sceVu0ViewScreenMatrix(

sceVu0FMATRIX m, Output: Matrix

float scrz, Input: (distance to screen) float ax. Input: (X-direction aspect ratio) float ay, Input: (Y-direction aspect ratio)

float cx, Input: (X-coordinate of center of screen) float cy, Input: (Y-coordinate of center of screen)

float zmin, Input: (Z-buffer minimum value) Input: (Z-buffer maximum value) float zmax, float nearz, Input: (Z of near clipping plane) float farz) Input: (Z of far clipping plane)

# **Calling conditions**

Can be called from an interrupt handler

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe

#### **Description**

Obtains the view screen matrix using the specified parameters and returns the result in m.

#### Return value