

# **PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference**

## **Release 2.4.1**

### **Inet Libraries**

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## About This Manual

This is the Runtime Library Release 2.4.1 version of the *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Inet Libraries* manual.

The purpose of this manual is to define all available PlayStation®2 EE inet library structures and functions. The companion *PlayStation®2 EE Library Overview - Inet Libraries* describes the structure and purpose of the libraries.

## Changes Since Last Release

### Chapter 2: Network Socket Library

- Descriptions of the following functions have been added:

`scelInsockAbort()`  
`scelInsockSetRecvTimeout()`  
`scelInsockSetSendTimeout()`  
`scelInsockTerminate()`

## Related Documentation

Library specifications for the IOP can be found in the *PlayStation®2 IOP Library Reference* manuals and the *PlayStation®2 IOP Library Overview* manuals.

**Note:** the Developer Support Web site posts current developments regarding the Libraries and also provides notice of future documentation releases and upgrades.

## Typographic Conventions

Certain Typographic Conventions are used throughout this manual to clarify the meaning of the text:

Convention	Meaning
<code>courier</code>	Indicates literal program code.
<i>italic</i>	Indicates names of arguments and structure members (in structure/function definitions only).
<b>medium bold</b>	Indicates data types and structure/function names (in structure/function definitions only).
<a href="#">blue</a>	Indicates a hyperlink.

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30 Golden Square	Developer Support Hotline:
London W1F 9LD, U.K.	+44 (0) 20 7859-5777
Tel: +44 (0) 20 7859-5000	(Call Monday through Friday,
	9 a.m. to 6 p.m., GMT)

**Chapter 1: dev9 Reference (for networks)**  
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## Functions

---

### sceDevctl

Special operations on device

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
edev9	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include <sifdev.h>
```

```
int sceDevctl(
```

```
    const char *name,
```

Device name (dev9x:).

```
    int cmd,
```

Operation command. Specify one of the following constants.

DDIOC\_MODEL

DDIOC\_OFF

```
    void *arg,
```

Argument assigned to command. Depends on cmd.

```
    unsigned int arglen,
```

arg size

```
    void *bufp,
```

Arguments received from command. Depends on cmd.

```
    unsigned int buflen)
```

bufp size

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function performs special operations on a device. For descriptions of each *cmd*, see the "devctl Command List." The device name is dev9x, not dev9. Be careful not to use the wrong name.

Example:     sceDevctl ("dev9x:", DDIOC\_OFF, NULL, 0, NULL, 0);

#### Return value

When processing succeeds, a cmd-dependent value is returned.

When an error occurs, -1 times the errno is returned.

Errors that are common to each command are as follows:

EMFILE     The maximum number of descriptors that can be opened was reached.

ENODEV     The specified device does not exist.

## devctl Commands

---

### DDIOC\_MODEL

Flush disk cache

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
edev9	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax

<i>arg</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>arglen</i>	arg size.
<i>bufp</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>buflen</i>	bufp size.

#### Description

This command determines whether the device is a PC Card type or EXPANSION BAY type device. Normally, the application need not perform this operation.

#### Return value

When the device is a PC Card type device, 0 is returned. When the device is a hard disk drive (EXPANSION BAY type), 1 is returned.

## DDIOC\_OFF

Power off device

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
edev9	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

<i>arg</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>arglen</i>	arg size.
<i>bufp</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>buflen</i>	bufp size.

### Description

This command powers off the entire dev9 device.

When powering off the system unit, this processing should be performed only if an HDD Ethernet is used. For more information, see "Power Off Processing" in the Network Library Overview (inet). If a hard disk drive is used, the HDIOC\_DEV9OFF command of the hard disk library should be used.

### Return value

When processing succeeds, 0 is returned.



## Chapter 2: Network Socket Library

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# Structures

---

## scelInsockHostent\_t

Internet host structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct scelInsockHostent {  
    char *h_name;                Host name  
    char **h_aliases;            Alias (not supported by this library)  
    int h_addrtype;              Address type (AF_INET)  
    int h_length;                Address size (4 bytes)  
    char **h_addr_list;          IP address list (this library supports only one address)  
#define h_addr h_addr_list[0]  
} scelInsockHostent_t;  
#define hostent scelInsockHostent
```

### Description

This structure represents a host on the Internet.

### See also

scelInsockGethostbyaddr(), scelInsockGethostbyname()

## scInsockInAddr\_t

IPv4 address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct scInsockInAddr {  
    u_int s_addr;                IPv4 address (4 bytes)  
} scInsockInAddr_t;  
#define in_addr scInsockInAddr
```

### Description

This structure is used for saving an IPv4 address.

### See also

scInsockSockaddrIn\_t, scInsockInetAton(), scInsockInetLnaof(), scInsockInetNetof(),  
scInsockInetNtoa()



scInsockSockaddr\_t

Socket address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

Structure

```
typedef u_char scInsockSaFamily_t;
typedef struct scInsockSockaddr {
    u_char sa_len;                Address structure size
    scInsockSaFamily_t sa_family; Address family
    char sa_data[14];            Protocol-dependent address
} scInsockSockaddr_t;
#define sa_family_t scInsockSaFamily_t
#define sockaddr scInsockSockaddr
```

Description

This structure is used to pass a reference of the socket address structure for each protocol family (currently, only the Internet Protocol).

See also

scInsockAccept(), scInsockBind(), scInsockConnect(), scInsockGetpeername(),  
scInsockGetsockname(), scInsockRecvfrom(), scInsockSendto()

scInsockSockaddrIn\_t

Internet socket address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

Structure

```
typedef struct scInsockSockaddrIn {
    u_char sin_len;                Address structure size (16 bytes)
    u_char sin_family;            Address family (AF_INET only)
    u_short sin_port;             TCP or UDP port number (network byte order)
    scInsockInAddr_t sin_addr;    IPv4 address
    char sin_zero[8];            Unused
} scInsockSockaddrIn_t;
#define sockaddr_in scInsockSockaddrIn
```

Description

This structure is used to specify the socket for a socket API function.

See also

scInsockAccept(), scInsockBind(), scInsockConnect(), scInsockGetpeername(),  
scInsockGetsockname(), scInsockRecvfrom(), scInsockSendto()

# BSD Socket API-compatible Functions

## scelInsockAccept

Get socket for which TCP connection was established

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scelInsockSocklen_t;
int scelInsockAccept(
    int s,                                Listening socket
                                         (scelInsockBind() and scelInsockListen() completed)
    scelInsockSockaddr_t *addr,          Pointer to area for storing connection destination
                                         address structure
    scelInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen)       Pointer to area for storing size of addr
#define accept scelInsockAccept
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

When operating as a TCP server, this function gets the connection from the client and returns its socket descriptor. Concurrently, the function sets the client's address structure in the addr argument, and returns its size (always 4 bytes) in paddrlen.  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockErrno.

### Return value

New client socket descriptor	Normal termination
-1	Error

### See also

scelInsockSockaddr\_t, scelInsockSockaddrIn\_t, scelInsockErrno

scelInsockBind

Bind address to socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scelInsockSocklen_t;
int scelInsockBind(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to which local address is to be
                                          bound
    const scelInsockSockaddr_t *addr,    Pointer to local address structure
    scelInsockSocklen_t addrlen);        Local address structure size (always 16 bytes)
#define bind scelInsockBind
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function binds the local address (IP address and port number) indicated by (addr, addrlen) to the socket s. If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockErrno.

Return value

- 0 Normal termination
- 1 Error

See also

scelInsockSockaddr\_t, scelInsockSockaddrIn\_t, scelInsockErrno

## scInsockConnect

Connect to server

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockConnect(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to be used for connection
    const scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,       Pointer to local address structure
    scInsockSocklen_t addrlen);           Local address structure size (always 16 bytes)
#define connect scInsockConnect
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function uses socket *s* to connect to the address indicated by (*addr*, *addrlen*). For TCP, the connection is established. For UDP, the socket behaves as if the connection were established.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scInsockErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`scInsockSockaddr_t`, `scInsockSockaddrIn_t`, `scInsockErrno`

## scelInsockErrno

Get socket function error value

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockErrno;
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns the error code of socket functions (scelInsockAccept(), scelInsockBind(), scelInsockConnect(), scelInsockListen(), scelInsockRecv(), scelInsockRecvfrom(), scelInsockSend(), scelInsockSendto(), scelInsockShutdown(), scelInsockSocket()).

### Return value

Error code

### See also

scelInsockAccept(), scelInsockBind(), scelInsockConnect(), scelInsockListen(), scelInsockRecv(), scelInsockRecvfrom(), scelInsockSend(), scelInsockSendto(), scelInsockShutdown(), scelInsockSocket()

## scelInsockGethostbyaddr

Get host structure from 32-bit IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
scelInsockHostent_t *scelInsockGethostbyaddr(
    const char *addr,                Pointer to 32-bit IPv4 address value
    int len,                        Address structure size (4 bytes)
    int type);                      Address family (AF_INET only)
#define gethostbyaddr scelInsockGethostbyaddr
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function gets the Internet host structure corresponding to the 32-bit IPv4 address that was specified by the argument and returns a pointer to it. len is always 4 bytes, and type is always AF\_INET.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockHErrno.

### Return value

Pointer to Internet host structure	Normal termination
0	Error

### See also

scelInsockHErrno

## scelInsockGethostbyname

Get host structure from hostname

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
scelInsockHostent_t *scelInsockGethostbyname(
    const char *name);           Internet host name
#define gethostbyname scelInsockGethostbyname
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function gets the Internet host structure corresponding to the hostname specified in the name argument and returns a pointer to it.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockHErrno.

### Return value

Pointer to Internet host structure	Normal termination
0	Error

### See also

scelInsockHErrno



## scInsockGetpeername

Get socket connection destination information

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockGetpeername(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which information is to be
                                          obtained
    scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,            Pointer to area for storing address structure of
                                          connection destination host
    scInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen);        Pointer to area for storing size of addr (size is
                                          always 16 bytes)

#define getpeername scInsockGetpeername
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the address structure of the connection destination host of socket *s* in the area specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*).

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

scInsockSockaddr\_t, scInsockSockaddrIn\_t

## scelInsockGetSockName

Get local information of socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
int scelInsockGetsockname(
    int s,                                     Descriptor of socket for which information is to be
                                              obtained
    scelInsockSockaddr_t *addr,              Pointer to area for storing local address structure
                                              of socket
    scelInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen);          Pointer to area for storing size of local address
                                              structure of socket (size is always 16 bytes)

#define getsockname scelInsockGetsockname
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the local address structure of socket *s* in the area specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*).

### Return value

- 0 Normal termination
- 1 Error

### See also

scelInsockSockaddr\_t, scelInsockSockaddrIn\_t

## scelInsockGetsockopt

Get socket option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scelInsockSocklen_t;
int scelInsockGetsockopt(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which socket option is to be
                                          obtained
    int level,                            Socket option level
    int optname,                          Socket option name
    void *optval,                          Pointer to area for storing socket option value
    scelInsockSocklen_t *optlen);          Pointer to area for storing size of socket option value
#define getsockopt scelInsockGetsockopt
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the socket option (level: level, option name: optname) of socket s in the area specified by (optval, optlen). Currently the supported socket options are as follows.

Table 2-1

Socket Option Level	Meaning
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP related

Table 2-2

Socket Option Name	Meaning
TCP_NODELAY	Sets Nagle algorithm ON or OFF (1 means OFF and 0 means ON)

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

scelInsockSockaddr\_t, scelInsockSockaddrIn\_t

## scelInsockHErrno

Get error value of host structure function

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockHErrno;
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns the error code of a host structure function (scelInsockGethostbyaddr() or scelInsockGethostbyname()).

### Return value

Table 2-3

Error Code	Value	Meaning
NETDB_SUCCESS	0	Normal termination
NETDB_INTERNAL	-1	Internal error
HOST_NOT_FOUND	1	Target host not found
TRY_AGAIN	2	Temporary error
NO_RECOVERY	3	Error due to illegal reply from server
NO_DATA NO_ADDRESS	4	Reply is valid, but IP address is not registered

### See also

scelInsockGethostbyaddr(), scelInsockGethostbyname()

## scelnscklnetAddr

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scelnscklnetAddr(
    const char *cp);           Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string
#define inet_addr scelnscklnetAddr
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order).

### Return value

32-bit IPv4 address value (network byte order)	Normal termination
INADDR_NONE (0xffffffff)	String is illegal

## scInsockInetAton

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scInsockInetAton(
```

```
    const char *cp,
```

Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string

```
    scInsockInAddr_t *addr);
```

Pointer to area for storing converted 32-bit IPv4 address value

```
#define inet_aton scInsockInetAton
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order). The converted value is stored in the area indicated by *addr*.

### Return value

1 Normal termination

0 String is illegal

### See also

scInsockInAddr\_t

## scelInsocklnetLnaof

Get local network address from IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scelInsocklnetLnaof(
    scelInsocklnAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_Lnaof scelInsocklnetLnaof
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address value in the argument and returns only the local network address part.

### Return value

Local network address value

### See also

scelInsocklnAddr\_t

**scInsockInetMakeaddr**

Construct IPv4 address from network address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

**Syntax****#include** < libinsck.h >**scInsockInAddr\_t** scInsockInetMakeaddr(**u\_int** *net*,

Network address part

**u\_int** *host*);

Local network address part

**#define** inet\_makeaddr scInsockInetMakeaddr**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function combines the network address and local network address that were indicated by the arguments to construct one IPv4 address and returns that IPv4 address.

**Return value**

Combined IPv4 address value

**See also**

scInsockInAddr\_t



## scInsockInetNetof

Get network address from IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scInsockInetNetof(
    scInsockInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_netof scInsockInetNetof
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address value in the argument and returns only the network address part.

### Return value

Network address value

### See also

scInsockInAddr\_t

scInsockInetNetwork

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scInsockInetNetwork(
    const char *cp);                                Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string
#define inet_network scInsockInetNetwork
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function takes the dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order).

Return value

32-bit IPv4 address value (network byte order)    Normal termination  
INADDR\_NONE (0xffffffff)                                String is illegal

## scelInsockInetNtoa

Get dot-format address from 32-bit IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
char *scelInsockInetNtoa(
    scelInsockInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_ntoa scelInsockInetNtoa
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order) in the argument, converts it to a dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string, and returns a pointer to that string.

### Return value

Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string

### See also

scelInsockInAddr\_t

**scelInsockListen**

Accept TCP connection

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt; libinsck.h &gt;

int scelInsockListen(

int s,

Descriptor of socket for which the TCP connection wait will be performed

int backlog);

Size of queue for accepting connections (number of pending connections)

#define listen scelInsockListen

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function is used to declare that socket s is to wait for a TCP connection (i.e. behave as a server).

backlog indicates the maximum size of the queue for accepting connections.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockErrno.

**Return value**

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

**See also**

scelInsockErrno

## scelInsockRecv

Receive data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
size_t scelInsockRecv(
    int s,                Descriptor of socket that is to receive data
    void *buf,            Pointer to area for storing receive data
    size_t len,           Data size to be received (in bytes)
    int flags);           Not supported (must be set to 0)
#define recv scelInsockRecv
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function receives *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The receive data is stored in the area specified by *buf*.

Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must always be set to 0.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockErrno.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of received data (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

scelInsockErrno

scInsockRecvfrom

Receive data (also get address structure of sending host)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
size_t scInsockRecvfrom(
int s,                               Descriptor of socket that is to receive data
void *buf,                           Pointer to area for storing receive data
size_t len,                           Data size to be received (in bytes)
int flags,                           Not supported (must be set to 0)
scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,            Pointer to area for storing address structure of
                                     sending host
scInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen);        Pointer to area for storing size of address structure of
                                     sending host (size is always 16 bytes)

#define recvfrom scInsockRecvfrom
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function receives *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The receive data is stored in the area specified by *buf*.  
  
Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must be set to 0. The area for storing the address structure is specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*), and the address structure of the sending host is stored in that area when data is received.  
  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with *scInsockErrno*.

Return value

Positive number	Size of received data (in bytes)
-1	Error

See also

scInsockSockaddr\_t, scInsockErrno

## scelInsockSend

Send data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
size_t scelInsockSend(
    int s,                      Descriptor of socket that is to send data
    const void *buf,           Pointer to send data
    size_t len,                Size of data to be sent (in bytes)
    int flags);                Not supported (must be set to 0)
#define send scelInsockSend
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sends *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data to send is specified by *buf*.

Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must be set to 0.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scelInsockErrno`.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of transmitted data (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

`scelInsockErrno`

scelInsockSendto

Send data (specify address structure of receiving host)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scelInsockSocklen_t;
size_t scelInsockSendto(
int s,                               Descriptor of socket that is to send data
const void *buf,                     Pointer to send data
size_t len,                           Size of data to be sent (in bytes)
int flags,                             Not supported (must be set to 0)
const scelInsockSockaddr_t *addr,     Pointer to address structure of receiving host
scelInsockSocklen_t addrlen);         Size of address structure of receiving host (always 16
                                      bytes)

#define sendto scelInsockSendto
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function sends *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data to send is specified by *buf*, and the address structure of the receiving host is specified by (*addr*, *addrlen*). Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must be set to 0.  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockErrno.

Return value

Positive number                      Size of transmitted data (in bytes)  
-1                                      Error

See also

scelInsockSockaddr\_t, scelInsockErrno



## scInsockSetsockopt

Set socket option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockSetsockopt(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which socket option is to be
                                          obtained
    int level,                            Socket option level
    int optname,                          Socket option name
    const void *optval,                   Pointer to area for storing socket option value
    scInsocksocklen_t optlen);           Size of socket option value
#define setsockopt scInsockSetsockopt
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the socket option (level: level, option name: optname) of socket s for the value specified by (optval, optlen). Currently the supported socket options are as follows.

Table 2-4

Socket Option Level	Meaning
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP related

Table 2-5

Socket Option Name	Meaning
TCP_NODELAY	Sets Nagle algorithm ON or OFF (1 means OFF and 0 means ON)

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## scInsockShutdown

Close socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scInsockShutdown(
```

```
    int s,
```

Descriptor of socket to be closed

```
    int how);
```

Shutdown method (not supported)

```
#define shutdown scInsockShutdown
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function closes socket *s*. Since specifying a shutdown method with the argument *how* is not supported (i.e. half close cannot be performed), the argument *how* must be set to 0. If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scInsockErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`scInsockErrno`

## scInsockSocket

Create socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
size_t scInsockSocket(
```

```
    int family,
```

```
    int type,
```

```
    int protocol);
```

```
#define socket scInsockSocket
```

Address family of socket to be created (AF\_INET only)

Socket type (any of the following)

SOCK\_STREAM 1      TCP socket

SOCK\_DGRAM 2      UDP socket

SOCK\_RAW 3      raw socket

Protocol (not supported, must be set to 0)

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function creates a socket having the address family indicated by the family argument (always AF\_INET) and the socket type indicated by the type argument. It returns the descriptor for that socket. If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scInsockErrno.

### Return value

Positive value      Descriptor of generated socket

-1      Error

### See also

scInsockErrno

## Other Functions

---

### scelInsockAbort

Abort processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockAbort(
```

```
    int s,                      Socket descriptor
```

```
    int flags);                 Flags
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function calls scelnetAbort() for the specified socket (s). The flags argument is provided for future expansion. Zero should always be specified for this argument.

#### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## scelInsockSetRecvTimeout

Set receive timeout

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockSetRecvTimeout(
```

```
    int s,                      Socket descriptor
    int ms);                    Timeout interval
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the timeout interval for `scelInsockRecv()` and `scelInsockRecvFrom()`. The timeout interval is specified in milliseconds (ms).

If this function is not called, the default value for the timeout interval is -1 (unlimited).

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

**scelInsockSetSendTimeout**

Set send timeout

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt; libinsck.h &gt;

**int scelInsockSetSendTimeout(**

<b>int s,</b>	Socket descriptor
<b>int ms);</b>	Timeout interval

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the timeout interval for scelInsockSend() and scelInsockSendTo(). The timeout interval is specified in milliseconds (ms). If this function is not called, the default value for the timeout interval is -1 (unlimited).

**Return value**

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

# **sceInsockSetSifMBindRpcValue**

Set buffer size, stack size and priority

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4	October 11, 2001

## **Syntax**

**#include** < libinsck.h>

**int** **sceInsockSetSifMBindRpcValue**(

<b>u_int</b> <i>bufferSize</i> ,	Size of the receive buffer for capturing send data from SceSifMCallRpc(). The bufferSize is normally 2048 bytes.
<b>u_int</b> <i>stackSize</i> ,	Stack size for IOP threads that perform SceSifMCallRpc() requests. The minimum size is 512 bytes. The stackSize is normally 8192 bytes.
<b>int</b> <i>priority</i> )	Priority for IOP threads that perform SceSifMCallRpc() requests. Since the system uses values of 10 or less, a greater value should be specified. The priority is normally 32.

## **Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

## **Description**

This function sets the buffer size, stack size and priority to be used when the libnet\_init() function of libnet is called from libinsck. If this function is not called, a buffer size of 2048, stack size of 8192, and priority of 32 are assumed to have been specified.

The settings performed by this function are recorded for each thread and do not affect other threads. If this function is called more than once from the same thread, only the last setting will be valid.

## **Return value**

0 Normal termination  
-1 Error

## scelInsockTerminate

Free memory area

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
int scelInsockTerminate(
    int thread_id);           Thread ID
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees the memory area of each thread that was automatically allocated by libinsck.

thread\_id specifies the thread ID for which the memory area is to be freed. A thread\_id of 0 means the calling thread.

When the socket() function is called, memory is allocated as necessary. That memory is not automatically freed by the shutdown() function. This function should be explicitly called to free that memory.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error



## Chapter 3: Network Configuration GUI Library

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## Structures

---

### sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg

Argument data for sceNetGuiCnf\_Do()

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

#### Structure

```
typedef struct sceNetGuiCnf_Arg {
```

<code>int flag;</code>	Startup options
<code>int _sema_vsync;</code>	Semaphore waiting for start of v-blank
<code>sceNetGuiCnfEnvData_t *default_env_data;</code>	Pointer to default data to be used when adding
<code>sceNetGuiCnfEnvData_t *result_env_data;</code>	Pointer to buffer for returning selection result
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Malloc cb_malloc;</code>	Pointer to malloc function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Memalign cb_memalign;</code>	Pointer to memalign function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Realloc cb_realloc;</code>	Pointer to realloc function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Free cb_free;</code>	Pointer to free function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBInit cb_skb_init;</code>	Pointer to software keyboard initialization function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBDestroy cb_skb_destroy;</code>	Pointer to software keyboard termination processing function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetVif1PktTopAddr cb_skb_getvif1pkttopaddr;</code>	Pointer to function for getting drawing packet address of software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetStatus cb_skb_getstatus;</code>	Pointer to function for getting size of software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBSendMouseMessage cb_skb_sendmousemessage;</code>	Pointer to function for sending mouse pointer message to software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBEnableKey cb_skb_enablekey;</code>	Pointer to function for setting key state of software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBEveryFrame cb_skb_everyframe;</code>	Pointer to function for processing software keyboard every frame
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SJISToUTF8 cb_sjis_to_utf8;</code>	Pointer to function for converting character code from SJIS to UTF8
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UTF8toSJIS cb_utf8_to_sjis;</code>	Pointer to function for converting character code from UTF8 to SJIS
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UsbMouseRead cb_mouse_read;</code>	Pointer to function for receiving USB mouse input
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_PadRead cb_pad_read;</code>	Pointer to function for receiving button state

<b>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UsbKbRead</b> <i>cb_kb_read;</i>	Pointer to function for receiving USB keyboard input
<b>char *str_path_bg;</b>	Pointer to string indicating background file path
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_titlebar;</b>	Color of title bar that is always displayed at top of screen
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_window;</b>	Background color of window that is always displayed in center of screen
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_pagebutton;</b>	Color of Quit, Back, and Next buttons that are always displayed at bottom of screen
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_ok;</b>	Color of title bar of one-choice message box (*In the current version, this is the same as the color of the title bar of an error message box)
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_yesno;</b>	Color of title bar of two-choice message box
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_warning;</b>	Color of title bar of error message box (*Not used in the current version)
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_wait;</b>	Color of title bar of non-selectable message box
<b>} sceNetGuiCnf_Arg_t;</b>	

### Description

This structure is used to set argument data for the sceNetGuiCnf\_Do function. Appropriate values and function pointers (non-NULL) must be set for all members when sceNetGuiCnf\_Do() is used.

The flag value is the logical OR of the following bits.

**Table 3-1**

Constant	Bit	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_HDD	0	Use hard disk drive
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_USB_MOUSE	1	Use USB mouse
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_USB_KB	2	Use USB keyboard
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_SELECT_OPTION	3	Enable bit 3 startup option
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_SELECT_ONLY	4	0: Skip configuration selection 1: Only select configuration
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_MC_SLOT1_ONLY	5	Use memory card slot 1 only

The value of *\_sema\_vsync* will be the return value from the EE kernel's CreateSema function. If no default data is set during an add, the value of *default\_env\_data* will be NULL. When the SCE\_NETGUICNF\_FLAG\_USE\_USB\_MOUSE bit is set to 0, *cb\_mouse\_read* will be ignored even if it has been set with a function pointer. In this case, *cb\_mouse\_read* can also be set to NULL. Similarly, when the SCE\_NETGUICNF\_FLAG\_USE\_USB\_KB bit is set to 0, *cb\_kb\_read* will be ignored even if it has been set with a function pointer. In this case, *cb\_kb\_read* can also be set to NULL.

### See also

sceNetGuiCnfEnvData, sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4, sceNetGuiCnf\_Do

**sceNetGuiCnf\_Color**

Color data for one vertex of sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4 structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceNetGuiCnf_Color {
    unsigned char r;           Red component (0 to 255)
    unsigned char g;           Green component (0 to 255)
    unsigned char b;           Blue component (0 to 255)
    unsigned char a;           Alpha value (128 is primary color)
} sceNetGuiCnf_Color_t;
```

**Description**

This structure represents color data for one vertex in the sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4 structure.

**See also**

sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4

**sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4**

Color specification structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceNetGuiCnf_Color4 {
    sceNetGuiCnf_Color_t aColor[4];
} sceNetGuiCnf_Color_t;
```

aColor[0] Upper left vertex color data  
 aColor[1] Upper right vertex color data  
 aColor[2] Lower left vertex color data  
 aColor[3] Lower right vertex color data

**Description**

This structure allows colors to be specified for UI elements by setting the following members in the sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg structure.

**Table 3-2**

Member	Description
<i>color_titlebar</i>	Color of title bar that is always displayed at top of screen
<i>color_window</i>	Background color of window that is always displayed in center of screen
<i>color_pagebutton</i>	Color of Quit, Back, and Next buttons that are always displayed at bottom of screen
<i>color_msgbox_ok</i>	Color of title bar of one-choice message box (*In the current version, this is the same as the color of the title bar of an error message box)
<i>color_msgbox_yesno</i>	Color of title bar of two-choice message box
<i>color_msgbox_warning</i>	Color of title bar of error message box (*Not used in the current version)
<i>color_msgbox_wait</i>	Color of title bar of non-selectable message box

**See also**

sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg

**sceNetGuiCnfEnvData**

Network configuration data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Structure****typedef struct sceNetGuiCnfEnvData {**

<b>char</b> <i>attach_ifc</i> [256];	Network service provider setting filename that is registered in a combination (used only by sceNetGuiCnf_Do())
<b>char</b> <i>attach_dev</i> [256];	Hardware setting filename that is registered in a combination (used only by sceNetGuiCnf_Do())
<b>char</b> <i>address</i> [256];	IP address
<b>char</b> <i>netmask</i> [256];	Netmask
<b>char</b> <i>gateway</i> [256];	Default router
<b>char</b> <i>dns1_address</i> [256];	Primary DNS
<b>char</b> <i>dns2_address</i> [256];	Secondary DNS
<b>char</b> <i>phone_numbers1</i> [256];	Tel. Number1
<b>char</b> <i>phone_numbers2</i> [256];	Tel. Number2
<b>char</b> <i>phone_numbers3</i> [256];	Tel. Number3
<b>char</b> <i>auth_name</i> [256];	User ID
<b>char</b> <i>auth_key</i> [256];	Password
<b>char</b> <i>vendor</i> [256];	Vendor name
<b>char</b> <i>product</i> [256];	Product name
<b>char</b> <i>chat_additional</i> [256];	Additional AT command
<b>char</b> <i>outside_number</i> [256];	Outside number setting
<b>char</b> <i>outside_delay</i> [256];	Keyword for specifying outside number origination delay string (character string following numeric string in outside number setting)
<b>char</b> <i>dhcp_host_name</i> [256];	DHCP host name
<b>int</b> <i>dialing_type</i> ;	Dialing type
<b>int</b> <i>type</i> ;	Device layer type
<b>int</b> <i>phy_config</i> ;	Ethernet hardware operating mode
<b>int</b> <i>idle_timeout</i> ;	Line timeout (minutes)
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>dhcp</i> ;	DHCP used/unused setting
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>dns1_nego</i> ;	Sets negotiation related to primary DNS
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>dns2_nego</i> ;	Sets negotiation related to secondary DNS
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>f_auth</i> ;	Enables/disables setting of authorization method allowed on local side
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>auth</i> ;	Authorization method allowed on local side
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>pppoe</i> ;	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) used/unused setting
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>prc_nego</i> ;	PRC (Protocol-Field-Compression) negotiation setting
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>acc_nego</i> ;	ACC (Address-and-Control-Field-Compression) negotiation setting

```

unsigned char accm_nego;          ACCM (Async-Control-Character-Map)
                                   negotiation setting
unsigned char p0;                 Reserved area 0 (always 0)
unsigned char p1;                 Reserved area 1 (always 0)
unsigned char p2;                 Reserved area 2 (always 0)
int mtu;                         MTU value
} sceNetGuiCnfEnvData_t;

```

### Description

This structure is used to send default data when doing an add in the library and for receiving the selected network configuration from the library. To set default values, all of the following members must be set. Members other than those listed below are ignored.

**Table 3-3**

Member	Description
<i>address</i>	IP address
<i>netmask</i>	Netmask
<i>gateway</i>	Default router
<i>dns1_address</i>	Primary DNS
<i>dns2_address</i>	Secondary DNS
<i>phone_numbers1</i>	Tel. Number1
<i>phone_numbers2</i>	Tel. Number2
<i>phone_numbers3</i>	Tel. Number3
<i>auth_name</i>	User ID
<i>auth_key</i>	Password
<i>chat_additional</i>	Additional AT command
<i>outside_number</i>	Outside number setting
<i>outside_delay</i>	Keyword for specifying outside number origination delay string (character string following numeric string in outside number setting)
<i>dhcp_host_name</i>	DHCP host name
<i>dialing_type</i>	Dialing type
<i>idle_timeout</i>	Line timeout (minutes)
<i>phy_config</i>	Ethernet hardware operating mode
<i>dhcp</i>	DHCP used/unused setting
<i>pppoe</i>	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) used/unused setting

For details about the values that can be set for each member, refer to the “Guidelines for Creating a Network Configuration Application” document. To not configure a string-format member, set '\0' at the `str[0]` position.

*dialing\_type* can be any of the following values.

**Table 3-4**

Constant	Value	Meaning
	-1	No setting
SCE_NETGUICNF_DIALINGTYPE_TONE	0	Tone
SCE_NETGUICNF_DIALINGTYPE_PULSE	1	Pulse



*phy\_config* can be any of the following values.

**Table 3-5**

Constant	Value	Meaning
	-1	No setting
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_AUTO	1	Auto Negotiation Mode
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_10	2	10BaseT, Half-Duplex
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_10_FD	3	10BaseT, Full-Duplex, No-Flow-Control
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_TX	5	100BaseTX, Half-Duplex
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_TX_FD	6	100BaseTX, Full-Duplex, No-Flow-Control

*dhcp* can be either of the following values.

**Table 3-6**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_NOUSE_DHCP	0	DHCP is used
SCE_NETGUICNF_USE_DHCP	1	DHCP is not used

*pppoe* can be any of the following values.

**Table 3-7**

Constant	Value	Meaning
	-1	No setting
SCE_NETGUICNF_NOUSE_PPPOE	0	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) is used
SCE_NETGUICNF_USE_PPPOE	1	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) is not used

*type* can be any of the following values.

**Table 3-8**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_ETH	1	USB Ethernet is supported
SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_PPP	2	PPP is supported
SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_NIC	3	Ethernet that uses a network adaptor is supported

When the selected network configuration is received from the library and set in the common network configuration library, the corresponding member configuration is as follows.

```
{
  sceNetCnfEnv_t *e;
  sceNetCnfInterface *ifc = e->root->pair_head->ifc;
  sceNetCnfInterface *dev = e->root->pair_head->dev;
}
```

The meanings of the various pointers are described above. For coding examples, see `/usr/local/sce/iop/sample/inet/ntguicnf/setinit`.

Table 3-9

Member	Description
<i>attach_ifc</i>	Not used
<i>attach_dev</i>	Not used
<i>address</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;address</code>
<i>netmask</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;netmask</code>
<i>gateway</i>	struct <code>sceNetCnfRoutingEntry</code> routing placed after <code>ifc-&gt;cmd_head</code>
<i>dns1_address</i>	struct <code>sceNetCnfAddress</code> address placed after <code>ifc-&gt;cmd_head</code>
<i>dns2_address</i>	struct <code>sceNetCnfAddress</code> address placed after <code>ifc-&gt;cmd_head</code>
<i>phone_numbers1</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;phone_numbers[0]</code>
<i>phone_numbers2</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;phone_numbers[1]</code>
<i>phone_numbers3</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;phone_numbers[2]</code>
<i>auth_name</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;auth_name</code>
<i>auth_key</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;auth_key</code>
<i>vendor</i>	<code>dev-&gt;vendor</code>
<i>product</i>	<code>dev-&gt;product</code>
<i>chat_additional</i>	<code>dev-&gt;chat_additional</code>
<i>outside_number</i>	<code>dev-&gt;outside_number</code>
<i>outside_delay</i>	<code>dev-&gt;outside_delay</code>
<i>dhcp_host_name</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;dhcp_host_name</code>
<i>dialing_type</i>	<code>dev-&gt;dialing_type</code>
<i>type</i>	<code>dev-&gt;type</code> or <code>ifc-&gt;type</code> The value that is always set for <code>dev-&gt;type</code> is returned here For PPPoE, the user must intentionally set <code>SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_PPP</code> for <code>ifc-&gt;type</code> The value of <code>type</code> is set as is for <code>dev-&gt;type</code>
<i>phy_config</i>	<code>dev-&gt;phy_config</code>
<i>idle_timeout</i>	For PPPoE, <code>ifc-&gt;idle_timeout</code> Otherwise, <code>dev-&gt;idle_timeout</code>
<i>dhcp</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;dhcp</code>
<i>dns1_nego</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;want.dns1_nego</code>
<i>dns2_nego</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;want.dns2_nego</code>
<i>f_auth</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;allow.f_auth</code>
<i>auth</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;allow.auth</code>
<i>pppoe</i>	If <code>pppoe</code> is 1, <code>ifc-&gt;pppoe</code> is set directly with the value of <code>pppoe</code> If <code>pppoe</code> is 0, <code>ifc-&gt;pppoe</code> is set to -1
<i>prc_nego</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;want.prc_nego</code>
<i>acc_nego</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;want.acc_nego</code>
<i>accm_nego</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;want.accm_nego</code>
<i>mtu</i>	<code>ifc-&gt;mtu</code>

**See also**

sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg

## Function Types

---

### sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Free

free

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
```

```
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Free)(
```

```
void * ptr);
```

Area to be freed

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This is a free function that is ANSI-compliant.

#### Return value

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Malloc**

malloc

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****#include** <ntguicnf.h>**typedef void \* (\* sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Malloc)(****size\_t size);**

Size of area in bytes

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This is a malloc function that is ANSI-compliant.

**Return value**

When allocation succeeds, a pointer to the allocated area is returned. When size is 0, NULL is returned.  
 When the area cannot be allocated, NULL is returned.

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Memalign**

memalign

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****#include** <ntguicnf.h>**typedef void** \* (\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Memalign)(**size\_t** *size*,

Size of area in bytes

**size\_t** *align*);

Alignment (must be a power of 2 and at least 4 bytes)

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function allocates an area of storage that is a multiple of the specified alignment, exceeding the number of bytes specified by size and starting at an address that is a multiple of the specified alignment. Other allocation actions are the same as those of a malloc function that is ANSI-compliant.

**Return value**

When allocation succeeds, a pointer to the allocated area is returned. When size is 0, NULL is returned. When the area cannot be allocated, NULL is returned.



**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Realloc**

realloc

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
```

```
typedef void * (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Realloc)(
```

```
void * old_ptr,
```

Area to be reallocated

```
size_t new_size);
```

Size of area in bytes

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This is a realloc function that is ANSI-compliant.

**Return value**

When allocation succeeds, a pointer to the allocated area is returned. When size is 0, NULL is returned. When the area cannot be allocated, NULL is returned.





## sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBDestroy

Software keyboard termination processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBDestroy)(
void);
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function performs software keyboard termination processing.

### Notes

This function is called only once by sceNetGuiCnf\_Do().

### Return value

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBEnableKey**

Configure software keyboard key states

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;ntguicnf.h&gt;

typedef void

(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBEnableKey)(

int *type*,

Configuration type

unsigned char \* *keynames*[],

Key identification character array

int *keynames\_size*);

Size of key identification character array

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function enables/disables keys on the software keyboard.

*type* can have any of the following values.

Table 3-10

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_ENABLE_KEY_TYPE_ENABLE_LISTED_AND_DISABLE_NOTLISTED	0	Enable listed keys and disable other keys
SCE_NETGUICNF_ENABLE_KEY_TYPE_ENABLE_ALL	1	Enable all keys
SCE_NETGUICNF_ENABLE_KEY_TYPE_DISABLE_LISTED	2	Disable listed keys (do nothing to other keys)

**Notes**

The following strings can be used for the key identification character array. (Other character keys and control keys cannot be used, even if they exist.)

- BS
- DEL
- LEFT
- RIGHT
- HOME
- END
- Other Shift-JIS characters that can be used are described in the “Guidelines for Creating a Network Configuration Application” document.

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBEveryFrame**

Software keyboard every frame processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBEveryFrame)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function performs every frame processing for the software keyboard.

**Return value**

None

## sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBGetStatus

## Get software keyboard size

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

## Syntax

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
```

```
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetStatus)(
```

<b>int * w,</b>	Pointer to variable for returning width (pixels)
-----------------	--

<b>int * h);</b>	Pointer to variable for returning height (pixels)
------------------	---

## Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns the size of the software keyboard.

### Return value

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBGetVif1PktTopAddr**

Get software keyboard drawing packet address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****#include** <ntguicnf.h>

```
typedef void * (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetVif1PktTopAddr)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function returns the starting address of the drawing packet for displaying the software keyboard.

**Notes**

The drawing packet must satisfy the following specifications.

- It must be a drawing packet via PATH2.
- It must end with RET because it is called with a DMA CALL.
- There must be a double buffer.
- The position must be drawn starting at the upper left corner of the screen. (The display position, which is the GS offset, is changed within the sceNetGuiCnf\_Do function.)
- The GS offset must not be changed.
- Context 2 must be used.
- It must be a packet that sends the texture every time. (A texture base point of 8960 or later can be used.)
- It must have a resolution of 640x448.

**Return value**

Starting address of software keyboard drawing packet.

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBInit**

Initialize software keyboard

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBInit)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function initializes the software keyboard.

**Notes**

This function is called only once by sceNetGuiCnf\_Do().

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBSendMouseMessage**

Send mouse pointer message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****#include** <ntguicnf.h>**typedef** int**(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBSendMouseMessage)(**int *type*,

Activation point of mouse

int *x*,Relative x coordinate with respect to  
software keyboard display position originint *y*);Relative y coordinate with respect to  
software keyboard display position origin**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sends a mouse pointer message to the software keyboard.

*type* can be any of the following values.**Table 3-11**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_MESSAGE_TYPE_PRESS	0	Pressed
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_MESSAGE_TYPE_RELEASE	1	Released
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_MESSAGE_TYPE_MOVE	2	Moved

**Return value**

If the mouse cannot be clicked at the position with coordinates (x,y), 0 is returned. If the mouse can be clicked at that position, 1 is returned.



**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_UsbKbRead**

Receive USB keyboard input

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <netguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UsbKbRead)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function reports USB keyboard input information internally to the network configuration GUI library using the sceNetGuiCnf\_SendKBMessage() function.

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_UsbMouseRead**

Receive USB mouse input

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;netguicnf.h&gt;

typedef void

(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_UsbMouseRead)(

int \* *delta\_x*,

Amount of movement in x direction

int \* *delta\_y*,

Amount of movement in y direction

int \* *buttons*,

Button state

int \* *wheel*);

Amount of wheel movement

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function returns USB mouse input information to the pointers specified in the arguments. *delta\_x* and *delta\_y* return positive values for motion down and to the right, and negative values for motion up and to the left. *wheel* returns a negative value for upward rotation and a positive value for downward rotation.

The value of *buttons* will be the logical OR of the following bits.

**Table 3-12**

Constant	Bit	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_BUTTON_LEFT	0	Left button is pressed
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_BUTTON_RIGHT	1	Right button is pressed
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_BUTTON_MIDDLE	2	Middle button is pressed

**Return value**

None



## Functions

---

### sceNetGuiCnf\_Do

Start network configuration application

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include <netguicnf.h>
```

```
void sceNetGuiCnf_Do(
```

```
    sceNetGuiCnf_Arg_t * arg);
```

Startup arguments

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function starts up the network configuration application. For the start-up arguments, see the sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg structure. The following IOP modules must be loaded before this function is started.

#### Required IOP modules

- sio2man.irx
- padman.irx
- mcman.irx
- mcserv.irx
- netcnf.irx
- inet.irx
- inetotl.irx
- ppp.irx
- pppoe.irx
- usbd.irx
- ntguicnf.irx

IOP module required to autoload USB connection device driver

- usbmload.irx

IOP modules required to use the hard disk drive

- dev9.irx
- atad.irx
- hdd.irx
- pfs.irx
- smap.irx

- `sceNetGuiCnf_Do()` resets and reconfigures the drawing environment such as the GS. Consequently, after the function completes, the IOP and GS must be reconfigured as necessary. `sceNetGuiCnf_Do()` invokes the `WaitSema` function from the end of one frame of work until the start of v-blank. As a result, the `SignalSema` function must be invoked when v-blank begins. For more information, refer to the Network Configuration GUI Library Overview.

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnf\_SendSoftKBMessage**

Send key information to network configuration application

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;netguicnf.h&gt;

void sceNetGuiCnf\_SendSoftKBMessage(

int *type*, Keyboard typeunsigned char \* *keyname*); Key identification characters**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function reports key information to the network configuration GUI library.

*type* can be any of the following values.**Table 3-13**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_KBMSG_TYPE_SOFTKB	0	Input from software keyboard
SCE_NETGUICNF_KBMSG_TYPE_HARDBKB	1	Input from USB keyboard

**Remark**

The following strings can be used for the key identification character array. (Other character keys and control keys cannot be used, even if they exist.)

- BS
- DEL
- LEFT
- RIGHT
- HOME
- END
- Other Shift-JIS characters that can be used are described in the “Guidelines for Creating a Network Configuration Application” document.

**Return value**

None