

# **PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference**

## **Release 2.4.2**

### **Network Libraries**

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## About This Manual

This is the Runtime Library Release 2.4.2 version of the *PlayStation®2 EE Library Reference - Network Libraries* manual.

The purpose of this manual is to define all available PlayStation®2 EE network library structures and functions. The companion *PlayStation®2 EE Library Overview - Network Libraries* describes the structure and purpose of the libraries.

## Changes Since Last Release

### Chapter 2: HTTP Library

- New

### Chapter 3: Network Socket Library

- Error code details have been added to the return value of the `sceInsockErrno()` function.

### Chapter 4: General-Purpose Network Wrapper API (netglue)

- New

### Chapter 5: Network Configuration GUI Library

- An explanation has been added to the `peer_name` member of the `sceNetGuiCnfEnvData` structure.

## Related Documentation

Library specifications for the IOP can be found in the *PlayStation®2 IOP Library Reference* manuals and the *PlayStation®2 IOP Library Overview* manuals.

**Note:** the Developer Support Web site posts current developments regarding the Libraries and also provides notice of future documentation releases and upgrades.

## Typographic Conventions

Certain Typographic Conventions are used throughout this manual to clarify the meaning of the text:

Convention	Meaning
<code>courier</code>	Indicates literal program code.
<i>italic</i>	Indicates names of arguments and structure members (in structure/function definitions only).
<b>medium bold</b>	Indicates data types and structure/function names (in structure/function definitions only).
<a href="#">blue</a>	Indicates a hyperlink.

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Tel: +44 (0) 20 7859-5000	(Call Monday through Friday,
	9 a.m. to 6 p.m., GMT)

**Chapter 1: dev9 Reference (for networks)**  
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## Functions

---

### sceDevctl

Special operations on device

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
edev9	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include <sifdev.h>
```

```
int sceDevctl(
```

```
    const char *name,
```

Device name (dev9x:).

```
    int cmd,
```

Operation command. Specify one of the following constants.

DDIOC\_MODEL

DDIOC\_OFF

```
    void *arg,
```

Argument assigned to command. Depends on cmd.

```
    unsigned int arglen,
```

arg size

```
    void *bufp,
```

Arguments received from command. Depends on cmd.

```
    unsigned int buflen)
```

bufp size

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function performs special operations on a device. For descriptions of each *cmd*, see the "devctl Command List." The device name is dev9x, not dev9. Be careful not to use the wrong name.

Example:     sceDevctl ("dev9x:", DDIOC\_OFF, NULL, 0, NULL, 0);

#### Return value

When processing succeeds, a cmd-dependent value is returned.

When an error occurs, -1 times the errno is returned.

Errors that are common to each command are as follows:

EMFILE    The maximum number of descriptors that can be opened was reached.

ENODEV    The specified device does not exist.

## devctl Commands

---

### DDIOC\_MODEL

Flush disk cache

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
edev9	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax

<i>arg</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>arglen</i>	arg size.
<i>bufp</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>buflen</i>	bufp size.

#### Description

This command determines whether the device is a PC Card type or EXPANSION BAY type device. Normally, the application need not perform this operation.

#### Return value

When the device is a PC Card type device, 0 is returned. When the device is a hard disk drive (EXPANSION BAY type), 1 is returned.

## DDIOC\_OFF

Power off device

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
edev9	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

<i>arg</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>arglen</i>	arg size.
<i>bufp</i>	Reserved. Specify NULL.
<i>buflen</i>	bufp size.

### Description

This command powers off the entire dev9 device.

When powering off the system unit, this processing should be performed only if an HDD Ethernet is used. For more information, see "Power Off Processing" in the Network Library Overview (inet). If a hard disk drive is used, the HDIOC\_DEV9OFF command of the hard disk library should be used.

### Return value

When processing succeeds, 0 is returned.



## Chapter 2: HTTP Library

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## Structures

---

### sceHTTPAuth\_t

Authentication structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### Structure

```
typedef struct sceHTTPAuth {
    int type;                Authentication type
    char *realm;             realm string
    char **domains;          Domain string array
    char *uri;               URI string
    char *nonce;             nonce string
    char *opaque;            opaque string
    int stale;               stale value
    int algorithm;           Algorithm
    int qop;                 QOP value
} sceHTTPAuth_t;
```

#### Description

This structure represents the authentication challenge from the server.

The authentication type is represented as an integer, and the following constant definitions indicate basic authentication and digest authentication, respectively.

```
sceHTTPAuth_BASIC      0
sceHTTPAuth_DIGEST     1
```

For basic authentication, only the *type* and *realm* fields are used. For digest authentication, the meanings of the various fields are the same as those specified for the WWW-Authenticate header in RFC2617.

The value of the domain parameter is represented by a string array because it generally contains multiple domain names. The element following the last domain name in this array is a NULL pointer.

The *stale* value is represented by the following constant definitions. A value of 0 means that there is no *stale* parameter.

```
sceHTTPDigestStale_TRUE    1
sceHTTPDigestStale_FALSE   2
```

The algorithm value is represented by the following constant definitions. A value of 0 value means that there is no *algorithm* parameter.

```
sceHTTPDigestAlg_MD5       1
sceHTTPDigestAlg_MD5SESS   2
```

The QOP value is represented by the logical OR of the following bit flags.

```
sceHTTPDigestQOP_AUTH      1
sceHTTPDigestQOP_AUTHINT   2
```

**See also**

sceHTTPFreeAuthList(), sceHTTPParseAuth()



**sceHTTPAuthInfo\_t**

Digest authentication information structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceHTTPAuthInfo {
    char *nextnonce;           nextnonce string
    char *rspauth;             rspauth string array
    char *cnonce;              cnonce string
    int nc;                    nc (nonce count) value
    int qop;                   QOP value
} sceHTTPAuthInfo_t;
```

**Description**

This structure represents authentication confirmation information when digest authentication is used.

The meanings of the various fields are the same as those specified for the Authentication-Info header in RFC2617.

For *qop*, please refer to the description of sceHTTPAuth\_t.

**See also**

sceHTTPParseAuthInfo(), sceHTTPAuth\_t

**sceHTTPAuthList\_t**

Authentication list structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceHTTPAuthList {  
    struct sceHTTPAuthList *forw, *back;    forw: Forward link  
                                            back: Backward link  
  
    struct sceHTTPAuth auth;                Authentication challenge structure  
} sceHTTPAuthList_t;
```

**Description**

This structure represents a doubly-linked list of authentication challenges.

**See also**

sceHTTPFreeAuthList(), sceHTTPParseAuth()

**sceHTTPClient\_t**

HTTP client structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure****typedef struct sceHTTPClient {**

<b>char *name;</b>	User agent name
<b>int http_ver;</b>	HTTP protocol version
<b>int http_rev;</b>	HTTP protocol revision
<b>int rtimeout;</b>	Response timeout (seconds)
<b>int ttimeout;</b>	Data transfer timeout (seconds)
<b>int laptime;</b>	Input/output lap time
<b>int prot;</b>	Protocol
<b>int state;</b>	Transaction state
<b>int errnum;</b>	Error number
<b>int net_errno;</b>	Network error number
<b>int reloading;</b>	Reload flag
<b>int keep_alive;</b>	Connection hold time (seconds)
<b>int keep_count;</b>	Connection hold count
<b>int non_blocking;</b>	Non-blocking mode
<b>int abort_req;</b>	Abort request flag
<b>int t_stacksize;</b>	Transaction thread stack size
<b>int t_priority;</b>	Transaction thread priority
<b>int t_thread;</b>	Transaction thread ID
<b>void *t_stack;</b>	Transaction thread stack
<b>int t_rtn;</b>	Transaction termination code
<b>void (*t_notify)(int flags);</b>	Transaction termination notification callback function
<b>unsigned int max_olength;</b>	Maximum response data length
<b>struct sceHTTPParsedURI_t *proxy;</b>	Parsed proxy URI
<b>sceHTTPMethod_t method;</b>	HTTP request method
<b>struct sceHTTPParsedURI_t *puri;</b>	Parsed URI
<b>sceHTTPHeaderList_t *iheaders;</b>	Request header
<b>char *idata;</b>	Request data
<b>int ilength;</b>	Request data length
<b>int iflags;</b>	Request data flag
<b>sceHTTPResponse_t response;</b>	Response structure
<b>void (*chunkf)(struct sceHTTPClient *, unsigned char *, unsigned int);</b>	Chunk receive notification callback function
<b>int recv_thread;</b>	Receive thread ID
<b>int send_thread;</b>	Send thread ID
<b>void *io_rstack;</b>	Receive thread stack
<b>void *io_sstack;</b>	Send thread stack

<code>int io_desc;</code>	Socket descriptor
<code>char * io_buf;</code>	Input/output buffer
<code>int io_len;</code>	Input/output buffer length
<code>int io_rtn;</code>	Input/output return value
<code>int io_timer;</code>	Input/output timer ID
<code>int io_rwait, io_rdone;</code>	io_rwait: Receive request semaphore ID io_rdone: Receive complete semaphore ID
<code>int io_swait, io_sdone;</code>	io_swait: Send request semaphore ID io_sdone: Send complete semaphore ID
<code>int io_flags;</code>	Input/output flag
<code>int io_tcount;</code>	Input/output timer counter
<code>} sceHTTPClient_t;</code>	

**Description**

This structure is used by the HTTP client to perform transactions.

The user cannot directly access the members of this structure.

**See also**

sceHTTPCreate(), sceHTTPDestroy(), sceHTTPRequest(), sceHTTPGetResponse(), sceHTTPGetOption(), sceHTTPSetOption(), sceHTTPOpen(), sceHTTPClose(), sceHTTPGetClientError(), sceHTTPParsedURL\_t, sceHTTPHeaderList\_t

## sceHTTPCookie\_t

Cookie structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct sceHTTPCookie {
    char *name;           Name
    char *value;          Value
    char *domain;         Valid domain
    char *path;           Valid path
    int expires;          Expiration
    int secure;           Secure flag
    int version;          Version
    int maxage;           Expiration (version 1 type)
} sceHTTPCookie_t;
```

### Description

This structure represents a cookie.

The value of the *expires* member is the time in seconds since January 1, 1970 in GMT.

A non-zero secure flag value means that communication with the server must be performed securely when this cookie is used.

The *maxage* member, which is used when this cookie is of the type specified in RFC2109 (the *version* is 1), contains the number of seconds from the current time.

### See also

sceHTTPsceHTTPAddCookieList(), sceHTTPParseCookie(), sceHTTPSetCookie()

## sceHTTPCookieList\_t

Cookie list structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct sceHTTPCookieList {  
    struct sceHTTPCookieList *forw, *back;    forw: Forward link  
                                              back: Backward link  
  
    struct sceHTTPCookie cookie;              Cookie structure  
} sceHTTPCookieList_t;
```

### Description

This structure represents a doubly-linked list of cookies.

### See also

sceHTTPsceHTTPAddCookieList(), sceHTTPFreeCookieList(), sceHTTPParseCookie(),  
sceHTTPSetCookie(), sceHTTPCookie\_t()

**sceHTTPDigest\_t**

Digest authentication request structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceHTTPDigest {
    char *username;           User name string
    char *realm;              realm string
    char *password;           Password string
    char *uri;                URI string
    char *nonce;              nonce string
    char *cnonce;             cnonce string
    char *opaque;             opaque string
    int algorithm;            Algorithm
    int nc;                   Count (integer)
    int qop;                  QOP value
    int method;               HTTP method
    char *entity;             Pointer to data byte string
    int length;               Data string length
} sceHTTPDigest_t;
```

**Description**

This structure is used for digest authentication requests.

The meanings of the fields other than *method*, *entity*, and *length* are the same as those specified in RFC2617. Also, for *algorithm* and *qop*, the same constants are defined as those described for sceHTTPAuth.

The *entity* and *length* fields are used only when the QOP value is sceHTTPDigestQOP\_AUTHINT.

**See also**

sceHTTPSetDigestAuth(), sceHTTPAuth\_t()

## sceHTTPHeaderList\_t

Header list structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct sceHTTPHeaderList {  
    struct sceHTTPHeaderList *forw, *back;    forw: Forward link  
                                              back: Backward link  
  
    char *name;                               Name  
    char *value;                             String value  
} sceHTTPHeaderList_t;
```

### Description

This is a doubly-linked list of name / value (string) pairs.

It is used for keeping header information in HTTP requests and responses.

### See also

sceHTTPAddHeaderList(), sceHTTPFreeHeaderList(), sceHTTPNextHeader()



**sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t**

MIME filter structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceHTTPMimeFilter {
    struct sceHTTPMimeFilter *next;           Pointer to multipart lower level filter
    struct sceHTTPMimeFilter *prev;          Pointer to multipart higher level filter
    int itype;                               Input type
    int idesc;                               Input file descriptor during file input
    unsigned char *ibuf;                     Input buffer
    unsigned int ibuflen;                    Input buffer length
    unsigned char *iptr;                     Input pointer
    int idesc_eof;                           End-of-input-file flag
    int otype;                               Output type
    int odesc;                               Output file descriptor during file output
    unsigned char *obuf;                     Output buffer
    unsigned int obuflen;                    Output buffer length
    unsigned char *optr;                     Output point
    sceHTTPHeaderList_t *headers;            Header list
    int dflags;                              Decoding flag
    int (*decoder)(const char *, char *, int); Decoding function pointer
    unsigned char *dbuf;                     Decoding buffer
    int multipart;                           Multipart flag
    char *boundary;                           Boundary string
} sceHTTPMimeFilter_t;
```

**Description**

This structure is used for MIME processing. The user cannot directly access the members of this structure.

**See also**

sceHTTPMimeFilterCreate(), sceHTTPMimeFilterFree(), sceHTTPMimeFilterParseHeaders(),  
 sceHTTPMimeFilterApply(), sceHTTPMimeFilterGetMultipartType(), sceHTTPMimeFilterChangeOutput(),  
 sceHTTPMimeFilterGetStringOutput(), sceHTTPMimeFilterGetHeaderList()

**sceHTTPParsedURI\_t**

Parsed URI structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceHTTPParsedURI {
    char *scheme;           URI protocol scheme name ("http")
    char *username;         URI user name
    char *password;         URI password
    char *hostname;         URI hostname
    int port;               URI port number
    char *filename;         URI file pathname
    char *search;           URI search part
} sceHTTPParsedURI_t;
```

**Description**

This structure is used to keep a parsed URI.

**See also**

secsceHTTPParseURI(), sceHTTPFreeURI(), sceHTTPCloneURI(), sceHTTPUnparseURI()

## sceHTTPResponse\_t

HTTP response structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct sceHTTPResponse {
    int http_ver;           Server HTTP version
    int http_rev;           Server HTTP revision
    sceHTTPStatusCode_t code; Server response status code (integer type)
    char *reason;           Server response result phrase
    int server_prot;        Server protocol
    sceHTTPHeaderList_t *headers; Server response header list
    unsigned char *entity;  Server response data
    unsigned int length;    Server response data length (bytes)
    int interrupted;        Transaction interruption flag
    int date;               Time server responded
} sceHTTPResponse_t;
```

### Description

This structure keeps the HTTP response from the server.

The *code* parameter indicates the code specified in RFC2616.

The following value is defined as a constant for *server\_prot*.

```
sceHTTPProt_HTTP    0
```

The *date* parameter is expressed as elapsed seconds since January 1, 1970 in GMT.

### See also

sceHTTPGetResponse(), sceHTTPCleanUpResponse(), sceHTTPErrorString(), sceHTTPHeaderList\_t

## Functions

---

### sceBASE64Encoder

Perform BASE64 encoding

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### Syntax

```
int sceBASE64Encoder(
    unsigned const char *in,           Pointer to input byte string
    unsigned char *out,               Pointer to output byte string
    int ilen);                       Input length
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function performs BASE64 encoding of the input byte string specified by *in* and *ilen*, and outputs the result to the memory area specified by *out*.

The size of the output memory area must be at least  $(ilen + 2)/3 * 4$ .

#### Return value

Output byte count

## sceBASE64LineDecoder

Decode BASE64 line

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceBASE64LineDecoder(
    unsigned const char *in,           Pointer to input byte string
    unsigned char *out,               Pointer to output byte string
    int ilen);                        Input length
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function decodes the input byte string specified by *in* and *ilen* (one line of data that was BASE64 encoded) and outputs the result to the memory area specified by *out*. The input byte string must have a length of 76 or less, not including the RFC822 newline (consecutive CR and LF) at the end. If a larger value is set for *ilen*, it is ignored.

The size of the output memory area must be at least 60 bytes.

### Return value

Output byte count    Normal termination

-1                    Error occurred

## sceHTTPAbortRequest

Abort HTTP request

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPAbortRequest(  
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);           Pointer to HTTP client object
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function aborts an HTTP transaction request.

### Return value

0        Normal termination  
-1        Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t

## sceHTTPAddCookieList

Add cookie list

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
sceHTTPCookieList_t *sceHTTPAddCookieList(  
    sceHTTPCookieList_t *p,           Cookie list  
    sceHTTPCookie_t *cp);             Pointer to a cookie
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function adds a new element to a cookie list.  
The cookie given by *cp* and its element is duplicated and added.

### Return value

Header list after addition	Normal termination
Null	Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPCookieList\_t, sceHTTPCookie\_t

sceHTTPAddHeaderList

Add header list

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
sceHTTPHeaderList_t *sceHTTPAddHeaderList(  
    sceHTTPHeaderList_t *p                Header list  
    const char *name                       Name (attribute) part of header to be added  
    const char *value);                   Value part of header to be added
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function adds a new element to the end of the header list specified by *p*. The element, which is represented by a pair of strings indicating a *name* (attribute) and *value*, corresponds to the name:value format of an HTTP header.

Return value

Header list after addition      Normal termination  
NULL                              Error occurred

See also

sceHTTPHeaderList\_t



## sceHTTPCleanUpResponse

Return to initial state of HTTP response

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPCleanUpResponse(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns to its initial state, the structure used to hold an HTTP response.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t

**sceHTTPCloneURI**

Clone parsed URI

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
sceHTTPParsedURI_t *sceHTTPCloneURI(
sceHTTPParsedURI_t *puri);
```

Pointer to parsed URI structure to be cloned

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**This function creates a clone of *\*puri*. The members are also cloned.**Return value**

When processing completes normally, a pointer to the parsed URI structure that was cloned is returned.  
 When an error occurs, NULL is returned.

**See also**

sceHTTPParsedURI\_t

**sceHTTPClose**

Close HTTP connection

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPClose(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object to be closed

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function closes the HTTP connection with the server.

**Return value**

0      Normal termination

-1     Error occurred

**See also**

sceHTTPClient\_t

## sceHTTPCreate

Create HTTP client object

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
sceHTTPClient_t *sceHTTPCreate(void);
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function gets a structure for performing new HTTP client transactions and returns a pointer to that structure.

### Return value

When processing completes normally, a pointer (non-zero value) to the HTTP client that was created is returned. When an error occurs, NULL is returned.

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t

## sceHTTPDestroy

Free HTTP client object

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPDestroy(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object to be freed

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees the structure used to perform HTTP client transactions.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t

## sceHTTPErrorString

Create HTTP response status string

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
const char *sceHTTPErrorString(  
    sceHTTPStatusCode_t error);           HTTP response code
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns a string explaining the HTTP response code as defined in RFC2616. The string is statically allocated.

### Return value

When processing completes normally, an explanatory string corresponding to *error* is returned. When an error occurs, NULL is returned.

### See also

sceHTTPStatusCode\_t

## sceHTTPFindAbsoluteURI

Make absolute URI

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
char *sceHTTPFindAbsoluteURI(
    const char *uri           URI string
    const char *base);       Base URI string
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function makes *\*uri* into an absolute URI based on *\*base*.

### Return value

When processing completes normally, the absolute URI string is returned. When an error occurs, NULL is returned.

**sceHTTPFreeAuthList**

Free authentication challenge list

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPFreeAuthList(  
    sceHTTPAuthList_t *p);
```

Authentication challenge list**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**This function frees all of the elements of the authentication challenge list specified by *p*.**Return value**

0        Normal termination  
-1        Error occurred

**See also**

sceHTTPAuthList\_t



## sceHTTPFreeCookieList

Free cookie list

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPFreeCookieList(
    sceHTTPCookieList_t *p);          Cookie list
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees all of the elements of the cookie list specified by *p*.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPCookieList\_t

## sceHTTPFreeHeaderList

Free header list

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPFreeHeaderList(  
    sceHTTPHeaderList_t *p);           Header list
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees all of the elements of the header list specified by *p*.

### Return value

0        Normal termination  
-1       Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPHeaderList\_t

## sceHTTPFreeLocations

Free redirection location array

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPFreeLocations(
    char **locations);
```

Pointer to location array

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees both the array of URI strings obtained by `sceHTTPParseLocations()` as well as the array elements.

### Return value

0        Normal termination  
 -1      Error

### See also

`sceHTTPParseLocations()`

## sceHTTPFreeURI

Free parsed URI

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPFreeURI(  
    sceHTTTParsedURI_t *puri);
```

Pointer to parsed URI structure to be freed

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees the parsed URI structure specified by *puri*.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
-1      Error

### See also

sceHTTTParsedURI\_t

## sceHTTPGetClientError

Get HTTP client internal error code

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPGetClientError(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns a code indicating the reason when an internal error such as an insufficient memory condition occurs. The internal error codes are currently defined as follows.

Table 2-1

Macro definition	Value	Meaning
sceHTTPError_KERNEL	-1001	Kernel call failed
sceHTTPError_NOMEM	-1002	Insufficient memory
sceHTTPError_IO	-1003	IO failed
sceHTTPError_INVALID	-1004	Invalid numeric value detected
sceHTTPError_TIMEOUT	-1005	Timeout
sceHTTPError_RESOLV	-1006	Host name resolution failed
sceHTTPError_SOCKET	-1007	Socket acquisition failed
sceHTTPError_CONNECT	-1008	Connection failed
sceHTTPError_SSL	-1009	SSL error
sceHTTPError_NOTYET	-1010	Non-existent function called
sceHTTPError_INTR	-1011	Interrupted

### Return value

Internal error code of HTTP client specified by *client*

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t

## sceHTTPGetOption

Get HTTP option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPGetOption(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client,           Pointer to HTTP client object
    sceHTTPOption_t opt,              Option number
    ...);                             Takes a number of additional arguments depending
                                     on the option number
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function gets the settings of various options for HTTP transactions. For *opt*, specify an `sceHTTPOption_t` type enum value representing the option to be obtained, and specify appropriate additional arguments for receiving the settings. For example, to get request data and its byte length, specify `sceHTTPO_RequestEntity` for *opt*. Since this option takes two additional arguments, call this function with the following form.

```
char *data;
int length;

sceHTTPGetOption(client, sceHTTPO_RequestEntity, &data, &length);
```

The values that can be specified for *opt* and the corresponding additional arguments are as follows.

#### Get user agent name

<i>opt</i>	<code>sceHTTPO_ClientName</code>
<code>char **namep</code>	Pointer to variable for storing the user agent name that was obtained

#### Get HTTP revision

<i>opt</i>	<code>sceHTTPO_HTTPRevision</code>
<code>int **revisionp</code>	Pointer to integer variable for storing the HTTP revision that was obtained

#### Get HTTP method

<i>opt</i>	<code>sceHTTPO_Method</code>
<code>sceHTTPMethod_t *mtdp</code>	Pointer to variable for storing the HTTP method constant that was obtained. For details about HTTP method constants, see the description of <code>sceHTTPMethod_t</code> .

#### Get parsed URI

<i>opt</i>	<code>sceHTTPO_ParsedURI</code>
<code>sceHTTPParsedURI_t **urip</code>	Pointer to variable for storing the parsed URI that was obtained

**Get parsed proxy URI**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_ProxyURI  
 sceHTTPParsedURI\_t \*\**pxyp* Pointer to variable for storing the parsed proxy URI that was obtained

**Get request header list**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_RequestHeaders  
 sceHTTPHeaderList\_t \*\**hdp* Pointer to variable for storing the request header list that was obtained

**Get request data and its byte length**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_RequestEntity  
 char \*\**datap* Pointer to variable for storing the request data that was obtained  
 unsigned int \**lengthp* Pointer to integer variable for storing the size of the request data that was obtained

**Get response header acquisition timeout value**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_ResponseTimeout  
 int \**timeoutp* Pointer to integer variable for storing the timeout value (seconds) that was obtained

**Get response data acquisition timeout value**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_TransferTimeout  
 int \**timeoutp* Pointer to integer variable for storing the timeout value (seconds) that was obtained

**Get blocking mode**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_BlockingMode  
 int \**blkmodep* Pointer to integer variable for storing the blocking mode that was obtained

**Get callback function called when transaction completes**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_EndOfTransactionCB  
 void \*\**funcp* Pointer to variable for storing pointer to function that was obtained

**Get callback function called when chunk is received**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_ReceiveChunkCB  
 void \*\**funcp* Pointer to variable for storing pointer to function that was obtained

**Get stack size and priority of non-blocking-mode transaction execution thread**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_ThreadValue  
 int \**stacksize* Pointer to variable for storing stack size that was obtained  
 int \**priority* Pointer to variable for storing priority that was obtained

**Get connection hold parameters**

*opt* sceHTTPO\_KeepAlive  
 int \**timeout* Pointer to variable for storing connection hold time (seconds) that was obtained  
 int \**maxcount* Pointer to variable for storing maximum connection hold count that was obtained

`int priority`

Priority (default is 63)

**Notes**

The `sceHTTPO_KeepAlive` option value is used only by `sceHTTPGetOption()`. When the connection hold time and maximum connection hold count are explicitly indicated during a response but their values are not explicitly indicated, this option gets their default values according to the protocol. When 0 is returned, it indicates that no connection is being held, and when -1 is returned, it indicates that a connection is held but the time or count is uncertain. This option is provided only for compatibility with some clients and servers that support HTTP/1.0.

**Return value**

0      Normal termination

-1     Error

**See also**`sceHTTPClient_t`, `sceHTTPOption_t`, `sceHTTPMethod_t`, `sceHTTPURI_t`, `sceHTTPHeaderList_t`



## sceHTTPGetResponse

Get HTTP response

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
sceHTTPResponse_t *sceHTTPGetResponse(  
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns a pointer to the structure that holds the HTTP response.

### Return value

Pointer to obtained HTTP response structure

### See also

sceHTTPResponse\_t, sceHTTPClient\_t

**sceHTTPGetSocketError**

Get socket error code

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPGetSocketError(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function gets the detailed error code that is returned by the socket layer when processing by sceHTTPOpen() for getting the socket or connecting fails.

**Notes**

sceHTTPOpen() simply returns -1 when an error occurs. However, you can determine whether processing failed while getting the socket or connecting according to the value returned by sceHTTPGetClientError().

**Return value**

Error code returned by socket layer

**See also**

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPGetClientError()

## sceHTTPInit

Initialize library (for HTTP)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPInit(void);
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function initializes libhttp. It must be called before using other libhttp functions.

### Return value

- 0      Normal termination
- 1     Abnormal termination

## sceHTTPIsAbsoluteURI

Check for absolute URI

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPIsAbsoluteURI(  
    const char *uri);           URI string
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function checks whether or not *\*uri* is an absolute URI. *\*uri* must be a URI with a valid format.

### Return value

- 1     Absolute URI
- 0     Relative URI

## sceHTTPMimeFilterApply

Perform MIME filter processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPMimeFilterApply(  
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p,           Pointer to MIME filter  
    int *closep);                    Pointer to variable for setting part termination state
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function processes a MIME part entity and advances to the next part, if one exists. If the processed part was the last part of a multipart entity and the *closep* argument is not 0, this function returns a non-zero value for *\*closep*.  
Consequently, if *p* encounters a part termination in a low-level filter, *p* is freed within this function. Once freed, *p* cannot be subsequently referenced.

### Return value

0     Normal termination  
-1    Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t

## sceHTTPMimeFilterChangeOutput

Change MIME filter output destination

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPMimeFilterChangeOutput(
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p           Pointer to MIME filter
    int otype,                       Output type
    void *oarg);                     Pointer indicating output
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function changes the output destination of the MIME filter specified by *p* so that it is the destination specified by *otype* and *oarg*.

For information about how to specify *otype* and *oarg*, see the description of `sceHTTPMimeFilterCreate()`.

If the previously specified output destination was memory, the memory area of the output destination is automatically freed since it was allocated internally by the library. If the previous output destination was a file, the file is not automatically closed.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
-1      Error occurred

### See also

`sceHTTPMimeFilter_t`, `sceHTTPMimeFilterCreate()`

## sceHTTPMimeFilterCreate

Create MIME filter

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *sceHTTPMimeFilterCreate(
    int itype,           Input type
    void *iarg,          Pointer representing input
    int ilen,            Input length
    int otype,           Output type
    void *oarg);         Pointer representing output
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function specifies the input and output for a MIME filter and performs processing to create the filter.

The following two input/output types can be specified for *itype* and *otype*.

Table 2-2

Macro Definition	Input/Output Destination
sceHTTPMimeFilter_FILE	File
sceHTTPMimeFilter_STRING	Memory

When a file is specified (*itype/otype* is `sceHTTPMimeFilter_FILE`), *iarg/oarg* is set to the file descriptor number cast to (void \*). When input is from a file (*itype* is `sceHTTPMimeFilter_FILE`), the *ilen* argument is ignored.

When input from memory is specified (*itype* is `sceHTTPMimeFilter_STRING`), the byte string in memory, which is to be the input, is specified for *iarg* and its length is specified for *ilen*.

When output to memory is specified (*otype* is `sceHTTPMimeFilter_STRING`), the output destination memory area will be automatically allocated by the library, so the result and its length can be obtained with `sceHTTPMimeFilterGetStringOutput()`. (The output result byte string is not zero-terminated.)

### Return value

When processing completes normally, a pointer to the MIME filter that was created is returned. When an error occurs, NULL is returned.

### See also

`sceHTTPMimeFilter_t`, `sceHTTPMimeFilterGetStringOutput()`

## sceHTTPMimeFilterFree

Free MIME filter

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPMimeFilterFree(  
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p);
```

Pointer to MIME filter

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees the MIME filter specified by *p*.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
-1      Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t



## sceHTTPMimeFilterGetHeaderList

Get MIME headers

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
sceHTTPHeaderList_t *sceHTTPMimeFilterGetHeaderList(  
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p);
```

Pointer to MIME filter

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns the MIME part headers that were parsed by sceHTTPMimeFilterParseHeader as a header list.

### Return value

Pointer to header list	Normal termination
NULL	Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPHeaderList\_t, sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t, sceHTTPMimeFilterParseHeader()

**sceHTTPMimeFilterGetMultipartType**

Send MIME multipart type inquiry

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPMimeFilterGetMultipartType(
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p);
```

Pointer to MIME filter

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function returns 0 if the part being processed is not multipart and returns its type if it is multipart.

The multipart type is determined by the Multipart/type string contained in the Content-Type header for that part. The following constants representing those strings have been defined.

```
sceHTTPMultipart_MIXED
sceHTTPMultipart_BYTERANGES
sceHTTPMultipart_ALTERNATIVE
```

**Return value**

0           Type is not multipart

Other       Integer value indicating multipart type

**See also**

sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t

## sceHTTPMimeFilterGetStringOutput

Get output and length for MIME memory

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPMimeFilterGetStringOutput(
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p           Pointer to MIME filter
    char **odatap,                   Pointer to variable for storing starting address of
                                    output
    int *olenp);                     Pointer to variable for storing byte count of output
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

When the output destination of the MIME filter *\*p* is memory, this function returns the output's starting address and length in the variables specified by *odatap* and *olenp*.

Since the memory area returned in *\*odatap* (byte string in which MIME filter was output) is not freed by *sceHTTPMimeFilterFree()*, the user must free it with the *free()* function.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
-1      Error occurred

### See also

*sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t*, *sceHTTPMimeFilterCreate()*

**sceHTTPMimeFilterParseHeaders**

Parse MIME headers

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPMimeFilterParseHeaders(
    sceHTTPMimeFilter_t *p);
```

Pointer to MIME filter

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function uses the MIME filter specified by *p* to parse the MIME part headers for the current level. If a Content-Type header indicating a multipart entity is detected, this function internally generates a new MIME filter for processing each part as a lower-level filter of the current filter.

**Return value**

0      Normal termination

-1     Error occurred

**See also**

sceHTTPMimeFilter\_t

sceHTTPNextHeader

Get next element in header list

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
sceHTTPHeaderList_t *sceHTTPNextHeader(  
    sceHTTPHeaderList_t *p);           Header list
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function returns a pointer to the next element in the header list.

Return value

Pointer to next element	Normal termination
NULL	When there is no next element

See also

sceHTTPHeaderList\_t

## sceHTTPOpen

Open HTTP connection

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPOpen(  
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object to be opened

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function establishes an HTTP connection with the server. The sceHTTPSetOption() function must be used to set the parsed URL of the server or proxy before this function is called.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
-1      Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPSetOption()

sceHTTPParseAuth

Parse authentication challenge in response

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

sceHTTPAuthList\_t \*sceHTTPParseAuth(  
sceHTTPResponse\_t \*rp);                      Pointer to structure that represents an HTTP response

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function parses all WWW-Authenticate headers within \*rp and returns them as an authentication challenge list.

Return value

Pointer to authentication challenge list                      Normal termination  
NULL    Error occurred

See also

sceHTTPAuthList\_t, sceHTTPResponse\_t

sceHTTPParseAuthInfo

Parse authentication verification information in response

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

sceHTTPAuthInfo\_t \*sceHTTPParseAuthInfo(  
sceHTTPResponse\_t \*rp);                      Pointer to structure that represents an HTTP  
response

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function parses Authentication-Info headers within \*rp, generates an authentication verification information structure, and returns a pointer to that structure.

Return value

Pointer to authentication verification information structure	Normal termination
NULL	Error occurred

See also

sceHTTPAuthInfo\_t, sceHTTPResponse\_t



sceHTTPParseCookie

Parse cookie in response

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

sceHTTPCookieList\_t \*sceHTTPParseCookie(  
    sceHTTPResponse\_t \*rp);                      Pointer to structure that represents an HTTP response

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function parses all Set-Cookie headers within \*rp and returns them as a cookie list.

Return value

Pointer to cookie list              Normal termination  
NULL                                  Error occurred

See also

sceHTTPCookieList\_t, sceHTTPResponse\_t

## sceHTTPParseLocations

Parse redirection locations in response

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
const char **sceHTTPParseLocations(
    sceHTTPResponse_t *rp);
```

Pointer to structure that represents HTTP response

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function parses all Location headers within *\*rp* and returns them as an array of URI strings. The end of the array is indicated by a NULL element.

### Return value

URI string array	Normal termination
NULL	Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPResponse\_t

sceHTTPParseURI

Parse URI

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
sceHTTPParsedURI_t *sceHTTPParseURI(  
    const char *uri,           String representing URI  
    int pflag);                Parse option flag
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function parses *\*uri* and divides it into a scheme, host name, port number, file path, search part, and other components, stores these in a structure that represents the parsed URI, and returns a pointer to this structure.

This structure must be freed with `sceHTTPFreeURI()`.

*pflag* is a flag representing options for parsing. The following constants are currently defined as options. A bitwise logical OR can be used as necessary to specify multiple options.

Table 2-3

Macro Definition	Meaning
sceHTTPParseURI_FILENAME	Also parse file path
sceHTTPParseURI_SEARCHPART	Also parse search part

The scheme, host name, and port number are always parsed. If *\*uri* does not contain a port number, the port number is assumed to be 80. The constant `sceHTTPProt_HTTP` is defined as a constant representing the scheme.

Return value

When processing completes normally, a pointer to the parsed URI structure is returned. When an error occurs, NULL is returned.

See also

sceHTTPParsedURI\_t

**sceHTTPRequest**

Execute HTTP transaction

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPRequest(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client);
```

Pointer to HTTP client object

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function executes an HTTP transaction with the server.

Before this function is called, an HTTP connection with the server or proxy must have been established using sceHTTPOpen().

This function can be executed in blocking mode or non-blocking mode according to the option setting. (The default is blocking mode. See sceHTTPSetOption().) In blocking mode, the function does not return until the HTTP transaction ends. In non-blocking mode, the function returns immediately, and a callback function that was set by the user is invoked when the transaction ends.

**Notes**

The callback function mentioned above has an integer argument. When the transaction completes normally, the argument is set to 0, and when an error occurs, the argument is set to -1.

**Return value**

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

**See also**

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPSetOption()

## sceHTTPSetBasicAuth

Set basic authentication

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPSetBasicAuth(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client,           Pointer to structure for performing HTTP transactions
    const char *user,                  Pointer to user name
    const char *passwd);               Pointer to password
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function converts the user name and password specified by *user* and *passwd* to a basic-type Authorization header and adds it to the request header list of *\*client*.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t

**sceHTTPSetCookie**

Set cookie

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
int sceHTTPSetCookie(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client,           Pointer to HTTP client structure
    sceHTTPCookieList_t *p);          Pointer to cookie list
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function converts the cookie list given by *p* to Cookie headers and adds them to the request header list of *\*client*.

**Return value**

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

**See also**

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPCookieList\_t

## sceHTTPSetDigestAuth

Set digest authentication

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPSetDigestAuth(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client,           Pointer to structure for performing HTTP transactions
    sceHTTPDigest_t *digest);         Pointer to digest request structure
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function converts *\*digest* to a digest-type Authorization header and adds it to the request header list of *\*client*.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPDigest\_t

sceHTTPSetOption

Set HTTP option

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
int sceHTTPSetOption(  
    sceHTTPClient_t *client,           Pointer to HTTP client object  
    sceHTTPOption_t opt,              Option number  
    ...);                             Takes a number of additional arguments depending  
                                     on the option number
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function sets various options for HTTP transactions.  
For *opt*, specify an sceHTTPOption\_t type enum value representing the option to be set, and specify the settings by using the additional arguments that correspond to each option.  
For example, to set request data and the data length, specify sceHTTPO\_RequestEntity for *opt*. Since this option takes three additional arguments, call this function with the following form.

```
char *data;  
int length;  
  
sceHTTPSetOption(client, sceHTTPO_RequestEntity, data, length, 0);
```

The values that can be specified for *opt* and the corresponding additional arguments are as follows.

Set user agent name

```
opt          sceHTTPO_ClientName  
char *name   Pointer to user agent name. The default value is "unknown (sceHTTPLib-  
              X.X.X)," where the version number is entered for X.X.X. Since this is only  
              a sample value, be sure to change it to an appropriate name when it is  
              used in a title.
```

Set HTTP revision

```
opt          sceHTTPO_HTTPRevision  
int revision HTTP revision. Specify 0 or 1. The default is 0.
```

Set HTTP method

```
opt          sceHTTPO_Method  
sceHTTPMethod_t method HTTP method constant. For details, see the description of  
                        sceHTTPMethod_t.
```

Set parsed URI

```
opt          sceHTTPO_ParsedURI
```



sceHTTTParsedURI\_t \*uri      Pointer to parsed URI

**Set parsed proxy URI**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_ProxyURI  
sceHTTTParsedURI\_t \*proxy    Pointer to parsed proxy URI

**Set (add to) request header list**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_RequestHeaders  
sceHTTPHeaderList\_t \*hd      Pointer to request header list  
int overwrite                  Whether or not to overwrite  
                                    0: Append  
                                    1: Overwrite (the old header list is deleted and freed)

**Set request data and its byte length**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_RequestEntity  
char \*data                      Pointer to request data  
unsigned int length            Request data length  
int flags                        Flag

The *flags* argument has the following bit definitions. These two flags cannot be set at the same time.

Table 2-4

Macro Definition	Meaning
sceHTTPInputF_ESCAPE	The given request data is set after URL encoding. The encoded length is also set as the data length.
sceHTTPInputF_LINK	The given request data is used by linking it as is, and is not duplicated.

**Set response header acquisition timeout value**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_ResponseTimeout  
int timeout                      Timeout value (seconds). The default is no timeout.

**Set response data acquisition timeout value**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_TransferTimeout  
int timeout                      Timeout value (seconds). The default is no timeout.

**Set blocking mode**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_BlockingMode  
int blkmode                      Blocking mode  
                                    0: Non-blocking mode  
                                    1: Blocking mode (default)

**Set callback function called when transaction completes**

opt                              sceHTTPO\_EndOfTransactionCB  
void (\*func)(int flags)        Pointer to callback function called when transaction completes.  
                                    The *flags* argument for the callback function is 0 when the

transaction completes normally and -1 when an error has occurred.

### Set callback function called when chunk is received

<i>opt</i>	sceHTTPO_ReceiveChunkCB
void (*func)(sceHTTPClient_t *client, char *cdata, int clen)	Pointer to callback function called when chunk is received

## Set stack size and priority of non-blocking-mode transaction execution thread

<i>opt</i>	sceHTTPO_ThreadValue
int <i>stacksize</i>	Stack size (default is 8192)
int <i>priority</i>	Priority (default is 63)

### Return value

0	Normal termination
-1	Error occurred

## See also

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPOption\_t, sceHTTPMethod\_t, sceHTTPURI\_t, sceHTTPHeaderList\_t

## sceHTTPSetRedirection

Set redirection

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
int sceHTTPSetRedirection(
    sceHTTPClient_t *client,           Pointer to structure for performing HTTP transactions
    sceHTTPParsedURI_t *uri,          Parsed URI of redirection destination
    int proxy);                       Flag indicating proxy redirection
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function performs processing required for performing HTTP transactions using redirection.

### Return value

0      Normal termination  
 -1     Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPParsedURI\_t

## sceHTTPUnparseURI

Create URI string from parsed URI

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
char *sceHTTPUnparseURI(  
    sceHTTTParsedURI_t *puri);
```

Pointer to parsed URI structure

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function creates a URI string representing the contents of *\*puri*.

### Return value

URI string	Normal termination
NULL	Error occurred

### See also

sceHTTTParsedURI\_t

sceQPrintableEncoder

Perform quoted-printable encoding

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
int sceQPrintableEncoder(  
    unsigned const char *in,           Pointer to input byte string  
    unsigned char *out,                Pointer to output byte string  
    int ilen);                        Input length
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function performs QPrintable encoding of the input byte string that was specified by *in* and *ilen*, and outputs the result to the memory area specified by *out*.  
The size of the output memory area must be at least  $(ilen * 3 + ilen / 38 + 2)$ .

Return value

Output byte count

sceQPrintableLineDecoder

Decode quoted-printable line

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
int sceQPrintableLineDecoder(  
    unsigned const char *in,           Pointer to input byte string  
    unsigned char *out,               Pointer to output byte string  
    int ilen);                        Input length
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function decodes the input byte string that was specified by *in* and *ilen* (one line of quoted-printable encoded data) and outputs the result to the output memory area specified by *out*. The input byte string must have a length of 78 or less, including the terminating RFC822 newline (consecutive CR and LF). If a larger value is set for *ilen*, it is ignored. The size of the output memory area must be at least 78 bytes.

Return value

Output byte count	Normal termination
-1	Error occurred

**sceURLEscape**

Perform URL escape processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
char *sceURLEscape(
    unsigned const char *in,);
```

Pointer to string

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function performs URL escape processing on the input string specified by *in* and returns the result as a new string.

**Return value**

Pointer to string      Normal termination

NULL                  Error occurred

## sceURLUnescape

Perform URL unescape processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
char *sceURLUnescape(  
    unsigned const char *in);
```

Pointer to string

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function performs URL unescape processing on the input string specified by *in* and returns the result as a new string.

### Return value

Pointer to string	Normal termination
0	Error occurred



## Global Variables

---

### sceHTTPLibVersion

Library version

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### Syntax

```
const char *sceHTTPLibVersion;
```

#### Description

This variable maintains the libhttp version string, which is statically allocated.

The version string has a format consisting of three decimal numbers separated by dots such as "1.1.0".

## Constant Definitions

---

### sceHTTPMethod\_t

HTTP method definition

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### Definition

```
typedef enum {  
    sceHTTPM_OPTIONS,  
    sceHTTPM_GET,  
    sceHTTPM_HEAD,  
    sceHTTPM_POST,  
    sceHTTPM_PUT,  
    sceHTTPM_DELETE,  
    sceHTTPM_TRACE,  
    sceHTTPM_CONNECT  
} sceHTTPMethod_t;
```

#### Description

These constants represent HTTP 1.1 commands.

libhttp currently supports sceHTTPM\_GET, sceHTTPM\_HEAD, and sceHTTPM\_POST.

#### See also

sceHTTPClient\_t, sceHTTPSetOption(), sceHTTPGetOption()

**sceHTTPOption\_t**

HTTP option definition

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Definition**

```
typedef enum {
    sceHTTPO_ClientName,
    sceHTTPO_HTTPRevision,
    sceHTTPO_Method,
    sceHTTPO_ParsedURI,
    sceHTTPO_ProxyURI,
    sceHTTPO_RequestHeaders,
    sceHTTPO_RequestEntity,
    sceHTTPO_ResponseTimeout,
    sceHTTPO_TransferTimeout,
    sceHTTPO_BlockingMode,
    sceHTTPO_EndOfTransactionCB,
    sceHTTPO_ReceiveChunkCB,
    sceHTTPO_ThreadValue,
    sceHTTPO_KeepAlive,
    sceHTTPO_SSLFlags,
} sceHTTPOption_t;
```

**Description**

These constants represent options that are used by `secHTTPGetOption()` and `secHTTPSetOption()`.

**See also**

`secHTTPSetOption()`, `secHTTPGetOption()`

**sceHTTPStatusCode\_t**

HTTP 1.1 response status

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libhttp	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Definition**

```
typedef enum {
    sceHTTTPC_Continue                = 100,
    sceHTTTPC_SwitchProtocols         = 101,
    sceHTTTPC_OK                      = 200,
    sceHTTTPC_Created                 = 201,
    sceHTTTPC_Accepted                = 202,
    sceHTTTPC_NonAuthoritativeInfo    = 203,
    sceHTTTPC_NoContent               = 204,
    sceHTTTPC_ResetContent            = 205,
    sceHTTTPC_PartialContent          = 206,
    sceHTTTPC_MultipleChoices         = 300,
    sceHTTTPC_MovedPermanently        = 301,
    sceHTTTPC_Found                   = 302,
    sceHTTTPC_SeeOther                = 303,
    sceHTTTPC_NotModified             = 304,
    sceHTTTPC_UseProxy                = 305,
    sceHTTTPC_TemporaryRedirect        = 307,
    sceHTTTPC_BadRequest              = 400,
    sceHTTTPC_Unauthorized             = 401,
    sceHTTTPC_PaymentRequired         = 402,
    sceHTTTPC_Forbidden               = 403,
    sceHTTTPC_NotFound                = 404,
    sceHTTTPC_MethodNotAllowed        = 405,
    sceHTTTPC_NotAcceptable           = 406,
    sceHTTTPC_ProxyAuthenticationRequired = 407,
    sceHTTTPC_RequestTimeout          = 408,
    sceHTTTPC_Conflict                = 409,
    sceHTTTPC_Gone                    = 410,
    sceHTTTPC_LengthRequired          = 411,
    sceHTTTPC_PreconditionFailed       = 412,
    sceHTTTPC_RequestEntityTooLarge   = 413,
    sceHTTTPC_RequestURITooLarge      = 414,
    sceHTTTPC_UnsupportedMediaType    = 415,
    sceHTTTPC_RequestedRangeNotSatisfiable = 416,
    sceHTTTPC_ExceptionFailed         = 417,
    sceHTTTPC_InternalServerError     = 500,
    sceHTTTPC_NotImplemented          = 501,
```

```
sceHTTPC_BadGateway           = 502,  
sceHTTPC_ServiceUnavailable   = 503,  
sceHTTPC_GatewayTimeout       = 504,  
sceHTTPC_HTTPVersionNotSupported = 505  
} sceHTTPStatusCode_t;
```

**Description**

These constants represent HTTP 1.1 response status. The values are specified in RFC2616.

**See also**

sceHTTPResponse\_t, sceHTTPErrorString()

## Chapter 3: Network Socket Library

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# Structures

---

## scelInsockHostent\_t

Internet host structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct scelInsockHostent {
    char *h_name;                Host name
    char **h_aliases;            Alias (not supported by this library)
    int h_addrtype;              Address type (AF_INET)
    int h_length;                Address size (4 bytes)
    char **h_addr_list;          IP address list (this library supports only one address)
#define h_addr h_addr_list[0]
} scelInsockHostent_t;
#define hostent scelInsockHostent
```

### Description

This structure represents a host on the Internet.

### See also

scelInsockGethostbyaddr(), scelInsockGethostbyname()



## scInsockInAddr\_t

IPv4 address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct scInsockInAddr {  
    u_int s_addr;                IPv4 address (4 bytes)  
} scInsockInAddr_t;  
#define in_addr scInsockInAddr
```

### Description

This structure is used for saving an IPv4 address.

### See also

scInsockSockaddrIn\_t, scInsockInetAton(), scInsockInetLnaof(), scInsockInetNetof(),  
scInsockInetNtoa()

## scInsockSockaddr\_t

Socket address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef u_char scInsockSaFamily_t;
typedef struct scInsockSockaddr {
    u_char sa_len;                Address structure size
    scInsockSaFamily_t sa_family; Address family
    char sa_data[14];             Protocol-dependent address
} scInsockSockaddr_t;
#define sa_family_t scInsockSaFamily_t
#define sockaddr scInsockSockaddr
```

### Description

This structure is used to pass a reference of the socket address structure for each protocol family (currently, only the Internet Protocol).

### See also

scInsockAccept(), scInsockBind(), scInsockConnect(), scInsockGetpeername(),  
scInsockGetsockname(), scInsockRecvfrom(), scInsockSendto()

scInsockSockaddrIn\_t

Internet socket address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

Structure

```
typedef struct scInsockSockaddrIn {
    u_char sin_len;                Address structure size (16 bytes)
    u_char sin_family;            Address family (AF_INET only)
    u_short sin_port;             TCP or UDP port number (network byte order)
    scInsockInAddr_t sin_addr;    IPv4 address
    char sin_zero[8];            Unused
} scInsockSockaddrIn_t;
#define sockaddr_in scInsockSockaddrIn
```

Description

This structure is used to specify the socket for a socket API function.

See also

scInsockAccept(), scInsockBind(), scInsockConnect(), scInsockGetpeername(),  
scInsockGetsockname(), scInsockRecvfrom(), scInsockSendto()

## BSD Socket API-compatible Functions

---

### scInsockAccept

Get socket for which TCP connection was established

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockAccept(
    int s,                                Listening socket
                                           (scInsockBind() and scInsockListen() completed)
    scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,            Pointer to area for storing connection destination
                                           address structure
    scInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen)         Pointer to area for storing size of addr
#define accept scInsockAccept
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

When operating as a TCP server, this function gets the connection from the client and returns its socket descriptor. Concurrently, the function sets the client's address structure in the `addr` argument, and returns its size (always 4 bytes) in `paddrlen`.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scInsockErrno`.

#### Return value

New client socket descriptor	Normal termination
-1	Error

#### See also

`scInsockSockaddr_t`, `scInsockSockaddrIn_t`, `scInsockErrno`

## scInsockBind

Bind address to socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockBind(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to which local address is to be
                                          bound
    const scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,      Pointer to local address structure
    scInsockSocklen_t addrlen);          Local address structure size (always 16 bytes)
#define bind scInsockBind
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function binds the local address (IP address and port number) indicated by (addr, addrlen) to the socket s. If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scInsockErrno.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

scInsockSockaddr\_t, scInsockSockaddrIn\_t, scInsockErrno

## scInsockConnect

Connect to server

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockConnect(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to be used for connection
    const scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,       Pointer to local address structure
    scInsockSocklen_t addrlen);           Local address structure size (always 16 bytes)
#define connect scInsockConnect
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function uses socket *s* to connect to the address indicated by (*addr*, *addrlen*). For TCP, the connection is established. For UDP, the socket behaves as if the connection were established.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scInsockErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`scInsockSockaddr_t`, `scInsockSockaddrIn_t`, `scInsockErrno`

## scelInsockErrno

Get socket function error value

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockErrno;
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns the error code of socket functions (scelInsockAccept(), scelInsockBind(), scelInsockConnect(), scelInsockListen(), scelInsockRecv(), scelInsockRecvfrom(), scelInsockSend(), scelInsockSendto(), scelInsockShutdown(), scelInsockSocket()).

Error values that can be referenced are defined in /usr/local/sce/ee/gcc/ee/include/sys/errno.h.

### Return value

Error code

List of libinsck error codes.

Table 3-1

Error code	Value	Meaning
ENOMEM	12	Memory allocation for each thread or socket failed
EBADF	9	Invalid socket number was specified
EPFNOSUPPORT	96	family argument of socket() function is not AF_INET
EPROTOTYPE	107	type argument of socket() function is unsupported value
EINVAL	22	Argument is invalid (for example, value of addrlen for bind is invalid)
EADDRINUSE	112	bind() was called for local port that is in use
EAFNOSUPPORT	106	((struct sockaddr_in*)addr)>sin_family of bind() function is invalid
EOPNOTSUPP	95	Invalid call to socket (for example, sendto() to SOCK_STREAM)

List of conversions between libinsck error codes and INET error codes which libinsck obtains via libnet

**Table 3-2**

Error code	Value	INET error code
0	0	sceINETE_OK
ETIMEDOUT	116	sceINETE_TIMEOUT
ECONNABORTED	113	sceINETE_ABORT
EBUSY	16	sceINETE_BUSY
ENETDOWN	115	sceINETE_LINK_DOWN
ENOMEM	12	sceINETE_INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES
EADDRNOTAVAIL	125	sceINETE_LOCAL_SOCKET_UNSPECIFIED sceINETE_FOREIGN_SOCKET_UNSPECIFIED
EISCONN	127	sceINETE_CONNECTION_ALREADY_EXISTS
ENOTCONN	128	sceINETE_CONNECTION_DOES_NOT_EXIST
ESHUTDOWN	110	sceINETE_CONNECTION_CLOSING
ECONNRESET	104	sceINETE_CONNECTION_RESET
ECONNREFUSED	111	sceINETE_CONNECTION_REFUSED
EINVAL	22	sceINETE_INVALID_ARGUMENT sceINETE_INVALID_CALL
EHOSTUNREACH	118	sceINETE_NO_ROUTE

#### See also

sceInsockAccept(), sceInsockBind(), sceInsockConnect(), sceInsockListen(), sceInsockRecv(),  
sceInsockRecvfrom(), sceInsockSend(), sceInsockSendto(), sceInsockShutdown(), sceInsockSocket()



### scelInsockGethostbyaddr

Get host structure from 32-bit IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
scelInsockHostent_t *scelInsockGethostbyaddr(
    const char *addr,                Pointer to 32-bit IPv4 address value
    int len,                        Address structure size (4 bytes)
    int type);                      Address family (AF_INET only)
#define gethostbyaddr scelInsockGethostbyaddr
```

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function gets the Internet host structure corresponding to the 32-bit IPv4 address that was specified by the argument and returns a pointer to it. len is always 4 bytes, and type is always AF\_INET.  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockHErrno.

#### Return value

Pointer to Internet host structure	Normal termination
0	Error

#### See also

scelInsockHErrno

## scelInsockGethostbyname

Get host structure from hostname

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
scelInsockHostent_t *scelInsockGethostbyname(
    const char *name);           Internet host name
#define gethostbyname scelInsockGethostbyname
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function gets the Internet host structure corresponding to the hostname specified in the name argument and returns a pointer to it.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockHErrno.

### Return value

Pointer to Internet host structure	Normal termination
0	Error

### See also

scelInsockHErrno

## scInsockGetpeername

Get socket connection destination information

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockGetpeername(
    int s,                                     Descriptor of socket for which information is to be
                                              obtained
    scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,                 Pointer to area for storing address structure of
                                              connection destination host
    scInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen);             Pointer to area for storing size of addr (size is
                                              always 16 bytes)

#define getpeername scInsockGetpeername
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the address structure of the connection destination host of socket *s* in the area specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*).

### Return value

- 0 Normal termination
- 1 Error

### See also

scInsockSockaddr\_t, scInsockSockaddrIn\_t

## scInsockGetSockName

Get local information of socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
int scInsockGetsockname(
    int s,                                     Descriptor of socket for which information is to be
                                              obtained
    scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,                 Pointer to area for storing local address structure
                                              of socket
    scInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen);             Pointer to area for storing size of local address
                                              structure of socket (size is always 16 bytes)

#define getsockname scInsockGetsockname
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the local address structure of socket *s* in the area specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*).

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

scInsockSockaddr\_t, scInsockSockaddrIn\_t

**scelInsockGetsockopt**

Get socket option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

**Syntax**

```

#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scelInsockSocklen_t;
int scelInsockGetsockopt(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which socket option is to be
                                          obtained
    int level,                            Socket option level
    int optname,                          Socket option name
    void *optval,                          Pointer to area for storing socket option value
    scelInsockSocklen_t *optlen);         Pointer to area for storing size of socket option value
#define getsockopt scelInsockGetsockopt
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
    
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function stores the socket option (level: level, option name: optname) of socket s in the area specified by (optval, optlen). Currently the supported socket options are as follows.

Table 3-3

Socket Option Level	Meaning
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP related

Table 3-4

Socket Option Name	Meaning
TCP_NODELAY	Sets Nagle algorithm ON or OFF (1 means OFF and 0 means ON)

**Return value**

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

**See also**

scelInsockSockaddr\_t, scelInsockSockaddrIn\_t

## scelInsockHErrno

Get error value of host structure function

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockHErrno;
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function returns the error code of a host structure function (scelInsockGethostbyaddr() or scelInsockGethostbyname()).

### Return value

Table 3-5

Error Code	Value	Meaning
NETDB_SUCCESS	0	Normal termination
NETDB_INTERNAL	-1	Internal error
HOST_NOT_FOUND	1	Target host not found
TRY_AGAIN	2	Temporary error
NO_RECOVERY	3	Error due to illegal reply from server
NO_DATA NO_ADDRESS	4	Reply is valid, but IP address is not registered

### See also

scelInsockGethostbyaddr(), scelInsockGethostbyname()

## scInsockInetAddr

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scInsockInetAddr(
    const char *cp);           Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string
#define inet_addr scInsockInetAddr
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order).

### Return value

32-bit IPv4 address value (network byte order)	Normal termination
INADDR_NONE (0xffffffff)	String is illegal

## scelInsockInetAton

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
int scelInsockInetAton(
    const char *cp,                Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string
    scelInsockInAddr_t *addr);    Pointer to area for storing converted 32-bit IPv4
                                address value

#define inet_aton scelInsockInetAton
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order). The converted value is stored in the area indicated by *addr*.

### Return value

- 1 Normal termination
- 0 String is illegal

### See also

scelInsockInAddr\_t



## scInsockInetLnaof

Get local network address from IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scInsockInetLnaof(
    scInsockInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_Lnaof scInsockInetLnaof
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address value in the argument and returns only the local network address part.

### Return value

Local network address value

### See also

scInsockInAddr\_t

## scInsockInetMakeaddr

Construct IPv4 address from network address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
scInsockInAddr_t scInsockInetMakeaddr(
    u_int net,                Network address part
    u_int host);              Local network address part
#define inet_makeaddr scInsockInetMakeaddr
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function combines the network address and local network address that were indicated by the arguments to construct one IPv4 address and returns that IPv4 address.

### Return value

Combined IPv4 address value

### See also

scInsockInAddr\_t

## scInsockInetNetof

Get network address from IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scInsockInetNetof(
    scInsockInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_netof scInsockInetNetof
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address value in the argument and returns only the network address part.

### Return value

Network address value

### See also

scInsockInAddr\_t

## scInsockInetNetwork

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
u_int scInsockInetNetwork(
    const char *cp);           Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string
#define inet_network scInsockInetNetwork
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order).

### Return value

32-bit IPv4 address value (network byte order)    Normal termination

INADDR\_NONE (0xffffffff)    String is illegal

## scelInsocklnetNtoa

Get dot-format address from 32-bit IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
char *scelInsocklnetNtoa(
    scelInsocklnAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_ntoa scelInsocklnetNtoa
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order) in the argument, converts it to a dot-decimal notation IPv4 address string, and returns a pointer to that string.

### Return value

Pointer to dot-decimal IPv4 address string

### See also

scelInsocklnAddr\_t

## scelInsockListen

Accept TCP connection

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockListen(
```

```
int s,
```

Descriptor of socket for which the TCP connection wait will be performed

```
int backlog);
```

Size of queue for accepting connections (number of pending connections)

```
#define listen scelInsockListen
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function is used to declare that socket *s* is to wait for a TCP connection (i.e. behave as a server).

*backlog* indicates the maximum size of the queue for accepting connections.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scelInsockErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`scelInsockErrno`

## scelInsockRecv

Receive data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
size_t scelInsockRecv(
    int s,                      Descriptor of socket that is to receive data
    void *buf,                  Pointer to area for storing receive data
    size_t len,                 Data size to be received (in bytes)
    int flags);                 Not supported (must be set to 0)
#define recv scelInsockRecv
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function receives *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The receive data is stored in the area specified by *buf*.  
Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must always be set to 0.  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scelInsockErrno.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of received data (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

scelInsockErrno

## scInsockRecvfrom

Receive data (also get address structure of sending host)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
size_t scInsockRecvfrom(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket that is to receive data
    void *buf,                            Pointer to area for storing receive data
    size_t len,                           Data size to be received (in bytes)
    int flags,                            Not supported (must be set to 0)
    scInsockSockaddr_t *addr,             Pointer to area for storing address structure of
                                          sending host
    scInsockSocklen_t *paddrlen);         Pointer to area for storing size of address structure of
                                          sending host (size is always 16 bytes)

#define recvfrom scInsockRecvfrom
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function receives *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The receive data is stored in the area specified by *buf*.

Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must be set to 0. The area for storing the address structure is specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*), and the address structure of the sending host is stored in that area when data is received.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scInsockErrno`.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of received data (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

`scInsockSockaddr_t`, `scInsockErrno`



## scelInsockSend

Send data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
size_t scelInsockSend(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket that is to send data
    const void *buf,                      Pointer to send data
    size_t len,                           Size of data to be sent (in bytes)
    int flags);                           Not supported (must be set to 0)
#define send scelInsockSend
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sends *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data to send is specified by *buf*.  
Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must be set to 0.  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scelInsockErrno`.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of transmitted data (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

`scelInsockErrno`

## scelInsockSendto

Send data (specify address structure of receiving host)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scelInsockSocklen_t;
size_t scelInsockSendto(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket that is to send data
    const void *buf,                      Pointer to send data
    size_t len,                           Size of data to be sent (in bytes)
    int flags,                            Not supported (must be set to 0)
    const scelInsockSockaddr_t *addr,     Pointer to address structure of receiving host
    scelInsockSocklen_t addrlen);         Size of address structure of receiving host (always 16
                                           bytes)

#define sendto scelInsockSendto
#define socklen_t scelInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sends *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data to send is specified by *buf*, and the address structure of the receiving host is specified by (*addr*, *addrlen*). Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must be set to 0.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scelInsockErrno`.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of transmitted data (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

`scelInsockSockaddr_t`, `scelInsockErrno`

## scInsockSetsockopt

Set socket option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
typedef u_int scInsockSocklen_t;
int scInsockSetsockopt(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which socket option is to be
                                          obtained
    int level,                            Socket option level
    int optname,                          Socket option name
    const void *optval,                   Pointer to area for storing socket option value
    scInsocksocklen_t optlen);           Size of socket option value
#define setsockopt scInsockSetsockopt
#define socklen_t scInsockSocklen_t
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the socket option (level: level, option name: optname) of socket s for the value specified by (optval, optlen). Currently the supported socket options are as follows.

Table 3-6

Socket Option Level	Meaning
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP related

Table 3-7

Socket Option Name	Meaning
TCP_NODELAY	Sets Nagle algorithm ON or OFF (1 means OFF and 0 means ON)

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## scInsockShutdown

Close socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scInsockShutdown(
```

```
    int s,
```

Descriptor of socket to be closed

```
    int how);
```

Shutdown method (not supported)

```
#define shutdown scInsockShutdown
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function closes socket *s*. Since specifying a shutdown method with the argument *how* is not supported (i.e. half close cannot be performed), the argument *how* must be set to 0. If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with `scInsockErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`scInsockErrno`

scInsockSocket

Create socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.3	July 2, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
size_t scInsockSocket(
    int family,                Address family of socket to be created (AF_INET only)
    int type,                  Socket type (any of the following)
                                SOCK_STREAM 1      TCP socket
                                SOCK_DGRAM 2      UDP socket
                                SOCK_RAW   3      raw socket
    int protocol);            Protocol (not supported, must be set to 0)
#define socket scInsockSocket
```

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function creates a socket having the address family indicated by the family argument (always AF\_INET) and the socket type indicated by the type argument. It returns the descriptor for that socket. If an error occurs, details of the error can be found with scInsockErrno.

Return value

Positive value	Descriptor of generated socket
-1	Error

See also

scInsockErrno

# Other Functions

## scelInsockAbort

Abort processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
int scelInsockAbort(
    int s,                Socket descriptor
    int flags);           Flags
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread  
 Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function calls scelnetAbort() for the specified socket (s). The flags argument is provided for future expansion. Zero should always be specified for this argument.

### Return value

0 Normal termination  
 -1 Error

**scelInsockSetRecvTimeout**

Set receive timeout

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt; libinsck.h &gt;

**int scelInsockSetRecvTimeout(**

<b>int s,</b>	Socket descriptor
<b>int ms);</b>	Timeout interval

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the timeout interval for scelInsockRecv() and scelInsockRecvFrom(). The timeout interval is specified in milliseconds (ms).

If this function is not called, the default value for the timeout interval is -1 (unlimited).

**Return value**

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## scelInsockSetSendTimeout

Set send timeout

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
```

```
int scelInsockSetSendTimeout(
```

```
    int s,                      Socket descriptor
    int ms);                    Timeout interval
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the timeout interval for `scelInsockSend()` and `scelInsockSendTo()`. The timeout interval is specified in milliseconds (ms). If this function is not called, the default value for the timeout interval is -1 (unlimited).

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error



scelInsockSetSifMBindRpcValue

Set buffer size, stack size and priority

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
libinsck	2.4	October 11, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h>
int scelInsockSetSifMBindRpcValue(
    u_int buffersize,
    u_int stacksize,
    int priority)
```

Size of the receive buffer for capturing send data from SceSifMCallRpc().

The buffersize is normally 2048 bytes.

Stack size for IOP threads that perform SceSifMCallRpc() requests. The minimum size is 512 bytes.

The stacksize is normally 8192 bytes.

Priority for IOP threads that perform SceSifMCallRpc() requests. Since the system uses values of 10 or less, a greater value should be specified.

The priority is normally 32.

Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function sets the buffer size, stack size and priority to be used when the libnet\_init() function of libnet is called from libinsck. If this function is not called, a buffer size of 2048, stack size of 8192, and priority of 32 are assumed to have been specified.

The settings performed by this function are recorded for each thread and do not affect other threads. If this function is called more than once from the same thread, only the last setting will be valid.

Return value

- 0 Normal termination
- 1 Error

## scelInsockTerminate

Free memory area

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
libinsck	2.4.1	November 5, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < libinsck.h >
int scelInsockTerminate(
    int thread_id);           Thread ID
```

### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in an interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function frees the memory area of each thread that was automatically allocated by libinsck.

thread\_id specifies the thread ID for which the memory area is to be freed. A thread\_id of 0 means the calling thread.

When the socket() function is called, memory is allocated as necessary. That memory is not automatically freed by the shutdown() function. This function should be explicitly called to free that memory.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error



## Chapter 4: General-Purpose Network Wrapper API (netglue)

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# Structures

## sceNetGlueHostent\_t

Internet host structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct sceNetGlueHostent {
    char *h_name;           Host name
    char **h_aliases;       Alias names (not supported by this library)
    int h_addrtype;         Address type (AF_INET)
    int h_length;           Address size (4 bytes)
    char **h_addr_list;     IP address list (this library supports only one address)
#define h_addr h_addr_list[0]
} sceNetGlueHostent_t;
#define hostent sceNetGlueHostent
```

### Description

This structure represents a host on the Internet.

### See also

sceNetGlueGethostbyaddr(), sceNetGlueGethostbyname()

## sceNetGlueInAddr\_t

IPv4 address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef struct sceNetGlueInAddr {  
    u_int s_addr;                IPv4 address (4 bytes)  
} sceNetGlueInAddr_t;  
#define in_addr sceNetGlueInAddr
```

### Description

This structure is used to keep an IPv4 address.

### See also

sceNetGlueSockaddrIn\_t, sceNetGlueInetAton(), sceNetGlueInetLnaof(), sceNetGlueInetNetof(),  
sceNetGlueInetNtoa()

## sceNetGlueSockaddr\_t

Socket address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Structure

```
typedef u_char sceNetGlueSaFamily_t;
typedef struct sceNetGlueSockaddr {
    u_char sa_len;                Address structure size
    sceNetGlueSaFamily_t sa_family; Address family
    char sa_data[14];             Protocol-dependent address
} sceNetGlueSockaddr_t;
#define sa_family_t sceNetGlueSaFamily_t
#define sockaddr sceNetGlueSockaddr
```

### Description

This structure is used to pass the socket address structure of each protocol family (currently, only the Internet Protocol) by reference.

### See also

sceNetGlueAccept(), sceNetGlueBind(), sceNetGlueConnect(), sceNetGlueGetpeername(),  
sceNetGlueGetsockname(), sceNetGlueRecvfrom(), sceNetGlueSendto()



**sceNetGlueSockaddrIn\_t**

Internet socket address structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceNetGlueSockaddrIn {
    u_char sin_len;                Address structure size (16 bytes)
    u_char sin_family;            Address family (AF_INET only)
    u_short sin_port;             TCP or UDP port number (network byte order)
    sceNetGlueInAddr_t sin_addr;  IPv4 address
    char sin_zero[8];             Unused
} sceNetGlueSockaddrIn_t;
#define sockaddr_in sceNetGlueSockaddrIn
```

**Description**

This structure is used to specify the socket for a socket API function.

**See also**

sceNetGlueConnect(), sceNetGlueGetpeername(), sceNetGlueGetsockname(), sceNetGlueRecvfrom(), sceNetGlueSendto()

## Functions

### **\_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc**

Get error value for socket functions

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### **Syntax**

```
#include < netglue.h >
int * __sceNetGlueErrnoLoc(void);
#define sceNetGlueErrno    (*__sceNetGlueErrnoLoc())
```

#### **Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### **Description**

This function returns the error code for socket functions (sceNetGlueAccept(), sceNetGlueBind(), sceNetGlueConnect(), sceNetGlueListen(), sceNetGlueRecv(), sceNetGlueRecvfrom(), sceNetGlueSend(), sceNetGlueSendto(), sceNetGlueShutdown(), sceNetGlueSocket()).

One sceNetGlueErrno exists for each thread, and the sceNetGlueErrno corresponding to each thread is returned by this function internally within the netglue library.

#### **Return value**

Table 4-1

Error Code	Value	Meaning
ETIMEDOUT	60	Timeout occurred
ECONNABORTED	53	Aborted by sceNetGlueAbort
EBUSY	16	Library not available yet (initialization not completed, for example)
ENETDOWN	50	Interface is down
ENOMEM	12	Insufficient memory
EADDRNOTAVAIL	49	Invalid address was specified
EISCONN	56	Specified connection is already established
ENOTCONN	57	Specified connection does not exist
ECONNRESET	54	Connection was reset
ECONNREFUSED	61	Request to establish connection was refused
EINVAL	22	Invalid argument was specified
EHOSTUNREACH	51	Network unreachable
EBADF	9	Invalid descriptor was specified

Error Code	Value	Meaning
EPFNOSUPPORT	46	Unsupported protocol family was specified
EPROTOTYPE	41	Unsupported protocol type was specified
EADDRINUSE	48	Attempt was made to bind to bound port
EAFNOSUPPORT	47	Specified address family is a value that is unsupported by socket protocol family
EOPNOTSUPP	45	Invalid call for socket

#### See also

sceNetGlueAccept(), sceNetGlueBind(), sceNetGlueConnect(), sceNetGlueListen(), sceNetGlueRecv(), sceNetGlueRecvfrom(), sceNetGlueSend(), sceNetGlueSendto(), sceNetGlueShutdown(), sceNetGlueSocket()

**\_\_sceNetGlueHErrnoLoc**

Get error value for host structure functions

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include < netglue.h >
int *__sceNetGlueHErrnoLoc(void);
#define sceNetGlueHErrno  (*__sceNetGlueHErrnoLoc())
```

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function returns the error code for host structure functions (sceNetGlueGethostbyaddr(), sceNetGlueGethostbyname()).

One sceNetGlueHErrno exists for each thread, and the sceNetGlueHErrno corresponding to each thread is returned by this function internally within the netglue library.

**Return value**

Table 4-2

Error Code	Value	Meaning
NETDB_SUCCESS	0	Normal termination
NETDB_INTERNAL	-1	Internal error
HOST_NOT_FOUND	1	Target host not found
TRY_AGAIN	2	Temporary error
NO_RECOVERY	3	Error due to invalid reply from server
NO_DATA	4	Reply is valid but IP address is not registered
NO_ADDRESS		

**See also**

sceNetGlueGethostbyaddr(), sceNetGlueGethostbyname()

## sceNetGlueAbort

Abort processing of specified socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include <netglue.h>
```

```
int sceNetGlueAbort(
```

```
    int s,
```

Descriptor of socket for which processing is to be aborted

```
    int flags);
```

This argument is currently unused (set to 0)

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function immediately cancels blocking of all threads that are blocked by a netglue function for socket s. A thread for which blocking was canceled will return with an error with errno = ECONNABORTED.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

\_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()

## sceNetGlueAccept

Get socket for which TCP connection was established

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueAccept(
    int s,                                Listening socket (sceNetGlueBind() and
                                          sceNetGlueListen() were already executed)
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,          Pointer to area for storing connection destination address
                                          structure
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t *paddrlen)       Pointer to area for storing size of addr
#define accept sceNetGlueAccept
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

When the host is operating as a TCP server, this function gets the connection that was connected from the client and returns its socket descriptor. At the same time, the client's address structure is stored in the area pointed to by the *addr* argument, and the size of the structure (always 4 bytes) is stored in the area pointed to by *paddrlen*.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with `sceNetGlueErrno`.

### Return value

New client socket descriptor	Normal termination
-1	Error

### See also

`sceNetGlueSockaddr_t`, `__sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()`

## sceNetGlueBind

Bind address to socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueBind(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to which local address is to be
                                          bound
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,          Pointer to local address structure
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t addrlen);        Local address structure size (always 16 bytes)
#define bind sceNetGlueBind
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function binds the local address (IP address and port number) indicated by (addr, addrlen) to the socket s. If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with sceNetGlueErrno.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

sceNetGlueSockaddr\_t, \_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()

## sceNetGlueConnect

Connect to server

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueConnect(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to be used for connection
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,          Pointer to local address structure
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t addrlen);        Local address structure size (always 16 bytes)
#define connect sceNetGlueConnect
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function uses socket *s* to connect to the address indicated by (*addr*, *addrlen*). For TCP, the connection is established. For UDP, the socket behaves like the connection was established.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with `sceNetGlueErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`sceNetGlueSockaddr_t`, `__sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()`



sceNetGlueGethostbyaddr

Get host structure from 32-bit IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
sceNetGlueHostent_t *sceNetGlueGethostbyaddr(
    const char *addr,                Pointer to 32-bit IPv4 address value
    int len,                          Size of address structure (4 bytes)
    int type);                       Address family (AF_INET only)
#define gethostbyaddr sceNetGlueGethostbyaddr
```

Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function gets the Internet host structure corresponding to the 32-bit IPv4 address that was specified by the argument and returns a pointer to it. len is always 4 bytes, and type is always AF\_INET. If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with sceNetGlueHErrno.

Return value

Pointer to Internet host structure      Normal termination  
NULL      Error

See also

\_\_sceNetGlueHErrnoLOC(), sceNetGlueHostent\_t

## sceNetGlueGethostbyname

Get host structure from host name

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
sceNetGlueHostent_t *sceNetGlueGethostbyname(
    const char *name);           Internet host name
#define gethostbyname sceNetGlueGethostbyname
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function gets the Internet host structure corresponding to the host name that was specified by the *name* argument and returns a pointer to it.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with sceNetGlueHErrno.

### Return value

Pointer to Internet host structure	Normal termination
NULL	Error

### See also

\_\_sceNetGlueHErrnoLOC(), sceNetGlueHostent\_t

## sceNetGlueGetpeername

Get connection destination information for socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueGetpeername(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which information is to be
                                          obtained
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,          Pointer to area for storing address structure of
                                          connection destination host
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t *paddrlen);      Pointer to area for storing addr size (size is always
                                          16 bytes)

#define getpeername sceNetGlueGetpeername
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the address structure of the connection destination host for socket *s* in the area that was specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*).

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

sceNetGlueSockaddr\_t

## sceNetGlueGetsockname

Get local information for socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueGetsockname(
    int s,                                     Descriptor of socket for which information is to
                                              be obtained
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,               Pointer to area for storing local address
                                              structure of socket
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t *paddrlen);           Pointer to area for storing size of local address
                                              structure of socket (size is always 16 bytes)

#define getsockname sceNetGlueGetsockname
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the local address structure for socket *s* in the area specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*).

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

sceNetGlueSockaddr\_t

## sceNetGlueGetsockopt

Get socket option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueGetsockopt(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which socket option is to be
                                          obtained
    int level,                            Socket option level
    int optname,                          Socket option name
    void *optval,                          Pointer to area for storing socket option value
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t *optlen);         Pointer to area for storing size of socket option value
#define getsockopt sceNetGlueGetsockopt
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function stores the socket option (level: level, option name: optname) for socket s in the area specified by (optval, optlen). Currently the supported socket options are as follows:

Table 4-3

Socket Option Level	Meaning
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP-related

Table 4-4

Socket Option Name	Meaning
TCP_NODELAY	Sets Nagle algorithm ON or OFF (1 means OFF and 0 means ON)

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## sceNetGlueHtonl

Convert 4-byte numeric value from local byte order to network byte order

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueHtonl(
    u_int hostlong);           Numeric value for which byte order is to be converted
#define htonl sceNetGlueHtonl
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function converts a 4-byte numeric value from local byte order to network byte order.

### Return value

Numeric value after converting byte order

## sceNetGlueHtons

Convert 2-byte numeric value from local byte order to network byte order

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include <netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueHtons(
    u_int hostshort);           Numeric value for which byte order is to be converted
#define htons sceNetGlueHtons
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function converts a 2-byte numeric value from local byte order to network byte order.

### Return value

Numeric value after converting byte order

## sceNetGlueInetAddr

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueInetAddr(
    const char *cp);           Pointer to dot decimal IPv4 address string
#define inet_addr sceNetGlueInetAddr
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order).

### Return value

32-bit IPv4 address value (network byte order)	Normal termination
INADDR_NONE (0xffffffff)	String is invalid



## sceNetGlueInetAton

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include <netglue.h>
```

```
int sceNetGlueInetAton(
```

```
    const char *cp,
```

Pointer to dot decimal IPv4 address string

```
    sceNetGlueInAddr_t *addr);
```

Pointer to area for storing 32-bit IPv4 address value after conversion

```
#define inet_aton sceNetGlueInetAton
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the dot decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order). The converted value is stored in the area indicated by *addr*.

### Return value

1 Normal termination

0 String is invalid

### See also

sceNetGlueInAddr\_t

**sceNetGlueInetLnaof**

Get local network address from IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include < netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueInetLnaof(
    sceNetGlueInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_Lnaof sceNetGlueInetLnaof
```

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address value in the argument and returns only the local network address portion.

**Return value**

Local network address value

**See also**

sceNetGlueInAddr\_t

**sceNetGlueInetMakeaddr**

Construct IPv4 address from network address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <netglue.h>
sceNetGlueInAddr_t sceNetGlueInetMakeaddr(
    u_int net,                Network address portion
    u_int host);              Local network address portion
#define inet_makeaddr sceNetGlueInetMakeaddr
```

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function combines the network address and local network address that were indicated by the arguments to construct one IPv4 address and returns that IPv4 address.

**Return value**

Combined IPv4 address value

**See also**

sceNetGlueInAddr\_t

**sceNetGlueInetNetof**

Get network address from IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include < netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueInetNetof(
    sceNetGlueInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_netof sceNetGlueInetNetof
```

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address value in the argument and returns only the network address portion.

**Return value**

Network address value

**See also**

sceNetGlueInAddr\_t

### sceNetGlueInetNetwork

Get 32-bit address from dot-format IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueInetNetwork(
    const char *cp);                                Pointer to dot decimal IPv4 address string
#define inet_network sceNetGlueInetNetwork
```

#### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function takes the dot decimal notation IPv4 address string in the argument and returns the value obtained by converting it to a 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order).

#### Return value

32-bit IPv4 address value (network byte order)    Normal termination  
INADDR\_NONE (0xffffffff)                            String is invalid

## sceNetGlueInetNtoa

Get dot-format address from 32-bit IPv4 address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
char *sceNetGlueInetNtoa(
    sceNetGlueInAddr_t in);          32-bit IPv4 address value
#define inet_ntoa sceNetGlueInetNtoa
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function takes the 32-bit IPv4 address (network byte order) in the argument, converts it to a dot decimal notation IPv4 address string, and returns a pointer to that string.

### Return value

Pointer to dot decimal IPv4 address string

### See also

sceNetGlueInAddr\_t

## sceNetGlueListen

Accept TCP connection

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
```

```
int sceNetGlueListen(
```

```
    int s,
```

Descriptor of socket that will wait for the TCP connection

```
    int backlog);
```

Connection acceptance queue size (number of pending connections)

```
#define listen sceNetGlueListen
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function declares that socket *s* is to wait for a TCP connection (behave as a server).

*backlog* indicates the maximum size of the connection acceptance queue. If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with *sceNetGlueErrno*.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

\_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()

**sceNetGlueNtohI**

Convert 4-byte numeric value from network byte order to local byte order

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include < netglue.h >
u_int sceNetGlueNtohI(
    u_int netlong);           Numeric value for which byte order is to be converted
#define ntohI sceNetGlueNtohI
```

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function converts a 4-byte numeric value from network byte order to local byte order.

**Return value**

Numeric value after converting byte order



**sceNetGlueNtohs**

Convert 2-byte numeric value from network byte order to local byte order

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <netglue.h>
u_int sceNetGlueNtohs(
    u_int netshort);           Numeric value for which byte order is to be converted
#define ntohs sceNetGlueNtohs
```

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function converts a 2-byte numeric value from network byte order to local byte order.

**Return value**

Numeric value after converting byte order

## sceNetGlueRecv

Receive data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
size_t sceNetGlueRecv(
    int s,                Descriptor of socket that is to receive data
    void *buf,            Pointer to area for storing receive data
    size_t len,           Data size to be received (in bytes)
    int flags);           Not supported (always set to 0)
#define recv sceNetGlueRecv
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function receives *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data received is stored in the area specified by *buf*.

Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must always be set to 0. If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with `sceNetGlueErrno`.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of data received (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

`__sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()`

sceNetGlueRecvfrom

Receive data (also get address structure of sending host)

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
size_t sceNetGlueRecvfrom(
    int s,                               Descriptor of socket that is to receive data
    void *buf,                           Pointer to area for storing receive data
    size_t len,                           Data size to be received (in bytes)
    int flags,                            Not supported (always set to 0)
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,           Pointer to area for storing address structure of sending
                                           host
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t *paddrlen);       Pointer to area for storing size of address structure of
                                           sending host (size is always 16 bytes)

#define recvfrom sceNetGlueRecvfrom
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function receives *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data received is stored in the area specified by *buf*.  
  
Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must always be set to 0. The area for storing the address structure is specified by (*addr*, *paddrlen*), and the address structure of the sending host is stored in that area when data is received.  
  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with *sceNetGlueErrno*.

Return value

Positive number	Size of data received (in bytes)
-1	Error

See also

sceNetGlueSockaddr\_t, \_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()

## sceNetGlueSend

Send data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
size_t sceNetGlueSend(
    int s,                Descriptor of socket that is to send data
    void *buf,            Pointer to send data
    size_t len,           Size of data to be sent (in bytes)
    int flags);           Not supported (always set to 0)
#define send sceNetGlueSend
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sends *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The data to send is specified by *buf*.

Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must always be set to 0.

If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with `sceNetGlueErrno`.

### Return value

Positive number	Size of data sent (in bytes)
-1	Error

### See also

`__sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()`

sceNetGlueSendto

Send data (specify address structure of destination host)

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
size_t sceNetGlueSendto(
    int s,                               Descriptor of socket that is to send data
    void *buf,                           Pointer to send data
    size_t len,                           Size of data to be sent (in bytes)
    int flags,                            Not supported (always set to 0)
    sceNetGlueSockaddr_t *addr,           Pointer to address structure of destination host
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t addrlen);         Size of address structure of destination host (always 16
                                           bytes)

#define sendto sceNetGlueSendto
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function sends *len* bytes of data from socket *s*. The send data is specified by *buf*, and the address structure of the destination host is specified by (*addr*, *addrlen*). Since the *flags* argument is not supported, it must always be set to 0.  
If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with *sceNetGlueErrno*.

Return value

Positive number                      Size of data sent (in bytes)  
-1                                      Error

See also

sceNetGlueSockaddr\_t, \_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()

**sceNetGlueSetSifMBindRpcValue**

Set buffer size, stack size, and priority

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;netglue.h&gt;

**int sceNetGlueSetSifMBindRpcValue(****u\_int buffersize,**

Specify the size of the receive buffer for capturing send data from SceSifMCallRpc(). The buffersize is normally 2048 bytes.

**u\_int stacksize,**

Specify the stack size for IOP threads that perform SceSifMCallRpc() requests. The minimum size is 512 bytes. The stacksize is normally 8192 bytes.

**int priority)**

Specify the priority for IOP threads that perform SceSifMCallRpc() requests. Since the system uses values of 10 or less, a greater value should be specified. The priority is normally 32.

**Calling Conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sets the buffer size, stack size and priority to be used when the libnet\_init() function of libnet is called from netglue. If this function is not called, a buffer size of 2048, stack size of 8192, and priority of 32 are assumed to have been specified.

The settings performed by this function are recorded for each thread and do not affect other threads. If this function is called more than once from the same thread, only the last setting will be valid.

**Return value**

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## sceNetGlueSetsockopt

Set socket option

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
typedef u_int sceNetGlueSocklen_t;
int sceNetGlueSetsockopt(
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket for which socket option is to be
                                          set
    int level,                            Socket option level
    int optname,                          Socket option name
    void *optval,                          Pointer to area for storing socket option value
    sceNetGlueSocklen_t optlen);          Size of socket option value
#define setsockopt sceNetGlueSetsockopt
#define socklen_t sceNetGlueSocklen_t
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function sets the socket option (level: level, option name: optname) for socket s to the value specified by (optval, optlen). Currently the supported socket options are as follows.

Table 4-5

Socket Option Level	Meaning
IPPROTO_TCP	TCP-related

Table 4-6

Socket Option Name	Meaning
TCP_NODELAY	Sets Nagle algorithm ON or OFF (1 means OFF and 0 means ON)

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

## sceNetGlueShutdown

Close socket

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
```

```
int sceNetGlueShutdown(
```

```
    int s,                                Descriptor of socket to be closed
```

```
    int how);                             Shutdown method (not supported)
```

```
#define shutdown sceNetGlueShutdown
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function closes socket *s*. Specifying a shutdown method with the *how* argument is not supported (half close cannot be performed), so this argument must always be set to 0. If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with `sceNetGlueErrno`.

### Return value

0 Normal termination

-1 Error

### See also

`__sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()`



sceNetGlueSocket

Create socket

Library	Introduced	Documentation last modified
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
size_t sceNetGlueSocket(
    int family,                Address family of socket to be created (AF_INET only)
    int type,                  Socket type (any of the following)
                                SOCK_STREAM  1  TCP socket
                                SOCK_DGRAM   2  UDP socket
                                SOCK_RAW     3  raw socket
    int protocol);             Protocol (not supported, always set to 0)
#define socket sceNetGlueSocket
```

Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread  
Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

Description

This function creates a socket having the address family indicated by the *family* argument (always AF\_INET) and the socket type indicated by the *type* argument and returns the descriptor for that socket. If an error occurs, details of the error can be obtained with sceNetGlueErrno.

Return value

Positive value	Descriptor of generated socket
-1	Error

See also

\_\_sceNetGlueErrnoLoc()

## sceNetGlueThreadInit

Perform initialization processing for thread that uses netglue

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include < netglue.h >
int sceNetGlueThreadInit(
    int thread_id);           ID of thread to be initialized
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

This function performs initialization so that a thread can use netglue. The thread ID is specified with *thread\_id*.

By using this function to perform initialization processing, each thread's state can be maintained internally within the netglue library. If *thread\_id* is set to 0, the calling thread will be used.

### Return value

0	Normal termination
-1	Error

## sceNetGlueThreadTerminate

Perform termination processing for thread that uses netglue

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
netglue	2.4.2	December 3, 2001

### Syntax

```
#include <netglue.h >
```

```
int sceNetGlueThreadTerminate(
```

```
    int thread_id);           ID of thread for which termination processing is to be  
                             performed
```

### Calling Conditions

Can be called from a thread

Multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

### Description

When a thread that is using netglue terminates, this function is called to perform netglue termination processing. The thread ID is specified with *thread\_id*.

When each thread's state is maintained internally within the netglue library, this function should be called to perform termination processing. If *thread\_id* is set to 0, the calling thread will be used.

### Return value

0	Normal termination
-1	Error

## Chapter 5: Network Configuration GUI Library

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## Structures

### sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg

Argument data for sceNetGuiCnf\_Do()

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

#### Structure

```
typedef struct sceNetGuiCnf_Arg {
```

<code>int flag;</code>	Startup options
<code>int _sema_vsync;</code>	Semaphore waiting for start of v-blank
<code>sceNetGuiCnfEnvData_t *default_env_data;</code>	Pointer to default data to be used when adding
<code>sceNetGuiCnfEnvData_t *result_env_data;</code>	Pointer to buffer for returning selection result
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Malloc cb_malloc;</code>	Pointer to malloc function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Memalign cb_memalign;</code>	Pointer to memalign function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Realloc cb_realloc;</code>	Pointer to realloc function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Free cb_free;</code>	Pointer to free function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBInit cb_skb_init;</code>	Pointer to software keyboard initialization function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBDestroy cb_skb_destroy;</code>	Pointer to software keyboard termination processing function
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetVif1PktTopAddr cb_skb_getvif1pkttopaddr;</code>	Pointer to function for getting drawing packet address of software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetStatus cb_skb_getstatus;</code>	Pointer to function for getting size of software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBSendMouseMessage cb_skb_sendmousemessage;</code>	Pointer to function for sending mouse pointer message to software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBEnableKey cb_skb_enablekey;</code>	Pointer to function for setting key state of software keyboard
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBEveryFrame cb_skb_everyframe;</code>	Pointer to function for processing software keyboard every frame
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SJISToUTF8 cb_sjis_to_utf8;</code>	Pointer to function for converting character code from SJIS to UTF8
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UTF8toSJIS cb_utf8_to_sjis;</code>	Pointer to function for converting character code from UTF8 to SJIS
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UsbMouseRead cb_mouse_read;</code>	Pointer to function for receiving USB mouse input
<code>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_PadRead cb_pad_read;</code>	Pointer to function for receiving button state

<b>sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UsbKbRead</b> <i>cb_kb_read;</i>	Pointer to function for receiving USB keyboard input
<b>char *str_path_bg;</b>	Pointer to string indicating background file path
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_titlebar;</b>	Color of title bar that is always displayed at top of screen
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_window;</b>	Background color of window that is always displayed in center of screen
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_pagebutton;</b>	Color of Quit, Back, and Next buttons that are always displayed at bottom of screen
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_ok;</b>	Color of title bar of one-choice message box (*In the current version, this is the same as the color of the title bar of an error message box)
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_yesno;</b>	Color of title bar of two-choice message box
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_warning;</b>	Color of title bar of error message box (*Not used in the current version)
<b>sceNetGuiCnf_Color4_t color_msgbox_wait;</b>	Color of title bar of non-selectable message box
<b>} sceNetGuiCnf_Arg_t;</b>	

### Description

This structure is used to set argument data for the sceNetGuiCnf\_Do function. Appropriate values and function pointers (non-NULL) must be set for all members when sceNetGuiCnf\_Do() is used.

The flag value is the logical OR of the following bits.

Table 5-1

Constant	Bit	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_HDD	0	Use hard disk drive
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_USB_MOUSE	1	Use USB mouse
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_USB_KB	2	Use USB keyboard
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_USE_SELECT_OPTION	3	Enable bit 3 startup option
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_SELECT_ONLY	4	0: Skip configuration selection 1: Only select configuration
SCE_NETGUICNF_FLAG_MC_SLOT1_ONLY	5	Use memory card slot 1 only

The value of *\_sema\_vsync* will be the return value from the EE kernel's CreateSema function. If no default data is set during an add, the value of *default\_env\_data* will be NULL. When the SCE\_NETGUICNF\_FLAG\_USE\_USB\_MOUSE bit is set to 0, *cb\_mouse\_read* will be ignored even if it has been set with a function pointer. In this case, *cb\_mouse\_read* can also be set to NULL. Similarly, when the SCE\_NETGUICNF\_FLAG\_USE\_USB\_KB bit is set to 0, *cb\_kb\_read* will be ignored even if it has been set with a function pointer. In this case, *cb\_kb\_read* can also be set to NULL.

### See also

sceNetGuiCnfEnvData, sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4, sceNetGuiCnf\_Do

sceNetGuiCnf\_Color

Color data for one vertex of sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4 structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

Structure

```
typedef struct sceNetGuiCnf_Color {
    unsigned char r;           Red component (0 to 255)
    unsigned char g;           Green component (0 to 255)
    unsigned char b;           Blue component (0 to 255)
    unsigned char a;           Alpha value (128 is primary color)
} sceNetGuiCnf_Color_t;
```

Description

This structure represents color data for one vertex in the sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4 structure.

See also

sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4



**sceNetGuiCnf\_Color4**

Color specification structure

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Structure**

```
typedef struct sceNetGuiCnf_Color4 {
    sceNetGuiCnf_Color_t aColor[4];
} sceNetGuiCnf_Color_t;
```

aColor[0] Upper left vertex color data  
 aColor[1] Upper right vertex color data  
 aColor[2] Lower left vertex color data  
 aColor[3] Lower right vertex color data

**Description**

This structure allows colors to be specified for UI elements by setting the following members in the sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg structure.

**Table 5-2**

Member	Description
<i>color_titlebar</i>	Color of title bar that is always displayed at top of screen
<i>color_window</i>	Background color of window that is always displayed in center of screen
<i>color_pagebutton</i>	Color of Quit, Back, and Next buttons that are always displayed at bottom of screen
<i>color_msgbox_ok</i>	Color of title bar of one-choice message box (*In the current version, this is the same as the color of the title bar of an error message box)
<i>color_msgbox_yesno</i>	Color of title bar of two-choice message box
<i>color_msgbox_warning</i>	Color of title bar of error message box (*Not used in the current version)
<i>color_msgbox_wait</i>	Color of title bar of non-selectable message box

**See also**

sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg

**sceNetGuiCnfEnvData**

Network configuration data

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	December 3, 2001

**Structure****typedef struct sceNetGuiCnfEnvData {**

<b>char</b> <i>attach_ifc</i> [256];	Network service provider setting filename that is registered in a combination (used only by sceNetGuiCnf_Do())
<b>char</b> <i>attach_dev</i> [256];	Hardware setting filename that is registered in a combination (used only by sceNetGuiCnf_Do())
<b>char</b> <i>address</i> [256];	IP address
<b>char</b> <i>netmask</i> [256];	Netmask
<b>char</b> <i>gateway</i> [256];	Default router
<b>char</b> <i>dns1_address</i> [256];	Primary DNS
<b>char</b> <i>dns2_address</i> [256];	Secondary DNS
<b>char</b> <i>phone_numbers1</i> [256];	Tel. Number1
<b>char</b> <i>phone_numbers2</i> [256];	Tel. Number2
<b>char</b> <i>phone_numbers3</i> [256];	Tel. Number3
<b>char</b> <i>auth_name</i> [256];	User ID
<b>char</b> <i>auth_key</i> [256];	Password
<b>char</b> <i>vendor</i> [256];	Vendor name
<b>char</b> <i>product</i> [256];	Product name
<b>char</b> <i>chat_additional</i> [256];	Additional AT command
<b>char</b> <i>outside_number</i> [256];	Outside number setting
<b>char</b> <i>outside_delay</i> [256];	Keyword for specifying outside number origination delay string (character string following numeric string in outside number setting)
<b>char</b> <i>dhcp_host_name</i> [256];	DHCP host name
<b>char</b> <i>peer_name</i> [256];	Authentication name of connection destination
<b>int</b> <i>dialing_type</i> ;	Dialing type
<b>int</b> <i>type</i> ;	Device layer type
<b>int</b> <i>phy_config</i> ;	Ethernet hardware operating mode
<b>int</b> <i>idle_timeout</i> ;	Line timeout (minutes)
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>dhcp</i> ;	DHCP used/unused setting
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>dns1_nego</i> ;	Sets negotiation related to primary DNS
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>dns2_nego</i> ;	Sets negotiation related to secondary DNS
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>f_auth</i> ;	Enables/disables setting of authorization method allowed on local side
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>auth</i> ;	Authorization method allowed on local side
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>pppoe</i> ;	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) used/unused setting
<b>unsigned char</b> <i>prc_nego</i> ;	PRC (Protocol-Field-Compression) negotiation setting

```

unsigned char acc_nego;          ACC (Address-and-Control-Field-Compression)
                                   negotiation setting
unsigned char accm_nego;        ACCM (Async-Control-Character-Map)
                                   negotiation setting
unsigned char p0;              Reserved area 0 (always 0)
unsigned char p1;              Reserved area 1 (always 0)
unsigned char p2;              Reserved area 2 (always 0)
int mtu;                      MTU value
} sceNetGuiCnfEnvData_t;

```

### Description

This structure is used to send default data when doing an add in the library and for receiving the selected network configuration from the library. To set default values, all of the following members must be set. Members other than those listed below are ignored.

Table 5-3

Member	Description
<i>address</i>	IP address
<i>netmask</i>	Netmask
<i>gateway</i>	Default router
<i>dns1_address</i>	Primary DNS
<i>dns2_address</i>	Secondary DNS
<i>phone_numbers1</i>	Tel. Number1
<i>phone_numbers2</i>	Tel. Number2
<i>phone_numbers3</i>	Tel. Number3
<i>auth_name</i>	User ID
<i>auth_key</i>	Password
<i>chat_additional</i>	Additional AT command
<i>outside_number</i>	Outside number setting
<i>outside_delay</i>	Keyword for specifying outside number origination delay string (character string following numeric string in outside number setting)
<i>dhcp_host_name</i>	DHCP host name
<i>dialing_type</i>	Dialing type
<i>idle_timeout</i>	Line timeout (minutes)
<i>phy_config</i>	Ethernet hardware operating mode
<i>dhcp</i>	DHCP used/unused setting
<i>pppoe</i>	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) used/unused setting

For details about the values that can be set for each member, refer to the “Guidelines for Creating a Network Configuration Application” document. To not configure a string-format member, set '\0' at the str[0] position.

*dialing\_type* can be any of the following values.

Table 5-4

Constant	Value	Meaning
	-1	No setting

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_DIALINGTYPE_TONE	0	Tone
SCE_NETGUICNF_DIALINGTYPE_PULSE	1	Pulse

*phy\_config* can be any of the following values.

**Table 5-5**

Constant	Value	Meaning
	-1	No setting
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_AUTO	1	Auto Negotiation Mode
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_10	2	10BaseT, Half-Duplex
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_10_FD	3	10BaseT, Full-Duplex, No-Flow-Control
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_TX	5	100BaseTX, Half-Duplex
SCE_NETGUICNF_PHYCONFIG_TX_FD	6	100BaseTX, Full-Duplex, No-Flow-Control

*dhcp* can be either of the following values.

**Table 5-6**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_NOUSE_DHCP	0	DHCP is used
SCE_NETGUICNF_USE_DHCP	1	DHCP is not used

*pppoe* can be any of the following values.

**Table 5-7**

Constant	Value	Meaning
	-1	No setting
SCE_NETGUICNF_NOUSE_PPPOE	0	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) is used
SCE_NETGUICNF_USE_PPPOE	1	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) is not used

*type* can be any of the following values.

**Table 5-8**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_ETH	1	USB Ethernet is supported
SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_PPP	2	PPP is supported
SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_NIC	3	Ethernet that uses a network adaptor is supported

When the selected network configuration is received from the library and set in the common network configuration library, the corresponding member configuration is as follows.

```
{
sceNetCnfEnv_t *e;
sceNetCnfInterface *ifc = e->root->pair_head->ifc;
```

```
sceNetCnfInterface *dev = e->root->pair_head->dev;
}
```

The meanings of the various pointers are described above. For coding examples, see `/usr/local/sce/iop/sample/inet/ntguicnf/setinit`.

Table 5-9

Member	Description
<i>attach_ifc</i>	Not used
<i>attach_dev</i>	Not used
<i>address</i>	ifc->address
<i>netmask</i>	ifc->netmask
<i>gateway</i>	struct sceNetCnfRoutingEntry routing placed after ifc->cmd_head
<i>dns1_address</i>	struct sceNetCnfAddress address placed after ifc->cmd_head
<i>dns2_address</i>	struct sceNetCnfAddress address placed after ifc->cmd_head
<i>phone_numbers1</i>	ifc->phone_numbers[0]
<i>phone_numbers2</i>	ifc->phone_numbers[1]
<i>phone_numbers3</i>	ifc->phone_numbers[2]
<i>auth_name</i>	ifc->auth_name
<i>auth_key</i>	ifc->auth_key
<i>vendor</i>	dev->vendor
<i>product</i>	dev->product
<i>chat_additional</i>	dev->chat_additional
<i>outside_number</i>	dev->outside_number
<i>outside_delay</i>	dev->outside_delay
<i>dhcp_host_name</i>	ifc->dhcp_host_name
<i>dialing_type</i>	dev->dialing_type
<i>type</i>	dev->type or ifc->type The value that is always set for dev->type is returned here For PPPoE, the user must intentionally set SCE_NETGUICNF_TYPE_PPP for ifc->type The value of type is set as is for dev->type
<i>phy_config</i>	dev->phy_config
<i>idle_timeout</i>	For PPPoE, ifc->idle_timeout Otherwise, dev->idle_timeout
<i>dhcp</i>	ifc->dhcp
<i>dns1_nego</i>	ifc->want.dns1_nego
<i>dns2_nego</i>	ifc->want.dns2_nego
<i>f_auth</i>	ifc->allow.f_auth
<i>auth</i>	ifc->allow.auth
<i>pppoe</i>	If pppoe is 1, ifc->pppoe is set directly with the value of pppoe If pppoe is 0, ifc->pppoe is set to -1
<i>prc_nego</i>	ifc->want.prc_nego
<i>acc_nego</i>	ifc->want.acc_nego

Member	Description
<i>accm_nego</i>	ifc->want.accm_nego
<i>mtu</i>	ifc->mtu

**See also**

sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg

## Function Types

---

### sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Free

free

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
```

```
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Free)(
```

```
void * ptr);
```

Area to be freed

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This is a free function that is ANSI-compliant.

#### Return value

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Malloc**

malloc

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;ntguicnf.h&gt;

typedef void \* (\* sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Malloc)(

size\_t size);

Size of area in bytes

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This is a malloc function that is ANSI-compliant.

**Return value**

When allocation succeeds, a pointer to the allocated area is returned. When size is 0, NULL is returned.  
 When the area cannot be allocated, NULL is returned.



**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Memalign**

memalign

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax****#include** <ntguicnf.h>**typedef void \***(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Memalign)(**size\_t** *align*,

Alignment (must be a power of 2 and at least 4 bytes)

**size\_t** *size*);

Size of area in bytes

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function allocates an area of storage that is a multiple of the specified alignment, exceeding the number of bytes specified by size and starting at an address that is a multiple of the specified alignment. Other allocation actions are the same as those of a malloc function that is ANSI-compliant.

**Return value**

When allocation succeeds, a pointer to the allocated area is returned. When size is 0, NULL is returned. When the area cannot be allocated, NULL is returned.



**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_Realloc**

realloc

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
```

```
typedef void * (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_Realloc)(
```

```
void * old_ptr,
```

Area to be reallocated

```
size_t new_size);
```

Size of area in bytes

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This is a realloc function that is ANSI-compliant.

**Return value**

When allocation succeeds, a pointer to the allocated area is returned. When size is 0, NULL is returned. When the area cannot be allocated, NULL is returned.



**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBDestroy**

Software keyboard termination processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBDestroy)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function performs software keyboard termination processing.

**Notes**

This function is called only once by sceNetGuiCnf\_Do().

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBEnableKey**

Configure software keyboard key states

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;ntguicnf.h&gt;

typedef void

(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBEnableKey)(

int *type*,

Configuration type

unsigned char \* *keynames*[],

Key identification character array

int *keynames\_size*);

Size of key identification character array

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function enables/disables keys on the software keyboard.

*type* can have any of the following values.

Table 5-10

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_ENABLE_KEY_TYPE_ENABLE_LISTED_AND_DISABLE_NOTLISTED	0	Enable listed keys and disable other keys
SCE_NETGUICNF_ENABLE_KEY_TYPE_ENABLE_ALL	1	Enable all keys
SCE_NETGUICNF_ENABLE_KEY_TYPE_DISABLE_LISTED	2	Disable listed keys (do nothing to other keys)

**Notes**

The following strings can be used for the key identification character array. (Other character keys and control keys cannot be used, even if they exist.)

- BS
- DEL
- LEFT
- RIGHT
- HOME
- END
- Other Shift-JIS characters that can be used are described in the “Guidelines for Creating a Network Configuration Application” document.

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBEveryFrame**

Software keyboard every frame processing

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBEveryFrame)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function performs every frame processing for the software keyboard.

**Return value**

None





**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBGetVif1PktTopAddr**

Get software keyboard drawing packet address

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void * (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBGetVif1PktTopAddr)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function returns the starting address of the drawing packet for displaying the software keyboard.

**Notes**

The drawing packet must satisfy the following specifications.

- It must be a drawing packet via PATH2.
- It must end with RET because it is called with a DMA CALL.
- There must be a double buffer.
- The position must be drawn starting at the upper left corner of the screen. (The display position, which is the GS offset, is changed within the sceNetGuiCnf\_Do function.)
- The GS offset must not be changed.
- Context 2 must be used.
- It must be a packet that sends the texture every time. (A texture base point of 8960 or later can be used.)
- It must have a resolution of 640x448.

**Return value**

Starting address of software keyboard drawing packet.

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBInit**

Initialize software keyboard

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <ntguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_SKBInit)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function initializes the software keyboard.

**Notes**

This function is called only once by sceNetGuiCnf\_Do().

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBSendMouseMessage**

Send mouse pointer message

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;ntguicnf.h&gt;

typedef int

(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_SKBSendMouseMessage)(

int *type*,

Activation point of mouse

int *x*,Relative x coordinate with respect to  
software keyboard display position originint *y*);Relative y coordinate with respect to  
software keyboard display position origin**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function sends a mouse pointer message to the software keyboard.

*type* can be any of the following values.**Table 5-11**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_MESSAGE_TYPE_PRESS	0	Pressed
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_MESSAGE_TYPE_RELEASE	1	Released
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_MESSAGE_TYPE_MOVE	2	Moved

**Return value**

If the mouse cannot be clicked at the position with coordinates (x,y), 0 is returned. If the mouse can be clicked at that position, 1 is returned.

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_UsbKbRead**

Receive USB keyboard input

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <netguicnf.h>
typedef void (*sceNetGuiCnfCallback_UsbKbRead)(
void);
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function reports USB keyboard input information internally to the network configuration GUI library using the sceNetGuiCnf\_SendKBMessage() function.

**Return value**

None

**sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_UsbMouseRead**

Receive USB mouse input

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

#include &lt;netguicnf.h&gt;

typedef void

(\*sceNetGuiCnfCallback\_UsbMouseRead)(

int \* *delta\_x*,

Amount of movement in x direction

int \* *delta\_y*,

Amount of movement in y direction

int \* *buttons*,

Button state

int \* *wheel*);

Amount of wheel movement

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function returns USB mouse input information to the pointers specified in the arguments. *delta\_x* and *delta\_y* return positive values for motion down and to the right, and negative values for motion up and to the left. *wheel* returns a negative value for upward rotation and a positive value for downward rotation.

The value of *buttons* will be the logical OR of the following bits.

**Table 5-12**

Constant	Bit	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_BUTTON_LEFT	0	Left button is pressed
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_BUTTON_RIGHT	1	Right button is pressed
SCE_NETGUICNF_MOUSE_BUTTON_MIDDLE	2	Middle button is pressed

**Return value**

None



## Functions

---

### sceNetGuiCnf\_Do

Start network configuration application

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

#### Syntax

```
#include <netguicnf.h>
```

```
void sceNetGuiCnf_Do(
```

```
    sceNetGuiCnf_Arg_t * arg);
```

Startup arguments

#### Calling conditions

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

#### Description

This function starts up the network configuration application. For the start-up arguments, see the sceNetGuiCnf\_Arg structure. The following IOP modules must be loaded before this function is started.

#### Required IOP modules

- sio2man.irx
- padman.irx
- mcman.irx
- mcserv.irx
- netcnf.irx
- inet.irx
- inetotl.irx
- ppp.irx
- pppoe.irx
- usbd.irx
- ntguicnf.irx

IOP module required to autoload USB connection device driver

- usbmload.irx

IOP modules required to use the hard disk drive

- dev9.irx
- atad.irx
- hdd.irx
- pfs.irx
- smap.irx

- `sceNetGuiCnf_Do()` resets and reconfigures the drawing environment such as the GS. Consequently, after the function completes, the IOP and GS must be reconfigured as necessary. `sceNetGuiCnf_Do()` invokes the `WaitSema` function from the end of one frame of work until the start of v-blank. As a result, the `SignalSema` function must be invoked when v-blank begins. For more information, refer to the Network Configuration GUI Library Overview.

**Return value**

None



**sceNetGuiCnf\_SendKBMessage**

Send key information to network configuration application

<i>Library</i>	<i>Introduced</i>	<i>Documentation last modified</i>
ntguicnf	2.4	October 1, 2001

**Syntax**

```
#include <netguicnf.h>
```

```
void sceNetGuiCnf_SendKBMessage(
```

```
    int type,                                Keyboard type
```

```
    unsigned char * keyname);               Key identification characters
```

**Calling conditions**

Can be called from a thread

Not multithread safe (must be called in interrupt-enabled state)

**Description**

This function reports key information to the network configuration GUI library.

*type* can be any of the following values.

**Table 5-13**

Constant	Value	Meaning
SCE_NETGUICNF_KBMSG_TYPE_SOFTKB	0	Input from software keyboard
SCE_NETGUICNF_KBMSG_TYPE_HARDKB	1	Input from USB keyboard

**Remark**

The following strings can be used for the key identification character array. (Other character keys and control keys cannot be used, even if they exist.)

- BS
- DEL
- LEFT
- RIGHT
- HOME
- END
- Other Shift-JIS characters that can be used are described in the “Guidelines for Creating a Network Configuration Application” document.

**Return value**

None