# INFO20003 Database Systems

Week 4

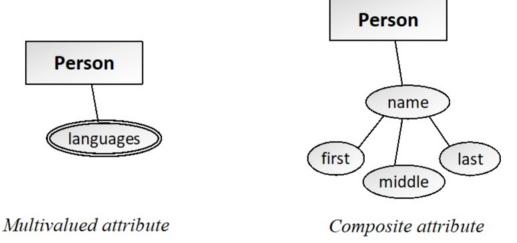
### Assignment

- Assignment 1 is out
- More practice on LMS → Module → Practice on your own

### Q1) Multivalued & Composite Attributes

Multivalued attributes: can have more than one value at the same time

- E.g. phone numbers, skills, languages spoken, etc.
- drawn using a double outline

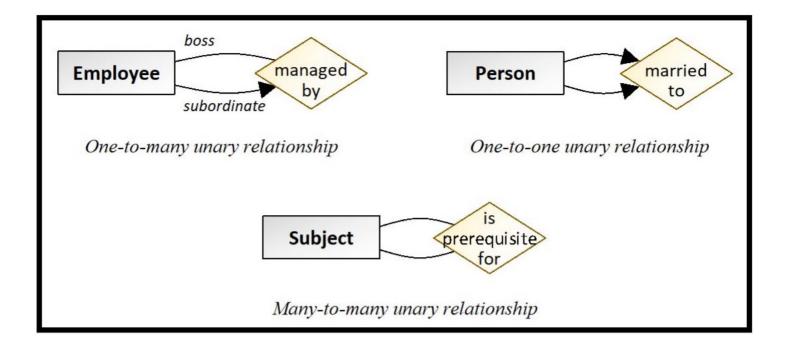


Composite attributes: have multiple components and can be broken down into multiple attributes

- E.g. name (first name + last name)
- drawn by branching the subattributes off the composite attribute

### Q1) Unary relationship

unary relationship: relationship between an entity and itself

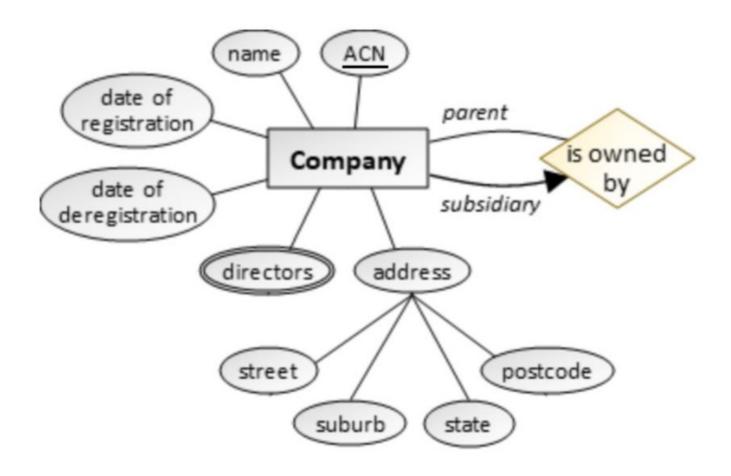


When the two sides of the relationship have different constraints, it is important to label the two ends of the unary relationship to make it clear what the constraints apply to.

#### 2. Practising these concepts:

Australia's corporate regulator, ASIC, stores a range of information about every Australian company, including the name, the nine-digit ACN (Australian Company Number), the date of registration and deregistration, and the names of the company's directors. Every company has a registered address, made up of the street address, suburb, state and postcode. A company may be owned by another company; in this situation ASIC keeps track of the company's parent company.

Use this information to model a "company" entity using Chen's notation.



A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept – each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.

Each of the buses is identified by its registration number and can carry different numbers of passengers, since the vehicles vary in size and can be single or double-decked. Each route is identified by a route number and information is available on the average number of passengers carried per day for each route. Drivers have an employee number, name, address, and sometimes a telephone number, and the names of the training courses they have completed need to be stored.

- a) Identify the entities.
- b) Identify the relationships (use business rules to identify relationships). State all the key constraints and participation constraints.
- c) Draw a conceptual model and populate entities with appropriate attributes (use Chen's notation).
- d) Discuss the logical modelling of the Driver entity.

### Q3a) Entities

- Bus ← Each <u>bus</u> is allocated to a particular route
- Route ← Each <u>route</u> passes through a number of towns
- Stage ← One or more drivers are allocated to each <u>stage</u> of a route
- Town ← Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept
- Depot ← Some of the towns have a <u>depot</u> where buses are kept
- Driver ← One or more <u>drivers</u> are allocated to each stage of a route

A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept – each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.

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1. Route "operated by" Bus

one-to-many

A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept – each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.

1. Route "operated by" Bus

2. Driver "allocated to" Stage

one-to-many

many-to-many

A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept – each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.

- 1. Route "operated by" Bus
- 2. Driver "allocated to" Stage
- 3. Stage "part of" Route

one-to-many many-to-many one-to-many

A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey

<sup>4</sup>through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept – each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.

1. Route "operated by" Bus

2. Driver "allocated to" Stage

3. Stage "part of" Route

4. Stage "passes through" Town

one-to-many many-to-many one-to-many many-to-many

A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey

4 through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept — each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.

1. Route "operated by" Bus

2. Driver "allocated to" Stage

3. Stage "part of" Route

4. Stage "passes through" Town

5. Town "contains" Depot

one-to-many many-to-many one-to-many many-to-many one-to-one

A bus company owns a number of buses. Each bus is allocated to a particular route, although some routes may have several buses. Each route passes through a number of towns. One or more drivers are allocated to each stage of a route, which corresponds to a journey

- <sup>4</sup>through some or all of the towns on a route. Some of the towns have a depot where buses are kept each bus always returns to its allocated depot at the end of the day.
  - 1. Route "operated by" Bus
  - 2. Driver "allocated to" Stage
  - 3. Stage "part of" Route
  - 4. Stage "passes through" Town
  - 5. Town "contains" Depot
  - 6. Bus "allocated to" Depot

one-to-many

many-to-many

one-to-many

many-to-many

one-to-one

one-to-many

#### **Participation constraints:**

Route "operated by" Bus

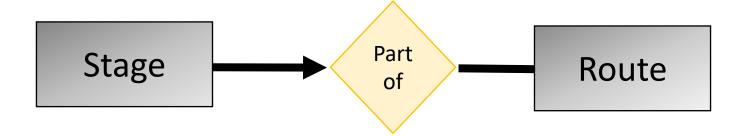
• The participation of Bus in the relationship 'operated by' is **partial** as at some point the bus could be under repair instead of being assigned to a route. However, the participation of Route is **total** as every route should have a bus assigned.



#### Participation constraints:

Stage "part of" Route

• The participation of Route and Stage is **total** in the relationship between the two entities.



#### **Participation constraints:**

Driver "allocated to" Stage

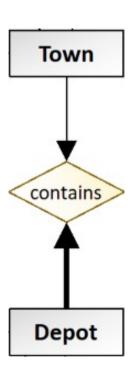
• The participation of Stage is **total** in the relationship 'allocated to' as each stage must have a driver allocated, but the participation of driver is **partial** to accommodate newly appointed or on-leave drivers.



#### Participation constraints:

Town "contains" Depot

• The participation of Depot is **total** and Town is **partial** in 'contains' as not every town has a depot.



#### **Participation constraints:**



Bus "allocated to" Depot

• The participation of Depot in relationship 'allocated to' is **partial**. However, the participation of Bus is **total**, as each bus will be associated with a depot where it is stored when not in use.

#### **Participation constraints:**



Stage "passes through" Town

• Stage is **total**ly participating in relationship 'passes through' as each stage has to pass through at least one town. However, each Town does not necessarily have a stage (perhaps it only has a depot), hence **partial** participation.

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#### Participation constraints:

Routed "operated by" Bus

Stage "part of" Route

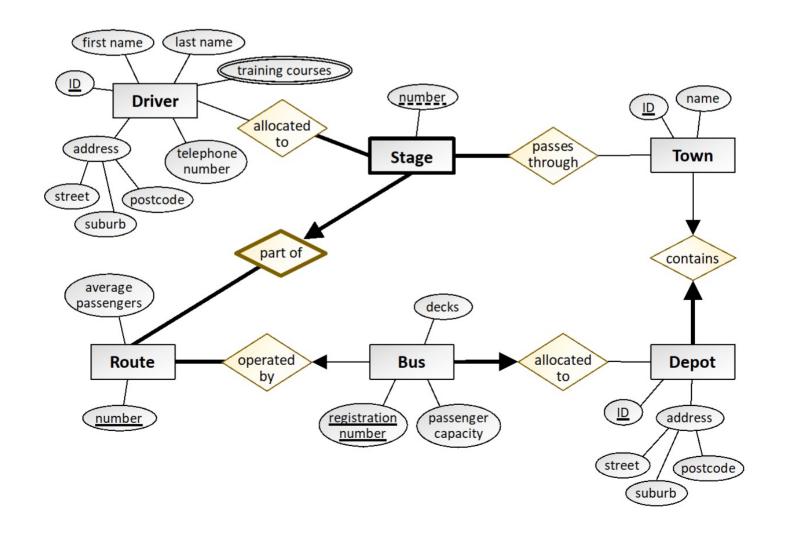
Driver "allocated to" Stage

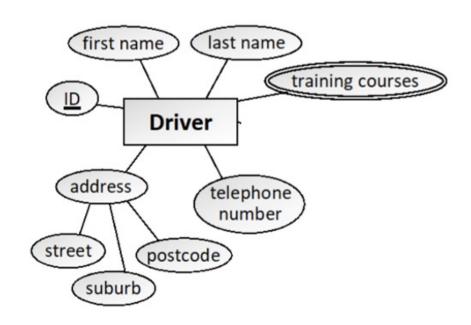
Town "contains" Depot

Bus "allocated to" Depot

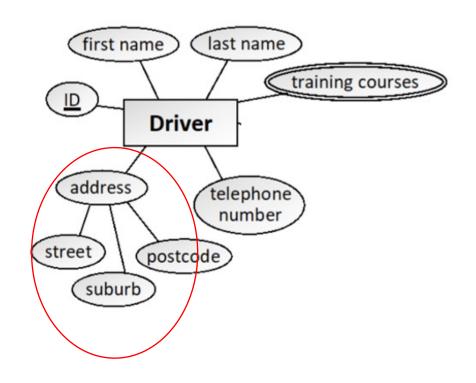
Stage "passes through" Town

- The participation of Bus in the relationship 'operated by' is **partial** as at some point the bus could be under repair instead of being assigned to a route. However, the participation of Route is **total** as every route should have a bus assigned.
- The participation of Route and Stage is **total** in the relationship between the two entities.
- The participation of Stage is **total** in the relationship 'allocated to' as each stage must have a driver allocated, but the participation of driver is **partial** to accommodate newly appointed or on-leave drivers.
- The participation of Depot is **total** and Town is **partial** in 'contains' as not every town has a depot.
- The participation of Depot in relationship 'allocated to' is **partial**. However, the participation of Bus is **total**, as each bus will be associated with a depot where it is stored when not in use.
- Stage is **total**ly participating in relationship 'passes through' as each stage has to pass through at least one town. However, each Town does not necessarily have a stage (perhaps it only has a depot), hence **partial** participation.

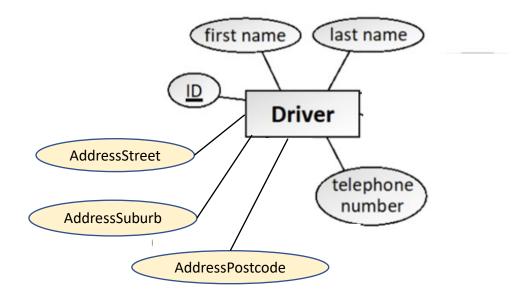




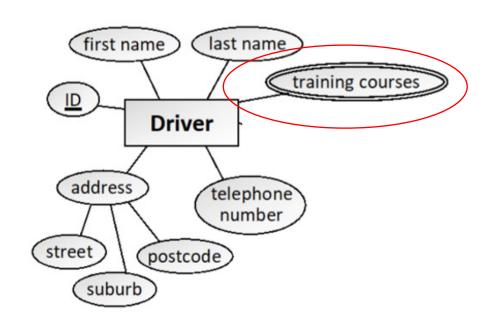
- Resolve composite attributes
- Resolve multivalued attributes



### **Composite Attribute**

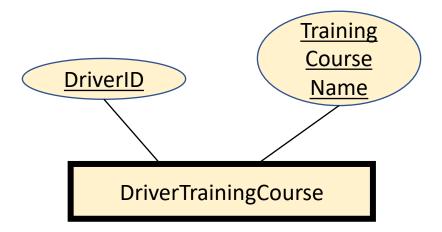


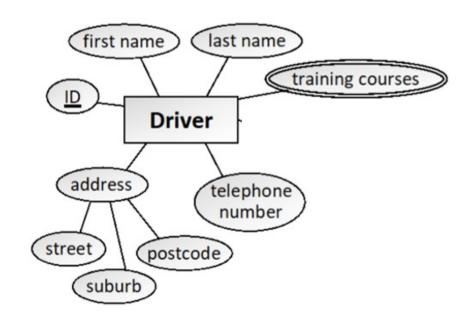
Driver (<u>DriverID</u>, FirstName, LastName, <u>AddressStreet</u>, <u>AddressSuburb</u>, <u>AddressPostcode</u>, PhoneNumber)



### **Multivalued Attribute**

FK
DriverTrainingCourses (DriverID, TrainingCourseName)





Driver (<u>DriverID</u>, FirstName, LastName, AddressStreet, AddressSuburb, AddressPostcode, PhoneNumber)

FK
DriverTrainingCourses (DriverID, TrainingCourseName)