# ROCmSMI

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# **Chapter 1**

# ROCm System Management Interface (ROCm SMI) Library

The ROCm System Management Interface Library, or ROCm SMI library, is part of the Radeon Open Compute ROCm software stack. It is a C library for Linux that provides a user space interface for applications to monitor and control GPU applications.

# **Building ROCm SMI**

Additional Required software for building

In order to build the ROCm SMI library, the following components are required. Note that the software versions listed are what was used in development. Earlier versions are not guaranteed to work:

- CMake (v3.5.0)
- g++ (5.4.0)

In order to build the latest documentation, the following are required:

- DOxygen (1.8.11)
- latex (pdfTeX 3.14159265-2.6-1.40.16)

The source code for ROCm SMI is available on Github.

After the ROCm SMI library git repository has been cloned to a local Linux machine, building the library is achieved by following the typical CMake build sequence. Specifically,

```
$ mk -p build
$ cd build
$ cmake <location of root of ROCm SMI library CMakeLists.txt>
$ make
```

The built library will appear in the build folder.

#### **Building the Documentation**

The documentation PDF file can be built with the following steps (continued from the steps above):

```
$ make doc
$ cd latex
$ make
```

The reference manual, refman.pdf will be in the latex directory upon a successful build.

#### **Building the Tests**

In order to verify the build and capability of ROCm SMI on your system and to see an example of how ROCm SMI can be used, you may build and run the tests that are available in the repo. To build the tests, follow these steps:

```
# Set environment variables used in CMakeLists.txt file
$ ROCM_DIR=<location of ROCm SMI library>
$ mkdir <location for test build>
$ cd <location for test build>
$ cmake -DROCM_DIR=<location of ROCM SMI library .so> <ROCm SMI source root>/tests/rocr_smi_test
```

To run the test, execute the program rsmitst that is built from the steps above. Make sure ROCm SMI library is in your library search path when executing the test program.

### Hello ROCm SMI

The only required ROCm-SMI call for any program that wants to use ROCm-SMI is the rsmi\_init() call. This call initializes some internal data structures that will be used by subsequent ROCm-SMI calls.

When ROCm-SMI is no longer being used, rsmi\_shut\_down() should be called. This provides a way to do any releasing of resources that ROCm-SMI may have held. In many cases, this may have no effect, but may be necessary in future versions of the library.

A simple "Hello World" type program that displays the device ID of detected devices would look like this:

```
1 #include <stdint.h>
2 #include "rocm_smi/rocm_smi.h"
3 int main() {
   rsmi_status_t ret;
   uint32_t num_devices;
   uint64_t dev_id;
   \ensuremath{//} We will skip return code checks for this example, but it
    // is recommended to always check this as some calls may not
10
    // apply for some devices or ROCm releases
    ret = rsmi_init(0);
     ret = rsmi_num_monitor_devices(&num_devices);
13
    for (int i=0; i < num_devices; ++i) {
15
16
      ret = rsmi_dev_id_get(i, &dev_id);
       // dev_id holds the device ID of device i, upon a
17
       // successful call
19
20
     ret = rsmi_shut_down();
    return 0;
21
22 }
```

# **Chapter 2**

# **Data Structure Index**

# 2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

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# **Chapter 4**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

# 4.1 rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region Struct Reference

This structure holds 2 rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point's, representing the diagonal corners of a rectangular region in freq-voltage space.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point min\_corner
  - The "lower-left" corner of rectangle.
- rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point max\_corner

The "upper-right" corner of rectangle.

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds 2 rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point's, representing the diagonal corners of a rectangular region in freqvoltage space.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 4.2 rsmi\_frequencies Struct Reference

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t num\_supported
- uint32\_t current
- uint64\_t frequency [RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_FREQUENCIES]

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

#### 4.2.2 Field Documentation

```
4.2.2.1 uint32_t rsmi_frequencies::num_supported
```

The number of supported frequencies

```
4.2.2.2 uint32_t rsmi_frequencies::current
```

The current frequency index

```
4.2.2.3 uint64_t rsmi_frequencies::frequency[RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]
```

List of frequencies. Only the first num\_supported frequencies are valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 4.3 rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point Struct Reference

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

uint64\_t frequency

Frequency coordinate (in Hz)

uint64\_t voltage

Voltage coordinate (in mV)

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 4.4 rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data Struct Reference

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

```
#include <room smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

• rsmi\_range curr\_sclk\_range

The current SCLK frequency range.

- rsmi\_range curr\_mclk\_range
- rsmi\_range sclk\_freq\_limits

The range possible of SCLK values.

rsmi\_range mclk\_freq\_limits

The range possible of MCLK values.

• rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point curve [RSMI\_NUM\_VOLTAGE\_CURVE\_POINTS]

The current voltage curve.

uint32\_t num\_regions

The number of voltage curve regions.

### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

#### 4.4.2 Field Documentation

4.4.2.1 rsmi\_range rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data::curr\_mclk\_range

The current MCLK frequency range; (upper bound only)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 4.5 rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth Struct Reference

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- · rsmi\_frequencies transfer\_rate
- uint32\_t lanes [RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_FREQUENCIES]

#### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds information about the possible PCle bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

#### 4.5.2 Field Documentation

4.5.2.1 rsmi\_frequencies rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth::transfer\_rate

Transfer rates (T/s) that are possible

4.5.2.2 uint32\_t rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth::lanes[RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_FREQUENCIES]

List of lanes for corresponding transfer rate. Only the first num\_supported bandwidths are valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm smi.h

# 4.6 rsmi\_power\_profile\_status Struct Reference

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

### **Data Fields**

- rsmi\_bit\_field available\_profiles
- rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks current
- uint32\_t num\_profiles

#### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

#### 4.6.2 Field Documentation

4.6.2.1 rsmi\_bit\_field rsmi\_power\_profile\_status::available\_profiles

Which profiles are supported by this system

4.6.2.2 rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks rsmi\_power\_profile\_status::current

Which power profile is currently active

4.6.2.3 uint32\_t rsmi\_power\_profile\_status::num\_profiles

How many power profiles are available

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 4.7 rsmi\_range Struct Reference

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

• uint64\_t lower\_bound

Lower bound of range.

uint64\_t upper\_bound

Upper bound of range.

### 4.7.1 Detailed Description

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

rocm\_smi.h

# 4.8 rsmi\_version Struct Reference

This structure holds version information.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

```
• uint32_t major
```

Major version.

• uint32\_t minor

Minor version.

uint32\_t patch

Patch, build or stepping version.

const char \* build

Build string.

# 4.8.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds version information.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# **Chapter 5**

# **File Documentation**

### 5.1 rocm\_smi.h File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
```

#### **Data Structures**

· struct rsmi\_power\_profile\_status

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

· struct rsmi\_frequencies

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

struct rsmi pcie bandwidth

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

· struct rsmi version

This structure holds version information.

struct rsmi\_range

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

struct rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

· struct rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region

This structure holds 2 rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point's, representing the diagonal corners of a rectangular region in freq-voltage space.

struct rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

#### **Macros**

• #define RSMI MAX NUM FREQUENCIES 32

Guaranteed maximum possible number of supported frequencies.

- #define RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED 255
- #define RSMI\_NUM\_VOLTAGE\_CURVE\_POINTS 3

The number of points that make up a voltage-frequency curve definition.

#define RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_POWER\_PROFILES (sizeof(rsmi\_bit\_field) \* 8)

Number of possible power profiles that a system could support.

#### **Typedefs**

typedef uint64 t rsmi bit field

Bitfield used in various RSMI calls.

#### **Enumerations**

enum rsmi\_status\_t {
 RSMI\_STATUS\_SUCCESS = 0x0, RSMI\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ARGS, RSMI\_STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED,
 RSMI\_STATUS\_FILE\_ERROR,
 RSMI\_STATUS\_PERMISSION, RSMI\_STATUS\_OUT\_OF\_RESOURCES, RSMI\_STATUS\_INTERNAL\_
 EXCEPTION, RSMI\_STATUS\_INPUT\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS,
 RSMI\_STATUS\_INIT\_ERROR, RSMI\_INITIALIZATION\_ERROR = RSMI\_STATUS\_INIT\_ERROR, RSMI
 STATUS\_NOT\_YET\_IMPLEMENTED, RSMI\_STATUS\_UNKNOWN\_ERROR = 0xFFFFFFFF} }

Error codes retured by rocm\_smi\_lib functions.

enum rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level {
 RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO = 0, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_FIRST = RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_ ↔
 AUTO, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_LOW, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_HIGH,
 RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_STD, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LE ↔
 VEL\_STABLE\_PEAK, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_MCLK,
 RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_SCLK, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_LAST = RSMI\_DEV\_PER ↔
 F\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_SCLK, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_UNKNOWN = 0x100 }

PowerPlay performance levels.

 enum rsmi\_clk\_type { RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_SYS = 0x0, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_FIRST = RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_SYS, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_MEM, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_LAST = RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_MEM }

Available clock types.

enum rsmi\_temperature\_metric {

RSMI\_TEMP\_CURRENT = 0x0, RSMI\_TEMP\_FIRST = RSMI\_TEMP\_CURRENT, RSMI\_TEMP\_MAX,  $R \leftarrow SMI$  TEMP MIN,

RSMI\_TEMP\_MAX\_HYST, RSMI\_TEMP\_MIN\_HYST, RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL, RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL  $\leftarrow$  \_HYST,

 $RSMI\_TEMP\_OFFSET, RSMI\_TEMP\_LOWEST, RSMI\_TEMP\_HIGHEST, \textbf{RSMI\_TEMP\_LAST} = RSMI\_ \leftrightarrow TEMP\_HIGHEST\}$ 

Temperature Metrics. This enum is used to identify various temperature metrics. Corresponding values will be in millidegress Celcius.

• enum rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks {

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_CUSTOM\_MASK = 0x1, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VIDEO\_MASK = 0x2, R⇔ SMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_POWER\_SAVING\_MASK = 0x4, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_COMPUTE\_MASK = 0x8.

$$\label{eq:rsml_pwr_prof_prst_scr_mask} \begin{split} & \text{RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VR\_MASK} = 0\text{x}10, \\ & \text{RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_BOOTUP\_DEFAULT} = 0\text{x}40, \\ & \text{RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_LAST} = \\ & \text{RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_BOOTUP\_DEFAULT}, \end{split}$$

Pre-set Profile Selections. These bitmasks can be AND'd with the rsmi\_power\_profile\_status::available\_profiles returned from rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile presets\_get() to determine which power profiles are supported by the system.

 enum rsmi\_freq\_ind { RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_MIN = 0, RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_MAX = 1, RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_INVALID = 0xFFFFFFFF }

This values of this enum are used as frequency identifiers.

#### **Functions**

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_init (uint64\_t init\_flags)

Initialize Rocm SMI.

· rsmi status t rsmi shut down (void)

Shutdown Rocm SMI.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_num\_monitor\_devices (uint32\_t \*num\_devices)

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth \*bandwidth)

Get the list of possible pci bandwidths that are available.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_busy\_percent\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*busy\_percent)

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t bw\_bitmask)

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*bdfid)

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

rsmi status t rsmi dev id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint64 t \*id)

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level \*perf)

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level perf\_lvl)

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*od)

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi status t rsmi dev overdrive level set (int32 t dv ind, uint32 t od)

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_clk\_type clk\_type, rsmi\_frequencies \*f)

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_clk\_type clk\_type, uint64\_t freq\_bitmask)

Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name of a gpu device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_temperature\_metric metric, int64\_t \*temperature)

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev fan reset (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t sensor ind)

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_rpms\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, int64\_t \*speed)

Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, int64\_t \*speed)

Get the fan speed for the specfied device in RPMs.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_max\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*max\_speed)

Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t speed)

Set the fan speed for the specfied device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data \*odv)

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_curve\_regions\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*num\_regions, rsmi\_freq\_
 volt\_region \*buffer)

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_ave\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*power)

Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*cap)

Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_range\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*max, uint64\_t \*min)

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t cap)

Set the power cap value.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_power\_
 profile\_status \*status)

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_power\_profile\_←
preset\_masks profile)

Set the power profile.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_status\_string (rsmi\_status\_t status, const char \*\*status\_string)

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_version\_get (rsmi\_version \*version)

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Main header file for the ROCm SMI library. All required function, structure, enum, etc. definitions should be defined in this file.

The rocm\_smi library api is new, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. Once committed, every effort will be made to not break backward compatibility, but it may not be achieveable in some cases. Instead of marking every function prototype as "unstable", we are instead saying the API is unstable (i.e., changes are possible) while the major version remains 0. This means that if the API/ABI changes, we will not increment the major version to 1. Once the ABI stabilizes, we will increment the major version to 1, and thereafter increment it on all ABI breaks.

#### 5.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 5.1.2.1 #define RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED 255

Maximum possible value for fan speed. Should be used as the denominator when determining fan speed percentage.

#### 5.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.1.3.1 enum rsmi\_status\_t

Error codes retured by rocm smi lib functions.

#### **Enumerator**

**RSMI\_STATUS\_SUCCESS** Operation was successful. **RSMI\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ARGS** Passed in arguments are not valid.

RSMI\_STATUS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED The requested information or action is not available for the given input

**RSMI\_STATUS\_FILE\_ERROR** Problem accessing a file. This may because the operation is not supported by the Linux kernel version running on the executing machine

RSMI\_STATUS\_PERMISSION Permission denied/EACCESS file error

RSMI\_STATUS\_OUT\_OF\_RESOURCES Unable to acquire memory or other resource

RSMI\_STATUS\_INTERNAL\_EXCEPTION An internal exception was caught.

RSMI\_STATUS\_INPUT\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS The provided input is out of allowable or safe range

RSMI STATUS INIT ERROR An error occurred when rsmi initializing internal data structures

**RSMI\_STATUS\_NOT\_YET\_IMPLEMENTED** The requested function has not yet been implemented in the current system for the current devices

RSMI\_STATUS\_UNKNOWN\_ERROR An unknown error occurred.

5.1.3.2 enum rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level

PowerPlay performance levels.

#### **Enumerator**

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO Performance level is "auto".

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_LOW Keep PowerPlay levels "low", regardless of workload

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_HIGH Keep PowerPlay levels "high", regardless of workload

**RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL** Only use values defined by manually setting the RSMI\_CLK\_TYP↔ E SYS speed

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_STD Stable power state with profiling clocks

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_PEAK Stable power state with peak clocks.

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_MCLK Stable power state with minimum memory clock

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_SCLK Stable power state with minimum system clock

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_UNKNOWN Unknown performance level.

5.1.3.3 enum rsmi\_clk\_type

Available clock types.

#### **Enumerator**

RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_SYS System clock.

RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_MEM Memory clock.

#### 5.1.3.4 enum rsmi\_temperature\_metric

Temperature Metrics. This enum is used to identify various temperature metrics. Corresponding values will be in millidegress Celcius.

#### **Enumerator**

RSMI\_TEMP\_CURRENT Temperature current value.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_MAX** Temperature max value.

RSMI\_TEMP\_MIN Temperature min value.

RSMI\_TEMP\_MAX\_HYST Temperature hysteresis value for max limit.

RSMI\_TEMP\_MIN\_HYST Temperature hysteresis value for min limit.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL** Temperature critical max value, typically greater than corresponding temp\_max values.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL\_HYST** Temperature hysteresis value for critical limit.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_EMERGENCY** Temperature emergency max value, for chips supporting more than two upper temperature limits. Must be equal or greater than corresponding temp\_crit values.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_EMERGENCY\_HYST** Temperature hysteresis value for emergency limit.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_CRIT\_MIN** Temperature critical min value, typically lower than corresponding temperature minimum values.

RSMI\_TEMP\_CRIT\_MIN\_HYST Temperature hysteresis value for critical minimum limit.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_OFFSET** Temperature offset which is added to the temperature reading by the chip.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_LOWEST** Historical minimum temperature.

**RSMI\_TEMP\_HIGHEST** Historical maximum temperature.

#### 5.1.3.5 enum rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks

Pre-set Profile Selections. These bitmasks can be AND'd with the rsmi\_power\_profile\_status::available\_profiles returned from rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get() to determine which power profiles are supported by the system.

### Enumerator

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_CUSTOM\_MASK Custom Power Profile.

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VIDEO\_MASK Video Power Profile.

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_POWER\_SAVING\_MASK Power Saving Profile.

 $\textit{RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_COMPUTE\_MASK} \quad \text{Compute Saving Profile}.$ 

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VR\_MASK VR Power Profile. 3D Full Screen Power Profile

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_BOOTUP\_DEFAULT Default Boot Up Profile.

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_LAST Invalid power profile.

#### 5.1.3.6 enum rsmi\_freq\_ind

This values of this enum are used as frequency identifiers.

#### Enumerator

RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_MIN Index used for the minimum frequency value.

**RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_MAX** Index used for the maximum frequency value.

RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_INVALID An invalid frequency index.

#### 5.1.4 Function Documentation

5.1.4.1 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_init ( uint64\_t init\_flags )

Initialize Rocm SMI.

When called, this initializes internal data structures, including those corresponding to sources of information that SMI provides.

#### **Parameters**

in	init_flags	Bit flags that tell SMI how to initialze. Not currently used.	
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#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.2 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_shut\_down ( void )

Shutdown Rocm SMI.

Do any necessary clean up.

5.1.4.3  $rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_num\_monitor\_devices ( uint32\_t * num\_devices )$ 

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

The number of devices which have monitors is returned. Monitors are referenced by the index which can be between 0 and num\_devices - 1.

#### **Parameters**

in, out	num_devices	Caller provided pointer to uint32_t. Upon successful call, the value num_devices
		will contain the number of monitor devices.

#### **Return values**

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

5.1.4.4 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth \* bandwidth )

Get the list of possible pci bandwidths that are available.

Given a device index dv\_ind and a pointer to a to an rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth structure bandwidth, this function will fill in bandwidth with the possible T/s values and associated number of lanes, and indication of the current selection.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	bandwidth	a pointer to a caller provided rsmi_pcie_bandwidth structure to which the frequency
		information will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.5 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_busy\_percent\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \* busy\_percent )

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

Given a device index dv\_ind, this function returns the percentage of time that the specified device is busy. The device is considered busy if any one or more of its sub-blocks are working, and idle if none of the sub-blocks are working.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	busy_percent	a pointer to the uint32_t to which the busy percent will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call

5.1.4.6 rsmi\_status\_trsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_set(\_uint32\_t dv\_ind,\_uint64\_t bw\_bitmask\_)

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

Given a device index dv\_ind and a 64 bit bitmask bw\_bitmask, this function will limit the set of allowable bandwidths. If a bit in bw\_bitmask has a value of 1, then the frequency (as ordered in an rsmi\_frequencies returned by rsmi\_dev\_get\_gpu\_clk\_freq()) corresponding to that bit index will be allowed.

This function will change the performance level to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL in order to modify the set of allowable band\_widths. Caller will need to set to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO in order to get back to default state.

All bits with indices greater than or equal to rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth.transfer\_rate.num\_supported will be ignored.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	bw_bitmask	A bitmask indicating the indices of the bandwidths that are to be enabled (1) and disabled
		(0). Only the lowest rsmi_pcie_bandwidth.transfer_rate.num_supported bits of this mask
		are relevant.

5.1.4.7 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \* bdfid )

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

Give a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint64\_t bdfid, this function will write the Bus/Device/Function PCI identifier (BDFID) associated with device  $dv\_ind$  to the value pointed to by bdfid.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	bdfid	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device bdfid value will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.8 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_id\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \* id )

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index <code>dv\_ind</code> and a pointer to a uint32\_t <code>id</code>, this function will write the device id value to the uint64\_t pointed to by <code>id</code>. This ID is an identification of the type of device, so calling this function for different devices will give the same value if they are kind of device. Consequently, this function should not be used to distinguish one device from another. <code>rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get()</code> should be used to get a unique identifier.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device id will be written

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.9 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level \* perf )

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t perf, this function will write the rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level to the uint32\_t pointed to by perf

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in,out	perf	a pointer to rsmi_dev_perf_level to which the performance level will be written	

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.10 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set ( int32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level perf\_lvl )

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

Given a device index dv\_ind and an rsmi\_dev\_perf\_lvl perf\_level, this function will set the PowerPlay performance level for the device to the value perf\_lvl.

#### **Parameters**

-	in	dv_ind	a device index
	in	perf←	the value to which the performance level should be set
		_lvl	

#### Return values

$MI\_STATUS\_SUCCES$	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.11 rsmi\_status\_trsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_get (\_uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \* od )

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t od, this function will write the overdrive percentage to the uint32\_t pointed to by od

#### Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	od	a pointer to uint32_t to which the overdrive percentage will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.

5.1.4.12 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set ( int32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t od )

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

Given a device index dv\_ind and an overdrive level od, this function will set the overdrive level for the device to the value od. The overdrive level is an integer value between 0 and 20, inclusive, which represents the overdrive percentage; e.g., a value of 5 specifies an overclocking of 5%.

The overdrive level is specific to the gpu system clock.

The overdrive level is the percentage above the maximum Performance Level to which overclocking will be limited. The overclocking percentage does not apply to clock speeds other than the maximum. This percentage is limited to 20%.

\*\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*\* Operating your AMD GPU outside of official AMD specifications or outside of factory settings, including but not limited to the conducting of overclocking (including use of this overclocking software, even if such software has been directly or indirectly provided by AMD or otherwise affiliated in any way with AMD), may cause damage to your AMD GPU, system components and/or result in system failure, as well as cause other problems. DAMAGES CAUSED BY USE OF YOUR AMD GPU OUTSIDE OF OFFICIAL AMD SPECIFICATIONS OR OUTSIDE OF FACTORY SETTINGS ARE NOT COVERED UNDER ANY AMD PRODUCT WARRANTY ACOUNTY NOT BE COVERED BY YOUR BOARD OR SYSTEM MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY. Please use this utility with caution.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	od	the value to which the overdrive level should be set

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.13 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_clk\_type clk\_type, rsmi\_frequencies \* f )

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a clock type clk\_type, and a pointer to a to an rsmi\_frequencies structure f, this function will fill in f with the possible clock speeds, and indication of the current clock speed selection.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	clk_type	the type of clock for which the frequency is desired
in, out	f	a pointer to a caller provided rsmi_frequencies structure to which the frequency
		information will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.14 rsmi\_status\_trsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_set(\_uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_clk\_type, clk\_type, uint64\_t freq\_bitmask\_)

Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a clock type clk\_type, and a 64 bit bitmask freq\_bitmask, this function will limit the set of allowable frequencies. If a bit in freq\_bitmask has a value of 1, then the frequency (as ordered in an rsmi\_frequencies returned by rsmi\_dev\_get\_gpu\_clk\_freq()) corresponding to that bit index will be allowed.

This function will change the performance level to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL in order to modify the set of allowable frequencies. Caller will need to set to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO in order to get back to default state.

All bits with indices greater than or equal to rsmi\_frequencies::num\_supported will be ignored.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	clk_type	the type of clock for which the set of frequencies will be modified
in	freq_bitmask	A bitmask indicating the indices of the frequencies that are to be enabled (1) and disabled (0). Only the lowest rsmi_frequencies.num_supported bits of this mask are relevant.

5.1.4.15 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_name\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \* name, size\_t len )

Get the name of a gpu device.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the device (up to len characters) buffer name.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.

5.1.4.16 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get ( uint32\_t *dv\_ind*, uint32\_t *sensor\_ind*, rsmi\_temperature\_metric *metric*, int64\_t \* *temperature* )

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a 0-based sensor index

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.	
in	metric	enum indicated which temperature value should be retrieved	
in,out	temperature	a pointer to int64_t to which the temperature will be written, in millidegrees Celcius.	

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.17 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_reset ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind )

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.

This function returns control of the fan to the system

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it
		could be greater than 0.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.1.4.18 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_rpms\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, int64\_t \* speed )

Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t speed, this function will write the current fan speed in RPMs to the uint32\_t pointed to by speed

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the speed will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.

 $5.1.4.19 \quad rsmi\_status\_t \ rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_get ( \ uint32\_t \ \textit{dv\_ind}, \ uint32\_t \ \textit{sensor\_ind}, \ int64\_t * \textit{speed} \ )$ 

Get the fan speed for the specfied device in RPMs.

Given a device index dv\_ind this function will get the fan speed.

#### **Parameters**

in   <i>dv_ind</i>   a device index
-------------------------------------

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t speed, this function will write the current fan speed (a value between 0 and 255) to the uint32\_t pointed to by speed

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the speed will be written

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.20 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_max\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \* max\_speed )

Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t max\_speed, this function will write the maximum fan speed possible to the uint32\_t pointed to by max\_speed

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in, out	max_speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the maximum speed will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.1.4.21 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_set ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t speed )

Set the fan speed for the specfied device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a integer value indicating speed speed, this function will attempt to set the fan speed to speed. An error will be returned if the specified speed is outside the allowable range for the device. The maximum value is 255 and the minimum is 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it
		could be greater than 0.
in	speed	the speed to which the function will attempt to set the fan Generated by Doxygen

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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 $5.1.4.22 \quad rsmi\_status\_t \ rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_get ( \ uint32\_t \ \textit{dv\_ind}, \ rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data*odv )$ 

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

Given a device index dv\_ind and a pointer to a rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data structure odv, this function will populate odv. See rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data for more details.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	odv	a pointer to an rsmi_od_volt_freq_data structure

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.1.4.23 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_curve\_regions\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \* num\_regions, rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region \* buffer )

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a pointer to an unsigned integer num\_regions and a buffer of rsmi\_freq\_volt\_collection region structures, buffer, this function will populate buffer with the current frequency-volt space regions. The caller should assign buffer to memory that can be written to by this function. The caller should also indicate the number of rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region structures that can safely be written to buffer in num\_regions.

The number of regions to expect this function provide (num\_regions) can be obtained by calling rsmi\_dev\_od—volt\_info\_get().

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	num_regions	As input, this is the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region structures that can be written to buffer. As output, this is the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region structures that were actually written.
in,out	buffer	a caller provided buffer to which rsmi_freq_volt_region structures will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.1.4.24 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_ave\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \* power )

Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv\_ind and a pointer to a uint64\_t power, this function will write the current average power consumption to the uint64\_t in microwatts pointed to by power. This function requires root privilege.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	power	a pointer to uint64_t to which the average power consumption will be written

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.1.4.25 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \* cap )

Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.

When power use rises above the value power, the system will take action to reduce power use. The power level returned through power will be in microWatts.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	сар	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the power cap, in microwatts

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.26 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_range\_get ( uint32\_t  $dv_i$  uint32\_t  $sensor_i$  uint64\_t \* max, uint64\_t \* min )

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

This function will return the maximum possible valid power cap max and the minimum possible valid power cap min

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	max	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the maximum possible power cap, in microwatts
in,out	min	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the minimum possible power capainemicrowallingen

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.1.4.27 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_set ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t cap )

Set the power cap value.

This function will set the power cap to the provided value cap. cap must be between the minimum and maximum power cap values set by the system, which can be obtained from rsmi dev power cap range get.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	сар	a uint64_t that indicates the desired power cap, in microwatts

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.28 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_power\_profile\_status \* status )

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

Given a device index <code>dv\_ind</code> and a pointer to a <code>rsmi\_power\_profile\_status</code> status, this function will set the bits of the <code>rsmi\_power\_profile\_status.available\_profiles</code> bit field of <code>status</code> to 1 if the profile corresponding to the respective <code>rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks</code> profiles are enabled. For example, if both the VIDEO and VR power profiles are available <code>selections</code>, then <code>RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VIDEO\_MASK</code> <code>AND'ed</code> with <code>rsmi\_power\_profile</code> <code>\_status.available\_profiles</code> will be non-zero as will <code>RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VR\_MASK</code> <code>AND'ed</code> with <code>rsmi\_power</code> <code>\_profile\_status.available\_profiles</code>. Additionally, <code>rsmi\_power\_profile\_status.current</code> will be set to the <code>rsmi\_power\_</code> <code>profile\_preset\_masks</code> of the profile that is currently active.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in, out	status	a pointer to rsmi_power_profile_status that will be populated by a call to this function

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.29 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_set ( uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks profile )

Set the power profile.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a sensor index sensor\_ind, and a profile, this function will attempt to set the current profile to the provided profile. The provided profile must be one of the currently supported profiles, as indicated by a call to rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get()

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in	profile	a rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks that hold the mask of the desired new power profile

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.1.4.30 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_status\_string ( rsmi\_status\_t status, const char \*\* status\_string )

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

Set the provided pointer to a const char \*,  $status\_string$ , to a string containing a description of the provided error code status.

#### **Parameters**

in	status	The error status for which a description is desired
in, out	status_string	A pointer to a const char * which will be made to point to a description of the
		provided error code

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call

5.1.4.31 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_version\_get ( rsmi\_version \* version )

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

Get the major, minor, patch and build string for RSMI build currently in use through version

#### **Parameters**

in,out	version	A pointer to an rsmi_version structure that will be updated with the version information	
		upon return.	

# Return values

RSMI STATUS SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call

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