ROCmSMI

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Chapter 1

ROCm System Management Interface (ROCm SMI) Library

The ROCm System Management Interface Library, or ROCm SMI library, is part of the Radeon Open Compute ROCm software stack. It is a C library for Linux that provides a user space interface for applications to monitor and control GPU applications.

Important note about Versioning and Backward Compatibility

The ROCm SMI library is currently under development, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. The intention is to keep the API as stable as possible even while in development, but in some cases we may need to break backwards compatibility in order to ensure future stability and usability. Following Semantic Versioning rules, while the ROCm SMI library is in high state of change, the major version will remain 0, and backward compatibility is not ensured.

Once new development has leveled off, the major version will become greater than 0, and backward compatibility will be enforced between major versions.

Building ROCm SMI

Additional Required software for building

In order to build the ROCm SMI library, the following components are required. Note that the software versions listed are what was used in development. Earlier versions are not guaranteed to work:

- CMake (v3.5.0)
- g++ (5.4.0)

In order to build the latest documentation, the following are required:

- DOxygen (1.8.11)
- latex (pdfTeX 3.14159265-2.6-1.40.16)

The source code for ROCm SMI is available on Github.

After the the ROCm SMI library git repository has been cloned to a local Linux machine, building the library is achieved by following the typical CMake build sequence. Specifically,

```
$ mk -p build
$ cd build
$ cmake <location of root of ROCm SMI library CMakeLists.txt>
$ make
```

The built library will appear in the build folder.

Building the Documentation

The documentation PDF file can be built with the following steps (continued from the steps above):

```
$ make doc
$ cd latex
$ make
```

The reference manual, refman.pdf will be in the latex directory upon a successful build.

Building the Tests

In order to verify the build and capability of ROCm SMI on your system and to see an example of how ROCm SMI can be used, you may build and run the tests that are available in the repo. To build the tests, follow these steps:

```
# Set environment variables used in CMakeLists.txt file
$ ROCM_DIR=<location of ROCm SMI library>
$ mkdir <location for test build>
$ cd <location for test build>
$ cmake -DROCM_DIR=<location of ROCM SMI library .so> <ROCm SMI source root>/tests/rocm_smi_test
```

To run the test, execute the program rsmitst that is built from the steps above. Make sure ROCm SMI library is in your library search path when executing the test program.

Usage Basics

Device Indices

Many of the functions in the library take a "device index". The device index is a number greater than or equal to 0, and less than the number of devices detected, as determined by rsmi_num_monitor_devices(). The index is used to distinguish the detected devices from one another. It is important to note that a device may end up with a different index after a reboot, so an index should not be relied upon to be constant over reboots.

Hello ROCm SMI

The only required ROCm-SMI call for any program that wants to use ROCm-SMI is the <code>rsmi_init()</code> call. This call initializes some internal data structures that will be used by subsequent ROCm-SMI calls.

When ROCm-SMI is no longer being used, rsmi_shut_down() should be called. This provides a way to do any releasing of resources that ROCm-SMI may have held. In many cases, this may have no effect, but may be necessary in future versions of the library.

A simple "Hello World" type program that displays the device ID of detected devices would look like this:

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include "rocm_smi/rocm_smi.h"
int main() {
    rsmi_status_t ret;
    uint32_t num_devices;
    uint64_t dev_id;

    // We will skip return code checks for this example, but it
    // is recommended to always check this as some calls may not
    // apply for some devices or ROCm releases

ret = rsmi_init(0);
    ret = rsmi_num_monitor_devices(&num_devices);

for (int i=0; i < num_devices; ++i) {
    ret = rsmi_dev_id_get(i, &dev_id);
    // dev_id holds the device ID of device i, upon a
    // successful call
    }
    ret = rsmi_shut_down();
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

ROCm System Management Interface (ROCm SMI) Library

Chapter 2

Module Index

2.1 Modules

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Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

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This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane	49
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This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here	51
rsmi_power_profile_status_t	
This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for	
a given device, and which power profile is currently active	52
rsmi_range_t	
This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages)	53
rsmi_version_t	
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Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

rocm smi.h

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Chapter 5

Module Documentation

5.1 Initialization and Shutdown

Functions

```
    rsmi_status_t rsmi_init (uint64_t init_flags)
    Initialize ROCm SMI.
```

rsmi_status_t rsmi_shut_down (void)

Shutdown ROCm SMI.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used for initialization of ROCm SMI and clean up when done.

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 rsmi_init()

Initialize ROCm SMI.

When called, this initializes internal data structures, including those corresponding to sources of information that SMI provides.

Parameters

in	init_flags	Bit flags that tell SMI how to initialze. Values of rsmi_init_flags_t may be OR'd together and		
		passed through init_flags to modify how RSMI initializes.		

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.

5.1.2.2 rsmi_shut_down()

Shutdown ROCm SMI.

Do any necessary clean up.

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5.2 Identifier Queries

Functions

• rsmi status t rsmi num monitor devices (uint32 t *num devices)

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint16_t *id)

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi status t rsmi dev vendor id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint16 t *id)

Get the device vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_name_get (uint32_t dv_ind, char *name, size_t len)

Get the name string of a gpu device.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_vendor_name_get (uint32_t id, char *name, size_t len)

Get the name string for a give vendor ID.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_subsystem_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint16_t *id)

Get the subsystem device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_subsystem_name_get (uint32_t dv_ind, char *name, size_t len)

Get the name string for the device subsytem.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_subsystem_vendor_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint16_t *id)

Get the device subsystem vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_unique_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *id)
 Get Unique ID.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide identification information.

5.2.2 Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 rsmi_num_monitor_devices()

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

The number of devices which have monitors is returned. Monitors are referenced by the index which can be between 0 and num_devices - 1.

Parameters

in,out	num_devices	Caller provided pointer to uint32_t. Upon successful call, the value num_devices
		will contain the number of monitor devices.

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.2.2.2 rsmi_dev_id_get()

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index <code>dv_ind</code> and a pointer to a uint32_t <code>id</code>, this function will write the device id value to the uint64_t pointed to by <code>id</code>. This ID is an identification of the type of device, so calling this function for different devices will give the same value if they are kind of device. Consequently, this function should not be used to distinguish one device from another. <code>rsmi_dev_pci_id_get()</code> should be used to get a unique identifier.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device id will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.2.2.3 rsmi_dev_vendor_id_get()

Get the device vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t id, this function will write the device vendor id value to the uint64_t pointed to by id.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device vendor id will be written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

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5.2.2.4 rsmi_dev_name_get()

Get the name string of a gpu device.

Given a device index dv_ind, a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the device (up to len characters) to the buffer name.

If the integer ID associated with the device is not found in one of the system files containing device name information (e.g. /usr/share/misc/pci.ids), then this function will return the hex device ID as a string. Updating the system name files can be accompplished with "sudo update-pciids".

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

5.2.2.5 rsmi_dev_vendor_name_get()

Get the name string for a give vendor ID.

Given vendor ID id, a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the vendor (up to len characters) buffer name. The id may be a device vendor or subsystem vendor ID.

If the integer ID associated with the vendor is not found in one of the system files containing device name information (e.g. /usr/share/misc/pci.ids), then this function will return the hex vendor ID as a string. Updating the system name files can be accompplished with "sudo update-pciids".

Parameters

in	id	a vendor ID
in, out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

5.2.2.6 rsmi_dev_subsystem_id_get()

Get the subsystem device id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t id, this function will write the subsystem device id value to the uint64_t pointed to by id.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the subsystem device id will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.2.2.7 rsmi_dev_subsystem_name_get()

Get the name string for the device subsytem.

Given a device index dv_ind , a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the device subsystem (up to len characters) to the buffer name.

If the integer ID associated with the sub-system is not found in one of the system files containing device name information (e.g. /usr/share/misc/pci.ids), then this function will return the hex sub-system ID as a string. Updating the system name files can be accompplished with "sudo update-pciids".

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

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Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

5.2.2.8 rsmi_dev_subsystem_vendor_id_get()

Get the device subsystem vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t id, this function will write the device subsystem vendor id value to the uint64_t pointed to by id.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device subsystem vendor id will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.2.2.9 rsmi_dev_unique_id_get()

Get Unique ID.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint64_t id, this function will write the unique ID of the GPU pointed to id.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the unique ID of the GPU is written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.3 PCle Queries

Functions

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_bandwidth_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t *bandwidth)

Get the list of possible PCIe bandwidths that are available.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *bdfid)

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_throughput_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *sent, uint64_t *received, uint64_←
t *max_pkt_sz)

Get PCIe traffic information.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_replay_counter_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *counter)

Get PCIe replay counter.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about PCIe.

5.3.2 Function Documentation

5.3.2.1 rsmi_dev_pci_bandwidth_get()

Get the list of possible PCIe bandwidths that are available.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a to an rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t structure bandwidth, this function will fill in bandwidth with the possible T/s values and associated number of lanes, and indication of the current selection.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	bandwidth	a pointer to a caller provided rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t structure to which the frequency
		information will be written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

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5.3.2.2 rsmi_dev_pci_id_get()

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

Give a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint64_t bdfid, this function will write the Bus/Device/Function PCI identifier (BDFID) associated with device dv_ind to the value pointed to by bdfid.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	bdfid	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device bdfid value will be written

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

5.3.2.3 rsmi_dev_pci_throughput_get()

Get PCIe traffic information.

Give a device index dv_{ind} and pointers to a uint64_t's, sent, received and max_{pkt_sz} , this function will write the number of bytes sent and received in 1 second to sent and received, respectively. The maximum possible packet size will be written to max_{pkt_sz} .

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	sent	a pointer to uint64_t to which the number of bytes sent will be written in 1 second. If pointer is NULL, it will be ignored.
in,out	received	a pointer to uint64_t to which the number of bytes received will be written. If pointer is NULL, it will be ignored.
in,out	max_pkt_sz	a pointer to uint64_t to which the maximum packet size will be written. If pointer is NULL, it will be ignored.

RSMI STATUS SUC	CESS is returned upon successful call.

5.3.2.4 rsmi_dev_pci_replay_counter_get()

Get PCIe replay counter.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint64_t counter, this function will write the sum of the number of NAK's received by the GPU and the NAK's generated by the GPU to memory pointed to by counter.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	counter	a pointer to uint64_t to which the sum of the NAK's received and generated by the GPU
		is written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

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5.4 PCle Control

Functions

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_bandwidth_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t bw_bitmask)

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide some control over PCIe.

5.4.2 Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 rsmi_dev_pci_bandwidth_set()

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

Given a device index dv_ind and a 64 bit bitmask $bw_bitmask$, this function will limit the set of allowable bandwidths. If a bit in $bw_bitmask$ has a value of 1, then the frequency (as ordered in an rsmi_frequencies_t returned by rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_get()) corresponding to that bit index will be allowed.

This function will change the performance level to RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_MANUAL in order to modify the set of allowable band_widths. Caller will need to set to RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_AUTO in order to get back to default state.

All bits with indices greater than or equal to the value of the rsmi_frequencies_t::num_supported field of rsmi_cpcie_bandwidth_t will be ignored.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	bw_bitmask	A bitmask indicating the indices of the bandwidths that are to be enabled (1) and disabled
		(0). Only the lowest rsmi_frequencies_t::num_supported (of rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t) bits of this mask are relevant.

5.5 Power Queries

Functions

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_ave_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *power)

 Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_cap_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *cap)

 Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_cap_range_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *max, uint64_t *min)

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about power usage.

5.5.2 Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 rsmi_dev_power_ave_get()

Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint64_t power, this function will write the current average power consumption to the uint64_t in microwatts pointed to by power. This function requires root privilege.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	power	a pointer to uint64_t to which the average power consumption will be written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.5 Power Queries 23

5.5.2.2 rsmi_dev_power_cap_get()

Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.

When power use rises above the value power, the system will take action to reduce power use. The power level returned through power will be in microWatts.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in, out	сар	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the power cap, in microwatts

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.5.2.3 rsmi_dev_power_cap_range_get()

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

This function will return the maximum possible valid power cap \max and the minimum possible valid power cap \min

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	max	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the maximum possible power cap, in microwatts
in,out	min	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the minimum possible power cap, in microwatts

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.6 Power Control

Functions

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_cap_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t cap)

 Set the power cap value.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_profile_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, rsmi_power_profile_←
 preset_masks_t profile)

Set the power profile.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide ways to control power usage.

5.6.2 Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 rsmi_dev_power_cap_set()

Set the power cap value.

This function will set the power cap to the provided value cap. cap must be between the minimum and maximum power cap values set by the system, which can be obtained from rsmi_dev_power_cap_range_get.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	сар	a uint64_t that indicates the desired power cap, in microwatts

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS | is returned upon successful call.
```

5.6.2.2 rsmi_dev_power_profile_set()

5.6 Power Control 25

```
uint32_t sensor_ind,
rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t profile )
```

Set the power profile.

Given a device index dv_{ind} , a sensor index sensor_ind, and a profile, this function will attempt to set the current profile to the provided profile. The provided profile must be one of the currently supported profiles, as indicated by a call to rsmi_dev_power_profile_presets_get()

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it
		could be greater than 0.
in	profile	a rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t that hold the mask of the desired new power profile

5.7 Memory Queries

Functions

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_memory_total_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_memory_type_t mem_type, uint64_
 t *total)

Get the total amount of memory that exists.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_memory_usage_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_memory_type_t mem_type, uint64_
 t *used)

Get the current memory usage.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about memory systems.

5.7.2 Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 rsmi_dev_memory_total_get()

Get the total amount of memory that exists.

Given a device index dv_ind , a type of memory mem_type , and a pointer to a uint64_t total, this function will write the total amount of mem_type memory that exists to the location pointed to by total.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	mem_type	The type of memory for which the total amount will be found
in,out	total	a pointer to uint64_t to which the total amount of memory will be written

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS | is returned upon successful call.
```

5.7.2.2 rsmi_dev_memory_usage_get()

5.7 Memory Queries 27

```
rsmi_memory_type_t mem_type,
uint64_t * used )
```

Get the current memory usage.

Given a device index dv_ind , a type of memory mem_type , and a pointer to a uint64_t usage, this function will write the amount of mem_type memory that that is currently being used to the location pointed to by total.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	mem_type	The type of memory for which the amount being used will be found
in, out	used	a pointer to uint64_t to which the amount of memory currently being used will be written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.8 Physical State Queries

Functions

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_rpms_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, int64_t *speed)

 Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_speed_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, int64_t *speed)

 Get the fan speed for the specified device in RPMs.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_speed_max_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *max_speed)

 Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_temp_metric_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_type, rsmi_temperature_metric
 — t metric, int64_t *temperature)

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

5.8.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about the physical characteristics of the device.

5.8.2 Function Documentation

5.8.2.1 rsmi_dev_fan_rpms_get()

Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t speed, this function will write the current fan speed in RPMs to the uint32_t pointed to by speed

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the speed will be written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.8.2.2 rsmi_dev_fan_speed_get()

Get the fan speed for the specified device in RPMs.

Given a device index dv_ind this function will get the fan speed.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
----	--------	----------------

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t speed, this function will write the current fan speed (a value between 0 and 255) to the uint32_t pointed to by speed

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the speed will be written

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

5.8.2.3 rsmi_dev_fan_speed_max_get()

Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t max_speed, this function will write the maximum fan speed possible to the uint32_t pointed to by max_speed

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	max_speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the maximum speed will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.8.2.4 rsmi_dev_temp_metric_get()

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

Given a device index dv_ind, a sensor type sensor_type, a rsmi_temperature_metric_t metric and a pointer to an int64_t temperature, this function will write the value of the metric indicated by metric and sensor—type to the memory location temperature.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_type	part of device from which temperature should be obtained. This should come from
		the enum rsmi_temperature_type_t
in	metric	enum indicated which temperature value should be retrieved
in,out	temperature	a pointer to int64_t to which the temperature will be written, in millidegrees Celcius.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.9 Physical State Control

Functions

```
• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_reset (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind)

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.
```

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_speed_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t speed)

Set the fan speed for the specified device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

5.9.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide control over the physical state of a device.

5.9.2 Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 rsmi_dev_fan_reset()

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.

This function returns control of the fan to the system

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it
		could be greater than 0.

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

5.9.2.2 rsmi_dev_fan_speed_set()

Set the fan speed for the specified device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

Given a device index dv_ind and a integer value indicating speed speed, this function will attempt to set the fan speed to speed. An error will be returned if the specified speed is outside the allowable range for the device. The maximum value is 255 and the minimum is 0.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it
		could be greater than 0.
in	speed	the speed to which the function will attempt to set the fan

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.10 Clock, Power and Performance Queries

Functions

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_busy_percent_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t *busy_percent)
 - Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_perf_level_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_dev_perf_level_t *perf)

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t *od)

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

 $\bullet \ rsmi_status_t \ rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_get \ (uint 32_t \ dv_ind, \ rsmi_clk_type_t \ clk_type, \ rsmi_frequencies_t \ *f)$

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_od_volt_info_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t *odv)

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_od_volt_curve_regions_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t *num_regions, rsmi_freq_
 volt_region_t *buffer)

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_profile_presets_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, rsmi_power_
 profile_status_t *status)

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

5.10.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about clock frequencies and performance.

5.10.2 Function Documentation

5.10.2.1 rsmi_dev_busy_percent_get()

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

Given a device index dv_ind, this function returns the percentage of time that the specified device is busy. The device is considered busy if any one or more of its sub-blocks are working, and idle if none of the sub-blocks are working.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	busy_percent	a pointer to the uint32_t to which the busy percent will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
---------------------	----------------------------------

5.10.2.2 rsmi_dev_perf_level_get()

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t perf, this function will write the rsmi_dev_perf_level_t to the uint32_t pointed to by perf

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	perf	a pointer to rsmi_dev_perf_level_t to which the performance level will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.10.2.3 rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_get()

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a uint32_t od, this function will write the overdrive percentage to the uint32_t pointed to by od

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	od	a pointer to uint32_t to which the overdrive percentage will be written

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.10.2.4 rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_get()

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

Given a device index dv_ind, a clock type clk_type, and a pointer to a to an rsmi_frequencies_t structure f, this function will fill in f with the possible clock speeds, and indication of the current clock speed selection.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	clk_type	the type of clock for which the frequency is desired
in,out	f	a pointer to a caller provided rsmi_frequencies_t structure to which the frequency
		information will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.10.2.5 rsmi_dev_od_volt_info_get()

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

Given a device index dv_ind and a pointer to a rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t structure odv, this function will populate odv. See rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t for more details.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	odv	a pointer to an rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t structure

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.10.2.6 rsmi_dev_od_volt_curve_regions_get()

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

Given a device index dv_ind, a pointer to an unsigned integer num_regions and a buffer of rsmi_freq_voltc_region_t structures, buffer, this function will populate buffer with the current frequency-volt space regions. The caller should assign buffer to memory that can be written to by this function. The caller should also indicate the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures that can safely be written to buffer in num_regions.

The number of regions to expect this function provide (num_regions) can be obtained by calling rsmi_dev_od—volt_info_get().

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	num_regions	As input, this is the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures that can be written to buffer . As output, this is the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures that were actually written.
in,out	buffer	a caller provided buffer to which rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures will be written

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.10.2.7 rsmi_dev_power_profile_presets_get()

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

Given a device index <code>dv_ind</code> and a pointer to a <code>rsmi_power_profile_status_t</code> status, this function will set the bits of the <code>rsmi_power_profile_status_t.available_profiles</code> bit field of <code>status</code> to 1 if the profile corresponding to the respective <code>rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t</code> profiles are enabled. For example, if both the VIDEO and VR power profiles are available selections, then <code>RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VIDEO_MASK</code> AND'ed with <code>rsmi_power_profile</code> <code>_status_t.available_profiles</code> will be non-zero as will <code>RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VR_MASK</code> AND'ed with <code>rsmi_epower_profile_status_t.available_profiles</code>. Additionally, <code>rsmi_power_profile_status_t.current</code> will be set to the <code>rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t</code> of the profile that is currently active.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in, out	status	a pointer to rsmi_power_profile_status_t that will be populated by a call to this function Generated by Doxygen

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS | is returned upon successful call.

5.11 Clock, Power and Performance Control

Functions

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_perf_level_set (int32_t dv_ind, rsmi_dev_perf_level_t perf_lvl)
 - Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_set (int32_t dv_ind, uint32_t od)
 - Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_set (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_clk_type_t clk_type, uint64_t freq_bitmask)

 Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_od_freq_range_set (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_clk_type_t clk, rsmi_range_t *range)

 Set the frequency limits for the specified clock.

5.11.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide control over clock frequencies, power and performance.

5.11.2 Function Documentation

5.11.2.1 rsmi_dev_perf_level_set()

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

Given a device index dv_{ind} and an $rsmi_{dev_{perf_{level_t}}}$ $perf_{level}$, this function will set the PowerPlay performance level for the device to the value $perf_{level}$.

Parameters

ſ	in	dv_ind	a device index
ſ	in	perf←	the value to which the performance level should be set
		_lvl	

RSMI STATUS SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.

5.11.2.2 rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_set()

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

Given a device index dv_ind and an overdrive level od, this function will set the overdrive level for the device to the value od. The overdrive level is an integer value between 0 and 20, inclusive, which represents the overdrive percentage; e.g., a value of 5 specifies an overclocking of 5%.

The overdrive level is specific to the gpu system clock.

The overdrive level is the percentage above the maximum Performance Level to which overclocking will be limited. The overclocking percentage does not apply to clock speeds other than the maximum. This percentage is limited to 20%.

******WARNING****** Operating your AMD GPU outside of official AMD specifications or outside of factory settings, including but not limited to the conducting of overclocking (including use of this overclocking software, even if such software has been directly or indirectly provided by AMD or otherwise affiliated in any way with AMD), may cause damage to your AMD GPU, system components and/or result in system failure, as well as cause other problems. DAMAGES CAUSED BY USE OF YOUR AMD GPU OUTSIDE OF OFFICIAL AMD SPECIFICATIONS OR OUTSIDE OF FACTORY SETTINGS ARE NOT COVERED UNDER ANY AMD PRODUCT WARRANTY ACHOND MAY NOT BE COVERED BY YOUR BOARD OR SYSTEM MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY. Please use this utility with caution.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	od	the value to which the overdrive level should be set

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

5.11.2.3 rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_set()

Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.

Given a device index dv_ind, a clock type clk_type, and a 64 bit bitmask freq_bitmask, this function will limit the set of allowable frequencies. If a bit in freq_bitmask has a value of 1, then the frequency (as ordered in an rsmi_frequencies_t returned by rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_get()) corresponding to that bit index will be allowed.

This function will change the performance level to RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_MANUAL in order to modify the set of allowable frequencies. Caller will need to set to RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_AUTO in order to get back to default state.

All bits with indices greater than or equal to rsmi_frequencies_t::num_supported will be ignored.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in	clk_type	the type of clock for which the set of frequencies will be modified	
in	freq_bitmask	A bitmask indicating the indices of the frequencies that are to be enabled (1) and disabled (0). Only the lowest rsmi_frequencies_t.num_supported bits of this mask are relevant.	

5.11.2.4 rsmi_dev_od_freq_range_set()

Set the frequency limits for the specified clock.

Given a device index dv_{ind} , a clock type (rsmi_clk_type_t) clk, and a pointer to a rsmi_range_t range containing the desired upper and lower frequency limits, this function will attempt to set the frequency limits to those specified in range.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	clk	The clock type for which the limits should be imposed.
in	range	A pointer to the rsmi_range_t containing the desired limits

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.12 Version Queries 41

5.12 Version Queries

Functions

rsmi_status_t rsmi_version_get (rsmi_version_t *version)

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_version_str_get (rsmi_sw_component_t component, char *ver_str, uint32_t len)

 Get the driver version string for the current system.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_vbios_version_get (uint32_t dv_ind, char *vbios, uint32_t len)

 Get the VBIOS identifer string.

5.12.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide version information about various subsystems.

5.12.2 Function Documentation

5.12.2.1 rsmi_version_get()

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

Get the major, minor, patch and build string for RSMI build currently in use through version

Parameters

in, out	version	A pointer to an rsmi_version_t structure that will be updated with the version information	
		upon return.	

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call
```

5.12.2.2 rsmi_version_str_get()

Get the driver version string for the current system.

Given a software component component, a pointer to a char buffer, ver_str, this function will write the driver version string (up to len characters) for the current system to ver_str. The caller must ensure that it is safe to write at least len characters to ver_str.

Parameters

in	component	The component for which the version string is being requested	
in,out	ver_str A pointer to a buffer of char's to which the VBIOS name will be written		
in	len	The number of char's pointed to by ver_str which can safely be written to by this function.	

Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

5.12.2.3 rsmi_dev_vbios_version_get()

Get the VBIOS identifer string.

Given a device ID dv_{ind} , and a pointer to a char buffer, vbios, this function will write the VBIOS string (up to len characters) for device dv_{ind} to vbios. The caller must ensure that it is safe to write at least len characters to vbios.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in,out	vbios	A pointer to a buffer of char's to which the VBIOS name will be written	
in	len	The number of char's pointed to by vbios which can safely be written to by this function.	

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
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5.13 Error Queries

Functions

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_ecc_count_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_gpu_block_t block, rsmi_error_count_t *ec)

Retrieve the error counts for a GPU block.

```
• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_ecc_enabled_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *enabled_mask)

Retrieve the enabled ECC bit-mask.
```

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_ecc_status_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_gpu_block_t block, rsmi_ras_err_state_
 t *state)

Retrieve the ECC status for a GPU block.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_status_string (rsmi_status_t status, const char **status_string)
 Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide error information about RSMI calls as well as device errors.

5.13.2 Function Documentation

5.13.2.1 rsmi_dev_ecc_count_get()

Retrieve the error counts for a GPU block.

Given a device index dv_ind , an $rsmi_gpu_block_t block$ and a pointer to an $rsmi_error_count_t ec$, this function will write the error count values for the GPU block indicated by block to memory pointed to by ec.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in	block	The block for which error counts should be retrieved	
in,out	ec	A pointer to an rsmi_error_count_t to which the error counts should be written	

RSML STATUS SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
HOMI_STATOS_SOCOLSS	is returned upon successful call.

5.13.2.2 rsmi_dev_ecc_enabled_get()

Retrieve the enabled ECC bit-mask.

Given a device index dv_ind, and a pointer to a uint64_t enabled_mask, this function will write a bit_mask to memory pointed to by enabled_mask. Upon a successful call, the bitmask can then be AND'd with elements of the rsmi_gpu_block_t ennumeration to determine if the corresponding block has ECC enabled. Note that the bits above RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_LAST correspond to blocks that do not yet have ECC support.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	enabled_mask	A pointer to a uint64_t to which the enabled mask will be written

Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

5.13.2.3 rsmi_dev_ecc_status_get()

Retrieve the ECC status for a GPU block.

Given a device index dv_ind, an rsmi_gpu_block_t block and a pointer to an rsmi_ras_err_state_t state, this function will write the current state for the GPU block indicated by block to memory pointed to by state.

Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	block	The block for which error counts should be retrieved
in,out	state	A pointer to an rsmi_ras_err_state_t to which the ECC state should be written

RSMI STATUS SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.

5.13 Error Queries 45

5.13.2.4 rsmi_status_string()

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

Set the provided pointer to a const char *, $status_string$, to a string containing a description of the provided error code status.

Parameters

in	status	The error status for which a description is desired
in,out	status_string	A pointer to a const char * which will be made to point to a description of the
		provided error code

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned up	upon successful call
--------------------------------------	----------------------

Chapter 6

Data Structure Documentation

6.1 rsmi_error_count_t Struct Reference

This structure holds error counts.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

- uint64_t correctable_err
 - Accumulated correctable errors.
- uint64 t uncorrectable err

Accumulated uncorrectable errors.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds error counts.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm_smi.h

6.2 rsmi_freq_volt_region_t Struct Reference

This structure holds 2 rsmi_range_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi_od_vddc_point_t.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

· rsmi_range_t freq_range

The frequency range for this VDDC Curve point.

rsmi_range_t volt_range

The voltage range for this VDDC Curve point.

6.2.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds 2 rsmi_range_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi_od_vddc_point_t.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm_smi.h

6.3 rsmi_frequencies_t Struct Reference

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

- uint32_t num_supported
- uint32_t current
- uint64_t frequency [RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]

6.3.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

6.3.2 Field Documentation

6.3.2.1 num_supported

```
uint32_t rsmi_frequencies_t::num_supported
```

The number of supported frequencies

6.3.2.2 current

```
uint32_t rsmi_frequencies_t::current
```

The current frequency index

6.3.2.3 frequency

```
uint64_t rsmi_frequencies_t::frequency[RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]
```

List of frequencies. Only the first num_supported frequencies are valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm_smi.h

6.4 rsmi_od_vddc_point_t Struct Reference

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

• uint64_t frequency

Frequency coordinate (in Hz)

uint64_t voltage

Voltage coordinate (in mV)

6.4.1 Detailed Description

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm_smi.h

6.5 rsmi_od_volt_curve_t Struct Reference

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

rsmi_od_vddc_point_t vc_points [RSMI_NUM_VOLTAGE_CURVE_POINTS]

6.5.1 Detailed Description

RSMI_NUM_VOLTAGE_CURVE_POINTS number of rsmi_od_vddc_point_t's

6.5.2 Field Documentation

6.5.2.1 vc_points

```
rsmi_od_vddc_point_t rsmi_od_volt_curve_t::vc_points[RSMI_NUM_VOLTAGE_CURVE_POINTS]
```

Array of RSMI_NUM_VOLTAGE_CURVE_POINTS rsmi_od_vddc_point_t's that make up the voltage frequency curve points.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm_smi.h

6.6 rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t Struct Reference

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

- rsmi_range_t curr_sclk_range
 - The current SCLK frequency range.
- rsmi_range_t curr_mclk_range
- · rsmi_range_t sclk_freq_limits

The range possible of SCLK values.

• rsmi_range_t mclk_freq_limits

The range possible of MCLK values.

• rsmi_od_volt_curve_t curve

The current voltage curve.

• uint32_t num_regions

The number of voltage curve regions.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

6.6.2 Field Documentation

6.6.2.1 curr_mclk_range

```
rsmi_range_t rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t::curr_mclk_range
```

The current MCLK frequency range; (upper bound only)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm_smi.h

6.7 rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t Struct Reference

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

- rsmi_frequencies_t transfer_rate
- uint32_t lanes [RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]

6.7.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

6.7.2 Field Documentation

6.7.2.1 transfer_rate

```
rsmi_frequencies_t rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t::transfer_rate
```

Transfer rates (T/s) that are possible

6.7.2.2 lanes

```
uint32_t rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t::lanes[RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]
```

List of lanes for corresponding transfer rate. Only the first num_supported bandwidths are valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm smi.h

6.8 rsmi_power_profile_status_t Struct Reference

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

- rsmi_bit_field_t available_profiles
- · rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t current
- uint32_t num_profiles

6.8.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

6.8.2 Field Documentation

6.8.2.1 available_profiles

```
rsmi_bit_field_t rsmi_power_profile_status_t::available_profiles
```

Which profiles are supported by this system

6.8.2.2 current

```
rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t rsmi_power_profile_status_t::current
```

Which power profile is currently active

6.8.2.3 num_profiles

```
uint32_t rsmi_power_profile_status_t::num_profiles
```

How many power profiles are available

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm smi.h

6.9 rsmi_range_t Struct Reference

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

• uint64_t lower_bound

Lower bound of range.

• uint64_t upper_bound

Upper bound of range.

6.9.1 Detailed Description

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm_smi.h

6.10 rsmi_version_t Struct Reference

This structure holds version information.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

Data Fields

uint32_t major

Major version.

• uint32_t minor

Minor version.

uint32_t patch

Patch, build or stepping version.

· const char * build

Build string.

6.10.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds version information.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm smi.h

Chapter 7

File Documentation

7.1 rocm_smi.h File Reference

The rocm_smi library api is new, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. Instead of marking every function prototype as "unstable", we are instead saying the API is unstable (i.e., changes are possible) while the major version remains 0. This means that if the API/ABI changes, we will not increment the major version to 1. Once the ABI stabilizes, we will increment the major version to 1, and thereafter increment it on all ABI breaks.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
```

Data Structures

· struct rsmi_power_profile_status_t

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

· struct rsmi_frequencies_t

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

• struct rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

· struct rsmi_version_t

This structure holds version information.

· struct rsmi_range_t

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

struct rsmi_od_vddc_point_t

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

struct rsmi_freq_volt_region_t

This structure holds 2 rsmi_range_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi_od_vddc_point_t.

- struct rsmi_od_volt_curve_t
- struct rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

struct rsmi_error_count_t

This structure holds error counts.

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Macros

#define RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES 32

Guaranteed maximum possible number of supported frequencies.

- #define RSMI MAX FAN SPEED 255
- #define RSMI_NUM_VOLTAGE_CURVE_POINTS 3

The number of points that make up a voltage-frequency curve definition.

#define RSMI MAX NUM POWER PROFILES (sizeof(rsmi bit field t) * 8)

Number of possible power profiles that a system could support.

Typedefs

typedef uint64 t rsmi bit field t

Bitfield used in various RSMI calls.

Enumerations

```
• enum rsmi_status_t {
    RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS = 0x0, RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS, RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED,
    RSMI_STATUS_FILE_ERROR,
    RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION, RSMI_STATUS_OUT_OF_RESOURCES, RSMI_STATUS_INTERNAL_←
    EXCEPTION, RSMI_STATUS_INPUT_OUT_OF_BOUNDS,
    RSMI_STATUS_INIT_ERROR, RSMI_INITIALIZATION_ERROR = RSMI_STATUS_INIT_ERROR, RSMI←
    _STATUS_NOT_YET_IMPLEMENTED, RSMI_STATUS_NOT_FOUND,
    RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, RSMI_STATUS_UNKNOWN_ERROR = 0xFFFFFFFF}}
```

Error codes retured by rocm_smi_lib functions.

- enum rsmi_init_flags_t { RSMI_INIT_FLAG_ALL_GPUS = 0x1 }
 - Initialization flags.
- enum rsmi_dev_perf_level_t {

RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_AUTO = 0, RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_FIRST = RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_ ↔ AUTO, RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LOW, RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_HIGH,

RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_MANUAL, RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_STD, RSMI_DEV_PERF_LE
∨ VEL_STABLE_PEAK, RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_MIN_MCLK,

 $\label{eq:rsmi_dev_perf_level_stable_min_sclk} $$\operatorname{RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LAST} = \operatorname{RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LAST} = \operatorname{RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LAST} = \operatorname{RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LNKNOWN} = 0x100 \end{equation}$

PowerPlay performance levels.

 enum rsmi_sw_component_t { RSMI_SW_COMP_FIRST = 0x0, RSMI_SW_COMP_DRIVER = RSMI_SW _ COMP_FIRST, RSMI_SW_COMP_LAST = RSMI_SW_COMP_DRIVER }

Available clock types.

enum rsmi clk type t {

RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS = 0x0, RSMI_CLK_TYPE_FIRST = RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS, RSMI_CLK_TYPE_↔
DF, RSMI_CLK_TYPE_DCEF,

RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SOC, RSMI_CLK_TYPE_MEM, RSMI_CLK_TYPE_LAST = RSMI_CLK_TYPE_MEM, RSMI_CLK_INVALID = 0xffffffff }

enum rsmi_temperature_metric_t {

RSMI_TEMP_CURRENT = 0x0, RSMI_TEMP_FIRST = RSMI_TEMP_CURRENT, RSMI_TEMP_MAX, R← SMI_TEMP_MIN.

RSMI_TEMP_MAX_HYST, RSMI_TEMP_MIN_HYST, RSMI_TEMP_CRITICAL, RSMI_TEMP_CRITICAL \leftrightarrow HYST,

RSMI_TEMP_EMERGENCY, RSMI_TEMP_EMERGENCY_HYST, RSMI_TEMP_CRIT_MIN, RSMI_TEM→ P CRIT_MIN_HYST.

$$\label{eq:rsml_temp_offset} \begin{split} & \text{RSMI_TEMP_LOWEST, RSMI_TEMP_HIGHEST, } & \text{RSMI_TEMP_LAST} = \text{RSMI_} \\ & \text{TEMP_HIGHEST} \end{split} \end{split}$$

Temperature Metrics. This enum is used to identify various temperature metrics. Corresponding values will be in millidegress Celcius.

• enum rsmi_temperature_type_t {

RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_LAST = RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_MEMORY }

This ennumeration is used to indicate from which part of the device a temperature reading should be obtained.

enum rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t {

RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_CUSTOM_MASK = 0x1, RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VIDEO_MASK = 0x2, R ← SMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_POWER_SAVING_MASK = 0x4, RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_COMPUTE_MASK = 0x8

RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VR_MASK = 0x10, RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_3D_FULL_SCR_MASK = 0x20, RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_BOOTUP_DEFAULT = 0x40, RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_LAST = RSMI_PW↔ R PROF_PRST_BOOTUP_DEFAULT,

Pre-set Profile Selections. These bitmasks can be AND'd with the rsmi_power_profile_status_t.available_profiles returned from rsmi_dev_power_profile_presets_get() to determine which power profiles are supported by the system.

enum rsmi_gpu_block_t {

 $\label{eq:rsmi_gpu_block_invalid} \begin{aligned} & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_INVALID} = 0x000000000000000000000, \\ & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_UMC} = & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_FIRST}, \\ & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_SDMA} = 0x00000000000000000, \\ & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_GFX} = & 0x0000000000000000, \\ & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_LAST} = & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_} \\ & \text{GFX}, \\ & \text{RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_RESERVED} = & 0x8000000000000000 \\ \end{aligned}$

This enum is used to identify different GPU blocks.

enum rsmi_ras_err_state_t {

RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_NONE = 0, RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_DISABLED, RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE ← _ PARITY, RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_SING_C,

RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_MULT_UC, RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_POISON, RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_L ↔ AST = RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_POISON, RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_INVALID = 0xFFFFFFFFF}

The current ECC state.

enum rsmi_memory_type_t {

RSMI_MEM_TYPE_LAST = RSMI_MEM_TYPE_GTT }

Types of memory.

enum rsmi_freq_ind_t { RSMI_FREQ_IND_MIN = 0, RSMI_FREQ_IND_MAX = 1, RSMI_FREQ_IND_INV
 ALID = 0xFFFFFFFF}

This values of this enum are used as frequency identifiers.

Functions

• rsmi status t rsmi init (uint64 t init flags)

Initialize ROCm SMI.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_shut_down (void)

Shutdown ROCm SMI.

• rsmi status t rsmi num monitor devices (uint32 t *num devices)

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint16_t *id)

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_vendor_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint16_t *id)
 Get the device vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

the device vertee is a decorated with the device with provided device makes.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_name_get (uint32_t dv_ind, char *name, size_t len)

Get the name string of a gpu device.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_vendor_name_get (uint32_t id, char *name, size_t len)

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Get the name string for a give vendor ID.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_subsystem_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint16_t *id)

Get the subsystem device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_subsystem_name_get (uint32_t dv_ind, char *name, size_t len)

Get the name string for the device subsytem.

rsmi status t rsmi dev subsystem vendor id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint16 t *id)

Get the device subsystem vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi status t rsmi dev unique id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint64 t *id)

Get Unique ID.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_bandwidth_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t *bandwidth)

Get the list of possible PCIe bandwidths that are available.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_id_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *bdfid)

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_throughput_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *sent, uint64_t *received, uint64_←
 t *max_pkt_sz)

Get PCIe traffic information.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_pci_replay_counter_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *counter)

Get PCIe replay counter.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev pci bandwidth set (uint32 t dv ind, uint64 t bw bitmask)

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_ave_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *power)

Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev power cap get (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t sensor ind, uint64 t *cap)

Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_cap_range_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *max, uint64_t *min)

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_cap_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t cap)

Set the power cap value.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_profile_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, rsmi_power_profile_←
preset_masks_t profile)

Set the power profile.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_memory_total_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_memory_type_t mem_type, uint64_
 t *total)

Get the total amount of memory that exists.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_memory_usage_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_memory_type_t mem_type, uint64_
 t *used)

Get the current memory usage.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_rpms_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, int64_t *speed)

Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev fan speed get (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t sensor ind, int64 t *speed)

Get the fan speed for the specified device in RPMs.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_speed_max_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t *max_speed)

Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_temp_metric_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_type, rsmi_temperature_metric
 — t metric, int64_t *temperature)

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_reset (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind)

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_speed_set (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, uint64_t speed)

Set the fan speed for the specified device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_busy_percent_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t *busy_percent)

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_perf_level_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_dev_perf_level_t *perf)

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t *od)

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi status t rsmi dev gpu clk freq get (uint32 t dv ind, rsmi clk type t clk type, rsmi frequencies t *f)

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_od_volt_info_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t *odv)

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_od_volt_curve_regions_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t *num_regions, rsmi_freq_
 volt_region_t *buffer)

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_power_profile_presets_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind, rsmi_power_
 profile status t *status)

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_perf_level_set (int32_t dv_ind, rsmi_dev_perf_level_t perf_lvl)

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_set (int32_t dv_ind, uint32_t od)

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_gpu_clk_freq_set (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_clk_type_t clk_type, uint64_t freq_bitmask)

 Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_od_freq_range_set (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_clk_type_t clk, rsmi_range_t *range)

 Set the frequency limits for the specified clock.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_version_get (rsmi_version_t *version)

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_version_str_get (rsmi_sw_component_t component, char *ver_str, uint32_t len)

Get the driver version string for the current system.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_vbios_version_get (uint32_t dv_ind, char *vbios, uint32_t len)

Get the VBIOS identifer string.

- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_ecc_count_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_gpu_block_t block, rsmi_error_count_t *ec)

 Retrieve the error counts for a GPU block.
- rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_ecc_enabled_get (uint32_t dv_ind, uint64_t *enabled_mask)

Retrieve the enabled ECC bit-mask.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_ecc_status_get (uint32_t dv_ind, rsmi_gpu_block_t block, rsmi_ras_err_state_← t *state)

Retrieve the ECC status for a GPU block.

rsmi_status_t rsmi_status_string (rsmi_status_t status, const char **status_string)

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

The rocm_smi library api is new, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. Instead of marking every function prototype as "unstable", we are instead saying the API is unstable (i.e., changes are possible) while the major version remains 0. This means that if the API/ABI changes, we will not increment the major version to 1. Once the ABI stabilizes, we will increment the major version to 1, and thereafter increment it on all ABI breaks.

Main header file for the ROCm SMI library. All required function, structure, enum, etc. definitions should be defined in this file.

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7.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.1.2.1 RSMI_MAX_FAN_SPEED

```
#define RSMI_MAX_FAN_SPEED 255
```

Maximum possible value for fan speed. Should be used as the denominator when determining fan speed percentage.

7.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.1.3.1 rsmi_status_t

enum rsmi_status_t

Error codes retured by rocm_smi_lib functions.

Enumerator

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	Operation was successful.
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	Passed in arguments are not valid.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	The requested information or action is not available for the
	given input, on the given system
RSMI_STATUS_FILE_ERROR	Problem accessing a file. This may because the operation is
	not supported by the Linux kernel version running on the
	executing machine
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	Permission denied/EACCESS file error. Many functions
	require root access to run.
RSMI_STATUS_OUT_OF_RESOURCES	Unable to acquire memory or other resource
RSMI_STATUS_INTERNAL_EXCEPTION	An internal exception was caught.
RSMI_STATUS_INPUT_OUT_OF_BOUNDS	The provided input is out of allowable or safe range
RSMI_STATUS_INIT_ERROR	An error occurred when rsmi initializing internal data
	structures
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_YET_IMPLEMENTED	The requested function has not yet been implemented in the
	current system for the current devices
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_FOUND	An item was searched for but not found
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	Not enough resources were for the operation
RSMI_STATUS_UNKNOWN_ERROR	An unknown error occurred.

7.1.3.2 rsmi_init_flags_t

 $\verb"enum rsmi_init_flags_t"$

Initialization flags.

Initialization flags may be OR'd together and passed to rsmi_init().

Enumerator

RSMI_INIT_FLAG_ALL_GPUS	Attempt to add all GPUs found (including non-AMD) to the list of devices
	from which SMI information can be retrieved. By default, only AMD devices
	are ennumerated by RSMI.

7.1.3.3 rsmi_dev_perf_level_t

enum rsmi_dev_perf_level_t

PowerPlay performance levels.

Enumerator

RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_AUTO	Performance level is "auto".
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LOW	Keep PowerPlay levels "low", regardless of workload
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_HIGH	Keep PowerPlay levels "high", regardless of workload
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_MANUAL	Only use values defined by manually setting the RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS speed
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_STD	Stable power state with profiling clocks
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_PEAK	Stable power state with peak clocks.
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_MIN_MCLK	Stable power state with minimum memory clock
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_MIN_SCLK	Stable power state with minimum system clock
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_UNKNOWN	Unknown performance level.

7.1.3.4 rsmi_sw_component_t

enum rsmi_sw_component_t

Available clock types.

Software components

Enumerator

RSMI_SW_COMP_DRIVER Driver.

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7.1.3.5 rsmi_clk_type_t

enum rsmi_clk_type_t

Clock types

Enumerator

RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS	System clock.
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_DF	Data Fabric clock (for ASICs running on a separate clock)
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_DCEF	Display Controller Engine clock.
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SOC	SOC clock.
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_MEM	Memory clock.

7.1.3.6 rsmi_temperature_metric_t

enum rsmi_temperature_metric_t

Temperature Metrics. This enum is used to identify various temperature metrics. Corresponding values will be in millidegress Celcius.

Enumerator

RSMI_TEMP_CURRENT	Temperature current value.
RSMI_TEMP_MAX	Temperature max value.
RSMI_TEMP_MIN	Temperature min value.
RSMI_TEMP_MAX_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for max limit. (This is an absolute
	temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_MIN_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for min limit. (This is an absolute
	temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_CRITICAL	Temperature critical max value, typically greater than corresponding
	temp_max values.
RSMI_TEMP_CRITICAL_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for critical limit. (This is an absolute
	temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_EMERGENCY	Temperature emergency max value, for chips supporting more than two
	upper temperature limits. Must be equal or greater than corresponding
	temp_crit values.
RSMI_TEMP_EMERGENCY_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for emergency limit. (This is an absolute
	temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_CRIT_MIN	Temperature critical min value, typically lower than corresponding
	temperature minimum values.
RSMI_TEMP_CRIT_MIN_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for critical minimum limit. (This is an
	absolute temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_OFFSET	Temperature offset which is added to the temperature reading by the
	chip.
RSMI_TEMP_LOWEST	Historical minimum temperature.
RSMI_TEMP_HIGHEST	Historical maximum temperature.

7.1.3.7 rsmi_temperature_type_t

```
enum rsmi_temperature_type_t
```

This ennumeration is used to indicate from which part of the device a temperature reading should be obtained.

Enumerator

RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_EDGE	Edge GPU temperature.
RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_JUNCTION	Junction/hotspot temperature
RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_MEMORY	VRAM temperature.

7.1.3.8 rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t

```
enum rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t
```

Pre-set Profile Selections. These bitmasks can be AND'd with the rsmi_power_profile_status_t.available_profiles returned from rsmi_dev_power_profile_presets_get() to determine which power profiles are supported by the system.

Enumerator

RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_CUSTOM_MASK	Custom Power Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VIDEO_MASK	Video Power Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_POWER_SAVING_MASK	Power Saving Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_COMPUTE_MASK	Compute Saving Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VR_MASK	VR Power Profile. 3D Full Screen Power Profile
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_BOOTUP_DEFAULT	Default Boot Up Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_LAST	Invalid power profile.

7.1.3.9 rsmi_gpu_block_t

enum rsmi_gpu_block_t

This enum is used to identify different GPU blocks.

Enumerator

RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_INVALID	Used to indicate an invalid block
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_UMC	UMC block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_SDMA	SDMA block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_GFX	GFX block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_LAST	The highest bit position for supported blocks

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7.1.3.10 rsmi_ras_err_state_t

enum rsmi_ras_err_state_t

The current ECC state.

Enumerator

RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_NONE	No current errors.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_DISABLED	ECC is disabled.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_PARITY	ECC errors present, but type unknown.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_SING_C	Single correctable error.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_MULT_UC	Multiple uncorrectable errors.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_POISON	Firmware detected error and isolated page. Treat as uncorrectable.

7.1.3.11 rsmi_memory_type_t

enum rsmi_memory_type_t

Types of memory.

Enumerator

RSMI_MEM_TYPE_VRAM	VRAM memory.
RSMI_MEM_TYPE_VIS_VRAM	VRAM memory that is visible.
RSMI_MEM_TYPE_GTT	GTT memory.

7.1.3.12 rsmi_freq_ind_t

enum rsmi_freq_ind_t

This values of this enum are used as frequency identifiers.

Enumerator

RSMI_FREQ_IND_MIN	Index used for the minimum frequency value.
RSMI_FREQ_IND_MAX	Index used for the maximum frequency value.
RSMI_FREQ_IND_INVALID	An invalid frequency index.

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