# ROCmSMI

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# ROCm System Management Interface (ROCm SMI) Library

The ROCm System Management Interface Library, or ROCm SMI library, is part of the Radeon Open Compute ROCm software stack. It is a C library for Linux that provides a user space interface for applications to monitor and control GPU applications.

# 1.1 Building ROCm SMI

**1.1.0.0.1** Additional Required software for building In order to build the ROCm SMI library, the following components are required. Note that the software versions listed are what was used in development. Earlier versions are not guaranteed to work:

- CMake (v3.5.0)
- g++ (5.4.0)

In order to build the latest documentation, the following are required:

- DOxygen (1.8.11)
- latex (pdfTeX 3.14159265-2.6-1.40.16)

The source code for ROCm SMI is available on Github.

After the ROCm SMI library git repository has been cloned to a local Linux machine, building the library is achieved by following the typical CMake build sequence. Specifically,

- \$ mkdir -p build
- \$ cd build
- \$ cmake <location of root of ROCm SMI library CMakeLists.txt>

- \$ make
- # Install library file and header; default location is /opt/rocm
- **\$ make install** The built library will appear in the build folder.

To build the rpm and deb packages follow the above steps with:

- \$ make package
- 1.1.0.0.2 Documentation The reference manual, refman.pdf will be in the latex directory upon a successful build.
- **1.1.0.0.3 Building the Tests** In order to verify the build and capability of ROCm SMI on your system and to see an example of how ROCm SMI can be used, you may build and run the tests that are available in the repo. To build the tests, follow these steps:
- # Set environment variables used in CMakeLists.txt file
- \$ ROCM\_DIR=<parent dir. to lib/ and inc/, containing RSMI library and header>
- \$ mkdir <location for test build>
- \$ cd <location for test build>
- \$ cmake -DROCM\_DIR=\$ROCM\_DIR <ROCm SMI source root>/tests/rocm\_smi\_test
- \$ make To run the test, execute the program rsmitst that is built from the steps above.

# 1.2 Usage Basics

#### 1.2.1 Device Indices

Many of the functions in the library take a "device index". The device index is a number greater than or equal to 0, and less than the number of devices detected, as determined by rsmi\_num\_monitor\_devices(). The index is used to distinguish the detected devices from one another. It is important to note that a device may end up with a different index after a reboot, so an index should not be relied upon to be constant over reboots.

1.3 Hello ROCm SMI

# 1.3 Hello ROCm SMI

The only required ROCm-SMI call for any program that wants to use ROCm-SMI is the rsmi\_init() call. This call initializes some internal data structures that will be used by subsequent ROCm-SMI calls.

When ROCm-SMI is no longer being used, <code>rsmi\_shut\_down()</code> should be called. This provides a way to do any releasing of resources that ROCm-SMI may have held. In many cases, this may have no effect, but may be necessary in future versions of the library.

A simple "Hello World" type program that displays the device ID of detected devices would look like this:

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include "rocm_smi/rocm_smi.h"
int main() {
    rsmi_status_t ret;
    uint32_t num_devices;
    uint16_t dev_id;
    // We will skip return code checks for this example, but it
    // is recommended to always check this as some calls may not
    // apply for some devices or ROCm releases
    ret = rsmi_init(0);
    ret = rsmi_num_monitor_devices(&num_devices);
    for (int i=0; i < num_devices; ++i) {
        ret = rsmi_dev_id_get(i, &dev_id);
        // dev_id holds the device ID of device i, upon a
        // successful call
    }
    ret = rsmi_shut_down();
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

ROCm System Management Interface (ROCm SMI) Library

# **Deprecated List**

Global rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t perf\_lvl)

rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set\_v1() is preferred, with an interface that more closely matches the rest of the rocm\_smi API.

Global rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t od)

This function is deprecated. rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set\_v1 has the same functionaltiy, with an interface that more closely matches the rest of the rocm\_smi API.

6 Deprecated List

# **Module Index**

# 3.1 Modules

# Here is a list of all modules:

Initialization and Shutdown
Identifier Queries
PCIe Queries
PCIe Control
Power Queries
Power Control
Memory Queries
Physical State Queries
Physical State Control
Clock, Power and Performance Queries
Clock, Power and Performance Control
Version Queries
Error Queries
Performance Counter Functions
System Information Functions
XGMI Functions
Hardware Topology Functions
Supported Functions
Event Notification Functions

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# **Data Structure Index**

# 4.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

id	
This union holds the value of an rsmi_func_id_iter_handle_t. The value may be a func-	
tion name, or an ennumerated variant value of types such as rsmi_memory_type_t,	
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rsmi_counter_value_t	86
rsmi_error_count_t	
This structure holds error counts	87
rsmi_evt_notification_data_t	87
rsmi_freq_volt_region_t	
This structure holds 2 rsmi_range_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges	
indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi_od_vddc_point_t	88
rsmi_frequencies_t	
This structure holds information about clock frequencies	88
rsmi_od_vddc_point_t	
This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane	89
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rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t	
This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device	90
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This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible	
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This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for	
a given device, and which power profile is currently active	92
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This structure contains information specific to a process	93
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Reserved Memory Page Record	94
rsmi_version_t	
This etructure holds version information	QF

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# File Index

#### 5.1 **File List**

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

rocm smi.h

The rocm\_smi library api is new, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. Instead of marking every function prototype as "unstable", we are instead saying the API is unstable (i.e., changes are possible) while the major version remains 0. This means that if the API/ABI changes, we will not increment the major version to 1. Once the ABI stabilizes, we will 

12 File Index

# **Module Documentation**

# 6.1 Initialization and Shutdown

These functions are used for initialization of ROCm SMI and clean up when done.

# **Functions**

```
    rsmi_status_t rsmi_init (uint64_t init_flags)
        Initialize ROCm SMI.

    rsmi_status_t rsmi_shut_down (void)
        Shutdown ROCm SMI.
```

# 6.1.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used for initialization of ROCm SMI and clean up when done.

# 6.1.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.1.2.1 rsmi\_init()

Initialize ROCm SMI.

When called, this initializes internal data structures, including those corresponding to sources of information that SMI provides.

# **Parameters**

in	init_flags	Bit flags that tell SMI how to initialze. Values of rsmi_init_flags_t may be OR'd together and	
		passed through init_flags to modify how RSMI initializes.	

#### Return values

# 6.1.2.2 rsmi\_shut\_down()

Shutdown ROCm SMI.

Do any necessary clean up.

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### 6.2 Identifier Queries

These functions provide identification information.

#### **Functions**

```
    rsmi_status_t rsmi_num_monitor_devices (uint32_t *num_devices)
```

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint16\_t \*id)

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vendor\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint16\_t \*id)

Get the device vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name string of a gpu device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_brand\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*brand, uint32\_t len)

Get the brand string of a gpu device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vendor\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name string for a give vendor ID.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vram\_vendor\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*brand, uint32\_t len)

Get the vram vendor string of a gpu device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_serial\_number\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*serial\_num, uint32\_t len)

Get the serial number string for a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint16\_t \*id)

Get the subsystem device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name string for the device subsytem.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_drm\_render\_minor\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*minor)

Get the drm minor number associated with this device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_vendor\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint16\_t \*id)

Get the device subsystem vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_unique\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*id)

Get Unique ID.

### 6.2.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide identification information.

#### 6.2.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.2.2.1 rsmi\_num\_monitor\_devices()

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

The number of devices which have monitors is returned. Monitors are referenced by the index which can be between 0 and num\_devices - 1.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	num_devices	Caller provided pointer to uint32_t. Upon successful call, the value num_devices	
		will contain the number of monitor devices.	

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

#### 6.2.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_id\_get()

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index <code>dv\_ind</code> and a pointer to a uint32\_t <code>id</code>, this function will write the device id value to the uint64\_t pointed to by <code>id</code>. This ID is an identification of the type of device, so calling this function for different devices will give the same value if they are kind of device. Consequently, this function should not be used to distinguish one device from another. <code>rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get()</code> should be used to get a unique identifier.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device id will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this
		function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with
		the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

#### 6.2.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_vendor\_id\_get()

Get the device vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t id, this function will write the device vendor id value to the uint64\_t pointed to by id.

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#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device vendor id will be written If this parameter is
		nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
		supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is
		not supported with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

#### 6.2.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_name\_get()

Get the name string of a gpu device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the device (up to len characters) to the buffer name.

If the integer ID associated with the device is not found in one of the system files containing device name information (e.g. /usr/share/misc/pci.ids), then this function will return the hex device ID as a string. Updating the system name files can be accompplished with "sudo update-pciids".

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written If this
		parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

#### 6.2.2.5 rsmi dev brand get()

Get the brand string of a gpu device.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a pointer to a caller provided char buffer brand, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the brand of the device (up to len characters) to the buffer brand.

If the sku associated with the device is not found as one of the values contained within rsmi\_dev\_brand\_get, then this function will return the device marketing name as a string instead of the brand name.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	brand	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the brand will be written If this
		parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer brand.

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

#### 6.2.2.6 rsmi\_dev\_vendor\_name\_get()

Get the name string for a give vendor ID.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the vendor (up to len characters) buffer name. The id may be a device vendor or subsystem vendor ID.

If the integer ID associated with the vendor is not found in one of the system files containing device name information (e.g. /usr/share/misc/pci.ids), then this function will return the hex vendor ID as a string. Updating the system name files can be accompplished with "sudo update-pciids".

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#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written If this
		parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

# 6.2.2.7 rsmi\_dev\_vram\_vendor\_get()

Get the vram vendor string of a gpu device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a pointer to a caller provided char buffer brand, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the vram vendor of the device (up to len characters) to the buffer brand.

If the vram vendor for the device is not found as one of the values contained within rsmi\_dev\_vram\_vendor\_get, then this function will return the string 'unknown' instead of the vram vendor.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	brand	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the vram vendor will be written
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer brand.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

#### 6.2.2.8 rsmi\_dev\_serial\_number\_get()

```
rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_serial_number_get (
```

```
uint32_t dv_ind,
char * serial_num,
uint32_t len )
```

Get the serial number string for a device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a pointer to a buffer of chars  $serial\_num$ , and the length of the provided buffer len, this function will write the serial number string (up to len characters) to the buffer pointed to by  $serial\_\leftarrow num$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	serial_num	a pointer to caller-provided memory to which the serial number will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer serial_num.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

### 6.2.2.9 rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_id\_get()

Get the subsystem device id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t id, this function will write the subsystem device id value to the uint64\_t pointed to by id.

#### **Parameters**

	in	dv_ind	a device index
Ī	in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the subsystem device id will be written If this parameter is
			nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
			supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is
			not supported with the provided arguments.

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#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.2.2.10 rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_name\_get()

Get the name string for the device subsytem.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a pointer to a caller provided char buffer name, and a length of this buffer len, this function will write the name of the device subsystem (up to len characters) to the buffer name.

If the integer ID associated with the sub-system is not found in one of the system files containing device name information (e.g. /usr/share/misc/pci.ids), then this function will return the hex sub-system ID as a string. Updating the system name files can be accompplished with "sudo update-pciids".

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	name	a pointer to a caller provided char buffer to which the name will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

# **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

# 6.2.2.11 rsmi\_dev\_drm\_render\_minor\_get()

Get the drm minor number associated with this device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , find its render device file /dev/dri/renderDN where N corresponds to its minor number.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,ou	minor	a pointer to a uint32_t into which minor number will be copied

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_INIT_ERROR	if failed to get minor number during initialization.
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

### 6.2.2.12 rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_vendor\_id\_get()

Get the device subsystem vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t id, this function will write the device subsystem vendor id value to the uint64\_t pointed to by id.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device subsystem vendor id will be written If this
		parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.2.2.13 rsmi\_dev\_unique\_id\_get()

```
rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_unique_id_get (
```

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```
uint32_t dv_ind,
uint64_t * id )
```

# Get Unique ID.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint64\_t id, this function will write the unique ID of the GPU pointed to id.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	id	a pointer to uint64_t to which the unique ID of the GPU is written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.3 PCle Queries

These functions provide information about PCIe.

#### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth\_t \*bandwidth)

  Get the list of possible PCIe bandwidths that are available.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*bdfid)

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_numa\_affinity\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*numa\_node)

Get the NUMA node associated with a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_throughput\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*sent, uint64\_t \*received, uint64\_←
t \*max\_pkt\_sz)

Get PCIe traffic information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_replay\_counter\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*counter)
 Get PCle replay counter.

# 6.3.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about PCIe.

# 6.3.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.3.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_get()

Get the list of possible PCIe bandwidths that are available.

Given a device index  $dv_{ind}$  and a pointer to a to an rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth\_t structure bandwidth, this function will fill in bandwidth with the possible T/s values and associated number of lanes, and indication of the current selection.

### **Parameters**

	in	dv_ind	a device index	
ſ	in,out	bandwidth	a pointer to a caller provided rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t structure to which the	
			frequency information will be written	

#### Return values

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#### 6.3.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get()

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

Give a device index dv\_ind and a pointer to a uint64\_t bdfid, this function will write the Bus/Device/Function PCI identifier (BDFID) associated with device dv\_ind to the value pointed to by bdfid.

The format of bdfid will be as follows:

```
BDFID = ((DOMAIN & Oxffffffff) << 32) | ((BUS & Oxff) << 8) | ((DEVICE & 0x1f) << 3) | (FUNCTION & 0x7)
```

Name	Field
Domain	[64:32]
Reserved	[31:16]
Bus	[15: 8]
Device	[7:3]
Function	[ 2: 0]

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	bdfid	a pointer to uint64_t to which the device bdfid value will be written If this parameter is
		nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
		supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is
		not supported with the provided arguments.

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

#### 6.3.2.3 rsmi\_topo\_numa\_affinity\_get()

Get the NUMA node associated with a device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t numa\_node, this function will retrieve the NUMA node value associated with device  $dv\_ind$  and store the value at location pointed to by  $numa\_node$ .

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#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	numa_node	pointer to location where NUMA node value will be written. If this parameter is
		nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
		supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED
		if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.3.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_pci\_throughput\_get()

# Get PCIe traffic information.

Give a device index  $dv_ind$  and pointers to a uint64\_t's, sent, received and  $max_pkt_sz$ , this function will write the number of bytes sent and received in 1 second to sent and received, respectively. The maximum possible packet size will be written to  $max_pkt_sz$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in,out	sent	a pointer to uint64_t to which the number of bytes sent will be written in 1 second. If pointer is NULL, it will be ignored.	
in,out	received	a pointer to uint64_t to which the number of bytes received will be written. If pointer is NULL, it will be ignored.	
in,out	max_pkt_sz	a pointer to uint64_t to which the maximum packet size will be written. If pointer is NULL, it will be ignored.	

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments

# 6.3.2.5 rsmi\_dev\_pci\_replay\_counter\_get()

Get PCIe replay counter.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint64\_t counter, this function will write the sum of the number of NAK's received by the GPU and the NAK's generated by the GPU to memory pointed to by counter.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	counter	a pointer to uint64_t to which the sum of the NAK's received and generated by the
		GPU is written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return
		RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided,
		arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the
		provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

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# 6.4 PCIe Control

These functions provide some control over PCIe.

## **Functions**

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t bw\_bitmask)

Control the set of allowed PCle bandwidths that can be used.

# 6.4.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide some control over PCle.

# 6.4.2 Function Documentation

# 6.4.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_set()

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

Given a device index dv\_ind and a 64 bit bitmask bw\_bitmask, this function will limit the set of allowable bandwidths. If a bit in bw\_bitmask has a value of 1, then the frequency (as ordered in an rsmi\_frequencies\_t returned by rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_get()) corresponding to that bit index will be allowed.

This function will change the performance level to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL in order to modify the set of allowable band\_widths. Caller will need to set to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO in order to get back to default state.

All bits with indices greater than or equal to the value of the rsmi\_frequencies\_t::num\_supported field of rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth\_t will be ignored.

# **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	bw_bitmask	A bitmask indicating the indices of the bandwidths that are to be enabled (1) and disabled (0). Only the lowest rsmi_frequencies_t::num_supported (of rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t) bits of this mask are relevant.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.5 Power Queries

These functions provide information about power usage.

# **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_ave\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*power)

  Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*cap)

  Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_range\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*max, uint64\_t \*min)

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

# 6.5.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about power usage.

# 6.5.2 Function Documentation

### 6.5.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_power\_ave\_get()

Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint64\_t power, this function will write the current average power consumption (in microwatts) to the uint64\_t pointed to by power.

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	power	a pointer to uint64_t to which the average power consumption will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

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### Return values

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.5.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_get()

Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.

When power use rises above the value power, the system will take action to reduce power use. The power level returned through power will be in microWatts.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	cap	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the power cap, in microwatts If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.5.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_range\_get()

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

This function will return the maximum possible valid power cap  $\max$  and the minimum possible valid power cap  $\min$ 

# **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.	
in,out	max	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the maximum possible power cap, in microwatts If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.	
in,out	min	a pointer to a uint64_t that indicates the minimum possible power cap, in microwatts If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.	

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

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# 6.6 Power Control

These functions provide ways to control power usage.

# **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t cap)

  Set the power cap value.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t reserved, rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t profile)

Set the power profile.

# 6.6.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide ways to control power usage.

# 6.6.2 Function Documentation

# 6.6.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_set()

Set the power cap value.

This function will set the power cap to the provided value cap. cap must be between the minimum and maximum power cap values set by the system, which can be obtained from rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_range\_get.

## **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in	cap	a uint64_t that indicates the desired power cap, in microwatts

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.6.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_set()

Set the power profile.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a profile, this function will attempt to set the current profile to the provided profile. The provided profile must be one of the currently supported profiles, as indicated by a call to  $rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get()$ 

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in	reserved	Not currently used. Set to 0.	
in	profile	a rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t that hold the mask of the desired new power profile	

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

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# 6.7 Memory Queries

These functions provide information about memory systems.

### **Functions**

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_total\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_memory\_type\_t mem\_type, uint64\_
 t \*total)

Get the total amount of memory that exists.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_usage\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_memory\_type\_t mem\_type, uint64\_
 t \*used)

Get the current memory usage.

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_busy\_percent\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*busy\_percent)
   Get percentage of time any device memory is being used.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_reserved\_pages\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*num\_pages, rsmi\_retired\_page\_record\_t \*records)

Get information about reserved ("retired") memory pages.

# 6.7.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about memory systems.

## 6.7.2 Function Documentation

# 6.7.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_memory\_total\_get()

Get the total amount of memory that exists.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a type of memory  $mem\_type$ , and a pointer to a uint64\_t total, this function will write the total amount of  $mem\_type$  memory that exists to the location pointed to by total.

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	mem_type	The type of memory for which the total amount will be found
in,out	total	a pointer to uint64_t to which the total amount of memory will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.7.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_memory\_usage\_get()

Get the current memory usage.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a type of memory mem\_type, and a pointer to a uint64\_t usage, this function will write the amount of mem\_type memory that that is currently being used to the location pointed to by used.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	mem_type	The type of memory for which the amount being used will be found
in,out	used	a pointer to uint64_t to which the amount of memory currently being used will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.7.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_memory\_busy\_percent\_get()

Get percentage of time any device memory is being used.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , this function returns the percentage of time that any device memory is being used for the specified device.

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# **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	busy_percent	a pointer to the uint32_t to which the busy percent will be written If this parameter
		is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function
		is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided
		arguments.

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.7.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_memory\_reserved\_pages\_get()

Get information about reserved ("retired") memory pages.

Given a device index  $dv_{ind}$ , this function returns retired page information records corresponding to the device with the provided device index  $dv_{ind}$ . The number of retired page records is returned through  $num_{pages}$ . records may be NULL on input. In this case, the number of records available for retrieval will be returned through  $num_{pages}$ .

# Parameters

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	num_pages	a pointer to a uint32. As input, the value passed through this parameter is the number of rsmi_retired_page_record_t's that may be safely written to the memory pointed to by records. This is the limit on how many records will be written to records. On return, num_pages will contain the number of records written to records, or the number of records that could have been written if enough memory had been provided. If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in,out	records	A pointer to a block of memory to which the <a href="retired_page_record_t">retired_page_record_t</a> values will be written. This value may be NULL. In this case, this function can be used to query how many records are available to read.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful

RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if more records were available than allowed by the
	provided, allocated memory.

# 6.8 Physical State Queries

These functions provide information about the physical characteristics of the device.

#### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_rpms\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, int64\_t \*speed)

  Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, int64\_t \*speed)

  Get the fan speed for the specified device as a value relative to RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_max\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*max\_speed)

  Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_type, rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t metric, int64\_t \*temperature)

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_volt\_metric\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_voltage\_type\_t sensor\_type, rsmi\_voltage\_metric\_t metric, int64\_t \*voltage)

Get the voltage metric value for the specified metric, from the specified voltage sensor on the specified device.

# 6.8.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about the physical characteristics of the device.

## 6.8.2 Function Documentation

### 6.8.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_fan\_rpms\_get()

Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t speed, this function will write the current fan speed in RPMs to the uint32\_t pointed to by speed

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the speed will be written If this parameter is nullptr,
		this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
		supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED
		if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.8.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_get()

Get the fan speed for the specified device as a value relative to RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t speed, this function will write the current fan speed (a value between 0 and the maximum fan speed, RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED) to the uint32\_t pointed to by speed

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the speed will be written If this parameter is nullptr,
		this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
		supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED
		if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

### 6.8.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_max\_get()

Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t max\_speed, this function will write the maximum fan speed possible to the uint32\_t pointed to by max\_speed

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one
		sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	max_speed	a pointer to uint32_t to which the maximum speed will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is
		supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.8.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get()

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a sensor type sensor\_type, a rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t metric and a pointer to an int64\_t temperature, this function will write the value of the metric indicated by metric and sensor—type to the memory location temperature.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_type	part of device from which temperature should be obtained. This should come from
		the enum rsmi_temperature_type_t
in	metric	enum indicated which temperature value should be retrieved
in,out	temperature	a pointer to int64_t to which the temperature will be written, in millidegrees Celcius. If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided,
		arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
--------------------------	--------------------------------------

# 6.8.2.5 rsmi\_dev\_volt\_metric\_get()

Get the voltage metric value for the specified metric, from the specified voltage sensor on the specified device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a sensor type  $sensor\_type$ , a  $rsmi\_voltage\_metric\_t$  metric and a pointer to an int64\_t voltage, this function will write the value of the metric indicated by metric and  $sensor\_type$  to the memory location voltage.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_type	part of device from which voltage should be obtained. This should come from the
		enum rsmi_voltage_type_t
in	metric	enum indicated which voltage value should be retrieved
in,out	voltage	a pointer to int64_t to which the voltage will be written, in millivolts. If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.9 Physical State Control

These functions provide control over the physical state of a device.

# **Functions**

```
• rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_reset (uint32_t dv_ind, uint32_t sensor_ind)

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.
```

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t speed)

Set the fan speed for the specified device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

# 6.9.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide control over the physical state of a device.

# 6.9.2 Function Documentation

# 6.9.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_fan\_reset()

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.

This function returns control of the fan to the system

## **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments

## 6.9.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_set()

```
rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_fan_speed_set (
```

```
uint32_t dv_ind,
uint32_t sensor_ind,
uint64_t speed )
```

Set the fan speed for the specified device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a integer value indicating speed <code>speed</code>, this function will attempt to set the fan speed to <code>speed</code>. An error will be returned if the specified speed is outside the allowable range for the device. The maximum value is 255 and the minimum is 0.

#### Parameters 4 8 1

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it
		could be greater than 0.
in	speed	the speed to which the function will attempt to set the fan

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.10 Clock, Power and Performance Queries

These functions provide information about clock frequencies and performance.

### **Functions**

rsmi status t rsmi dev busy percent get (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t \*busy percent)

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t \*perf)

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*od)

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

 $\bullet \ rsmi\_status\_t \ rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_get \ (uint 32\_t \ dv\_ind, \ rsmi\_clk\_type\_t \ clk\_type, \ rsmi\_frequencies\_t \ *f)$ 

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data\_t \*odv)

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_clk\_info\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_freq\_ind\_t level, uint64\_t clkvalue, rsmi\_clk\_type\_t clkType)

This function sets the clock frequency information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t vpoint, uint64\_t clkvalue, uint64\_t volt-value)

This function sets 1 of the 3 voltage curve points.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_curve\_regions\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*num\_regions, rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region\_t \*buffer)

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t \*status)

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

# 6.10.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide information about clock frequencies and performance.

### 6.10.2 Function Documentation

### 6.10.2.1 rsmi dev busy percent get()

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

Given a device index dv\_ind, this function returns the percentage of time that the specified device is busy. The device is considered busy if any one or more of its sub-blocks are working, and idle if none of the sub-blocks are working.

# **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	busy_percent	a pointer to the uint32_t to which the busy percent will be written If this parameter
		is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function
		is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided
		arguments.

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_get()

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t perf, this function will write the rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t to the uint32\_t pointed to by perf

# **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	perf	a pointer to rsmi_dev_perf_level_t to which the performance level will be written If this
		parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_get()

```
rsmi_status_t rsmi_dev_overdrive_level_get (
```

```
uint32_t dv_ind,
uint32_t * od )
```

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a uint32\_t od, this function will write the overdrive percentage to the uint32\_t pointed to by od

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	od	a pointer to uint32_t to which the overdrive percentage will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_get()

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a clock type clk\_type, and a pointer to a to an rsmi\_frequencies\_t structure f, this function will fill in f with the possible clock speeds, and indication of the current clock speed selection.

# Parameters

in d	dv_ind	a device index
in <i>cl</i>	clk_type	the type of clock for which the frequency is desired
in, out f	r	a pointer to a caller provided rsmi_frequencies_t structure to which the frequency information will be written. Frequency values are in Hz. If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments

### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
--------------------------	--------------------------------------

# 6.10.2.5 rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_get()

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

Given a device index  $dv_ind$  and a pointer to a rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data\_t structure odv, this function will populate odv. See rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data\_t for more details.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	odv	a pointer to an rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t structure If this parameter is nullptr, this
		function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with
		the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported
		with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.6 rsmi\_dev\_od\_clk\_info\_set()

This function sets the clock frequency information.

Given a device index  $dv_{ind}$ , a frequency level level, a clock value clkvalue and a clock type clkType this function will set the sclk|mclk range

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	level	RSMI_FREQ_IND_MIN RSMI_FREQ_IND_MAX to set the minimum (0) or maximum (1) speed.
in	clkvalue	value to apply to the clock range. Frequency values are in MHz.  Generated by Doxygen
in	clkType	RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS   RSMI_CLK_TYPE_MEM range type

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.7 rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_set()

This function sets 1 of the 3 voltage curve points.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a voltage point vpoint and a voltage value voltvalue this function will set voltage curve point

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	vpoint	voltage point $[0 1 2]$ on the voltage curve
in	clkvalue	clock value component of voltage curve point. Frequency values are in MHz.
in	voltvalue	voltage value component of voltage curve point. Voltage is in mV.

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.8 rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_curve\_regions\_get()

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a pointer to an unsigned integer num\_regions and a buffer of rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region\_t structures, buffer, this function will populate buffer with the current frequency-volt space regions. The caller should assign buffer to memory that can be written to by this function. The caller

should also indicate the number of rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region\_t structures that can safely be written to buffer in num\_regions.

The number of regions to expect this function provide ( $num\_regions$ ) can be obtained by calling  $rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_get()$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	num_regions	As input, this is the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures that can be written to buffer. As output, this is the number of rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures that were actually written. If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in,out	buffer	a caller provided buffer to which rsmi_freq_volt_region_t structures will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.10.2.9 rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get()

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a pointer to a rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t status, this function will set the bits of the rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.available\_profiles bit field of status to 1 if the profile corresponding to the respective rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t profiles are enabled. For example, if both the VID  $\leftarrow$  EO and VR power profiles are available selections, then RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VIDEO\_MASK AND'ed with rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.available\_profiles will be non-zero as will RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VR\_MASK A  $\leftarrow$  ND'ed with rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.available\_profiles. Additionally, rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.current will be set to the rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t of the profile that is currently active.

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	sensor_ind	a 0-based sensor index. Normally, this will be 0. If a device has more than one sensor, it could be greater than 0.
in,out	status	a pointer to rsmi_power_profile_status_t that will be populated by a call to this function If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return
		RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided generated by boxygen arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.11 Clock, Power and Performance Control

These functions provide control over clock frequencies, power and performance.

#### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t perf\_lvl)
  - Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set\_v1 (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t perf\_lvl)
  - Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t od)
  - Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set\_v1 (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t od)
  - Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_clk\_type\_t clk\_type, uint64\_t freq\_bitmask)

  Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.

# 6.11.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide control over clock frequencies, power and performance.

# 6.11.2 Function Documentation

### 6.11.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set()

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

**Deprecated** rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set\_v1() is preferred, with an interface that more closely matches the rest of the rocm\_smi API.

Given a device index dv\_ind and an rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t perf\_level, this function will set the PowerPlay performance level for the device to the value perf\_lvl.

	in	dv_ind	a device index
ſ	in	perf⇔	the value to which the performance level should be set
		_lvl	

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.11.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set\_v1()

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

Given a device index  $dv_{ind}$  and an  $rsmi_{dev_{perf_{level_t}}}$   $perf_{level}$ , this function will set the PowerPlay performance level for the device to the value  $perf_{level}$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	perf←	the value to which the performance level should be set
	_lvl	

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.11.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set()

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

**Deprecated** This function is deprecated. rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set\_v1 has the same functionaltiy, with an interface that more closely matches the rest of the rocm\_smi API.

Given a device index dv\_ind and an overdrive level od, this function will set the overdrive level for the device to the value od. The overdrive level is an integer value between 0 and 20, inclusive, which represents the overdrive percentage; e.g., a value of 5 specifies an overclocking of 5%.

The overdrive level is specific to the gpu system clock.

The overdrive level is the percentage above the maximum Performance Level to which overclocking will be limited. The overclocking percentage does not apply to clock speeds other than the maximum. This percentage is limited to 20%.

\*\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*\* Operating your AMD GPU outside of official AMD specifications or outside of factory settings, including but not limited to the conducting of overclocking (including use of this overclocking software, even if such software has been directly or indirectly provided by AMD or otherwise affiliated in any way with AMD), may cause damage to your AMD GPU, system components and/or result in system failure, as well as cause other problems. DAMAGES CAUSED BY USE OF YOUR AMD GPU OUTSIDE OF OFFICIAL AMD SPECIFICATIONS OR OUTSIDE OF FACTORY SETTINGS ARE NOT COVERED UNDER ANY AMD PRODUCT WARRANTY ACHOND MAY NOT BE COVERED BY YOUR BOARD OR SYSTEM MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY. Please use this utility with caution.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	od	the value to which the overdrive level should be set

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.11.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set\_v1()

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

Given a device index dv\_ind and an overdrive level od, this function will set the overdrive level for the device to the value od. The overdrive level is an integer value between 0 and 20, inclusive, which represents the overdrive percentage; e.g., a value of 5 specifies an overclocking of 5%.

The overdrive level is specific to the gpu system clock.

The overdrive level is the percentage above the maximum Performance Level to which overclocking will be limited. The overclocking percentage does not apply to clock speeds other than the maximum. This percentage is limited to 20%.

\*\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*\* Operating your AMD GPU outside of official AMD specifications or outside of factory settings, including but not limited to the conducting of overclocking (including use of this overclocking software,

even if such software has been directly or indirectly provided by AMD or otherwise affiliated in any way with AMD), may cause damage to your AMD GPU, system components and/or result in system failure, as well as cause other problems. DAMAGES CAUSED BY USE OF YOUR AMD GPU OUTSIDE OF OFFICIAL AMD SPECIFICATIONS OR OUTSIDE OF FACTORY SETTINGS ARE NOT COVERED UNDER ANY AMD PRODUCT WARRANTY A ND MAY NOT BE COVERED BY YOUR BOARD OR SYSTEM MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY. Please use this utility with caution.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	od	the value to which the overdrive level should be set

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

### 6.11.2.5 rsmi dev gpu clk freq set()

Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.

Given a device index dv\_ind, a clock type clk\_type, and a 64 bit bitmask freq\_bitmask, this function will limit the set of allowable frequencies. If a bit in freq\_bitmask has a value of 1, then the frequency (as ordered in an rsmi\_frequencies\_t returned by rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_get()) corresponding to that bit index will be allowed.

This function will change the performance level to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL in order to modify the set of allowable frequencies. Caller will need to set to RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO in order to get back to default state.

All bits with indices greater than or equal to rsmi\_frequencies\_t::num\_supported will be ignored.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	clk_type	the type of clock for which the set of frequencies will be modified
in	freq_bitmask	A bitmask indicating the indices of the frequencies that are to be enabled (1) and disabled (0). Only the lowest rsmi_frequencies_t.num_supported bits of this mask are relevant.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

6.12 Version Queries 57

# 6.12 Version Queries

These functions provide version information about various subsystems.

### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_version\_get (rsmi\_version\_t \*version)
  - Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_version\_str\_get (rsmi\_sw\_component\_t component, char \*ver\_str, uint32\_t len)

  Get the driver version string for the current system.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vbios\_version\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*vbios, uint32\_t len)
   Get the VBIOS identifer string.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_firmware\_version\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_fw\_block\_t block, uint64\_t \*fw\_version)

  Get the firmware versions for a device.

# 6.12.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide version information about various subsystems.

# 6.12.2 Function Documentation

# 6.12.2.1 rsmi\_version\_get()

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

Get the major, minor, patch and build string for RSMI build currently in use through  ${\tt version}$ 

# **Parameters**

in,out	version	A pointer to an rsmi_version_t structure that will be updated with the version
		information upon return.

# Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS | is returned upon successful call
```

### 6.12.2.2 rsmi\_version\_str\_get()

```
rsmi_status_t rsmi_version_str_get (
```

```
rsmi_sw_component_t component,
char * ver_str,
uint32_t len )
```

Get the driver version string for the current system.

Given a software component component, a pointer to a char buffer,  $ver\_str$ , this function will write the driver version string (up to len characters) for the current system to  $ver\_str$ . The caller must ensure that it is safe to write at least len characters to  $ver\_str$ .

#### **Parameters**

	in	component	The component for which the version string is being requested
	in,out	ver_str	A pointer to a buffer of char's to which the version of component will be written
Ī	in	len	the length of the caller provided buffer name.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if len bytes is not large enough to hold the entire name.
	In this case, only len bytes will be written.

# 6.12.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_vbios\_version\_get()

# Get the VBIOS identifer string.

Given a device ID  $dv_{ind}$ , and a pointer to a char buffer, vbios, this function will write the VBIOS string (up to len characters) for device  $dv_{ind}$  to vbios. The caller must ensure that it is safe to write at least len characters to vbios.

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	vbios	A pointer to a buffer of char's to which the VBIOS name will be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.
in	len	The number of char's pointed to by vbios which can safely be written to by this function.

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# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.12.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_firmware\_version\_get()

Get the firmware versions for a device.

Given a device ID  $dv_ind$ , and a pointer to a uint64\_t, fw\_version, this function will write the FW Versions as a string (up to len characters) for device  $dv_ind$  to vbios. The caller must ensure that it is safe to write at least len characters to vbios.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	block	The firmware block for which the version is being requested
in,out	fw_version	The version for the firmware block If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful	
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the	
	given arguments	
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid	

# 6.13 Error Queries

These functions provide error information about RSMI calls as well as device errors.

### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_count\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t block, rsmi\_error\_count\_t \*ec)

  Retrieve the error counts for a GPU block.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_enabled\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*enabled\_blocks)

  Retrieve the enabled ECC bit-mask.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_status\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t block, rsmi\_ras\_err\_state\_t \*state)

Retrieve the ECC status for a GPU block.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_status\_string (rsmi\_status\_t status, const char \*\*status\_string)

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

# 6.13.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide error information about RSMI calls as well as device errors.

# 6.13.2 Function Documentation

# 6.13.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_count\_get()

Retrieve the error counts for a GPU block.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , an  $rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t block$  and a pointer to an  $rsmi\_error\_count\_t ec$ , this function will write the error count values for the GPU block indicated by block to memory pointed to by ec.

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	block	The block for which error counts should be retrieved
in,out	ec	A pointer to an rsmi_error_count_t to which the error counts should be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

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### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.13.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_enabled\_get()

Retrieve the enabled ECC bit-mask.

Given a device index dv\_ind, and a pointer to a uint64\_t enabled\_mask, this function will write bits to memory pointed to by enabled\_blocks. Upon a successful call, enabled\_blocks can then be AND'd with elements of the rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t ennumeration to determine if the corresponding block has ECC enabled. Note that whether a block has ECC enabled or not in the device is independent of whether there is kernel support for error counting for that block. Although a block may be enabled, but there may not be kernel support for reading error counters for that block.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	enabled_blocks	A pointer to a uint64_t to which the enabled blocks bits will be written. If this
		parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if
		the function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided
		arguments.

### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.13.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_status\_get()

Retrieve the ECC status for a GPU block.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , an  $rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t block$  and a pointer to an  $rsmi\_ras\_err\_state\_t$  state, this function will write the current state for the GPU block indicated by block to memory pointed to by state.

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# **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	block	The block for which error counts should be retrieved
in,out	state	A pointer to an rsmi_ras_err_state_t to which the ECC state should be written If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.13.2.4 rsmi\_status\_string()

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

Set the provided pointer to a const char \*, status\_string, to a string containing a description of the provided error code status.

# Parameters

in	status	The error status for which a description is desired
in,out	status_string	A pointer to a const char * which will be made to point to a description of the
		provided error code

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
---------------------	----------------------------------

## 6.14 Performance Counter Functions

These functions are used to configure, query and control performance counting.

## **Functions**

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_counter\_group\_supported (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_event\_group\_t group)

Tell if an event group is supported by a given device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_counter\_create (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_event\_type\_t type, rsmi\_event\_handle\_t \*evnt\_handle)

Create a performance counter object.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_counter\_destroy (rsmi\_event\_handle\_t evnt\_handle)

Deallocate a performance counter object.

 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_counter\_control (rsmi\_event\_handle\_t evt\_handle, rsmi\_counter\_command\_t cmd, void \*cmd\_args)

Issue performance counter control commands.

- $\bullet \ \ rsmi\_status\_t \ rsmi\_counter\_read \ (rsmi\_event\_handle\_t \ evt\_handle, \ rsmi\_counter\_value\_t \ *value)$ 
  - Read the current value of a performance counter.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_counter\_available\_counters\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_event\_group\_t grp, uint32\_
   t \*available)

Get the number of currently available counters.

# 6.14.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used to configure, query and control performance counting.

These functions use the same mechanisms as the "perf" command line utility. They share the same underlying resources and have some similarities in how they are used. The events supported by this API should have corresponding perf events that can be seen with "perf stat ...". The events supported by perf can be seen with "perf list"

The types of events available and the ability to count those events are dependent on which device is being targeted and if counters are still available for that device, respectively. rsmi\_dev\_counter\_group\_supported() can be used to see which event types (rsmi\_event\_group\_t) are supported for a given device. Assuming a device supports a given event type, we can then check to see if there are counters available to count a specific event with rsmi\_counter\_available\_counters\_get(). Counters may be occupied by other perf based programs.

Once it is determined that events are supported and counters are available, an event counter can be created/destroyed and controlled.

rsmi\_dev\_counter\_create() allocates internal data structures that will be used to used to control the event counter, and return a handle to this data structure.

Once an event counter handle is obtained, the event counter can be controlled (i.e., started, stopped,...) with rsmi\_counter\_control() by passing rsmi\_counter\_command\_t commands. RSMI\_CNTR\_CMD\_START starts an event counter and RSMI\_CNTR\_CMD\_STOP stops a counter. rsmi\_counter\_read() reads an event counter.

Once the counter is no longer needed, the resources it uses should be freed by calling rsmi dev counter destroy().

# 6.14.2 Important Notes about Counter Values

- A running "absolute" counter is kept internally. For the discussion that follows, we will call the internal counter value at time *t val<sub>t</sub>*
- Issuing RSMI\_CNTR\_CMD\_START or calling rsmi\_counter\_read(), causes RSMI (in kernel) to internally record the current absolute counter value
- rsmi\_counter\_read() returns the number of events that have occurred since the previously recorded value (ie, a relative value, val<sub>t</sub> val<sub>t-1</sub>) from the issuing of RSMI\_CNTR\_CMD\_START or calling rsmi\_counter\_read()

Example of event counting sequence:

```
rsmi_counter_value_t value;
// Determine if RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI is supported for device dv_ind
ret = rsmi_dev_counter_group_supported(dv_ind, RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI);
// See if there are counters available for device dv_ind for event
// RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI
ret = rsmi_counter_available_counters_get(dv_ind,
                              RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI, &counters_available);
// Assuming RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI is supported and there is at least 1
// counter available for RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI on device dv_ind, create
// an event object for an event of group RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI (e.g.,
// RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_BEATS_TX) and get the handle
// (rsmi_event_handle_t).
ret = rsmi_dev_counter_create(dv_ind, RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_BEATS_TX,
// A program that generates the events of interest can be started
\ensuremath{//} immediately before or after starting the counters. \ensuremath{//} Start counting:
ret = rsmi counter control(evnt handle, RSMI CNTR CMD START, NULL);
// Wait...
// Get the number of events since RSMI_CNTR_CMD_START was issued:
ret = rsmi_counter_read(rsmi_event_handle_t evt_handle, &value)
// Get the number of events since rsmi_counter_read() was last called:
ret = rsmi_counter_read(rsmi_event_handle_t evt_handle, &value)
// Stop counting.
ret = rsmi_counter_control(evnt_handle, RSMI_CNTR_CMD_STOP, NULL);
// Release all resources (e.g., counter and memory resources) associated
with evnt_handle.
ret = rsmi_dev_counter_destroy(evnt_handle);
```

#### 6.14.3 Function Documentation

#### 6.14.3.1 rsmi dev counter group supported()

Tell if an event group is supported by a given device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and an event group specifier group, tell if group type events are supported by the device associated with  $dv\_ind$ 

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	device index of device being queried	
in	group	rsmi_event_group_t identifier of group for which support is being queried	

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	if the device associatee with dv_ind support counting events of the type indicated by group.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments group

#### 6.14.3.2 rsmi\_dev\_counter\_create()

Create a performance counter object.

Create a performance counter object of type type for the device with a device index of  $dv_ind$ , and write a handle to the object to the memory location pointed to by  $evnt_handle$ .  $evnt_handle$  can be used with other performance event operations. The handle should be deallocated with  $rsmi_dev_counter_destroy()$  when no longer needed.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in	type	the rsmi_event_type_t of performance event to create
in,out	evnt_handle	A pointer to a rsmi_event_handle_t which will be associated with a newly allocated counter If this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the function is supported with the provided, arguments and RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with
	the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_OUT_OF_RESOURCES	unable to allocate memory for counter
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

#### 6.14.3.3 rsmi\_dev\_counter\_destroy()

Deallocate a performance counter object.

Deallocate the performance counter object with the provided rsmi\_event\_handle\_t evnt\_handle

#### **Parameters**

in	evnt_handle	handle to event object to be deallocated

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
---------------------	----------------------------------

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.14.3.4 rsmi\_counter\_control()

Issue performance counter control commands.

Issue a command cmd on the event counter associated with the provided handle evt\_handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	evt_handle	an event handle
in	cmd	The event counter command to be issued
in,out	cmd_args	Currently not used. Should be set to NULL.

# Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.14.3.5 rsmi\_counter\_read()

Read the current value of a performance counter.

Read the current counter value of the counter associated with the provided handle  $evt\_handle$  and write the value to the location pointed to by value.

# **Parameters**

in	evt_handle	an event handle
in,out	value	pointer to memory of size of rsmi_counter_value_t to which the counter value will
		be written

## Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	function requires root access

# 6.14.3.6 rsmi\_counter\_available\_counters\_get()

Get the number of currently available counters.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , a performance event group grp, and a pointer to a uint32\_t available, this function will write the number of grp type counters that are available on the device with index  $dv\_ind$  to the memory that available points to.

## **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index	
in	grp	an event device group	
in,out	available	A pointer to a uint32_t to which the number of available counters will be written	

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.15 System Information Functions

These functions are used to configure, query and control performance counting.

#### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_compute\_process\_info\_get (rsmi\_process\_info\_t \*procs, uint32\_t \*num\_items)
   Get process information about processes currently using GPU.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_compute\_process\_info\_by\_pid\_get (uint32\_t pid, rsmi\_process\_info\_t \*proc)

  Get process information about a specific process.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_compute\_process\_gpus\_get (uint32\_t pid, uint32\_t \*dv\_indices, uint32\_t \*num\_devices)

  Get the device indices currently being used by a process.

# 6.15.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used to configure, query and control performance counting.

## 6.15.2 Function Documentation

# 6.15.2.1 rsmi\_compute\_process\_info\_get()

Get process information about processes currently using GPU.

Given a non-NULL pointer to an array procs of rsmi\_process\_info\_t's, of length \*num\_items, this function will write up to \*num\_items instances of rsmi\_process\_info\_t to the memory pointed to by procs. These instances contain information about each process utilizing a GPU. If procs is not NULL, num\_items will be updated with the number of processes actually written. If procs is NULL, num\_items will be updated with the number of processes for which there is current process information. Calling this function with procs being NULL is a way to determine how much memory should be allocated for when procs is not NULL.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	procs	a pointer to memory provided by the caller to which process information will be written. This may be NULL in which case only num_items will be updated with the number of processes found.
in,out	num_items	A pointer to a uint32_t, which on input, should contain the amount of memory in rsmi_process_info_t's which have been provided by the procs argument. On output, if procs is non-NULL, this will be updated with the number rsmi_process_info_t structs actually written. If procs is NULL, this argument will be updated with the number processes for which there is information.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if there were more processes for which information was
	available, but not enough space was provided as indicated by
	procs and num_items, on input.

# 6.15.2.2 rsmi\_compute\_process\_info\_by\_pid\_get()

Get process information about a specific process.

Given a pointer to an rsmi\_process\_info\_t proc and a process id pid, this function will write the process information for pid, if available, to the memory pointed to by proc.

#### **Parameters**

in	pid	The process ID for which process information is being requested
in,out	proc	a pointer to a rsmi_process_info_t to which process information for pid will be written if it is found.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_FOUND	is returned if there was no process information found for the provided $pid$

### 6.15.2.3 rsmi\_compute\_process\_gpus\_get()

Get the device indices currently being used by a process.

Given a process id pid, a non-NULL pointer to an array of uint32\_t's  $dv_indices$  of length \*num\_devices, this function will write up to  $num_devices$  device indices to the memory pointed to by  $dv_indices$ . If  $dv_indices$  is not NULL,  $num_devices$  will be updated with the number of gpu's currently being used by process pid. If  $dv_indices$  is NULL,  $dv_indices$  will be updated with the number of gpus currently being used by pid. Calling this function with  $dv_indices$  being NULL is a way to determine how much memory is required for when  $dv_indices$  is not NULL.

# **Parameters**

in	pid	The process id of the process for which the number of gpus currently being used is requested
in,out	dv_indices	a pointer to memory provided by the caller to which indices of devices currently being used by the process will be written. This may be NULL in which case only num_devices will be updated with the number of devices being used.
in,out	num_devices	A pointer to a uint32_t, which on input, should contain the amount of memory in uint32_t's which have been provided by the dv_indices argument. On output, if dv_indices is non-NULL, this will be updated with the number uint32_t's actually written. If dv_indices is NULL, this argument will be updated with the number devices being used.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	is returned if there were more gpu indices that could have been
	written, but not enough space was provided as indicated by
	dv_indices and num_devices, on input.

# 6.16 XGMI Functions

These functions are used to configure, query and control XGMI.

## **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_error\_status (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t \*status)

  Retrieve the XGMI error status for a device.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_error\_reset (uint32\_t dv\_ind)

Reset the XGMI error status for a device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_hive\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*hive\_id)

Retrieve the XGMI hive id for a device.

# 6.16.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used to configure, query and control XGMI.

## 6.16.2 Function Documentation

# 6.16.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_error\_status()

Retrieve the XGMI error status for a device.

Given a device index  $dv_{ind}$ , and a pointer to an rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t status, this function will write the current XGMI error state rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t for the device  $dv_{ind}$  to the memory pointed to by status.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	status	A pointer to an rsmi_xgmi_status_t to which the XGMI error state should be written If
		this parameter is nullptr, this function will return RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS if the
		function is supported with the provided, arguments and
		RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if it is not supported with the provided arguments.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

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#### 6.16.2.2 rsmi dev xgmi error reset()

Reset the XGMI error status for a device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , this function will reset the current XGMI error state  $rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t$  for the device  $dv\_ind$  to  $rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t$ ::RSMI\_XGMI\_STATUS\_NO\_ERRORS

# **Parameters**

in	dv ind	a device index
	_	

#### Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

# 6.16.2.3 rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_hive\_id\_get()

Retrieve the XGMI hive id for a device.

Given a device index  $dv_{ind}$ , and a pointer to an uint64\_t hive\_id, this function will write the current XGMI hive id for the device  $dv_{ind}$  to the memory pointed to by  $hive_{id}$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	hive←	A pointer to an uint64_t to which the XGMI hive id should be written
	_id	

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	installed software or hardware does not support this function with the
	given arguments
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.17 Hardware Topology Functions

These functions are used to query Hardware topology.

#### **Functions**

- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_get\_numa\_node\_number (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*numa\_node)

  Retrieve the NUMA CPU node number for a device.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_get\_link\_weight (uint32\_t dv\_ind\_src, uint32\_t dv\_ind\_dst, uint64\_t \*weight)

  Retrieve the weight for a connection between 2 GPUs.
- rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_get\_link\_type (uint32\_t dv\_ind\_src, uint32\_t dv\_ind\_dst, uint64\_t \*hops, RSMI\_IO\_LINK\_TYPE \*type)

Retrieve the hops and the connection type between 2 GPUs.

# 6.17.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used to query Hardware topology.

## 6.17.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.17.2.1 rsmi\_topo\_get\_numa\_node\_number()

Retrieve the NUMA CPU node number for a device.

Given a device index dv\_ind, and a pointer to an uint32\_t numa\_node, this function will write the node number of NUMA CPU for the device dv\_ind to the memory pointed to by numa\_node.

### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index
in,out	numa_node	A pointer to an uint32_t to which the numa node number should be written.

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

#### 6.17.2.2 rsmi\_topo\_get\_link\_weight()

Retrieve the weight for a connection between 2 GPUs.

Given a source device index  $dv_ind_src$  and a destination device index  $dv_ind_dst$ , and a pointer to an uint64\_t weight, this function will write the weight for the connection between the device  $dv_ind_src$  and  $dv_ind_dst$  to the memory pointed to by weight.

#### **Parameters**

	in	dv_ind_src	the source device index
Ī	in	dv_ind_dst	the destination device index
	in,out	weight	A pointer to an uint64_t to which the weight for the connection should be written.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	call was successful
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	the provided arguments are not valid

#### 6.17.2.3 rsmi\_topo\_get\_link\_type()

Retrieve the hops and the connection type between 2 GPUs.

Given a source device index  $dv_ind_src$  and a destination device index  $dv_ind_dst$ , and a pointer to an uint64\_t hops and a pointer to an RSMI\_IO\_LINK\_TYPE type, this function will write the number of hops and the connection type between the device  $dv_ind_src$  and  $dv_ind_dst$  to the memory pointed to by hops and type.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind_src	the source device index
in	dv_ind_dst	the destination device index
in,out	hops	A pointer to an uint64_t to which the hops for the connection should be written.
in,out	type	A pointer to an RSMI_IO_LINK_TYPE to which the type for the connection should
		be written.

|--|

# Return values

RSMI\_STATUS\_INVALID\_ARGS | the provided arguments are not valid

# 6.18 Supported Functions

API function support varies by both GPU type and the version of the installed ROCm stack. The functions described in this section can be used to determine, up front, which functions are supported for a given device on a system. If such "up front" knowledge of support for a function is not needed, alternatively, one can call a device related function and check the return code.

#### **Functions**

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_open (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \*handle)

Get a function name iterator of supported RSMI functions for a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_supported\_variant\_iterator\_open (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t obj\_h, rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \*var iter)

Get a variant iterator for a given handle.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_func\_iter\_next (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t handle)

Advance a function identifer iterator.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_close (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \*handle)

Close a variant iterator handle.

 $\bullet \ \ rsmi\_status\_t \ rsmi\_func\_iter\_value\_get \ (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \ handle, \ rsmi\_func\_id\_value\_t \ *value)$ 

Get the value associated with a function/variant iterator.

#### 6.18.1 Detailed Description

API function support varies by both GPU type and the version of the installed ROCm stack. The functions described in this section can be used to determine, up front, which functions are supported for a given device on a system. If such "up front" knowledge of support for a function is not needed, alternatively, one can call a device related function and check the return code.

Some functions have several variations ("variants") where some variants are supported and others are not. For example, on a given device, <a href="remove-temp\_metric\_get">rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get</a> may support some types of temperature metrics (e.g., <a href="RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL\_HYST">RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL\_HYST</a>), but not others (e.g., <a href="RSMI\_TEMP\_EMERGENCY">RSMI\_TEMP\_EMERGENCY</a>).

In addition to a top level of variant support for a function, a function may have varying support for monitors/sensors. These are considered "sub-variants" in functions described in this section. Continuing the rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get example, if variant RSMI\_TEMP\_CRITICAL\_HYST is supported, perhaps only the sub-variant sensors RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_EDGE and RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_EDGE are supported, but not RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_MEMORY.

In cases where a function takes in a sensor id parameter but does not have any "top level" variants, the functions in this section will indicate a default "variant", RSMI\_DEFAULT\_VARIANT, for the top level variant, and the various monitor support will be sub-variants of this.

The functions in this section use the "iterator" concept to list which functions are supported; to list which variants of the supported functions are supported; and finally which monitors/sensors are supported for a variant.

Here is example code that prints out all supported functions, their supported variants and sub-variants. Please see the related descriptions functions and RSMI types.

```
rsmi_func_id_iter_handle_t iter_handle, var_iter, sub_var_iter;
rsmi_func_id_value_t value;
rsmi_status_t err;
for (uint32_t i = 0; i < <number of devices>; ++i) {
  std::cout « "Supported RSMI Functions:" « std::endl;
  std::cout « "\tVariants (Monitors)" « std::endl;
 err = rsmi_dev_supported_func_iterator_open(i, &iter_handle);
 while (1) {
   err = rsmi_func_iter_value_get(iter_handle, &value);
std::cout « "Function Name: " « value.name « std::endl;
   err = rsmi_dev_supported_variant_iterator_open(iter_handle, &var_iter);
if (err != RSMT_STATUS_NO_DATA) {
      std::cout « "\tVariants/Monitors: ";
      while (1) {
        err = rsmi_func_iter_value_get(var_iter, &value);
        if (value.id == RSMI_DEFAULT_VARIANT) {
  std::cout « "Default Variant ";
          std::cout « value.id;
        std::cout « " (";
        rsmi_dev_supported_variant_iterator_open(var_iter, &sub_var_iter);
if (err != RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA) {
           while (1) {
             err = rsmi_func_iter_value_get(sub_var_iter, &value);
             std::cout « value.id « ", ";
             err = rsmi_func_iter_next(sub_var_iter);
             if (err == RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA) {
                break:
             }
           err = rsmi_dev_supported_func_iterator_close(&sub_var_iter);
        std::cout « "), ";
        err = rsmi_func_iter_next(var_iter);
if (err == RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA) {
          break;
        }
      std::cout « std::endl;
      err = rsmi_dev_supported_func_iterator_close(&var_iter);
   err = rsmi_func_iter_next(iter_handle);
   if (err == RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA) {
   }
 err = rsmi_dev_supported_func_iterator_close(&iter_handle);
```

# 6.18.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.18.2.1 rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_open()

Get a function name iterator of supported RSMI functions for a device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$ , this function will write a function iterator handle to the caller-provided memory pointed to by handle. This handle can be used to iterate through all the supported functions.

Note that although this function takes in  $dv\_ind$  as an argument,  $rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_open$  itself will not be among the functions listed as supported. This is because  $rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_open$  does not depend on hardware or driver support and should always be supported.

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	a device index of device for which support information is requested
in,out	handle	A pointer to caller-provided memory to which the function iterator will be written.

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

#### 6.18.2.2 rsmi\_dev\_supported\_variant\_iterator\_open()

Get a variant iterator for a given handle.

Given a rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t obj\_h, this function will write a function iterator handle to the caller-provided memory pointed to by var\_iter. This handle can be used to iterate through all the supported variants of the provided handle. obj\_h may be a handle to a function object, as provided by a call to rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_open, or it may be a variant itself (from a call to rsmi\_dev\_supported\_variant\_iterator\_open), it which case var\_iter will be an iterator of the sub-variants of obj\_h (e.g., monitors).

This call allocates a small amount of memory to  $var\_iter$ . To free this memory  $rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_close$  should be called on the returned iterator handle  $var\_iter$  when it is no longer needed.

#### **Parameters**

	in	obj_h	an iterator handle for which the variants are being requested
ſ	in,out	var_iter	A pointer to caller-provided memory to which the sub-variant iterator will be written.

# Return values

```
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.
```

#### 6.18.2.3 rsmi\_func\_iter\_next()

Advance a function identifer iterator.

Given a function id iterator handle (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t) handle, this function will increment the iterator to point to the next identifier. After a successful call to this function, obtaining the value of the iterator handle will provide the value of the next item in the list of functions/variants.

If there are no more items in the list, RSMI\_STATUS\_NO\_DATA is returned.

#### **Parameters**

in	handle	A pointer to an iterator handle to be incremented	1
----	--------	---	---

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA	is returned when list of identifiers has been exhausted

# 6.18.2.4 rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_close()

Close a variant iterator handle.

Given a pointer to an rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t handle, this function will free the resources being used by the handle

#### **Parameters**

	in	handle	A pointer to an iterator handle to be closed
--	----	--------	--

#### **Return values**

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---------------------	-----------------------------------

# 6.18.2.5 rsmi\_func\_iter\_value\_get()

Get the value associated with a function/variant iterator.

Given an rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t handle, this function will write the identifier of the function/variant to the user provided memory pointed to by value.

value may point to a function name, a variant id, or a monitor/sensor index, depending on what kind of iterator handle is

#### **Parameters**

in	handle	An iterator for which the value is being requested
in,out	value	A pointer to an rsmi_func_id_value_t provided by the caller to which this function will write the value assocaited with handle

Return values

RSMI\_STATUS\_SUCCESS is returned upon successful call.

# 6.19 Event Notification Functions

These functions are used to configure for and get asynchronous event notifications.

#### **Functions**

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_init (uint32\_t dv\_ind)

Prepare to collect event notifications for a GPU.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_mask\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t mask)

Specify which events to collect for a device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_get (int timeout\_ms, uint32\_t \*num\_elem, rsmi\_evt\_notification\_data\_t \*data)

Collect event notifications, waiting a specified amount of time.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_stop (uint32\_t dv\_ind)

Close any file handles and free any resources used by event notification for a GPU.

# 6.19.1 Detailed Description

These functions are used to configure for and get asynchronous event notifications.

## 6.19.2 Function Documentation

## 6.19.2.1 rsmi event notification init()

Prepare to collect event notifications for a GPU.

This function prepares to collect events for the GPU with device ID dv\_ind, by initializing any required system parameters. This call may open files which will remain open until rsmi\_event\_notification\_stop() is called.

#### **Parameters**

dv\_ind a device index corresponding to the device on which to listen for events

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS   is returned upon successful call.	RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call.
---	---------------------	-----------------------------------

#### 6.19.2.2 rsmi\_event\_notification\_mask\_set()

Specify which events to collect for a device.

Given a device index  $dv\_ind$  and a mask consisting of elements of rsmi\_evt\_notification\_type\_t OR'd together, this function will listen for the events specified in mask on the device corresponding to  $dv\_ind$ .

#### **Parameters**

dv_ind	a device index corresponding to the device on which to listen for events	
mask	0 or more elements of rsmi_evt_notification_type_t OR'd together that indicate which event types to	
	listen for.	

#### Return values

RSMI_STATUS_INIT_ERROR	is returned if rsmi_event_notification_init() has not been called before a call to this function
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call

# 6.19.2.3 rsmi\_event\_notification\_get()

Collect event notifications, waiting a specified amount of time.

Given a time period timeout\_ms in milliseconds and a caller- provided buffer of rsmi\_evt\_notification\_data\_t's data with a length (in rsmi\_evt\_notification\_data\_t's, also specified by the caller) in the memory location pointed to by num\_elem, this function will collect rsmi\_evt\_notification\_type\_t events for up to timeout\_ms milliseconds, and write up to \*num\_elem event items to data. Upon return num\_elem is updated with the number of events that were actually written. If events are already present when this function is called, it will write the events to the buffer then poll for new events if there is still caller-provided buffer available to write any new events that would be found.

This function requires prior calls to rsmi\_event\_notification\_init() and rsmi\_event\_notification\_mask\_set(). This function polls for the occurrance of the events on the respective devices that were previously specified by rsmi\_event\_notification\_mask\_set().

#### **Parameters**

in	timeout_ms	number of milliseconds to wait for an event to occur
in,out	num_elem	pointer to uint32_t, provided by the caller. On input, this value tells how many rsmi_evt_notification_data_t elements are being provided by the caller with data. On output, the location pointed to by num_elem will contain the number of items written to the provided buffer.
out	data	pointer to a caller-provided memory buffer of size num_elem
Generated by Doxygen rsmi		rsmi_evt_notification_data_t to which this function may safely write. If there are events found, up to num_elem event items will be written to data.

## Return values

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	The function ran successfully. The events that were found are written to data	
	and num_elems is updated with the number of elements that were written.	
RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA	No events were found to collect.	

# 6.19.2.4 rsmi\_event\_notification\_stop()

Close any file handles and free any resources used by event notification for a GPU.

Any resources used by event notification for the GPU with device index  $dv\_ind$  will be free with this function. This includes freeing any memory and closing file handles. This should be called for every call to  $rsmi\_event\_notification\_init()$ 

#### **Parameters**

in	dv_ind	The device index of the GPU for which event notification resources will be free
----	--------	---

RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	resources for the given device have either already been freed, or were never allocated by rsmi_event_notification_init()
RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	is returned upon successful call

# **Chapter 7**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

# 7.1 id Union Reference

This union holds the value of an rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t. The value may be a function name, or an ennumerated variant value of types such as rsmi\_memory\_type\_t, rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t, etc.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

```
• uint64 t id
     uint64_t representation of value

    const char * name

     name string (applicable to functions only)
 union {
   rsmi_memory_type_t memory_type
      < Used for rsmi_memory_type_t variants
   rsmi_temperature_metric_t temp_metric
      Used for rsmi_event_type_t variants.
    rsmi event type t evnt type
      Used for rsmi_event_group_t variants.
    rsmi_event_group_t evnt_group
      Used for rsmi_clk_type_t variants.
   rsmi_clk_type_t clk_type
      Used for rsmi_fw_block_t variants.
   rsmi_fw_block_t fw_block
      Used for rsmi_gpu_block_t variants.
   rsmi_gpu_block_t gpu_block_type
 };
```

# 7.1.1 Detailed Description

This union holds the value of an rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t. The value may be a function name, or an ennumerated variant value of types such as rsmi\_memory\_type\_t, rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t, etc.

# 7.1.2 Field Documentation

# 7.1.2.1 memory\_type

```
rsmi_memory_type_t id::memory_type
< Used for rsmi_memory_type_t variants
Used for rsmi_temperature_metric_t variants</pre>
```

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 7.2 rsmi\_counter\_value\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

- uint64\_t time\_running

# 7.2.1 Detailed Description

Counter value

# 7.2.2 Field Documentation

#### 7.2.2.1 time enabled

```
uint64_t rsmi_counter_value_t::time_enabled
```

Time that the counter was enabled (in nanoseconds)

#### 7.2.2.2 time\_running

```
uint64_t rsmi_counter_value_t::time_running
```

Time that the counter was running (in nanoseconds)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 7.3 rsmi\_error\_count\_t Struct Reference

This structure holds error counts.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

• uint64\_t correctable\_err

Accumulated correctable errors.

uint64\_t uncorrectable\_err

Accumulated uncorrectable errors.

## 7.3.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds error counts.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 7.4 rsmi\_evt\_notification\_data\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

uint32\_t dv\_ind

Index of device that corresponds to the event.

rsmi\_evt\_notification\_type\_t event

Event type.

char message [MAX\_EVENT\_NOTIFICATION\_MSG\_SIZE]

Event message.

# 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Event notification data returned from event notification API

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm smi.h

# 7.5 rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region\_t Struct Reference

This structure holds 2 rsmi\_range\_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• rsmi\_range\_t freq\_range

The frequency range for this VDDC Curve point.

rsmi\_range\_t volt\_range

The voltage range for this VDDC Curve point.

# 7.5.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds 2 rsmi\_range\_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 7.6 rsmi\_frequencies\_t Struct Reference

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t num\_supported
- uint32 t current
- uint64\_t frequency [RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_FREQUENCIES]

# 7.6.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

## 7.6.2 Field Documentation

# 7.6.2.1 num\_supported

```
uint32_t rsmi_frequencies_t::num_supported
```

The number of supported frequencies

## 7.6.2.2 current

```
uint32_t rsmi_frequencies_t::current
```

The current frequency index

# 7.6.2.3 frequency

```
uint64_t rsmi_frequencies_t::frequency[RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]
```

List of frequencies. Only the first num\_supported frequencies are valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 7.7 rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t Struct Reference

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

uint64\_t frequency
 Frequency coordinate (in Hz)

• uint64\_t voltage

Voltage coordinate (in mV)

# 7.7.1 Detailed Description

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm smi.h

# 7.8 rsmi\_od\_volt\_curve\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

• rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t vc\_points [RSMI\_NUM\_VOLTAGE\_CURVE\_POINTS]

# 7.8.1 Detailed Description

RSMI\_NUM\_VOLTAGE\_CURVE\_POINTS number of rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t's

# 7.8.2 Field Documentation

## 7.8.2.1 vc\_points

```
rsmi_od_vddc_point_t rsmi_od_volt_curve_t::vc_points[RSMI_NUM_VOLTAGE_CURVE_POINTS]
```

Array of RSMI\_NUM\_VOLTAGE\_CURVE\_POINTS rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t's that make up the voltage frequency curve points.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 7.9 rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data\_t Struct Reference

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

· rsmi\_range\_t curr\_sclk\_range

The current SCLK frequency range.

- rsmi\_range\_t curr\_mclk\_range
- rsmi\_range\_t sclk\_freq\_limits

The range possible of SCLK values.

rsmi\_range\_t mclk\_freq\_limits

The range possible of MCLK values.

• rsmi\_od\_volt\_curve\_t curve

The current voltage curve.

· uint32\_t num\_regions

The number of voltage curve regions.

# 7.9.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

# 7.9.2 Field Documentation

# 7.9.2.1 curr\_mclk\_range

```
rsmi_range_t rsmi_od_volt_freq_data_t::curr_mclk_range
```

The current MCLK frequency range; (upper bound only)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 7.10 rsmi pcie bandwidth t Struct Reference

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

```
#include <room smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

- rsmi\_frequencies\_t transfer\_rate
- uint32\_t lanes [RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_FREQUENCIES]

# 7.10.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds information about the possible PCle bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

#### 7.10.2 Field Documentation

## 7.10.2.1 transfer\_rate

```
rsmi_frequencies_t rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t::transfer_rate
```

Transfer rates (T/s) that are possible

# 7.10.2.2 lanes

```
uint32_t rsmi_pcie_bandwidth_t::lanes[RSMI_MAX_NUM_FREQUENCIES]
```

List of lanes for corresponding transfer rate. Only the first num\_supported bandwidths are valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 7.11 rsmi power profile status t Struct Reference

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- rsmi\_bit\_field\_t available\_profiles
- rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t current
- uint32\_t num\_profiles

# 7.11.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

# 7.11.2 Field Documentation

# 7.11.2.1 available\_profiles

```
rsmi_bit_field_t rsmi_power_profile_status_t::available_profiles
```

Which profiles are supported by this system

## 7.11.2.2 current

```
rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t rsmi_power_profile_status_t::current
```

Which power profile is currently active

## 7.11.2.3 num\_profiles

```
uint32_t rsmi_power_profile_status_t::num_profiles
```

How many power profiles are available

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 7.12 rsmi\_process\_info\_t Struct Reference

This structure contains information specific to a process.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

uint32\_t process\_id

Process ID.

· uint32\_t pasid

PASID.

uint64\_t vram\_usage

VRAM usage.

• uint64\_t sdma\_usage

SDMA usage in microseconds.

# 7.12.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains information specific to a process.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# 7.13 rsmi\_range\_t Struct Reference

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

uint64\_t lower\_bound
 Lower bound of range.

uint64\_t upper\_bound

Upper bound of range.

# 7.13.1 Detailed Description

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 7.14 rsmi\_retired\_page\_record\_t Struct Reference

Reserved Memory Page Record.

```
#include <room_smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint64\_t page\_address

Start address of page.

• uint64\_t page\_size

Page size.

rsmi\_memory\_page\_status\_t status

Page "reserved" status.

# 7.14.1 Detailed Description

Reserved Memory Page Record.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• rocm\_smi.h

# 7.15 rsmi\_version\_t Struct Reference

This structure holds version information.

```
#include <rocm_smi.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

· uint32\_t major

Major version.

• uint32\_t minor

Minor version.

· uint32\_t patch

Patch, build or stepping version.

const char \* build

Build string.

# 7.15.1 Detailed Description

This structure holds version information.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· rocm\_smi.h

# **Chapter 8**

# **File Documentation**

# 8.1 rocm\_smi.h File Reference

The rocm\_smi library api is new, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. Instead of marking every function prototype as "unstable", we are instead saying the API is unstable (i.e., changes are possible) while the major version remains 0. This means that if the API/ABI changes, we will not increment the major version to 1. Once the ABI stabilizes, we will increment the major version to 1, and thereafter increment it on all ABI breaks.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "rocm_smi/kfd_ioctl.h"
```

## **Data Structures**

- struct rsmi\_counter\_value\_t
- struct rsmi\_evt\_notification\_data\_t
- struct rsmi\_retired\_page\_record\_t

Reserved Memory Page Record.

· struct rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t

This structure contains information about which power profiles are supported by the system for a given device, and which power profile is currently active.

struct rsmi\_frequencies\_t

This structure holds information about clock frequencies.

struct rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth\_t

This structure holds information about the possible PCIe bandwidths. Specifically, the possible transfer rates and their associated numbers of lanes are stored here.

struct rsmi\_version\_t

This structure holds version information.

struct rsmi\_range\_t

This structure represents a range (e.g., frequencies or voltages).

struct rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t

This structure represents a point on the frequency-voltage plane.

struct rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region\_t

This structure holds 2 rsmi\_range\_t's, one for frequency and one for voltage. These 2 ranges indicate the range of possible values for the corresponding rsmi\_od\_vddc\_point\_t.

struct rsmi\_od\_volt\_curve\_t

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struct rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data\_t

This structure holds the frequency-voltage values for a device.

· struct rsmi\_error\_count\_t

This structure holds error counts.

struct rsmi\_process\_info\_t

This structure contains information specific to a process.

· union id

This union holds the value of an rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t. The value may be a function name, or an ennumerated variant value of types such as rsmi\_memory\_type\_t, rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t, etc.

#### **Macros**

#define RSMI\_MAX\_NUM\_FREQUENCIES 32

Guaranteed maximum possible number of supported frequencies.

- #define RSMI MAX FAN SPEED 255
- #define RSMI\_NUM\_VOLTAGE\_CURVE\_POINTS 3

The number of points that make up a voltage-frequency curve definition.

#define MAX\_EVENT\_NOTIFICATION\_MSG\_SIZE 64

Maximum number of characters an event notification message will be.

#define RSMI MAX NUM POWER PROFILES (sizeof(rsmi bit field t) \* 8)

Number of possible power profiles that a system could support.

#### **Typedefs**

· typedef uintptr\_t rsmi\_event\_handle\_t

Handle to performance event counter.

typedef uint64\_t rsmi\_bit\_field\_t

Bitfield used in various RSMI calls.

typedef enum RSMI IO LINK TYPE RSMI IO LINK TYPE

Types for IO Link.

typedef struct rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle \* rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t

Opaque handle to function-support object.

· typedef union id rsmi func id value t

This union holds the value of an rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t. The value may be a function name, or an ennumerated variant value of types such as rsmi\_memory\_type\_t, rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t, etc.

#### **Enumerations**

Error codes retured by rocm\_smi\_lib functions.

Initialization flags.

enum rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t {

 ${\color{red} \textbf{RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_AUTO} = 0, \textbf{RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_FIRST} = \textbf{RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_} \leftarrow \textbf{RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_}$ 

AUTO, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_LOW, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_HIGH,

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_MANUAL, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_STD, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_PEARSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_MCLK,

RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_STABLE\_MIN\_SCLK, RSMI\_DEV\_PERF\_LEVEL\_LAST = RSMI\_DEV\_PER←
F LEVEL STABLE MIN SCLK, RSMI DEV PERF LEVEL UNKNOWN = 0x100 }

PowerPlay performance levels.

enum rsmi\_sw\_component\_t { RSMI\_SW\_COMP\_FIRST = 0x0, RSMI\_SW\_COMP\_DRIVER = RSMI\_SW
 \_COMP\_FIRST, RSMI\_SW\_COMP\_LAST = RSMI\_SW\_COMP\_DRIVER }

Available clock types.

enum rsmi event group t { RSMI EVNT GRP XGMI = 0, RSMI EVNT GRP INVALID = 0xFFFFFFFF }

Enum denoting an event group. The value of the enum is the base value for all the event enums in the group.

enum rsmi event type t {

 $\textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_FIRST} = \textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_GRP\_XGMI}, \\ \textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_FIRST} = \textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_GRP\_XGMI}, \\ \textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_FIRST} = \textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_GRP\_XGMI}, \\ \textbf{RSMI\_EVNT\_MISST} = \textbf{RSM$ 

RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_0\_NOP\_TX = RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_FIRST, RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_0\_REQUEST\_TX,

RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_0\_RESPONSE\_TX, RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_0\_BEATS\_TX, RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_1\_NOP\_TX,

RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_1\_REQUEST\_TX,

RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_1\_RESPONSE\_TX, RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_1\_BEATS\_TX, RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_LAST = RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_1\_BEATS\_TX, RSMI\_EVNT\_LAST = RSMI\_EVNT\_XGMI\_LAST }

Event type enum. Events belonging to a particular event group rsmi\_event\_group\_t should begin ennumerating at the rsmi\_event\_group\_t value for that group.

- enum rsmi\_counter\_command\_t { RSMI\_CNTR\_CMD\_START = 0, RSMI\_CNTR\_CMD\_STOP }
- enum rsmi\_evt\_notification\_type\_t { RSMI\_EVT\_NOTIF\_VMFAULT = KFD\_SMI\_EVENT\_VMFAULT, RSM ←
   I\_EVT\_NOTIF\_FIRST = RSMI\_EVT\_NOTIF\_VMFAULT, RSMI\_EVT\_NOTIF\_LAST = RSMI\_EVT\_NOTIF ←
   VMFAULT }
- enum rsmi\_clk\_type\_t {

RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_SYS = 0x0, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_FIRST = RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_SYS, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_DF, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_DCEF,

RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_SOC, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_MEM, RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_LAST = RSMI\_CLK\_TYPE\_MEM, RSMI\_CLK\_INVALID = 0xFFFFFFFF }

• enum rsmi temperature metric t {

RSMI\_TEMP\_CURRENT = 0x0, RSMI\_TEMP\_FIRST = RSMI\_TEMP\_CURRENT, RSMI\_TEMP\_MAX, RSMI\_TEMP\_MIN,

RSMI TEMP MAX HYST, RSMI TEMP MIN HYST, RSMI TEMP CRITICAL, RSMI TEMP CRITICAL HYST,

RSMI\_TEMP\_EMERGENCY, RSMI\_TEMP\_EMERGENCY\_HYST, RSMI\_TEMP\_CRIT\_MIN, RSMI\_TEMP\_CRIT\_MIN\_HYST

RSMI\_TEMP\_OFFSET, RSMI\_TEMP\_LOWEST, RSMI\_TEMP\_HIGHEST, RSMI\_TEMP\_LAST = RSMI\_ $\leftarrow$  TEMP\_HIGHEST }

Temperature Metrics. This enum is used to identify various temperature metrics. Corresponding values will be in millidegress Celcius.

enum rsmi\_temperature\_type\_t {

**RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_FIRST** = 0, RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_EDGE = RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_FIRST, RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_JUNCTION, RSMI\_TEMP\_TYPE\_MEMORY,

This ennumeration is used to indicate from which part of the device a temperature reading should be obtained.

enum rsmi\_voltage\_metric\_t {

RSMI\_VOLT\_CURRENT = 0x0, RSMI\_VOLT\_FIRST = RSMI\_VOLT\_CURRENT, RSMI\_VOLT\_MAX, RSMI\_VOLT\_MIN\_CRIT,

RSMI\_VOLT\_MIN, RSMI\_VOLT\_MAX\_CRIT, RSMI\_VOLT\_AVERAGE, RSMI\_VOLT\_LOWEST,

RSMI\_VOLT\_HIGHEST, RSMI\_VOLT\_LAST = RSMI\_VOLT\_HIGHEST }

Voltage Metrics. This enum is used to identify various Volatge metrics. Corresponding values will be in millivolt.

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enum rsmi\_voltage\_type\_t { RSMI\_VOLT\_TYPE\_FIRST = 0, RSMI\_VOLT\_TYPE\_VDDGFX = RSMI\_VOL→
 T\_TYPE\_FIRST, RSMI\_VOLT\_TYPE\_LAST = RSMI\_VOLT\_TYPE\_VDDGFX, RSMI\_VOLT\_TYPE\_INVALID
 = 0xFFFFFFFF }

This ennumeration is used to indicate which type of voltage reading should be obtained.

enum rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t {
 RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_CUSTOM\_MASK = 0x1, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VIDEO\_MASK = 0x2,
 RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_POWER\_SAVING\_MASK = 0x4, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_COMPUTE\_MASK = 0x8.

RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_VR\_MASK = 0x10, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_3D\_FULL\_SCR\_MASK = 0x20, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_BOOTUP\_DEFAULT = 0x40, RSMI\_PWR\_PROF\_PRST\_LAST = RSMI\_PW↔ R PROF\_PRST\_BOOTUP\_DEFAULT,

Pre-set Profile Selections. These bitmasks can be AND'd with the rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.available\_profiles returned from rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get to determine which power profiles are supported by the system.

This enum is used to identify different GPU blocks.

enum rsmi\_ras\_err\_state\_t {
 RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_NONE = 0, RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_DISABLED, RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_PARITY,
 RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_SING\_C,
 RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_MULT\_UC, RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_POISON, RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_ENABLED,
 RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_LAST = RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_ENABLED,

RSMI\_RAS\_ERR\_STATE\_INVALID = 0xFFFFFFFF }

The current ECC state.

• enum rsmi memory type t {

RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_FIRST = 0, RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_VRAM = RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_FIRST, RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_VIS\_VRAM, RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_GTT,

**RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_LAST** = RSMI\_MEM\_TYPE\_GTT }

Types of memory.

 enum rsmi\_freq\_ind\_t { RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_MIN = 0, RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_MAX = 1, RSMI\_FREQ\_IND\_INVALID = 0xFFFFFFF} }

The values of this enum are used as frequency identifiers.

• enum rsmi fw block t {

RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_FIRST = 0, RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_ASD = RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_FIRST, RSMI\_FW\_BLO←CK CE, RSMI FW BLOCK DMCU.

RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_RLC\_SRLS, RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_SDMA, RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_SDMA2, RSMI\_FW\_↔ BLOCK\_SMC,

RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_SOS, RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_TA\_RAS, RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_TA\_XGMI, RSMI\_FW\_BL↔ OCK\_UVD,

 $\label{eq:rsmi_fw_block_vce} \textbf{RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_VCN}, \ \textbf{RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_LAST} = \texttt{RSMI\_FW\_BLOCK\_V} \longleftrightarrow \texttt{CN} \ \}$ 

The values of this enum are used to identify the various firmware blocks.

 enum rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t { RSMI\_XGMI\_STATUS\_NO\_ERRORS = 0, RSMI\_XGMI\_STATUS\_ERROR, RSMI\_XGMI\_STATUS\_MULTIPLE\_ERRORS } XGMI Status.

 enum rsmi\_memory\_page\_status\_t { RSMI\_MEM\_PAGE\_STATUS\_RESERVED = 0, RSMI\_MEM\_PAGE\_STATUS\_PENDING RSMI\_MEM\_PAGE\_STATUS\_UNRESERVABLE }

Reserved Memory Page States.

enum RSMI\_IO\_LINK\_TYPE {

RSMI\_IOLINK\_TYPE\_UNDEFINED = 0, RSMI\_IOLINK\_TYPE\_PCIEXPRESS = 1, RSMI\_IOLINK\_TYPE\_XGMI = 2, RSMI\_IOLINK\_TYPE\_NUMIOLINKTYPES,

RSMI\_IOLINK\_TYPE\_SIZE = 0xFFFFFFF }

Types for IO Link.

#### **Functions**

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_init (uint64\_t init\_flags)

Initialize ROCm SMI.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_shut\_down (void)

Shutdown ROCm SMI.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_num\_monitor\_devices (uint32\_t \*num\_devices)

Get the number of devices that have monitor information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint16\_t \*id)

Get the device id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vendor\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint16\_t \*id)

Get the device vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name string of a gpu device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_brand\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*brand, uint32\_t len)

Get the brand string of a gpu device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vendor\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name string for a give vendor ID.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vram\_vendor\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*brand, uint32\_t len)

Get the vram vendor string of a gpu device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_serial\_number\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*serial\_num, uint32\_t len)

Get the serial number string for a device.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev subsystem id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint16 t \*id)

Get the subsystem device id associated with the device with provided device index.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_subsystem\_name\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*name, size\_t len)

Get the name string for the device subsytem.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_drm\_render\_minor\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*minor)

Get the drm minor number associated with this device.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev subsystem vendor id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint16 t \*id)

Get the device subsystem vendor id associated with the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_unique\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*id)

Get Unique ID

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_pcie\_bandwidth\_t \*bandwidth)

Get the list of possible PCIe bandwidths that are available.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_id\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*bdfid)

Get the unique PCI device identifier associated for a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_numa\_affinity\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*numa\_node)

Get the NUMA node associated with a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_throughput\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*sent, uint64\_t \*received, uint64\_←
 t \*max\_pkt\_sz)

Get PCIe traffic information.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_replay\_counter\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*counter)

Get PCIe replay counter.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_pci\_bandwidth\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t bw\_bitmask)

Control the set of allowed PCIe bandwidths that can be used.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_ave\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*power)

Get the average power consumption of the device with provided device index.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*cap)

Get the cap on power which, when reached, causes the system to take action to reduce power.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_cap\_range\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*max, uint64\_t \*min)

Get the range of valid values for the power cap.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev power cap set (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t sensor ind, uint64 t cap)

Set the power cap value.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t reserved, rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t profile)

Set the power profile.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_total\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_memory\_type\_t mem\_type, uint64\_
 t \*total)

Get the total amount of memory that exists.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_usage\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_memory\_type\_t mem\_type, uint64\_
 t \*used)

Get the current memory usage.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_busy\_percent\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*busy\_percent)

Get percentage of time any device memory is being used.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_memory\_reserved\_pages\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*num\_pages, rsmi\_retired\_page\_record\_t \*records)

Get information about reserved ("retired") memory pages.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_rpms\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, int64\_t \*speed)

Get the fan speed in RPMs of the device with the specified device index and 0-based sensor index.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev fan speed get (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t sensor ind, int64 t \*speed)

Get the fan speed for the specified device as a value relative to RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_speed\_max\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, uint64\_t \*max\_speed)

Get the max. fan speed of the device with provided device index.

 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_temp\_metric\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_type, rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t metric, int64\_t \*temperature)

Get the temperature metric value for the specified metric, from the specified temperature sensor on the specified device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_volt\_metric\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_voltage\_type\_t sensor\_type, rsmi\_voltage\_metric\_t metric, int64\_t \*voltage)

Get the voltage metric value for the specified metric, from the specified voltage sensor on the specified device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_fan\_reset (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind)

Reset the fan to automatic driver control.

rsmi status t rsmi dev fan speed set (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t sensor ind, uint64 t speed)

Set the fan speed for the specified device with the provided speed, in RPMs.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_busy\_percent\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*busy\_percent)

Get percentage of time device is busy doing any processing.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t \*perf)

Get the performance level of the device with provided device index.

rsmi status t rsmi dev overdrive level get (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t \*od)

Get the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev gpu clk freq get (uint32 t dv ind, rsmi clk type t clk type, rsmi frequencies t \*f)

Get the list of possible system clock speeds of device for a specified clock type.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_od\_volt\_freq\_data\_t \*odv)

This function retrieves the voltage/frequency curve information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_clk\_info\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_freq\_ind\_t level, uint64\_t clkvalue, rsmi\_clk\_type t clkType)

This function sets the clock frequency information.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_info\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t vpoint, uint64\_t clkvalue, uint64\_t volt-value)

This function sets 1 of the 3 voltage curve points.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_od\_volt\_curve\_regions\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t \*num\_regions, rsmi\_freq\_volt\_region\_t \*buffer)

This function will retrieve the current valid regions in the frequency/voltage space.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_power\_profile\_presets\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t sensor\_ind, rsmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t \*status)

Get the list of available preset power profiles and an indication of which profile is currently active.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t perf\_lvl)

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_set\_v1 (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t perf\_lvl)

Set the PowerPlay performance level associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set (int32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t od)

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_overdrive\_level\_set\_v1 (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint32\_t od)

Set the overdrive percent associated with the device with provided device index with the provided value. See details for WARNING.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_gpu\_clk\_freq\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_clk\_type\_t clk\_type, uint64\_t freq\_bitmask)

Control the set of allowed frequencies that can be used for the specified clock.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_version\_get (rsmi\_version\_t \*version)

Get the build version information for the currently running build of RSMI.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_version\_str\_get (rsmi\_sw\_component\_t component, char \*ver\_str, uint32\_t len)

Get the driver version string for the current system.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_vbios\_version\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, char \*vbios, uint32\_t len)

Get the VBIOS identifer string.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_firmware\_version\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_fw\_block\_t block, uint64\_t \*fw\_version)

Get the firmware versions for a device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_count\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t block, rsmi\_error\_count\_t \*ec)

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_enabled\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t \*enabled\_blocks)

Retrieve the enabled ECC bit-mask.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_ecc\_status\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t block, rsmi\_ras\_err\_state\_t \*state)

Retrieve the ECC status for a GPU block.

Retrieve the error counts for a GPU block.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_status\_string (rsmi\_status\_t status, const char \*\*status\_string)

Get a description of a provided RSMI error status.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_counter\_group\_supported (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_event\_group\_t group)

Tell if an event group is supported by a given device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_counter\_create (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_event\_type\_t type, rsmi\_event\_handle\_t \*evnt handle)

Create a performance counter object.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev counter destroy (rsmi event handle t evnt handle)

Deallocate a performance counter object.

 rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_counter\_control (rsmi\_event\_handle\_t evt\_handle, rsmi\_counter\_command\_t cmd, void \*cmd\_args)

Issue performance counter control commands.

• rsmi status t rsmi counter read (rsmi event handle t evt handle, rsmi counter value t \*value)

Read the current value of a performance counter.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_counter\_available\_counters\_get (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_event\_group\_t grp, uint32\_
 t \*available)

Get the number of currently available counters.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_compute\_process\_info\_get (rsmi\_process\_info\_t \*procs, uint32\_t \*num\_items)

Get process information about processes currently using GPU.

rsmi status t rsmi compute process info by pid get (uint32 t pid, rsmi process info t \*proc)

Get process information about a specific process.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_compute\_process\_gpus\_get (uint32\_t pid, uint32\_t \*dv\_indices, uint32\_t \*num\_devices)

Get the device indices currently being used by a process.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_error\_status (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_xgmi\_status\_t \*status)

Retrieve the XGMI error status for a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_xgmi\_error\_reset (uint32\_t dv\_ind)

Reset the XGMI error status for a device.

• rsmi status t rsmi dev xgmi hive id get (uint32 t dv ind, uint64 t \*hive id)

Retrieve the XGMI hive id for a device.

• rsmi status t rsmi topo get numa node number (uint32 t dv ind, uint32 t \*numa node)

Retrieve the NUMA CPU node number for a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_get\_link\_weight (uint32\_t dv\_ind\_src, uint32\_t dv\_ind\_dst, uint64\_t \*weight)

Retrieve the weight for a connection between 2 GPUs.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_topo\_get\_link\_type (uint32\_t dv\_ind\_src, uint32\_t dv\_ind\_dst, uint64\_t \*hops, RSMI\_IO\_LINK\_TYPE \*type)

Retrieve the hops and the connection type between 2 GPUs.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_open (uint32\_t dv\_ind, rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \*handle)

Get a function name iterator of supported RSMI functions for a device.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_supported\_variant\_iterator\_open (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t obj\_h, rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \*var\_iter)

Get a variant iterator for a given handle.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_func\_iter\_next (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t handle)

Advance a function identifer iterator.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_dev\_supported\_func\_iterator\_close (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t \*handle)

Close a variant iterator handle.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_func\_iter\_value\_get (rsmi\_func\_id\_iter\_handle\_t handle, rsmi\_func\_id\_value\_t \*value)

Get the value associated with a function/variant iterator.

• rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_init (uint32\_t dv\_ind)

Prepare to collect event notifications for a GPU.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_mask\_set (uint32\_t dv\_ind, uint64\_t mask)

Specify which events to collect for a device.

rsmi\_status\_t rsmi\_event\_notification\_get (int timeout\_ms, uint32\_t \*num\_elem, rsmi\_evt\_notification\_data\_t \*data)

Collect event notifications, waiting a specified amount of time.

rsmi status t rsmi event notification stop (uint32 t dv ind)

Close any file handles and free any resources used by event notification for a GPU.

#### 8.1.1 Detailed Description

The rocm\_smi library api is new, and therefore subject to change either at the ABI or API level. Instead of marking every function prototype as "unstable", we are instead saying the API is unstable (i.e., changes are possible) while the major version remains 0. This means that if the API/ABI changes, we will not increment the major version to 1. Once the ABI stabilizes, we will increment the major version to 1, and thereafter increment it on all ABI breaks.

Main header file for the ROCm SMI library. All required function, structure, enum, etc. definitions should be defined in this file.

#### 8.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 8.1.2.1 RSMI\_MAX\_FAN\_SPEED

```
#define RSMI_MAX_FAN_SPEED 255
```

Maximum possible value for fan speed. Should be used as the denominator when determining fan speed percentage.

#### 8.1.2.2 RSMI\_DEFAULT\_VARIANT

Place-holder "variant" for functions that have don't have any variants, but do have monitors or sensors.

#### 8.1.3 Typedef Documentation

#### 8.1.3.1 rsmi\_event\_handle\_t

```
typedef uintptr_t rsmi_event_handle_t
```

Handle to performance event counter.

Event counter types

## 8.1.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 8.1.4.1 rsmi status t

```
enum rsmi_status_t
```

Error codes retured by rocm\_smi\_lib functions.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_STATUS_SUCCESS	Operation was successful.
RSMI_STATUS_INVALID_ARGS	Passed in arguments are not valid.
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED	The requested information or action is not available for the
	given input, on the given system
RSMI_STATUS_FILE_ERROR	Problem accessing a file. This may because the operation is
	not supported by the Linux kernel version running on the executing machine
DOMESTATUS DEDMISSION	
RSMI_STATUS_PERMISSION	Permission denied/EACCESS file error. Many functions require root access to run.
RSMI_STATUS_OUT_OF_RESOURCES	Unable to acquire memory or other resource
RSMI_STATUS_INTERNAL_EXCEPTION	An internal exception was caught.
RSMI_STATUS_INPUT_OUT_OF_BOUNDS	
	The provided input is out of allowable or safe range
RSMI_STATUS_INIT_ERROR	An error occurred when rsmi initializing internal data structures
RSMI STATUS NOT YET IMPLEMENTED	The requested function has not yet been implemented in the
	current system for the current devices
RSMI_STATUS_NOT_FOUND	An item was searched for but not found
RSMI_STATUS_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE	Not enough resources were available for the operation
RSMI_STATUS_INTERRUPT	An interrupt occurred during execution of function
RSMI_STATUS_UNEXPECTED_SIZE	An unexpected amount of data was read
RSMI_STATUS_NO_DATA	No data was found for a given input
RSMI_STATUS_UNEXPECTED_DATA	The data read or provided to function is not what was
	expected
RSMI_STATUS_BUSY	A resource or mutex could not be acquired because it is
	already being used
RSMI_STATUS_REFCOUNT_OVERFLOW	exceeded INT32_MAX An internal reference counter
RSMI_STATUS_UNKNOWN_ERROR	An unknown error occurred.

# 8.1.4.2 rsmi\_init\_flags\_t

enum rsmi\_init\_flags\_t

Initialization flags.

Initialization flags may be OR'd together and passed to rsmi\_init().

RSMI_INIT_FLAG_ALL_GPUS	Attempt to add all GPUs found (including non-AMD) to the list of devices from which SMI information can be retrieved. By default, only AMD devices are ennumerated by RSMI.
RSMI_INIT_FLAG_RESRV_TEST1	Reserved for test.

#### 8.1.4.3 rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t

enum rsmi\_dev\_perf\_level\_t

PowerPlay performance levels.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_AUTO	Performance level is "auto".
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_LOW	Keep PowerPlay levels "low", regardless of workload
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_HIGH	Keep PowerPlay levels "high", regardless of workload
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_MANUAL	Only use values defined by manually setting the RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS speed
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_STD	Stable power state with profiling clocks
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_PEAK	Stable power state with peak clocks.
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_MIN_MCLK	Stable power state with minimum memory clock
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_STABLE_MIN_SCLK	Stable power state with minimum system clock
RSMI_DEV_PERF_LEVEL_UNKNOWN	Unknown performance level.

#### 8.1.4.4 rsmi\_sw\_component\_t

enum rsmi\_sw\_component\_t

Available clock types.

Software components

Enumerator

RSMI\_SW\_COMP\_DRIVER Driver.

#### 8.1.4.5 rsmi\_event\_group\_t

enum rsmi\_event\_group\_t

Enum denoting an event group. The value of the enum is the base value for all the event enums in the group.

**Event Groups** 

RSMI_EVNT_GRP_XGMI	Data Fabric (XGMI) related events.
--------------------	------------------------------------

#### 8.1.4.6 rsmi\_event\_type\_t

```
\verb"enum rsmi_event_type_t"
```

Event type enum. Events belonging to a particular event group <a href="mailto:rsmi\_event\_group\_t">rsmi\_event\_group\_t</a> should begin ennumerating at the <a href="mailto:rsmi\_event\_group\_t">rsmi\_event\_group\_t</a> value for that group.

#### Event types

#### Enumerator

RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_NOP_TX	NOPs sent to neighbor 0.
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_REQUEST_TX	Outgoing requests to neighbor 0
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_RESPONSE_TX	Outgoing responses to neighbor 0
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_BEATS_TX	Data beats sent to neighbor 0; Each beat represents 32 bytes.
	XGMI throughput can be calculated by multiplying a BEATs event such as RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_0_BEATS_TX by 32 and dividing by the time for which event collection occurred, rsmi_counter_value_t.time_running (which is in nanoseconds). To get bytes per second, multiply this value by 10 <sup>9</sup> .  Throughput = BEATS/time_running * 10 <sup>9</sup> (bytes/second)
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_1_NOP_TX	NOPs sent to neighbor 1.
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_1_REQUEST_TX	neighbor 1 Outgoing requests to
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_1_RESPONSE_TX	Outgoing responses to neighbor 1
RSMI_EVNT_XGMI_1_BEATS_TX	Data beats sent to neighbor 1; Each beat represents 32 bytes

## 8.1.4.7 rsmi\_counter\_command\_t

enum rsmi\_counter\_command\_t

#### Event counter commands

#### Enumerator

RSMI_CNTR_CMD_START	Start the counter.
RSMI_CNTR_CMD_STOP	Stop the counter; note that this should not be used before reading. It is for
	temporarily disabling the counter.

#### 8.1.4.8 rsmi\_evt\_notification\_type\_t

enum rsmi\_evt\_notification\_type\_t

Event notification event types

#### Enumerator

RSMI_EVT_NOTIF_VMF	FAULT   VM page fault.
--------------------	------------------------

## 8.1.4.9 rsmi\_clk\_type\_t

enum rsmi\_clk\_type\_t

## Clock types

## Enumerator

RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SYS	System clock.
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_DF	Data Fabric clock (for ASICs running on a separate clock)
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_DCEF	Display Controller Engine clock.
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_SOC	SOC clock.
RSMI_CLK_TYPE_MEM	Memory clock.

## 8.1.4.10 rsmi\_temperature\_metric\_t

 $\verb"enum rsmi_temperature_metric_t"$ 

Temperature Metrics. This enum is used to identify various temperature metrics. Corresponding values will be in millidegress Celcius.

RSMI_TEMP_CURRENT	Temperature current value.
RSMI_TEMP_MAX	Temperature max value.
RSMI_TEMP_MIN	Temperature min value.
RSMI_TEMP_MAX_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for max limit. (This is an absolute temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_MIN_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for min limit. (This is an absolute temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_CRITICAL	Temperature critical max value, typically greater than corresponding temp_max values.
RSMI_TEMP_CRITICAL_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for critical limit. (This is an absolute temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_EMERGENCY	Temperature emergency max value, for chips supporting more than two upper temperature limits. Must be equal or greater than corresponding temp_crit values.
RSMI_TEMP_EMERGENCY_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for emergency limit. (This is an absolute temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_CRIT_MIN	Temperature critical min value, typically lower than corresponding temperature minimum values.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_TEMP_CRIT_MIN_HYST	Temperature hysteresis value for critical minimum limit. (This is an absolute temperature, not a delta).
RSMI_TEMP_OFFSET	Temperature offset which is added to the temperature reading by the chip.
RSMI_TEMP_LOWEST	Historical minimum temperature.
RSMI_TEMP_HIGHEST	Historical maximum temperature.

## 8.1.4.11 rsmi\_temperature\_type\_t

enum rsmi\_temperature\_type\_t

This ennumeration is used to indicate from which part of the device a temperature reading should be obtained.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_EDGE	Edge GPU temperature.
RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_JUNCTION	Junction/hotspot temperature
RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_MEMORY	VRAM temperature.
RSMI_TEMP_TYPE_INVALID	Invalid type.

## 8.1.4.12 rsmi\_voltage\_metric\_t

enum rsmi\_voltage\_metric\_t

Voltage Metrics. This enum is used to identify various Volatge metrics. Corresponding values will be in millivolt.

RSMI_VOLT_CURRENT	Voltage current value.
RSMI_VOLT_MAX	Voltage max value.
RSMI_VOLT_MIN_CRIT	Voltage critical min value.
RSMI_VOLT_MIN	Voltage min value.
	Voltage critical max value.
RSMI_VOLT_MAX_CRIT	
RSMI_VOLT_AVERAGE	Average voltage.
RSMI_VOLT_LOWEST	Historical minimum voltage.
RSMI_VOLT_HIGHEST	Historical maximum voltage.

#### 8.1.4.13 rsmi\_voltage\_type\_t

```
enum rsmi_voltage_type_t
```

This ennumeration is used to indicate which type of voltage reading should be obtained.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_VOLT_TYPE_VDDGFX	Vddgfx GPU voltage
RSMI_VOLT_TYPE_INVALID	Invalid type.

## 8.1.4.14 rsmi\_power\_profile\_preset\_masks\_t

```
enum rsmi_power_profile_preset_masks_t
```

Pre-set Profile Selections. These bitmasks can be AND'd with the <a href="mailto:resmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.available\_profiles">resmi\_power\_profile\_status\_t.available\_profiles</a> returned from <a href="mailto:resmi\_dev\_power\_profile">resets\_get</a> to determine which power profiles are supported by the system.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_CUSTOM_MASK	Custom Power Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VIDEO_MASK	Video Power Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_POWER_SAVING_MASK	Power Saving Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_COMPUTE_MASK	Compute Saving Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_VR_MASK	VR Power Profile. 3D Full Screen Power Profile
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_BOOTUP_DEFAULT	Default Boot Up Profile.
RSMI_PWR_PROF_PRST_LAST	Invalid power profile.

## 8.1.4.15 rsmi\_gpu\_block\_t

```
enum rsmi_gpu_block_t
```

This enum is used to identify different GPU blocks.

RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_INVALID	Used to indicate an invalid block
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_UMC	UMC block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_SDMA	SDMA block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_GFX	GFX block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_MMHUB	MMHUB block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_ATHUB	ATHUB block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_PCIE_BIF	PCIE_BIF block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_HDP	HDP block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_XGMI_WAFL	XGMI block.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_DF	DF block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_SMN	SMN block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_SEM	SEM block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_MP0	MP0 block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_MP1	MP1 block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_FUSE	Fuse block.
RSMI_GPU_BLOCK_LAST	for supported blocks The highest bit position

## 8.1.4.16 rsmi\_ras\_err\_state\_t

enum rsmi\_ras\_err\_state\_t

The current ECC state.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_NONE	No current errors.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_DISABLED	ECC is disabled.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_PARITY	ECC errors present, but type unknown.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_SING_C	Single correctable error.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_MULT_UC	Multiple uncorrectable errors.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_POISON	Firmware detected error and isolated page. Treat as uncorrectable.
RSMI_RAS_ERR_STATE_ENABLED	ECC is enabled.

# 8.1.4.17 rsmi\_memory\_type\_t

enum rsmi\_memory\_type\_t

Types of memory.

## Enumerator

RSMI_MEM_TYPE_VRAM	VRAM memory.
RSMI_MEM_TYPE_VIS_VRAM	VRAM memory that is visible.
RSMI_MEM_TYPE_GTT	GTT memory.

## 8.1.4.18 rsmi\_freq\_ind\_t

 $\verb"enum rsmi_freq_ind_t"$ 

The values of this enum are used as frequency identifiers.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_FREQ_IND_MIN	Index used for the minimum frequency value.
RSMI_FREQ_IND_MAX	Index used for the maximum frequency value.
RSMI_FREQ_IND_INVALID	An invalid frequency index.

## 8.1.4.19 rsmi\_memory\_page\_status\_t

enum rsmi\_memory\_page\_status\_t

Reserved Memory Page States.

#### Enumerator

RSMI_MEM_PAGE_STATUS_RESERVED	Reserved. This gpu page is reserved and not available for
	use
RSMI_MEM_PAGE_STATUS_PENDING	Pending. This gpu page is marked as bad and will be
	marked reserved at the next window.
RSMI_MEM_PAGE_STATUS_UNRESERVABLE	Unable to reserve this page.

## 8.1.4.20 \_RSMI\_IO\_LINK\_TYPE

enum \_RSMI\_IO\_LINK\_TYPE

Types for IO Link.

RSMI_IOLINK_TYPE_UNDEFINED	unknown type.
RSMI_IOLINK_TYPE_PCIEXPRESS	PCI Express.
RSMI_IOLINK_TYPE_XGMI	XGMI.
RSMI_IOLINK_TYPE_NUMIOLINKTYPES	Number of IO Link types.
RSMI_IOLINK_TYPE_SIZE	Max of IO Link types.

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