#### **Brute Force**

Name	Efficiency	Notes
Towers of Hanoi	O(2 <sup>n</sup> )	
Selection Sort	O(n <sup>2</sup> )	
Bubble Sort	O(n <sup>2</sup> )	
String Matching	O(m * n)	m = text, n = pattern
Closest Pair	O(n <sup>2</sup> )	
Convex Hull	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	
Travelling Salesman Problem	O(n!)	
Cheapest Job Assignment	O(n!)	
Knapsack	O(2 <sup>n</sup> )	
Matrix Multiplication	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	
Polynomial Evaluation	O(n <sup>2</sup> )	

## Decrease and Conquer

Name	Efficiency	Notes
Insertion Sort	O(n <sup>2</sup>	Decrease by constant
Fake Coin Problem	O(logn)	Decrease by constant factor
Euclid's GCD	O(logn)	Variable size decrease
Interpolation Sort	O(loglogn+1) average, O(n) worst	

# Divide & Conquer

Name	Efficiency	Notes
Matrix Multiplication	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	
Strassen Method	O(n <sup>2.8</sup> )	$7T(n/2) + n^2$ recurrence
Closest Pair	O(nlogn)	Presorting is O(logn), every other step is O(n)

Name	Efficiency	Notes
Convex Hull	O(nlogn) average, O(n <sup>2</sup> ) worst	
Binomial Coefficient	O(2 <sup>n</sup> )	

#### Transform & Conquer

Name	Efficiency	Notes
Horner's Rule	O(n)	Polynomial evaluation

### Space Time & DP

Туре	Worst Case	Best Case	Notes
Horspool	O(nm)	Θ(n)	Faster on average than brute-force, often at least as efficient as Boyer-Moore
Binomial Coefficient	O(n <sup>2</sup> )	O(n * k)	
Warshall	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	The space complexity can possibly be O(n <sup>2</sup> )
Floyd	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	O(n <sup>3</sup> )	