FIN5EQS EQUITY SECURITIES

Quiz 2 Solutions

The following information should be used in answering Questions 1 and 2.

A company has achieved the following EPS in the years shown.

Year	EPS		
2008	2.12		
2009	2.27		
2010	2.45		
2011	2.51		

The results of a linear regression based on these values are shown overleaf.

SUMMARY OUTP	UT				
Regression S	Statistics				
Multiple R	0.983152				
R Square Adjusted R	0.966587				
Square	0.949881				
Standard Error	0.039686				
Observations	4				
ANOVA					
	ar.	cc	A 4C	_	Significance
Dograssian	<i>df</i> 1	SS 0.091125	<i>MS</i> 0.091125	<i>F</i> 57.85714	<i>F</i> 0.016848
Regression Residual	2	0.091125	0.091125	37.63714	0.010646
	_		0.001575		
Total	3	0.094275			
		<u> </u>			
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%
Intercent	Coefficients				
Intercept	2	0.048606	41.14756	0.00059	1.790867
X Variable 1	0.135	0.017748	7.606388	0.016848	0.058635

1. What is the arithmetic average annual growth rate over this period?

Year	EPS	Growth	$\sum_{i=1}^{-1} \alpha_i$
2008	2.12		$\sum_{t=-n} g_t$
2009	2.27	7.08%	$AA = \frac{t-n}{n}$
2010	2.45	7.93%	$=\frac{7.08+7.93+2.45}{3}=5.82\%$
2011	2.51	2.45%	$=\frac{7.86+7.86+2.16}{3}=5.82\%$
Average	2.3375	_	J

- A. 4.31%
- B. 4.37%
- C. 5.79%
- D. 5.82%

2. Based on linear regression, what is the average annual growth rate over this period?

$$AverageEPSGrowth = \frac{0.135}{2.3375} = 5.78\%$$

- A. 5.78%
- B. 5.81%
- C. 6.75%
- D. 13.5%

The following information should be used in answering Questions 3 and 4.

You are analysing the Jupiter Mining Corporation.

- At the beginning of 2011, the company had total assets of \$2,000,000 and total liabilities of \$1,500,000.
- Its profit before tax during 2011 was \$125,000 and the tax rate is 20%. It paid out \$60,000 in dividends.

3. Based on the information above, what is JMC's sustainable growth rate?

Income = Profit before
$$tax(1-t_c) = 125,000(0.8) = \$100,000$$

Equity = Assets - Liabilities = $2,000,000 - 1,500,000 = \$500,000$

$$b = \frac{Income - Dividends}{Income} = \frac{100,000 - 60,000}{100,000} = 0.4$$

$$ROE = \frac{Income}{Equity} = \frac{100,000}{500,000} = 0.2$$

$$g = b \times ROE = 0.4 \times 0.2 = 8\%$$

- A. 6%
- B. 8%
- C. 10%
- D. 12%
- 4. After further analysis, you believe that:
 - JMC's degree of financial leverage (at the beginning of 2011) is representative of its long-term financial leverage.
 - JMC's payout ratio in 2011 is likely to remain constant.

However, you form the view that the ROE that JMC achieved in 2011 is not indicative of its long-term profitability, so you attempt to estimate its future ROE based on Du Pont analysis. You decide that:

- A more realistic value for the company's profitability ratio is 5%.
- The industry efficiency ratio of 1.5x is achievable.

Based on this information, what is JMC's sustainable growth rate?

$$g = b \times ROE$$

$$= b \times Profitability \times Efficiency \times Leverage$$

$$= 0.4 \times 0.05 \times 1.5 \times \frac{2,000,000}{500,000} = 12\%$$

- A. 6%
- B. 8%
- C. 10%
- D. 12%

The following information should be used in answering Questions 5 and 6.

You are analysing the Sirius Cybernetics Corporation, and you have compiled the following information:

- Sales for the year just ended were \$40,000,000.
- Net income for the year just ended was \$2,400,000.
- There are 3,000,000 shares on issue.
- The company has just paid a dividend of 24 cents per share.
- The asset turnover is 1.5x.
- The equity multiplier is 1.5x.
- The company's beta is 1.2.
- The risk-free rate of return is 5%.
- The expected return on the market is 12%.
- 5. What is SCC's sustainable growth rate?

$$g = b \times ROE$$

$$= b \times Profitability \times Efficiency \times Leverage$$

$$= \frac{Income - Dividends}{Income} \times \frac{Income}{Sales} \times Efficiency \times Leverage$$

$$= \frac{2,400,000 - (0.24 \times 3,000,000)}{2,400,000} \times \frac{2,400,000}{40,000,000} \times 1.5 \times 1.5$$

$$= 0.7 \times 0.06 \times 1.5 \times 1.5 = 9.45\%$$

- A. 4.05%
- B. 6.25%
- C. 9.45%
- D. 10.1%
- 6. What is SCC's estimated share price?

$$r = r_f + \beta (r_m - r_f) = 5 + 1.2(12 - 5) = 13.4\%$$

$$P = \frac{D_1}{r - g} = \frac{0.24(1.0945)}{0.134 - 0.0945} = $6.65$$

- A. \$2.64
- B. \$2.67
- C. \$6.08
- D. \$6.65