

FIN5EQS EQUITY SECURITIES

Quiz 2 Solutions

The following information should be used in answering Questions 1 and 2.

A company has achieved the following EPS in the years shown.

Year	EPS
2008	2.12
2009	2.27
2010	2.45
2011	2.51

The results of a linear regression based on these values are shown overleaf.

SUMMARY OUTPUT					
Regression Statistics					
Multiple R	0.983152				
R Square	0.966587				
Adjusted R Square	0.949881				
Standard Error	0.039686				
Observations	4				
ANOVA					
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	0.091125	0.091125	57.85714	0.016848
Residual	2	0.00315	0.001575		
Total	3	0.094275			
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%
Intercept	2	0.048606	41.14756	0.00059	1.790867
X Variable 1	0.135	0.017748	7.606388	0.016848	0.058635

1. What is the geometric average annual growth rate over this period?

Year	EPS
2008	2.12
2009	2.27
2010	2.45
2011	2.51
Average	2.3375

$$GA = \left(\frac{E_0}{E_{-n}} \right)^{1/n} - 1$$
$$= \left(\frac{2.51}{2.12} \right)^{1/3} - 1 = 5.79\%$$

- A. 4.31%
- B. 4.37%
- C. 5.79%**
- D. 5.82%
2. Based on linear regression, what is the average annual growth rate over this period?

$$\text{Average EPS Growth} = \frac{0.135}{2.3375} = 5.78\%$$

- A. 5.78%**
- B. 5.81%
- C. 6.75%
- D. 13.5%

The following information should be used in answering Questions 3 and 4.

You are analysing the Jupiter Mining Corporation.

- At the beginning of 2011, the company had total assets of \$2,000,000 and total liabilities of \$1,500,000.
- Its profit before tax during 2011 was \$125,000 and the tax rate is 20%. It paid out \$40,000 in dividends.

3. Based on the information above, what is JMC's sustainable growth rate?

$$\text{Income} = \text{Profit before tax}(1 - t_c) = 125,000(0.8) = \$100,000$$

$$\text{Equity} = \text{Assets} - \text{Liabilities} = 2,000,000 - 1,500,000 = \$500,000$$

$$b = \frac{\text{Income} - \text{Dividends}}{\text{Income}} = \frac{100,000 - 40,000}{100,000} = 0.6$$

$$ROE = \frac{\text{Income}}{\text{Equity}} = \frac{100,000}{500,000} = 0.2$$

$$g = b \times ROE = 0.6 \times 0.2 = 12\%$$

- A. 6%
- B. 8%
- C. 10%
- D. 12%**
4. After further analysis, you believe that:
- JMC's degree of financial leverage (at the beginning of 2011) is representative of its long-term financial leverage.
 - JMC's payout ratio in 2011 is likely to remain constant.

However, you form the view that the ROE that JMC achieved in 2011 is not indicative of its long-term profitability, so you attempt to estimate its future ROE based on Du Pont analysis. You decide that:

- A more realistic value for the company's profitability ratio is 2%.
- The industry efficiency ratio of 1.25x is achievable.

Based on this information, what is JMC's sustainable growth rate?

$$\begin{aligned} g &= b \times ROE \\ &= b \times \text{Profitability} \times \text{Efficiency} \times \text{Leverage} \\ &= 0.6 \times 0.02 \times 1.25 \times \frac{2,000,000}{500,000} = 6\% \end{aligned}$$

- A. 6%**
- B. 8%
- C. 10%
- D. 12%

The following information should be used in answering Questions 5 and 6.

You are analysing the Sirius Cybernetics Corporation, and you have compiled the following information:

- Sales for the year just ended were \$40,000,000.
- Net income for the year just ended was \$2,400,000.
- There are 3,000,000 shares on issue.
- The company has just paid a dividend of 24 cents per share.
- The asset turnover is 1.5x.
- The equity multiplier is 1.5x.
- The company's beta is 1.2.
- The risk-free rate of return is 5%.
- The market risk premium is 12%.

5. What is SCC's sustainable growth rate?

$$\begin{aligned}g &= b \times ROE \\&= b \times \text{Profitability} \times \text{Efficiency} \times \text{Leverage} \\&= \frac{\text{Income} - \text{Dividends}}{\text{Income}} \times \frac{\text{Income}}{\text{Sales}} \times \text{Efficiency} \times \text{Leverage} \\&= \frac{2,400,000 - (0.24 \times 3,000,000)}{2,400,000} \times \frac{2,400,000}{40,000,000} \times 1.5 \times 1.5 \\&= 0.7 \times 0.06 \times 1.5 \times 1.5 = 9.45\%\end{aligned}$$

- A. 4.05%
- B. 6.25%
- C. 9.45%**
- D. 10.1%
6. What is SCC's estimated share price?

$$\begin{aligned}r &= r_f + \beta(r_m - r_f) = 5 + 1.2(12) = 19.4\% \\P &= \frac{D_1}{r - g} = \frac{0.24(1.0945)}{0.194 - 0.0945} = \$2.64\end{aligned}$$

- A. \$2.64**
- B. \$2.67
- C. \$6.08
- D. \$6.65