

# System Integration

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## Integrating Services

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# Objectives

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- Identify some of the common services of an integrated system
- Understand the issues that can result from integrating systems that have these services

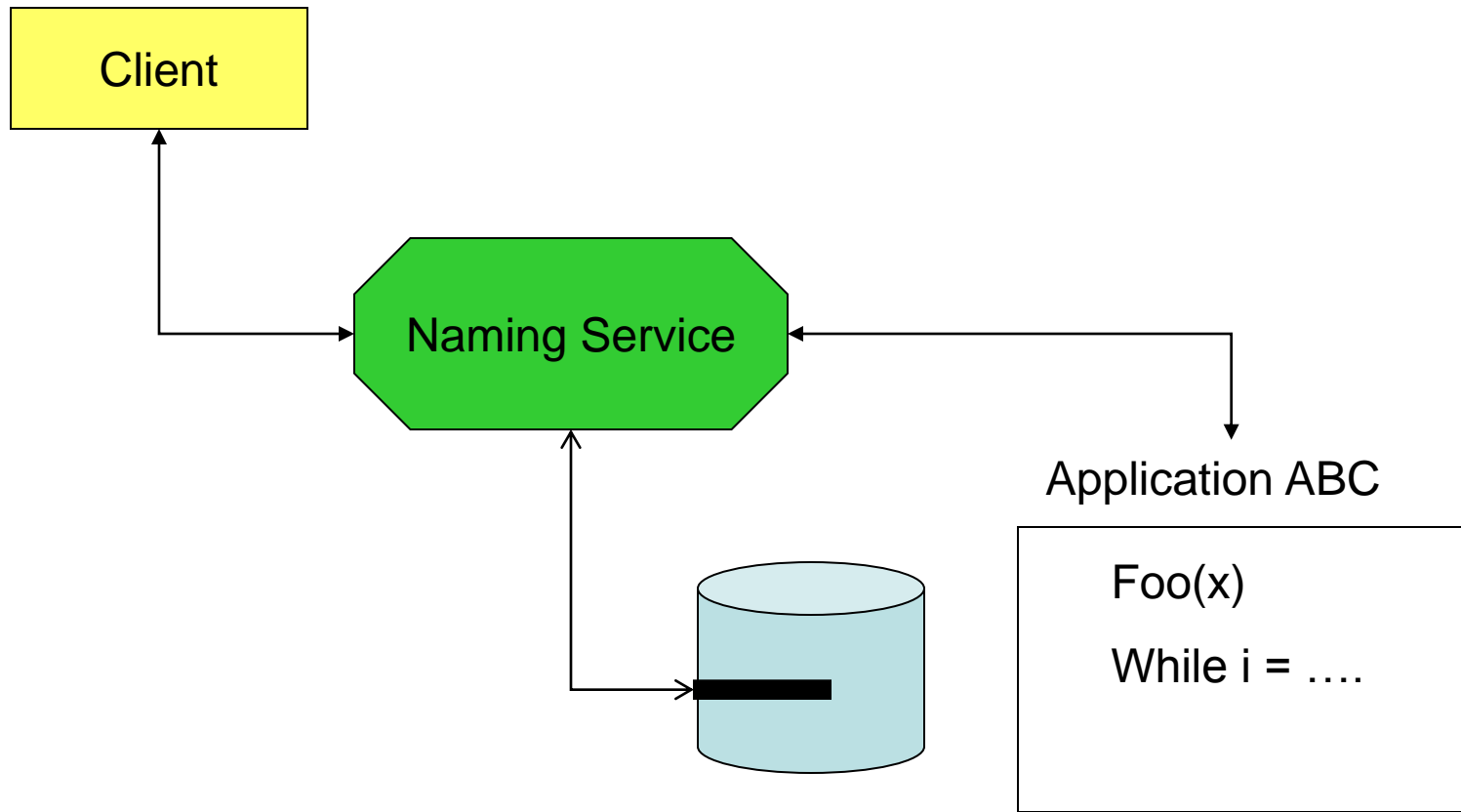
# Integrated System Services: Naming

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- Naming – All entities have a unique name and can be found
- What is a naming service? Software that converts a name into a physical address
  - Every entity sees the entire system as the same set of objects
  - Defined interfaces to entities
  - Users know how to find other system entities
- Most famous Naming Service?
  - Domain Name Service!

# Naming Services

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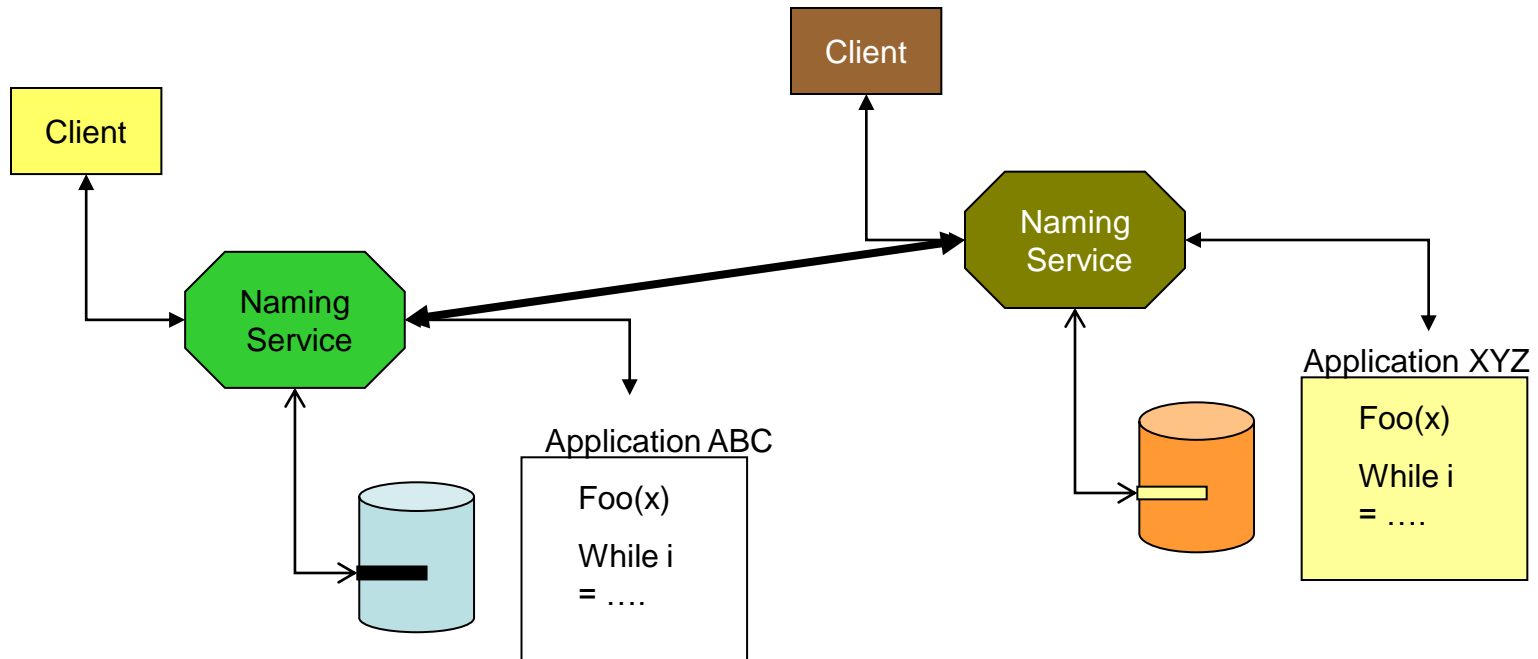
# Integrated System Services: Naming

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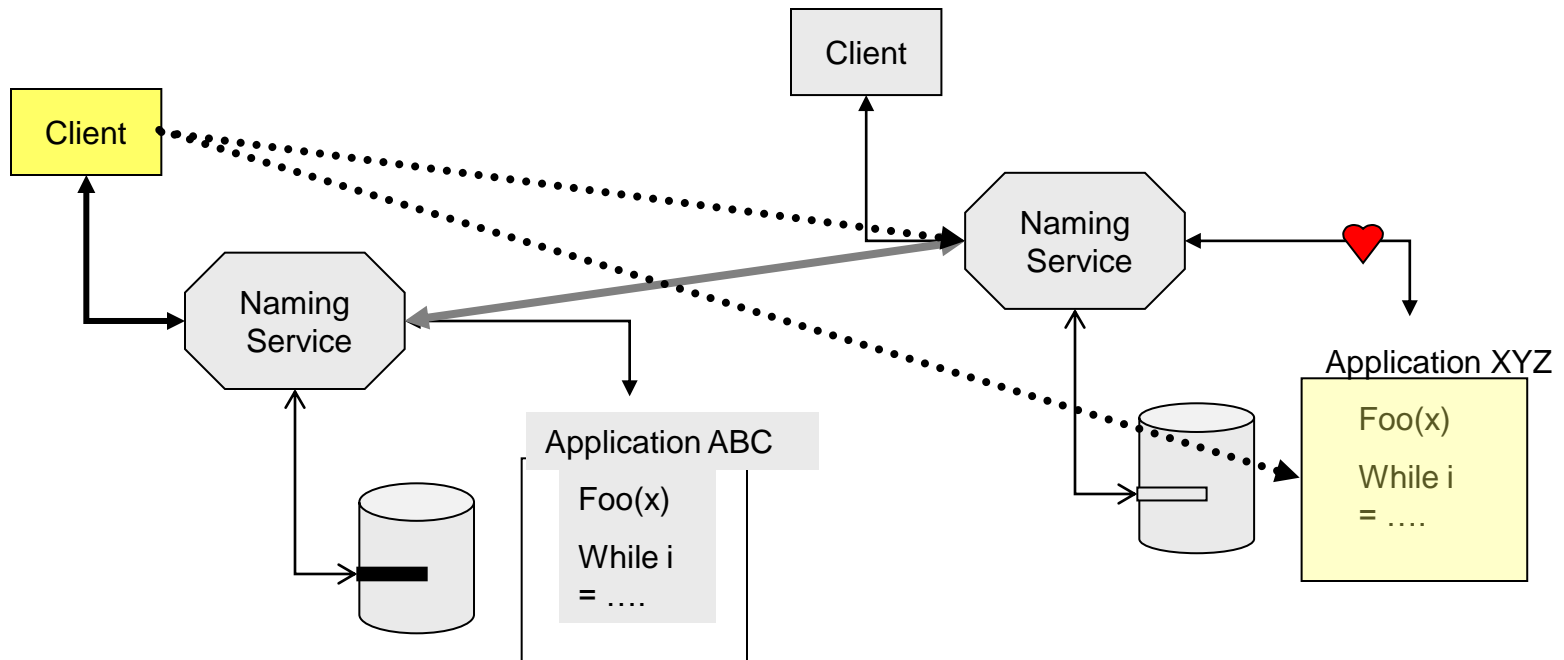
- Naming–All entities have a name and can be found
  - Every entity sees the entire system as the same set of objects
    - Integrating different systems will cause problems in resolving duplicative names
    - Different types of name services have different attributes associated with the registered entities
    - The system may periodically be in an inconsistent state
  - Defined interfaces to entities
    - Entities don't have interfaces to register with the name service
    - Mismatched protocols
  - Users/Objects know how to find other system entities
    - Entities make assumptions about their environment

# Naming Services

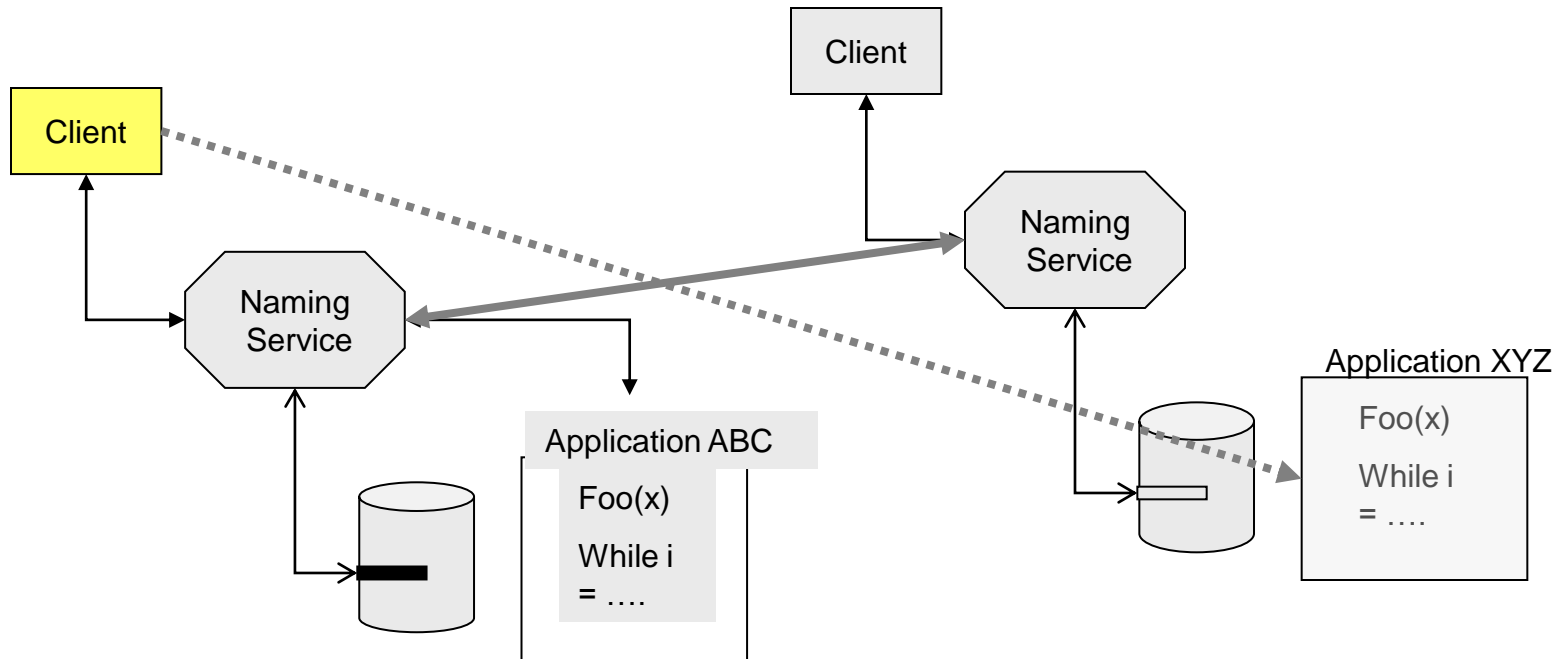
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# Naming Services



# Naming Services: Inconsistent State





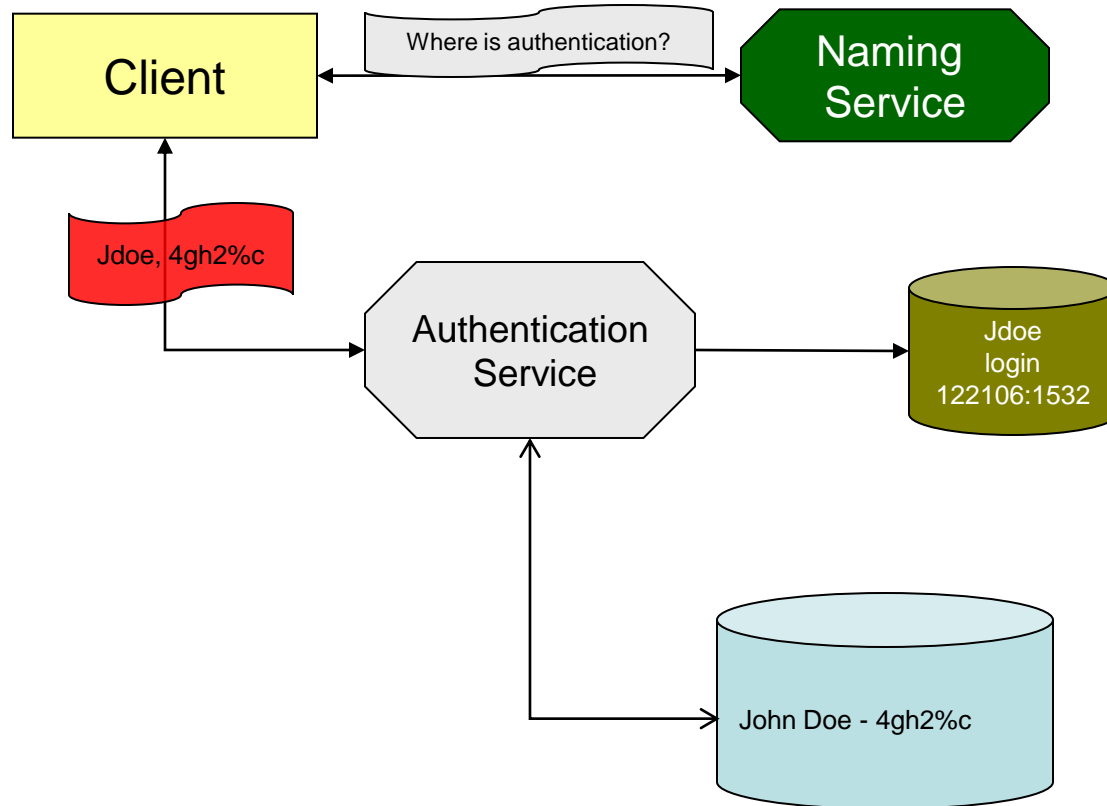
# Global Services of an Integrated System: Security

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- Security – Entities are authenticated, resources are managed through access control, and activities can be logged
  - All entities (principles) are known with some degree of reliability
  - Access to resources are managed based on defined policies
  - Activities can be logged to ensure accountability and recovery

# Security Services

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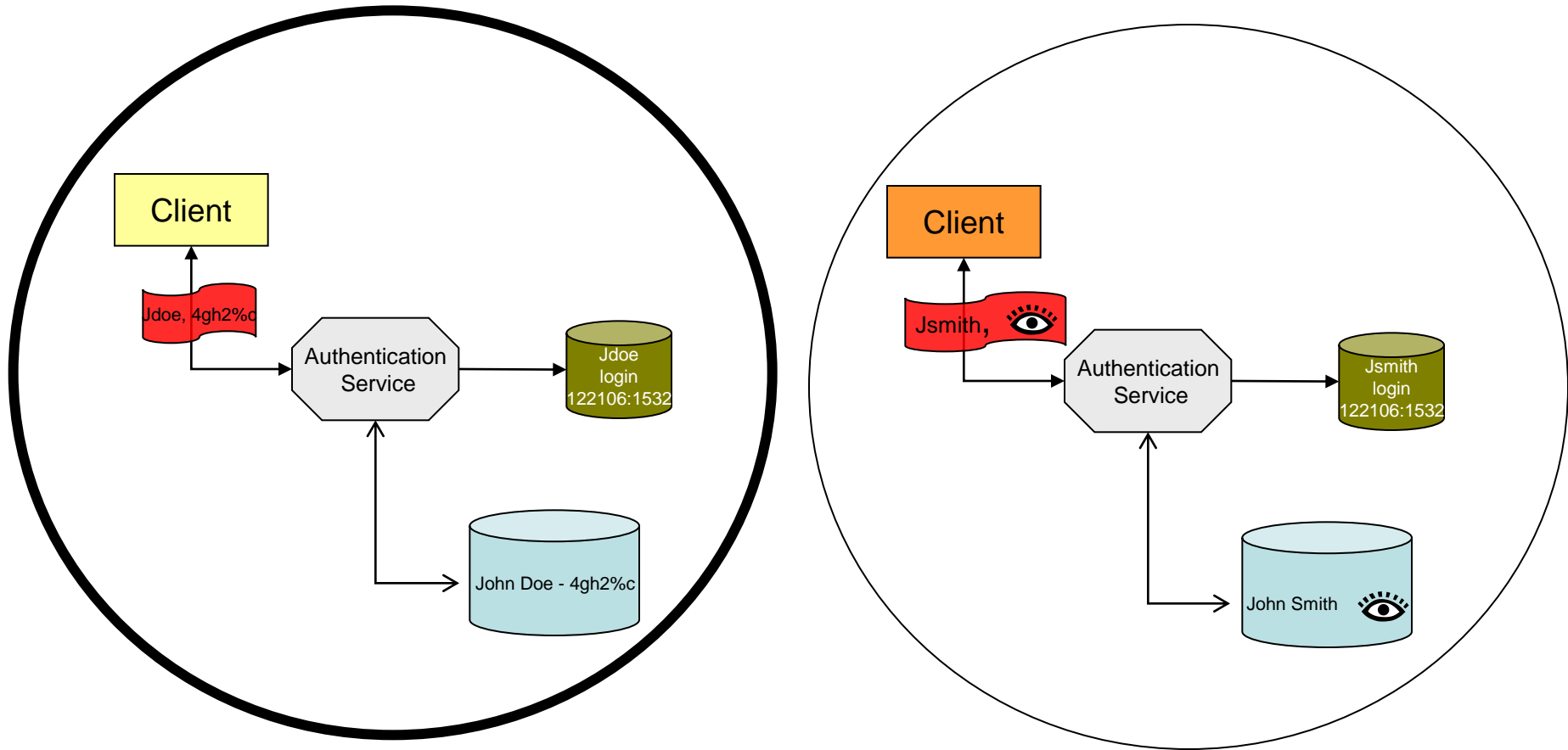


# Integrated System Service: Security

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- Security Services– Entities are authenticated, resources are managed through access control, and activities can be logged
  - All entities (principles) are known with some degree of reliability
  - Access to resources are managed based on defined policies
  - Activities can be logged to ensure accountability and recovery
    - Different systems log different events

# Security Services - Authentication

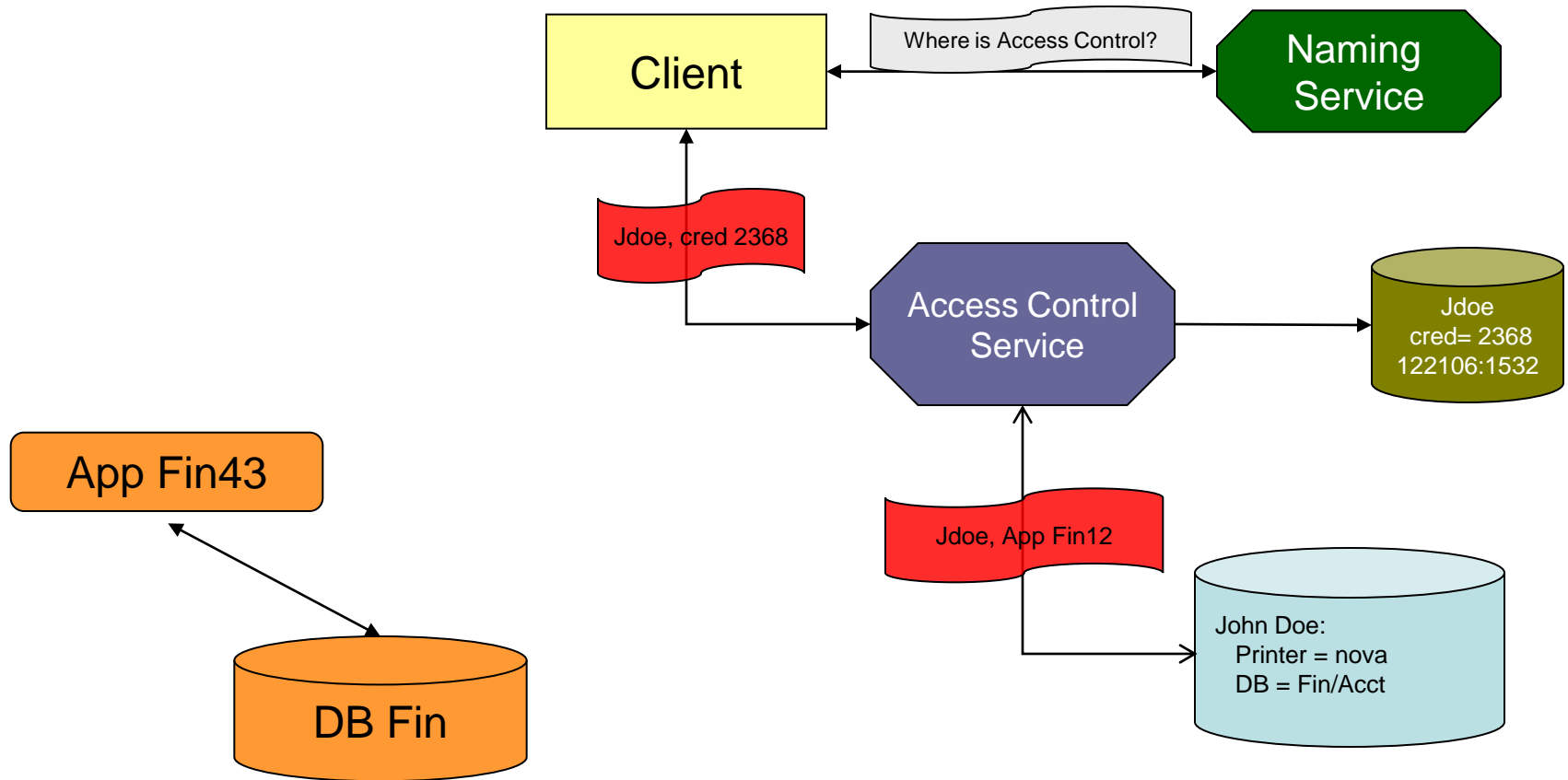


# Integrated System Service: Authentication

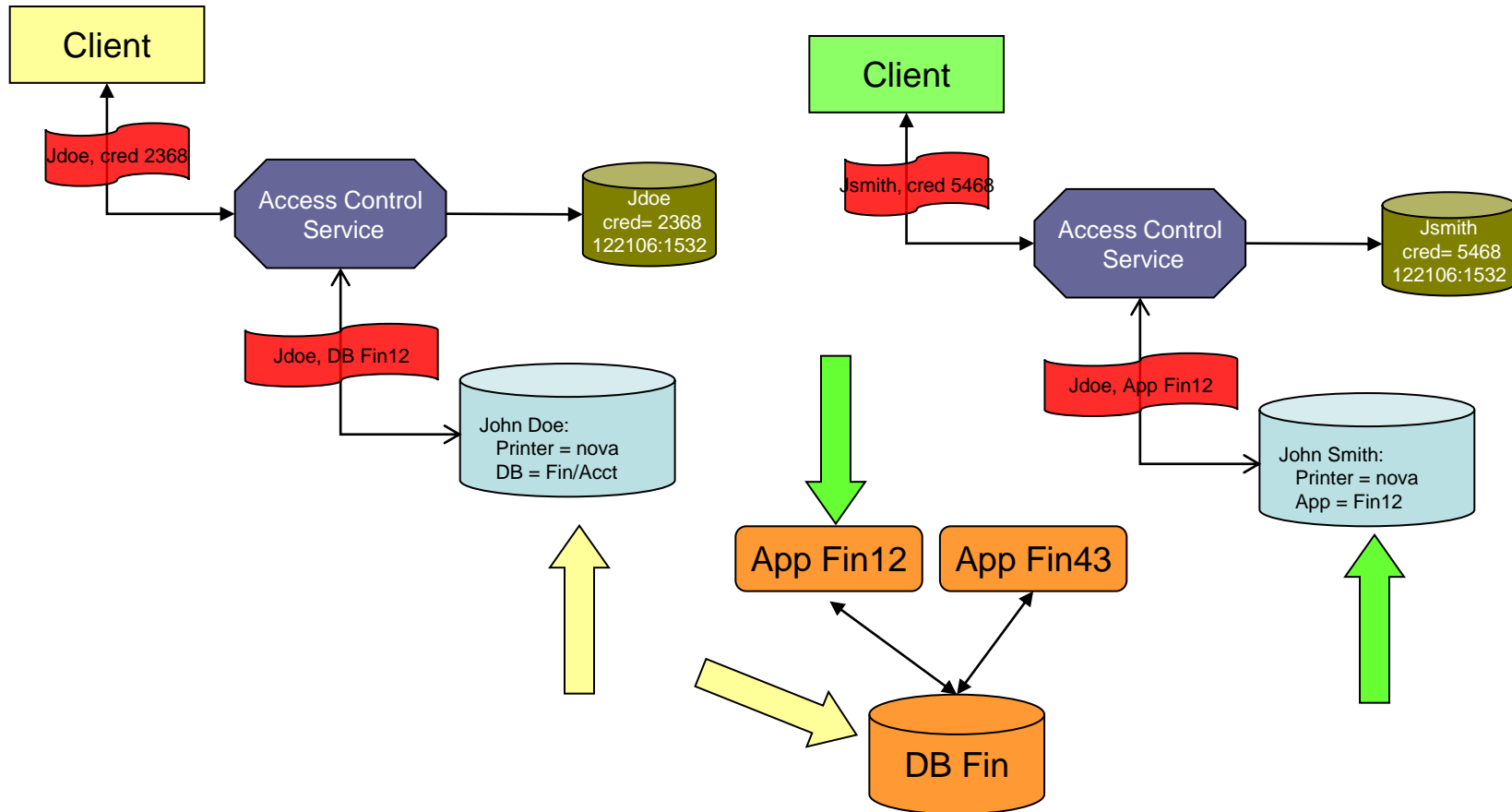
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- Different systems have different degrees of authentication
  - System X user logs on with user ID and password
  - System Y user must have a smart token
  - Systems have different levels of authentication and different types of authentication
- Establish a degree of trust between systems

# Security Services: Access Control



# Security Services: Access Control



# Integrated System Service: Access Control

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- Policies conflict – example, users who have different roles in the organization can access data that should not be accessed
- Access to the data, but not the application
- Access to the application, but not the data
- Users are often assigned to groups
- Users can be in multiple groups
- Access determined by groups



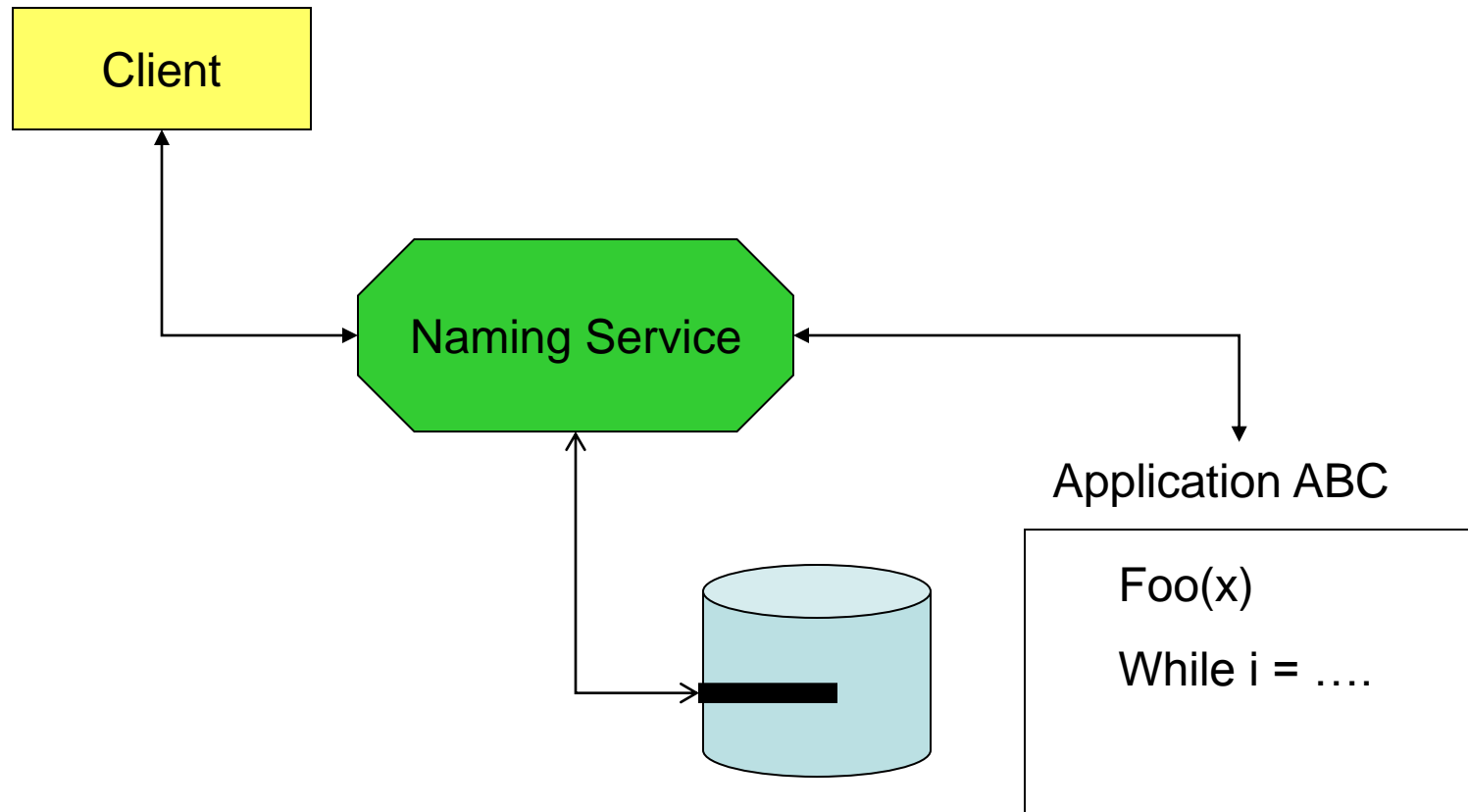
# Global Properties of an Integrated System: Reliability

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- Reliability – The ability of the system to provide necessary functionality despite unexpected events
  - Reliability primarily achieved with replication or redundancy
  - Graceful degradation of functionality when full functionality cannot be achieved
  - Transparent to the user when possible
  - Definition of failure difficult to identify

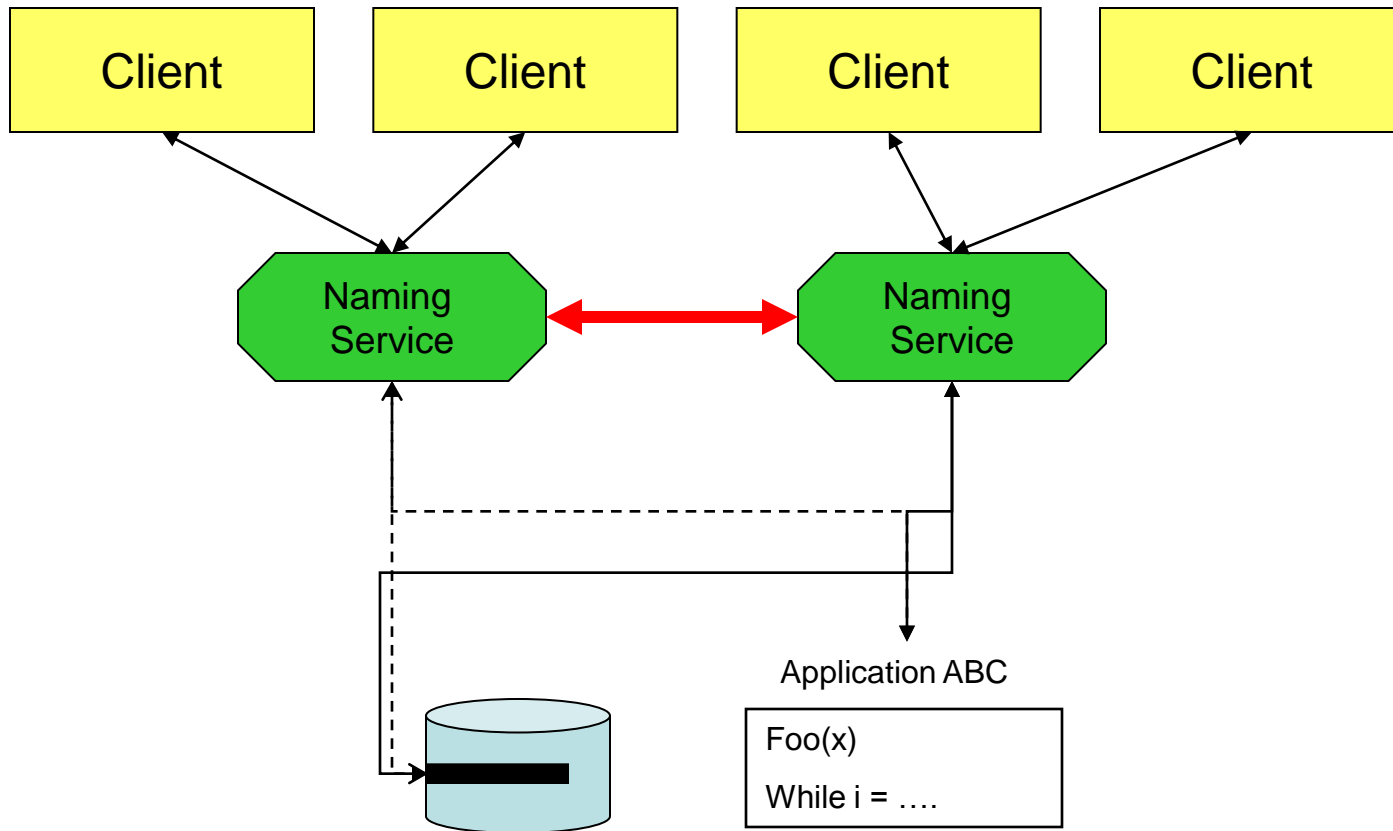
# Reliability Services

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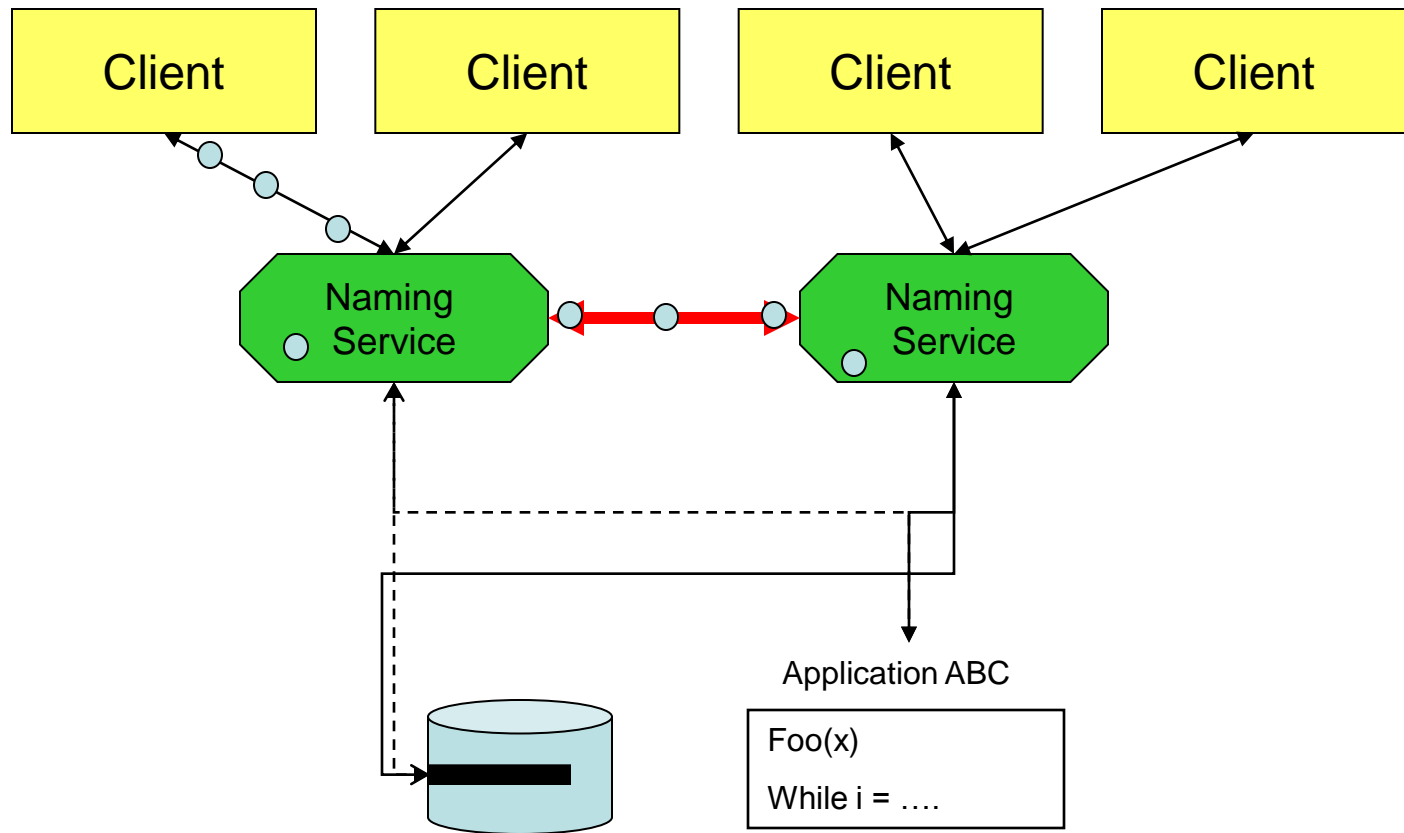
# Reliability Services: Balancing

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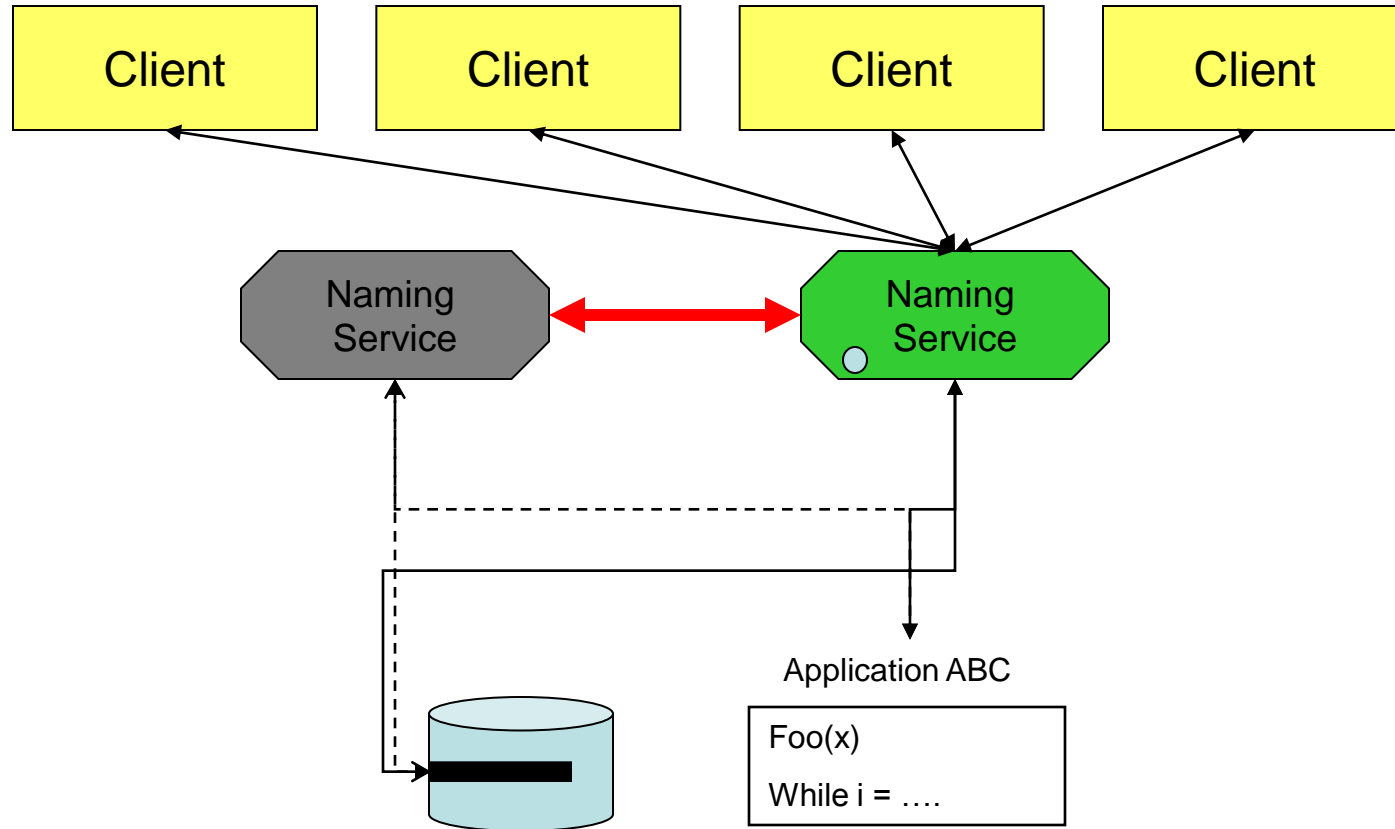
# Reliability Services: Balancing

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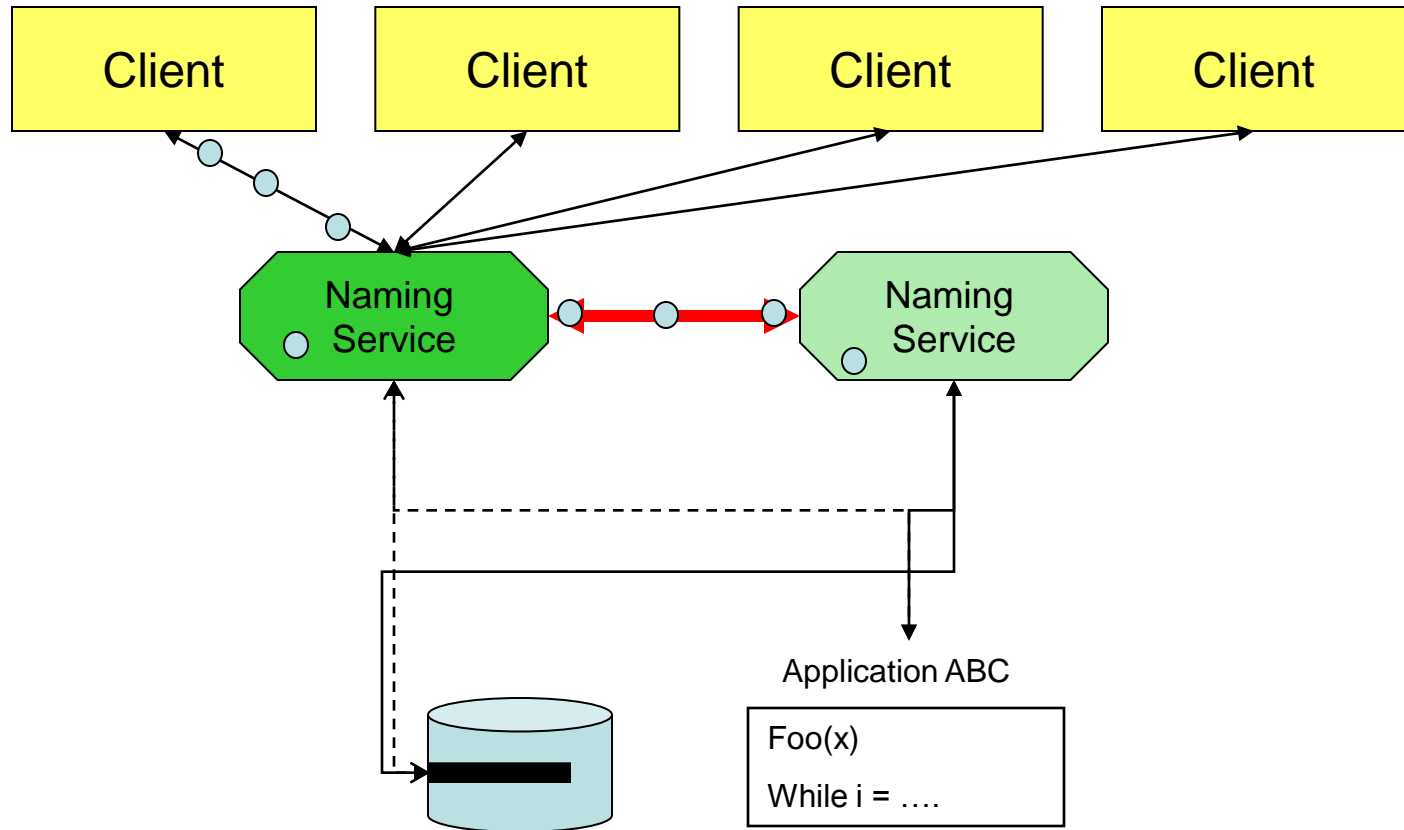


# Reliability Services: Balancing

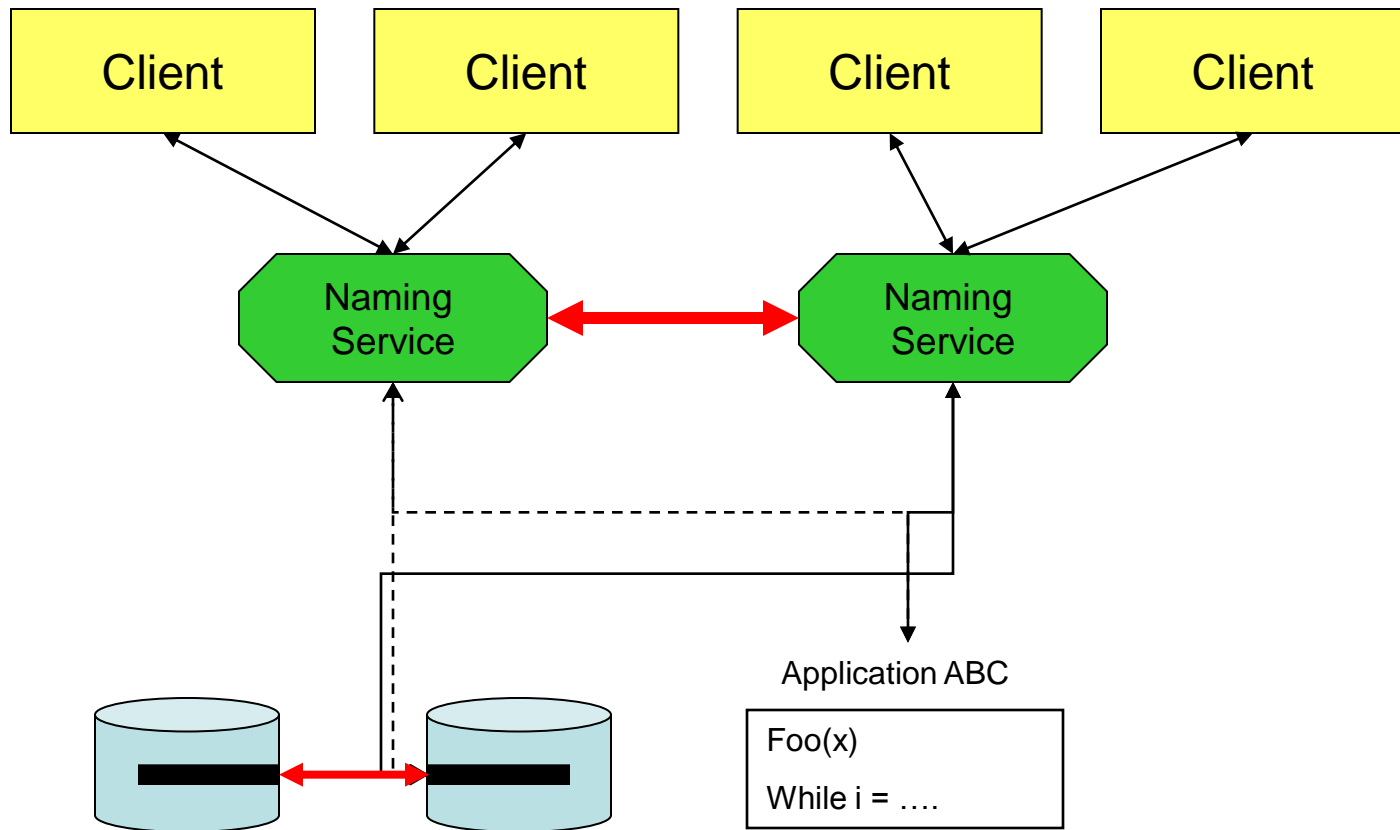
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# Reliability Services: Balancing



# Reliability Services: Data Redundancy



# Summary

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- Modern systems rely on different types of services that often must be integrated:
  - Naming service: Finding other services and objects in the system
  - Security services: Includes authentication, logging, and access control
  - Reliability services: ensuring a fully functional or partially functional system when one or more services is not available