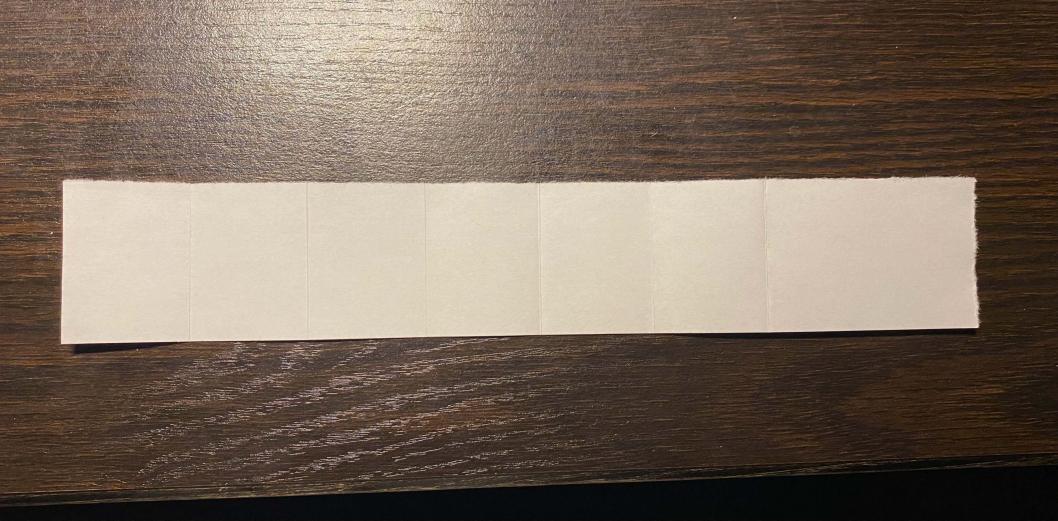
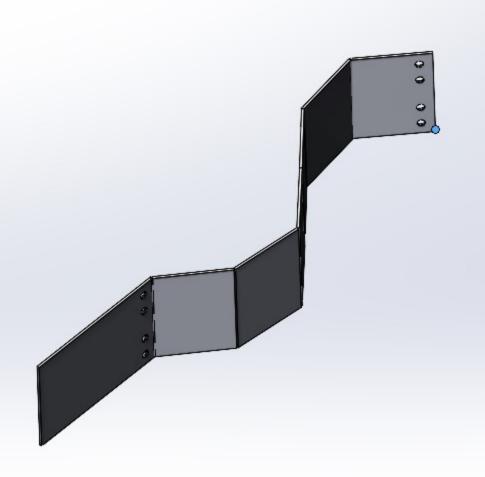
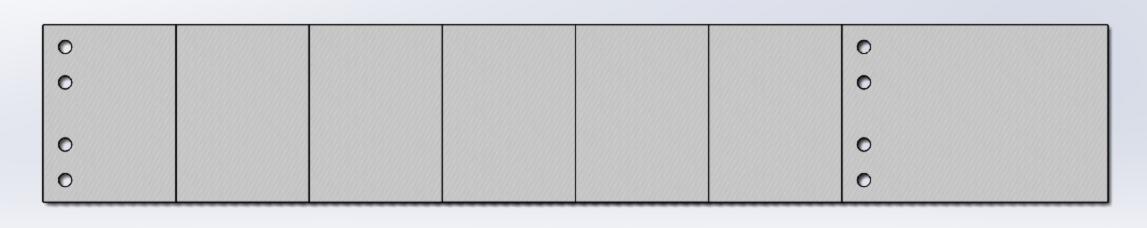
Paper Prototypes





Solidwork Model





Python Script

```
In [1]:
         %matplotlib inline
In [2]:
         import shapely.geometry as sg
         from foldable robotics.layer import Layer
         from foldable_robotics.laminate import Laminate
         import numpy
         import foldable robotics
         import foldable_robotics.dxf
         import numpy
         import shapely.geometry as sg
         from foldable robotics.layer import Layer
         from foldable robotics.laminate import Laminate
         import foldable robotics.manufacturing
         import foldable robotics.parts.castellated hinge1
         import idealab tools.plot tris
         from math import pi, sin,cos,tan
         import idealab_tools.text_to_polygons
         foldable_robotics.display_height=200
         foldable robotics.line width=.5
         from foldable robotics.layer import Layer
         from foldable_robotics.laminate import Laminate
         import foldable robotics
         import foldable robotics.dxf
         import foldable robotics.manufacturing
         import foldable_robotics.parts.castellated_hinge1
         foldable robotics.display height=200
         foldable robotics.line width=.5
         #import workflow support as ws
         import os
         import foldable robotics.solidworks support
In [3]:
         def get bodies(filename, layername, num layers):
             body = foldable robotics.dxf.read lwpolylines(filename, layer=layername, arc approx
             bodies = [Layer(sg.Polygon(item)) for item in body]
             body = bodies.pop(0)
             for item in bodies:
                 body ^= item
             body = body.to_laminate(num_layers)
             return body
In [4]:
         def get hinge lines(filename, layername):
             hinge lines1 = foldable robotics.dxf.read lines(filename,layer=layername)
             hinge lines2 = foldable robotics.dxf.read lwpolylines(filename,layer=layername)
             hinge lines3 = []
             for points in hinge lines2:
                 hinge_lines3.append(points[:2])
             hinge lines = hinge lines1 +hinge lines3
             return hinge lines
```

```
def hinge lines to hinges(hinge lines,hinge):
 In [5]:
              lam = Layer().to laminate(len(hinge))
              all hinges = []
              for p3,p4 in hinge_lines:
                   all hinges.append(hinge.map line stretch((0,0),(1,0),p3,p4))
              all hinges = lam.unary union(*all hinges)
              return all hinges
 In [6]:
          def get_cuts(filename,layername,thickness,num_layers):
              cut lines = foldable robotics.dxf.read lines(filename,layer=layername)
              cut lines += foldable robotics.dxf.read lwpolylines(filename, layer=layername, arc a
              cuts = []
              for item in cut_lines:
                   cuts.append(Layer(sg.LineString(item)))
              cuts = Layer().unary union(*cuts)
              cuts<<=thickness/2
              cuts = cuts.to_laminate(num_layers)
              return cuts
 In [7]:
          def get holes(filename, layername, num layers):
              holes = foldable robotics.dxf.read circles(filename,layer='holes')
              holes2 = []
              for center, radius in holes:
                  holes2.append(sg.Point(*center).buffer(radius))
              holes layer = Layer(*holes2)
              holes_lam = holes_layer.to_laminate(num_layers)
              return holes lam
 In [8]:
          def hinge_width_calculator(desired_degrees,thickness):
              theta = (180-desired degrees)*pi/180
              w=thickness/tan(theta)
              return w
 In [9]:
          def polys to layer(l1):
              11 = [sg.Polygon(item) for item in 11]
              l11 = Layer(l1.pop(0))
              for item in 11:
                   111 ^= Layer(item)
              return 111
In [10]:
          def output pdf(filename,design2,x,y,layers separate = True):
              design2 = design2.translate(x,y)
              design2=design2.scale(1/25.4,1/25.4)
              design2=design2.scale(foldable robotics.pdf.ppi,foldable robotics.pdf.ppi)
              if isinstance(design2,Laminate):
                   if not layers separate:
                       p=foldable robotics.pdf.Page(filename+'.pdf')
                       for d in design2:
                       d = design2[0]
                           for item in d.exteriors()+d.interiors():
                               p.draw poly(item)
```

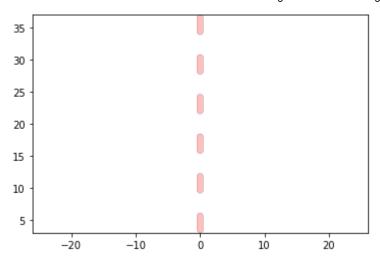
```
p.close()
                  else:
                       for ii,d in enumerate(design2):
                           p=foldable robotics.pdf.Page(filename+'{0:03f}.pdf'.format(ii))
                           for item in d.exteriors()+d.interiors():
                               p.draw poly(item)
                           p.close()
              elif isinstance(design2, Layer):
                   p=foldable robotics.pdf.Page(filename+'.pdf')
                  for item in design2.exteriors()+design2.interiors():
                       p.draw poly(item)
                   p.close()
In [11]:
          def build layer numbers(num layers, text size = None, prop=None):
              text size = text size or 1
              prop = prop or {'family':'Arial','size':text_size}
              layer ids = []
              for ii in range(num layers):
                   1 = idealab tools.text to polygons.text to polygons('Layer '+str(ii),prop=prop)
                  layer ids.append(1)
              layer ids = [polys to layer(item) for item in layer ids]
              layer id = Laminate(*layer ids)
              return layer id
In [12]:
          def build_web(design2,keepout,support_width,jig_diameter,jig_hole_spacing,is_adhesive):
              num layers = len(design2)
              layer id = build layer numbers(num layers,text size=jig diameter)
              design outer = foldable robotics.manufacturing.unary union(design2)
              bb1= (design outer<<jig hole spacing/2).bounding box()
              (x1,y1),p2 = bb1.bounding box coords()
              w,h = bb1.get dimensions()
              w2 = round(w/jig hole_spacing)*jig_hole_spacing
              h2 = round(h/jig hole spacing)*jig hole spacing
              points = []
              points.append(sg.Point(x1,y1))
              points.append(sg.Point(x1+w2,y1))
              points.append(sg.Point(x1,y1+h2))
              points.append(sg.Point(x1+w2,y1+h2))
              layer_id = layer_id.translate(x1+jig_diameter,y1-jig_diameter/2)
              placement holes2 = Layer(*points)
              placement holes2<<=(jig diameter/2)</pre>
              sheet = (placement_holes2<<10).bounding_box()</pre>
              placement holes2=placement holes2.to laminate(num layers)
              sheet=sheet.to_laminate(num_layers)
              removable scrap = calculate removable scrap(design2, sheet, support width, is adhesive
              web = (removable scrap-placement holes2)-layer id
              return web, sheet
```

```
def calculate removable scrap(design, sheet, width, is adhesive):
In [13]:
               '''this computes all removable scrap given a sheet, a design, and a clearance width
               all_scrap = sheet-design
               ru = foldable robotics.manufacturing.not removable up(design,is adhesive)
               rd = foldable robotics.manufacturing.not removable down(design,is adhesive)
               removable_scrap_up = all_scrap-(ru<<width)</pre>
               removable_scrap_down = all_scrap-(rd<<width)</pre>
               removable_scrap = removable_scrap_up|removable_scrap_down
               return removable scrap
In [14]:
          user_path = os.path.abspath(os.path.expanduser('~'))
          user path
          'C:\\Users\\aakwa'
Out[14]:
```

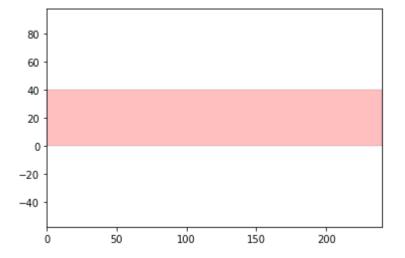
1 Layer Robot

```
In [68]:
          1 = 240
          h = 40
          seg = 30
          radius = .5
          num perforations = 6
          num_segments = num_perforations*2+1
          num_points = num_segments+1
          a=numpy.r_[0:h:num_points*1j]
          lines = []
          for ii in range(int(len(a)/2)-1):
              p1 = sg.Point(a[2*ii+1]+radius,0)
              p2 = sg.Point(a[2*ii+2]-radius,0)
              lines.append(sg.LineString((p1,p2)))
          hinge = Layer(*lines)
          hinge<<=radius
In [69]:
          hinge = hinge.rotate(90)
```

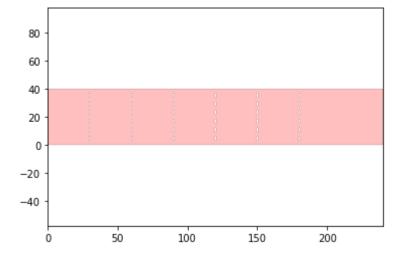
```
hinge.plot()
```



```
In [70]:
body = Layer(sg.Polygon([[0,0],[1,0],[1,h],[0,h]]))
body.plot()
```



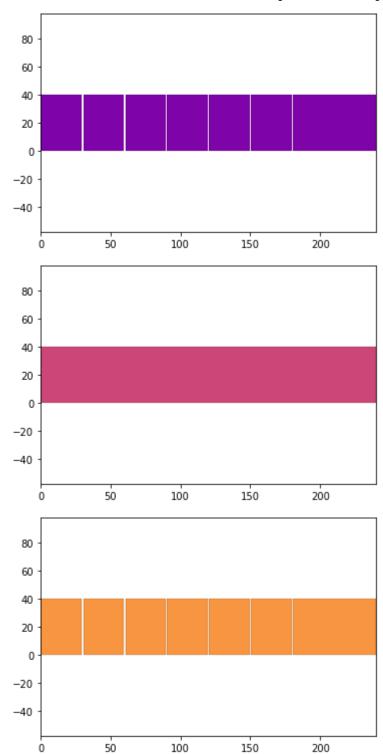
in [71]:
 joint = body-hinge.translate(seg,0)-hinge.translate(seg*2,0)-hinge.translate(seg*3,0)-h
 joint.plot()

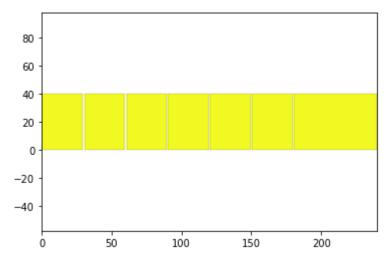


```
In [72]: joint.export_dxf('Single_Layer')
```

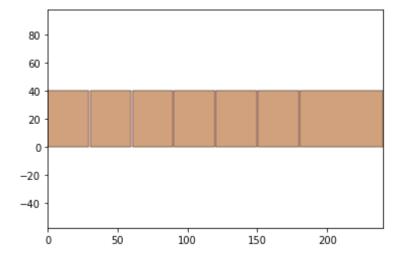
5 Layer Robot

```
In [77]:
           line = Layer(sg.LineString(((h,0),(0,0))))
           line<<=radius
In [78]:
           line = line.rotate(90)
           line.plot()
           40
          35
           30
          25
          20
          15
          10
           5
                             -10
                     -20
                                                      20
                                                              30
                                              10
             -<del>3</del>0
In [81]:
           multilayer_hinge = Laminate(line,line,Layer(),line,line)
           multilayer_body = Laminate(body,body,body,body)
           joint5 = multilayer_body-multilayer_hinge.translate(seg*1,0)-multilayer_hinge.translate
           joint5.plot_layers()
            80
            60
            40
            20
             0
          -20
          -40
                        50
                                  100
                                             150
                                                        200
```





```
In [76]: joint5.plot()
```



```
in [82]: joint5.export_dxf('5_Layer')
```

5-Layer Manufacturing Design

```
is adhesive = [False, True, False, True, False]
           arc approx = 10
In [25]:
           foldable_robotics.solidworks_support.process(input_filename,output_file_name,prescale,r
          (<foldable_robotics.layer.Layer at 0x254fb332d60>,
Out[25]:
           <foldable robotics.layer.Layer at 0x254fb65e5e0>,
           [<foldable_robotics.solidworks_support.Component at 0x254fb65e040>,
            <foldable robotics.solidworks support.Component at 0x254fb65e580>,
            <foldable robotics.solidworks support.Component at 0x254fb65e700>,
            <foldable_robotics.solidworks_support.Component at 0x254fb65e880>,
            <foldable_robotics.solidworks_support.Component at 0x254fb65e100>,
            <foldable robotics.solidworks support.Component at 0x254fb65e820>,
            <foldable robotics.solidworks support.Component at 0x254fb65e550>])
           20
            0
          -20
          -40
          -60
                       60
                              80
                                    100
                                          120
                                                 140
                 40
                                                       160
                                                              180
In [26]:
          hinge = foldable robotics.parts.castellated hinge1.generate()
          w=hinge width calculator(150,1.1)
          hinge = hinge.scale(1,w)
          hinge.plot()
           0.75
           0.50
           0.25
           0.00
          -0.25
          -0.50
          -0.75
                      -0.5
                                       0.5
                               0.0
                                               1.0
                                                        1.5
In [27]:
          NUMLAYERS = len(hinge)
In [28]:
           body = get bodies(output file name, 'body', NUMLAYERS)
           body = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.cleanup(body,.02)
```

```
body.plot()
```

```
40 -

20 -

0 -20 -

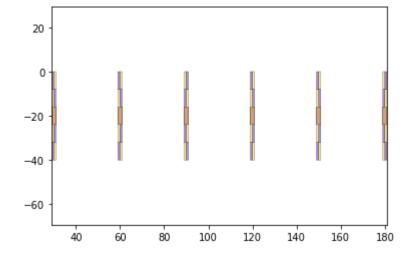
-40 -

-60 -

-80 -

50 100 150 200
```

```
in [29]: joint_lines= get_hinge_lines(output_file_name,'joints')
    joints = hinge_lines_to_hinges(joint_lines,hinge)
    joints = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.cleanup(joints,.02)
    joints.plot()
```



```
In [30]: cuts = get_cuts(output_file_name,'cuts',.02,NUMLAYERS)
#cuts.plot()
```

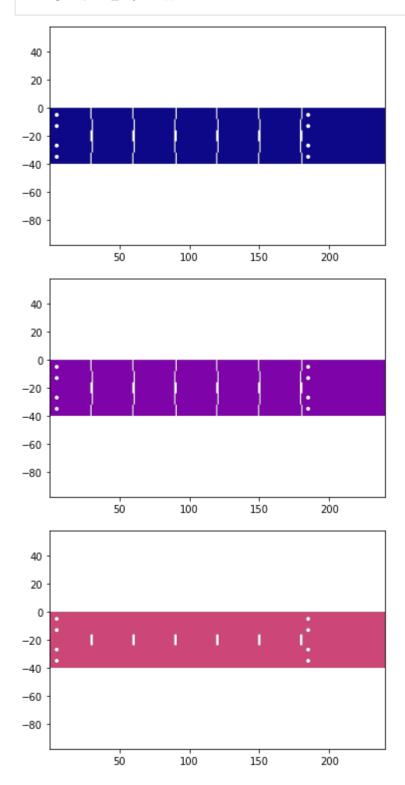
```
In [31]: holes = get_holes(output_file_name, 'holes', NUMLAYERS)
    #holes.plot()
```

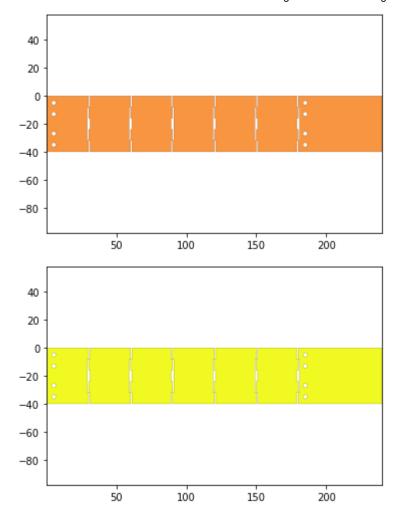
```
In [32]: hole,dummy = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.calc_hole(joint_lines,w)
hole = hole.to_laminate(NUMLAYERS)
hole<<=.2
hole.plot()</pre>
```

('zero-size array to reduction operation minimum which has no identity',)
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

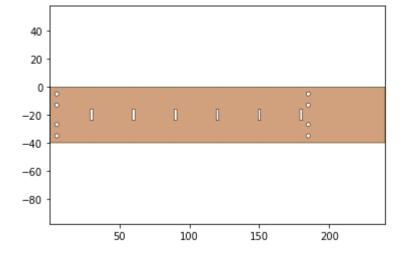
```
In [53]: design2 = body- hole - joints - cuts - holes
```

design2.plot_layers()

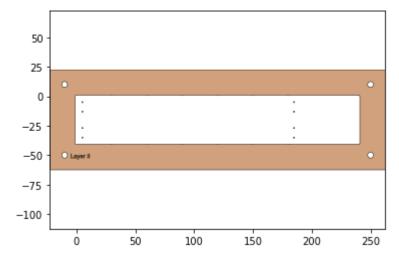




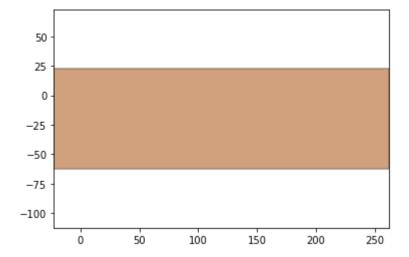
In [34]:
 keepout = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.keepout_laser(design2)
 keepout.plot()



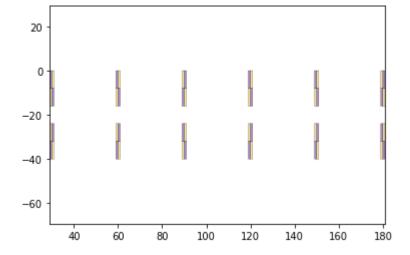
In [35]:
 web,sheet=build_web(design2,keepout,support_width,jig_diameter,jig_hole_spacing,is_adhe
 web.plot()



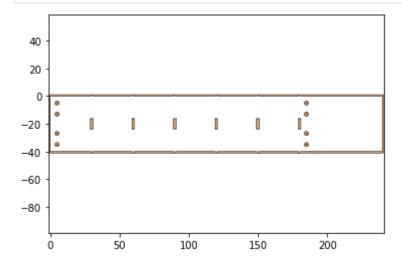
```
In [36]: sheet.plot()
```



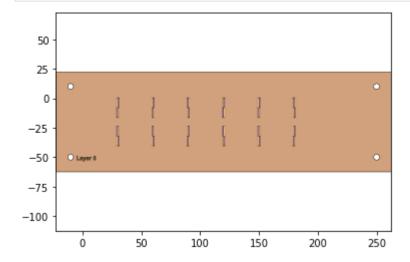
```
In [37]:
    second_pass_scrap = sheet-keepout
    first_pass_scrap = sheet - design2-second_pass_scrap
    first_pass_scrap = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.cleanup(first_pass_scrap,.00001)
    first_pass_scrap.plot()
```



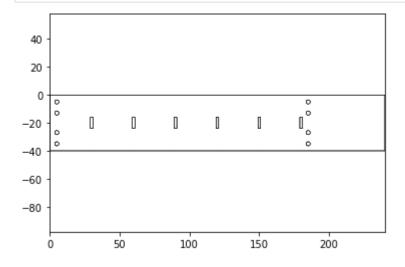
support = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.support(design2,foldable_robotics.manufacturi
support.plot()



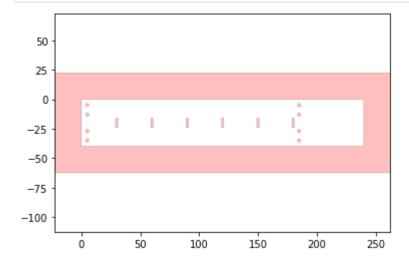
#Calculate the web by using only the material which can be cut, minus a gap determined
supported_design = web|design2|support
supported_design.plot()

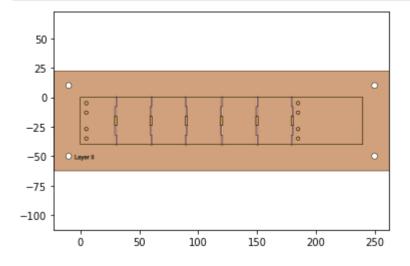


In [40]: #cut_line = keepout<<kerf
 cut_material = (keepout<<kerf)-keepout
 cut_material.plot()</pre>

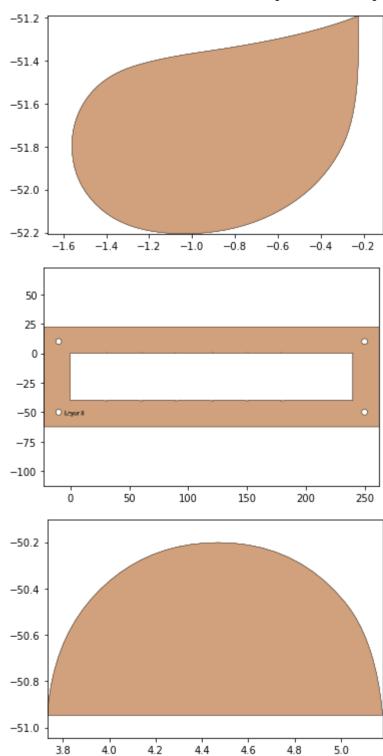


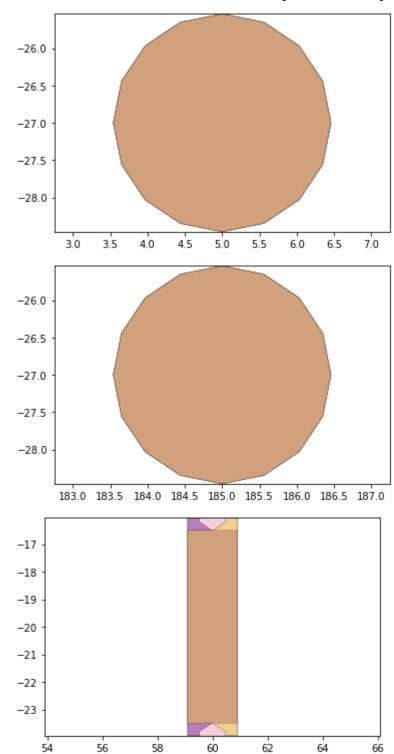
```
In [41]: final_cut = sheet - keepout
    final_cut = final_cut[0]
    final_cut.plot()
```

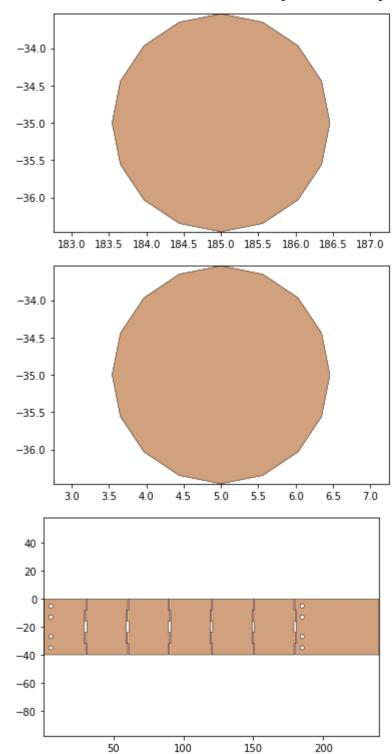


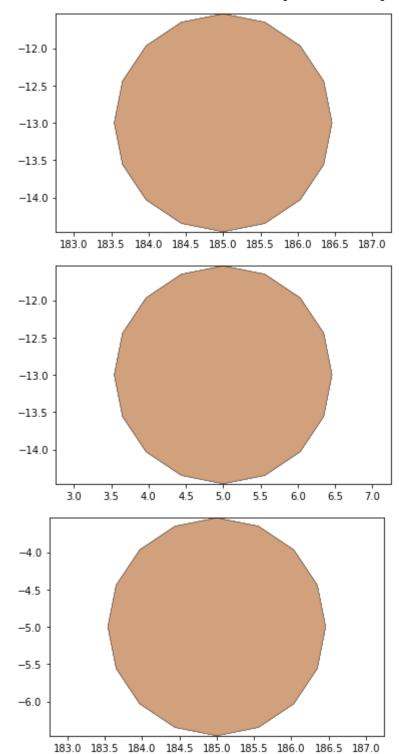


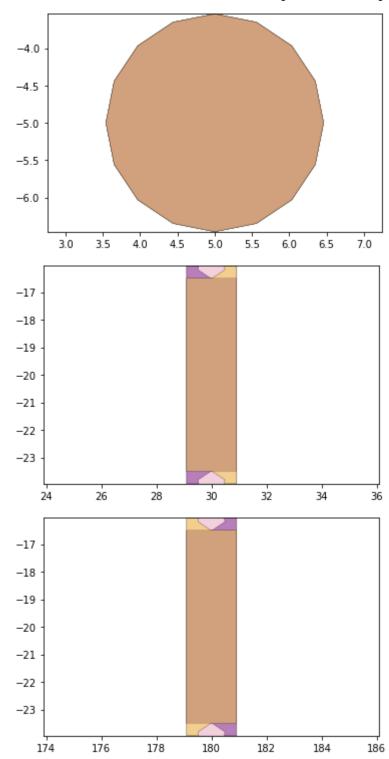
remaining_parts = foldable_robotics.manufacturing.find_connected(remaining_material,is_
for item in remaining_parts:
 item.plot(new=True)

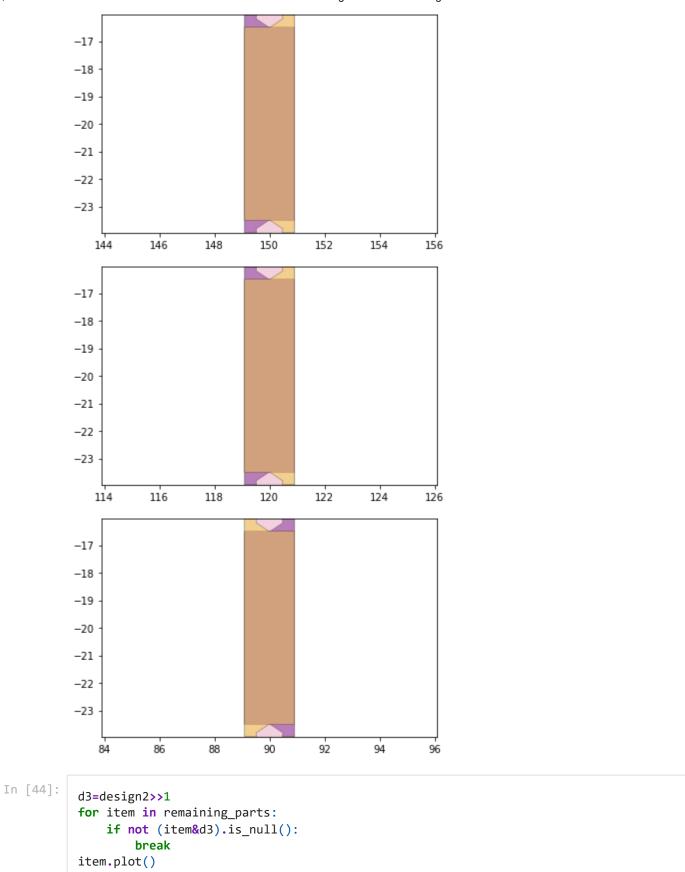


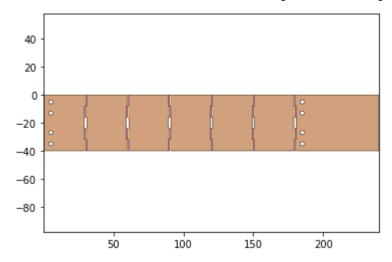












```
In [45]: check = (item^design2)
    check>>=1e-5
    check.plot()
```

('zero-size array to reduction operation minimum which has no identity',)

```
In [46]:
    w,h = supported_design.get_dimensions()
    p0,p1 = supported_design.bounding_box_coords()
    rigid_layer = supported_design[0] | (supported_design[-1].translate(w+10,0))
    rigid_layer.plot()
```

