

# Let's Begin Learning SQL.

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## SQL with sample DDL and DML commands (MySQL 8).

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To improve SQL skills, one way is to install a SQL package like MySQL and start practicing with it. To give you all a positive push, I've outlined a few SQL query questions in this material.

I have selected a set of **30 SQL queries** that you can use to step up your learning. I also given SQL scripts to create the test data. So, you can use them to create a test database and tables.

I have been covering most of the SQL query questions.

Prepare Sample Data to Practice SQL Skill.

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### Sample Table → Employee

**EMPLOYEE\_ID FIRST\_NAME LAST\_NAME SALARY JOINING\_DATE DEPARTMENT**

001	Monika	Arora	100000	2014-02-20	09:00:00	HR
002	Niharika	Verma	80000	2014-06-11	09:00:00	Admin
003	Vishal	Singhal	300000	2014-02-20	09:00:00	HR
004	Amitabh	Singh	500000	2014-02-20	09:00:00	Admin
005	Vivek	Bhati	500000	2014-06-11	09:00:00	Admin
006	Vipul	Diwan	200000	2014-06-11	09:00:00	Account

007SatishKumar750002014-01-2009:00:00Account  
 008GeetikaChauhan900002014-04-  
 1109:00:00AdminSampleTable → Bonus  
 EMPLOYEE\_REF\_IDBONUS\_DATEBONUS\_AMOUNT

12016-02-2000:00:005000  
 22016-06-1100:00:003000  
 32016-02-2000:00:004000  
 12016-02-2000:00:004500  
 22016-06-1100:00:003500

Sample Table

→TitleEMPLOYEE\_REF\_ID  
 EMPLOYEE\_TITLEAFFECTED\_FROM  
 1Manager2016-02-2000:00:00  
 2Executive2016-06-1100:00:00  
 8Executive2016-06-1100:00:00  
 5Manager2016-06-1100:00:00  
 4Asst.Manager2016-06-1100:00:00  
 7Executive2016-06-1100:00:00  
 6Lead2016-06-1100:00:00  
 3Lead2016-06-1100:00:00

To prepare the sample data, you can run the following queries in your database query executor or on the SQL command line. I've tested them with MySQL Server 5.7.

SQL Script to Seed Sample Data.

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CREATE DATABASE
ORG;SHOW DATABASES;
USE ORG;
```

Once above SQL would run, you'll see a result similar to the one attached below.

Q-1. Write an SQL query to fetch "FIRST\_NAME" from Employee table using the alias name as <EMPLOYEE\_NAME>.

Ans. *select First\_Name as Employee\_name from Employee;*

**Q-2. Write an SQL query to fetch "FIRST\_NAME" from EMPLOYEE table in uppercase. Ans.**

***Select upper("First\_Name") from Employee ;***

**Q-3. Write an SQL query to fetch unique values of DEPARTMENT from EMPLOYEE table.**

**Ans. Select distinct Department from Employee;**

**The required query is: *Select distinct Department from Employee;***

**Q-4. Write an SQL query to print the first three characters of FIRST\_NAME from EMPLOYEE table.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select substring(First\_Name,1,3) from Employee;***

**Q-5. Write an SQL query to find the position of the alphabet('a') in the first name column 'Amitabh' from EMPLOYEE table.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select INSTR(First\_Name, Binary 'a') from Employee where First\_Name = 'Amitabh';***

**Q-6. Write an SQL query to print the FIRST\_NAME from EMPLOYEE table after removing whitespaces from the**

**right  
side.Ans.**

**The required query is: *select RTRIM(First\_Name) from Employee;***

**Q-  
7. Write an SQL query to print the DEPARTMENT from EMPLOYEE table after removing white spaces from the left side.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select LTRIM(Department) from Employee;***

**Q-  
8. Write an SQL query that fetches the unique values of DEPARTMENT from EMPLOYEE table and prints its length.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select distinct length(Department) fro Employee;***

**Q-9. Write an SQL query to print the FIRST\_NAME from EMPLOYEE table after replacing 'a' with 'A'.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select Replace(First\_Name, 'a', 'A') from Employee;***

**Q-10. Write an SQL query to print the FIRST\_NAME and LAST\_NAME from EMPLOYEE table into a single column**

**COMPLETE\_NAME.As space char should separate them.Ans.**

**The required query is: *select Contact(First\_Name, ‘,Last\_Name) as ‘Complete\_Name’ from Employee;***

**Q-11. Write an SQL query to print all EMPLOYEE details from the EMPLOYEE table order by FIRST\_NAME Ascending.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee order by First\_Name asc;***

**Q-12. Write an SQL query to print all EMPLOYEE details from the EMPLOYEE table order by FIRST\_NAME Ascending and DEPARTMENT Descending.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee order by First\_Name asc, Department desc;***

**Q-13. Write an SQL query to print details for EMPLOYEES with the first name as “Vipul” and “Satish” from EMPLOYEE table.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where First\_Name in (‘Vipul’, ‘Satish’);***

**Q-14. Write an SQL query to print details of EMPLOYEES excluding first names, “Vipul” and “Satish” from EMPLOYEE table.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where First\_Name not in (‘Vipul’, ‘Satish’);***

**Q-15. Write an SQL query to print details of EMPLOYEES with DEPARTMENT name as "Admin".**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where Department like 'Admin%';***

**Q-16. Write an SQL query to print details of the EMPLOYEES whose FIRST\_NAME contains 'a'. Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where First\_Name like '%a%';***

**Q-17. Write an SQL query to print details of the EMPLOYEES whose FIRST\_NAME ends with 'a'. Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where First\_Name like '%a';***

**Q-18. Write an SQL query to print details of the EMPLOYEES whose FIRST\_NAME ends with 'h' and contains six alphabets.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where First\_Name like '\_\_\_\_h';***

**Q-19. Write an SQL query to print details of the EMPLOYEES whose SALARY lies between 100000 and 500000.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where ESalary between 100000 and 500000;***

**Q-20. Write an SQL query to print details of the EMPLOYEES who have joined in Feb'2014.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee where year(EJoining\_Date) = 2014 and month(EJoining\_Date) = 2;***

**Q-21. Write an SQL query to fetch the count of employees working in the department 'Admin'.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* Count(\*) from Employee where EDepartment = 'Admin';***

**Q-**

**22. Write an SQL query to fetch EMPLOYEE names with salaries  $\geq 50000$  and  $\leq 100000$ .**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select Contact(First\_Name, ' ', Last\_Name) as Employee\_Name, Salary from Employee where Eid in (select Eid from Employee where Esalary between 50000 and 100000);***

**Q-**

**23. Write an SQL query to fetch the no. of EMPLOYEES for each department in the descending order.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select Edepartment, count(Worker\_id) No\_Of\_Workers from Employee Group By Edepartment Order By No\_Of\_Workers Desc;***

**Q-**

**24. Write an SQL query to print details of the EMPLOYEES who are also Managers.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is: *select Distinct e.First\_Name, T.Worker\_Title from Employee Inner Join title T On e.Worker\_ID = T.Worker\_Ref\_Id And T.Worker\_Title in ('Manager');***

**Q-**

**25. Write an SQL query to fetch duplicate records having matching data in some fields of a table.**

**Ans.**

**The required query is:**

**Ans.**



**The required query is: *select Worker\_Title, Affected\_From, Count(\*) From title Group By Worker\_Title, Affected\_From Having Count(\*)>1;***

**Q-27. Write an SQL query to show only even rows from a table.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee Where MOD(Worker\_id, 2) = 0;***

**Q-28. Write an SQL query to show the current date and time.  
Ans. *select Now();***

**Q-**

**29. Write an SQL query to show the top n (say 10) records of a table.**

**Ans. *select \* from Employee Order By Salary Desc Limit 10;***

**Q-**

**30. Write an SQL query to fetch three max salaries from a table.  
Ans.**

**The required query is: *select \* from Employee Order By Salary Desc Limit 3;***