

Exercise: Functions

Problems for exercise and homework for the ["JS Fundamentals" Course @ SoftUni](https://softuni.org/).
Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at: <https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/1262>

1. Smallest of Three Numbers

Write a function which receives **three integer** numbers to print the **smallest**. Use appropriate name for the function.

Examples

Input	Output
2, 5, 3	2
600, 342, 123	123
25, 21, 4	4

2. Add and Subtract

You will receive **three integer numbers**.

Write a function **sum()** to get the sum of the first **two** integers and **subtract()** function that subtracts the **third** integer from the result.

Examples

Input	Output
23, 6, 10	19
1, 17, 30	-12
42, 58, 100	0

3. Characters in Range

Write a function that receives **two characters** and prints on a single line all the characters in between them according to the **ASCII** code. Keep in mind that the second character code might be **before** the first one inside the **ASCII** table.

Examples

Input	Output
'a', 'd'	b c
'#', ':'	\$ % & ' () * + , - . / 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
'C', '#'	\$ % & ' () * + , - . / 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 : ; < = > ? @ A B

4. Odd and Even Sum

You will receive a **single number**. You have to write a function, that returns the **sum** of **all even** and **all odd** digits from that number.

Examples

Input	Output
1000435	Odd sum = 9, Even sum = 4
3495892137259234	Odd sum = 54, Even sum = 22

5. Palindrome Integers

A palindrome is a number which reads the same **backward as forward**, such as 323 or 1001. Write a function which receives an **array of positive integer** and checks if each integer is a palindrome or not.

Examples

Input	Output	Input	Output
[123, 323, 421, 121]	false true false true	[32, 2, 232, 1010]	false true true false

Hints

- Read more about palindromes: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palindrome>

6. Password Validator

Write a function that checks if a given password is valid. Password validations are:

- The **length** should be **6 - 10** characters (inclusive)
- It should consists **only of letters** and **digits**
- It should have **at least 2** digits

If a password is valid print **"Password is valid"**.

If it is **NOT** valid, for every unfulfilled rule print a message:

- **"Password must be between 6 and 10 characters"**
- **"Password must consist only of letters and digits"**
- **"Password must have at least 2 digits"**

Examples

Input	Output
'logIn'	Password must be between 6 and 10 characters Password must have at least 2 digits
'MyPass123'	Password is valid
'Pa\$\$s\$'	Password must consist only of letters and digits Password must have at least 2 digits

7. NxN Matrix

Write a function that receives a single integer number **n** and prints **nxn** matrix with that number.

Examples

Input	Output
3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
7	7 7
2	2 2 2 2

8. Perfect Number

Write a function that receive a **number** and return if this number is **perfect** or **NOT**.

A perfect number is a **positive** integer that is equal to the **sum** of its **proper positive divisors**. That is the sum of its positive **divisors** excluding the number itself (also known as its **aliquot sum**).

Examples

Input	Output	Comments
6	We have a perfect number!	1 + 2 + 3
28	We have a perfect number!	1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14
1236498	It's not so perfect.	

Hint

Equivalently, a perfect number is a number that is **half the sum** of all of its positive divisors (including itself) => 6 is a perfect number, because it is the sum of 1 + 2 + 3 (all of which are divided without residue).

- Read about the Perfect number here: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect_number

9. Loading Bar

You will receive a **single number** between **0** and **100** which is divided with 10 without residue (0, 10, 20, 30...).

Your task is to create a function that visualize a **loading bar** depending on that number you have received in the input.

Examples

Input	Output
30	30% [%%.....] Still loading...
50	50% [%%%%.....] Still loading...
100	100% Complete! [%%%%%%%%%]

10. Factorial Division

Write a function that receives **two** integer numbers. Calculate **factorial** of each number. Divide the first result by the second and print the division formatted to the **second decimal point**.

Examples

Input	Output	Input	Output
5	60.00	6	360.00
2		2	

Hints

- Read more about factorial here: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Factorial>
- You can use [recursion](#)