## STAT/MA 41600

In-Class Problem Set #35: November 5, 2018 Solutions by Mark Daniel Ward

## Problem Set 35 Answers

1. Let X denote the weight of the randomly chosen piece of chocolate. Let Z denote a standard Normal random variable.

We get 
$$P(X>1) = P\left(\frac{X-0.8}{.012} > \frac{1-0.8}{.012}\right) = P(Z>1.67) = 1 - P(Z \le 1.67) = 1 - 0.9525 = 0.0475.$$

**2.** We let p = 0.0475. The number of pieces that exceed 1 ounce is a Binomial random variable with n = 6 and p = 0.0475, so the desired probability is  $\binom{6}{3}p^3(1-p)^3 = 20(0.0475)^3(0.9525)^3 = 0.001852$ .

**3a.** We compute  $P(|X-3|>.1)=P(X>3.1 \text{ or } X<2.9)=P(X>3.1)+P(X<2.9)=P\left(\frac{X-3}{.4}>\frac{3.1-3}{.4}\right)+P\left(\frac{X-3}{.4}<\frac{2.9-3}{.4}\right)=P(Z>0.25)+P(Z<-0.25)=2P(Z>0.25)=2(1-P(Z\le0.25))=2(1-.5987)=0.8026.$ 

**3b.** We compute  $P(|X-2.8|>.1)=P(X>2.9 \text{ or } X<2.7)=P(X>2.9)+P(X<2.7)=P(\frac{X-3}{.4}>\frac{2.9-3}{.4})+P(\frac{X-3}{.4}<\frac{2.7-3}{.4})=P(Z>-0.25)+P(Z<-0.75)=P(Z<0.25)+P(Z>0.75)=P(Z<0.25)+1-P(Z<0.75)=0.5987+1-0.7734=0.8253.$ 

**4a.** Let Y be the score of a randomly selected student. Then  $P(Y > 80) = P(\frac{Y - 72.5}{6.9} > \frac{80 - 72.5}{6.9}) = P(Z > 1.09) = 1 - P(Z \le 1.09) = 1 - 0.8621 = 0.1379.$ 

**4b.** The random variable X is a geometric random variable with p = 0.1379, so  $\mathbb{E}(X) = 1/p = 7.25$  and  $\text{Var}(X) = q/p^2 = 45.33$ .