$STAT/MA~41600 \\ In-Class~Problem~Set~\#28:~October~23,~2015$

1. Suppose X and Y have joint probability density function

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 70e^{-3x-7y}$$

for 0 < x < y; and $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 0$ otherwise. Find $\mathbb{E}(X)$. (You may either use the joint density given here, or the density $f_X(x)$ that was found in **1a** of the previous problem set.)

- **2.** For the setup in question **1**, find $\mathbb{E}(Y)$. (In this example, there are tradeoffs to the order of integration that you choose to use, i.e., to whether you integrate with respect to x or y first. You might find it instructive to try it both ways and compare the difficulties; this would also enable you to double-check your answer.)
- **3.** Consider a pair of random variables X, Y with constant joint density on the triangle with vertices at (0,0), (2,0), and (0,8). Find $\mathbb{E}(X)$.
- **4a.** Suppose that Y is an exponential random variable with probability density function $f_Y(y) = 5e^{-5y}$ for y > 0, and $f_Y(y) = 0$ otherwise. Compute $\mathbb{E}(Y)$.
- **4b.** Generalize the result in **4a**. In other words, suppose that $\lambda > 0$ is a fixed constant, and suppose that Y is an exponential random variable with probability density function $f_Y(y) = \lambda e^{-\lambda y}$ for y > 0, and $f_Y(y) = 0$ otherwise. Compute $\mathbb{E}(Y)$.