## STAT/MA 41600

In-Class Problem Set #39 part 2: November 21, 2016 Solutions by Mark Daniel Ward

## Problem Set 39 part 2 Answers

- 1. We know that  $\rho(X,Y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(X,Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(X)\,\text{Var}(Y)}}$ . We proved on Friday that Cov(X,Y) = -4/81. We also proved on Friday that  $\mathbb{E}(X) = \int_0^2 \int_0^2 (x)(1/12)(4-xy)\,dx\,dy = 8/9$ . We now compute  $\mathbb{E}(X^2) = \int_0^2 \int_0^2 (x^2)(1/12)(4-xy)\,dx\,dy = 10/9$ . So we get  $\text{Var}(X) = 10/9 (8/9)^2 = 26/81$ . Similarly, we have Var(Y) = 26/81. So we conclude that  $\rho(X,Y) = \frac{-4/81}{\sqrt{(26/81)(26/81)}} = -2/13$ .
- **2.** Let  $X_i = 1$  if the *i*th child gets 1 bear of each color, or  $X_i = 0$  otherwise. So we have  $X = X_1 + \cdots + X_{10}$ . We have  $\text{Var}(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{10} \text{Var}(X_i) + \sum_{i \neq j} \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j)$ . We have  $\text{Var}(X_i) = \mathbb{E}(X_i^2) (\mathbb{E}(X_i))^2 = (20/29)(10/28) ((20/29)(10/28))^2 = 7650/41209 = 0.1856$ . For  $i \neq j$ , we have  $\text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) = \mathbb{E}(X_i X_j) \mathbb{E}(X_i)\mathbb{E}(X_j) = (20/29)(10/28)(18/26)(9/25) (20/29)(10/28)(20/29)(10/28) = 386/535717 = 0.0007205$ . So we conclude that Var(X) = 10(7650/41209) + 90(386/535717) = 1029240/535717 = 1.92.
- **3.** Let  $X = X_1 + \cdots + X_5$  where  $X_j$  indicates whether Alice's jth choice is a Queen, and let  $Y = Y_1 + \cdots + Y_5$  where  $Y_j$  indicates whether Bob's jth choice is a Queen. We have  $\mathbb{E}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X_1 + \cdots + X_5) = \mathbb{E}(X_1) + \cdots + \mathbb{E}(X_5) = 5(1/13) = 5/13$  and  $\mathbb{E}(Y) = 5/13$ . Finally  $\mathbb{E}(XY) = \mathbb{E}((X_1 + \cdots + X_5)(Y_1 + \cdots + Y_5)) = 25\mathbb{E}(X_iY_j) = 25(4/52)(3/51) = 25/221$ . Thus  $Cov(X, Y) = \mathbb{E}(XY) \mathbb{E}(X)\mathbb{E}(Y) = 25/221 (5/13)(5/13) = -100/2873 = -0.0348$ .
- **4a.** We compute  $\mathbb{E}(XY) = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2x} (xy) (\frac{1}{8}xy) \, dy \, dx = 32/9$  and  $\mathbb{E}(X) = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2x} (x) (\frac{1}{8}xy) \, dy \, dx = 8/5$  and  $\mathbb{E}(Y) = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2x} (y) (\frac{1}{8}xy) \, dy \, dx = 32/15$ . Therefore, we get Cov(X,Y) = 32/9 (8/5)(32/15) = 32/225.
- **4b.** We compute  $\mathbb{E}(X^2) = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2x} (x^2) (\frac{1}{8}xy) \, dy \, dx = 8/3$  and  $\mathbb{E}(Y^2) = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2x} (y^2) (\frac{1}{8}xy) \, dy \, dx = 16/3$ . This yields  $\operatorname{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X^2) (\mathbb{E}(X))^2 = 8/3 (8/5)^2 = 8/75$  and  $\operatorname{Var}(Y) = \mathbb{E}(Y^2) (\mathbb{E}(Y))^2 = 16/3 (32/15)^2 = 176/225$ . So altogether we conclude  $\rho(X, Y) = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}(X,Y)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(X)\operatorname{Var}(Y)}} = \frac{32/225}{\sqrt{(8/75)(176/225)}} = \frac{2\sqrt{66}}{33} = 0.4924$ .