## STAT/MA 41600 Practice Problems #3: November 14, 2014 Solutions by Mark Daniel Ward

- **1.** Let X denote the number of Roseate Spoonbills in the 40 hours. Then  $P(X \ge 75) = P(X \ge 74.5) = P\left(\frac{X-80}{\sqrt{80}} \ge \frac{74.5-80}{\sqrt{80}}\right) \approx P(Z \ge -0.61) = P(Z \le 0.61) = 0.7291.$
- **2.** Let X denote the number of errors, so  $\mathbb{E}(X) = (6000)(0.04) = 240$  and  $\mathrm{Var}(X) = 240$ . So  $P(X < 230) = P(X < 229.5) = P\left(\frac{X 240}{\sqrt{240}} < \frac{229.5 240}{\sqrt{240}}\right) \approx P(Z < -0.68) = P(Z > 0.68) = 1 P(Z \le 0.68) = 1 0.7517 = 0.2483$ .
- **3.** Let X denote the number of crayons he checks in 40 hours, so  $\mathbb{E}(X) = (295)(40) = 11,800$  and  $\mathrm{Var}(X) = 11,800$ . So  $P(X \geq 12,000) = P(X \geq 11,999.5) = P\left(\frac{X-11,800}{\sqrt{11,800}} \geq \frac{11,999.5-11,800}{\sqrt{11,800}}\right) \approx P(Z \geq 1.84) = 1 P(Z \leq 1.84) = 1 .9671 = 0.0329.$
- **4.** Let X denote the number of customers, so  $\mathbb{E}(X) = (8)(168) = 1344$  and  $\mathrm{Var}(X) = 1344$ . So  $P(1300 \le X \le 1400) = P(1299.5 \le X \le 1400.5) = P\left(\frac{1299.5 1344}{\sqrt{1344}} \le \frac{X 1344}{\sqrt{1344}} \le \frac{1400.5 1344}{\sqrt{1344}}\right) \approx P(-1.21 \le Z \ge 1.54) = P(Z \le 1.54) P(Z < -1.21) = P(Z \le 1.54) (1 P(Z \le 1.21)) = .9382 (1 .8869) = .8251.$
- **5.** Let X denote the number of Dr. Ward's errors, and let Y denote the number of his wife's errors. As in question #2, we have  $\mathbb{E}(X) = (6000)(0.04) = 240$  and  $\mathrm{Var}(X) = 240$ . Also  $\mathbb{E}(Y) = (10,000)(0.025) = 250$  and  $\mathrm{Var}(Y) = 250$ . So  $P(X > Y) = P(X Y > 0) = P(X Y > 0.5) = P\left(\frac{X Y (240 250)}{\sqrt{240 + 250}} > \frac{0.5 (240 250)}{\sqrt{240 + 250}}\right) \approx P(Z > 0.47) = 1 P(Z \le 0.47) = 1 0.6808 = 0.3192$ .