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class Graph:
  def __init__(self):
    self.graph = defaultdict(list)
  def add_edge(self, u, v, weight):
    self.graph[u].append((v, weight))
    self.graph[v].append((u, weight))
  def prim_mst(self):
    # Initialize data structures
    parent = {}
    key = {}
    mst_set = set()
    # Initialize key values to infinity for all vertices
    for v in self.graph:
      key[v] = float('inf')
    # Start with the first vertex
    key[self.graph.keys()[0]] = 0
    parent[self.graph.keys()[0]] = None
    # MST has V-1 vertices
    for _ in range(len(self.graph) - 1):
       # Find the vertex with the minimum key value
       min_key = float('inf')
       min_vertex = None
       for v in self.graph:
         if key[v] < min_key and v not in mst_set:
           min_key = key[v]
           min_vertex = v
       mst_set.add(min_vertex)
```

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# Update key values and parent pointers of adjacent vertices
       for neighbor, weight in self.graph[min_vertex]:
         if neighbor not in mst_set and weight < key[neighbor]:
           parent[neighbor] = min_vertex
           key[neighbor] = weight
    # Print the MST
    self.print_mst(parent)
  def print_mst(self, parent):
    print("Edge \tWeight")
    for v in self.graph:
      if parent[v]:
         print(parent[v], "-", v, "\t", self.get_weight(parent[v], v))
  def get_weight(self, u, v):
    for neighbor, weight in self.graph[u]:
       if neighbor == v:
         return weight
# Example usage
g = Graph()
g.add_edge('A', 'B', 2)
g.add_edge('A', 'C', 3)
g.add_edge('B', 'C', 1)
g.add_edge('B', 'D', 4)
g.add_edge('C', 'D', 5)
g.prim_mst()
```