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KQUERYO - K-Query Online

no tags

Given a sequence of n numbers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n and a number of k -queries. A k -query is a triple (i, j, k) ($1 \leq i \leq j \leq n$). For each k -query (i, j, k) , you have to return the number of elements **greater than** k in the subsequence a_i, a_{i+1}, \dots, a_j .

Input

- Line 1: n ($1 \leq n \leq 30000$).
- Line 2: n numbers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n ($1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$).
- Line 3: q ($1 \leq q \leq 200000$), the number of k -queries.
- In the next q lines, each line contains 3 numbers a, b, c representing a k -query. You should do the following:
 - $i = a \text{ xor last_ans}$
 - $j = b \text{ xor last_ans}$
 - $k = c \text{ xor last_ans}$

After that $1 \leq i \leq j \leq n$, $1 \leq k \leq 10^9$ holds.

Where last_ans = the answer to the last query (for the first query it's 0).

Output

For each k -query (i, j, k) , print the number of elements greater than k in the subsequence a_i, a_{i+1}, \dots, a_j in a single line.

Example

Input:

```
6
8 9 3 5 1 9
5
2 3 5
3 3 7
0 0 11
0 0 2
3 7 4
```


Output:

```
1
1
0
0
2
```

[Edited by EB]

There are invalid queries. Assume the following:

- if $i < 1$: $i = 1$
- if $j > n$: $j = n$
- if $i > j$: $\text{ans} = 0$

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Erick (/users/ericksav22): 2018-08-28 07:14:00

Finally AC!

Tip: Don't use the third if putted by EB ($i > j$: $\text{ans} = 0$) it causes WA!!



tispata (/users/tispata): 2018-08-09 05:43:20

Also solvable with Wavelet tree e.e



amulyagaur (/users/amulyagaur): 2018-03-14 07:12:34

same concept can be applied here as well:

<https://www.codechef.com/problems/PRMQ>



madhur4127 (/users/madhur4127): 2018-02-26 14:50:18

$O(\sqrt{N} \cdot \log(N))$ gives AC in 0.12s, how to reduce time other than using merge sort tree?



ayushgupta1997 (/users/ayushgupta1997): 2018-02-22 14:05:42

The test cases are weak sqrt decomp also passes...even i didn't use long long for a[] still passed :(



ramini1996 (/users/ramini1996): 2018-02-05 11:05:10

AC in ONE GO !!!



shiv2111 (/users/shiv2111): 2018-01-12 10:32:34

same version KQUERY has very strict TL, merge sort tree is not going to work there.



sherlock726 (/users/sherlock726): 2017-10-16 20:56:51

ac on first go

simple segment tree + vector for each node



sajib_only (/users/sajib_only): 2017-07-03 18:43:07

Don't know what was the problem with this problem. I thought I will get WA but got AC. have many questions.

#are the i and j 0 based or 1 based? (i got AC with assuming 1 based but i don't know what happens if we get 0 after XOR :3)

#got a WA when i took $4 * 30000 + 10$ as size of the Segment Tree Array. then when i made it $4 * 300000 + 10$, it passed smoothly with AC



prakhar10_10 (/users/prakhar10_10): 2017-06-28 06:53:04


The test data is still wrong I think.

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Added by: amirmd76 (/users
/amirmd76)
Date: 2015-04-17

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Memory limit: 1536MB
Cluster: Cube (Intel G860) (/clusters/)
Languages: All

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Concept difficulty

easy normal hard extreme

Implementation difficulty

easy normal hard extreme

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Own tags

#sqrt-decomp-2

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