## Hybrid CNN-SVM model for Action Recognition from Videos

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### INTRODUCTION

Action recognition is the task of identifying an action in a video by Neural Network or Artificial Intelligence model.

Goal: To train a Artificial Intelligent Model that can analyze a video and able to predict what action is taking place with efficiently and good accuracy.



### LITERATURE SURVEY

- [1] The author developed a deep convolutional network armature for detecting mortal conduct in videos by using the action bank features of the UCF50 database.
- [2] the author established 3D CNN models for action recognition .These models develop features from both spatial and temporal measurements by performing 3D convolutions
- [3] The author analyzes mortal action recognition as being a grueling task due to both the spatial and temporal confines of the action data.

### PROPOSED MODEL

- CNN(Convolutional Neural Network) + LSTM (Long Short Term Memory)
- CNN(Convolutional Neural Network) + SVM(Support Vector Machine).

### **Libraries**

Keras

Tensorflow

### **Dataset**

UCF-101

## **DATASET CLASSES**



- UCF101 dataset is an extension of UCF50.
- Categories of UCF101.
- Total video hours of Dataset .
- > FPS & resolution of the videos.
- Playing Cello, Playing Guitar Playing Dhol, Playing Flute, Playing Piano,
   Playing Sitar, Playing Tabla' Playing
   Violin, Playing Daf, Drumming

### PREPROCESS OF DATA

- We resize the frames of the videos to a fixed width and height.
- To reduce the computations and normalize the data to range.
- The range will be [0-1] by dividing the pixel values with 255, which makes convergence faster while training the network.
- We have taken the number of frames of a video that will be fed to the model as one sequence will be 20 so that we get the whole idea of what is happening in the video.

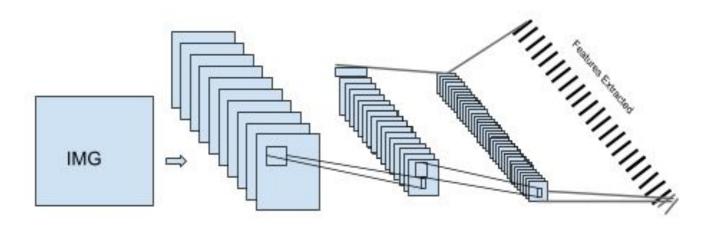
- Frame Extraction
- > Data normalization

### **CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK**

#### **Architecture of Convolutional Neural Network**

- Convolutional Layer:
- Pooling Layer:
- Fully-Connected layer:

CNN is a neural network that **extracts spatial features** 



# LONG SHORT TERM MEMORY (LSTM)

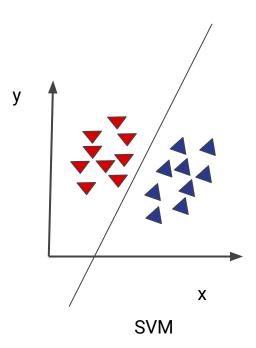
- It work very well in sequential data like audio, video and text.
- > LSTM used for Classification problems.
- LSTM models with Convolutional Neural Networks excel at learning spatial relationships.

## Proposed HYBRID CNN WITH LSTM model

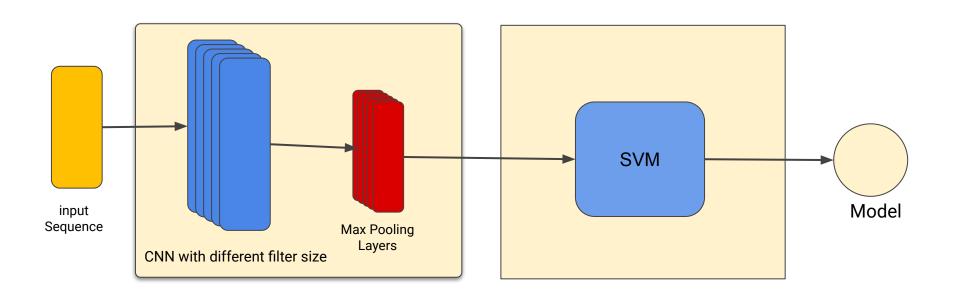
- We have used time-distributed Conv2D layers which will be followed by MaxPooling2D.
- The feature extracted from the Conv2D layers will be then flattened using the Flatten layer and will be fed to a LSTM layer.
- The Dense layer with softmax activation will then use the output from the LSTM layer to predict the action being performed.

### **SVM(Support Vector Machine)**

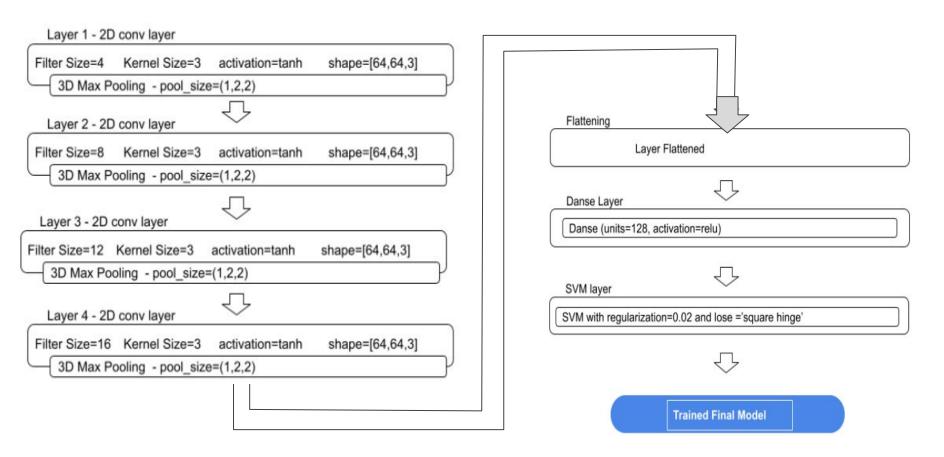
- Support Vector Machines(SVM) is considered to be a classification approach but it can be employed in both types of classification and regression problems.
- It's a supervised learning algorithm that is mainly used to classify data into different classes.
- > SVM segregate the given dataset in the best possible way.
- In our model for cnn+svm features from CNN fed into SVM algorithm for video classifier we use loss function 'squared hinge' for multiple classes and activation function 'softmax'.



# A NOVEL CNN + SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE(SVM) APPROACH FOR ACTION RECOGNITION IN VIDEOS



### The LAYERS OF FINAL CNN + SVM MODEL



### DIFFERENCE BETWEEN SVM AND LSTM AS CLASSIFIER

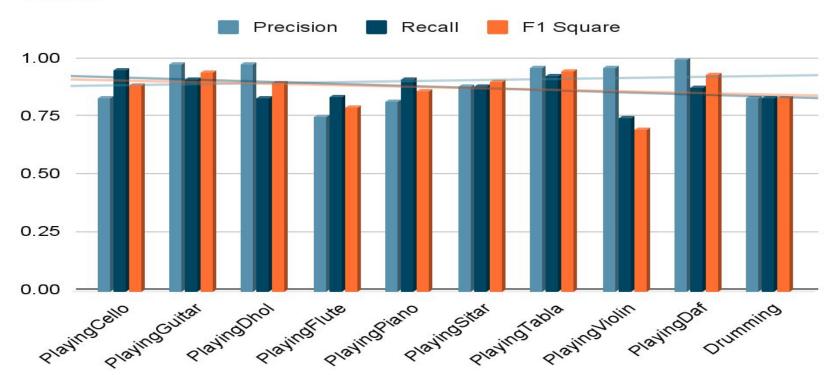
**Structure:** SVM possesses a number of parameters that increase linearly with the linear increase in the size of the input. LSTM, on the other hand, doesn't.

**Required of Training Data:** Support vector machines effectively use only a subset of a dataset as training data. Which reduces the training data, in turn, LSTM requires huge training dataset.

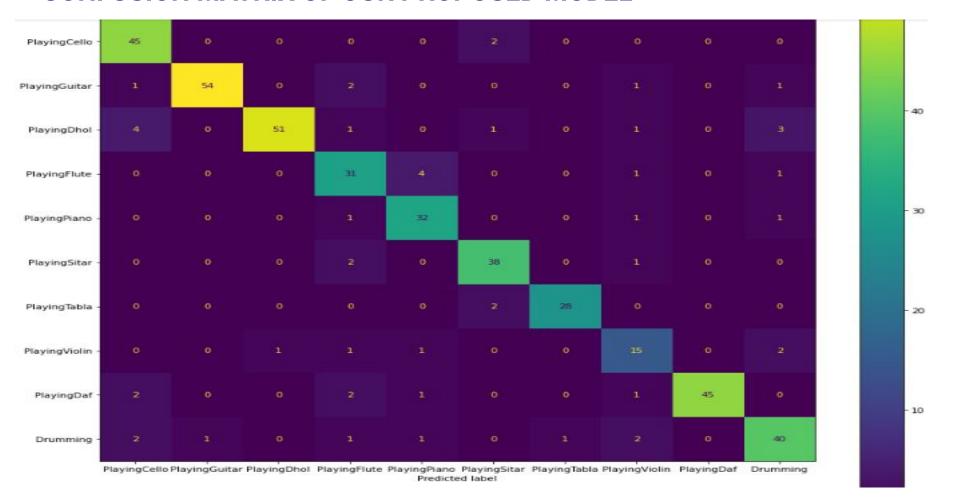
**Training time for Algorithm:** SVMs are generally very fast to train, while lstm is slow.

### **RESULT AND ANALYSIS**

### Class

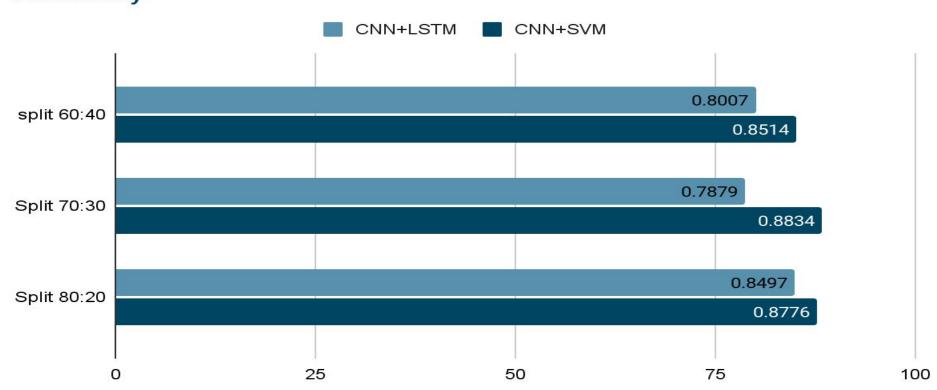


### **CONFUSION MATRIX OF OUR PROPOSED MODEL**



# PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE PROPOSED METHOD WITH OTHER METHODS BASED ON SPLIT RATIO.



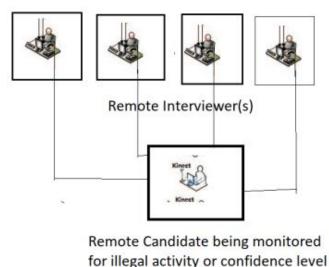


## PREDICTED OUTPUT GENERATED



### APPLICATION OF PROPOSED WORK

- In our Model we have taken some music related classes where we can identify what instrument the person is playing or trying to play.
- The applications range from surveillance in Industry line, online interview for job aspirants or may be Cheating on the Seat of The Examination.
- The presented work is a part of a surveillance system for remote online based Interview systems to facilitate recruiters.



of the candidate

### CONCLUSION

- We carried out a brief study of Hybride CNN-SVM Model for Action Recognition from videos and proposed some experiments on it.
- We took the UCF101 dataset and with the 10 classes/categories.
- > Preprocessed the dataset and took out the features from the series of images using **CNN**.
- > Splitted the dataset into various split ratio like 60:40, 70:30 and 80:20.
- For the Classification of actions we used LSTM and gained an accuracy of 78.9 % with 70:30(standard split ratio).
- Furthermore, for better classification we moved to CNN with Support Vector Machine(our Proposed model) from LSTM with an accuracy of 88.34 %

### **FUTURE SCOPE**

Action Recognition is an important problem in computer vision. AR is the basis for many applications such as video surveillance, health care, and human-computer interaction. Methodologies and technologies have made tremendous development in the past decades and have kept developing up to date. However, challenges still exist when facing realistic sceneries.

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# Thank you!