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### 1 TIC TAC TOE PROGRAM By ANIKET BANDI

#### 2 Aim

The aim of this project is to develop a tic tac toe game. The game consists of 2 parts, one a single player game (a player against a system) and other a multilplayer game (two players on their devices playing against each other).

## 3 Code in C++ Language:

```
\#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
                        char ch:
                        do{
                                     system ("CLS");
                                     int i=0;
            string arr[3][3]={{"1","2","3"},{"4","5","6"},{"7","8","9"}};
do{}
      cout << endl << endl;
      int a:
        cout << arr[0][0] << "_- |_- "<< arr[0][1] << "_- |_- "<< arr[0][2] << endl;
       cout <<" ___ | ___"<<endl;

cout <<arr [1][0] <<" __ | _"<<arr [1][1] <<" __ | _"<<arr [1][2] <<endl;

cout <<" __ | __"<<endl;
        {\rm cout} <\!\!<\!\! {\rm arr}\,[2][0] <\!\!<\!\!" \,\lrcorner\, \lrcorner\, |\, \lrcorner\, "<\!\!<\!\! {\rm arr}\,[2][1] <\!\!"\, \lrcorner\, \lrcorner\, |\, \lrcorner\, "<\!\!<\!\! {\rm arr}\,[2][2] <\!\!<\! {\rm endl}\,;
        cout << " _ _ | _ _ _ _ " << endl;
        cout << "\nEnter_player_A" << endl;
      cin >> a;
switch(a)
            case 1:
                         if (arr [0][0]!="A"&&arr [0][0]!="B")
                         arr[0][0] = "A";
                  }
                  else{
                                cout << "Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;
                        break;
            case 2:
                        if (arr [0][1]!="A"&&arr [0][1]!="B")
                         arr[0][1] = "A";
            else{
```

```
cout << " Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;</pre>
          }
          break;
case 3:
          if (arr [0][2]!="A"&&arr [0][2]!="B")
          arr[0][2] = "A";
     }
          else {
                cout << " Already _ Filled _ try _in _ next _ turn" << endl;</pre>
          break;
case 4:
          if (arr [1][0]!="A"&&arr [1][0]!="B")
          arr[1][0] = "A";
}
else{
                cout << " Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;</pre>
          }
          break;
case 5:
          if (arr [1][1]!="A"&&arr [1][1]!="B")
          arr [1][1]="A";
}
          else {
                cout << "Already _ Filled _ try _in _ next _ turn" << endl;</pre>
          break;
case 6:
          if (arr [1][2]!="A"&&arr [1][2]!="B")
          arr[1][2] = "A";
          }
          \mathbf{else}\,\{
                cout << " Already _ Filled _try _in _next _turn" << endl;</pre>
          break;
case 7:
          if (arr [2][0]!="A"&&arr [2][0]!="B")
          arr[2][0] = "A";
          else {
                cout<<" Already _ Filled _try _in _next_turn"<< endl;</pre>
          break;
```

```
case 8:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           if (arr [2][1]!="A"&&arr [2][1]!="B")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          arr[2][1] = "A";
                                                                                                             }
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              cout << "Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        break;
                                                                                                             case 9:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       if (arr [2][2]!="A"&&arr [2][2]!="B")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           arr[2][2] = "A";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              cout<<" Already_Filled_try_in_next_turn"<< endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        break;
                                                                                                              default:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    cout << "Invalid_input_please_try_again_in_next_turn" << endl;</pre>
 \mathbf{if} (\operatorname{arr} [0][0] = = \operatorname{arr} [0][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [0][1] = = \operatorname{arr} [0][2] \mid | \operatorname{arr} [1][0] = = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr}
 || \operatorname{arr} [0][0] = \operatorname{arr} [1][0] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][0] = \operatorname{arr} [2][0] || \operatorname{arr} [0][1] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [2][1] = \operatorname{ar
   || \operatorname{arr} [0][0] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [2][2] || \operatorname{arr} [0][2] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [2][1] || \operatorname{arr} [0][2] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] || \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              cout << " ******* Congratulations ******* \n____Play
                                                                                                             break;
 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cout << "\nEnter_player_B" << endl;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cin >> a;
switch (a)
                                                                                                             case 1:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           if (arr [0][0]!="A"&&arr [0][0]!="B")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           arr[0][0] = "B";
                                                                                                                                                                   else{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              cout << "Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        break;
                                                                                                              case 2:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        if (arr [0][1]!="A"&&arr [0][1]!="B")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          arr[0][1] = "B";
```

```
else {
                cout<<" Already _ Filled _try _in _next _turn"<<endl;</pre>
          break;
case 3:
          if (arr [0][2]!="A"&&arr [0][2]!="B")
          arr [0][2]="B";
    }
          \mathbf{else}\,\{
                cout << " Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;</pre>
          break;
case 4:
          if (arr [1][0]!="A"&&arr [1][0]!="B")
          arr[1][0]="B";
}
else{
                cout << " Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;</pre>
          break;
case 5:
          if (arr [1][1]!="A"&&arr [1][1]!="B")
          arr[1][1]="B";
}
          else{
                cout << " Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;</pre>
          }
          break;
case 6:
          if (arr [1][2]!="A"&&arr [1][2]!="B")
          arr [1][2]="B";
                cout << "Already _ Filled _ try _ in _ next _ turn " << endl;
          break;
case 7:
          if (arr [2][0]!="A"&&arr [2][0]!="B")
```

```
arr[2][0] = "B";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cout<<" Already_Filled_try_in_next_turn"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 break;
                                                                                                                case 8:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  if (arr [2][1]!="A"&&arr [2][1]!="B")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 arr[2][1] = "B";
                                                                                                                }
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 else {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cout<<" Already_Filled_try_in_next_turn"<< endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               break;
                                                                                                                  case 9:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if (arr [2][2]!="A"&&arr [2][2]!="B")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  arr[2][2]="B";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 else{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cout << " Already _ Filled _try _in _next _turn" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               break:
                                                                                                                default :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               cout << "Invalid_input_please_try_again_in_next_turn" << endl;
}
 \mathbf{if} (\operatorname{arr} [0][0] = = \operatorname{arr} [0][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [0][1] = = \operatorname{arr} [0][2] \mid | \operatorname{arr} [1][0] = = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} 
   || \operatorname{arr} [0][0] = \operatorname{arr} [1][0] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][0] = \operatorname{arr} [2][0] || \operatorname{arr} [0][1] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [2][1] = \operatorname{ar
   || \operatorname{arr} [0][0] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [2][2] || \operatorname{arr} [0][2] = \operatorname{arr} [1][1] \& \& \operatorname{arr} [1][1] = \operatorname{arr} [2][1] = \operatorname{ar
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             cout << "Congratulations\n____Player_B_won_the_Game" << endl;
                                                                                                                break;
system("CLS");
i++;
\mathbf{while}(i < 5);
                                                                      cout << "Press_Y_if_you_want_to_contine..." << endl;
                                                                      cin >> ch;
} while ( ch=='y' | | ch=='Y' );
return 0;
```

}

# 4 C++ output

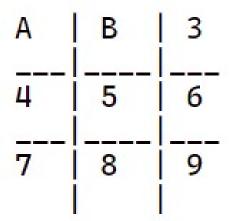


Figure 1: OUTPUT 1

| _ |
|---|
| _ |
|   |

```
Enter player A
7
**************Congratulations********
Player A won the Game
Press Y if you want to contine...
```

Figure 2: OUTPUT 2

## 5 C++ Profiling Output:

```
hp@SJ MINGW64 ~/sj/aniket (master)
$ gprof a.exe gmon.out
BFD: Dwarf Error: Could not find abbrev number 108.
Flat profile:
Each sample counts as 0.01 seconds. no time accumulated
the percentage of the total running time of the program used by this function.
time
cumulative a running sum of the number of seconds accounted seconds for by this function and those listed above it.
                   self
seconds
calls
                   the number of times this function was invoked, if this function is profiled, else blank.
                   the average number of milliseconds spent in this function per call, if this function is profiled, else blank.
self
ms/call
                   the average number of milliseconds spent in this function and its descendents per call, if this function is profiled, else blank.
total
ms/call
                   the name of the function. This is the minor sort
for this listing. The index shows the location of
the function in the gprof listing. If the index is
in parenthesis it shows where it would appear in
the gprof listing if it were to be printed.
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```

Call graph (explanation follows)

```
| granularity: each sample hit covers 4 byte(s) no time propagated | index % time | self children | called | name | name
```

If the function called itself recursively, the number only includes non-recursive calls, and is followed by a `+' and the number of recursive calls.

name

The name of the current function. The index number is printed after it. If the function is a member of a cycle, the cycle number is printed between the function's name and the index number.

For the function's parents, the fields have the following meanings:

self This is the amount of time that was propagated directly from the function into this parent.

children This is the amount of time that was propagated from the function's children into this parent.

called This is the number of times this parent called the function `/' the total number of times the function was called. Recursive calls to the function are not included in the number after the `/'.

name This is the name of the parent. The parent's index number is printed after it. If the parent is a member of a cycle, the cycle number is printed between the name and the index number.

If the parents of the function cannot be determined, the word `<spontaneous>' is printed in the `name' field, and all the other fields are blank.

For the function's children, the fields have the following meanings:

self This is the amount of time that was propagated directly from the child into the function.

children This is the amount of time that was propagated from the child's children to the function.

called This is the number of times the function called this child '/' the total number of times the child was called. Recursive calls by the child are not listed in the number after the '/'.

name This is the name of the child. The child's index number is printed after it. If the child is a member of a cycle, the cycle number is printed between the name and the index number.

If there are any cycles (circles) in the call graph, there is an entry for the cycle-as-a-whole. This entry shows who called the cycle (as parents) and the members of the cycle (as children.) The `+' recursive calls entry shows the number of function calls that were internal to the cycle, and the calls entry for each member shows, for that member, how many times it was called from other members of the cycle.

If the parents of the function cannot be determined, the word `<spontaneous>' is printed in the `name' field, and all the other fields are blank.

For the function's children, the fields have the following meanings:

This is the amount of time that was propagated directly from the child into the function.  $\label{eq:continuous} % \begin{array}{c} \left( \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left$ 

This is the amount of time that was propagated from the child's children to the function.  $\label{eq:children} % \begin{center} \begin{cent$ children

This is the number of times the function called this child '/' the total number of times the child was called. Recursive calls by the child are not listed in the number after the '/'. called

This is the name of the child. The child's index number is printed after it. If the child is a member of a cycle, the cycle number is printed between the name and the index number. name

If there are any cycles (circles) in the call graph, there is an entry for the cycle-as-a-whole. This entry shows who called the cycle (as parents) and the members of the cycle (as children.) The '+' recursive calls entry shows the number of function calls that were internal to the cycle, and the calls entry for each member shows, for that member, how many times it was called from other members of the cycle. the cycle.

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Index by function name

## 6 C++ Debugging Output:

Figure 3: INITIAL WRONG OUTPUT ON terminal

```
[Inferior 1 (process 75688) exited normally]
(gdb) break 127
Breakpoint 1 at 0x403cb8: file ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.
(gdb) break main
Breakpoint 2 at 0x4015d1
(gdb) info breakpoints
                      Disp Enb Address
                                          What
Num
       Type
                      keep y 0x00403cb8 ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/
       breakpoint
1
                               0x004015d1 <main+17>
       breakpoint
                      keep y
(gdb) run
Starting program: C:\Users\hp\sj\aniket\a.exe
[New Thread 65992.0x18c14]
[New Thread 65992.0x44dc]
[New Thread 65992.0x1048c]
[New Thread 65992.0xf074]
[New Thread 65992.0xa768]
Thread 1 hit Breakpoint 1, __chkstk_ms ()
   at ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S:143
       ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S: No such file or direction
(gdb)
```

Figure 4: Program stop while running in terminal at breakpoints

Figure 5: mistake in code

```
(gdb) run[args]
The program being debugged has been started already.
Start it from the beginning? (y or n) [answered Y; input not from terminal]
Starting program: C:\Users\hp\sj\aniket\a.exe [args]
[New Thread 15024.0x1761c]
[New Thread 15024.0xcea4]
[New Thread 15024.0x3cf4]
[New Thread 15024.0x16cb4]
[New Thread 15024.0x77d0]
Thread 1 hit Breakpoint 1, __chkstk_ms ()
    at ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S:143
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
(gdb) info b
Num
       Type
                      Disp Enb Address
                                         What
1
       breakpoint
                      keep y
                               0x00403cb8 ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgo
       breakpoint already hit 1 time
       breakpoint
                              0x004015d1 <main+17>
2
                      keep y
(gdb) n
145
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
(qdb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
147
(gdb) n
148
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
(gdb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
149
(gdb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
157
(gdb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
158
(gdb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
160
(gdb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
162
(adb) n
       in ../../../src/gcc-8.1.0/libgcc/config/i386/cygwin.S
164
(qdb) n
0x004032e1 in _pei386_runtime_relocator ()
(qdb) n
Single stepping until exit from function _pei386_runtime_relocator,
which has no line number information.
```

Figure 6: debugging in terminal

```
(gdb) run
Starting program: C:\Users\hp\sj\aniket\a.exe
[New Thread 97036.0xc8c]
[New Thread 97036.0x17698]
[New Thread 97036.0x8a58]
[New Thread 97036.0x114cc]
[New Thread 97036.0xc544]
[New Thread 97036.0x3360]
[New Thread 97036.0xa7c4]
[New Thread 97036.0x954]
```

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|
| 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |

Enter player A

Figure 7: code running without error

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|
| 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |
|   |   |   |

Enter player A 1

Enter player B 2

Enter player A

Enter player B

Enter player A 5

Enter player B 6 19

A | B | A