# Mid Term (Odd) Semester Examination October 2024

Roll no. 2394081.

Name of the Course (Semester): B. Tech CSE (III), B. Tech CSE Integrated (VII)

Name of the Paper: Data Structure with 'C'

Paper Code: TCS 302/IBTCS 302

Time:1.5 hours

Maximum Marks:50

## INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

#### Note:

- (i) This question paper contains five questions with alternative choice.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Each question carries two parts a or b. Attempt either parts a or b of each question.
- (iv) Total marks assigned to each question are ten.

Q1.

(10\*1,CO1,CO2)

A. Assume that you have a single linked list. Write a C functions to find the 2<sup>nd</sup> smallest node in the linked list.

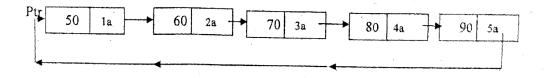
OR

B. Evaluate the following postfix expression using stack show (all the steps) 8, 2, +, 3, -, 6, 4, 3,\*, +,\* (Here comma is used as separator only).

Q2.

(10\*1, CO1, CO3)

A. Consider a Circular linked list with a pointer, Ptr. Write a C function to delete the node pointed by pointer Ptr, in the linked list.



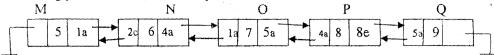
OR

B. What do you mean by a dynamic array? Write a 'C' function to create a dynamic array and input N elements in it then check whether the sequence of elements is in A.P or not. Ex. Input: 1,2,3,4,5,6 is in A.P.

A. Compare two data structures used one for linear and other for direct access also describe which will be used where?

### **OR**

B. Assume that you have a double linked list, with five nodes, nodes are pointed by the following pointers, M, N, O, P and Q.

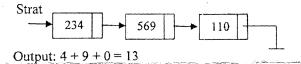


Write steps to delete the node pointed by pointer P.

Q4.

(10\*1, CO1, CO2)

A. Assume that you have a single linked list with address start, stores a number in each node; write a C function to add least significant digits of all numbers present in the linked list. e.g.



### OR

B. Assume that you have a single linked list. Write a C function to convert that single linked list into a circular linked list.

Q5.

(10\*1, CO2, CO3)

A. Write notes on the followings:

(2.5\*4=10)

- (i) Static memory allocation.
- (ii) Classification of data structure.
- (iii) ADT
- (iv) Functions to allocate dynamic memory.

## OR

B. Assume that you have a single linked list. Write a C function to return the value of the n<sup>th</sup> node (given by the user) from the start of the linked list.