

## Microprocessor and Microcontroller

### MID TERM EXAM November 2021

TIME ONE HOURS

M.M. 30

**Q1.** What is Microprocessor?

- a) A multipurpose PLD that accepts binary data as input
- b) A multipurpose PLD that accepts an integer as input
- c) A multipurpose PLD that accepts whole numbers as input
- d) A multipurpose PLD that accepts prime numbers as input

**Q2.** What will the content of A after the execution of the following instructions:

MVI A, 2CH

STA 3000

HLT

- a) 3000
- b) both c & d are correct
- c) 44
- d) 2CH

**Q3.** In 8085 microprocessor which is the first machine cycle of instruction

- a) An op-code fetch machine cycle
- b) An memory read/write machine cycle
- c) An IO read/write machine cycle
- d) Any of the above

**Q4.** The instruction JNC 16 BIT ADDRESS refers to jump to 16 bit address if ?

- a) Sign flag is set
- b) Carry flag is set
- c) Carry flag is reset
- d) Zero flag is set

**Q5.** In 8086 microprocessor , the offset of a particular segment varies from

- a) 000H to FFFH
- b) 00H to FFH
- c) 0000H to FFFFH
- d) 00000H to FFFFFH

**Q6.** In a microprocessor Stack works on:

- a) LILO
- b) FIFO
- c) LIFO
- d) none

**Q7.** In 8-bit microprocessor, How many opcodes are present?

- a)246
- b)278
- c)250
- d) 256

**Q8.** In an intel 8085A microprocessor, why is READY signal used?

- a)To indicate to user that the microprocessor is working and is ready for use.
- b) To provide proper WAIT states when the microprocessor is communicating with a slow peripheral device.
- c) To slow down a fast peripheral device so as to communicate at the microprocessor's device.
- d) none of the above.

**Q9.**The instruction which is used to store the data into accumulator from a register pair

- a)LDAX
- b)LDA
- c)STAX
- d) STA

**Q10.**The instructions used to transfer 16 bit number of memory location 9000H and 9001H into register pair HL

- a)LDA 9000H
- b) LDHL 9000H
- c)LHLD 9000 H
- d) MOV HL,9000 H

**Q11.**what will be content of reg H after the execution of instruction INR H, if reg H contains FF H

- a) 00H
- b) 100 H
- c)F1 H
- d) none

**Q12.** If  $A > R$  , then after execution of instruction CMP R what will be the status of flags?

- a)CF=0,Z=1
- b) CF=1, Z=0
- c) CF=0,Z=0
- d)CF=1,Z=1

**Q13.** How many times the loop will be executed:

LXI B,000F H

LOOP:DCX B

MOV A,B

ORA C

JNZ LOOP

- a) 14 times
- b) 10 times
- c) 15 times
- d) none



**Q22.** In any microprocessor the address bus width of 64 KB of memory is -----.

- a) 8 bits
- b) 16 bits
- c) 32 bits
- d) none

**Q23.** The size of each segment register in 8086 is ? a) 64 kb

- c) 24 kb
- b) 1MB
- d) 16kb

**Q24.** In DIV instruction if source is 8 bits it will divide AX by source & after division

- a) The Quotient will be in AL & remainder in AH.
- b) The Quotient will be in AH & remainder in AL.
- c) The Quotient will be in AX & remainder in DX.
- d) The Quotient will be in Dx & remainder in AX.

**Q25.** In instruction Queue the next byte is fetched from memory when the values of QS1 & QS0 a) 00  
c) 10

- b) 01
- d) 11

**Q26.** Which of the following instruction is incorrect:

- a) MOV DS, 1234 H
- b) MOV AL, AH
- c) MOV DL, 1234 H[SI]
- d) MOV AL, 15 H[SI]

**Q27.** If the direction flag in flag register of 8086 is zero then the value of SI & DI will be:

- a) Increment by 1 or 2
- b) remains same
- c) decrement by 1 or 2
- d) none

**Q28.** The interrupt request that is independent of IF flag is

- a) NMI
- b) Divide by zero
- c) TRAP
- d) All of the mentioned

**Q29.** Which of the following are the control flags in a flag register in 8086. a) DF, TF, IF

- c) DF, IF
- b) DF, IF, TF, OF
- d) IF, C, OF

**Q30.** In 8086 microprocessor when reset is sent to logic 1, the content of CS is

- a) 0000 H
- b) FFFF H
- c) no change
- d) none