# Task Summary: Setting Up Microservices Architecture with WordPress and MySQL

## 1. Overview:

We deployed a microservices architecture with two EC2 instances on AWS, one for hosting WordPress and the other for MySQL. The goal was to configure WordPress to use MySQL as its backend database.

#### 2. Resources Used:

- Two EC2 instances:
- One for WordPress hosting (t2.micro, Ubuntu AMI)
- One for MySQL database (t2.micro, Ubuntu AMI)
- Security Groups:
- Created and configured security groups for both instances to control inbound and outbound traffic.
- WordPress:
- Installed and configured WordPress on the WordPress hosting instance.
- Configured WordPress to use MySQL as its backend database.
- MySQL:
- Installed and configured MySQL on the MySQL instance.
- Adjusted MySQL configuration to allow external connections.

# 3. Steps Taken:

- 1. Launched two t2.micro EC2 instances using the Ubuntu AMI.
- 2. Configured security groups for both instances:
  - Allowed inbound traffic on port 22 (SSH) for administration.
  - Allowed inbound traffic on port 80 (HTTP) and 443 (HTTPS) for web traffic to WordPress.
  - Allowed inbound traffic on port 3306 (MySQL) from the WordPress instance's security group.
  - Allowed outbound traffic to all destinations for both instances.
- 3. Installed and configured WordPress on the WordPress instance:
  - Set up Apache web server and PHP.
  - Downloaded and configured WordPress files.
  - Configured WordPress to use MySQL database with appropriate credentials.
- 4. Installed and configured MySQL on the MySQL instance:
  - Installed MySQL server and client packages.

- Configured MySQL to listen on all network interfaces for external connections.
- Created a MySQL database and user for WordPress.
- 5. Tested the connectivity between the WordPress and MySQL instances to ensure they can communicate successfully.
- 6. Created a welcome page in WordPress to serve as the homepage of the website.

## 4. Outcome:

- Successfully deployed WordPress and MySQL on separate EC2 instances.
- Configured WordPress to use MySQL as its backend database.
- Established secure communication between the instances using security groups.
- Created a functional welcome page in WordPress to serve as the homepage of the website.

By following these steps, we have set up a scalable and efficient microservices architecture with WordPress and MySQL, ensuring optimal performance and security for the web application.





