Developed Interactive Report for (**RFM Analysis, Product Performance, Loan Risk, Customer Segmentation**) with 20+ visuals covering **\$163B loan portfolio**, product mix, and Loan defaulter rate trends for enhanced decision-making.

Architected a **Star schema model** in Power BI (Fact Loan + 6 dimensions) and imported **1M+ records** from SQL Server to establish a scalable, high-performance data model for loan and customer analytics.

Engineered 15+ advanced DAX measures (ex. RFM Score, Avg Recency, Defaulter Rate, Avg Interest, Outstanding Balance, etc.) and dynamic slicers to enable customer segmentation & risk scoring.

Data Model

- Star schema with 6 tables:
- CustomerDim (100 000 customers, demographics, Calculated Column RFM segment)
- GeographyDim (50 states + Census regions)
- DateDim (FY 2024 calendar)
- ProductDim (4 loan products)
- RiskCategoryDim (High/Med/Low risk)
- FactLoan (1 000 000 loan transactions, amounts, defaults)

Uncovered high-impact Key Insights

RFM Analysis

Average Monetary Value by RFM Segment

- Champions far outpace all other segments, at \$2.01 M average spend, indicating this top tier generates the lion's share of revenue.
- Loyal Customers follow with \$1.20 M, showing that retention programs are capturing significant wallet share.
- Potential Loyalists and Needs Attention contribute negligibly (\$0.10 M and \$0.01 M respectively), highlighting clear upsell and re-engagement opportunities in those cohorts.

Customer Distribution by RFM Segment (Pie)

- Champions comprise 54.16% (54 K customers) of the base.
- Loyal Customers are 45.65% (46 K).
- Potential Loyalists and Needs Attention together account for only 0.18%, underscoring that nearly the entire customer base is already highly engaged.

Detailed Customer Table with Conditional Formatting

- Top Champions span with annual incomes from \$36.8 K to \$89.8 K.
- All shown customers have ideal Recency and high Frequency (11 transactions), confirming the uniformity of engagement metrics in the Champion bucket.
- Geographic spread (e.g., Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, New Hampshire) signals broad regional penetration among highest-value clients.

Customer Segmentation

Marital Status

 Married customers lead at 26 K, followed by Single at 21 K, and Divorced slightly lower suggesting that family-oriented banking products may resonate most strongly.

Gender

• Female customers number 24 K vs. Male at 19 K, indicating a modest female skew that could inform targeted marketing.

Job Classification

White-Collar dominates at 50.2% (~ 50 K), with Blue-Collar at 29.77% and Other at 20.03%—
highlighting that professional income brackets form the core client base.

Geographic Segmentation (Map)

 The U.S. map clearly shows Champions and Loyal customers clustered in the Midwest and Northeast, with sparser representation in the West and South, pointing to region-specific growth opportunities.

Income Segment by Age Group

- Seniors have the highest High-Income count (20 K) but still maintain a non-trivial Medium (13 K) and Low (8 K) cohort.
- Adults show smaller populations across all income bands (High 9 K, Medium 6 K, Low 3 K).
- Young customers surprisingly mirror Seniors in the High-Income band (21 K), suggesting a well-off younger demographic worth targeting with premium digital products.

Loan Risk Analysis

Regional Defaulter Rate

- Bars for Midwest, Northeast, South, and West cluster tightly around 7.3%—7.6% default.
- The West edge slightly higher, signalling a marginally elevated risk environment there.

Defaulter Rate Over Time (Line)

• Default rates fluctuate between 7.27% (Feb) and 7.64% (Aug), but overall remain remarkably stable around 7.5% throughout the year.

Defaulter % by Credit-Score Segment

- High-Risk borrowers' default at 7.66%, compared to 7.54% for Medium-Risk and 7.45% for Low-Risk.
- Narrow spread suggests credit-score band alone is a weak predictor of default in this portfolio.

Default vs. Non-Default by Product (Stacked Bar)

- Home Loans dominate with 463 K issued; default rate 7.50%, high-risk loans just 2.29% of that.
- Auto and Personal Loans each 185 K, Education 92 K—all showing similar 7.5% default rates.
- Uniform default performance across products suggests systemic factors driving risk more than product type.

Product Performance Analysis

Total Loan Amount by Product

- Home Loans: \$150 B (vast majority).
- Auto: \$6 B, Education: \$5 B, Personal: \$2 B—reinforcing mortgage-centric balance sheet.

Average Interest & Loan Amount Over Time (Dual-Line)

- Avg Loan Amount holds steady around \$163 K-\$165 K.
- Avg Interest Rate edges up from 5.33% (Sep) to 5.36% (Jan), then oscillates—indicating modest rate volatility but steady loan sizing.

Outstanding Balance by Product

- Home: \$5.6 B, Auto & Education each \$200 M, Personal \$100 M.
- Outstanding exposure mirrors origination volumes, confirming consistent amortization behaviour across product lines.

Share of Loan Count by Product (Donut)

- Home Loans represent 50.02% of all accounts, auto 20.01%, Personal 19.96%, Education 10.02%.
- Mortgage products not only dominate in dollar terms but also account for half of all loans issued.

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Key KPI Cards

• Avg Loan Amount: \$163 K

• Avg Interest Rate: 5.35%

• Total Loans Issued: 1 M

• Avg Credit Score: 700

• Avg Term: 36 months

• These succinct cards provide at-a-glance tracking of portfolio health and risk metrics.

End of Report Thanks