

# Day\_17:DSA

Day-14 : Leetcode: 2033 Minimum Operations to Make a Uni-Value Grid.

ex. 

2	4
6	8

 m grid

grid = [[2, 4], [6, 8]], x=2 } goal is to make every value in grid same and we have to return minimum no. of operations.  
Output = 4

Code:

Class Solution:

```
def minOperations(self, grid):
```

```
    total = 0
```

```
    for row in grid:
```

```
        for n in row:
```

```
            if n % x != grid[0][0] % x:
```

```
                return -1
```

```
    num = [n for row in grid for n in row]
    nums.sort()
```

```
    prefix = 0
```

```
    res = float("inf")
```

```
    for i in range(len(nums)):
```

```
        cost_left = nums[i] * i - prefix
```

```
        cost_right = total - prefix - (nums[i] * (len(nums) - i))
```

```
        operations = (cost_left + cost_right) // x
```

```
        res = min(res, operations)
```

```
        prefix += nums[i]
```

```
    return res
```



### SDE: Repeat and Missing Number

#### • Brute force:

- We will run a loop (say  $i$ ) from 1 to  $N$
- For each integer,  $i$  we will count occurrence in the given array using linear time
- We will store those two elements that has the occurrence of 2 and 0
- Finally we will return.

Code:

```
def FindMissingRepeatingNumber (a: [int]) -  
    n = len(a)
```

```
    repeating, missing = -1, -1
```

```
    for i in range(1, n+1):
```

```
        cnt = 0
```

```
        for j in range(n):
```

```
            if a[j] == i:
```

```
                cnt += 1
```

```
            if cnt == 2:
```

```
                repeating = i
```

```
            elif cnt == 0:
```

```
                missing = i
```

```
    if repeating != -1 and missing != -1:
```

```
        break
```

```
    return [repeating, missing]
```

TC =  $O(N^2)$

#### • Better: (Hashing)

```
def find ----
```

```
    n = len(a)
```

```
    hash = [0] * (n+1)
```

TC =  $O(N)$

```
    for i in range(n):
```

```
        hash[a[i]] += 1
```

SC =  $O(N)$

```
    repeating, missing = -1, -1
```

```
    for i in range(1, n+1):
```

```
        if hash[i] == 2:
```

```
            repeating = i
```

```
        elif hash[i] == 0:
```

```
            missing = i
```



• optimal Sol<sup>n</sup> (using Maths)

def findMissing ---  
n = len(a)

# find the sum

$$SN = (n * (n+1)) // 2$$

$$S2N = (n * (n+1) * (2 * n + 1)) // 6$$

# calculate S and S2

$$S, S2 = 0, 0$$

for i in range(n):

$$S += a[i]$$

$$S2 += a[i] * a[i]$$

$$val1 = S - SN$$

$$val2 = S2 - S2N$$

$$val2 = val2 // val1$$

$$x = (val1 + val2) // 2$$

$$y = x - val1$$

return [x, y]



# Find the duplicate in an array of  $n+1$  integers.

→ Assuming there is one zero

arr = [1, 3, 4, 2, 2]

output = 2.

• Using Sorting

```
if (arr[i] == arr[i+1]) {  
    return arr[i];  
}
```

• Using frequency

$n = \text{len(arr)}$

freq = [0] \* (n+1)

for i in range

if freq[arr[i]] == 0;

freq[arr[i]] += 1

else:

return arr[i]

return 0

• def findDuplicate(nums: List[int]) -> int

slow = num[0]

fast = num[0]

while True:

slow = nums[slow]

fast = nums[nums[fast]]

if slow == fast:

break

fast = nums[0]

while slow != fast:

slow = nums[slow]

fast = nums[fast]

return slow