

Program – 9

AIM: To implement Election between wireless nodes.

Introduction and Theory

Election Algorithms

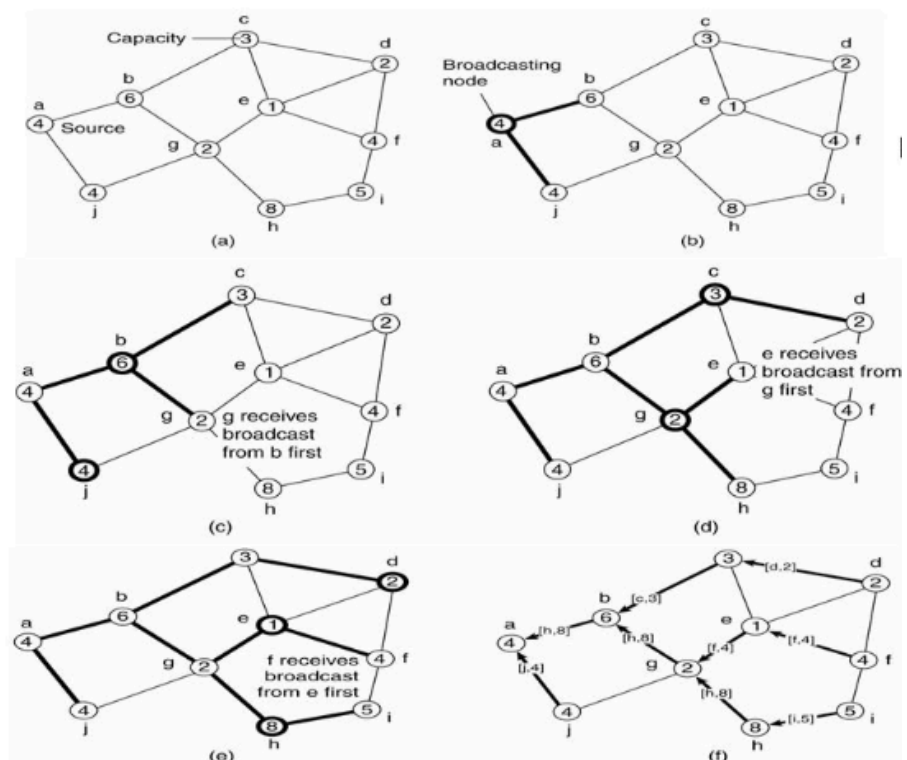
Election algorithms choose a process from group of processors to act as a coordinator. If the coordinator process crashes due to some reasons, then a new coordinator is elected on other processor. Election algorithm basically determines where a new copy of coordinator should be restarted. Election algorithm assumes that every active process in the system has a unique priority number. The process with highest priority will be chosen as a new coordinator. Hence, when a coordinator fails, this algorithm elects that active process which has highest priority number. Then, this number is sent to every active process in the distributed system.

Wireless Election process

1. Any node can initiate the election.
2. When a node receives its first ELECTION message, it makes the sender as its parent.
3. After this it forwards the ELECTION to all its neighbors.
4. If a node already has set its parent, it simply acknowledges.
5. If a node is a leaf it sends its own priority otherwise it waits for its children to finish.
6. When a node has collected all values, it passes it on to its parent.

Salient Points

- At each point only, the best possible candidate is passed.
- Once the source gets the results back it can select the coordinator, which it then broadcasts.
- The messages are tagged with process IDs and in case of multiple ELECTIONS, only the one from a higher pid is entertained.



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Code

```
1  #include <sys/socket.h>
2  #include <netinet/in.h>
3  #include <arpa/inet.h>
4  #include <stdio.h>
5  #include <stdlib.h>
6  #include <unistd.h>
7  #include <errno.h>
8  #include <string.h>
9  #include <sys/types.h>
10 #include <time.h>
11 #include <string.h>
12 #define MSG_CONFIRM 0
13
14
15 #define TRUE 1
16 #define FALSE 0
17 #define ML 1024
18 #define MPROC 32
19
20 typedef struct wireless_node
21 {
22     int priority;
23     int parent;
24 } wireless_node;
25
26 wireless_node w;
27
28 int max(int a, int b)
29 {
30     return a >= b? a:b;
31 }
32
33 int connect_to_port(int connect_to)
34 {
35     int sock_id;
36     int opt = 1;
37     struct sockaddr_in server;
38     if ((sock_id = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) < 0)
39     {
40         perror("unable to create a socket");
41         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
42     }
43     setsockopt(sock_id, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, (const void
44 *)&opt, sizeof(int));
45     memset(&server, 0, sizeof(server));
46     server.sin_family = AF_INET;
47     server.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
48     server.sin_port = htons(connect_to);
49
50     if (bind(sock_id, (const struct sockaddr *)&server,
51 sizeof(server)) < 0)
52     {
53         perror("unable to bind to port");
54         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
```

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```
55     }
56     return sock_id;
57 }
58
59 void send_to_id(int to, int from, char message[ML])
60 {
61     struct sockaddr_in cl;
62     memset(&cl, 0, sizeof(cl));
63     cl.sin_family = AF_INET;
64     cl.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
65     cl.sin_port = htons(to);
66     sendto(
67         from, \
68         (const char *)message, \
69         strlen(message), \
70         MSG_CONFIRM, \
71         (const struct sockaddr *)&cl, \
72         sizeof(cl));
73 }
74
75 void startElection(int id, int *procs, int num_procs, int self)
76 {
77     int itr;
78     char message[ML];
79     sprintf(message, "%s %d", "ELEC", self);
80     for (itr = 0; itr < num_procs; itr++)
81     {
82         if (procs[itr] != w.parent)
83         {
84             printf("Sending elections to: %d\n", procs[itr]);
85             send_to_id(procs[itr], id, message);
86         }
87     }
88 }
89
90 void announce_completion(int self, int *procs, int num_procs, int
91 coord)
92 {
93     int itr;
94     char message[ML];
95     sprintf(message, "%s %d", "DONE", coord);
96
97     for (itr = 0; itr < num_procs; itr++)
98     {
99         send_to_id(procs[itr], self, message);
100     }
101 }
102
103 void propagate_completion(int self, int *procs, int num_procs, char
104 M[ML])
105 {
106     int itr;
107     for (itr = 0; itr < num_procs; itr++)
108     {
109         send_to_id(procs[itr], self, M);
110     }
111 }
```

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```
112
113 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
114 {
115     int self = atoi(argv[1]);
116     int n_procs = atoi(argv[2]);
117     int procs[MPROC];
118     int sender, pcnt = 0, ecnt = 0;
119     int sock_id, coord_id;
120     int itr, len, n, start, ix;
121     char buffer[ML], flag[ML], p_id[ML], msg[256];
122     struct sockaddr_in from;
123     w.priority = atoi(argv[3]);
124     w.parent = -1;
125     coord_id = w.priority;
126     for(itr = 0; itr < n_procs; itr += 1)
127         procs[itr] = atoi(argv[4 + itr]);
128     start = atoi(argv[4 + n_procs]) == 1? TRUE:FALSE;
129
130     printf("Creating node at %d\n", self);
131     sock_id = connect_to_port(self);
132
133     if (start == TRUE)
134     {
135         startElection(sock_id, procs, n_procs, self);
136     }
137     while(TRUE)
138     {
139         if (start != TRUE && ecnt + 1 == n_procs)
140         {
141             sprintf(msg, "RTRN %d", coord_id);
142             send_to_id(w.parent, \
143                 sock_id,
144                 msg);
145             printf("Sending to parent %d\n", w.parent);
146         }
147         if (pcnt == n_procs)
148         {
149             if (start == TRUE)
150             {
151                 printf("Announcing completion\n");
152                 announce_completion(sock_id, procs, n_procs,
153 coord_id);
154                 exit(1);
155             }
156             else
157             {
158                 sprintf(msg, "RTRN %d", coord_id);
159                 send_to_id(w.parent, \
160                     sock_id,
161                     msg);
162                 printf("Sending to parent %d\n", w.parent);
163             }
164         }
165         memset(&from, 0, sizeof(from));
166         // printf("Tring read\n");
167         n = recvfrom(sock_id, (char *)buffer, ML, MSG_WAITALL,
168 (struct sockaddr *)&from, &len);
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```
169     buffer[n] = '\0';
170     printf("Recieved: %s\n", buffer);
171     for(itr = 0; itr < 4; itr++)
172     {
173         // printf("%c %d\n", buffer[itr], itr);
174         flag[itr] = buffer[itr];
175     }
176     flag[itr] = '\0';
177     printf("Extracted flag \n");
178     if (strcmp(flag, "RTRN") == 0 || strcmp(flag, "DONE") == 0)
179     {
180         for(ix=0, itr = itr + 1; itr < 6; itr++)
181             p_id[ix++] = buffer[itr];
182     }
183     else
184     {
185         for(ix=0, itr = itr + 1; itr < 9; itr++)
186             p_id[ix++] = buffer[itr];
187     }
188     p_id[ix] = '\0';
189     sender = atoi(p_id);
190     // printf("%s %d\n", flag, sender);
191
192     if (strcmp(flag, "ELEC") == 0)
193     {
194         if (w.parent == -1)
195         {
196             w.parent = sender;
197             printf("Set parent to %d\n", w.parent);
198             if (n_procs == 1 && procs[0] == w.parent)
199                 pcnt ++;
200             startElection(sock_id, procs, n_procs, self);
201         }
202         else
203         {
204             printf("Sending EACK to %d\n", sender);
205             send_to_id(sender, sock_id, "EACK 0000");
206         }
207     }
208     else if (strcmp(flag, "EACK") == 0)
209     {
210         ecnt += 1;
211         continue;
212     }
213     else if (strcmp(flag, "RTRN") == 0)
214     {
215         pcnt += 1;
216         if (w.priority < sender)
217         {
218             printf("Changed potential coord to: %d\n", sender);
219             coord_id = sender;
220         }
221         else
222             coord_id = max(coord_id, w.priority);
223     }
224     else if (strcmp(flag, "DONE") == 0)
225     {
```

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```
226         if (w.priority != sender)
227             propagate_completion(sock_id, procs, n_procs,
228 buffer);
229         else
230             printf("SET SELF AS CONTROLLER\n");
231             exit(1);
232     }
233     // printf("Waiting\n");
234 }
235 return 0;
236 }
237
```

Results and Outputs:

Figure 1 Election result

```
DISLAB -- -bash -- 71x25
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$ ./outs/18 8000 1 2 8001 1
Creating node at 8000
Sending elections to: 8001
Recieved: RTRN 9
Extracted flag
Changed potential coord to: 9
Announcing completion
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$

DISLAB -- -bash -- 71x25
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$ ./outs/18 8001 2 3 8002 8003 0
Creating node at 8001
Recieved: ELEC 8000
Extracted flag
Set parent to 8000
Sending elections to: 8002
Sending elections to: 8003
Recieved: RTRN 1
Extracted flag
Recieved: RTRN 9
Extracted flag
Changed potential coord to: 9
Sending to parent 8000
Recieved: DONE 9
Extracted flag
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$

DISLAB -- -bash -- 71x25
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$ ./outs/18 8003 2 1 8001 8002 0
Creating node at 8003
Recieved: ELEC 8001
Extracted flag
Set parent to 8001
Sending elections to: 8002
Recieved: ELEC 8002
Extracted flag
Sending EACK to 8002
Recieved: EACK 0000
Extracted flag
Sending to parent 8001
Recieved: DONE 9
Extracted flag
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$

DISLAB -- -bash -- 71x25
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$ ./outs/18 8002 2 9 8001 8003 0
Creating node at 8002
Recieved: ELEC 8001
Extracted flag
Set parent to 8001
Sending elections to: 8003
Recieved: ELEC 8003
Extracted flag
Sending EACK to 8003
Recieved: EACK 0000
Extracted flag
Sending to parent 8001
Recieved: DONE 9
Extracted flag
SET SELF AS CONTROLLER
Anurags-MacBook-Air:DiSLAB jarvis$
```

Findings and Learnings:

1. We successfully implemented Election in wireless networks.